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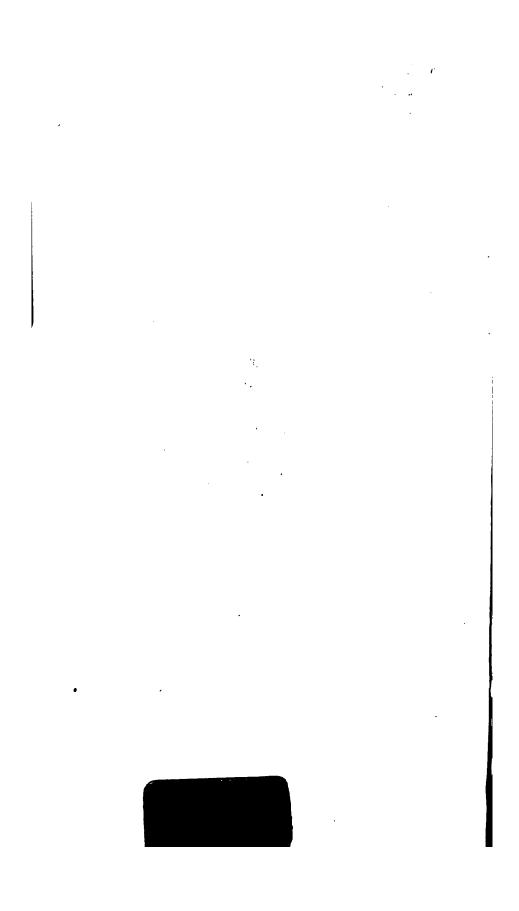
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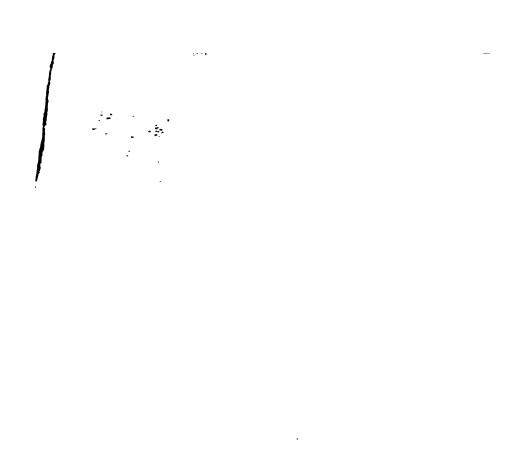
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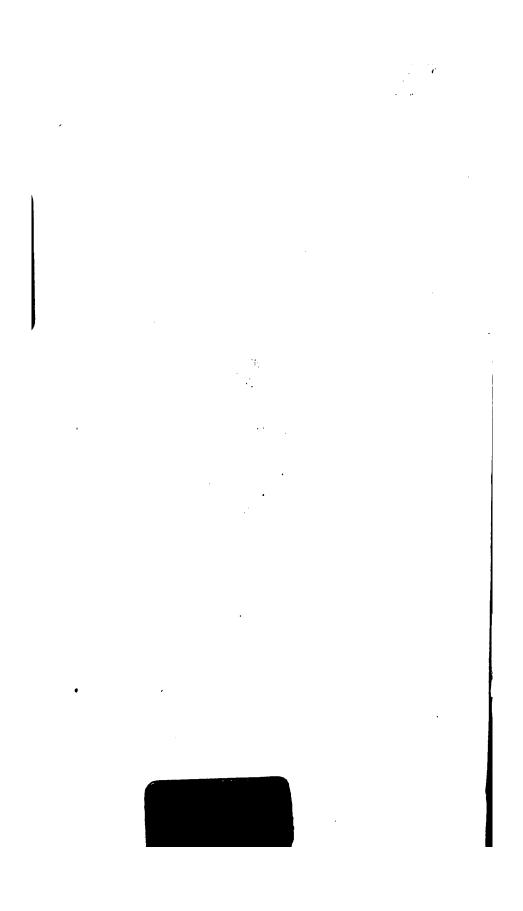
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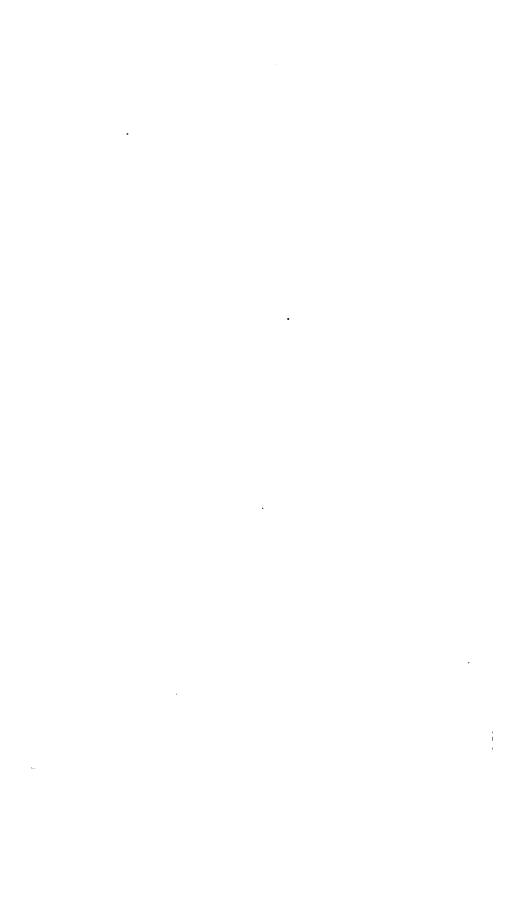












# S T ATUTES

OF

## THE UNITED KINGDOM

OF

# GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELANI

4 GEORGE IV. 1823.

### LONDON:

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## TABLE

Containing the TITLES of all

#### THE STATUTES.

Passed in the FOURTH Session of the SEVENTH Parliament

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland;

## 4 GEORGE IV.

## PUBLICK GENERAL ACTS.

- 1. A N Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the Time limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty four; to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentuses of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty four; and to allow Persons to make and file such Affidavits, although the Persons whom they served shall have neglected to take out their Annual Certificates.
- 2. An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for regulating the Trade between His Majesty's Possessions in America and the West Indies and other Parts of the World.
- 3. An Act for continuing to His Majesty for One Year certain Duties on Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, Foreign Spirits and Sweets, in Great Britain; and on Pensions, Offices and Personal Estates in England; and for receiving the Contributions of Persons receiving Pensions and holding Offices; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty
- 4. An Act for raising the Sum of Twenty Millions by Exchequer Bills for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.
- 5. An Act to render valid certain Marriages.
- 6. An Act for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.
- 7. An Act to regulate the Appointment and Swearing into Office of the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland. Ibid. 8. An

8. An Act to continue until the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His late Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in Scotland.

 An Act to repeal the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable in respect of Male Servants, Horses, Carriages and Dogs in Ireland.

10. An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act, intituled An Act for making and maintaining certain Roads and Bridges in the Counties of Lanark and Dumbarton, in so far as relates to the Application of certain Exchequer Bills therein mentioned. 10

 An Act for repealing certain of the Duties of Assessed Taxes; for reducing certain other of the said Duties; and for relieving Persons who have compounded for the same.

 An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

14. An Act to continue for Five Years, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, Two Acts made in the Forty seventh and Fiftieth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for the preventing improper Persons from having Arms in Ireland.

improper Persons from having Arms in *Ireland*.

39

15. An Act to continue for Five Years, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and to amend the Laws relating to Yeomanry Corps, in *Ireland*.

1bid.

16. An Act to explain so much of the General Turnpike Act, as relates to the Toll payable on Carriages laden with Lime for the Improvement of Land.
43

17. An Act to repeal certain Provisions of an Act passed in the Third Year of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to amend certain Provisions of the Twenty sixth of George the Second, for the better preventing of clandestine Marriages.

44

 An Act concerning the Disposition of certain Property of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

 An Act for further regulating the Reduction of the National Debt.

20. An Act for fixing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers. 51

 An Act for granting and applying certain Sums of Money for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.

22. An Act to confirm an Agreement entered into by the Trustees under an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for apportioning the Burthen occasioned by the Military and Naval Pensions, and Civil Superannuations, with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.
53

23. An Act to consolidate the several Boards of Customs, and also the several Boards of Excise, of Great Britain and Ireland. 58

24. An Act to make more effectual Provision for permitting Goods imported to be secured in Warehouses, or other Places, without Payment of Duty on the first Entry thereof.
63

25. An

First Fruits of Ecclesiastical Benefices, and for the Improvement of Church Lands, in *Ireland*. Page 794

87. An Act to amend and render more effectual the Provisions of an Act, made in the Fiftieth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, for preventing the administering and taking unlawful Oaths in Ireland.
810

88. An Act for regulating Vessels carrying Passengers between Great Britain and Ireland. 814

89. An Act to limit and regulate the Expence of certain Proceedings in the Courts of Justice in *Ireland* in the Particulars therein mentioned.
819

 An Act to regulate the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of Ireland.

 An Act to relieve His Majesty's Subjects from all Doubt concerning the Validity of certain Marriages solemnized abroad.

92. An Act for extending the Annuity granted to Earl Saint Vincent to the present Viscount Saint Vincent, and the next Person to whom the Title of Viscount Saint Vincent shall descend.

93. An Act to divide the County of Cork, for the Purpose of holding additional General Sessions therein.

94. An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Spirits distilled from Corn or Grain in Scotland and Ireland, and upon Licences for Stills for making such Spirits; and to provide for the better collecting and securing such Duties, and for the warehousing of such Spirits without Payment of Duty. 833

95. An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to amend the general Laws now in being for regulating Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain called England.

96. An Act to provide, until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty seven, and until the End of the next Session of Parliament, for the better Administration of Justice in New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and for the more effectual Government thereof; and for other Purposes relating thereto.

924

97. An Act for the Regulation of the Court of the Commissaries of *Edinburgh*; and for altering and regulating the Jurisdiction of Inferior Commissaries in *Scotland*. 945

98. An Act for the better granting of Confirmations in Scotland. 951

99. An Act to provide for the establishing of Compositions for Tithes in *Ireland* for a limited Time. 952

100. An Act for raising the Sum of Fourteen millions seven hundred thousand Pounds by Exchequer Bills; for applying a certain Sum of Money for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. 988

Trade and Manufactures, and the Support of Commercial
Credit, in Ireland. Page 183
43. An Act to regulate the Amount of Presentments by Grand
Juries, for Payment of the Public Officers of the several Counties in Ireland.
44. An Act to repeal the Duties and Drawbacks on Barilla im-
ported into the United Kingdom, and to grant other Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof. 191
45. An Act for allowing Persons to compound for their Assessed
Taxes for the Remainder of the Periods of Composition limited
by former Acts; and for giving Relief in certain Cases therein
mentioned. 192
46. An Act for repealing the Capital Punishments inflicted by
several Acts of the Sixth and Twenty seventh Years of King
George the Second, and of the Third, Fourth and Twenty
second Years of King George the Third; and for providing
second Years of King George the Third; and for providing other Punishments in lieu thereof, and in lieu of the Punish-
ment of Frame breaking under an Act of the Twenty-eighth
Year of the same Reign. 200
47. An Act for authorizing the Employment at Labour, in the
Colonies, of Male Convicts under Sentence of Transportation.
203
48. An Act for enabling Courts to abstain from pronouncing Sen-
tence of Death in certain Capital Felonies. 206
49. An Act for regulating Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great
Britain called Scotland. 207
50. An Act for the rebuilding of London Bridge, and for im-
proving and making suitable Approaches thereto. 247
51. An Act to encourage the Consumption of Beer; and to
amend the Laws for securing the Excise Duties thereon. 307
52. An Act to alter and amend the Law relating to the Inter-
ment of the Remains of any Person found Felo de se. 320 53. An Act for extending the Benefit of Clergy to several Lar-
cenies therein mentioned.  Ibid.
54. An Act for allowing the Benefit of Clergy to Persons convicted
of certain Felonies under Two Acts of the Ninth Year of King
George the First and of the Twenty seventh Year of King
George the Second; for making better Provision for the Punish-
ment of Persons guilty of sending or delivering threatening
Letters, and of Assaults with Intent to commit Robbery. 322
55. An Act to consolidate and amend the several Acts now in
force, so far as the same relate to the Election and Return of
Members to serve in Parliament, for Counties of Cities and
Counties of Towns in Ireland. 326
56. An Act for maintaining in Repair the Military and Parlia-
mentary Roads and Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland, and
also certain Ferry Piers and Shipping Quays erected by the Commissioners for Highland Roads and Bridges.
Commissioners for Highland Roads and Bridges. 360
57. An Act to defer the Commencement of the Duties and Draw-
backs on Barilla, under an Act of this present Session of Parlia-
ment. 379
58. An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One
thousand eight hundred and twenty four an Act made in

the last Session of Parliament, for suppressing Insurrections and preventing Disturbances of the Public Peace in *Ireland*.

Page 580

59. An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and contingent and other Expences of the Disembodied Militia in Great Britain and Ireland; and to grant Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Surgeons, Assistant Surgeons, Surgeons' Mates and Serjeant Majors of Militia, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty four.

16id.

 An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries.

61. An Act for the better Administration of Justice in the Court of Chancery in *Ireland*.

62. An Act to repeal the Duties upon Horses let to hire for the Purpose of travelling in *Great Britain*, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to provide for letting the same to farm.

443

63. An Act to authorize the Advance of Money by the Commissioners under several Acts for the Issue of Exchequer Bills for Public Works, for the building, rebuilding, enlarging or repairing of Gaols in England.
475

64. An Act for consolidating and amending the Laws relating to the building, repairing and regulating of certain Gaols and Houses of Correction in England and Wales. 476

65. An Act to extend Two Acts of His late Majesty, for Distribution of Prize Money, to all Cases of Capture that have been made by Foreign Ships or Land Forces in Conjunction with His Msjesty's Ships or Land Forces.
518

66. An Act to authorize, in certain Cases, the Reduction of the Duties payable in *Ireland*, and the Alteration of the Duties and Drawbacks on the Importation and Exportation of Goods between *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.

67. An Act to declare valid certain Marriages that have been solemnized at St. Petersburgh since the Abolition of the British Factory there.

520

68. An Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Land Tax Commissioners, and for appointing additional Commissioners, and indemnifying such Persons as have acted without due Authority in Execution of the Acts therein recited. 521

69. An Act to repeal certain Duties of Customs in Great Bnitain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; to grant certain Bounties on Salted Provisions and Silk Manufactures exported; and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting the Duties of Customs.

524

70. An Act for the better Administration of Justice in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*. 556

71. An Act for defraying the Charge of Retiring Pay, Pensions and other Expences of that Nature, of His Majesty's Forces serving in *India*; for establishing the Pensions of the Bishop, Archdeacons and Judges; for regulating Ordinations; and for establishing a Court of Judicature at *Bombay*.

584

72. An Act to repeal the several Duties and Drawbacks of Customs chargeable and allowable in *Ireland*, on the Importation A 4

and Exportation of certain Foreign and Colonial Goods, Wares and Merchandize, and to grant other Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof, equal to the Duties and Drawbacks chargeable Page 592 and allowable thereon in Great Britain.

73. An Act to facilitate the Recovery of Damages for Malicious 702

Injuries to Property in Ireland.

74. An Act for vesting in Commissioners the Bridges now building over the Menai Straits and the River Conway, and the Harbours of Howth and Holyhead, and the Road from Dublin to Howth; and for the further Improvement of the Road 703 from London to Holyhead.

75. An Act for enabling His Majesty to inclose Part of Kew Green, and for dividing and extinguishing Rights of Common over certain Lands in the Parish of Kew, in the County of Surrey. 709

76. An Act for amending the Laws respecting the Solemnization of Marriages in England.

77. An Act to authorize His Majesty, under certain Circumstances, to regulate the Duties and Drawbacks on Goods imported or exported in Foreign Vessels; and to exempt certain Foreign Vessels from Pilotage.

78. An Act to grant additional Stamp Duties on certain Proceedings in the Court of Chancery and in the Equity Side of 730 the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*.

79. An Act for building additional Places of Worship in the Highlands and Islands of Scotland. 736

80. An Act to consolidate and amend the several Laws now in force with respect to Trade from and to Places within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company, and to make further Provisions with respect to such Trade; and to amend an Act of the present Session of Parliament, for the registering of Vessels, so far as it relates to Vessels registered in *India*.

81. An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws for punishing Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the East India Company; and to authorize Soldiers and Sailors in the East Indies to send and receive Letters at a reduced Rate of Postage. 755

82. An Act to authorize for One Year, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, the temporary Removal of Convicts from the General Penitentiary.

83. An Act for the better Protection of the Property of Merchants and others, who may hereafter enter into Contracts or Agreements in relation to Goods, Wares or Merchandizes intrusted to Factors or Agents.

84. An Act to repeal the Laws for regulating Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to Foreign Parts, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

85. An Act for empowering Commissioners, to be appointed by His Majesty, to enquire into the Forms of Process in the Courts of Law in Scotland, and the Gourse of Appeals from the Court of Sessions to the House of Lords.

86. An Act to amend the Laws for collecting Church Rates, and Money advanced by the Trustees and Commissioners of the 14 First

First Fruits of Ecclesiastical Benefices, and for the Improve
ment of Church Lands, in Ireland. Page 794
87. An Act to amend and render more effectual the Provision
of an Act, made in the Fiftieth Year of His late Majesty's Reign
for preventing the administering and taking unlawful Oaths in
Ireland. 810
88. An Act for regulating Vessels carrying Passengers between
Great Britain and Ireland. 814
89. An Act to limit and regulate the Expence of certain Pro
ceedings in the Courts of Justice in Ireland in the Particular
therein mentioned.
90. An Act to regulate the Linen and Hempen Manufactures o
Ireland. 820
91. An Act to relieve His Majesty's Subjects from all Doubt con
cerning the Validity of certain Marriages solemnized abroad.
826
92. An Act for extending the Annuity granted to Earl Sain
Vincent to the present Viscount Saint Vincent, and the next
Person to whom the Title of Viscount Saint Vincent shall de-
scend.
93. An Act to divide the County of Cork, for the Purpose of
holding additional General Sessions therein.
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tilled from Corn or Grain in Scotland and Ireland, and upon
Licences for Stills for making such Spirits; and to provide for
the better collecting and securing such Duties, and for the
warehousing of such Spirits without Payment of Duty. 833
95. An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the Third
Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to amend the
general Laws now in being for regulating Turnpike Roads in
that Part of Great Britain called England. 883
96. An Act to provide, until the First Day of July One thousand
eight hundred and twenty seven, and until the End of the next
Session of Parliament, for the better Administration of Justice
in New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and for the more
effectual Government thereof; and for other Purposes relating
thereto. 924
97. An Act for the Regulation of the Court of the Commissaries
of Edinburgh; and for altering and regulating the Jurisdiction
of Inferior Commissaries in Scotland. 943
98. An Act for the better granting of Confirmations in Scot
<i>land.</i> 951
99. An Act to provide for the establishing of Compositions
for Tithes in <i>Ireland</i> for a limited Time. 959
100. An Act for raising the Sum of Fourteen millions sever
hundred thousand Pounds by Exchequer Bills; for applying a
certain Sum of Money for the Service of the Year One thou
sand eight hundred and twenty three; and for further appro
misting at a Compliant granted in this Session of Parliament 089

## LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

#### DECLARED PUBLICK,

#### AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

i. A N Act for building a Bridge over the River Severn, at or near the Haw Passage, in the County of Gloucester, and for making convenient Roads thereto.

Page 1004

ii. An Act for building a Bridge over the River Severn, at or near to the Mythe Hill, within the Parish and near to the Town of Tewkesbury in the County of Gloucester, to the opposite Side of the said River, in the Parish of Bushley in the County of Worcester; and for making convenient Roads and Avenues to communicate with such Bridge, within the Counties of Gloucester and Worcester.

Ibid.

iii. An Act for lighting, cleansing, watching and otherwise improving the Town and Borough of Darlington, in the County of Durham.

1bid.

iv. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers and Provisions of an Act of His late Majesty King George the Third, for the Improvement of Portman Square, within the Parish of Saint Mary-le-bone, in the County of Middlesex.

v. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town and Borough of *Ply-mouth* and Places adjacent, in the County of *Devon.*vi. An Act for more effectually amending, improving and keeping

in Repair several Roads in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, leading to the Borough of Saltash in the County of Cornwall.

Ibid.

vii. An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for more effectually improving the Roads leading from the East Side of Lincoln Heath to the City of Peterborough, and several other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Northampton and Lincoln; and for making a new Branch of Road to communicate with the said Roads, from Bourn to Spalding, in the said County of Lincoln.

Ibid.

viii. An Act for repairing and amending the Road from the City of Peterborough through Oundle and Thrapston to Welling-borough in the County of Northampton, and several other Roads near or adjoining thereto.

Ibid.

ix. An Act for building a Bridge and making a Causeway from Langstone in the Parish of Havant in the County of Southampton, to Hayling Island in the Parish of Hayling North in the said County, at or near a certain House there called The Ferry House; and for forming and making proper Roads, Approaches or Avenues thereto.

Ibid.

x. An Act for erecting a Bridge over the Water of Lary, from Pomphlet Point, to or near to Great Prince Rock in the County of Devon.

1bid.

xi. An Act for erecting and maintaining a new Court Room, Record Rooms and other Offices for the County of Forfar. Ibid. xii. An xii. An Act for more effectually making, repairing and improving the Roads from Union Point near Uckfield to the Sea Houses in Eastbourne, and from Horsebridge to Cross in Hand, all in the County of Sussex.

Page 1006

xiii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Preston to Garstang in the County of Lancaster. Ibid.

xiv. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Stroud to Bisley in the County of Gloucester. Ibid.

xv. An Act for repairing and improving the Roads from the Town of Stockbridge to the City of Winchester, and from the said City of Winchester to the Top of Stephen's Castle Down, near the Town of Bishop's Waltham in the County of Southampton, and from the said City of Winchester through Otterborne to Bar Gate in the Town and County of the Town of Southampton, and certain Roads adjoining thereto.

Ibid.

xvi. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from and out of the Road leading from Quebec in Leeds to Homefield Lane End in Wortley, to communicate with the Road leading from Huddersfield to Birstall, at Smithie's Lane, in the West

Riding of the County of York.

xvii. An Act for more effectually making and repairing the Roads between Newton Abbott and Brixham, Kingswear and Dartmouth, Shaldon and Torquay, and several other Roads communicating therewith, in the County of Devon. Ibid.

xviii. An Act to enable the Edinburgh and Glasgow Union Canal Company to borrow a further Sum of Money. Ibid.

xix. An Act for the Improvement, more effectual Security and Maintenance of the Harbour of Bridport in the County of Dorset.

Ibid.

xx. An Act for amending an Act of the Third Year of His present Majesty, for continuing and altering Six former Acts of Their late Majesties King George the Second and King George the Third, for enlarging the Piers and Harbour of Scarborough in the County of York.

1bid.

xxi. An Act for appointing Select Vestrymen, Governors and Directors of the Poor of the Parish of Saint Matthew Bethnal Green in the County of Middlesex; and for altering and amending Two Acts passed in the Thirteenth and Fifty third Years of His late Majesty King George the Third, relating to the same.

xxii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from the Bolton and Blackburn Road in Skarples, to the Blackburn and Preston Road in Hoghton, in the County of Lancaster, called the Skarples and Hoghton Turnpike Road.

1bid.

xxiii. An Act for more effectually amending, improving and keeping in Repair the Road between the Towns of Cockermouth and Workington in the County of Cumberland.

1bid.

xxiv. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from the Town of Garstang to the Town of Lancaster, and from thence to a Place called Heiring Syke, and the Road from the Guide Post in the Township of Syne with Hest to Hest Bank, all in the County Palatine of Lancaster.

1bid.

xxv. An Act for more effectually amending, widening and keeping in Repair several Roads in and near to the Town of *Tenbury*.

in

in the Counties of Salop, Worcester and Hereford, and the Roads leading from the Knowle Gate to the Turnpike Road on the Clee Hill, and from Kyre Mill to the Turnpike Road leading from Bromyard to Tenbury.

Page 1007

xxvi. An Act for continuing the Term and Powers of an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for repealing an Act for repairing the Highways and Bridges in the County of Wigtown, and for other Purposes in the said Act mentioned.

Ibid.

xxvii. An Act for amending the Road from Offington Corner in the Parishes of Broadwater and West Tarring, or one of them, in the County of Sussex, by Findon, Washington Hill Rock and Ashington Common, to Dial Post, and from thence by Nep Castle to the Steyning Turnpike Road at West Grinsted Park in the said County; and for making a new Branch of Road to communicate therewith.

xxviii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from the Turnpike Road near the West End of the Town of Chesterfield to Matlock Bridge; and also the Road leading out of the said Road over Darley Bridge to Cross Green; and also the Road leading out of the last mentioned Road to the Turnpike Road near Rowesley Bridge, all in the County of Derby.

Ibid.

xxix. An Act for amending the Road from the Devizes Turnpike Road, at or near Somerham Brook, through Melksham, to the Horse and Jockey in the Parish of Box in the County of Wilts, and certain other Roads leading out of the said Road, all in the said County.

Ibid.

xxx. An Act for improving the Roads from Darlaston Bridge, through Newcastle under Lyme, to Butt Lane and Linley Lane, and from the Black Lion to Shelton Wharf, all in the County of Stafford.

1bid.

xxxi. An Act for repairing and improving the Road from Otley to Skipton in the County of York. Ibid.

xxxii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of the Ninth and Nineteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Third, for building and completing a Bridge at Worcester over the River Severn, and for opening convenient Avenues thereto.

1bid.

xxxiii. An Act to enable the Stockton and Darlington Railway
Company to vary and alter the Line of their Railway, and also
the Line or Lines of some of the Branches therefrom, and to
make an additional Branch therefrom, and for altering and
enlarging the Powers of the Act passed for making and maintaining the said Railway.

1009

xxxiv. An Act to alter and amend Two several Acts passed in the Twenty eighth and Thirtieth Years of His Majesty King George the Second, for the Purpose of enabling the Churchwardens, Overseers and Inhabitants of the Parish of Saint Saviour in the Borough of Southwark in the County of Surrey, to hold a Market within the said Parish.

1016.

xxxv. An Act for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing and improving the Town of Knaresbrough in the West Riding of the County of York, and that Part of the Township of Scriven with

Tentergate which adjoins the said Town, and is called Tentergate.

Page 1009

xxxvi. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Rochdale, and the Neighbourhood thereof, within the Parish of Rochdale in the County Palatine of Lancaster.

Ibid.

xxxvii. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Belfast, and the Suburbs thereof.

Ibid.

xxxviii. An Act for establishing an additional Company for

lighting the City and Suburbs of Dublin with Gas. Ibid.

xxxix. An Act for lighting with Oil Gas the Town of Liverpool and certain Places adjacent thereto.

Ibid.

xl. An Act for lighting with Gas the public Streets, Lanes, Passages and Places, and the Houses, Warehouses and other Buildings, within the King's Town and Parish of Maidstone in the County of Kent.

1bid.

xli. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Alfreton in the County of Derby to the Town of Derby. Ibid.

xlii. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Horsham in the County of Sussex, by Bewbush, to the Town of Crawley in the said County.

xliii. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Turnpike Road between the Town of Mold in the County of Flint and the Town of Wrexham in the County of Denbigh, to the Turnpike Road between the Town of Ruthin in the said County of Denbigh and the Town of Wrexham aforesaid, and also Two several Branches of Road therefrom.

Ibid.

xliv. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from East Teignmouth, through Dawlish, Starcross and Kenton, to communicate with the Exeter Turnpike Road in the Parish of Exminster, all in the County of Devon.

1bid.

xlv. An Act for more effectually amending the Road from Wrexham in the County of Denbigh, to Barnhill in the County of Chester; and for making and keeping in Repair the Road branching out of the said Road at Pwil-j-rhwyd to the Borough of Holt in the said County of Denbigh.

Ibid.

xlvi. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from the Botley Turnpike Road on Curdridge Common in the Parish of Bishops Waltham, to the Gosport Turnpike Road at or near Filmer Hill in the Parish of Westmeon, with a Branch from the said Road on Corhampton Down to the Village of Corhampton, all in the County of Southampton.

Ibid.

xlvii. An Act for repairing and improving divers Roads in the Counties of Stafford and Salop, comprised in Three Districts, called the Eccleshall, Newport and Watling Street District, the Newcastle and Eccleshall District, and the Hilton and Honnington District.

Ibid.

xlviii. An Act for more effectually repairing, widening and improving the Roads from the West End of Toller Lane near Bradford through Haworth to Blue Bell near Colne, and from the Two Laws to Kighley, in the Counties of York and Lancaster.

Ibid.

xlix. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Yorkshire District of the Road from Keighley, in the West Riding of the County of York, to Kirkby in Kendal, in the County

County of Westmoreland, and for making several Diversions therefrom, within the said West Riding of the County of York.

Page 1011

l. An Act for repairing the Road from Sage Cross in the Town of Melton Mowbray in the County of Leicester to the Town of Grantham in the County of Lincoln.

Ibid.

li. An Act for improving and maintaining in Repair divers Roads in the County of Stafford, leading from Newcastle under Lyme to Blyth Marsh, from Cliff Bank to Snape Marsh, from Lower Lane to Hem Heath, and from Shelton to Newcastle under Lyme.

1bid.

lii. An Act for more effectually making, repairing and improving certain Roads, leading to and from Liskeard and certain other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon.

1bid.

liii. An Act for making, amending, widening and keeping in Repair, certain Roads passing through or near the Town of *Uminster* in the County of *Somerset*.

liv. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Wibsey Low Moor near Bradford, through Brighouse, to Ffuddersfield, with Three Diversions or Branches from such Road, in the West Riding of the County of York.

15id.

lv. An Act for more effectually amending the Roads from the Little Bridge over the End of the Drain next Wisbeach River, lying between Roper's Fields and the Bell Inn in Wisbeach, in the Isle of Ely, to the West End of Long Bridge in South Lynn, in the Borough of King's Lynn, in the County of Norfolk; and for amending, improving and keeping in Repair certain other Roads therein mentioned, in the said County of Norfolk.

lvi. An Act for continuing the Term and Powers of an Act of His late Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road from the North End of Bridg ford Lane, in the County of Nottingham, to the Bowling Green at Kettering, in the County of Northampton.

lvii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the City of Canterbury to the Dover Turnpike Road, in the Parish of Barham in the County of Kent; and for lighting, watering and watching Part of the said Road, leading into the said City of Canterbury.

1012

lviii. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Holehouse or Riding near Greenfield in Saddleworth, to join the Stayley Turnpike Road, and also to join the Halifax and Sheffield Turnpike Road, all in the West Riding of the County of York.

lix. An Act for more effectually amending and keeping in Repair the Roads from the Town of Uttoxeter to the Town of Newcastle under Lyme, in the County of Stafford, so far as relates to the Uttoxeter District of the said Roads; and for making certain new Pieces of Road to communicate therewith, all in the said County of Stafford.

Ibid.

Ix. An Act for repairing and amending the Road from Castle Street at the End of the Town of Hinckley in the County of Leicester, Leicester, to the End of the Town of Lutterworth in the same County. Page 1012

lxi. An Act for repairing and amending the Road from the Town of Market Harborough in the County of Leicester to the City of Coventry. Ibid.

lxii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads from Dyed Way to Somerton, and from Gawbridge to Tintinhull Fords, and from a Stream of Water called Ford to Cartgate in Martock, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of Somersel.

lxiii. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from Rugby, in the County of Warwick, to the Turnpike Road from Lutterworth to Market Harborough, in the Counties of Leicester and Northampton.

Ibid.

lxiv. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from the South End of Sparrows Herne on Bashey Heath, through the Market Towns of Watford, Berkhamsted Saint Peter and Tring, in the County of Hertford, by Pettipher's Elms, to the Turnpike Road at Walton, near Aylesbury, in the County of Buckingham.

Ibid.

lxv. An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads from Staple-cross to Hornscross, and from Hornscross to the Turnpike Road near Brickwall House in the Parish of Northiam, and from Hornscross to the Turnpike Road near the Windmill in the Parish of Beckley, and from Staplecross to Bodiam Bridge and to the Turnpike Road at Silver Hill, all in the County of Sussex.

[bid.]

lavi. An Act for repairing and maintaining the Roads from Barnsley Common to Grange Moor and White Cross, and from the Guide Post in Barngh over Barugh Brook into the Township of Camthorne, all in the County of York.

1. Ibid.

lxvii. An Act for more effectually amending, repairing and keeping in repair, the Road from the Toll Gate in the Parish of Kettering through Wellingborough, in the County of Northampton, and through Olney over Sherrington Bridge, to Newport Pagnell, in the County of Buckingham. Ibid.

ixviii. An Act for raising a further Sum of Money for carrying into Execution an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for rebuilding the Church and improving the Churchyard of the Parish of Saint Paul Shadwell in the County of Middlesex; and for amending the said Act.

lxix. An Act for better supplying the City of Worcester, and the Liberties thereof with Water; and for more effectually paving, lighting, watching and otherwise improving the said City. Ibid.

lxx. An Act for lighting and watching the Parish and Town of Greenwich in the County of Kent, and removing and preventing Nuisances therein. Ibid.

laxi. An Act for regulating the Police of the Barony of Gorbals in the County of Lanark; paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets; erecting a Bridewell, and other Purposes relating thereto.
Ibid.

lxxii. An Act for lighting the Town and Burgh of Raisley, and Suburbs

Suburbs and Places adjacent, with Gas, and for other Pur-Page 1014 poses relating thereto. lxxiii. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Woolwich in the Ibid. County of Kent. laxiv. An Act for lighting with Gas the City of York, and the Suburbs and Vicinity thereof. lxxv. An Act for lighting, watching and cleansing the Grange Road, and other Parts of the Parish of Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, in the County of Surrey. lxxvi. An Act for explaining, amending and rendering more effectual an Act of His late Majesty, for draining certain Commons and Fens lying between the Rivers Glen and Welland, in the County of Lincoln, and for increasing the Rates thereby authorized, and imposing additional Rates for more effectually draining the said Lands. Ibid. lxxvii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Wadsley and Langset Turnpike Road, and extending the same in Two Lines to join the Huddersfield and Woodhead Turnpike Road, in the Townships of Upperthong and Honley, in the West Riding of the County of York. lxxviii. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts, passed in the First, Twenty first and Forty second Years of the Reign of His late Majesty, for amending and widening the Road leading from the Town of Falmouth in the County of Cornwall, through the Towns of Penryn, Helston and Marazion, and from thence to and over Marazion River and Bridge, and Two hundred Feet to the

Westward of the said River and Bridge. Ibid. laxix. An Act for better and more effectually improving and keeping in Repair the Road leading from the Town Kingston-upon-Thames in the County of Surrey, to a Place called Sheetbridge, near Petersfield in the County of Southampton.

lxxx. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from Norwich to Fakenham in the County of Norfolk.

lxxxi. An Act for amending and keeping in Repair the Roads from Dover to Barham Downs, and from Dover to the Town of Folkestone, and from thence through the Parish of Folkestone to Sandgate in the County of Kent.

lxxxii. An Act for improving and keeping in Repair the Road from Tarporley, in the County Palatine of Chester, to the South East End of Acton Forge, near Weverham, in the same County.

laxxiii. An Act for amending and maintaining the Roads from the North Gate of the City of Winchester, over Worthy Cow Down, through Whitchurch and other Places, to Newtown River, and from Worthy Cow Down aforesaid through Wherwell to Andover, in the County of Southampton.

lxxxiv. An Act for more effectually repairing, amending and improving certain Roads in the several Parishes of Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, and Saint Mary at Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey, and Saint Paul, Deptford, and Saint Nicholas, Deptford, in the County of Kent. Ibid.

lxxxv. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the South South End of Brown's Lane in the Parish of Great Staughton in the County of Huntingdon, to the Bedford Turnpike Road in the Parish of Lavendon in the County of Buckingham.

Page 1016

IXXXVI. An Act for repairing, widening and maintaining the Road leading from Horsham in the County of Sussex, through Dorking and Leatherhead, to Epsom in the County of Surrey, and from Capel to Stone Street, at Ockley in the said County of Surrey.

Ibid.

Ixxxvii. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Navigation from the Trent to the Mersey to make an additional Tunnel through Harccastle Hill in the County of Stafford, and an additional Reservoir in Knypersley Valley in the said County; and to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts for making and maintaining the said Navigation, and the several Canals connected therewith.

Ibid.

lxxxviii. An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for erecting and maintaining Ferries across the River Tay in the Counties of Fife and Forfar. Ibid.

Ixxxix. An Act to repeal an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His late Majesty, for building a new Church within the Town and Parish of Liverpool in the County Palatine of Lancaster; to vest the said Church and the Ground thereunto belonging in the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgesses of the Town of Liverpool; to authorize the Purchase of Land in the said Town to be appropriated to the Use of Public Cemeteries; and to restrict the Burial of Corpses in the present Cemeteries of the Parish Church and Parochial Chapel there.

Ibid.

xc. An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching and improving the Township of *Halifax*, and for supplying the same with Water.

xci. An Act for repairing, maintaining and improving the Highways and other Public Places in the Parish of Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, in the County of Surrey.

Ibid.

xcii. An Act for improving, paving, lighting, cleansing and watching the Town of Mansfield in the County of Nottingham. Ibid. xciii. An Act for better supplying with Water the Town of

Skipton in the West Riding of the County of York. Ibid.

xciv. An Act for the Erection of a Bridge across the River Shannon, and of a Floating Dock to accommodate Sharp Vessels frequenting the Port of Limerick. Ibid.

xcv. An Act to alter, amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to establish an additional Company for lighting certain Parts of the Metropolis and Parts adjacent with Gas.

1016

xcvi. An Act to establish a Company for lighting with Gas the Town of Northampton.

Ibid.

xcvii. An Act to amend and explain the Powers of an Act of His late Majesty, for lighting with Gas the Town of Brighthelm-stone, and to raise a further Sum of Money for carrying the Purposes of the said Act into Execution.

Ibid.

xcviii. An Act for lighting with Gas the several Parishes of Saint Botolph, Aldgate, and Saint Paul, Shadwell, and certain Parts of the Parishes of Saint George in the East, otherwise Saint George, 4 Gzo. IV.

Middlesex, and Saint John of Wapping, and of the Hamlets of Mile end Old Town and Ratcliff, in the County of Middlesex.

Page 1018

xcix. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Dublin Gas Works to raise more Money for the further lighting the City and Suburbs of Dublin with Gas.

1bid.

2. An Act for lighting the Town of Mansfield in the County of

c. An Act for lighting the Town of Mansfield in the County of Nottingham with Gas. Ibid.

ci. An Act to establish a Company for lighting the Borough of Stamford in the County of Lincoln, and Saint Martin Stamford Baron in the County of Northampton, with Gas.

1bid.

cii. An Act for lighting with Oil Gas the City of *Bristol* and the Parish of *Clifton* in the County of *Gloucester*, and certain Parishes adjacent thereto. *Ibid.* 

ciii. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for repealing several Acts therein mentioned, for draining certain Fen Lands in the Isle of Ely and Counties of Suffolk and Norfolk, near Mildenhall River, so far as relates to the Lands in the First District therein described, and for making better Provision for draining and preserving the said Lands.

1 Ibid.

civ. An Act for amending and improving the Roads leading to the Town of Oakhampton in the County of Devon. Ibid.

cv. An Act for amending, improving, and keeping in repair the Road leading from the Turnpike Road in the Horse Fair in the Town of Banbury in the County of Oxford, through Swalcliffe in the said County of Oxford, and through Brailes in the County of Warwick, to the Bridge crossing the River Stour in the Parish of Barcheston in the said County of Warwick. Ibid.

cvi. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Roads leading from Whitechapel Church in the County of Middlesex, unto Passing ford Bridge, and through and to the End of the several Parishes or Places of Shenfield and Woodford in the County of Essex, and for other Purposes relating thereto. 1019

evii. An Act for amending the Road leading from the New Wall on the Parade in Castleton in the Parish of Rochdale, through Middleton, to the Meer Stone in Great Heaton, and to the Town of Manchester, all in the County Palatine of Lancaster; and for diverting certain Parts of the said Road.

Ibid.

cviii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from Beaconsfield in the County of Buckingham to Stoken Church in the County of Oxford.

1bid.

cix. An Act for more effectually making and maintaining the Road from Modbury, through the Town of Plympton, to the North End of Lincotta Lane, and from Modbury to within Fourhundred Yards of the Bridge over the Lary, and also a Road from Addistone Hill, in the Parish of Holbeten, to the Totness Road at Lady Down, in the Parish of Ugborough, in the County of Devon.

1bid.

cx. An Act for repairing and improving the Road leading from Skipton in the County of York to Colne in the County of Lancaster.

1bid.

cxi. An

ford Bridge in the County of Northampton to Stamford, and from Stamford to Bourn in the County of Lincoln. Page 1019 cxii. An Act for repairing certain Roads from Redrow to Peathill in the County of Stirling.

cxiii. An Act for more effectually improving and keeping in Repair the Pier and Harbour of Minehead in the County of Somerset.

cxiv. An Act for altering and amending Two Acts, passed in the Eleventh and Thirty third Years of His late Majesty King George the Third, for consolidating, extending and rendering more effectual the Powers granted by several Acts of Parliament, for making, enlarging, amending and cleansing the Vaults, Drains and Sewers within the City of London and Liberties thereof; and for paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages and Places, and preventing and removing Obstructions and Annoyances within the same.

cxv. An Act to alter, amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts passed for more effectually supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Town of Manchester and Salford, in the Parish of Manchester, in the County Palatine of Lancaster. 1049

cxvi. An Act to amend several Acts for erecting a Bridge over the River Thames, from the City of London, to the opposite Bank, in the Parish of Saint Saviour in the County of Surrey.

cxvii. An Act for building a Church or Chapel of Ease in the Hamlet of Far Town and Parish of Huddersfield in the West Riding of the County of York.

Ibid.

cxix. An Act to enlarge the Powers of the Gas Light and Coke Company, and to amend several Acts passed in the Reign of His late Majesty relating to the said Company.

1bid.

cxx. An Act for repairing the Roads from Oxdown Gate in Popham Lane to the City of Winchester, and from the said City through Hursley to Chandler's Ford, and from Hursley aforesaid to the Turnpike Road at Romsey, and from the Hundred at Romsey, through Chilworth, to the River at Swathling in the County of Southampton, and from the said Turnpike Road at Romsey, through Ringwood, in the said County, to Longham Bridge and Wimborne Minster, in the County of Dorset. 1050

cxxi. An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads leading from a Place called the Welsh Harp in the Township of Stonnall in the County of Stafford, to Stone Bridge, and from Castle Bromwich to Birmingham, in the County of Warwick.

cxxii. An Act for repairing the Roads from the Borough of Tamworth in the Counties of Stafford and Warwick, to the Town of Ashby de la Zouch in the County of Leicester, and from Harrington Bridge (heretofore Sawley Ferry) in the said

County of Leicester, to a Turnpike Gate at or near the End of Swarcliffe Lane leading to Ashby de la Zouch aforesaid.

Page 1050
cxxiii. An Act to enlarge the Powers of and render more effectual certain Acts of the Twenty-second and Thirty-second Years of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, and the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and the several Parishes and Places in the said Acts mentioned, and to regulate the Fees payable to the Court thereby established.

Ibid.

cxxiv. An Act to allow further Time for the Completion of the Docks, and other Works belonging to the London Dock Company.
Ibid.

cxxv. An Act for altering the Time for holding General Annual Meetings for licensing Alehouses within the County of Middlesex, and for authorizing the Justices of the Peace for the said County to remunerate High Constables.

cxxvi. An Act for the better Government of the City of Limerick, and the due Appropriation of the Public Revenues thereof.

## PRIVATE ACTS.

### PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

1. A N Act for inclosing certain Lands in the Parish of Croydon in the County of Surrey.

Page 1055

3. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township or Quarter of Oulton, in the Parish of Wigton in the County of Cumberland.

4. An Act for dividing, inclosing and improving a certain Moor or Open Pasture called Hawdon Field, otherwise Brown Moor, in the Parish of Warden in the County of Northumberland.

5. An Act to amend an Act, made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for dividing, allotting, inclosing and appropriating the Commons, Waste Grounds and Mosses, within the Manor or Township of Egton with Newland, in the Parish of Ulverston in the County Palatine of Lancaster.

1059
6. An

6. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of North Burton, otherwise Cherry Burton, in the East Riding of the County of York.

Page 1059

 An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Ryton. in the County of Durham. Ibid.

 An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Theme and Systemboss in the County of Oxford. Ibid.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Townships or Divisions of Whitwell and Selside, Skelsmergh and Crook, in the Parish of Kirkby in Kendal, in the County of Westmorland.

Ibid.

10. An Act for settling and securing Parts and Portions of the Lands and Barony of Invermay in the County of Perth, to and in favour of Alexander Hepburn Belshes Esquire, and the Series of Heirs entitled to take by certain Deeds of Entail made by Barbara Hepburn and others, and Sir Patrick Hepburn Murray, and under the Conditions and Limitations contained therein; and for vesting in lieu thereof the Barony and Estate of Blackcastle, in the Counties of Haddington and Berwick, in the said Alexander Hepburn Belshes, and his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple.

11. An Act for effecting an Exchange between the Provost and Scholars of the King's College of Blessed Mary and Saint Nicholas of Cambridge, and the Master or Keeper, Fellows and Scholars of the College or Hall commonly called Clare Hall in

the University of Cambridge.

12. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers and Provisions of an Act of His late Majesty King George the Third, for inclosing and improving Beam Heath in the Township of Alvaston, in the Parish of Nantwich in the County Palatine of Chester. Ibid.

13. An Act to enable the Reverend Richard Buck Clerk and Margaret his Wife, and the Survivor of them, to grant Leases of a Moiety of the Coal Mines within the Estates devised by the Will of John Hull deceased, in the County of Lancaster. Ibid.

14. An Act for exchanging an Estate in the County of Wilts, whereof John Biddulph Esquire and Augusta his Wife, and Philip Jones Esquire and Sarah his Wife, have joint Power of Disposition, for Estates in the Counties of Warwick and Worcester, settled by the Will of Sarah Richards, in trust for the same Parties and their Children.

1. Ibid.

15. An Act for effectuating an Exchange of an Estate in the Parish of Stone in the County of Stafford (to which Ann Unett, an Infant, is entitled in Tail), for an Estate of greater Value, belonging to John Wilkes Unett and Elizabeth his Wife, and Lettice Unett.

15. An Act for effectuating an Exchange of an Estate in the Parish of Stafford (to which Ann Unett, and Infant).

16. An Act for confirming certain Exchanges made by Sir George Thomas Baronet, decessed, and George White Thomas Esquire, decessed, of Estates at Yapton, Walberton, Madehurst, Bilsham and Climping, in the County of Sussex.
Ibid.

17. An Act for effecting an Exchange between the Right Honorable Henry Hall Viscount Gage, and the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of the Holy Trinity of Chichester, of Estates in the County of Sussex.

1061
18. An

18. An Act for enabling the President, Vice Presidents, Treasurer and Members of the Philanthropic Society to purchase from the Corporation and other Persons entitled thereto the Lands and Hereditaments in the Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, in the County of Surrey, upon which they have erected a Chapel, Buildings and other Works, and such other Land adjoining thereto as may be required for the Purposes of their Charity.

Page 1061

19. An Act to empower the Judges of the Court of Session to take an Account of the Debts and Burdens affecting and that may be made to affect the entailed Estate of Wemyss in the Counties of Fife and Perth; and to sell the said Estate, or such Part thereof as shall be sufficient to discharge the said Debts and Burdens.

1bid.

20. An Act for vesting in Trustees an Estate in the Parish of Chieveley in the County of Berks, devised in strict Settlement by the Will of William Capell Esquire, deceased, and afterwards contracted to be sold by him, in order to effectuate the Sale thereof agreeably to such Contract.

Ibid.

21. An Act for exchanging certain Parts of the Estates devised by the Will of the late Sir William Guise Baronet, in strict Settlement, for certain other Estates in the County of Gloucester; and for vesting other Parts of the said Estates in Trustees, to be sold for paying off Incumbrances, and for other Purposes. Ibid.

22. An Act for authorizing the Investment of Monies belonging to the Infant Sons of Sir Samuel Romilly deceased, in the Purchase of certain Parts of his Daughter's Share of his Real Estate, to be conveyed to Trustees upon certain Trusts. Ibid.

23. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor of Congerston,

otherwise Congeston, in the County of Leicester. Ibid.

24. An Act for vesting Part of the Estates devised by the Will of Thomas Viscount Wentworth in Trustees, upon Trust to sell the same to the Right Honourable Richard William Penn Earl Howe, and to apply the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates in the Counties of Leicester and Warwick, or one of them, to be settled to the subsisting Uses of the said Will.

25. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for vesting certain Pieces or Parcels of Land and other Hereditaments belonging to Sidney Sussex College, in the University of Cambridge, in Trustees for Sale, with Powers to lease on Fines; and for applying the Purchase Monies, and Monies to arise from Fines, in Manner therein mentioned.

1bid.

26. An Act to enable the Trustees of the Will of the late Sir William East Baronet, deceased, and Tenants under the See of Canterbury, to join in Grants of Building and Repairing Leases with the Archbishop of Canterbury for the Time being, of Lands in Lambeth Marsh held under the said See. Ibid.

27. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland to sell certain Parts of the Dominium directum or Superiority of the entailed Estate of Park in the County of Banff, presently belonging to Thomas Gordon Esquire of Park, and

to apply the Price to be obtained for the same in the Payment of the Debts affecting the said Estate.

Page 1062

28. An Act for changing the Site of the Hospital at Sheffield in the County of York, founded by the Right Honourable Gilbert Earl of Shrewbury; and for the better regulation of the Affairs of that Charity.

29. An Act for vesting Part of the Estates devised by the Will of Edward Mynors Esquire, situate in the Counties of Stafford and Leicester, in Trustees, upon Trust to sell the same; and for laying out the Monies arising from such Sales in the Purchase of more convenient Estates, to be settled to the same Uses.

Ibid.

## PRIVATE ACTS,

## NOT PRINTED.

30. A N Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of Baslow and Hamlets of Bubnell, Curbar and Froggatt, all in the said Manor of Baslow, and in the Parish of Bakewell in the County of Derby.

[Allotment to the Curate of Baslow for the Time being for Glebe Land, § 19. Allotment to the Vicar of Bakewell, in lieu of small Tithes, § 20. Glebe and Tythe Allotments to be ring fenced, § 21. Power of Vicar to Grant Leases, § 22. Proviso for Leases becoming void before Expiration of Term. Vicar may grant new Leases, &c. § 23.]

31. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of Hoff and Hoff Row, and Drybeck, in the Manor of Drybeck, Hoff Row and Netherhoff, in the Parish of Saint Lawrence, Appleby, in the County of Westmoreland.

[Allotment to the Vicar in lieu of Tithes upon the Common of the ancient inclosed Lands in Hoff and Hoff Row, § 23. Vicar's Allotments to be ring fenced, § 24. Vicar empowered to erect Buildings, and charge his Allotments with Expences, § 26. Vicar with Consent of the Bishop of Diocese and Patron of Living may lease Allotments for Twenty one Years upon the Conditions herein mentioned, § 27. Allotments to be Freehold, § 31. Where not sufficient Land upon Commons, &c. in Hoff and Hoff Row remaining after Allotments herein mentioned for Tithes, other Freehold Land to be purchased. Tithes of Drybeck not to be exonerated, § 36. When Tithes made to cease, § 36.]

32. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of James Allardyce Esquire with Dorothy Allardyce his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes.

33. An Act for naturalizing Augustus Frederick William Hoffmann.
34. An Act for confirming an Agreement between Sir John Pakington Baronet, and the Trustees of the Estates devised by the Will of the Right Honourable Henry Coventry Esquire, deceased, for charitable Purposes.

35. An

### The TITLES of the STATUTES.

35. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Abthorpe in the County of Northampton.

[Owners of ancient inclosed Lands may with Consent of Preprietors of Tithes assign Lands in lieu of such Tithes. How Expences of ring fencing Allotments exonerated from Tithe defrayed, &c. No Commutation of Great Tithes, &c. where the same are in a Tenant for Life only without Consent a Lessor. Nor for Vicarial Titles, &c. without Consent of Bishop and Patron, § 18. Vicar may lease his Allotment for Twenty one Years, with Consent of Bishop and Patron § 19. Leases at Rack Rent of Lands allotted, &c. How and in what Manner vacated. Proviso for Lands, under Lease. Proviso for Lease to Vicar of Abthorpe, § 22.]

36. An Act for naturalizing Philip Frederick Tinne.

37. An Act for naturalizing Andreas Christian Boode, and his Two infant Children Phebe Boode and John Christian Boode.

38. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Robert Henry Cunliffe Esquire with Louisa his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again.

39. An Act for naturalizing Henry Robert Ferguson.

40. An Act for naturalizing Francis Allegati.

41. An Act for rendering valid and effectual the Powers of Sale and Exchange, and for the Appointment of new Trustees, in the Settlements made of Estates belonging to Richard Benyon de Beauvoir Esquire, pursuant to the Will of Richard Benyon Esquire, his late Father, deceased.

## THE

## STATUTES AT LARGE.

## Anno Regni GEORGII IV. Britanniarum Regis, Quarto.

T the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the A Twenty first Day of April, Anno Domini 1820, in the First ' Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Fourth, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; and from thence continued, by several Prorogations, to the Fourth Day of February ' 1823, being the Fourth Session of the Seventh Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

## CAP. I.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the Time limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty four; to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty four; and to allow Persons to make and file such Affidavits, although the persons whom they served shall have neglected to take out their Annual Certificates. [27th February 1823.]

This Act is the same as 3 G. 4. c. 12. except as to Dates, and the Section here retained.

" VIII. AND Whereas many Persons who may have paid the ' proper Stamp Duties, either before or within Six Months after ' the Execution of the Contracts in Writing entered into by them ' to serve as Clerks to Attornies or Solicitors, Scriveners or ' Notaries Public in Great Britain, have omitted to cause Affi-' davits to be made, and afterwards to be filed in the proper Office, ' of the actual Execution of such Contracts, and have also ' omitted to cause such Contracts and the Indentures thereof to ' be enrolled within the Time in which the same ought to have ' been done; and many Solicitors, Attornies, Notaries Public and others, may have omitted to take out annual Certificates, or to ' enter the same in the proper Office, and many Infants and others ' may thereby incur certain Disabilities:' For preventing thereof, Persons paying and relieving such Persons, be it enacted, That every Person who the Duties shall,

4 Geo. IV.

either before or within Six Months after Execution of Indentures to serve as Clerks to Attornies &c. who shall have neglected to cause Affidavits thereof to be filed and en-Time required, indemnified on causing the same to be done Day of Hilary Term 1824.

shall, either before or within Six Months after the Execution of such Contract or Indenture, have paid the proper Stamp Duty in that Behalf, and who at the passing of this Act shall have neglected or omitted to cause any such Affidavit or Affidavits as aforesaid to be made and filed, or such Contract or Indenture to be enrolled, and who, on or before the first Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, shall cause such Contract or Indenture to be enrolled with the proper Officer in that Behalf, and One or more Affidavit or Affidavits to be made, and afterwards to be filed in such Manner as the same ought rolled within the to have been made and filed, in due Time, shall be and is hereby indemnified, freed and discharged from and against all Penalties, Forfeitures, Incapacities and Disabilities, in or by any Act or Acts of Parliament mentioned and incurred or to be incurred for or by on or before 1st reason of such Neglect or Omission; and every such Affidavit and Affidavits so to be made, and which shall be duly filed on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, shall be as effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been made and filed within the respective Times the same ought, by the Laws now in being for that Purpose, to have been made and filed; and that the respective Officer or Officers who ought to receive, file, enter or register such Contract or Indenture, or Affidavit or Affidavits, shall not refuse to receive, file, enter or register the same, by reason that the Attorney, Solicitor or Notary Public, to whom such Infant or other Person shall have been articled or have contracted to serve, shall have neglected to take out his annual Certificate, or to register the same, but such Officer or Officers are hereby directed and empowered to receive, file, enter or register the same, notwithstanding such Omission; and that every Person who shall have regularly served any Attorney or Attornies, Solicitor or Solicitors, Notary Public or Notaries Public, for the Term of Years required by Law, shall not be prevented or disqualified from being admitted an Attorney, Solicitor or Notary Public, by reason of any Omission of the Person or Persons to whom he served for the same Term, or for any Part thereof, having so neglected to take out his annual Certificate, or to register the same; provided that such Person is otherwise entitled to be created and admitted to such Office by the Laws now in force relating thereto.

Persons having neglected to take out annual Certificate not prevented from being admitted after serving their Term.

## CAP. II.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament. for regulating the Trade between His Majesty's Possessions in America and the West Indies and other Parts of the World. [7th March 1823.]

SG. 4. c.45.

- WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to regu-' late the Trade between His Majesty's Possessions in America and
- the West Indies and other Parts of the World; and by Schedule B. annexed thereto a Duty of Seven Pounds Ten Shillings ' is payable for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real
- ' Value of Brandy imported into His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations

'ations or Islands, in America or the West Indies, from Ports in ' Europe or Africa: And Whereas it is expedient to make Alter-' ation in respect of the said Duty;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Duty Instead of 75 shall be and the same is hereby repealed, and that in lieu and per Cent. on instead thereof there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid the Value of Brands in a Duty of Customs of One Shilling for every Gallon of Foreign Brandy imported into Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick or Colonie, &c. a Newfoundland, from any Foreign Port in Europe or Africa, or from Duty of 1s. per Gibraltar, Malta or the Dependencies thereof, from Guernsey, Gallon to be Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, in addition to any Duties which paid on the Immay be chargeable upon the same under and by virtue of any portation there. may be chargeable upon the same under and by virtue of any of into certain Colonial Act; which said Duty of One Shilling for every Gallon Places, shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, in like Manner and subject to the like Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures as the former Duty hereby repealed.

## CAP. III.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty for One Year certain Duties on Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, Foreign Spirits and Sweets, in Great Britain; and on Pensions, Offices and Personal Estates in England; and for receiving the Contributions of Persons receiving Pensions and holding Offices; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three. [7th March 1823.]

[ This Act is the same as 3 G. 4. c. 6. except as to Dates, and the Section here retained.

VIII. AND be it further enacted, That for the better assessing, Commissioners ordering, levying and collecting of the several Sums of Money of Land Tax so as last aforesaid limited and appointed to be raised and paid in appointed by the aforesaid Part of Great Britain called England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, in respect of Personal Estates, and in S.G.4. c.123. and respect of Offices or Employments of Profit, and Annuities, put this Act in Pensions, Stipends and other yearly Payments, and for the more Execution. effectual putting this Act in Execution in reference to the same, all and every the Person and Persons who, in and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions and Offices in England, and an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His late Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight; and by one other Act made and passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Land Tax Commissioners, and for appointing additional Commissioners, and indemnifying such Persons as have

acted without due Authority in Execution of the Acts therein recite were named and appointed Commissioners for putting in Execu tion the said Act within the several Counties, Ridings, Citie Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions and Places of England Wales and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, duly qualifying them selves according to the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Yes of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, inti tuled An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Lan Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year On thousand seven hundred and ninety eight, in that Behalf, shall together with such other Persons as shall be named by any Ac or Acts which shall be passed in this Session of Parliament, be Commissioners for putting in Execution this present Act, and the Powers therein contained, within and for all and every the Parishes, Constablewicks, Divisions, Allotments and Places situate within the same Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions and Places respectively.

Mistakes in Names of Land Tax Commissioners rectified, c. 68post.]

## CAP. IV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Twenty Millions by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hun-[7th March 1823.] dred and twenty three.

"Treasury may raise 20,000,000l. by Exchequer Bills in like "Manner as is prescribed by 48G.3. c. 1. — § 1. The clauses, " &c. in recited Acts extended to this Act. § 2. Treasury to " apply the Money raised. § 3. Exchequer Bills to be payable " out of the Supplies for the next Session. § 4. Exchequer Bills " to bear an Interest not exceeding 3½ per Cent. per Diem. § 5. Exchequer Bills to be current at the Exchequer after April 5, " 1824. — § 6. Bank of England may advance 12,000,000l. on " the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding the Act 5 & 6 W. & M. " c. 20. — § 7.

## CAP. V.

An Act to render valid certain Marriages. [7th March 1823.] WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act to amend certain Provisions of the Twenty sixth of George the Second, for the better preventing of clandestine Marriages, it is amongst other Things enacted, that no Person ' shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be deemed autho-' rized by Law to grant any Licence for the Solemnization of ' any Marriage, except the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, 'according to the Rights now vested in them, and except the several other Bishops within their respective Dioceses, for the Marriage of Persons, One of whom shall be resident at the Time within the Diocese of the Bishop in whose Name such Licence 'shall be granted: And Whereas, notwithstanding such Enactment, divers Licences for Marriage have, through Error, been granted since the passing of the said Act by or in the Name of Bodies

3 G.4. c.75. **§ 14.** 

- Bodies Corporate or Persons, their Officers or Surrogates, other than the said Archbishops and Bishops, which Bodies Corporate or Persons, their Officers or Surrogates, before the passing of the said Act, were or were deemed to be authorized by Law to ' grant such Licences; and divers Persons have been married by virtue or in consequence of Licences so granted, the Validity of which Marriages is affected by the Enactment aforesaid: And ' Whereas it is expedient to remedy the same:' Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Marriages all and every Marriages and Marriage solemnized by virtue or in solemnized by consequence of a Licence granted after the passing of the said virtue of Li-Act of the Third Year of His present Majesty, and before the granted effect. passing of this Act, by or in the Name of a Body Corporate or passing of re-Person, his or their Officer or Surrogate, other than the Arch-cited Act, and bishops of Canterbury and York, according to the Rights vested before the pass-in them respectively, or the several other Bishops within their ing of this Act, respective Dioceses, which Body Corporate or Person, his or their declared valid. Officers and Surrogates, before the passing of the said Act, were or were deemed to be authorized by Law to grant such Licences, shall be as good and valid Marriages to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as the same would have been if the said Enactment restraining the Power and Authority of granting such Licences had not been made.

II. And be it further enacted, That such Bodies Corporate and Persons grant-Persons as aforesaid, their Officers and Surrogates, who have ing such Ligranted such Licences as aforesaid since the passing of the said cences not liable Act, and their Officers and others concerned therein, and such to Penalties. Ministers as have acted under the Authority of the same, shall not be or be held to be liable to any Pains or Penalties, or Censures respectively, for or on account of the granting or acting under the same.

## CAP. VI.

An Act for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three. [19th March 1823.]

[3,000,000l. Remainder of the Grant for 1822, applied towards the Supply for 1823.]

### CAP. VII.

An Act to regulate the Appointment and Swearing into Office of the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland.

[19th March 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, inti-' tuled An Act to unite and consolidate into One Fund all the Pub- 56 G.S. c.98. lic Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland, and to provide for the ' Application thereof to the general Service of the United Kingdom; and for carrying into effect the Provisions of the said Act it is expedient that the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Great B 3

' Britain should be also appointed to be Chancellor of the Ex-

Chancellor of the Exchequer of G.B. to be also appointed to the same Office for Ireland.

Oaths, &c. to qualify to be taken in England;

and Persons thereupon entitled to the Office.

Certificate of taking such Oaths, &c. to be enrolled in the proper Offi-ces in Ireland.

Seat in Parliament not to be vacated by such Appointment.

' chequer of Ireland;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Person who for the Time being shall hold the Office of Chancellor of the Exchequer of Great Britain shall always from time to time be appointed to be Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland; and that whenever at any Time after the passing of this Act the Person holding the Office of Chancellor of the Exchequer of Great Britain shall be so appointed to be Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, or whenever the same Person shall at any Time be appointed or shall be Chancellor of the Exchequer of Great Britain and also Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person so appointed to take all and every Oath and Oaths, and to subscribe all and every Declarations and Declaration required by Law or Usage to be taken and subscribed respectively by him, in order to qualify or enable him to hold and enjoy the said Office of Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, before the same Court or Courts, or Person or Persons in England, before whom he shall or may or could or might take and subscribe the necessary Oaths and Declarations as Chancellor of the Exchequer of Great Britain; and every such Court and Person is and are hereby authorized, empowered and required to administer and receive such Oaths and Declarations respectively, and the same shall be good, valid and effectual in Law; and the Person so appointed to be Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland shall thereupon be entitled to hold, exercise and enjoy the said Office of Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if he had taken the said Oath or Oaths and subscribed the said Declaration or Declarations in Ireland, and in Manner required by any Law, Usage or Custom in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act; any thing in any Act or Acts, or any Law, Usage or Custom in force in Ireland before the passing of this Act, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That a Certificate or Certificates of the taking of such Oaths and the signing of such Declarations respectively by such Person on his being appointed to the Office of Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, signed by the proper Officer or Officers and attested by a Notary in the usual Form, shall, within Six Calendar Months after such the taking and signing thereof respectively, be enrolled in the Rolls Office of the Court of Chancery of Ireland, and also in the proper

Office of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person holding the Office of Chancellor of the Exchequer of Great Britain shall at any Time be appointed to be Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, then and whenever it shall so happen, the said Person so appointed shall not by such his Appointment to the said Office of Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, or by his Acceptance thereof, thereof, vacate his Seat as a Member of the Commons House of Parliament, if he shall then be a Member thereof.

## CAP. VIII.

An Act to continue until the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His late Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in Scotland. [19th March 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, initialed An Act for rendering the Payment of Creditors more 54 G.3. c.197. equal and expeditious in Scotland; Solland Soll ' for Seven Years from the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and which Act was con-' tinued, by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, to the Twenty fifth Day of January last, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be continued for a fur-' ther Term;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That further conthe said Act of the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His late tinued. Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in Scotland, shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act and the said re- Act may be cited Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or altered, &c. this Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

#### CAP. IX.

An Act to repeal the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable in respect of Male Servants, Horses, Carriages and Dogs in Ireland. [19th March 1823.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty eighth Year of the

Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, inti-tuled An Act to grant certain Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ire- 58 G.3. c.54.

I and, in respect of Fire Hearths and Windows, Male Servants, · Horses, Carriages and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and

· Taxes thereon; and to provide for the Payment thereof to the ' Collectors of Excise, and for the more effectual accounting for the

4 same; it was amongst other Things enacted, that there should § 2. be levied, raised, collected, paid and satisfied to His Majesty,

· His Heirs and Successors, upon and in respect of the several ' Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings,

' Carriages and Dogs, in the several Schedules marked C. D. E.

'F. G. H. and I. respectively, to the said Act annexed, the ' several Amounts, Sums of Money, Rates, Duties and Taxes as ' they are respectively described and set forth in the said respect-' ive Schedules; and that the said several Schedules, and all and ' every the Rules, Regulations, Exceptions, Exemptions and

Abatements therein respectively specified and contained, should be deemed and taken to be a Part of the said Act, to all

'Intents and Purposes whatsoever: And Whereas an Act was ' passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled An Act to 3 G.4. c. 54.

repeal the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable in respect of Fire Hearths and Windows in Ireland, and to exempt certain Persons from the Tax on Dogs; and it is expedient that the said Rates,

Duties and Taxes in respect of Male Servants, Horses, Car-' riages and Dogs, should also be repealed in manner hereinafter ' mentioned:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Par-

Duties granted by 58 G.S. c. 54. on Servants, Horses, Carriages and Dogs, in Ireland, repealed.

Arream, &c.

excepted.

liament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the several Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Male Servants or other Male Persons, and in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings, and in respect of Carriages, and in respect of Dogs, granted in and by the said hereinbefore recited Act of the Fifty eighth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, and by the said Schedules marked C. D. E. F. G. H. and I. to the said Act annexed; and all Regulations and Directions relating to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Male Servants

or other Male Persons, and in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings, and in respect of Carriages, and in respect of Dogs, contained in or made by the said recited Act, and the said Schedules C. D. E. F. G. H. and I. to the said Act annexed, shall cease and

determine, and shall be no longer paid or payable, and shall be and the same are hereby repealed; except so far as the said Act repeals any former Act or Acts; and except also so far as the said recited Act concerns or relates to the charging, recovering, levying, paying, allowing, repaying or accounting for any of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes hereby repealed, or any Arrears or Instalments thereof, due and incurred or payable for or in respect of any Term or Time previous to the said Fifth Day of

January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and also except so far as may concern or relate to the prosecuting, suing for and recovering of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for any Offence against the said Act, and which shall have been or shall be committed at any Time before or after the passing of this Act,

in respect of or relating to any of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes hereby repealed, which shall have been or shall be due or incurred for or in respect of any Term or Time previous to the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and all Suits or Proceedings for such Offences shall

and may be proceeded on to Judgment and Execution, to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been made, so far as relates to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes.

II. And be it further enacted, That from the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, so 58 G.3. c.54. much

So much of

much and such Parts of the said Act of the Fifty eighth Year of and of the fol-His late Majesty's Reign, and of the several Acts hereafter lowing Acts as mentioned, as relates or relate to the Rates, Duties and Taxes relates to the mentioned, as relates or relate to the Rates, Duties and Iaxes said Duties, payable in *Ireland* in respect of Male Servants or other Male repealed, viz. Persons, and in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings, and 59 G.S. c.118. Carriages and Dogs, shall be repealed, that is to say, an Act made in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to give Relief in certain Cases of Assessment of Taxes in Great Britain, and to Persons compounding for their Assessed Taxes in Ireland, from an annual Assessment, for Three Years, from the Sixth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and also an Act made in the Session of Parliament holden in the First and Second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to continue 1 & 2 G.4. several Acts for the Relief of Persons compounding for Assessed c-113. Taxes, from an annual Assessment, for a further Term, and to amend the Acts relating to Assessments and Compositions of Assessed Taxes; and also an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled An Act to repeal the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable in 3G.4 c.54, respect of Fire Hearths and Windows in Ireland, and to exempt certain Persons from the Tax on Dogs; and also an Act made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for granting Exemptions in certain 51 G.3. c.72. Cases from the Payment of the Duties charged in respect of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs kept in Great Britain and Ireland respectively; and also an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to extend the 1 G.4. c.73. Period allowed to Persons compounding for their Assessed Taxes, and to give further Relief in certain Cases therein mentioned; and also an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to amend several Acts relating 54 G.S. c.190. to the Revenues, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in Ireland; and so much and such Parts only of the said recited Act of the Fifty eighth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, and of the several other recited Acts, as in any way relate to the said several Duties by this Act repealed, are hereby repealed accordingly, and from the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three shall cease and determine; except so far as the said Acts or any except as to of them repeal any former Act or Acts; and except so far as the repeals and resaid recited Acts, or any or either of them, concern or relate concern Arto the charging, recovering, levying or paying, allowing, repaying rears; or accounting for any of the said Rates, Duties or Taxes in respect of Male Servants or other Male Persons, and in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings, and Carriages and Dogs, or any of them, or any Composition or Assessment in respect of the said Duties or any of them, or any Arrears or Instalments thereof, due or incurred and payable for or in respect of any Time or Term previous to the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and also except so far as may and as to Proseconcern or relate to the prosecuting, suing for and recovering of cutions for any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for any Offence against the said Penalties. Acts, or any or either of them, which shall have been or shall be

**A.D**. 1823

committed at any Time before or after the passing of this Act, for or in respect of or relating to any of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Male Servants or other Male Persons, or in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings, or Carriages or Dogs, or any Composition or Assessment relating to the same, as shall have been or shall be due or incurred and payable under the said Acts, or either of them, for or in respect of any Time or Term previous to the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and all Suits and Proceedings for such Offences shall and may be proceeded on to Judgment and Execution to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Acts had not been repealed by this present Act.

umente and Compositions for said **Duties for** 1823, void.

III. And be it further enacted, That any and every Assessment, Charge and Composition of or for the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Male Servants or other Male Persons, or in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings, or of Carriages or Dogs, or any of them, which have been or shall or may be made in Ireland, and also any and every Act, Matter and Thing which have been or shall or may be done or performed by any Officer or other Person appointed by or acting under the Orders or Directions of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, in relation to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes hereby repealed, or any Composition for the same in respect of or relating to the Charging, Assessment or Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes hereby repealed, or any of them, or any Part thereof, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, or for any Period of Time subsequent to the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, pursuant to the Regulations and Provisions of the said several recited Acts, or any of them, shall be and the same is and are hereby declared to be and become invalid and of no Effect, and shall not be put in Force or carried into Effect, but shall cease and determine, as if the said recited Acts had been repealed by any Act passed before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; any thing in the said recited Acts or any of them to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

## CAP. X.

An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act, intituled An Act for making and maintaining certain Roads and Bridges in the Counties of Lanark and Dumbarton, in so far as relates to tioned.

1 G.4. c.lxxxiv.

57 G.S. €.94.

- the Application of certain Exchequer Bills therein men-[19th March 1823.] THEREAS by an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign
- of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for making and ' maintaining certain Roads and Bridges in the Counties of Lanark and Dumbarton, the Commissioners for the Issue of Exchequer
- Bills under Two several Acts of the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled An Act to authorize the
- Issue of Exchequer Bills, and the Advance of Money out of the
- Consolidated Fund, to a limited Amount, for the carrying on of Public Works and Fisheries in the United Kingdom, and Employ.

ment of the Poor in Great Britain, in Manner therein mentioned, and An Act to amend an Act, made in the present Session of Parliament, for authorizing the Issue of Exchequer Bills, and the Advance of Money for carrying on Public Works and Fisheries, and Employment of the Poor, were authorized and required to ' advance to the Commissioners of Highland Roads and Bridges, ' appointed by an Act of the Forty third Year of His late Ma-' jesty, intituled An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of 43 G.3. c.80.
'Twenty thousand Pounds, to be issued and applied towards making Roads and Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland; and for enabling the Proprietors of Lands in Scotland to charge their Estates in Scotland with a Proportion of the Expence of making and keeping in Repair Roads and Bridges in the High-· lands of Scotland; any Sum not exceeding Fifty one thousand four hundred and seventy five Pounds, to be applied to the making of certain Roads and Bridges in the aforesaid Counties of Lanark and Dumbarton, in the Manner by the said first recited ' Act directed: And Whereas by the first recited Act, intituled An 1G. 4. c. hxxiv. Act for making and maintaining certain Roads and Bridges in the Counties of Lanark and Dumbarton, it is enacted, that such ' Sums of Money which shall have been expended within Fourteen Months before the passing of this Act, upon the Expenditure thereof being authenticated and vouched to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Highland Roads and Bridges ' to have been properly made, shall be held and taken to be a Payment or Payments, pro tanto, of the One Third Part of the estimated Expence of making the said Roads required to be advanced by the said Trustees or other Persons for the Purposes of this Act; and upon the whole of such One Third Part being completed or made up by the Advance or Deposit of the said Trustees or otherwise, to the Satisfaction of the said last mentioned Commissioners, such Commissioners may and shall ad- vance and apply, towards the making or completing such Parts or Portions of the said Roads, for or on account of which such Sums shall have been advanced by the said Trustees and others, the other Two Third Parts of the estimated Expence of making the same; and further, that the Trustees of any District of the said Roads in which any Sums of Money shall have been ' advanced and expended as aforesaid, or in which such Trustees or any other Person shall have undertaken or subscribed for ' One Third Part of the Expence of making any Portion of the Roads of such District, or their Committees aforesaid, shall (after such Road or any Part thereof, made and completed as aforesaid, shall have been delivered over or given in charge by the said last mentioned Commissioners to such Trustees,) have the Superintendence and Management of such Districts and ' Portions of such Roads, and of the Tolls arising thereon; and ' such Tolls shall always be applied by them as follows; namely, ' in the First Place, towards the Annual Maintenance and Repair of the Roads of such District, and the Expence of collecting the said Tolls and putting this Act into Execution; and in the Second Place, the Net Kesidue or Surplus of the said Tolls shall be appropriated to the Payment, pari passu, of the Interest falling due upon the said Two Third Parts of the estimated Ex-' pence

pence of making the said Roads in such District to be advanced

by the said Commissioners for the Issue of Exchequer Bills, and of the One Third Part of such estimated Expence to be ' advanced by the said Trustees or other Persons Creditors for such Third Part; and further, that if, by reason of the said Trustees or other Persons not advancing to the said Commis-' sioners of Highland Roads and Bridges, or depositing as aforesaid the One Third Part of the estimated Expence of finishing any Part or Portion of the said Roads as aforesaid, any Part of the Monies arising by the said Exchequer Bills to be received by such Commissioners of Highland Roads and Bridges shall ' remain for a Time exceeding Seven Years unappropriated and ' unapplied to the making or completing of the said Roads, such ' Money shall be, by the said Commissioners of Highland Roads and Bridges, repaid to the said Commissioners for the Issue of Exchequer Bills; whereby it appears to have been the true Intent and Meaning of the said Act, that for every Sum to be deposited or advanced in the Manner therein mentioned by the Trustees thereby appointed, equal to One Third Part of the estimated Expence of completing any Portion or Division of the said Roads thereby authorized to be made, the said Commissioners of Highland Roads and Bridges should apply towards the making or completing such Portion or Division of the said Roads a Sum equal to Two Third Parts of the said estimated Expence; but in directing the Application of such Monies the said last ' mentioned Commissioners were, by a Mistake or Error in the Clause to that Effect, directed to apply a Sum equal to Two 'Thirds of the Amount so deposited, whereby the Intention of ' the Act would be utterly defeated, inasmuch as no more than One Third Part and Two Thirds of such Third Part of the ' estimated Expence would be provided for (that is, Five Parts in ' Nine), instead of One Third and Two Thirds, that is, the whole of such estimated Expence; and it is expedient and necessary that such Mistake or Error should be explained and rectified: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the true Intent and Meaning of so much of the said first mentioned Act as is above specially recited and referred to, is and shall be and be held to have been, that when and as often as the said Trustees thereby appointed should or may produce to the said Commissioners of Highland Roads and Bridges, or their Agent or other Person authorized by them, an Estimate, made and signed and authenticated by the Surveyor or Engineer employed or to be employed by the said last mentioned Commissioners, of the Expence of completing any Portion of the said Roads thereby authorized to be made, and also deposit in the Bank there mentioned, in the Name of the said Commissioners, a Sum equal to One Third Part of the estimated Expence of such Portion or Division of the said Roads, or applicable to the general Expence to be incurred in carrying the said Act into Execution, the said last mentioned Commissioners should and shall from time to time draw and apply, towards the making or completing such Portion of the said Roads for

When Trustees should produce an Estimate of the Expence of completing the Roads, and deposit in the Bank One Third of such Expence, the Commissioners of Highland Roads and Bridges may apply that Deposit, and also the other Two Thirds of the Expence.

for or on account of which such Deposit was or may be made, the Sum so deposited, and also a Sum equal to Two Third Parts of the Amount of such estimated Expence as aforesaid; any thing in the said first recited Act inconsistent herewith or to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said first recited Act, Proviso for and all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Conditions, Ex. 1G.4. c.lxxxiv. ceptions, Powers, Authorities, Articles, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things therein contained, shall remain in full Force and Effect, except in so far as the said Act is by this Act explained or rectified.

# CAP. XI.

An Act for repealing certain of the Duties of Assessed Taxes; for reducing certain other of the said Duties; and for relieving Persons who have compounded for the same.

[19th *March* 1823.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of See c. 45. § 7. VV the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, and 10. post. intituled An Act for repealing the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, and certain additional Duties to be consolidated therewith; and also for repealing the Stamp 48 G.S. c.55. ' Duties on Game Certificates, and granting new Duties in lieu thereof, to be placed under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, certain Duties were granted to His Majesty upon Houses, Windows, and Lights, as set forth in the Schedule to the said Act annexed, marked A: And Whereas a Duty of Six Shillings was also granted to His Majesty by the said Act, as set forth in the Schedule thereto annexed, marked <sup>6</sup> C. No. 2, in respect of Gardeners, or Persons employed to work Schedule C. in any Garden under any Person chargeable to the Duties, No.2. mentioned in the Schedule to the said Act marked C. No. 1, and for every Gardener employed in any Garden where the constant Labour of one Person should not be necessary: And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for altering the 50G.3. c.104.
Amount of certain Duties of Assessed Taxes, granted by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign; and for granting to His Majesty certain other Duties of Assessed. Taxes on the Articles therein mentioned, a Duty of Six Shillings was also granted to His Majesty for every Gardener who should have contracted for the keeping of any Garden, where the constant Labour of one Person should not be necessary: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for granting to 52 G.S. c.93. His Majesty certain new and additional Duties of Assessed Taxes, Schedule C. and for consolidating the same with the former Duties of Assessed No.2.
Taxes, a new and additional Duty of Four Shillings was granted to His Majesty upon each and every of the said Persons so employed as Gardeners, and as also described and set forth in the Schedule to the said last mentioned Act annexed, marked C. No. 2: And Whereas certain other Duties of Six Shillings and

 Four Shillings respectively were also granted to His Majesty by ' the said Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years aforesaid, as set forth in the said respective Schedules thereof, marked C. No. 3, in respect of Male Servants and Male Persons bond fide retained for the Purposes of Husbandry, Manufacture, or Trade, by which the Master or Mistress described and chargeable with the Duties as therein mentioned should gain a Livelihood, at any Time employed in any Domestic Capacity, or in any of the Capacities in Schedule C. No. 1. of the said Acts last mentioned, or as a Groom, Stable Boy, or Helper in the Stables, in Manner in the said Schedule C. No. 3. also described: And Whereas by the said Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Fiftieth Years aforesaid, certain Duties of One Pound Six Shil-' lings and Sixpence were granted to His Majesty for every Carriage called a Taxed Cart, constructed, built, and used in the Manner in the said Acts particularly described, and certain additional Duties of Two Shillings and Sixpence in respect of such Taxed Carts were also granted to His Majesty by the said

Acts passed in the Fifty second Year aforesaid: And Whereas by the said Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years aforesaid, certain Duties of Two Shillings and Ten Pence, and of Two Pence respectively, set forth in the Schedules to the said Acts annexed, marked F. No. 2, were granted to His Majesty in respect of Husbandry, Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, kept by the Occupiers of small Farms or Estates in the said Schedule described, such Occupiers making also a Livelihood therefrom, and a Profit by any Trade or employment as therein also described: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for reducing the Duties payable on

Horses used for the Purposes therein mentioned, for Two Years,

and for repealing the Acts granting Allowances in respect of Children, a Duty of Three Shillings was granted to His Majesty for a Period therein limited, in respect of any Horse, Mare, or Gelding kept by any Occupier of a Farm under Fifty Pounds per Annum, and making a Livelihood principally thereby, and a Profit by any Trade or Employment in the Manner in the said Act described; and such last mentioned Duty was made per-petual by a subsequent Act passed in the First and Second

' described:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Ex-

Schedule D. No.4. 50G.S. c.104. 52G.S. c.9S. 48G.3. c.55. Schedule F. No. 2. 52G.S. c.93.

48 G.S. c.55.

56G.3. c.66. § 2.

Years of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act for repealing the Duties on Husbandry Horses, and to make perpetual several Acts for reducing the Duties on certain Horses and Mules: And Whereas it is ex-1 & 2 G. 4. c.110. § 5. pedient finally to determine certain of the said Duties on Windows or Lights, now payable in respect of Shops or Ware-' houses being Part of Dwelling Houses occupied by Persons in Trade, and the Whole of the said other Duties hereinbefore

cellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, in that part of Great Britain called England, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and from and

From April 5, 1823, in Eng-land and Wales, and from May 24, 1823, in

after the Twenty fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred Scotland, the and twenty three, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, several Duties for and in respect of and upon all Assessments to be made for any Year commencing from the respective Days and Year last aforesaid, so much of the said Duties on Windows or Lights in Shops or Warehouses being Parts of Dwelling Houses chargeable by the said first mentioned Act, in respect of any Number not exceeding Three such Windows or Lights in any Shop or Warehouse in the Front or Fronts, and on the Ground or Basement Story of every Dwelling House occupied by any Person or Persons in Trade, who shall expose to sale or sell any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes in any such Shop or Warehouse; and also the Whole of the said Duties on Gardeners, and on Servants in Husbandry or Trade, and on Taxed Carts, and on Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, hereinbefore respectively and particularly enumerated and described, and all Assessments thereon for and in respect of any Year commencing from and after the respective Days aforesaid, shall severally cease and determine. [The Repeal of the Duties of Ss., 2s. 10d., and 2s., extended to

Horses under Thirteen Hands. See Cap. 45. § 10. post.]

' II. And Whereas it is also expedient to reduce such of the ' several Duties of Assessed Taxes granted to His Majesty on ' Windows or Lights, and on Male Servants, Male Persons, 'Carriages and Horses respectively hereinafter described, as ' are not wholly repealed by this Act;' Be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, in that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and from and after the Twenty fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, on all Assessments to be made for any Year commencing from the respective Days last aforesaid, One Moiety One Moiety of and equal Half Part of each and every of the Duties on Windows the Duties on or Lights set forth in the said Schedule marked A. of the said Windows; Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty; and also One Moiety and equal Half Part of each and every of the several Duties on Male Servants and Male on Male Persons respectively set forth in the respective Schedules Servants and marked C. No. 1, No. 3, and No. 4, of the said Acts, passed in Persons; the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty; and also One Moiety and equal Half Part of on Carriages; each and every of the Duties on Carriages with Four Wheels, and of each and every of the Duties on Carriages with Two Wheels, respectively set forth in the respective Schedules marked D. No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, and No. 4, of the said Acts, passed in the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years aforesaid; and also of the Duties on Carriages granted by Schedule D. No. 2, of the Act 50 G.s. c. 104. passed in the Fiftieth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, 58 G.s. c. 17; and also by another Act passed in the Fifty eighth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for charging certain Duties on Four Wheel Carriages, constructed and drawn in the Manner therein stated; and also One Moiety and equal Half Part and on Horses, of the Duties made payable on all Horses, Mares, Geldings or to come. Mules respectively set forth in the respective Schedules of the

Schedule A;

59 G.S. c.13.

said Acts, passed in the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years aforesaid, marked Schedule E. No. 1, Schedule E. No. 2, Schedule E dule E. No. 3, and Schedule F. No. 1; also One Moiety and equal Half Part of the Duties on Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, described in and granted by an Act passed in the Fifty ninth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to continue Two Acts of the Fifty sixth and Fifty eighth Years of His present Majesty, for reducing the Duties payable on Horses used for the Purposes therein mentioned, to the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty one; and to reduce the Duties chargeable under certain Acts of the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years of His present Majesty, in respect of certain Horses 122G.4.e.110. Mares, Geldings and Mules; and which Duties so reduced were made perpetual by the said Act, passed in the First and Second Years of the Reign of His said present Majesty, shall respectively cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable: Provided nevertheless, that the Duties hereby reduced, and to be hereafter assessed and payable, shall not include any Fraction of One Penny.

1 & 2 G.4. c.113. 3 G.4. c.50.

Reduced Duties not to

include any

Fraction of

One Penny.

' III. And Whereas under and by virtue of Two several Acts, the One whereof passed in the First and Second Year, and the other thereof passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, divers Persons have compounded for their Assessed Taxes in Great Britain, under Contracts of Comoposition, which were made to continue in force on the said Duties of Windows or Lights and on Inhabited Houses for the ' Term of Six Years, and on the other Duties of Assessed Taxes 'allowed to be compounded for under the said Acts for the Term of Five Years respectively, from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty two; and it is expedient to relieve the Persons who have so compounded in respect of the said Duties, as well those wholly as those in part repealed, as of the additional Duties payable under the said Acts on the Amount of the Duties compounded for, which are so wholly or in part repealed, upon all Instalments payable on Contracts 'after the Period herein mentioned;' Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the respective Commissioners acting in the Execution of the said Acts and of this Act, in their respective Districts, and they are hereby authorized and required, to remit and deduct so much and such Parts of the Duties compounded for and included in any such Contract as are repealed by this Act, and also so much of the additional Duty granted by the said Acts, and payable by any such Contract on the Amount of any Duty, or any Portion of the Duties so repealed, and to cause such reduced Amounts to be inserted in the Assessments of Composition, and in the several Duplicates thereof, to be delivered and returned by the said Commissioners under the said Acts in their respective Districts, after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and during the Periods of such respective Compositions; and every such Contract shall be of the same Force and Effect for the Recovery and enforcing Payment of the reduced Instalments under the Provisions of the said Acts, and of this Act, to commence from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred

Commissioners to deduct so much of Duties compounded for, as are repealed, and to cause reduced Amount to be inserted in Asessments of Composition.

Contracts in force for recovering Reduced Instalments.

and twenty three, to all Intents as if the full Amount of the Instalments compounded for continued payable on such Contracts.

IV. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained Noother Duties shall be construed to revive, set up or substitute any higher or to be substituted other Duty of Assessed Taxes granted by any of the said Acts in in respect of the lieu of the Duties hereby repealed, on all and every the Person ment of occasiand Persons respectively in the said Acts described, who before onal Servants, the passing of this Act were by the said recited Acts authorized Taxed Carts, and empowered, on Payment of the Duties hereby repealed, to and Horses, employ any Male Servant or Person in the Capacities first herein-heretofore before enumerated, or to keep or use any Carriage hereinbefore the Duties redescribed as a Taxed Cart, or any Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule pealed. hereinbefore also described, on Payment of the Duties hereby respectively repealed; but that all and every such Person or Persons who at any Time within the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, in England and Wales, or the Twenty fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty three in Scotland, have kept, retained or employed, or who shall or may from and after the passing of this Act, retain or employ any such Male Servants and Persons respectively, and keep and use any such Carriage of the Description of a Taxed Cart, and any Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule respectively, in the Manner and according to the Schedules, Rules and Provisions prescribed by the said Acts granting the said Duties hereby repealed, shall and is hereby declared to be free of any other or higher Duty or Assessment chargeable under the said Acts relating to the Assessed Taxes, for and in respect of the said Male Servants, Persons, Carriages and Horses respectively, for any Year or Years commencing from and after the respective Days last aforesaid; and all and every the Schedules, Rules and Provisions of the said Acts, for regulating and charging the said Duties hereby repealed, shall remain and continue in full Force and Effect for protecting all and every such Persons heretofore chargeable with such Duties so repealed by this Act, from any other or higher Duty in lieu of the Duties so repealed, so far as such Servants, Carriages and Horses respectively shall have been or shall be kept, employed and used in the Manner and for the Purposes in and by the said Schedules, Rules and Provisions last. aforesaid respectively prescribed and allowed: Provided never- 48 G. S. c.55. theless, that so much of the Provisions contained in any of the Schedule D. said Acts which require the Words "A Taxed Cart," and the 50 G.S. c. 104. Owner's Christian and Surname, and Place of Abode, and also the c.93. Sc. D. Name and Place of Abode of the Maker thereof, and the full in part re-Value thereof, or the actual Price or Consideration paid or given pealed. for the same, to be marked or painted on a Black Ground in White Letters, on the Outside of the Back Pannel, or Back Part of any Carriage, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and are hereby declared to be discontinued and repealed; but every such Carriage last aforesaid shall in every other respect (except as herein varied), be built and constructed according to the Regulations of the said Acts, and the Rules therein contained; and it be lawful for any Person or Persons keeping and using any Hone, Mare, Gelding or Mule, bona fide for the Purposes of Husbandry, to use any such Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule in drawing 4 GEO. IV.

Use or Employ-

any Carriage of the Description of a Taxed Cart, the Duty whereon is repealed by this Act, and kept by any such Person respectively for his, her or their own Use, free of any Duty chargeable under the said Acts in respect of any such Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, in and by any Assessment to be made for any Year commencing from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.

Exemptions to Shopmen under 15 Years, extended to Shopmen under 18 Years of Age.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Powers and Provisions contained in an Act passed in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, for giving Relief from the Duties charged on Shopmen by the said Acts to every Male Person wholly maintained and lodged in the House of his Employer or Employers, such Persons respectively being under the Age of Fifteen Years, shall, upon every Assessment made or to be made after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, be extended to all and every such Male Person described in the said Act, being respectively under the Age of Eighteen Years: Provided always, that the Causes of every Exemption in respect of any such Male Person shall be truly returned and stated in the Manner directed by the said Act, and the several other Acts in force before the passing of this Act.

Proviso.

Persons having compounded for a Two Wheel Carriage may substitute a Four Wheel Carriage in the Composition, paying the Difference of Duty, and other Duties herein mentioned.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person who, having compounded under the said recited Acts in respect of a Carriage with Two Wheels, shall be desirous, during the Year commencing on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, of discontinuing to keep the same, and of substituting a Carriage with Four Wheels in lieu thereof, it shall be lawful for him, her or them so to do, on giving Notice of such his or her Intention to the Surveyor of the said Duties acting for the District in which such Person shall reside, within Six Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, on Payment of the Difference of Duty so compounded for on a Two Wheeled Carriage, and reduced by this Act, and the Duty chargeable by the said Act, and also reduced by this Act, on a Four Wheeled Carriage, together with the Duty of Five Pounds per Centum on such Difference, to be endorsed by Certificate on every such Contract of Composition by any Two of the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the same Acts in the District in which such Contract shall have been entered into, and to be made payable from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, by Half Yearly Instalments, during the Continuance of the said Contract; and which additional Payments shall be enforced in like Manner as if they were originally inserted in every such Contract; and any Person seeking the Benefit of this Provision shall and may, during the Continuance of his or her said Composition, keep and use any Four Wheeled Carriage free [Persons so compounding to have the Privileges of of Duty. Persons originally compounding for a Four Wheel Carriage, &c.

Additional Payments enforced.

See Cap. 45. § 7. post.]

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That Copies of all Cases which shall after the passing of this Act be stated and signed by any Commissioners acting in the Execution of the said Acts and of this Act, at the Instance and Request of any Assessor. Inspector, Surveyor or Person appealing under the Powers in the

Copies of Tax Office Cases determined by the Judges to be annually laid before Parliament.

19

the said Acts contained, and which shall be determined by any One or more of the Justices of the Courts of King's Bench or Common Pleas, or of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer for the time being at Westminster, in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, or by any One or more of the Lords of the Court of Sessions or Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, shall, together with a Copy or Copies of the said Judge's or Judges' Opinion and Determination thereto subscribed, duly certified by the Solicitors for the Affairs of Taxes for England and Scotland respectively, be annually laid before Parliament within Twenty one Days after the Meeting thereof.

'VIII. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Forty eighth 48 G.s. c.55.
'Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, under the said

' Schedule thereto marked A., there is charged for the Windows Sch. A. in every Dwelling House in England and Wales, and Berwick ' upon Tweed, having not more than Six Windows or Lights therein, ' a Duty of Six Shillings and Sixpence, and for every such Dwelling ' House in Scotland a like Duty of Four Shillings and Sixpence ' (such Houses respectively not being worth the Rent of Five ' Pounds by the Year), and which Duties are reduced by the ' Provisions of this Act; and it is expedient to exempt the Occupiers of such Houses in certain Cases from the said reduced Duties; Be it further enacted, That upon any Assessment of Exemption the said Duties to be made upon the Occupier of any such Dwell- from reduced the said Duties to be made upon the Occupier or any such Duties to ing House, for any Year commencing from or after the Fifth Day Occupiers have of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it shall be ing Three Chillawful for the respective Commissioners acting in the Execution dren and of the said Acts and of this Act, in their respective Districts, to wholly maingrant Relief to any such Occupier having Three Children born in tained by them. lawful Wedlock, and wholly maintained by him or her, and at his or her Expence, and to strike out the Charge on any such

Occupier on the Proof by the Rules and in the Manner authorized and required by the said recited Acts in Cases of Exemption from

the said Duties by reason of Poverty.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Powers granted Persons, who for the time being shall be Commissioners for putting to Commissioners and Officers under Commissioners for putting in execution the Acts relating to the Assessed Taxes, shall be Officers under Commissioners for putting in execution this Act, and the Powers former Acts to herein referred to or contained, in all and every the respective extend to this Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Shires and Stewartries, Cities, Bo- Act. roughs, Cinque Ports, Towns and Places in Great Britain; and the several Assessors, Collectors, Inspectors General, Inspectors and Surveyors, for the time being, appointed or to be appointed to put into Execution the said Acts, shall respectively be Assessors, Collectors, Inspectors General, Inspectors and Surveyors to put into Execution this Act, within the Limits of their respective Divisions, Districts and Places to which they are or shall be appointed; and the said Commissioners and others before mentioned are hereby empowered and required to do and perform all Things necessary for putting this Act in Execution, in the like and in as full and ample a Manner as they or any of them are or is authorized to put in Execution the said Acts; and all and every the Powers and Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures,

Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in any of the said Acts, and applying to the said several Duties by the said Acts granted (except where such Provisions are varied or other Provisions are substituted by this Act), shall, in assessing, charging, collecting, levying and accounting for the said Duties and Monies respectively, be severally and respectively duly observed, practised and put in Execution throughout Great Britain, in relation to all and every of the Duties reduced and in part repealed under the Provisions of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said reduced Duties remaining unrepealed and in force were specially granted and particularized in and by this Act, and as if the same Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and applied to all and every such reduced Duties and Monies aforesaid, as Part of the Provisions of this Act: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall alter or affect any of the Provisions of the said recited Acts for assessing, charging, raising, levying, and collecting any Assessment of the said Duties made or to be made for any Year or Years commencing previous to the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding. X. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered,

Proviso for former Provisions for assessing previous Duties.

Act may be altered, &c. this Session.

varied or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

## CAP. XII.

An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. [24th March 1823.]

[This Act is the same and the Schedules are also the same as 3 G.4. c.11. except as to Dates, and the Sections that are here retained.]

Courts Martial may sentence Offenders to Imprisonment, &c.

XVIII. PROVIDED always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General or other Court Martial to sentence any Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine to Imprisonment, er to Imprisonment and Hard Labour, in any House of Correction, Common Gaol or Public Prison, or in any other Place which such Court may deem fit and convenient for that Purpose; and all Gaolers and Keepers of such Houses of Correction or Prisons shall receive into their Custody, and keep in Confinement for such Time as they shall be respectively required so to do, or until discharged, any Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine who may have been sentenced to Imprisonment by any General or other Court Martial, and shall provide a proper Place for the Confinement of any such Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine, according to the Sentence of such Court, during the Period of his Imprisonment, upon receiving an Order in Writing from the Commanding Officer of the Division at which such General or other Court Martial shall have been held; and every Gaoler and Keeper of a House of Correction or Prison, who shall refuse to receive and to confine any such Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine in manner as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Offence

Gaolers refusing to receive Offenders. Penalty 100l. the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt or Information for the Use of His Majesty.

XIX. Provided also, and it is hereby declared and enacted, Admiralty may That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Admiral of the change the said United Kingdom, or the Commissioners for executing the Place of Conffice of Lord High Admiral aforesaid, for the time being, in case such Offenders. he or they shall deem it expedient so to do, by any Order in Writing to be made for that Purpose, under the Hand of the said Lord High Admiral, or of Two or more of the Commissioners aforesaid, and the Seal of the Office of Admiralty, to change the Place of Confinement to be expressed in any Sentence upon any Noncommissioned Officer or Private Marine, either previous to the Commitment of such Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine under any such Sentence, or at any Time afterwards during the Period of Confinement mentioned in such Sentence, and so from time to time as often as the said Lord High Admiral or the said Commissioners shall deem it requisite; and that the Gaoler or Gaoler to be Keeper of the Prison, Gaol or House of Correction, in which such Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine shall happen to be, shall immediately on the Notification of such Order to him, Charges of Reremove and convey, or cause to be removed and conveyed, such moval. Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine to the Gaol, Prison or House of Correction mentioned in the said Order so to be made as aforesaid, (for the Charges of which Removal and Conveyance he shall be allowed a Sum not exceeding One Shilling per Mile); and every Gaoler or Keeper of such last mentioned Gaol or House of Correction shall thereupon, and upon being furnished with a. Copy of the Sentence of Confinement, and of such Order of Removal, (such Copies respectively to be attested by the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being,) receive into his Custody, and shall confine pursuant to such Sentence, such Non-commissioned And to confine Officer or Private Marine, under the like Penalty and Forfeiture Offender. of One hundred Pounds, in case of Refusal or Neglect, as is here- Pensity 1001. inbefore provided; such Penalty or Forfeiture in any of such Cases to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or Dublin, or in the Court of Exchequer or Court of Session at Edinburgh.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Non-commissioned Pay to be for-Officer or Private Marine, who shall be sentenced by any General feited during Imprisonment.

Divisional or Detachment Court Martial to be imprisoned, shall forfeit all Right of any Pay from the Day of his Commitment during the Time of such Imprisonment; and also that, during the Continuance of any such Imprisonment, the Gaoler or Keeper of Gaoler to resuch Prison or House of Correction shall receive the Sum of ceive 6d. per Sixpence per Diem out of the Subsistence of such Non-commissistence of sioned Officer or Private Marine, during the Time that such Non- Prisoner. commissioned Officer or Private Marine shall continue in Custody; which said Sum the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are hereby authorized and required to cause to be paid by the Paymaster of Royal Marines to the said Gaoler or Keeper aforesaid, upon receiving an Application in Writing to their Secretary, signed by any Justice of the Peace for the County or Riding in which such Gaol, Prison or House of Correction shall be locally situate, together with a Copy of the Order under which the said Non-

commissioned

Proviso for Payment of Arrears.

22

commissioned Officer or Private Marine was confined: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty for the time being, if they should think fit, to order the Issue and Payment of any Arrears of Pay, or of the Surplus of such Pay, or any Portion thereof, or of any Arrears thereof, to or on account of such Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine, during or after the Expiration of the Period of his Imprisonment in any Gaol, House of Correction or Place of Military Confine-

Like Allowance in Places of Military Confinement.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case such Imprisonment shall be in any Place of Military Confinement, and not in a Common Gaol or House of Correction, then the like Allowance of Sixpence per Day for Subsistence shall be made by the Paymaster General of Royal Marines, to the Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine so imprisoned, in lieu of all Pay or other Allowances.

Rates of Carriage.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That the Sums to be paid into the Hands of such Constable or Petty Constable in England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, shall be according to the following Rates; that is to say, the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Waggon with Four or more Horses, or any Wain with Six Oxen, or Four Oxen with Two Horses, shall travel; and the Sum of Nine Pence for every Mile any Cart with Four Horses, or carrying not less than Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel; and the Sum of Sixpence for every Mile any Waggon with narrow Wheels, or any Cart or other Carriage with less than Four Horses, and not carrying Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel; or any further Sum not exceeding Four Pence for every Mile any Waggon with Four or more Horses, or any Wain with Six Oxen, or with Four Oxen and Two Horses, shall travel; and not exceeding Three Pence for every Mile any Cart with Four Horses, or carrying not less than Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel; and not exceeding Two Pence for every Mile any Cart or other Carriage with less than Four Horses, and not carrying Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel; according as the same shall be fixed and ordered by the Justices of the Peace for any County or District, assembled at any General Sessions of the Peace for such County or District, the said Justices having regard to the Price of Hay and Oats at the Time of fixing such additional Rates: Provided always, that in Cases where the Day's March shall exceed Fifteen Miles, such further Compensation shall be made and paid in like Manner to the Owners of the said Carriages for the Excess beyond the said Fifteen Miles, as shall be deemed reasonable by the Magistrates who granted the Warrant for impressing them, not exceeding the usual Rate and Hire of such Carriages: Provided always, that every Order of the Justices assembled at any General Sessions of the Peace, fixing a further Sum to be paid for Sums to specify the Hire of Carriages as aforesaid, in addition to the customary Rates of One Shilling and Nine Pence and Sixpence per Mile respectively, shall specify the Period for which the same shall be in force, and which shall not in any Case exceed Ten Days beyond the General Sessions of the Peace for such County of District next ensuing the Date of such Order; and a Copy of every such Order, signed by the Chairman or presiding Magistrate,

Proviso for further Compensation.

sions for further the Time.

and One other Justice of the Peace or Magistrate at the Quarter Sessions at which the same shall be made, shall within Three Days after the making thereof be transmitted to the Secretary of the Admiralty; and no such Order shall be valid or effectual unless a Copy thereof be so signed and transmitted as aforesaid: Provided Justice to inalso, that in every Case of any further Sum being allowed as sert the aforesaid for the Hire of any Carriage, the Justice of the Peace Amount. granting or signing such Warrant shall insert in his own Hand the Amount of such further Sum for each Description of Carriage, as so authorized by the Justices at the Quarter Sessions as aforesaid, and the Date of the Order of the said Justices; and such Warrant shall be given to the Officer or Non-commissioned Officer commanding the Regiment, Corps, Company, Detachment or Party requiring such Carriages, as his Voucher for the Payment of such further Sum; and no further Sum shall be demanded, but such as shall be so inserted by the Justice in the Warrant.

LV. And for the better Encouragement of any Person or Per- Reward for sons to secure or apprehend such Deserter, be it further enacted, taking up De-That in the Case of every Deserter apprehended in Great Britain serters. or Ireland, the Secretary of the Admiralty, upon receiving from the Justice of the Peace or other Civil Magistrate by whom the Deserter shall have been committed, a Report stating the Name or Names of the Person or Persons by whom the Deserter was apprehended and secured, which Report such Magistrate is hereby required to give, shall transmit to such Magistrate an Order upon the Paymaster of the Royal Marines for the Payment of the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to the Person or Persons so reported by the Magistrate: Provided always, that this Reward shall only be given Proviso. in Cases in which the Secretary of the Admiralty shall be satisfied that such Person or Persons is or are justly entitled to the same, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Deserter from His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, or who, upon being apprehended ers, to be deemfor Desertion or any other Offence, shall, in the Presence of the edduly enlisted. Magistrate, confess himself to be a Deserter from such Forces, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted, and to be a Marine, and shall be liable to serve, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Marine or not; and if the Person so confessing himself to be a Deserter shall be serving at the Time in the Royal Marine Forces, he shall be deemed to be and shall be

dealt with as a Deserter. ' LX. And Whereas it has been judged expedient, for the ' Prevention of Desertion, to establish Outlying Parties in the · Vicinity of the respective Divisions, for the Purpose of intercepting such Men as may straggle or attempt to desert from

' Head Quarters, and it is fit that Encouragement should be given to the Persons composing such Parties to be diligent and active ' in their Duty in this Behalf;' Be it therefore enacted, That, for Reward for and in respect of every Non-commissioned Officer or Private apprehending Marines at-Marine so straggling or attempting to desert, who may be appre-hended at a greater Distance from Head Quarters than is allowed desert. by the Articles of War, the Party or Parties by whom he shall be apprehended shall be entitled to a Reward of Ten Shillings, to be

Stopped out of Pay.

paid upon the Delivery up of every such Marine; which Sum of Ten Shillings shall be charged against and stopped and retained out of the Pay and Subsistence of every such Non-commissioned Officer and Private Marine, in like manner as the Reward or Sum of Two Pounds is hereinaster directed to be charged against, stopped and retained out of the Pay and Subsistence of every Deserter; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Per-

Persuading Marines to desert.

sons shall, in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, directly or indirectly persuade or procure any Marine in the Service of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to desert or leave such Service as aforesaid, every such Person or Persons so offending as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for every such Offence forfeit to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or to any other Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if it shall happen that any such Offender so convicted as aforesaid hath not any Goods and Chattels, Lands or Tenements, to the Value of One hundred Pounds to pay and satisfy the same, or if from the Circumstances and Heinousness of the Crime, it shall appear to the Court, before which the said Conviction shall be made as aforesaid, that any such Forfeiture is not a sufficient Punishment for such Offence, it shall be lawful for such Court to commit any such Offender to

Penalty 1001.

Prison, there to remain for any Time not exceeding Twelve Months without Bail or Mainprize.

Clause for Relief of Persons hastily enlisting themselves.

LXXVI. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby declared, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, when and as often as any Person or Persons shall be enlisted as a Marine or Marines in His Majesty's Service, he and they shall, within Four Days, but not sooner than Twenty four Hours, after such enlisting respectively, be carried or go with some Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Marine belonging to the Recruiting Party by which he shall be enlisted, or with the Person employed on the Recruiting Service with whom he shall have enlisted, before some Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, residing in or being next to or in the Vicinity of the Place where such Person or Persons shall have been enlisted, and not being an Officer of Royal Marines, and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Dissent to such Enlisting; and upon such Declaration, and returning the Enlisting Money, and also each Person so dissenting paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or laid out upon him, together with such full Rate allowed by Law for the Subsistence or Diet and Small Beer furnished to such Recruit subsequent to the Period of his having been enlisted, such Person or Persons so enlisted shall be forthwith discharged and set at liberty in the Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect, within the Space of Twenty four Hours after so declaring his or their Dissent, to return and pay such Money as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be enlisted, as if he or they had given his or their Assent thereto

before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such Person or Persons shall declare his or their having voluntarily enlisted himself or themselves, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand that such Person or Persons is or are duly enlisted, setting forth the Place of the Birth, Age and Calling of him or them respectively lif known), and that the Second and Third Sections of the Articles of War, for the better Government of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore, were read to him or them, and that he or they had taken the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the Twelfth Section of the said Articles of War, and also the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (A.); and if any such Person or Persons so to be certified as duly entered shall refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid to detain or confine such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the Oath before required; and every Officer of Royal Marines that shall act contrary hereto, or offend herein, upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by Two Witnesses before a General Court Martial to be thereupon called, shall for such Offence be forthwith cashiered and displaced from such his Office, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service: Provided always, that Non-commisevery Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine who shall stoned Officer enlist any Recruit shall, at the Time of such enlisting, enquire &c. to enquire the Christian and Surpame and Place of Abode of such Recruit Name, &c. of the Christian and Surname and Place of Abode of such Recruit, Recruit. and either take the same down in Writing, or give the same to the Non-commissioned Officer commanding the Recruiting Party, to be so taken down: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to discharge any Person who shall have hastily enlisted, and who shall apply to him to declare his Dissent within such Four Days as aforesaid, upon Payment of the Sum of Money required to be paid by any Recruit declaring his Dissent under this Act, notwithstanding no Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Marine belonging to the Recruiting Party, shall be with the Recruit, if it shall appear to such Magistrate, upon the Examination of such Recruit, or of any other Person, that the Recruiting Party have left the Place where such Recruit was calisted, or that such Recruit could not procure any Noncommissioned Officer belonging to such Party to go with such Recruit before the Justice of the Peace; and the Sum paid by such Recruit upon his Discharge shall be kept by the Justice of the Peace, and paid when demanded to any Person belonging to the Recruiting Party entitled thereto demanding the same:

Provided always, that in every Case wherein any Person shall Provisorespect-have received Enlisting Money, and shall have abscended, or have absented himself from the Party as aforesaid, so that it Enlisting shall not be possible immediately to apprehend him, and bring Money absent him before a Magistrate, the Officer or Non-commissioned Officer ing themselves. commanding the Party shall produce to the Magistrate before whom the Recruit would regularly have been brought for Attestation, a Certificate of the Name and Place of Residence of such Person, and the Magistrate to whom the Certificate shall be pro-

C. 12, 13.

duced shall, after satisfying himself that the Person who l absconded cannot be found and apprehended, transmit a Du cate thereof to the Lords of the Admiralty or their Secret in order that in the Event of such Person being afterwards prehended and reported as a Deserter, the Fact of his hav received Enlisting Money, and having absconded, may be ass tained before he be finally adjudged to be a Deserter as hav duly enlisted.

Persons making false Representations in taking the Oath marked (A.), and obtaining Bounty, shall be deemed guilty of obtaining Money under false Pretences. 30 G.2. c.24.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That any Person who sh knowingly, wilfully and designedly make any false Representat of any Particular contained in the Form of Oath marked (A.) the Schedule annexed to this Act, before the Justice of the Per at the Time of his Attestation, for the Purpose of obtaining, a shall thereupon obtain any Enlisting Money, or any Bounty Part of a Bounty, for enlisting into His Majesty's Royal Marin or any other Money, shall be deemed guilty of obtaining Mon under false Pretences, within the true Intent and Meaning of Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majes King George the Second, intituled An Act for the more effects Punishment of Persons who shall attain or attempt to attain Pe session of Goods or Money by false or untrue Pretences; for pi venting the unlawful pawning of Goods; for the easy Redemptu of Goods pawned; and for preventing Gaming in Public Houses Journeymen, Labourers, Servants and Apprentices; and that the Production of such Oath and Proof of the Justice's Handwriting thereto, shall, in any Prosecution to be instituted against the et listing Person or Recruit therein named, be sufficient Evidence of such Person having represented the several Particulars con tained in such Oath at the Time of his being attested; and in cas such Person shall be an Apprentice, or shall belong to the Militia he shall, immediately after the Expiration of his Apprenticeship or other sooner Determination of it, or at the Expiration of the Period of his Service in the Militia, whether he shall have been convicted and punished or not, be deemed duly enlisted, and b liable from thenceforth to serve as a Marine; and if, on the Ex piration or other sooner Determination of his Apprenticeship, h shall not deliver himself up to some Officer, at the Head Quarter of One of the Divisions of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, of to some Royal Marine Officer authorized to receive Recruits, he shall be liable to be apprehended and dealt with as a Deserter from His Majesty's said Royal Marine Forces.

#### CAP. XIII.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

[24th March 1823.]

[ This Act is the same, and all the Schedules are also the same as 3 G. 4. c. 13. except as to Dates, and the Sections that are here retained.]

See Cap. 20. post.

WHEREAS the raising or keeping a Standing Army within the United Kingdom of C. the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Time of Peace, unless it be with the Consent of Parliament, is against Law: And Whereas it is judged necessary by His Majesty, and

this present Parliament, that a Body of Forces should be con-' tinued for the Safety of the United Kingdom, the Defence of the ' Possessions of His Majesty's Crown, and the Preservation of the Balance of Power in Europe, and that the whole Number of such Number of Forces should consist of Seventy two thousand one hundred and Forces, 72,140. forty effective Officers and Men, exclusive of the Officers and Men belonging to the Regiments employed in the Territorial Possessions of the East India Company, but including the Officers and Men of the Troops and Companies recruiting for those Regiments, and the Officers and Men of the Embodied · Veterans: And Whereas no Man can be fore-judged of Life or Limb, or subjected in Time of Peace to any Kind of Punish-' ment within this Realm by Martial Law, or in any other Manner than by the Judgment of his Peers, and according to the known ' and established Laws of this Realm; yet nevertheless, it being ' requisite for the retaining all the beforementioned Forces in ' their Duty, that an exact Discipline be observed, and that ' Soldiers who shall mutiny or stir up Sedition, or shall desert 'His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the usual Forms of the Law will allow; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person who is or Every Officer shall be commissioned or in Pay as an Officer, or who is or shall or Private Man, be listed or in Pay as a Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall during the this Act, who cause or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in His Majesty's Land or shall mutiny or Marine Forces, or shall not use his utmost Endeavours to suppress desert, &c.; the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall misbehave himself before the Enemy; or shall shamefully abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard committed to his Charge, or which he shall be commended to defend; or shall compel the Governor or Commanding Officer of any Garrison, Fortress or Post, to deliver up to the Enemy, or to abandon the same; or shall speak Words, or use my other Means to induce such Governor or Commanding Officer, or others, to misbehave before the Enemy, or shamefully to abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard committed to their respective Charge, or which he or they shall be commanded to defend; or shall leave his Post before rehered; or shall be found sleeping on his Post; or shall hold Cor- or shall be respondence with, or give Advice or Intelligence to any Rebel or found sleeping Faceny of His Majesty, either by Letters, Messages, Signs or upon or shall Tokens in any Manner or Way whatsoever; or shall treat or desert his Post, enter into any Terms with such Rebel or Enemy, without His Majesty's Licence or Licence of the General or Chief Commander; or shall strike or use any Violence against his superior Officer, or shall strike being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful or disobey his Command of his superior Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's superior Officer; all and every Person and Persons so offending in any of Death or such the Matter before mentioned, whether such Offence shall be Punishment as committed within this Realm or in any other of His Majesty's a Court Martial Dominions may inflict.

Dominions or in Foreign Parts, upon Land or upon the Sea, shall suffer Death or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be awarded.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted, That no Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall desert His Majesty's Service shall be exempt from the Pains and Penalties imposed by this Act for such Offence, by again enlisting into His Majesty's Service; but any such Soldier shall, notwithstanding such subsequent Enlistment, be deemed to have deserted His Majesty's Service, and shall in like Manner suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be awarded.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, who shall be arrested and committed to Prison upon a Charge of any Criminal Offence, shall receive any Part of his Pay from the Day of such Commitment till the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment to which he shall belong, or which he shall be ordered to join; provided that if he shall be acquitted of the Offence for which he was committed, he shall upon the Return to his Corps be entitled to receive all Arrears of Pay which were growing due during the Time of his Confinement; but if he shall be convicted, he shall forfeit all Right to any Pay from the Day of his Commitment during the Time of his Confinement, as well under the original Commitment as under any Commitment consequent upon such Conviction, and until the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment to which he shall belong, or which he shall be ordered to join: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, to order the Issue and Payment to any such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, during any such Commitment or Imprisonment, or either of them, or any Part thereof, of the Pay of any such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, or of any Proportion of such Pay, or of any Arrears thereof, either during such Commitment or Imprisonment, or after the Discharge of such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, after Conviction, or otherwise, as shall appear to the Secretary at War to be proper; and the Order of the Secretary at War, for the Payment of such Pay or Arrears, shall be a sufficient Discharge for such Payment.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General or other Court Martial to sentence any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier to Imprisonment with or without Hard Labour, as the Court shall think fit, in any House of Correction, Common Gaol or Public Prison, or in any other Place which such Court may deem fit and convenient for that Purpose; and all Gaolers and Keepers of such Houses of Correction or Prisons shall receive into their Custody, and keep in Confinement for such Time as they shall be respectively required so to do, or until discharged, any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier who may have been sentenced to Imprisonment by any General or other Court Martial, and shall provide a proper Place for the Confinement of any such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, according to the Sentence of such Court, during the Period of his Imprisonment, upon receiving an Order in Writing from the Commanding Officer of the District within which such General

Soldiers enlisted in any other Regiment, &c. to be deemed Deserters.

28

Officers and Soldiers imprisoned upon a Charge of a Criminal Offence, to receive no Pay during their Confinement; but if acquitted entitled to Arrears at Return to Corps, and if convicted to forfeit Pay during Term of Confinement.

General or other Courts Martial may sentence Noncommissioned Officers or Soldiers to Imprisonment in any House of Correction, or Gaol, &c.

General Court Martial shall have been held, or from the Commanding Officer of any Regiment or Corps to which such Noncommissioned Officer or Soldier so tried by any Regimental Court Martial as aforesaid shall belong; and every such Gaoler or Keeper of any such House of Correction shall, upon receiving an Order in Writing from any such Commanding Officer as aforesaid, deliver any such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier to any Person, on producing such Order, although the Period for which he was originally sent to such Gaol or House of Correction shall not have expired; and every Gaoler and Keeper of a House of Correction Gaolers refusor Prison, who shall refuse to receive and to confine any such ing to receive Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier in manner as aforesaid, shall them. forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to Penalty 100k. be recovered by Action of Debt or Information for the Use of His Majesty.

sioned Officer or Soldier sentenced to Imprisonment by any commissioned General or other Court Martial shall forfeit all Right to any Pay Soldiers to forfrom the Day of his Commitment during the Time of such Imfeit their Pay. prisonment; and also, that during the Continuance of any Imprisonment in any Gaol or House of Correction, the Gaoler or Keeper of such Prison or House of Correction in Great Britain, and in Ireland the Inspector under whose immediate Inspection such House of Correction, Gaol or Prison shall be, shall receive and apply in the Maintenance of such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier the Sum of Sixpence per Diem out of the Subsistence of such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier during the Time that such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall continue in Custody; which said Sum the Secretary at War is hereby autho- Allowance to rized and required to cause to be paid to the said Gaoler or Gaolers, &c. Keeper, or Inspector respectively as aforesaid, upon receiving an Application in Writing signed by any Justice of the Peace for the County or Riding in which such Gaol, Prison or House of Correction shall be locally situate, together with a Copy of the Order under which the said Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier was confined: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Proviso for Secretary at War, if he should think fit, to order the Issue and Payment of Payment of any Arrears of Pay, or of the Surplus of such Pay, or any Portion thereof, or of any Arrears thereof, to or on account of such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, during or

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Non-commis- Such Non-

' XLIX. And Whereas by an Act passed in Ireland in the Stat. 6 Ann. ' Sixth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intituled An Act to (I.)

' prevent the Disorders that may happen by the Marching of Soldiers and providing Carriages for the Baggage of Soldiers on their March, it was amongst other Things enacted and declared, ' that no Officer, Soldier or Trooper in the Army, nor the Servant ' of any Officer, nor any Attendant on the Train of Artillery, nor ' any Yeoman of the Guard of Battle Axes, nor any Officer com-' manding the said Yeoman, nor any Servant of any such Officer, ' should at any Time thereafter have, receive or be allowed any ' Quarters in any Part of Ireland, save only during such Time as ' he or they should be and remain in some Seaport Town in order

after the Expiration of the Period of his Imprisonment in any Gaol, House of Correction or Place of Military Confinement.

' to be transported, or during such Time as there should be any

 Commotion in any Part of Ireland, by reason of which Emergency the Army or any considerable Part thereof should be commanded to march from any Part of Ireland to another, or during such 'Time or Times as he or they should be on their March as afore-

said: And Whereas the Barracks of Ireland are not at present

Regulations for quartering Soldiers in Ireland.

sufficient to lodge all the Forces upon its Military Establishment: 4 And Whereas it may be necessary to station Part of the Troops in Places where there are not Barracks or not sufficient Bar-' racks to hold them;' Be it enacted, and it is hereby declared and agreed, That it shall and may be lawful, notwithstanding the said recited Act, to and for the Constables and other Chief Officers and Magistrates of Cities, Towns, Villages and other Places in *Ireland*, and in their Default or Absence for any One Justice of the Peace inhabiting in or near any such City, Town. Village or Place, and for no others, and such Constables and other Chief Magistrates as aforesaid, or in their Default, such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, are hereby required to quarter and billet the Officers and Soldiers in His Majesty's Service in Inns, Livery Stables, Alehouses and the Houses of Sellers of Wine by Retail, to be drank in their own Houses or Places thereunto belonging, and all Houses of Persons selling Brandy, Strong Waters, Cider or Metheglin by Retail; and where there shall not be found sufficient Room in such Houses, then in such manner as has been heretofore customary, taking care not to billet less than Two Men in any One House, except only in case of billetting Horse or Dragoons in manner hereinafter mentioned; nor shall any Billets at any Time be ordered for more than the Number of effective Soldiers present to be quartered; all which Billets, when made out by such Chief Magistrates or Constables, or Justice of the Peace, as the Case may be, shall be delivered into the Hands of the Staff Officer employed or of the Commanding Officer present: And if any Constable or other Chief Officer or Magistrate as aforesaid shall presume to quarter or billet any such Officer or Soldier in any House not within the Meaning of this Act, without the Consent of the Owner or Occupier thereof, then such Owner or Occupier shall have his or their Remedy at Law against such Magistrate or Officer for the Damage that such Owner or Occupier shall sustain thereby; and such Constable, Chief Officer or Magistrate, being duly convicted of such Offence by Indictment, shall be imprisoned for the Space of One Calendar Month: And if any Military Officer shall take upon him to quarter Soldiers otherwise than is limited and allowed by this Act, or shall use or offer any Menace or Compulsion to or upon any Mayor, Constable or other Chief Officer before mentioned, tending to deter or discourage any of them from performing any Part of their Duty hereby required or appointed, or to induce any of them to do any thing contrary to their said Duty, such Military Officer shall for every such Offence, being thereof convicted before any Two or more Justices of the Peace of the County, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses, be deemed and taken to be ipso facto cashiered, and shall be utterly disabled to have or hold any Military Employment whatsoever; provided the said Conviction be affirmed at the next Assizes or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County or County of a City or Town, and a Certificate thereof transmitted to the Secretary at War: And in case any Person shall find himself aggrieved in that such Constable, Chief Officer or Magistrate, not being a Justice of the Peace, has quartered or billetted in his House a greater Number of Soldiers than he ought to bear in proportion to his Neighbours, and shall complain thereof to One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the Division, City or Liberty where such Soldiers are quartered, or in case such Chief Officer or Magistrate shall be a Justice of the Peace, then on Complaint made to Two or more Justices of the Peace of such Division, City or Liberty, such Justice or Justices respectively shall have, and have hereby Power to relieve such Persons, by ordering such and so many of the Soldiers to be removed and quartered upon such other Person or Persons as he or they shall see Cause, and such other Person or Persons

shall be obliged to receive such Soldiers accordingly.

LXVII. And that the Quarters both of Officers and Soldiers Officers receivmay hereafter be duly paid and satisfied, and His Majesty's Duties ing the Pay to of Excise better answered, be it enacted, That from and after settle the Dethe Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred keepers. and twenty three, every Officer to whom it belongs to receive or that does actually receive the Pay or Subsistence Money, either for a whole Regiment or particular Troops and Companies, or otherwise, shall every Four Days, or before the Troops shall quit their Quarters, if they shall not remain so long as Four Days, settle the just Demands of all Persons keeping Inns or other Places where Officers or Soldiers are quartered by virtue of this Act, out of the Pay and Subsistence of such Officers and Soldiers, before any Part of the said Pay or Subsistence be distributed to either of them respectively: And if any Officer or Officers as Officers not aforesaid shall not satisfy, content and pay the same, upon Com- satisfying Acplaint and Oath made thereof by any Two Witnesses, at the next counts which Quarter Sessions for the County or City where such Quarters were (which Oath the Justices of the Peace at such Sessions are the Agent. hereby authorized and required to administer), the Secretary at Penalty. War is hereby required and authorized (upon Certificate of the Justices before whom such Oath was made, of the Sum due upon such Accounts, and the Persons to whom the same is owing) to give Orders to the Agent of the Troop or Company to pay and satisfy the said Sums, and to charge the same against such Officer or Officers.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That for the better and For providmore regular Provision of Carriages for His Majesty's Forces in ing Carriages their Marches, or for their Arms, Clothes or Accoutrements, in for the Forces England, Ireland and Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, England and all Justices of the Peace, within their several Counties, Ridings, Ireland. Divisions, Shires, Liberties and Precincts, being duly required thereunto by an Order from His Majesty or the General of His Forces, or the Master General or Lieutenant General of His Majesty's Ordnance, if in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, or by an Order from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or from the Officer commanding His Majesty's Forces in Ireland, or other Person duly authorized in that Behalf, shall, as often as such Order is brought

mands of Inn-

and shewn unto One or more of such Justices by the Quarter-

C. 13.

Warrants to specify the Places to which the Carriages shall travel, and the Number of Miles, &c.

master, Adjutant, or other Officer or Non-commissioned Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company so ordered to march, issue out his or their Warrant or Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of, or to any Constable or Constables acting or having Authority to act in the Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred and Precinct, from, through, near or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company shall be ordered to march, for each of which Warrants the Fee of One Shilling only shall be paid; requiring them to make such Provision of Carriages and Horses or Oxen, with able Men to drive the same, as is mentioned in the said Warrant, allowing them sufficient Time to do the same, that the neighbouring Parts may not always bear the Burthen; and specifying in such Warrants the Place or Places from and to which the said Carriages shall, by virtue of such Orders as aforesaid, be required to travel, also specifying the Number of Miles between the Places, for which Number of Miles only so specified Constables or Petty Constables are authorized to demand Payment, which shall not exceed the Day's March of the Troops, as prescribed in the Order produced to the Magistrates, unless in case of pressing Emergency or Necessity, and shall in no case whatever exceed Twenty five Miles from the Place at which the March shall commence; and in case sufficient Carriages cannot be provided within any such Liberty, Division or Precinct, then the Justice or Justices of the Peace of the next adjoining County, Riding, or Division, shall, upon such Order as aforesaid being brought or shewn to One or more of them by any of the Officers aforesaid, issue his or their Warrant to the Constables or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, Liberty, Division or Precinct, as shall be most convenient for the Purposes aforesaid, according to their respective Jurisdictions, to make up such Deficiency: And the aforesaid Officer or Officers, who by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant from the Justices of the Peace, are to demand the Carriage or Carriages therein mentioned of the Constable or Petty Constable to whom the Warrant is directed, is and are hereby required at the same Time to pay down in Hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person who shall provide such Carriages and Men, the Sums hereinafter mentioned respectively, for which respective Sums so received the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing (which Receipt need not be stamped) to the Person or Persons paying the same: And such Constable or Petty Constable shall order and appoint such Person or Persons having Carriages within their respective Liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Carriages and Horses, and Oxen and Men, according to the Warrant aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly; and no Person owning or driving or causing to be driven any such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, shall be subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture, nor shall any such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, be stopped or detained, by reason of any Weight in any such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, or of being drawn by any Number of Horses or Oxen; but it shall be lawful for any Owner of any such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage,

to put any additional Number of Horses or Oxen to those prescribed or paid for under this Act; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Highways or Turnpike Roads, or any particular Highway or Road, to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any Military Officer or Officers, for the Use of whose Officers forcing Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company the Carriage was pro- Waggons to vided, shall force and constrain any Waggon, Wain, Cart or Car- travel more riage to travel beyond the Distance specified in the Magistrate's than Magistrate, warrant, or shall not discharge the same in due Time for their specifies, &c. Return Home on the same Day, if it be practicable, or shall suffer any Soldier or Servant (except such as are sick), or any Woman, to ride in the Waggon, Wain, Cart or Carriage aforesaid; or shall force any Constable or Petty Constable, by threatening or menacing Words, to provide Saddle Horses for themselves or Servants, or shall force Horses from the Owners, by themselves, Servants or Soldiers, every such Officer for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, Proof thereof being made upon Oath Penalty 51. before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, who are to certify the same to the Secretary at War, who is hereby authorized and required to give Orders for the Payment of the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds, according to the Order and Appointment under the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding,

and for deducting the same out of such Officer's Pay.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Sums to be paid Rates to be into the Hands of such Constable or Petty Constable in England, paid for Car-Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, shall be according to the following riages in England. Rates; that is to say, the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Waggon with Four or more Horses shall travel; and the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wain with Six Oxen, or Four Oxen with Two Horses, shall travel; and the Sum of Nine Pence for every Mile any Waggon with Narrow Wheels, or any Cart with Four Horses respectively, or carrying not less than Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel; and the Sum of Sixpence for every Mile every Cart or other Carriage with less than Four Horses, and not carrying Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel; or any further Sum not exceeding Four Pence for every Mile any Waggon with Four or more Horses, or any Wain with Six Oxen, or with Four Oxen and Two Horses, shall travel; and not exceeding Three Pence for every Mile any Cart with Four Horses, or carrying not less than Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel; and not exceeding Two Pence for every Mile any Cart or Carriage with less than Four Horses, and not carrying Fifteen hundred Weight, shall ravel, according as the same shall be fixed and ordered by the lustices of the Peace for any County or District, assembled at my General Sessions of the Peace for such County or District, he said Justices having regard to the Price of Hay and Oats at he Time of affixing such additional Rates: Provided always, Proviso for hat in Cases where the Day's March shall exceed Fifteen Miles, further Couch further Compensation shall be made and paid in like pensation. nanner to the Owners of the said Carriages as shall be deemed easonable by the Magistrate who granted the Warrant for imressing them, not exceeding the usual Rate and Hire of such carriages: Provided always, that every Order of the Justices 4 GEO. IV.

assembled at any General Sessions of the Price, fixing a further

Order of Sessions for further Sums, to specify the Time.

Sum to be paid for the Hire of Carriages as aforesaid, in addition to the customary Rates of One Shilling, and Nine Pence, and Sixpence per Mile respectively, shall specify the Period for which the same shall be in force, and which shall not in any Case exceed Ten Days beyond the General Sessions of the Peace for such County or District next ensuing the Date of such Order; and a Copy of every such Order, signed by the Chairman or presiding Magistrate, and One other Justice of the Peace or Magistrate at the Quarter Sessions at which the same shall be made, shall, within Three Days after the making thereof, be transmitted to the Secretary at War; and no such Order shall be valid or effectual unless a Copy thereof be so signed and transmitted as aforesaid: Provided also, that in every Case of any further Sum being allowed as aforesaid for the Hire of any Carriage, the Justice of the Peace granting or signing the Warrant shall insert, in his own Hand, the Amount of such further Sum for each Description of Carriage, as so authorized by the Justices at the Quarter Sessions as aforesaid, and the Date of the Order of the said Justices; and such Warrant shall be given to the Officer or Non-commissioned Officer commanding the Regiment, Corps, Company, Detachment or Party requiring such Carriages, as his Voucher for the Payment of such further Sum; and no further Sum shall be demanded, but such as shall be so inserted by the Justice in the Warrant.

LXXV. And Whereas it may sometimes become necessary.

Justices to insert the Amount.

> ' in Cases of Emergency, to provide proper and speedy Means for the Carriage and Conveyance not only of the Arms, Clothes, 'Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage and other Equipage of and belonging to His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, but also of the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children and other Persons of and belonging to such Forces: And Whereas it is ' expedient that Provisions should be made for enforcing prompt ' Obedience to such Orders as His Majesty or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor in Ireland may in such Case think fit to issue in pursuance of the Powers by Law vested in him for the Advancement of the general Good and public 'Welfare of the Realm;' Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, or such Lord Lieutenant of Chief Governor or Governors in Ireland, by his or their Order, distinctly stating that such Case of Emergency doth exist, #; nified by the Secretary at War, or if in Ireland by the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence by the Under Secretary for the Civil Department, or the First Clerk in the Military Department for the time being, to any General or Field Officer commanding His Majesty's Forces in any District or Place, or to the Agent for the Supply of Stores and Provisions at Home, or Person acting in that Capacity, to authorize such General or Field Officers of Agent as aforesaid, or Person aforesaid, by Writing under Hand, reciting such Order of His said Majesty, or Lord Lieb tenant or Chief Governor aforesaid, to require all Justices of the Peace within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Cities Liberties and Precincts in England, Ireland, Wales and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to issue his or their Warrant or Warrant

In Cases of Emergency Justices may be required to issue Warrants for providing Saddle Horses and Four Wheeled Carriages let to Hire, and also Vessels.

for any of the Purposes hereinafter mentioned; and such Justice. or Justices shall, when and as often as such Requisition in Writing as last mentioned shall be brought and shewn unto any One or more of such Justices, by the Quartermaster, Adjutant or other Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company so ordered to be conveyed, or by any Officer in the Commissariat Department, to issue out his or their Warrant or Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of the County, Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred and Precinct, from, through, near or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company shall be so ordered to be conveyed, requiring them to make such Provision, not only of Waggons, Wains, Carts and Cars kept by or belonging to any Person or Persons, and for any Use or Purpose whatsoever, but also of Saddle Horses, Coaches, Chaises and other Four Wheeled Carriages usually let to Hire, or kept for that Purpose; and also of Boats, Barges and other Vessels used for the Carriage of Coal, Stone, Lime, Manure, or of Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, or any other Articles or Commodity whatsoever, upon any Canal or navigable River, with able Men and Horses to drive, navigate and draw the same, as shall be mentioned in the said Warrant or Warrants, therein specifying the Place or Distance to which such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, shall go and be conveyed, and allowing such Constables sufficient Time to make such Provision, that the neighbouring Parts may not always bear the Burthen; and in case such sufficient Carriages, Herses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, cannot be provided within any such County, Riding, Division, Hundred, City, Liberty or Precinct, then the next Justice or Justices of the Peace of the next County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct shall, upon such Requisition in Writing as last aforesaid being brought or shewn to any One or more of them, by any of the Officers aforesaid, issue his or their Warrant or Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, City, Liberty, Division, Hundred or Precinct, for the Purposes last aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency; and the aforesaid Officers de-Officer or Officers, who by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant or manding them, Warrants from the Justice or Justices of the Peace, are to the pay for their Hiresuch Sums as the Justices therein mentioned, of the Constable or Petty Constable to whom shall direct. the said Warrant or Warrants shall be directed, is and are hereby required at the same Time to pay down in Hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall provide such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, such reasonable Sum and Sums of Money as the said Justice or Justices shall in and by his or their said Warrant or Warrants order and direct, not exceeding the usual Rate and Hire of such and the like Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, according to the Length of the Journey or Voyage in each particular Case, but making no Allowance for Post Horse Duty, or Turnpike, Canal, River or Lock Tolls (which Duty or Tolls are hereby declared not to be demandable or pay-able in such and the like Cases, for any such Carriages, Horses, for Post Horse Bouts, Barges and other Vessels, whilst employed in such Service, Duty, &c.

give a Receipt without Stamp, and to order the Horses, &c. to be provided.

Military Officers may convey on them Arms, &c. and also Officers, Soldiers, Women, Children,

and others.

Officers forcing Horses, &c. to travel beyond Distance specified in Warrant with-

out Licence.

Penalty 51.

Justices may commit Deor returning therefrom); for which said respective Sum and Sum so received, the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing (but without any Stamp) to the Person or Persons paying the same; and such Constable of Petty Constable shall order and appoint such Person or Person having such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels and Men, within their respective Liberties, as they shall thin

proper, to provide and furnish such Horses, Carriages, Boats Barges or other Vessels, and Men, according to the Warrant o

Warrants aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide an furnish the same accordingly; and it shall and may be lawful is such Cases, to and for all and every Military Officer and Officers for the Use of whom, or of whose Regiment, Detachment Troop or Company, such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels shall be provided, in such Cases to carry and convey and permit to be carried and conveyed, on the same respectively, not only the Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, Baggage, Tents and other Equipage of such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, but also the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children and other Persons of and belonging to the same, any

thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; but if any such Officer or Officers shall force and constrain any

Horse, Carriage, Boat, Barge or other Vessel, to travel or proceed beyond the Distance or Place to be allowed and specified in such Warrant or Warrants, without the special Licence or Order of One or more other such Justices or Justices of the Peace in that Behalf, and which Licence or Order One or more of such Justices is and are hereby authorized and required to give and make at his and their reasonable Discretion, every such Officer for every such Officer shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct, who are to certify the same to the Secretary at War, who is hereby authorized and required to give Order

the Order and Appointment under the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid Justices of the Peace of the same County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct, and for deducting the same out of such Officer's Pay.

4 CXV. And Whereas several Soldiers, being duly enlisted, do

for Payment of the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds according to

CXV. And Whereas several Soldiers, being duly enlisted, to
 afterwards desert, and are often found wandering, or otherwise
 absenting themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service; It is
 hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Con-

stable, Headborough or Tithingman of the Town or Place where any Person who may be reasonably suspected to be such a Deserter shall be found, or if no such Constable, Headborough or Tithingman can be immediately met with, then for any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Service, to apprehend, or cause such suspected Person to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him to be brought before any Justice of the Peace living in or near such Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear to be found that

that such suspected Person is a listed Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs, such Justice of the Peace shall, without Fee or Reward to himself or Clerk, forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found, or the House of Correction, or other Public Prison in such Town or Place where such Deserter shall be apprehended; or to the Provost Marshal in case such Deserter shall be apprehended within the City or Liberties of Dublin, or Places adjacent; and transmit an Account thereof, Account transin the Form prescribed in the Schedule annexed to this Act mitted to Secremarked (N.) to the Secretary at War for the time being in London; tary at War. or if the Deserter be apprehended in Ireland, to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Governor or Governors thereof; to the End that such Person may be removed by an Order from the Office of the said Secretary at War, or Chief Governor or Governors, and proceeded against according to Law; and the Allowance to Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction or Prison in which Gaoler. such Deserter shall at any Time be confined, shall receive such Subsistence for the Maintenance of such Deserter during the Time that he shall continue in his Custody, as by His Majesty's Regulations is or shall from time to time be directed in that Behalf: and the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction or other Public Prison of the City, Town or Place at or in which the Party or Person conveying such Deserter shall halt on the March, shall and he is hereby required to receive and confine every such Deserter who shall be delivered into his Charge and Custody by any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall be conveying such Deserter under any lawful Order, Warrant or Authority, while on the Road from the Place where he was apprehended to the Place to which he is to be conveyed, without any other Warrant or Authority for so doing than the Production of the Warrant of the Justice of the Peace on which such Deserter shall have been taken, or some Order from the Office of the Secretary at War, or of the Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and shall be entitled to One Shilling for the safe Custody Fee to Geoler of the said Deserter while the Party or Person conveying him conveying shall halt on the March; any Law, Usage or Custom to the con- Deserter. trary notwithstanding.

CXVII. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall Any Person voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Deserter from any confessing him-Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Regular Forces, or of the Emto be deemed bodied Militia, or of the Forces of the United Company of Mer-duly enlisted. chants of England trading to the East Indies, or who, upon being apprehended for Desertion or any other Offence, shall in the Presence of the Magistrate confess himself to be a Deserter from any such Regiment or Corps, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted and to be a Soldier, and shall be liable to serve in any such Regiment, or Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, as His Majesty shall think fit to appoint, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Soldier or not, and if the Person so confessing himself to be a Deserter shall be serving at the Time in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, he shall be deemed to be and shall be dealt with as a

Deserter.

Soldiers taken Prisoners to forfeit Pay; but on Return, if adjudged by Court to have been fairly taken and acted properly, may receive Pay.

38

CXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Soldier who shall be taken Prisoner by the Enemy, shall forfeit all Right and Claim to Pay during the Period of his remaining a Prisoner, and until he shall again return to His Majesty's Service: Provided always, that upon the Return of every Soldier to His Majesty's Service, due Inquiry shall be made as to the Conduct of such Soldier in relation to his being made Prisoner, and during the Period of his so remaining a Prisoner, and before Return to Service, by some General, or Regimental, or Garrison or other Court Martial, which shall be constituted under any Articles of War made by His Majesty for the Purpose of investigating such Cases; and every Soldier who shall prove to the Satisfaction of the Court, by Oath of himself or others, or in such manner s such Court shall require, and which Oath every such Court is hereby authorized to administer, that he was fairly and unavoidably taken Prisoner in the Course of Service, without any wilful Neglect of Duty on his Part, and that he hath not served with or under, or in any manner aided or assisted the Enemy, and that he hath returned as soon as possible to His Majesty's Service, shall thereupon be entitled to receive, either the Whole of any such Arrears of Pay, or a Proportion thereof, as shall be adjudged by any such Court: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, to order the Issue of such Arrears, or of any Proportion thereof, or of any such Pay, or of any Proportion thereof, as shall under all the Circumstances appear to be proper, notwithstanding any such Forfeiture, and before any such Investigation, and from time to time to stop the Continuance of any such Issue of Pay, as the Case and Conduct of any such Soldier, in relation to his being captured by the Enemy, and not returning to His Majesty's Service when enabled so to do, may require; and the Orders of the Secretary at War, for the Payment of any such Arrears or Pay, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for such Payment.

Proviso for Arrears.

Persuading Soldiers to desert.

> of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to desert or leave such Service as aforesaid, every such Person or Persons so offending as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for every such Offence forfeit to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, of to any other Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if it shall happen that any such Offender so convicted as aforesaid hath not any Goods and Chattels, Lands or Tenements, to the Value of One hundred Pounds, to pay and satisfy the same, or if, from the Circumstances and Heinousness of the Crime, it shall appear to the Court before which the said Conviction shall be made as aforesaid, that any such Forfeiture is not a sufficient Punishment for such Offence, it shall be lawful for such Court to commit any such Offender to Prison, there to

CLII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons

shall, in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, directly or indi-

rectly persuade or procure any Soldier or Soldiers in the Service

Imprisonment.

or Mainprize.

Penalty 1001.

remain for any Time not exceeding Twelve Months, without Bail

Parliament.

# CAP. XIV.

An Act to continue for Five Years, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, Two Acts made in the Forty seventh and Fiftieth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for the preventing improper Persons from having Arms in Ireland.

[24th March 1823.]

HEREAS an Act was made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majorty Grane the Third in the Reign of His late Majesty George the Third, inti- 47 G.3. sees. 2. tuled An Act to prevent improper Persons from having Arms in 6.54.
Ireland, to continue in force from the passing thereof for Two ' Years, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of ' Parliament: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fiftieth Year of ' His said late Majesty's Reign, the said recited Act of the Forty sog.s. c. 109. ' seventh Year of His said late Majesty's Reign was continued for Two Years, and from thence until the End of the next Ses-' sion of Parliament, and was amended: And Whereas by an Act ' made in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the 1 G.4. c.47. ' said recited Acts of the Forty seventh and Fiftieth Years were ' revived and continued for Two Years, and from thence until the ' End of the then next Session of Parliament: And Whereas it ' is expedient that the said Two recited Acts of the Forty seventh ' and Fiftieth Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty King ' George the Third should be further continued;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Forty 47 G.S. sees. 2. seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the c.54. Third, as the said Act is amended by the said recited Act of 50 G.3. c. 109. the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, and also continued for the said recited Act of the said Fiftieth Year, shall be and the said Two recited Acts are hereby continued, and shall be and remain and continue in force for Five Years from the End of

# CAP. XV.

this present Session of Parliament, and from the Expiration of such Five Years until the End of the then next Session of

An Act to continue for Five Years, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and to amend the Laws relating to Yeomanry Corps, in Ireland. [24th March 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty third Year of 43 G.S. c. 121. the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, § 15. 'intituled An Act for authorizing the billetting such Troops of Yeomanry and Volunteer Cavalry, as may be desirous of assimiling for the Purpose of being trained together in Great British and Ireland, and for subjecting to Military Discipline during the War such Serjeants serving in any Volunteer or Yeomanry Corps of Cavalry or Infantry, as receive constant Pay, D 4

and all Trumpeters, Drummers or Buglemen, serving therein, and receiving Pay, at any daily or weekly Rate; and for the further regulating of such Yeomanny and Volunteer Corps; which Act was to continue and be in force during the Continuance of the

**A.D.** 1823.

War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive ' Treaty of Peace with France: And Whereas by an Act made

' in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, so much of the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, as relates to such Troops or Corps in

Ireland, was continued; and by an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, so much of the said recited Act of the said Forty third Year, as relates to such 56 G.S. c.72.

'Troops or Corps in Ireland, was further continued, and was amended; and by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the said recited Act of the Forty third

' Year, so far as relates to any such Troops or Corps in Ireland, ' and also the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year, so far ' as the same amends the said Act of the said Forty third Year, were revived and continued for Two Years, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And ' Whereas it is expedient that the said recited Acts of the Forty

third and Fifty sixth Years of His said late Majesty's Reign, so far as relates to any such Troops or Corps of Yeomany in ' Ireland, should be further continued, and should be amended:

Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, so far

as relates to any such Troops or Corps in Ireland, and also the said Act of the Fifty sixth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, so far as the same amends the said Act of the said Forty third Year, shall be and the same are hereby continued as amended by

this Act; and the said Acts shall be, and remain and continue in force during the Continuance of this Act; and that all such Provisions and Regulations in the said recited Act of the said Forty

third Year contained, so far as relates to such Troops or Corps in Ireland, as by the said Act are applied during War, or during the Continuance of War, or during the Continuance of the War and until Six Months after the Ratification of such Definitive Treaty

of Peace as aforesaid, shall be in force as amended by the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year and by this Act, during the Continuance of this present Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all Cases of Invasion, Rebellion or Insurrection, or Apprehension thereof respectively, in Ireland, it shall be law ful for His Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to order all and every or any Corps of Yeomanry in Ireland, or any Proportion or Detachment of any Corps of Yeomanry, forthwith to

assemble in their respective Districts; and every or any such Corps, or any Proportion or Detachment thereof, or of any of them, shall thereupon be liable to march according to their respective Terms of Service, and the Order for their assembling as aforesaid

54 G.3. c.178.

40

C. 15.

1 G.4. c.48.

43 G.3. c.121. and 56 G.3. c.72. continued, as to Yeomanry Corps in Ireland, during Continuance of Act.

In Cases of Invasion, &c. in Ireland, His Majesty, or Lord Lieutenant, may order Yeomanry Corps to assemble; such Corps, &c. liable to march and subject to

aforesaid, and the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Trumpeters, Buglemen, Drummers and Private Men, in every or any such Corps or Detachment respectively, when so assembled as aforesaid, from such Time and until the Enemy shall be defeated and expelled, and all Rebellion and Insurrection or Apprehension thereof shall cease, shall be subject to any Act then in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and to any Articles of War made in pursuance thereof; and all Persons who shall be required by their Commanding Officer to join their respective Corps, or any Proportion or Detachment thereof, and to assemble and march therewith, and who shall not join and assemble and march accordingly, shall be liable to be apprehended and punished as Deserters, according to the Provisions of any such Act as aforesaid, and of any Articles made in pursuance thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Order for as-Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland sembling Corps to direct and order that any Corps of Yeomanry in Ireland, or of Yeomanry, any Proportion or Detachment thereof, shall be assembled under the Authority of the said recited Acts and this Act, by any Warment thereof, prescribed in Schedule. any such Corps of Yeomanry, in the Form contained in the Schedule annexed to this Act, or in such other Form to the like Purpose or Effect as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Gover-

nor or Governors shall think fit and proper.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in Continuence force for Five Years from the passing thereof, and from the of Act. Expiration of such Five Years until the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

# SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

### FORM OF WARRANT

For assembling any Corps of Yeomanry, or any Detachment thereof.

By the Lord Lieutenant and General Governor of Ireland.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth intituled [here recite the Title of this Act], it is enacted, that in all Cases of Invasion, Rebellion or Insurrection, or Apprehension thereof, in Ireland, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to order all and every or any Corps of Yeomanry in Ireland, or any Proportion or Detachment of any Corps, forthwith to assemble in their respective Districts; and that every or any such Corps or Detachment shall thereupon be liable to march, according to their respective Terms of Service; and that the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Trumpeters, Buglemen, Drummers and Private Men in such Corps or Detachment, from such Time and until the Enemy shall be defeated and expelled, and all Rebellion and Insurrection or Apprehension thereof shall cease, shall be subject to any Act then in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Psyment of the Army and their Quarters, and to any Articles of

C. 15.

War made in pursuance thereof; and all Persons required to join and not then joining their respective Corps, or any Detachment thereof, and not assembling and marching therewith, shall be liable to be apprehended and punished as Deserters, according to the Provisions of any such Act as aforesaid, and of any Articles made in pursuance thereof: And Whereas there exists at present [Invasion, Rebellion, Insurrection, or Apprehension of Invasion, Rebellion or Insurrection, as the Case may be ] in Ireland; I do therefore, in pursuance of the Power so vested in me, hereby order the Corps of Yeomanry, [or, a Detachment of the Corps of Yeomanry] as

hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:

#### CAVALRY:

Captains,	First Lieutenants.	Sub Lieutenants.	Serjeants.	Trumpeters.	Rank and File.

## DISMOUNTED, AND INFANTRY:

Captains.	First Licutenants.	Sub Lieutenants.	Serjeants.	Trumpeters.	Rank and File.
		•			

[as the Case may require], to assemble at their usual Place of Parade for Exercise within their District, or such Place as the General Officer in the District may point out, under their respective Officers, upon the Day of

One thousand eight hundred and , thenceforth to serve under the Orders of the General Officer commanding in the District in which such Corps shall respectively act; and to continue on Permanent Duty and Pay, from the Time they shall so assemble until they shall respectively receive our further Orders to the contrary: And for so doing, this shall be to them and you, and each of you, a sufficient Warrant.

Given at His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, the

One thousand eight Day of hundred and

By His

Command,

To the Officer commanding • the Corps of Yeomanry.

#### CAP. XVI.

An Act to explain so much of the General Turnpike Act, as relates to the Toll payable on Carriages laden with Lime for the Improvement of Land. [24th March 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Par- 3 G. 4. c. 126. liament, intituled An Act to amend the General Laws now ' in being for regulating Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great ' Britain called England: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether, under the Provisions of the said Act, Lime for improving ' Land, although exempted from Toll by several Local Acts, may ' not by the said recited Act be made chargeable with Toll:' For removing such Doubts, be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Not to authority of the same of the nothing in the said Act shall extend or be construed to extend to rise Collectors enable any Collector or Collectors of Tolls authorized to be taken under any Local Act or Acts of Parliament, for Horses or Carriages employed in carrying or conveying Lime for the Improvenized by some ment of Land, to take or demand any Toll for Lime as aforesaid, Local Act. other than such as might have been demanded and taken under the Authority of any such Local Act, previous to the passing of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament; any thing

Cases where any Lease or Contract shall have been made since or Contract for the passing of the said recited Act, by any Trustees of any Turpike Road or Roads to or with any Collector or Collectors Toll on Lime of Tolls, for letting to farm any Tolls to be received or taken was considered upon any such Road or Roads, whereon a Toll on Lime for im- to be psyable, proving Land was payable or considered to be payable under the or Contract to said recited Act at the Time of making or entering into any such the Expiration of a Month, Trustees to make such fair and reasonable Abatement in the upon Payment Rent payable by such Collector or Collectors during the unex- of Rent, &c. pired Residue of such Lease or Contract as aforesaid, as shall be agreed upon by and between the said Trustees and such Collector or Collectors as aforesaid, or such Lease or Contract shall, at the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, either become absolutely void, upon Payment, but not otherwise, by such Collector or Collectors, or his, her or their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, of all Rent and Arrears of Rent, or Sum or Sums of Money which shall be due and payable by him, her or them at and up to the End of the said Calendar

in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Month.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, Act may be amended, or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this altered, &c. present Session of Parliament.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Abatement in

### CAP. XVII.

An Act to repeal certain Provisions of an Act passed in the Third Year of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to amend certain Provisions of the Twenty sixth of George the Second, for the better preventing of Clandestine Marriages.

[26th March 1823.]

3 G.4. c.75. § 8-26. repealed.

THEREAS by an Act passed in the Third Year of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to amend certain Provisions of the Twenty sixth of George the Second, for the better preventing of Clandestine Marriages, it is amongst other things enacted, that no Licence for any Marriage shall, from and after the First Day of September in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty two, be granted by any Person having Authority to grant the same, until Oath shall have been made by the Persons and to the Effect required by the said Act: And Whereas Inconveniences have been found to arise from such Provision, and from certain other Provisions of ' the said Act contained in that Part of the said Act which is subsequent to such hereinbefore recited Provision: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal such Provisions, and to the intent that, until it shall be otherwise provided by Parliament, Marriages, whether solemnized by Licence or after Publication of Banns, may, save as is hereinafter provided, be regulated by the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled An Act for the better preventing of Clandestine Marriaget, is before the passing of the said Act of the Third Year of His present Majesty: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty by and with the Advice and Consent of the Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the hereinbefore recited Provision of the said Act, and all and every the Enactments and Provisions contained in that Part of the said Act which is subsequent to such hereinbefore recited Provision, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and that Licences shall and may be granted by the same Persons, and in the same Manner and Form, and in the case of Minors with the same Consent, and Banns be published in the same Manner and Form, as Licences and Banns were respectively regulated by the Provisions of the said recited Act of His late Majesty King George the Second.

II. And Whereas it may happen that, after the passing of

26 G.2. c.33.

Licences may be granted, and Banns published, as under 26 G.2. c.33.

Marriages under Licences or Banns conformably to 3 G.4. c.75. valid, &c.

this Act, Marriages may be solemnized according to the Pro-' visions of the said recited Act of His present Majesty:' Be it therefore enacted, That all Marriages which have been or shall be solemnized under Licences granted or Banns published conformably to the Provisions of the said recited Act of His present Majesty, shall be good and valid: Provided always, that no Marriage solemnized under any Licence granted in the Form and Manner prescribed by either of the said recited Acts, shall be deemed invalid on account of Want of Consent of any Parent or Guardian.

III. And be it further enacted, That a printed Copy of this Copies of Act Act shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing thereof, be provided by His Majesty's Printer, and transmitted to the Ministers. officiating Ministers of the several Parishes and Chapelries in England respectively.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, Act may be amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this altered, &c.

present Session of Parliament.

[This Act repealed, as therein mentioned, by Cap. 76. post.]

this Session.

## CAP. XVIII.

An Act concerning the Disposition of certain Property of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

[26th *March* 1823.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and For- 39 & 40 G.3. tieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George c.88. § 1. the Third, intituled An Act concerning the Disposition of certain Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and also of the Real and Personal Property of Her Ma-· jesty, and of the Queen Consort for the time being, Power was given to His then Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to grant, sell, give or devise, in Manner and Form therein mentioned, ' all and every or any of the Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tene-' ments and Hereditaments, purchased or to be purchased by His said then Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, out of Monies issued and applied for the Use of His or Their Privy Purse, or with Monies not appropriated to any Public Service, or which had or should come to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, by the Gift or Devise of, or by Descent or otherwise from, any Ancestors or other Person not being King or Queen of this · Realm, unto any Person or Persons, for any Estate or Estates, or for any Intents or Purposes, His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors respectively, should think fit; and certain other Provisions were enacted touching and concerning such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments: And Where-' as the Powers and Provisions of the said Act do not extend to Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, whereof His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or any Person or Persons in trust for Him or Them, was, were or may be seised or possessed at the Time of His or Their Accession to the Crown of this Realm, and which, before such Accession, He or They might have legally granted, sold, given or devised, as He or They respectively might think fit; and it is reasonable that the said Powers and Provisions should be extended thereto: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Powers given to and vested 39 & 40 G.3. in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by the said recited to Manors, Act, over the Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Here-in Possession at

ditaments

the Accession te the Crown. C. 18, 19.

ditaments purchased or to be purchased by Him or Them, or coming to Him or Them in manner in the said recited Act mentioned, and all other the Provisions of the said recited Act touching and concerning the same, shall be, and the same Powers and Provisions are hereby extended to, and shall be deemed, construed and taken to extend and apply to all Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, whether of Freehold or Copyhold, or Customary or Leasehold Tenure, whereof His Majesty, or any Person or Persons in trust for Him, at the Time of His Accession to the Crown of this Realm, or whereof His Hein or Successors, or any Person or Persons in trust for Them, at the Time of Their respective Accessions to the Crown of this Realm, was, were or shall be seised and possessed, and which, before such Accession, He or They respectively might have legally granted, sold, given or delivered.

### CAP. XIX.

An Act for further regulating the Reduction of the National Debt. [26th March 1823.]

WHEREAS divers Acts of Parliament have been passed, and Provisions have been made in Acts of Parliament from time to time, for the Reduction of the National Debt: And ' Whereas it was resolved by the Commons House of Parliament, on the Eighth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and 'nineteen, "That to provide for the Exigencies of the Public ' Service, to make such progressive Reduction of the National ' Debt as may adequately support Public Credit, and to afford to the Country a Prospect of future Relief from a Part of its present Burthens, it is absolutely necessary that there should be a ' clear Surplus of the Income of the Country beyond the Experditure, of not less than Five Millions:" And Whereas it is expedient to make Provision for the carrying the said Resolution ' into effect; and it is for that Purpose necessary to repeal certain ' Acts of Parliament, and certain Provisions in other Acts of Par-' liament, and to make further Provisions in relation thereto: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by 200 with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Payment of all and every Sur or Sums of Money which now are charged upon and issuable out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britan and Ireland, to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, shall, upon and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, cease and determine.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Capital Stock, (save and except the Capital Stock hereinafter directed to be carried wa new and separate Account,) and all Annuities for Terms of Year, which on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, shall stand or be placed in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in the Book of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas and other Parts of America, and for encouraging

Payments out of Consolidated Fund to Commissioners of National Debt to cease.

All Stock and Annuities for Years in Names of Commissioners of National Debt to be cancelled. Exceptions.

the Fishery, or of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, either on account of the Sinking Fund, or for the Purchase of Life Annuities, by virtue of any Act or Acts now in force, shall, on and from the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three (except as hereinafter is excepted), be cancelled in the Books of the said Banks and South Sea House respectively; and the Interest or Dividends which would have been due and payable on the said Capital Stock upon or after the said Fifth Day of April shall cease to be issued or to be charged upon the said Consolidated Fund; and no such Interest or Dividend shall be chargeable or charged or issued on the said

Fifth Day of April, or on any subsequent Day.

' III. And Whereas sundry Sums of Money have by various ' Acts of Parliament been directed to be set apart at the Receipt ' of the Exchequer for the Payment of Life Annuities payable at the Exchequer; and it has been provided that all such Annuities 'as have expired or been unclaimed for the Space of Three ' Years shall be paid to the Commissioners for the Reduction of ' the National Debt: And Whereas it is expedient that all such ' Sum or Sums of Money as may, on the Fifth Day of April One ' thousand eight hundred and twenty three, be in the Exchequer ' for the Purpose of being paid over to the Commissioners for the ' Reduction of the National Debt, shall not be so paid over, but ' shall be and remain in the Exchequer as a Part of the growing ' Produce. of the Consolidated Fund, and shall be applied as such; ' and that the Charge to be made upon the Consolidated Fund, on the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ' twenty three, or on any succeeding Quarter Day, shall be such 'a Sum only as may be sufficient to pay the Amount of Annuities ' then existing and becoming due;' Be it therefore further enacted, Money remain-That any Sum or Sums of Money which may, on the Fifth Day of ing in the Ex-April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, be and re-chequer on acmain in the Exchequer on account of expired or unclaimed Life count of expired or unclaimed Life Annuities, shall be carried to and form a Part of the growing ProLife Annuities, duce of the Consolidated Fund; and that there shall be charged carried to the upon the Consolidated Fund, on the said Fifth Day of April One Consolidated thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and in every succeeding Fund. Quarter, such Sum or Sums of Money only as the unexpired Life Amuities then remaining due and unpaid may amount to; and if at any Time the Sum so charged upon the Consolidated Fund shall not be sufficient to defray the Life Annuities due and to be paid within the Quarter, the Deficiency shall be issued and paid out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund.

IV. And be it further enacted, That upon the Fifth Day of Account of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, or as soon Debt and Anafter as the same can be prepared, an Account shall be laid be- nual Charge fore Parliament by the said Commissioners, and shall be published laid before Parliament by the said Commissioners, and shall be published laid before Parin the London and Dublin Gazettes, shewing the total Amount of liament and the Unredeemed Funded Debt and Outstanding Unfunded Debt published, and in Exchequer Bills unprovided for, of the United Kingdom, on an Annual Sum the Fifth Day of April. One thousand eight hundred and twenty of 5,000,000l. three, together with the Annual Charge attending the same; and its Reduction. from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight To be paid hundred and twenty three there shall be set apart and issued at Quarterly.

the Receipt of the Exchequers, out of the said Consolidated Fund, to be placed to the Account of the said Commissioners towards the Reduction of the National Debt, the annual Sum of Five Millions; and the said Annual Sum is hereby made chargeable thereon, by equal Quarterly Payments in each Year; the First Quarterly Payment to be charged upon the said Fund on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and the said Quarterly Payments shall be issued and paid from time to time into the Bank of England, or into the Bank of Ireland, by equal Quarterly Sums, in such Proportions, and at such Times in each Quarter, as the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt shall require, according to the Provisions and Directions of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force respecting Sums issued from the said Exchequers towards the Reduction of the National Debt; and all Sums which by virtue of this Act shall be from time to time placed to the Account of the said Commissioners shall and are hereby appropriated to, and shall accumulate in manner hereinafter directed, and shall from time to time be applied by the said Commissioners according to the Directions, Restrictions and Provisions of the several Acts now in force relating to Sums issued for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom.

Monies placed to Account of Commissioners to accumulate.

59 G.3. c.35. § 1. and 56 G.3. c.70. § 1. in part repealed.

V. And be it enacted, That so much of an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to alter and amend several Acts passed in His present Majesty's Reign, relating to the Redemption of the National Debt, and for making further Provision in respect thereof; and so much of another Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to alter and amend several Acts relating to the Redemption of the National Debt of Ireland, and to make further Provision in respect thereof; which require that whenever an Amount of Capital Funded Debt of Great Britain and Ireland respectively shall have been purchased or transferred to the said Commissioners, as shall be equal to the whole Capital, and which shall have produced an Interest or yearly Dividend equal in Amount to the whole Annual Charge in perpetual Annuities of each Loan contracted since One thousand seven hundred and eighty six, that a Certificate and Declaration thereof shall be made by the said Commissioners, according to the Directions contained in the said Acts; and the Amount of the Public Debt to which such Certificate and Declaration shall relate, shall from time to time be deemed and taken to be wholly satisfied and discharged, and an equal Amount of Capital Stock, standing in the Names of the said Commissioners, shall be considered to be redeemed, and shall from time to time be cancelled, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Capital Stock and Annuities placed to Account of Commissioners as herein mentioned, (Exception,) not to be cancelled until

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Capital Stock, or Annuities for Terms of Years, nor any Part or Parts of any Capital Stock or Annuities, which from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, shall be placed in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the said Bank of England, or of the South Sea House, or of the Bank of Ireland, shall be cancelled (save and except the Stock placed

placed in their Names for the Redemption of the Land Tax), until the Interest of the Debt redeemed by the said Commissioners, by the Application of the said Sum of Five Millions, and of the growing Interest thereof, shall, together with the said Sum of Five Millions, have accumulated to a Sum, the Annual Amount Interest of Debt whereof shall not be less than the One hundredth Part of the then existing Unredeemed Funded Debt and Outstanding Unfunded shall have accu-Debt in Exchequer Bills unprovided for, of the United Kingdom, mulated so as to taken together; and that any Capital Stock which shall be placed produce the anin the Names of the said Commissioners on account of the Sinking and Amount Fund, or for the Purchase of Life Annuities, after the said Sinking herein menfund shall amount to the One hundredth Part of the said Unredeemed Funded and Unfunded Debts as aforesaid, taken together, shall be liable to be cancelled at such Times, and in such Proportions, and in such Manner as Parliament may from time to

VIL And be it further enacted, That when the Sinking Fund shall amount to the One hundredth Part of the said Unredeemed and Unfunded Debts, the Commissioners for the Reduction of the dredth Part of National Debt shall cause an Account to be prepared, shewing Debt, an Acthe Amount of the said Debts taken together, and also the count to be laid Amount of the Sinking Fund then applicable to the Reduction before Parliament. thereof; which Account shall thereupon be laid before Parliament, if Parliament shall then be sitting, or if Parliament shall not be sitting, then within Fourteen Days after the next Meeting of Parliament.

'VIII. And Whereas certain Sums have at various Times been ' given by way of Donation or Bequest; towards reducing the National Debt, and which Sums, if a separate Account had been ' kept thereof, would by Computation have accumulated, on the ' Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, to One hundred and thirty seven thousand two hundred . and forty three Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Bank Annuities: And Whereas it is expedient that a new and ' separate Account should in future be kept thereof, as well as of 'any other Sums which may hereafter be given for a similar 'Purpose;' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Separate Acpassing of this Act, a new and separate Account shall be raised count to be kept in the Books of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the in the Commissioner's and National Debt, and in the Books of the Governor and Company Bank Books of of the Bank of England, under the Title of "The Account of Sumsbequeati-Donations and Bequests towards reducing the National Debt;" ed for Reducand the said Governor and Company are hereby required to tion of National cause the Sum of One hundred and thirty seven thousand two Debt; hundred and forty three Pounds Consolidated Three Pounds per Centum Bank Annuities to be taken out of the Names of the said Commissioners now standing in the Books of the said Bank on their Account, entitled "The Accompt of the Commissioners appointed by Act of Parliament for applying certain Sums of Money annually to the Reduction of the National Debt," and to to be wrote into be wrote into the Names of the said Commissioners in the new the Names of the Commissioners and separate Account directed to be raised in virtue of this Act, and also to cause any other Sum or Sums to be carried to the Account, and new Account, which may hereafter be given for the like Pur-Dividends ap-

When Sinking Fund amounts to One hun-

4 GEO. IV.

plied to Purchase of Stock. pose; and the Interest or Dividends which shall accrue from time to time on all Stock standing on the said Account, shall be applied from time to time to the Purchase of the public Annuities composing the National Debt, for the Purpose of fulfilling the Directions of the Person or Persons giving or bequeathing the said Sums, and to no other Purpose whatsoever.

49 G.S. c.71. § 16. 'IX. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for raising the Sum of Fourteen millions six hundred thousand Pounds by way of Annuities, a separate Account was directed to be kept of the Loan of Six hundred thousand Pounds to the Prince Regent of Portugal, and it is no longer

Separate Account thereby directed to

cease.

'necessary that the said Account should be kept separate;' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the said separate Account shall cease and determine, and the Capital Debt created by the said Loan of Six hundred thousand Pounds, together with the annual Charge thereof, shall be deemed, from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, to be Part of the Consolidated Funded Debt and annual Charge of the United Kingdom, and the same is hereby consolidated therewith; any thing in the said Act of the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of King George the Third to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

26 G.3. c.31. § 18. 37 G.3. c.27. (I.) repealed. X. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Acts of the twenty sixth and Thirty seventh Years of His late Majesty King George the Third, as require the said Commissioners to lay certain Accounts annually before Parliament, relating to the Reduction of the National Debt, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

In lieu of Accounts of said Acts, Commissioners to prepare another.

XI. And be it enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, in lieu of the Accounts required by the said Acts, the said Commissioners shall cause an Account to be prepared, containing a Statement of all Sums received and applied by them towards the Reduction of the National Debt, in every succeeding Year ending on the Fifth Day of January in each Year.

\* XII. And Whereas, for the Purpose of ascertaining the actual

Expenses of National Debt Establishment to be defrayed out of Consolidated Fund.

' Amount of the Annual Charge attending the National Debt, it ' is expedient that the Expence of the Establishment of the said Commissioners should be deemed Part of the said Annual ' Charge;' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Annual Expence of the said Establishment in Great Britain shall be charged upon the said Consolidated Fund (and the same is hereby made chargeable and charged thereon), and Sums shall be issued from time to time at the Receipt of the Exchequer in Great Britain, out of the said Consolidated Fund, under the Authority and by Direction of the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury of the said United Kingdom for the time being, for the Purpose of defraying the same; and the Expence of the said Establishment shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, constitute

constitute and form Part of the Annual Charge of the National. Debt of Great Britain.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Expences of Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, all executing the Expences of carrying into Execution the Provisions of an Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled An Act for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities, and of the Establishment necessary for executing the said Provisions; and all Consolidated the Expence of the Establishment necessary for carrying into Fund. Execution the Provisions of an Act of Parliament, passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to enlarge the Time limited for the Redemption of the Land Tax; and to explain and amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled 'An Act for 'making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty ' fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety ' eight;' and of another Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to alter and amend certain of the Powers and Provisions of several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, and for making further Provision for the Redemption thereof; shall be charged upon the said Consolidated Fund (and the same is hereby made chargeable and charged thereon), and Sums shall be issued from time to time, at the Receipt of the Exchequer in Great Britain, out of the Consolidated Fund, under the Authority and by the Direction of the Lord High Treasurer or Three Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, for the Purpose of defraying the same; and all such Expences, and Sums issued for the Payment thereof, shall, after the said Fifth Day of April, constitute and form Part of the Annual Charges of the National Debt of Great Britain.

XIV. And be it enacted, That this Act, or any Part thereof, Act may be may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be passed in altered, &c.

this Session of Parliament.

#### CAP. XX.

An Act for fixing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers.

[2d May 1823.]

[This Act is the same as 3 G. 4. c. 20. except as to Dates.]

#### CAP. XXI.

An Act for granting and applying certain Sums of Money for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three. [2d May 1823.]

' Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the VV Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ire-land, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary E 2

Sums herein mentioned issued towards the Supply for the Service of 1823. Supplies which we have cheerfully granted to Your Majesty in this Session of Parliament, have resolved to give and grant unto ' Your Majesty the Sums hereinafter mentioned;' And do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal. and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall and may be issued and applied for or towards making good the Supply granted to His Majesty for the Service of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Sum of Eight millions seven hundred thousand Pounds out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, arising after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, being the estimated Amount of the Surplus of the future Income of the said Fund over the future Annual Charge thereon; and also the Sum of Fifty nine thousand one hundred and ninety two Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Sixpence Three Farthings, out of the Money in the Exchequer applicable to the Service of the Years One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; that is to say, the Sum of Thirty nine thousand one hundred and ninety two Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Sixpence Three Farthings out of the Money applicable to the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds out of the Money applicable to the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; and also the Sum of Four hundred and sixty nine thousand and forty seven Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Ten Pence Halfpenny, out of the Money in the Exchequer or remaining to be received on account of the Supplies granted for the Years One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, One thousand eight hundred and twenty, One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and One thousand eight hundred and twenty two; that is to say, the Sum of Twenty thousand six hundred and sixty six Pounds Six Shillings and Two Pence Three Farthings out of the Supplies granted for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; the Sum of Forty four thousand one hundred and twenty Pounds Four Shillings and Three Pence Three Farthings out of the Supplies granted for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; the Sum of Eight thousand eight hundred and ninety two Pounds One Shilling and One Penny Farthing out of the Supplies granted for the Service of the Year One Thousand eight hundred and twenty; the Sum of One hundred and fifty two thousand seven hundred and twenty Pounds Eight Shillings and Three Pence Halfpenny out of the Supplies granted for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty one; and the Sum of Two hundred and forty two thousand six hundred and forty eight Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Eleven Pence Farthing out of the Supplies granted for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty two: and also the Sum of Four millions eight hundred thousand Pounds to be paid into the Exchequer at Westminster by virtue of an Act passed

passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled An Act for apportioning the Burthen occasioned by the Military and Naval Pensions and Civil Superannuations, by vesting an equal Annuity in Trustees for the Payment thereof; and also any Sum or Sums of Also any Sum Money which may have been or which may be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer before the Fifth Day of April One Exchequer in respect of Exchequer of Exchequer of Exchequer Bills issued nursuant to Two Acts passed in the Fifty seventh Year Bills issued pursuant to Two Acts passed in the Fifty seventh Year issued for carof the Reign of His late Majesty, to authorize the Issue of Ex-rying on Public chequer Bills for the carrying on Public Works and Fisheries in Works pursuthe United Kingdom; and also the Balance remaining in the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, or which may be advanced and also the and paid into the same by the Governor and Company of the Balance paid by Bank of England on or before the Fifth Day of April One thou- the Bank pursand eight hundred and twenty four, pursuant to an Act passed in suant to 56 G.3. the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled c.97. An Act to authorize the advancing for the Public Service a Proportion of the Balance that shall remain from time to time in the Bank of England, for the Payment of the Dividends on account of the Public Debt, for Lottery Prizes or Benefits not claimed, and Principals of Stocks and Annuities remaining unclaimed; provided that if at any Time the said Balance shall be reduced to a less Sum than One hundred thousand Pounds, then so much of the Monies advanced by the said Governor and Company shall be repaid to them as shall be equal to the Sum by which the said Balance shall be less than the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, are or is hereby authorized and empowered to issue and apply the same accordingly.

# CAP. XXII.

An Act to confirm an Agreement entered into by the Trustees under an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for apportioning the Burthen occasioned by the Military and Naval Pensions, and Civil Superannuations, with the Governor [2d May 1823.] and Company of the Bank of *England*.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, 3 G.4. c.51. ' VV intituled An Act for apportioning the Burthen occasioned by the Military and Naval Pensions, and Civil Superannuations, by vesting an equal Annuity in Trustees for the Payment thereof: And Whereas the Trustees nominated and appointed by the Agreement by ' said recited Act have entered into an Agreement with the the Trustees Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to the Tenor under the said and Effect following; that is to say, An Agreement, made the Bank. ' Twenty seventh Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, between the undersigned, Three of the

' Trustees nominated and appointed by the Act of the Third of George the Fourth, Chapter the Fifty first, intituled An Act for · apportioning the Burthen occasioned by the Military and Naval

54

' Pensions, and Civil Superannuations, by vesting an equal Annuity ' in Trustees for Payment thereof, of the one Part, and the Governor and Company of the Bank of England of the other Part: Whereas the said Trustees and the said Governor and Company ' have treated and agreed for the Sale by the said Trustees, and ' for the Purchase by the said Governor and Company, of the ' Sum of Five hundred and eighty five thousand seven hundred ' and forty Pounds per Annum, Part of the Annuity of Two millions eight hundred thousand Pounds created by the said ' Act, for the remaining Term of Forty four Years to come of ' such Annuity from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight ' hundred and twenty three, in consideration of the following ' Payments to be made into the Receipt of His Majesty's ' Exchequer, by the said Governor and Company, at the under-' mentioned Dates; that is to say, ' One thousand eight hundred and twenty three: ' Fifteenth April Eight hundred and eighty five thousand seven hundred and nineteen Pounds: ' Fifteenth July One million two hundred and twenty five thousand Pounds; ' Twentieth October -Sixty seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds: ' One thousand eight hundred and twenty four: ' Fifteenth January -One million one hundred and seventy five thousand Pounds; ' Fifteenth April Sixty seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds; ' Fifteenth July One million one hundred and seventy five thousand Pounds; ' Twentieth October -Twenty seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds: ' One thousand eight hundred and twenty five; ' Fifteenth January -One million one hundred and thirty five thousand Pounds; ' Fifteenth April Twenty seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds; ' Fifteenth July One million one hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and seventy Pounds: ' One thousand eight hundred and twenty six: ' Fifteenth January -

Fifteenth January - One million ninety seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds;

Fifteenth July
One million sixty seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds:

One thousand eight hundred and twenty seven:

Fifteenth January - One million thirty seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds;

'Fifteenth July - Nine hundred ninety two thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds:
'One thousand eight hundred and twenty eight:

Fifteenth January - Nine hundred forty seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds;

' Fifteenth July One million twenty seven thousand five hundred Pounds:

And it has been agreed between the said Trustees and the said Governor and Company, subject to the Approbation of and the Confirmation of these Presents by Parliament, that the said Trustees shall and will, on or before the Fifteenth Day of ' April next, transfer to the said Governor and Company, in the ' Books to be kept at the Bank of England for the entering and transferring of such Part or Parts of the said Annuity as shall be sold as directed by the said Act, the Sum of Five hundred eighty five thousand seven hundred and forty Pounds per 4 Annum, Part of the said Annuity of Two million eight hundred thousand Pounds created by the said Act; and that the said Governor and Company shall pay into the Receipt of His ' Majesty's Exchequer, to the Credit of the said Trustees, the ' said several Payments above mentioned, in the present and in each of the said Five ensuing Years, on the several Days here-inbefore stipulated, and ending the Fifteenth Day of July One ' thousand eight hundred and twenty eight; and that it shall be ' lawful for the said Governor and Company, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, at any Time or Times after the said Sum of Five hundred and eighty five thousand seven hundred and forty Pounds, Part of the said Annuity of Two ' million eight hundred thousand Pounds, shall be so transferred ' into their Names by the said Trustees, to sell, assign and transfer ' any Part or Parts, Portion or Portions, of the said Annuity so ' to be transferred into their Names as aforesaid, to any Person ' or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate whomsoever, ' freed and discharged of and from the Payment by any such ' Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, of ' the then remaining Sums hereinbefore stipulated to be paid ' by the said Governor and Company into the Receipt of His ' Majesty's Exchequer: And Whereas it is expedient that the Reasons for 'said Agreement should be confirmed by Parliament: And Passing this Whereas the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the 'United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland did, on the 'Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, under the Provisions of the said recited Act, ' advance to the Trustees nominated and appointed by the said ' recited Act the Sum of One million and fifty thousand Pounds, ' in Exchequer Bills, to enable them to complete the Payment ' then becoming due from the said Trustees under the Provisions ' of the said recited Act; and it is expedient and proper that ' the said Trustees should, with the Money to be paid into ' the Exchequer on their Account, under the said Agreement, ' by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, on the Fifteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred ' and twenty three, and also with the Sum of One million four ' hundred thousand Pounds, being the Half Year's Dividend of ' the Annuity of Two million eight hundred thousand Pounds ' becoming due to the said Trustees on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, pay on the said Fifteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty

' three the Sum of One million two hundred and twenty five ' thousand Pounds, being the Amount of the Payment then be coming due from the said Trustees under the Provisions of the said recited Act, and that they the said Trustees should furthe pay the Sum of One million and sixty thousand seven hundred and nineteen Pounds, the Remainder of the said Sum of Eight ' hundred and eighty five thousand seven hundred and nineteen ' Pounds, and One million four hundred thousand Pounds, in Discharge of the Principal and Interest of the Exchequer Bills issued to them by the Commissioners of His Majesty's ' Treasury on the Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight ' hundred and twenty three:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Agreement shall be and the same is hereby confirmed to be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Agreement with the Bank confirmed.

Bank to pay into the Exchequer the Sums mentioned in Agreement.

5 & 6 W. & M.

Times for Payment of Sums into Exchequer by Trustees.

c. 20.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England may and shall from time to time advance and pay into the Exchequer the several Sums mentioned in the said Agreement, at the respective Times in the said Agreement specified, except as to the First of the said Sums, which shall be paid immediately after the passing of this Act; and the said Governor and Company shall be entitled to and shall have and receive in lieu thereof the said Annuity or yearly Sum of Five hundred and eighty five thousand seven hundred and forty Pounds, so to be transferred to the said Governor and Company on or before the said Fifteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, for the Remainder of the Term of Forty five Years, for which the Annuity of Two million eight hundred thousand Pounds was created; any thing contained in an Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled An Act for granting to their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Vessels, and upon Beer, Ale and other Viccomes and Paris of Ships and Vessels, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors; and for securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the said Act mentioned to such Persons as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against France; or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the several Sums directed by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament to be paid, on or before the Fifteenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, into the Receipt of the Exchequer, by the Trustees under the said Act, at the various Times therein specified, the said Trustees shall and they are hereby required, on or before the Fifteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, to pay into the Exchequer the Sum of One million and sixty thousand seven hundred and nineteen Pounds, in discharge of the Principal and Interest of the Exchequer Bills issued to the said Trustees by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury on the Fifteenth

Day of Jamery One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and they are hereby further required to pay into the Exchequer the several and respective Sums following, on or before the several and respective Days hereinafter mentioned; that is to say,

The said Fifteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Sum of One million two hundred and twenty five thousand Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Sum of One million two hundred and twenty five thousand pounds;

The Twentieth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Sum of One million one hundred and seventy

five thousand Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, the Sum of One million one hundred and seventy five thousand Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, the Sum of One million one hundred and seventy five thousand Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, the Sum of One million one hundred and seventy five thousand Pounds:

The Twentieth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, the sum of One million one hundred and thirty five thousand Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty five, the sum of One million one hundred and thirty five thousand Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty five, the Sum of One million one hundred and thirty five thousand Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty five, the Sum of One million one hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and seventy Pounds:

The Twentieth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty five, the Sum of One million one hundred and seven thousand one hundred and thirty Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, the Sum of One million and ninety seven thousand

eight hundred and seventy Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, the Sum of One million one hundred and seven thousand one hundred and thirty Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, the Sum of One million sixty seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds:

hundred and seventy Pounds:

The Twentieth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, the Sum of One million one hundred and seven thousand one hundred and thirty Pounds:

The fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty seven, the Sum of One million thirty seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty

58

twenty seven, the Sum of One million one hundred and seven thousand one hundred and thirty Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty seven, the Sum of Nine hundred and ninety two thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds:

The Twentieth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty seven, the Sum of One million one hundred and seven thousand one hundred and thirty Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, the Sum of Nine hundred and forty seven thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds:

The Fifteenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, the Sum of One million one hundred and seven thousand one hundred and thirty Pounds; and

The Fifteenth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, the Sum of One million twenty seven thousand five hundred Pounds.

#### CAP. XXIII.

An Act to consolidate the several Boards of Customs, and also the several Boards of Excise, of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*. [2d May 1823.]

56 G.S. c.98. § 1.

THEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third. ' intituled An Act to unite and consolidate into One Fund all the Public Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland, and to provide for the Application thereof to the general Service of the United King-' dom, the several Funds called the Consolidated Fund of Great ' Britain, and the Consolidated Fund of Ireland respectively. ' were consolidated and made to constitute One general Fund. ' called " The Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of ' Great Britain and Ireland:" And Whereas it is highly desirable ' that all the Rates, Duties, Taxes, Receipts and Revenues. ' forming Part of or directed to be carried to the said Fund, or under any other Denomination constituting Part of the general Revenues of the United Kingdom, under the Management and Direction of the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His ' Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain ' and Ireland for the time being, should be assessed, charged, ' levied, collected and managed in an uniform Manner, and under ' uniform Rules and Regulations throughout the whole of the United Kingdom: And Whereas it would tend greatly to accelerate the establishing such Uniformity of System and Management, if His Majesty was empowered to appoint Com-' missioners or other Persons for the Management of each of the general Branches or Descriptions of the said Revenues in the whole of the United Kingdom, in lieu of the Commissioners or other Authorities which have been heretofore by Law appointed ' for the separate Management of the same in England, Scotland ' and Ireland respectively: And Whereas it is expedient more ' particularly to make immediate Provision for such a Consolid-' ation of Management with respect to the Revenues of the ' Customs

C. 23.

Customs and of the Excise; Be it therefore enacted by the king's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in his present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of he same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Appointment of uccessors, from time to time to appoint, under the Great Seal a Board of f the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, any Number Commissioners Persons, not exceeding Thirteen, to be Commissioners of a Board of Customs and any Number of Persons, not exceeding Thirteen, Commissioners be Commissioners of Excise, for the Collection and Manage- of Excise for ent of the whole of the Revenues of Customs and Excise res- the United ectively arising in and throughout the whole of the United Kingdom, and ingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and also to appoint Number of Persons, not exceeding Four, to be Assistant Commissioners of Customs, and any Number of Persons, not excellent and Ireland. eeding Four, to be Assistant Commissioners of Excise, for the urpose of acting, in manner hereinafter mentioned, in conjunction rith the Commissioners to be appointed as aforesaid, in the collection and Management of each of the said Revenues of Justoms and Excise respectively arising in Scotland and Ireland; nd that each of such Commissioners and Assistant Commisioners, when so appointed, shall have and hold his respective Office during His Majesty's Pleasure.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act Proviso for forcontained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or alter Customs and any Act or Acts, or any Provision in any Act or Acts of Parlia- Excise. ment in force, relating or having reference to the said respective Duties of Customs or Excise in England, Scotland or Ireland repectively, at or immediately before the passing of this Act, acept so far as such Act or Acts are expressly repealed or

ultered by this Act. III. And be it further enacted, That any Four of such Thirteen How Boards Commissioners of Customs shall constitute a Board of Commis-constituted. soners of Customs, and that any Four of such Thirteen Commisioners of Excise shall constitute a Board of Commissioners of Excise for the whole of the United Kingdom, to sit and act in England; and such Boards of Commissioners of Customs and of Powers of Roserds and Excuse respectively shall have, use, and exercise throughout the United Kingdom all and any and every such Powers and Authorities as are now given to or vested in, or as might be used and exercised by the Commissioners of Customs, or the Commissoners of Excise respectively, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at or immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Duties and Revenues of Customs and Excise respectively, in England, Scotland or Ireland respectively; and all such Powers and Authorities shall be and are hereby given to and vested in such Board of Commissioners of Customs a to the Duties and Revenues of Customs, and in such Board of Commissioners of Excise as to the Duties and Revenues of Excise, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if such Powers and Authorities, and all Clauses, Reguations, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, were severally, separately and respectively repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and made Part thereof; and all Rules,

Boards and Commissioners. Orders, &c. made by such Boards respectively to be valid as under former Acts;

C. 23.

Orders, Regulations, Acts, Matters and Things which shall be made, directed and done by such Board of Commissioners of Customs or Board of Commissioners of Excise respectively, in any wise concerning the Duties or Revenues of Customs or Excise, under their respective Controll or Management respectively, or relating to the Collection or Management of such Duties and Revenues respectively, and which by any Act or Acts of Parliament, Law, Usage or Custom in force at or immediately before the passing of this Act, are or were authorized or required to be made or done, or which might be made or done by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise in and for England, Sculland or Ireland respectively, in relation to the said Duties or Revenue respectively, shall be and be deemed to be as good, valid and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes as if made of done under any such Act or Acts of Parliament by the Commissioners heretofore separately acting for England, Scotland and Ireland respectively; and all Persons whatever in England, Scotland land and Ireland respectively, shall be subject and liable to the same Pains and Penalties for doing or omitting to do any Act. Matter or Thing relating to or in any wise concerning any of such Duties or Revenues of Customs or Excise respectively. contrary to any such Orders or Directions, Rules or Regulations of such Commissioners, as such Persons respectively would have been subject and liable to for doing or omitting to do the same Acts and Matters or Things respectively, contrary to any Order or Direction of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise for England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, by virtue of any Ad or Acts of Parliament in force at or immediately before the passing of this Act: Provided always, that all Orders, Directions

as to Liabilities to Penalties.

Proviso for existing Orders under former Acts.

Treasurer may order Commissioners for Scotland and Ireland to act, as herein mentioned.

under this Act. IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, from time to time, or an Three or more of them, or for the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being to order and direct any One or more of such Commissioners of Customs, and any One or more of such Commissioners of Excise. together with Two of such Assistant Commissioners of Customs and Two of such Assistant Commissioners of Excise respectively. to sit and act as a Board of Commissioners of Customs, and as a Board of Commissioners of Excise respectively, in and for Scatland and Ireland respectively, and for the Dispatch of Business in those Parts of the United Kingdom under the Controul and Direction of the respective Boards of Commissioners of Custom and Excise respectively, sitting and acting in England; and that such Board of Commissioners for Scotland and Ireland respectively, shall (under such Controul and Direction as aforesaid) have and be invested with the Management and Controul of all Matters relating to the respective Duties of Customs and Excise arising

Rules and Regulations in force at the Time of the passing the

Act, which are not altered or varied by this Act, or contrary to

any of the Provisions thereof, shall remain in full Force and Effect until the same shall be abrogated, annulled, altered of varied by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise respectively

Scotland and Ireland respectively; and that any Two of such commissioners in Scotland and Ireland respectively shall have full 'ower and Authority to order, direct, act, do and permit all and very such Acts, Matters and Things relating to or concerning he Duties and Revenues of Customs and Excise in Scotland and reland respectively, or relating to or concerning any Revenue nder the Management of the Commissioners of Customs or acise in or for Scotland or Ireland respectively, as by any Act r Acts of Parliament in force at or immediately before the assing of this Act are authorized, required or permitted to be one by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise in or for scotland or Ireland respectively, or any Number of them; and Orders, &c. of hat all such Rules, Orders, Acts, Matters and Things which shall Commissioners se made and done by such Commissioners in Scotland and Ireland valid. respectively, under the Authority hereby granted, shall respectively be good, valid and effectual in Law, to all Intents and Purposes: Provided always, that the Board of Commissioners of Commissioners Customs and Excise in Scotland and Ireland respectively shall in in Scotland, &c. all things observe, perform and fulfil, and cause and procure to be to observe Orobserved, performed and fulfilled, in and throughout Scotland and Ireland respectively, so far as the same may be practicable, the several Orders, Rules, Directions and Regulations which shall be made or given by the Board of Commissioners of Customs and Excise respectively for the United Kingdom, sitting and acting in England as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted, That all Commissions, De- All Commisputations and Appointments granted to any Officers of the sions, Depu-Customs or Excise respectively, at any Time before the passing tations and of this Act, and in force at the Time of the passing of this Act, and the Time of the passing of this Act, and the Time of the passing of this Act, and the Time of the passing of this Act, and the Time of the passing of this Act, and the Time of shall remain in full Force and Effect until the same shall be Excise to rerevoked or recalled; and all such Officers respectively, whether main in force. appointed in or for England, Scotland or Ireland, shall continue to hold such respective Commissions, Deputations and Appointments; and all such Commissions, Deputations and Appointments shall be deemed, construed and taken to be good, valid and effectual in every Part of the United Kingdom; and the Persons holding the same shall have full Power and Authority to execute the Duties of their respective Offices and Appointments, and to enforce all Laws, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures relating to the Duties and Revenues for which they shall have been appointed, either in England, Scotland or Ireland, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they had been appointed for the said United Kingdom, or by the Commissioners under this Act, any thing in this Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and all Bonds Bonds, &c. for which shall have been given by any such Officers respectively, good Conduct, and their Sureties respectively, for good Conduct or otherwise, &c. to remain shall remain in full Force and Effect so long as they shall respect in force, and ively continue in their respective Offices; and such Officers shall tinue. hold their respective Offices during the Will and Pleasure of the Commissioners of Customs or of Excise to be appointed under this Act, in all Cases in which they before held such Offices, subject to the Will and Pleasure of any of the now existing Boards of Customs and Excise in England, Scotland or Ireland, and that

ders from

they shall be under the Controul and Authority of the said Commissioners respectively, and liable to the same Pains, Penalties and Punishments, to be inflicted by the said Commissioners, as might heretofore have been inflicted upon them by

Treasury may abolish or reduce Offices of Customs and Excise.

the Commissioners by whom they were originally appointed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer, or the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, and the said Commisioners, or any Three or more of them, are hereby empowered to abolish or reduce any Establishment of Officers of the Customs or of the Excise, in any Port or District or Collection in any Part of the United Kingdom in which such Offices may heretofore have been established, whenever such Aboliton # Reduction may appear to be expedient for the Public Service: any Act or Acts, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Proviso for Covenants, &c. made by Commissioners, Secretaries, &c. of Boards.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall in any wise extend or be construed to extend to invalidate or in any way to affect any Covenants, Deeds or Engagements which any former or the present Commissioners of Secretary or Secretaries, or other Officer or Officers of the respective Boards of Customs or Excise in England, Scotland or Ireland, may have entered into or been concerned in on behilf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, relating to his or their Revenues of Customs and Excise; but that all such Core nants, Deeds or Engagements shall remain in full Force and Effect, and such Commissioners, Secretaries or Officers may set or be sued, as they might have been if this Act had not been

Boards to be of Treasury.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Commissioners of under Controll Customs and Excise respectively, to be appointed under of 1 pursuance of this Act, shall in all respects be subject to the like Liabilities, Restraints, Duties, Obligations and Disabilities respectively, to which Commissioners of Customs and Excer respectively in England, Scotland and Ireland are by Lawie spectively subject at the Time of the passing of this Act, and p the Orders and Controul of the Lord High Treasurer, or of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdon of Great Britain and Ireland, and shall be subject and liable all such Penalties, Forfeitures and Punishments as Commis sioners of Customs and Excise respectively for England, Scotland and Ireland respectively are or would be subject or liable !! under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or of an Law, Usage or Custom in force at or immediately before passing of this Act.

Act may be altered, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

### CAP. XXIV.

An Act to make more effectual Provision for permitting Goods imported to be secured in Warehouses or other Places, without Payment of Duty on the first Entry thereof.

[12th May 1823.]

WHEREAS under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for permitting certain Goods 43 G.3. c.132. imported into Great Britain to be secured in Warehouse without Payment of Duty, and of an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to 48 G.3, c.32. permit certain Goods imported into Ireland to be warehoused or secured without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid, and of several Acts for amending and extending the Provisions of the said recited Acts, the Importers, Proprietors or Consignees of certain Goods and Merchandize, are permitted to lodge and secure the same in Warehouses, and otherwise, without Payment, at the Time of the first Entry of such Goods and Merchandize, of the Duties of Customs and Excise due on the Importation thereof: And Whereas, for the general Encouragement and Increase of Commerce, it is expedient that all Goods and Merchandize whatsoever should be allowed to be imported into any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and secured in Warehouses and otherwise, under Regulations to be made and declared for that Purpose, notwithstanding any Prohibition or Restriction now in force upon the Importation of any such Goods or Merchandize; and that certain Goods and Merchandize should re allowed to be taken out of such Warehouses, either for the Purpose of Exportation free of any Duty whatever, or (on Paynent of the Duties) for Home Consumption, at the Option of he Proprietors; and that certain other Goods and Merchandize, eing heretofore subject to Prohibitions or Restrictions on the mportation thereof, should be exported from such Warehouses o certain Ports and Places free of any Duty whatever; and hat the Prohibitions and Restrictions on the Importation of ertain Goods and Merchandize should be repealed, so as to permit the Importation of such Goods and Merchandize for the Purpose of being secured in Warehouses for Exportation; and hat the Regulations contained in the said recited Acts of the orty third and Forty eighth Years of His late Majesty's Reign, nd in several Acts for amending and extending the same, should e repealed, in order that the same may be revised, amended ad consolidated:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most cellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the ds Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present liament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That n and after the Commencement of this Act, the said herein recited relating ore recited Act of the Forty third Year of His late Majesty's of Goods regn, for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain pealed wholly he secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, shall be or in part, viz.

and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the Commencement of this Act, the several Acts and Parts of Acts hereafter mentioned shall also be repealed; that is to say, an Act

45 G.S. c.87.

made in the Forty fifth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to authorize the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to permit certain Articles to be warehoused in different Ports in Great Britain, upon giving Security for the Payment of Duties upon the Articles therein mentioned; and also

46 G.3. c.137. § 1.

an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His said late Majestr's Reign, made, among other Things, for extending the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign to other Articles not therein mentioned, so far

47 G.S. sess.1. c.48.

as the said Act relates to such Extension; and also an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, amou other Things, for repealing so much of certain Acts as related to the Regulations or Conditions under which Coffee, Coca Nuts, Sugar and Rice (not being the Produce of the East India), are allowed to be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, so far as the same relates to such Coffee, Cocoa Nuts.

48 G.S. c.32.

Sugar and Rice; and also the said hereinbefore recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, for permitting certain Goods imported into Ireland to be warehoused or secured without the Duties due on the Importation theres being first paid; and also an Act made in the said Forty eight

48 G.3. c.120. § 8-10.

Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Ad for reducing the Excise Duties on Coffee imported into Great Britain. and for directing that Coffee and Cocoa warehoused shall be subject to the Regulations of an Act of the Forty third Year of Hu present Majesty, for permitting certain Goods imported to be securi in Warehouses, so far as the said Act relates to Coffee or Cocs

48 G.3. c.126.

so warehoused; and also another Act made in the said Forneighth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, among other Things, for permitting Goods secured in Warehouses in the Poof London to be removed to the Outports for Exportation to any Port of Europe, so far as the said Act relates to the Removal of 49 G.3. c.106. such Goods; and also an Act made in the Forty ninth Year

His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for allowing further Time for taking Goods out of Warehouses and page.
Duties thereon; and also an Act made in the Fiftieth Year 50 G.S. c.38. His said late Majesty's Reign, for extending the Provision of the

said hereinbefore recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of Hs said late Majesty's Reign, for permitting the warehousing of Goods imported into Ireland; and also an Act made in the Fiftieth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An A

50 G.S. c.64.

to permit the Removal of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, from to Port in Great Britain where first warehoused, to any other warhousing Port, for the Purpose of Exportation; and also so much of an Act made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for carrying into effect the Province

51 G.3. c.47. § 7.

of a Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation concluded between His Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Reger of Portugal, as relates to the warehousing or securing any Good or Articles, the Growth or Produce of any of the Territorie or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, in Warehouses belong

ing to the West India Dock Company, or the London Dock Company in the Port of London; and also so much of an Act made in 52 G.s. c.76. the Fifty second Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled \$ 3. An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue of Customs sad Port Duties in Ireland, as relates to requiring the Attendance of Merchants to open the Locks of Warehouses; and also another 52 G.3. c.140. Act made in the said Fifty second Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to permit the Exportation of certain Articles to the Isle of Man from Great Britain, so far as relates to the exporting such Articles from Warehouses; and also another 52 G.3. c.142. Act made in the said Fifty second Year of His said late Majesty's § 2. Reign, intituled An Act to permit the Removal of Goods from one Bonding Warehouse to another in the same Port; and also another 52 G.3. c. 149. Act made in the said Fifty second Year of His said late Majesty's \$7,8. Reign, among other Things, for regulating the Separation of damaged from sound Coffee, so far as relates to such Coffee deposited in any Warehouses; and also so much of an Act made 55 G.3. c.82. in the Fifty fifth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, among § 11, 12. other Things, for making further Regulations for securing the Duties of Customs in Ireland, as relates to Goods or Merchandize warehoused or secured without Payment of Duty; and also an 1 G.4. c.59. Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for amending, revising and continuing the said recited Act of the Fifty second Year; and also so much of an Act made in the Fifty 55 G.S. c. 82. fifth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, among other Things, \$13, 14. for making further Regulations for securing the Duties of Customs in Ireland, as relates to Goods or Merchandize warehoused in Ireland; and also an Act made in the Fifty seventh 57 G.S. c.116. Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, among other Things, for \$1,2. limiting the Time allowed by Law for the Production of the Cerificate of due Delivery of Goods removed from one Warehousing Port in Great Britain to another, for the Purpose of Exportation, and for empowering Officers of the Customs and Excise to permit the Removal of Goods from one Bonding Warehouse to mother in the same Port, so far only as the said Act relates to the Production of such Certificate, and the Removal of such Goods; and also an Act made in the Fifty ninth Year of His 59 G.3. c.123. said late Majesty's Reign, among other Things, for requiring \$ 9, 4, 5. Goods which have been warehoused without Payment of Duties, or, being prohibited, warehoused for Exportation, to be put on board Vessels by Persons licensed for that Purpose, so far only as the said Act relates to such Licence, and the Removal of Goods under such Licences; and also an Act made in the Session 1 & 2 G.4. of Parliament holden in the First and Second Years of the Reign c.97. § 1. of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Coasting Trade of Great Britain, so far only as the same relates to the removing of warehoused Goods from Port to Port a Second Time; and also another Act, made in the same 1 & 2 G.4. Session of Parliament, intituled An Act for amending the Laws of c. 105. Excise relating to warehoused Goods; and the said several Acts, no far only as the same relate to the warehousing or securing, and Removal of Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, and the fitting of Wines, and to the Packages in which Pepper may be imported from the East Indies, shall, from and after the Commencement of 4 GEO. IV.

this Act, be and are hereby declared to be repealed, except as to any Penalties or Forfeitures incurred under the said recited Acts, or any of them, at any Time before the Commencement of this Act, and except as to any Matters or Things whatsoever lawfully done under the said recited Acts, or any of them, at any

Time before the Commencement of this Act.

Goods ware housed under former Acts to remain so warehoused under this Act; and Warehouses, &c. approved to continue till otherwise determined.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Goods and Merchandize which shall have been warehoused, or otherwise secured, under the Provisions of the said several hereinbefore recited Acts, or any of them, at any Time before the Commencement of this Act, shall and may remain and continue so warehoused and secured under the Provisions of this present Act. until the End of Three Years from the Time when the same were first warehoused or secured under the said recited Acts, or any of them, unless the same shall be sooner taken out for Home Consumption or Exportation, or unless the same shall have been or shall be allowed to remain so warehoused or secured for any further Time, under the Orders of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, pursuant to any Provision contained in any of the said recited Acts or this Act; and that all Warrants, Orders and Directions heretofore issued by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, for the warehousing of Goods or Merchandize, and all Bonds given for securing the Duties on such Goods and Merchandize, and all Bonds given by the Proprietors, Renters or Lessees of any Warehouses in which any Goods or Merchandize shall be lodged, shall remain in force and effect, as if such Warrants, Orders, Directions and Bonds had been issued or given under the Provisions of this Act; and that such Goods and Merchandize shall be subject to all the Regulations in this present Act contained, and shall be dealt with and disposed of to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been warehoused or secured under this Act; and that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, to grant such Warrants, and to give such Orders and Directions respecting such Goods and Merchandize, or any of them, for subjecting them to the Regulations of this Act, as to the said Commissioners shall seem fitting and expedient.

Treasury may grant Warrants, Ãс.

Goods legally imported, warehoused, &c. without Payment of Duty (Exception).

Goods (except Tea) imported (except from China) in British Ships may be warehoused, &c. without Duty,

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, or Consignee or Consignees of any Goods or Merchandize whatsoever, and of what Nature and Kind soever, which shall be legally imported into the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to lodge and deposit or secure such Goods and Merchandize in Warehouses or other approved Places, without Payment of any Duty, either of Customs or Excise, at the Time of the First Entry of any such Goods or Merchandize (except as hereinafter excepted); and that it shall be lawful for the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, or Consignee or Consignees of any Goods or Merchandize whatever, and of what Nature and Kind soever (Tea only excepted), imported from any Port or Place whatever (the Dominions of the Emperor of China excepted), in any British built Ship or Vessel, or in any Ship or Vessel which by Law is

or may be entitled to the Privileges of a British built Ship or for Exportation Vessel (of the Tonnage required by Law for the Importation of only, although Goods allowed to be imported), in like Manner to lodge and prohibited to be Goods allowed to be imported), in like Manner to lodge and prohibited imported. deposit, or secure such Goods and Merchandize in Warehouses or other approved Places (but for the Purpose of Exportation only), without Payment of any Duty, either of Customs or Excise, at the Time of the first Entry of such Goods or Merchandize (except as hereinafter excepted), although the Importation of such Goods or Merchandize may be in any way prohibited or restrained by any Act or Acts in force immediately before the Commencement of this Act, any thing in any such Act or Acts, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Importer or Importers, Goods (Ex-Proprietor or Proprietors, or Consignee or Consignees of any ceptions) im-Goods and Merchandize whatever, and of what Nature and Kind soever (Tea only excepted), imported from any Country, Port or Place not being in the Possession of or belonging to the may also be Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland (the warehoused for Dominions of the Emperor of China excepted), in any Foreign Exportation Ship or Vessel (of the Tonnage required by Law for the Importation of Goods permitted to be imported), in like Manner to lodge and deposit, or secure such Goods and Merchandize in Ware-imported. houses or other approved Places (but for the Purpose of Exportation only), without Payment of any Duty of Customs or Excise at the Time of the first Entry of such Goods and Merchandize (except as hereinafter excepted), although the Importation of such Goods or Merchandize may in any way be prohibited or restrained by any Act or Acts in force immediately before the Commencement of this Act, any thing in any such Act or Acts, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; subject nevertheless to the several Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Securities hereinafter contained, as well with respect to the Ports as to the Warehouses and Places in which such Goods and Merchandize may be lodged and secured, and subject also to the several Limitations and Exceptions hereinafter specially provided and contained.

IV. And be it further enacted, That any Goods and Mer- Proviso for Imchandizes which, under this Act, are allowed to be lodged and portation of deposited or secured in Warehouses or other secure Places, shall Goods allo and may be imported for the Purposes of this Act, although the to be ware-Importation thereof may be prohibited or restrained by any Act housed under or Acts in force immediately before the Commencement of this this Act. Act; any thing in any such Act or Acts to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act Gunpowder, contained shall extend or be construed to extend to permit the importation of any Gunpowder, Arms, Ammunition or Utensiis of War, contrary to an Act made in the First Year of the Reign 1Jac.2. c.8. of King James the Second, against such Importation, nor to Nor the several permit the Importation of any dried or salted Fish (except Stock other Goods Fish), nor to permit the Importation of any Beef, Pork or Bacon, herein mennor to permit the Importation of any infected Hides, Skins, tioned. Horns, Hoofs or of any other Part of any Cattle or Beast, nor to permit the Importation of any counterfeit Coin, nor to permit the Importation of any Books first composed or written or F 2 printed

ported (except from China) in prohibited to be

Goods allowed

Goods in such Warehouses of special Security, although not specified in Warrant, unless prohibited by the Treasury.

and Merchandize whatever, allowed to be warehoused or secured under the Provisions of this Act, to lodge and deposit, at his Option, any such Goods or Merchandize in Warehouses erected in Places inclosed by or surrounded with Walls, or in any other Warehouse or Place of special Security approved of by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury as aforesaid, although such Goods or Merchandize may not be specified in any Warrant of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, unless the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall specially prohibit the Warehousing of any such Goods or Merchandize in such Warehouses; and all such Goods and Merchandize not so specially prohibited shall be entitled to all such Privileges and Advantages, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been so lodged or secured under the Authority of any Warrant of the said Commissioners of the

Taking Goods imported and warehoused for Export only, or imported contrary to Navigation Laws, out of Warehouse for Home Consumption.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Goods or Merchandize whatsoever, which have been prohibited to be imported, or the Importation of which may be restrained by any Act or Acts in force on or immediately before the Commencement of this Act, and which under this Act are permitted to be imported and warehoused for Exportation only, nor any Goods which shall be imported into Great Britain contrary to the Laws of Navigation, and which shall be warehoused or secured under the Provisions of this Act, shall be delivered from or taken out of any such Warehouse or Place for the Purpose of being used or consumed in any Part of the United Kingdom, upon any Pretence or under any Authority whatsoever; upon pain of the Forfeiture of all such Goods and Merchandize, and also of a Sum equal to Twice the Value of such Goods and Merchandize so taken out of Warehouse contrary to this Act, to be paid by the Person or Persons to whose Use or Account such Goods or Merchandize

Penalty.

Prohibited Goods not to be exported to British Colonies.

Certain Goods excepted.

Penalty.

Seizure of Goods.

shall be delivered out of Warehouse contrary to this Act.

XII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no Goods or Merchandize, the Importation whereof for Home Consumption hath been prohibited by any Act or Acts in force on or immediately before the Commencement of this Act, and which shall be imported and warehoused or secured under the Provisions of this Act for Exportation, (Goods of the Manufacture of Persia, China or the East Indies excepted,) shall be delivered from or taken out of any such Warehouse or Place, for the Purpose of being exported to any British Colony, Plantation, Territory or Dominion in America or the West Indies, any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; upon pain of the Forfeiture of all such Goods and Merchandize, and also of a Sum equal to Twice the Value of such Goods and Merchandize so taken out of Warehouse contrary to this Act, to be paid by the Owner or Exporter of such Goods or Merchandize; and such Goods shall and may be seized and prosecuted by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs in such Colonies, in the like manner as any other Goods forfeited for any Offence against the Laws of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs.

XIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the several Goods specified Goods or Merchandize mentioned in Schedule (B.) to this Act in Schedule (B.) annexed, which shall be warehoused or secured under the Pro-

Exporting

houses or Places of special Security as shall be approved and appointed by appointed by Warrant as aforesaid of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, and in no other Warehouse or Place whatever; and such Warehouses and Places shall be appointed accordingly for the Reception and Security of such Goods and Merchandize, by Warrant of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, under their Hands, or the Hands of any Three of them, specifying the Situations of the several Warehouses, and the Goods and Merchandize to be lodged or warehoused therein, and that such Goods and Merchandize shall be kept separate from all other Goods and Merchandize; and Warrant pubevery such Warrant shall be published Three Times in the lished. London Gazette and Dublin Gazette respectively.

VII. And, for the Security of the Revenue of Customs and Goods enu-Excise, be it further enacted, That from and after the Com- merated in mencement of this Act, all such Goods and Merchandize as are Schedule (A.) enumerated and described in the Schedule marked (A.) to this to be deposited Act annexed, shall be lodged and deposited in Warshauser which in like secure Act annexed, shall be lodged and deposited in Warehouses which Warehouses. are or shall be erected and built in Places inclosed by and surrounded with Walls, or in such other Warehouses or Places of special Security as shall be from time to time approved and appointed by Warrant as aforesaid of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, to be published Three Times in the London Gazette and Dublin Gazette respectively, and in no other Warehouses or Places whatsoever.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Spirits, &c. to Commencement of this Act, all Foreign Spirits, Wine, Cocoa be deposited in Nuts, Coffee and Pepper, shall be lodged, deposited and secured Warehouses in such Warehouses and Places as shall be from time to time Treasury. approved and appointed by Warrant as aforesaid, and in such Manner and under such Regulations as shall be directed by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, to be published Three Times in the London Gazette and Dublin Gazette respectively, and in no other Warehouses or Places

whatsoever.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may Treasury may be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, revoke or alter from time to time, by Warrant under their Hands, or the Hands of any Three of the said Commissioners, to revoke any former Ports or Goods. Warrant, or to make such Alterations in or Additions to any such former Warrant, or to make or grant any new Warrant or Warrants, either with respect to the Ports, Places and Warehouses wherein such Goods and Merchandize may be lodged or secured as aforesaid, or with respect to the Goods and Merchandize to which such Privilege shall be extended, or with respect to any particular Article or Articles of Merchandize, as to the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall appear expedient; and every such Warrant for any such Revo- Warrant and cation, Alteration or Addition, together with a List of the Goods, List of Goods Merchandize or Articles to which any such Warrant shall relate, published. shall in all Cases be published Three Times in the London Gazette and Dublin Gazette respectively.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may Importers may, be lawful for any Importer, Consignee or Proprietor of any Goods at their Option,

Warrants as to

Places, any thing in this Act to the contrary in any wise not-

Size of Casks and Packages for Spirits, Wines, To-bacco, Snuff, Coffee and Cocos Nuts warehoused.

withstanding. XVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, no foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Spirits, Aqua Vitæ or Wine, shall be warehoused under the Provisions of this Act, unless the same shall be imported in Casks, each containing at least Forty five Gallons, or in Bottles, in Cases containing at least Three Dozen Quart Bottles, or reputed Quart Bottles, or Bottles larger than reputed Quart Bottles; and that no Tobacco or Snuff shall be so warehoused, unless the same shall be imported in Casks, Hogsheads, Chests, Cases or Packages, containing at least Four hundred and fifty Pounds Averdupois net Weight each, without and free from any internal Packages separate and separately of less Weight; and that no Coffee or Cocoa Nuts shall be so warehoused, unless the same shall be imported in Casks, Bags, Boxes or other Packages,

Penalty.

other Packages, of less Content respectively than as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise. XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted. That Rum, the Produce of the British Plantations, imported directly from thence in Casks containing at least Thirty five Gallons each, and intended

containing at least One hundred Pounds Averdupois net Weight each; and that any such Goods and Merchandize which shall

be imported in Casks, Cases, Hogsheads, Chests, Bags, Boxes or

How surplus Stores of British Ships may be warehoused.

Casks for Plantation Rum

imported for

Ships' Stores.

to be used and disposed of solely as Stores of Ships and Vessels, may be lodged or secured in any Warehouse, and delivered from such Warehouse under the Provisions of this Act for that Purpose only. XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be

Taking out such Stores.

lawful for the Master or Owners of any British Ship or Vessel, at any Time arriving or being in any Port in any Part of the United Kingdom approved of by the Commissioners of the Treasury for warehousing or securing Goods under this Act, to cause the surplus Stores, (duly reported, and which may be legally used or consumed in the United Kingdom,) of any such Ship or Vessel to be lodged and deposited in such Warehouse or Warehouses as shall be approved of by the Commissioners of Customs, and by the Commissioners of Excise, in Cases where that Revenue is concerned, and to take such surplus Stores out of such Warehouse or Warehouses at such Times as the same shall be required for the Use of such Ship or Vessel, on the Departure thereof out of the said Port or Ports respectively, on any foreign Voyage, or whenever the same shall be required by the Owners of such Ship or Vessel for the Use of any such Ship or Vessel, or of any other Ship or Vessel belonging to the same Owners, in case the Ship or Vessel out of which the said Stores were landed shall be sold or broken up, or for the private Use and Consumption of the Importer, on Payment of the Duty or Duties of Customs and Excise; and all such surplus Stores so lodged and deposited in such Warehouse shall be lodged, deposited, secured, accounted for and redelivered in such Manner and upon such Conditions as the Commissioners of Customs, and the Commissioners of Excise, in Cases where that Revenue is concerned,

Duty paid.

visions of this Act, shall not be delivered from or taken out of to British Coloany Warehouse or Place in which the same shall have been ware- nies, before housed or secured under this Act, for the Purpose of being ex- Home Conported to any British Colony, Plantation, Territory or Dominion Duties paid. in America or the West Indies, nor be permitted or allowed to be imported into any such British Colony or Plantation, unless and until all Duties, as well of Customs as Excise, payable in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, on such Goods and Merchandize, if the same had been taken out for Home Consumption, shall have been first fully paid and satisfied; upon pain of the Penalty. Forfeiture of all such Goods and Merchandize, and also of a Sum equal to Twice the Value of such Goods and Merchandize so taken out of Warehouse contrary to this Act, to be paid by the Owner or Exporter of such Goods and Merchandize.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Goods and Mer- All other Goods chandize not directed to be warehoused or secured under the may be ware-Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or not specified, boused under Direction of enumerated or described in the Schedule marked (A.) annexed to Customs and this Act, or the Importation of which hath not been prohibited by Excise. any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, shall and may be lodged and deposited or secured in such Warehouses or Places in the Port of London, or in any other Port in the United Kingdom, as the Commissioners of Customs, and the Commissioners of Excise, in Cases where that Revenue is concerned, in or for any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three of such Commissioners within their Jurisdiction respectively, shall approve and direct, under and subject to such Rules, Regulations, Securities and Restrictions, in all respects, as are contained in this Act.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall Goods may be and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Excise, lodged in Warewithin their Jurisdiction respectively, to permit and allow any by Customs and such Goods and Merchandize to be warehoused or secured in Excise, on Seany such Warehouses, Warehouse Rooms or Places, approved curity for Duties and directed by the said Commissioners, in all Cases where the by the Owner of Owners or Consignees of such Goods and Merchandize, or the theWarehouses, Proprietors, Renters or Lessees of such Warehouses, Warehouse on Bond of Im-Rooms or Places, which may be so approved by the said Com- Duties. missioners for the Reception of such Goods and Merchandize, shall have given and entered into, or shall give and enter into sufficient Security, by Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in such Amount, and with such Surety or Sureties as may be approved by the said Commissioners, for the Payment of the full Duties of Customs and Excise payable on all such Goods and Merchandize as may from time to time be lodged or secured in such Warehouses, Warehouse Rooms or Places, when such Goods and Merchandize shall be taken out for Home Consumption, or for the due Exportation of such Goods and Merchandize, according to the Provisions of this Act, and from time to time to renew such Bond so often as the same shall become forfeited by Bondrenewed. any Breach of the Condition thereof; and that in any such Case No further no other or further Bond shall be required from the Importer, Bond required. Proprietor or Consignee of any Goods or Merchandize warehoused or secured in such Warehouses, Warehouse Rooms or

Places, any thing in this Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Size of Casks and Packages for Spirits, Wines, Tobacco, Snuff, Coffee and Cocos Nuts warehoused.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, no foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Spirits, Aqua Vitse or Wine, shall be warehoused under the Provisions of this Act, unless the same shall be imported in Casks, each containing at least Forty five Gallons, or in Bottles, in Cases containing at least Three Dozen Quart Bottles, or reputed Quart Bottles, or Bottles larger than reputed Quart Bottles; and that no Tobacco or Snuff shall be so warehoused, unless the same shall be imported in Casks, Hogsheads, Chests, Cases or Packages, containing at least Four hundred and fifty Pounds Averdupois net Weight each, without and free from any internal Packages separate and separately of less Weight; and that no Coffee or Cocoa Nuts shall be so warehoused, unless the same shall be imported in Casks, Bags, Boxes or other Packages, containing at least One hundred Pounds Averdupois net Weight each; and that any such Goods and Merchandize which shall be imported in Casks, Cases, Hogsheads, Chests, Bags, Boxes or other Packages, of less Content respectively than as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise.

Penalty.

Casks for Plantation Rum imported for Ships' Stores.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That Rum, the Produce of the British Plantations, imported directly from thence in Casks containing at least Thirty five Gallons each, and intended to be used and disposed of solely as Stores of Ships and Vessels, may be lodged or secured in any Warehouse, and delivered from such Warehouse under the Provisions of this Act for that Pur-

pose only.

How surplus Stores of British Ships may be warehoused.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Master or Owners of any British Ship or Vessel, at any Time arriving or being in any Port in any Part of the United Kingdom approved of by the Commissioners of the Treasury for warehousing or securing Goods under this Act, to cause the surplus Stores, (duly reported, and which may be legally used or consumed in the United Kingdom,) of any such Ship or Vessel to be lodged and deposited in such Warehouse or Warehouses as shall be approved of by the Commissioners of Customs, and by the Commissioners of Excise, in Cases where that Revenue is concerned, and to take such surplus Stores out of such Warehouse or Warehouses at such Times as the same shall be required for the Use of such Ship or Vessel, on the Departure thereof out of the said Port or Ports respectively, on any foreign Voyage, or whenever the same shall be required by the Owners of such Ship or Vessel for the Use of any such Ship or Vessel, or of any other Ship or Vessel belonging to the same Owners, in case the Ship or Vessel out of which the said Stores were landed shall be sold or broken up, or for the private Use and Consumption of the Importer, on Payment of the Duty or Duties of Customs and Excise; and all such surplus Stores so lodged and deposited in such Warehouse shall be lodged, deposited, secured, accounted for and redelivered in such Manner and upon such Conditions as the Commissioners of Customs, and the Commissioners of Excise, in Cases where that Revenue is concerned,

Taking out such Stores.

Duty paid.

hall from time to time direct, by any Order to be for that Purose made by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, vithin their Jurisdiction respectively: Provided always, that if Proviso where uch Stores shall not be taken out of such Warehouse within One Stores not taken 'ear from the Time of the lodging and depositing the same, they hall be disposed of in the same manner as Goods, Wares and ferchandize are directed to be disposed of by this Act, after the expiration of Three Years after the same shall have been first ntered for the Purpose of being warehoused or secured under ie Provisions of this Act.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That any Goods or Articles, How Portuie Growth or Produce of any of the Territories or Dominions of guese Goods ie Crown of Portugal, may be received and warehoused in such may be ware-Varehouses or Docks in the Port of London as shall be approved housed in Port y the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or nore of them; any thing in the hereinbefore recited Act of the 51 G.S. c.47. ifty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the \$7.: hird, for carrying into effect the Treaty of Amity, Commerce nd Navigation with Portugal, to the contrary in any case notwith-

anding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That before any Goods or Goods warelerchandize, except such as are or shall be subject to the housed to be reuties of Excise only, shall be lodged in Warehouses, or other- gularly entered ise secured according to the Directions of this Act, the same and landed, and Account taken, all be duly entered with the proper Officer or Officers of the and Contents ustoms, and regularly landed; and the proper Officer or Offi-marked on ers of His Majesty's Customs shall on such landing, or as soon Packages, exter as conveniently may be, examine the same, and take a par- cept such as are ular and correct Account of the Quantity, Quality, Species, subject to umber and Contents thereof, which Account shall be regularly cise only. tered in a Book or Books to be provided and kept for that irpose, in such Manner as the Commissioners of the Customs in for any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and aland, or any Three of such Commissioners within their Jurisction respectively, shall from time to time think proper to ect; and the Contents shall also be marked by or under the rection and Inspection of the said Officer or Officers, in distinct d legible Characters on each and every Package; and on the ckages containing any Goods or Merchandize which have been shall be prohibited to be imported for Home Consumption, e Word " Prohibited" shall be marked in manner aforesaid, in Word " Pro-Cases where the same shall be practicable; and no Allowance hibited" markher for Damage or on any other Account whatever shall be ed on certain de on any Goods or Merchandize, unless the Importer or Imrters, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignee or Consignees, at : Time such Goods or Merchandize are first examined as resaid, shall claim or demand the Allowance to which by Law ey may be entitled, subject nevertheless to the Provisions

reinafter contained. XXI. And be it further enacted, That before any Goods or Entry to be erchandize subject or liable to any Duty of Excise on the made of Excise portation thereof shall be unshipped or landed, for the Purpose being warehoused without Payment of the Duties, the Importer Proprietor shall make Entry thereof in Writing with the proper

Collector of Excise, specifying in such Entry the Name of the Ship or Vessel, and the Master thereof, the Number and Maris of the Casks, Cases, Bags, Boxes or other Packages, the Kind or Species of Goods or Merchandize contained in each, and at what Port or Place the same was laden or taken in.

Bond to be given for Duty upon Exciseable Commodities.

C. 24.

Condition.

warehousing required for Tobacco or Snuff.

Warrant from Collector of Excise before landing or warehousing.

Penalty. Officers of the Docks, &c. may order Goods to be warehoused

before Entry.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That before any such Gook or Merchandize, subject to any Duty of Excise, shall be allowed to be warehoused without Payment of the Duties, good and at ficient Security shall be given, to be approved by the Comme sioners of Excise, within their Jurisdictions, or the Person a Persons appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, which Security such Person or Persons are hereby authorized and appowered to take by Bond, in Double the Value of the Dute charged or chargeable on such Goods or Merchandize respecively, for Payment of all and every the said Duties respective? before the same shall be taken or delivered out of any Ware house, in which the same shall or may be lodged or deposite under or by virtue of this Act, for Home Consumption; or in consumption; the same shall not be taken or delivered out of any such Warehout as aforesaid for Home Consumption on Payment of the Duties of for Exportation, within Three Years from and after the Day of the Date of the Bond so given or entered into in respect there as aforesaid, then to pay all and every the Duties charged at chargeable on the said Goods or Merchandize respectively at the End of the said Three Years, together with all Charges that is be incurred by the Officers of Excise for or in respect of said Goods or Merchandize respectively, unless the same shall ke abandoned to the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise for the Purpose of being sold or destroyed, or unless the same shalk sold or destroyed under the Orders of the Commissioners of toms or Excise, according to the Provisions hereinafter express No Bond upon and contained: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to require any Book Bonds from the Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignee or (\*) signees of any Tobacco or Snuff upon the first Entry and water housing thereof, and that the Bond required to be given we the Exportation of Tobacco or Snuff shall not be charged any Stamp Duty.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no such Goods Merchandize subject to a Duty of Excise shall be unshipped landed, and lodged or deposited, in any such Warehoust aforesaid, without a Warrant for that Purpose from the Collector of Excise, nor without the Presence of an Officer Officers of Excise; and if any such Goods or Merchandize be so unshipped or landed without a Warrant from such Collect of Excise, or without the Presence of an Excise Officer, the shall not be allowed to be warehoused under the Authority of it Act, but shall be subject to Forfeiture, as by any Law or Law of Excise now in force or hereafter to be made: Provided alvil that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed extend to prevent or hinder the proper Officer of the East Isl Docks, West India Docks or London Docks, from causing Goods or Merchandize, which shall not have been duly entered to be landed and warehoused in the said Docks, pursuant to the

Part of the same shall be relanded in Great Britain or Ireind respectively, nor be landed in the Isle of Man, unless in ases where such Goods or Merchandize shall be entered for Exportation to the said Isle of Man, nor landed in the Island Fare of Ferre; and such Bond shall and may be discharged How such the Manner hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say), for such Bond disthe said Goods and Merchandize as shall, on Exportation from charged. reat Britain, to be entered for or landed in Ireland, or as shall, Exportation from Ireland, be entered for or landed in Great ritain, or as shall, on Exportation from any Part of the United Ingdom, be entered for or landed in the Isle of Man, Guernsey, rsey, Alderney or Sark, or any Part of Foreign Europe not within e Streights of Gibraltar, the Condition of the Bond shall be to Con ing a Certificate in Discharge thereof within Six Months from Bond. e Date of the Bond; and for such of the said Goods and Merhandize as shall be landed at Gibraltar, or any Foreign Parts within the Streights of Gibraltar, within Twelve Months from the Date of the Bond; and for such of the said Goods or Merchandize as shall be landed in any Part of Africa not within the Streights of Gibraltar, and on this Side the Cape of Good Hope, or in any Part of America, within Eighteen Months from the Date of the Bond; and for such of the said Goods or Merchandize as shall be landed at Saint Helena, or in any Port or Place at or beyond the Cape of Good Hope, within Thirty Months from the Date of the Bond; and such Certificate for such Goods or Merchandize In what case before mentioned, as shall be landed from Great Britain in any Certificate for Port or Place in Ireland, or from Ireland in any Port or Place Goods landed in Great Britain, or from any Port of the United Kingdom in the to be signed by Isle of Man, Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney or Sark, or any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, Plantations or Settlements, where any Officer of His Majesty's Customs shall be resident, shall be signed by the proper Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs there, certifying that such Goods or Merchandize were there landed; and for want of such Officer residing there, such Cer- or by Governor tificate shall then be signed by the Governor of such Islands, of Plantation. Dominions, Plantations or Settlements, or in his Absence by the Deputy Governor thereof respectively; and for such Goods or In what case by Merchandize as shall be landed at any Foreign Port or Place, British Consul. such Certificate shall be signed by the British Consul or Vice Consul residing there, which Certificate the Consul or Vice Consul is hereby directed to grant upon Demand and Payment of such Fee as he may be by Law authorized to receive for the Fee. same; and if there shall be no such Consul or Vice Consul, Or by Magisthen such Certificate shall be under the Hand and Common trate. Seal of the Chief Magistrate of such Port or Place; or if there be no such Chief Magistrate, then under the Hands and Seals of Two known British Merchants then resident at such Port or Place, testifying that such Goods or Merchandize were there landed; and such Bond may also be discharged, upon Proof made Further how to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, Bond may be as the Case may be, within their Jurisdiction respectively for the time being, that such Goods and Merchandize were taken by Enemies, or perished in the Seas; and in all Cases where any such Goods or Merchandize so warehoused, or otherwise secured as

Penalty 51.

their own Charge or Expence, he or they shall, for every such Omission, Neglect or Refusal as aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds.

Warehouse Rent and Charges to be paid by Proprietors of Goods warehoused. (Exception.)

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases wherein any Goods or Merchandize are by this Act permitted to be lodged in Warehouses, or otherwise secured, the Expence of Warehouse Rent, and all other Charges, shall be paid by the Importer, Proprietor or Consignee of any such Goods or Merchandize (except in such Cases and during such Time as any Article is or shall ke specially exempted from such Rent or Charges); and in case it shall be deemed expedient that any Warehouse or Warehouse should be provided at the Charge of the Crown, for the Pupose of securing therein any Goods or Merchandize, the laporter, Proprietor or Consignee of any such Goods or Merchant dize shall pay to the Persons who may be appointed by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, according as the Goods Merchandize shall be subjected to Duties of Customs or Exce. and within the Jurisdiction of such Commissioners respectively to receive the same, Warehouse Rent and other Charges for sud Goods or Merchandize, to be estimated according to the was and current Rate of such Rent and other Charges for the lie Articles paid at the Port of warehousing; and such Estimate shall be made, and the Rate of Payment fixed accordingly, by such Commissioners of the Customs or Excise respectively, from the to time as Circumstances may require, with the Consent and Ap probation of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in the time being, or any Three or more of them.

Estimate of Rent and Charges made by Commissioners of Customs and Excise.

Conditions
upon which
Goods are to be
delivered out of
Warehouse for
Exportation.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Michandize which shall have been lodged in any Warehouse a Warehouses, or otherwise secured, according to the Direction of this Act, or any other Act or Acts for the warehousing Goods, shall be delivered from or taken out of any such Warehouse or Place, but upon the following Conditions; (that is to stiff any such Goods or Merchandize shall be intended to be a

livered or taken from thence respectively, for Exportation Foreign Parts or from any Part of the United Kingdon Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney or Sark, or from Great Britain to !" land, or from Ireland to Great Britain, or from Great Britain Ireland to the Isle of Man, in Cases where such Exportains permitted by Law, the Proprietor or Proprietors, or Exporter 5 Exporters of such Goods or Merchandize, may so take the for Exportation, without Payment of any Duty of Customs 5 Excise whatever (except in Cases hereinafter mentioned), [17] vided such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Exporter or Exponent shall, before any such Goods or Merchandize are delivered ? taken from thence, make a due Entry thereof with the profe Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, as the Case may be and shall, together with One other sufficient Surety, to be ? proved of by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs Excise, as the Case may be, at the Port of Exportation, into Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Double

the Value thereof, with Condition that the said Goods or Merchandize intended to be exported shall be landed at some Forces. Port or Place, or in Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney or Sark, and

Entry to be made.

Bond for due landing of Goods, &c.

Merchandize, the Shipping of which shall be so omitted or eglected, or which shall be altered in Quantity or Quality, or hall be unshipped or relanded, shall, together with the Packiges containing the same, be forfeited, over and above the Pe- Forfeiture over alty of the Bond given or entered into in respect of the Export- Penalty of ation thereof, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Bood. Micers of Excise or Customs.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Merchan- Regulation as ize, the Duties on which shall have been secured by Bond, and to Delivery of shich shall have been imported in Bulk, shall be delivered, ex- Bonded Goods ept in the whole Quantity for which such Bond shall have been Bulk. given, or a Quantity not less than One Ton Weight, unless by pecial Leave of the Commissioners of Customs (or Excise, in Cases where such Goods or Merchandize are liable to Duty of Excise,) within their Jurisdictions respectively, or any Three or more of them, such Leave to be had and obtained previous to such Delivery; and before any Goods or Merchandize shall be delivered out of or taken from the Warehouse or Place in which such Goods or Merchandize were lodged or secured, each and every Package of such Goods and Merchandize as shall be in Packages shall be marked in such distinguishing Manner as the said Commissioners of Customs and Excise within their respective Jurisdiction shall from time to time direct.

XXXI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That all Goods and Goods pro-Merchandize, the Importation whereof is prohibited or restrained hibited exported by any Act or Acts in force on or before the Commencement of from Warehouse, this Act, and the Exporters thereof, shall, upon Exportation thereof from the Warehouses or Places in which the same shall have been lodged or secured, under the Provisions of this Act, and also to have been lodged or secured, under the Provisions of this Act, Regulations and Securities as any required by Treaming the Target Securities and the Target Securities and the Target Securities and the Target Securities as any required by Treaming the Target Securities and the Target Securities and the Target Securities as any required by Treaming the Target Securities and the Target Securities and the Target Securities as a securities and the Target Securities as a securities as a securities and the Target Securities and the Target Securities and the Target Securities as a securities and the Target Securities and t Regulations and Securities as are required by Law with respect sury. to any prohibited Goods and Merchandize so exported, by any Act or Acts in force on and immediately before the Commencement of this Act, and also to all Rules, Regulations and Restrictions relating to the warehousing and exporting of such Goods, made and directed by any Orders of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Merchan- Goods not to be dize whatever which shall have been lodged in Warehouses, or exported in otherwise secured, according to the Regulations of this Act, shall afterwards be exported to Foreign Parts from any such Warehouse or Place, or be entered for Exportation in any Ship or Vessel whatever which shall not be of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards: Provided always, that nothing herein con- Provise for Acts tained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or alter in force relating any Provision in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the to Tonnage. Time of passing this Act relating to the Tonnage of any Vessel in which any Goods or Merchandize may be exported from or to Great Britain or Ireland respectively, or in which Wine, Brandy, Geneva, Rum, Tea, Coffee or Tobacco may be exported by Licence to the Isle of Man.

XXXIIL And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Mer- Goods to be chandize shall be delivered out of or taken from any Warehouse taken out of

In what case Duties paid down.

How long Bond to be in force.

Mode of cancelling such Bends.

Expertation to Guernsey, &c. in British Ships.

No Bond for exciseable Goodsexported.

Exciseable
Goods for
Home Consumption to be
accompanied by
Permits, and
those for Exportation to be
forthwith
shipped.

aforesaid, which shall have been legally imported, and which may be legally used and consumed in the United Kingdom shall be intended to be taken from the Warehouse or Place wherein the same may have been lodged or secured, to be used or consumed in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, the Person or Persons so taking out or taking away the same, shall fix pay down in ready Money to the Collector or other proper Of. cer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, both or either, as the Case may be, the full Duties of Customs or Excise due and pay able on such Goods or Merchandize in Great Britain or Irdan respectively, at the Time when the same shall be so taken out in the Purpose of being so used or consumed, according to the Atcount taken thereof at the First Examination by the Officer of Officers of the Customs or Excise, as the Case may be, without any Deduction or Abatement whatever on account of any De ficiency arising from Waste, or from any other Cause of what Nature soever the same may be, except as by this Act is other wise provided: Provided always, that every such Bond entered into as aforesaid shall continue in force and may be prosecuted at any Time within Thirty Months from the Time limited in the Condition for the Performance thereof, and after the Expirate of such Thirty Months every such Bond on which no Prosecutive or Suit is commenced shall be void, and shall be cancelled and destroyed by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs Excise, as to them may respectively appertain; and that the Exportation to Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney or Sark, or the Isle of Moshall be made on board of British Ships only, registered navigated according to Law, on pain of Forfeiture of the Mar or Ships.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend in require any Bond to be given or entered into with the Officer of the Customs, for or in respect of the Exportation from any sub Warehouse of any Goods or Merchandize, Articles, Matters of Things, which are or may be subject or liable to any Duty of

Duties of Excise.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Goods or Merchant dize subject to a Duty of Excise, which shall be delivered a taken out of any such Warehouse for Home Consumption, be accompanied by an Excise Permit, granted according to the Laws in that Case made and provided; and in case any such Goods or Merchandize shall be delivered or taken out of suc Warehouse for Exportation, the same and every Part thereof forthwith, and without unnecessary Delay, and in the Present of the proper Officer of Excise as aforesaid, be carried to # put on board the Ship or Vessel in which the same are intended to be exported; and in case the same, or any Part thereof, but be altered in Quantity or Quality after being delivered from " out of the Warehouses, and before the same shall be exported of shall not be actually put on board such Ship or Vessel, or if it Whole or any Part thereof shall, after being so shipped, be # shipped or put into any other Ship or Vessel, or into any Bos (Shipwreck or other unavoidable Accident excepted), or shall k relanded in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, all such Good r Merchandize, the Shipping of which shall be so omitted or eglected, or which shall be altered in Quantity or Quality, or hall be unshipped or relanded, shall, together with the Packges containing the same, be forfeited, over and above the Pe- Forfeiture over alty of the Bond given or entered into in respect of the Export- Penalty of tion thereof, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Bond. Officers of Excise or Customs.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Merchan- Regulation as ize, the Duties on which shall have been secured by Bond, and to Delivery of hich shall have been imported in Bulk, shall be delivered, ex- Bonded Goods ept in the whole Quantity for which such Bond shall have been Bulk, iven, or a Quantity not less than One Ton Weight, unless by pecial Leave of the Commissioners of Customs (or Excise, in lases where such Goods or Merchandize are liable to Duty of Excise,) within their Jurisdictions respectively, or any Three or nore of them, such Leave to be had and obtained previous to such Delivery; and before any Goods or Merchandize shall be lelivered out of or taken from the Warehouse or Place in which such Goods or Merchandize were lodged or secured, each and every Package of such Goods and Merchandize as shall be in Packages shall be marked in such distinguishing Manner as the aid Commissioners of Customs and Excise within their respectwe Jurisdiction shall from time to time direct.

XXXI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That all Goods and Goods pro-Merchandize, the Importation whereof is prohibited or restrained hibited exported by any Act or Acts in force on or before the Commencement of from Ware-this Act, and the Exporters thereof, shall, upon Exportation Laws in force, thereof from the Warehouses or Places in which the same shall and also to have been lodged or secured, under the Provisions of this Act, Regulations De subject and liable to all such Conditions, Restrictions, Rules, made by Trea-Regulations and Securities as are required by Law with respect sury. o any prohibited Goods and Merchandize so exported, by any Act or Acts in force on and immediately before the Commencenent of this Act, and also to all Rules, Regulations and Restrictions relating to the warehousing and exporting of such Goods, made and directed by any Orders of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Merchan- Goods not to be dize whatever which shall have been lodged in Warehouses, or exported in otherwise secured according to the Regulations of this Act shall Vessels under otherwise secured, according to the Regulations of this Act, shall 70 Tons. afterwards be exported to Foreign Parts from any such Warehouse or Place, or be entered for Exportation in any Ship or Vessel whatever which shall not be of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards: Provided always, that nothing herein con- Proviso for Acts ained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or alter in force relating my Provision in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the to Tonnage. Time of passing this Act relating to the Tonnage of any Vessel in which any Goods or Merchandize may be exported from or to Great Britain or Ireland respectively, or in which Wine, Brandy, Geneva, Rum, Tea, Coffee or Tobacco may be exported by Licence to the *Isle of Man*.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Mer- Goods to be chandize shall be delivered out of or taken from any Warehouse taken out of

or Warehouse in

original Package, &c. Exception.

C. 24.

Quantity of Spirits.

**Proprietors** may examine. sort, separate and repack Goods in the Presence of the Officers.

No Alterations made on Goods, &c. without Notice.

Alteration of Package.

Goods shipped for Exportation, if relanded, subject to Forfeiture.

Vessels out of which Goods entered for Exportation have been relanded,

or Place in which the same shall have been lodged or secured by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, or any other Act or Acts for the warehousing of Goods or Merchandize, other than in the Packages in which the same shall have been originally respectively imported from Foreign Parts, or in One entire Quantity equal thereto, and contained in a legal Package; nor shall any Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Spirits, Aqua Vitæ or Wine, be so taken out for Exportation in any less Quantity than One entire Cash, (Rum for Stores excepted, as hereinbefore provided,) containing at least Forty five Gallons, or in Cases containing at least Three Dozen Bottles, not less than reputed Quart Bottles, except s

otherwise specially provided in this Act.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Importer or Proprietor of any Goods or Merchandize warehoused or secured under this Act, or any other Act or Acts for the warehousing of Goods or Merchandize, who may have occasion or be desirous to inspect or examine, sort and separate, pack or repack any such Goods or Merchandize to him belonging, upon giving Twelve Hours' Notice at least in Writing to the proper Officers of Customs and Excise, or both or either of them, as to them may respectively belong, in the Custody of whom such Goods or Merchandize may be placed, shall be permitted by such Officers, and in their Presence, to enter into and remain in the Warehouse or Warehouses, or Place or Places in which such Goods or Merchandize shall be warehoused or secured, so long a shall be necessary, during the legal Hours of Business, for the Purpose of inspecting or examining such Goods or Merchandize. and of sorting and separating, and packing or repacking such Goods or Merchandize, and for making such lawful Alterations therein or Arrangements thereof, as may be necessary, either for the Preservation and Security thereof, or in order to the Sale. Shipment or legal Disposal of the same respectively: Provided always, that no Alterations or Arrangements shall be made of or in such Goods or Merchandize without such Notice as aforesaid. or which may in any respect tend to lessen His Majesty's Duties. or prevent the Officers of Customs and Excise, or both or either. as to them may respectively belong, from taking and keeping a true Account thereof; and that no Alteration of Package shall be made, except in the Presence of such Officer or Officers as aforesaid.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Goods or Merchandize which shall have been warehoused or otherwise secured according to the Directions of this Act, shall, after having been entered and shipped for Exportation, be unshipped or relanded, except by Necessity or Distress, to be proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the Customs (or Excise, if the Goods or Merchandize be subject to Duty of Excise,) within their Jurisdiction respectively, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise respectively.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That where by this present Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the Time of passing this Act, any Goods or Merchandize which shall have been shipped in order to be exported, are or shall be liable

board, and for the faithful and incorrupt Proceeding in every respect of such Person or Persons in regard to such Goods; which said Persons, so to be licensed as aforesaid, shall and are hereby required, upon conveying any Goods on board any Ship or Vessel by Lighter, Boat or Craft, to give clear and full Information thereof in Writing to the Master or other Person then in Charge of such Ship or Vessel, for the better enabling the Master to give Notice as required by the before recited Act previous to his clearing out with any such Goods as aforesaid; which Licence, when granted Licence not to by Commissioners of the Customs, shall not be withdrawn by them, be withdrawn or the Operation under the same in any Manner hindered, obstructed or prevented, unless either the Person or Persons to
whom such Licence shall have been granted, or some other Person or Persons employed by them, and with his or their Privity or Consent, shall commit some Act against any Law now made, or hereafter to be made, to secure the Revenue of Customs or Excise, and shall be convicted thereof, in which Case the said Commissioners shall and are hereby authorized and required to withdraw such Licence.

XL. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Com- Licences grantmissioners of Customs within their Jurisdiction shall and they are ed to Persons hereby required to grant such Licence as aforesaid to all and every entitled to ship Goods, ou Service and Persons who is or are now or may be by Law entitled curity. to carry or put on board such Goods, and who shall give such Security as the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall deem necessary, and to no other Person or Persons.

XLL And be it further enacted, That if any Goods entitled to Shipping such either Drawback, Bounty or Premium, or any Goods which shall Goods by have been secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty or Water, by any have been secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, or other than auany Goods which are prohibited to be used or worn in any Part thorized Perof the United Kingdom, and which shall have been carried and sons, Penalty put into Warehouses approved of as aforesaid, shall be carried to 1001. and Foror put on board any Ship or Vessel, by Lighter, Boat or Craft, for feiture of Exportation to Foreign Parts, by any Person or Persons (except Drawback, &c. the proper Officers of the Revenue,) other than such Person or Persons as shall have been so licensed, then and in such Case the Drawback, Bounty or Premium shall be forfeited and lost, and the Exporter, Shipper and every Person who shall carry to or put on board any Ship or Vessel bound to Foreign Parts any of the before mentioned Goods, shall severally forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That on the Removal of any Goods delivered Goods imported into the Port of London, subject or liable to any for Removal in Duty or Duties of Excise, and on which all the Duty and Duties the Thames not imposed or payable thereon have not been paid, delivered from board any any Vessel lying in the River Thames, in the Port of London, or Lighter or other from the East India Docks to the London Docks, or to any Vessel, unless Wharf in the Port of London, or of any Pepper delivered from the same shall any Warehouse in which the same shall be lodged and secured have Fastenwithout Payment of the Duty chargeable thereon at the Time of the locked by the Importation thereof, to be shipped in the Port of London for proper Officer. Exportation, or of any other Goods subject to any Duty or Duties of Excise, and so lodged and secured, and delivered from any such Warehouse in the Port of London, to be shipped in the City

Proviso for shipping after Notice, upon Consent of Officer.

Such Goods to be delivered in Presence of Officer.

26 G.3. c.40.

§ 20.

No warehoused or prohibited Goods to be put on board any Vessel by Lighter, &c. for Exportation, unless by Persons licensed by the Commissioners (or by the Officers of Revenue).

or Boat (Shipwreck or other unavoidable Accident excepted), nor relanded in any Part or Place in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or in the Isla of Man, except in Cases where such Goods or Merchandize may be entered for Exportation to the said Islands, and Bond shall egiven for that Purpose: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent the Proprietor or Proprietors from shipping any such Goods or Merchandize for Exportation to Foreign Parts, at any Time after the said Notice shall have been given, Consent having been first obtained for that Purpose from the proper Officer of the Excise who is hereby authorized to grant the same if he shall see fit.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Merchandize subject to a Duty of Excise shall be taken or delivered out of any such Warehouses, either for Home Consumption or Exportation, save and except in the Presence of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Removal and shipping of all such of the said Goods or Merchandize as shall be intended for Exportation, shall be attended, and the same shall be seen or

Shipboard by the proper Officer of Excise.

"XXXIX. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth ' Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third ' intituled An Act for regulating the Production of Manifest; and for more effectually preventing fraudulent Practices in # taining Bounties and Drawbacks, and in the clandestine relands: of Goods, certain Provisions are made, that no Goods entitled to either Drawback, Bounty or Premium, shall be carried or pt on board any Ship or Vessel whatever, for Exportation to Forest Parts, by any Person or Persons whatsoever (except the proper Officers of the Revenue,) other than such Person or Persons ' shall be authorized for that Purpose by the Commissioners # the Customs, or any Four or more of them: And Whereas it is expedient to extend the like Provisions with respect to Good which have been secured in Warehouses without Payment Duties, and to Goods which are prohibited to be imported of worn or used in this Kingdom, and also secured in Warehouse 'according to Law;' Be it enacted, That no Goods whaters which shall have been secured in Warehouses without Paymet of Duty, nor any Goods whatever which are prohibited to be in ported or used or worn in any Part of the United Kingdom, and shall have been carried and put into any Warehouses approved of according to this Act, shall be carried or put on board and Ship or Vessel whatever, by Lighter, Boat or Craft, from such Warehouse for Exportation to Foreign Parts by any Person & Persons whatever (except the proper Officers of the Revenue other than such Person or Persons as shall be authorized for the Purpose by Licence under the Hands of the Commissioners d the Customs, within their Jurisdictions, or any Three or more them, for the time being, who are hereby authorized to grant the same, and to require such Security as they may deem necessify by Bond or otherwise, to be given by the Person or Persons whom they shall grant such Licence, for the actual Deliver, the Whole of the Goods, by Lighter, Boat or Craft, on board such Ship or Vessel, to the Officers of the Revenue stationed board,

and Species of Goods or Merchandize therein contained, and (except in the Case of crushed or refined Sugars) in what Ship imported, and by whom entered inwards, together with the Date of such Importation, and thereupon the proper Officer shall take a true and particular Account thereof by Weight, Gauge, Tale or otherwise, as the Case may require; and if such Goods or Merchandize, or any Part thereof, when delivered out of any Warehouse or Place (other than such Warehouses as are or shall be surrounded by Walls or other Places of special Security), shall be deficient of the actual Weight or Quantity ascertained and taken account of at the Time of the Importation thereof, beyond the Amount of Deficiency directed to be allowed in respect of the natural Decrease of such Goods or Merchandize, in Manner and to the Extent hereinafter provided by this Act, then and in such Case such Importer, Proprietor or Consignee shall and he is hereby required to pay the proper Officers the full Duties of Customs and Excise upon such Deficiency beyond the Amount so allowed, previous to the Removal of such Goods or Merchandize from the Warehouse.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That the Contents shall be Contents markmarked or cut on each and every Package intended to be re- ed on each moved, in distinct and legible Characters, in all Cases where the Package, and same shell be provided by the Company of Consame shall be practicable; and the Importer, Proprietor or Consignee shall make a due Entry of the Goods, Wares or Merchandize with the proper Officer of the Customs, and also of the Excise, in case the Articles are subject to any Duty of Excise, specifying in such Entry the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which imported (except as aforesaid), and the Master thereof, when entered Inwards, and by whom, and the Date of the Importation, also the Number and Marks of the Packages, the Kind or Species of Goods, Wares or Merchandize, together with the Weight or Quantity contained in each, and in case of Spirits, the Strength thereof, and to what Port the same is intended to be

removed for the Purpose of being exported.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That a particular Account of Account of the Weight, Quantity and Species of the Goods or Merchandize, Packages transand the Strength of Spirits, with the Marks and Numbers of the mitted by Col-Packages, and the Date of the original Importation, shall be lector and Comptroller of transmitted by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs and One Port to the Excise (if the Goods or Merchandize be subject and liable to Collector and any Duty of Excise), at the Port from which the Removal shall Comptroller of take place, to the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, and the other. the Collector or Inspector of Excise (if the Goods be subject and liable to any Duty of Excise), at the Port to which the Articles are intended to be removed; and upon their arrival at Entry on such Port due Entry shall be made thereof with the proper Arrival. Officers of the Customs and Excise, specifying (except in the Case as aforesaid,) the Date of Importation, by whom entered Inwards, and the Port from whence removed, and the Name of the Ship, and to what Port or Place they are intended to be exported, or whether they were removed to be warehoused at such Port; provided, that if upon the further Examination of the Proviso when said Goods and Merchandize at the Port to which the same are Goods found temoved as aforesaid, the same or any Part thereof shall be found tity. &c.

to be less in Quantity or Weight than when delivered from th Warehouse at the Port from which the Removal shall have take place, the Exporter or Proprietor thereof shall immediately pa the full Duties of Customs and Excise upon the Deficiency pro vious to the Goods being allowed to be shipped for Exportation.

If Goods be not immediately shipped for Exportation they may be warehoused,

entered, &c.

How Goods not disposed of.

Goods liable to Duties of Customs removed from Port to Port, under this Act, and not duly delivered within Three Months.

Penalty.

Previous to Removal of Exciseable Goods from Port to Port, Bond to be entered for due Delivery.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, that if after the Arrival such Goods, Wares or Merchandize at any other Warehousin Port to which the same may be removed, the Proprietor there shall not have an Opportunity of shipping the same for Expor ation, it shall and may be lawful to lodge and deposit the same any Warehouse approved under the Regulations of this Act, pre vided an Entry be made for that Purpose with the proper Office of the Customs and Excise (if the Goods be subject or liable t any Duty of Excise), and the Duties on any Deficiency as afore said be thereon paid; but if the Proprietor shall fail or negled to make such Entry, and pay the Duties on such Deficiency a aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners the Customs and Excise, within their Jurisdiction respectively to cause all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, which sha not be shipped for Exportation, to be disposed of in the sam manner as Goods, Wares and Merchandize are directed to be dis posed of by this Act, after the Expiration of Three Years afte the same shall have been first entered for the Purpose of being warehoused or secured under the Provisions of this Act.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Good or Merchandize subject to Duties of Customs only, which shall be removed under the Authority of this Act from Port to Port shall not be well and truly delivered, without Alteration or Diminution, into the Custody and Possession of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, at the Port in the United Kingdom to which the same were intended or bonded to be removed, within Three Calendar Months from the Time of such Removal, except in Cases of unavoidable Necessity, to be proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the Customs, such Goods and Merchandize shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise; and the Owner, Proprietor or other Person, at whose Instance such Goods or Merchandize shall be removed, or to whose Hands the same or any Part thereof shall knowingly come, and every Person who shall knowingly harbour, keep or conceal any such Goods or Merchandize, or who shall knowingly permit or suffer any such Goods or Merchandize to be harboured, kept or concealed, shall forfeit Treble the Value of such Goods and Merchandize.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That previous to such Removal from one Port to another, under or by virtue of this Act, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize which are or shall be subject to any Duty or Duties of Excise, the Importer, Proprietor or Consignee of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall, with One sufficient Surety, enter into Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Double the Value of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, with Condition that the same and every Part thereof shall be duly delivered without Alteration or Diminution into the Custody and Possession of the proper Officer of Excise at the Port or Place in the United Kingdom to which the same

and Species of Goods or Merchandize therein contained, and (except in the Case of crushed or refined Sugars) in what Ship imported, and by whom entered inwards, together with the Date of such Importation, and thereupon the proper Officer shall take a true and particular Account thereof by Weight, Gauge, Tale or otherwise, as the Case may require; and if such Goods or Merchandize, or any Part thereof, when delivered out of any Warehouse or Place (other than such Warehouses as are or shall be surrounded by Walls or other Places of special Security), shall be deficient of the actual Weight or Quantity ascertained and taken account of at the Time of the Importation thereof, beyond the Amount of Deficiency directed to be allowed in respect of the natural Decrease of such Goods or Merchandize, in Manner and to the Extent hereinafter provided by this Act, then and in such Case such Importer, Proprietor or Consignee shall and he is hereby required to pay the proper Officers the full Duties of Customs and Excise upon such Deficiency beyond the Amount so allowed, previous to the Removal of such Goods or Merchandize from the Warehouse.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That the Contents shall be Contents markmarked or cut on each and every Package intended to be re-ed on each moved, in distinct and legible Characters, in all Cases where the Entry made. same shall be practicable; and the Importer, Proprietor or Consignee shall make a due Entry of the Goods, Wares or Merchandize with the proper Officer of the Customs, and also of the Excise, in case the Articles are subject to any Duty of Excise, specifying in such Entry the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which imported (except as aforesaid), and the Master thereof, when entered Inwards, and by whom, and the Date of the Importation, also the Number and Marks of the Packages, the Kind or Species of Goods, Wares or Merchandize, together with the Weight or Quantity contained in each, and in case of Spirits, the Strength thereof, and to what Port the same is intended to be

removed for the Purpose of being exported.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That a particular Account of Account of the Weight, Quantity and Species of the Goods or Merchandize, and the Strength of Spirits, with the Marks and Numbers of the Packages, and the Date of the original Importation, shall be transmitted by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs and the Excise (if the Goods or Merchandize be subject and liable to any Duty of Excise), at the Port from which the Removal shall take place, to the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, and the other. the Collector or Inspector of Excise (if the Goods be subject and liable to any Duty of Excise), at the Port to which the Articles are intended to be removed; and upon their arrival at Entry on such Port due Entry shall be made thereof with the proper Arrival. Officers of the Customs and Excise, specifying (except in the Case as aforesaid,) the Date of Importation, by whom entered Inwards, and the Port from whence removed, and the Name of the Ship, and to what Port or Place they are intended to be exported, or whether they were removed to be warehoused at such Port; provided, that if upon the further Examination of the Proviso when said Goods and Merchandize at the Port to which the same are Goods found removed as aforesaid, the same or any Part thereof shall be found less in Quan-

to be less in Quantity or Weight than when delivered from the Warehouse at the Port from which the Removal shall have taken place, the Exporter or Proprietor thereof shall immediately pay the full Duties of Customs and Excise upon the Deficiency previous to the Goods being allowed to be shipped for Exportation.

If Goods be not immediately shipped for Exportation they may be warehoused.

How Goods not entered, &c. disposed of.

Goods liable to Duties of Customs removed from Port to Port, under this Act, and not duly delivered within Three Months.

Penalty.

Previous to Removal of Exciscable Goods from Port to Port, Bond to be entered for due Delivery.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, that if after the Arrival of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize at any other Warehousing Port to which the same may be removed, the Proprietor thereof shall not have an Opportunity of shipping the same for Exportation, it shall and may be lawful to lodge and deposit the same in any Warehouse approved under the Regulations of this Act, provided an Entry be made for that Purpose with the proper Officers of the Customs and Excise (if the Goods be subject or liable to any Duty of Excise), and the Duties on any Deficiency as aforesaid be thereon paid; but if the Proprietor shall fail or neglect to make such Entry, and pay the Duties on such Deficiency as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise, within their Jurisdiction respectively, to cause all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, which shall not be shipped for Exportation, to be disposed of in the same manner as Goods, Wares and Merchandize are directed to be disposed of by this Act, after the Expiration of Three Years after the same shall have been first entered for the Purpose of being warehoused or secured under the Provisions of this Act.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Goods or Merchandize subject to Duties of Customs only, which shall be removed under the Authority of this Act from Port to Port. shall not be well and truly delivered, without Alteration or Diminution, into the Custody and Possession of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, at the Port in the United Kingdom to which the same were intended or bonded to be removed, within Three Calendar Months from the Time of such Removal, except in Cases of unavoidable Necessity, to be proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the Customs, such Goods and Merchandize shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise; and the Owner. Proprietor or other Person, at whose Instance such Goods or Merchandize shall be removed, or to whose Hands the same or any Part thereof shall knowingly come, and every Person who shall knowingly harbour, keep or conceal any such Goods or Merchandize, or who shall knowingly permit or suffer any such Goods or Merchandize to be harboured, kept or concealed, shall forfeit Treble the Value of such Goods and Merchandize.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That previous to such Removal from one Port to another, under or by virtue of this Act, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize which are or shall be subject to any Duty or Duties of Excise, the Importer, Proprietor or Consignee of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall, with One sufficient Surety, enter into Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Double the Value of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, with Condition that the same and every Part thereof shall be duly delivered without Alteration or Diminution into the Custody and Possession of the proper Officer of Excise at the Port or Place in the United Kingdom to which the same

nissioners respectively may deem necessary for the Security of the Reveaue; and it shall and may be lawful for the Collectors and of Collecand Comptrollers of the Customs, and of the Officers of the Ex- tors of Out cise (in Cases where that Revenue is concerned,) at any of the Porta, under Ports in the United Kingdom other than the Port of London, to the Treasury. permit any Goods or Merchandize to be removed from the Warehouse or Place wherein or at which the same may have been deposited or otherwise secured at such Ports respectively, under the Regulations of this Act, to any other Warehouse or Place in the ame Port wherein or at which the like Articles are allowed to be warehoused or otherwise secured, under such Regulations as may be deemed necessary by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the Security of the Revenue.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Goods or Goods removed Merchandize warehoused under the Provisions of this Act shall from Port to be removed from Port to Port, or from one Warehouse to another Port, &c. shall in the same Port, under the Provisions of this Act, by any Person or Persons other than the original Bonder or Bonders thereof, ac. as in original Bond shall be entered into by the Proprietor or Pro new Bond shall be entered into by the Proprietor or Proprietors nal Warehouse. of such Goods or Merchandize, and the original Bond shall thereupon be void and cancelled by the proper Officer of the Customs or Excise, as the Case may be; and such Goods and Merchandize, and Proprietors thereof, shall be subject and liable, in all respects, to all and every the Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Regulations, Restrictions, Acts, Matters and Things whatever directed and provided by this Act relative to the warehousing, securing, keeping, inspecting and taking Account of such Goods or Merchandize, and paying the Duties thereon, and taking the same out of Warehouse or other Place of Security for Removal to another Port or Warehouse, or for Exportation or Home Consumption, as if such Goods and Merchandize had remained in the original Warehouse or Place of Deposit, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and any Bond which may have Bonds given for been given for the due Exportation or Payment of Duties on such Exportation Goods or Merchandize shall be valid, and shall continue in force; and Duties to and every Obligor shall be held to the due Performance of each force. and every the Conditions of such Bond, in the same manner as he would have been if the Removal of the Goods or Merchandize from the original Place of Deposit had not taken place, except Exception. the Obligors in old or former Bonds, in Cases where new or subsequent Bonds shall have been given and accepted by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise respectively for the Exportation of the Goods or Merchandize, or Security of the Duties.

'LV. And Whereas by the Laws now in force certain Quantities of Wine, Brandy, Geneva, Rum, Tea, Coffee or Tobacco are 'allowed to be exported from Great Britain, by Licence from the 'Commissioners of the Customs, and imported into the Port of Douglass, in the Isle of Man, on Payment of the Duties due on such Importation, and it is expedient to permit any such Goods to be shipped directly from the Warehouse in which they may have been secured, under the Regulations of this Act; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person Wine, &c. may Thersons to export from Great Britain to the Port of Douglass, be exported

Excise due or payable on the Importation thereof shall be paid to

How Goods disposed of when Entry not made, nor Security given.

88

the proper Collector, within such Period of Time as was allowed for that Purpose at the Port where the same were first entered and warehoused, unless the same shall be sold by Order of the Commissioners of Excise after the Expiration of such Period; and if the Proprietor shall fail or neglect to make such Entry, and give such Security, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise within their Jurisdiction, as the Case may require, to cause all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize which shall not be shipped for Exportation, to be sold and disposed of, and the Produce thereof to be applied in manner directed by this Act, in case such Goods and Merchandize are not exported or taken out of Warehouse within the Period of Time allowed for that Purpose.

Goods may be removed a Second Time to any Port where such Goods are allowed to be warehoused. LI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Importer, Proprietor or Consignee of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, which have been or may be removed under the Authority of this Act from one Port to another in the United Kingdom, to remove any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize a Second Time to any other Port in the United Kingdom where the like Articles are allowed by Law to be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, subject to all such Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Regulations, Restrictions, Acts, Matters and Things in every respect, as are by this Act required when such Goods, Wares and Merchandize are first removed from the Port of Importation to any other Warehousing Port.

On Removal from Port to Port, Goods shall be warehoused only for Remainder of Three Years. LII. And be it further enacted, That no Goods subject to any Duty or Duties of Excise, which shall be warehoused or otherwise secured under the Provisions of this Act in any Port or Place in the United Kingdom, shall on Removal to any other Port or Place be warehoused at the Port or Place to which the same shall be removed without Payment of the Duty and Duties thereon, for any Term or Terms longer than the Residue of the Term of Three Years then unexpired from the Day of the Date of the Bond given on the First Importation from Foreign Parts of such Goods, or of the Goods of which such Goods are a Part.

Goods may be removed from one Bonding Warehouse to another in the same Port, with Permission of the Commissioners of Customs, &c. in London;

LIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Importer, Proprietor or Consignee of any Goods or Merchandize which have been or may be lodged or deposited in any Warehouse or Warehouses, or otherwise secured under the Regulations of this Act, to remove any such Goods or Merchandize from the Warehouse or Place wherein or at which the same may have been first deposited or otherwise secured in the Port of London, or in any other Port in the United Kingdom under the Regulations of this Act, to any other Warehouse or Place in the same Port wherein or at which the like Articles are allowed to be warehoused or otherwise secured; provided, that in case of Goods or Merchandize warehoused in the Port of London, Permission for that Purpose shall have been previously obtained from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, and also from the Commissioners of Excise, if such Goods or Merchandize to be removed shall be subject to any Duty of Excise, and that the Removal shall take place at the Risk and Expence of the Importer, Proprietor or Consignee, under such Regulations as the said Commissioners

nissioners respectively may deem necessary for the Security of he Revenue; and it shall and may be lawful for the Collectors and of Collecand Comptrollers of the Customs, and of the Officers of the Ex- tors of Out ond Comptrollers of the Customs, and of the Omicers of the Ports, under cise (in Cases where that Revenue is concerned,) at any of the Ports, under Regulations of Ports in the United Kingdom other than the Port of London, to the Treasury. permit any Goods or Merchandize to be removed from the Warelouse or Place wherein or at which the same may have been deosited or otherwise secured at such Ports respectively, under the tegulations of this Act, to any other Warehouse or Place in the ame Port wherein or at which the like Articles are allowed to be arehoused or otherwise secured, under such Regulations as may e deemed necessary by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Comissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of

hem, for the Security of the Revenue.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Goods or Goods removed Merchandize warehoused under the Provisions of this Act shall from Port to e removed from Port to Port, or from one Warehouse to another Port, &c. shall n the same Port, under the Provisions of this Act, by any Person all Regulations, r Persons other than the original Bonder or Bonders thereof, &c. as in origiew Bond shall be entered into by the Proprietor or Proprietors nal Warehouse. f such Goods or Merchandize, and the original Bond shall therepon be void and cancelled by the proper Officer of the Customs r Excise, as the Case may be; and such Goods and Merchandize, nd Proprietors thereof, shall be subject and liable, in all respects, o all and every the Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Penalties, orfeitures, Regulations, Restrictions, Acts, Matters and Things hatever directed and provided by this Act relative to the wareousing, securing, keeping, inspecting and taking Account of ich Goods or Merchandize, and paying the Duties thereon, and king the same out of Warehouse or other Place of Security for emoval to another Port or Warehouse, or for Exportation or ome Consumption, as if such Goods and Merchandize had reained in the original Warehouse or Place of Deposit, to all Innts and Purposes whatsoever; and any Bond which may have Bonds given for en given for the due Exportation or Payment of Duties on such Exportation oods or Merchandize shall be valid, and shall continue in force; and Duties to d every Obligor shall be held to the due Performance of each be continued in force. d every the Conditions of such Bond, in the same manner as he ould have been if the Removal of the Goods or Merchandize om the original Place of Deposit had not taken place, except Exception. e Obligors in old or former Bonds, in Cases where new or subquent Bonds shall have been given and accepted by the Comissioners of Customs and Excise respectively for the Exportation the Goods or Merchandize, or Security of the Duties.

' LV. And Whereas by the Laws now in force certain Quantities of Wine, Brandy, Geneva, Rum, Tea, Coffee or Tobacco are illowed to be exported from Great Britain, by Licence from the Commissioners of the Customs, and imported into the Port of Douglass, in the Isle of Man, on Payment of the Duties due on such Importation, and it is expedient to permit any such Goods to be shipped directly from the Warehouse in which they may have been secured, under the Regulations of this Act; Be it erefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person Wine, &c. may Persons to export from Great Britain to the Port of Douglass, be exported

from Warehouses to the Isle of Man, by Persons having Licence, in British built Ships of not less than 50 Tons, Duty free.

Proviso as to Quantity of Goods and Packages.

Former Acts in force; and as to the Isle of Man.

How Wine and Rum may be bottled in Warehouse for Exportation,

No Foreign Bottles, &c. to be used that have not paid Importation Duty. in the Isle of Man, in British built Ships, owned, navigated and registered according to Law, and not of less Burthen than Fifty Tons, any Quantity of Wine, Brandy, Geneva, Rum, Tea, Coffee or Tobacco, which any such Person or Persons may be authorized so to export by virtue of any Licence or Licences granted by the Commissioners of the Customs within their Jurisdiction respectively, in pursuance of the Powers vested in them by Law; and that any such Goods intended to be exported to the said Port of Douglass, by virtue of any such Licence, shall and may be taken out of any Warehouse or Warehouses wherein the same may have been lodged or secured, for the Purpose of being so exported a aforesaid, without Payment of any Duty of Customs or Exceed any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwthstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to permit the Exportation from Great Britain, or the Importation into the Isle of Man, a any greater Quantity of any of the said Articles in any one You than are now allowed by Law, or to permit any such Goods w be exported from Great Britain, or imported into the Isle of Man in any other Package than such as are now directed and required by Law; and that on the Exportation of any such Goods from Great Britain, and on the Importation of the same respective. into the Isle of Man, pursuant to this Act, all the Rules, Regul tions, Restrictions, Securities, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force relating to such Good respectively so exported or imported, and to the Payment, Reco very and Appropriation of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relative thereto, and all the Clauses, Provisions, Regulations, Restrictions Penalties and Forfeitures contained in any Act or Acts or Lan in force in relation to the Isle of Man, shall, so far as they are not hereby altered or varied, and in respect of which no other Provision is made by this Act, be and are hereby declared to be in full Force, and to extend to this Act, and shall be construct therewith, and as Part thereof, so far as the same respective apply, as fully as if the same were particularly repeated and the enacted in the Body of this Act.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be in ful for the Proprietors or Consignees of any Wine or Rum shall have been secured in any Warehouse under this Act, of the Consent of the Commissioners of Excise, or any Three! them, and in such Warehouses and Places, and under such Rub and Regulations as shall from time to time be made by the Commissioners with the Approbation of the Commissioners of B Majesty's Treasury, to draw off any such Wine or Rum ist reputed Quart Bottles, and to pack the same in Cases contains not less than Three Dozen such Bottles each, for the Purpose 6 the same being exported from such Warehouse, and to exper such Wine or Rum from such Warehouse in such Bottles of Cases accordingly: Provided always, that no Bottles, Flash Corks of Foreign Manufacture shall be used for the said Purpose unless the same shall have first paid the Duties of Customs at Excise charged or chargeable upon the Importation thereof; 30 that the Proprietor or Proprietors of any such Wine or Rum. their Agents, shall be permitted to send into such Warchouse

Officer or Officers of Excise, from and out of the Warehouse or Warehouses wherein the same shall then be lodged and secured, and shall safely ship and stow the same, to the Satisfaction of the Officer, in and on board of the Ship or Vessel mentioned in such Notice as aforesaid, and in such Bond, and shall keep the same so and in such manner as to secure the same on the said Voyage, as well Outward as Homeward, and shall also cause the same to be duly carried and conveyed in and on board of such last mentioned Ship or Vessel, on and for such Voyage as aforesaid, and shall afterwards bring the same in and on board of the same Ship or Vessel back to the Port from whence such Wine shall have been shipped for Exportation as aforesaid (unless any Cask of such Wine shall be landed and left at some Port beyond the Seas, not being in Ireland, nor in the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Man); and a Memorandum duly endorsed on the Memorandum Certificate hereinbefore mentioned, signed by the Collector, Comp. of landing, &c. troller of the Customs or other proper Revenue Officers at such dorsed on Cer-Port or Place, that such Wine was duly landed and left there, tificate. stating the Marks, Number, Content and Ullage of each such Cask, and the Denomination of the Wine, and the Date of the landing thereof, without permitting or suffering such Wine, or any Part thereof, to be used or consumed on board, or unshipped, unladen or put in and on board of any other Ship, Vessel or Boat (Shipwreck or other inevitable Accident only excepted), or landed Proviso for in any Port or Place whatsoever, otherwise than as aforesaid, ex. Accidents. cept at the Port from whence such Wine shall have been shipped as aforesaid, on the Arrival there of the said last mentioned Ship or Vessel, upon the Return thereof from the said Voyage, and under the Inspection of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise there; and shall then also produce all such Cask and Casks as Casks not aforesaid, not landed or left as aforesaid, with the respective landed to be Marks, Letters, Numbers and Figures thereon cut or being at the produced. Time of the Delivery of such Cask or Casks from the Warehouse for Shipment for such Voyage, or the Shipment thereof as aforesaid, and shall, upon such relanding thereof as aforesaid at such Port, on the Arrival of the said Ship or Vessel at such Port, on the Return thereof from the said Voyage, pay or secure to be paid the full Duty and Duties of Excise and Customs charged Duties to be and chargeable on the said Wine, according to the Account taken paid or secured. by the proper Officer on the landing and warehousing of such Wine on the first Importation thereof; save and except on such Cask or Casks of such Wine as may have been so landed and left, and so certified as aforesaid, and on any Deficiency of or in such Proviso for Quantity of such Wine so shipped as aforesaid (except as aforesaid,) as may have occurred by unavoidable Waste during the said Voyage; Voyage, not exceeding Ten Gallons for every One hundred Gallons of the Quantity so delivered from the Warehouse to be shipped as aforesaid for the said Voyage; and also save and proved on Oath. except on any further or greater Deficiency that shall or may be proved upon Oath by the Master or other Person having the Command of such Vessel, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Excise, to have been occasioned by actual and unavoidable Leakage or Accident on Shipboard (which Oath the Commissioners of Excise are respectively hereby authorized to

A.D. 1823.

Certificate of Shipment redelivered by Master, on Return of Vessel, to Officer,

Penalty 50l.

Duties being paid or secured,
First Bond discharged.

Wine not warehoused longer than Three Years from Reimportation.

Goods, if not taken out of Warehouse within Three Years, to be sold for Payment of Duties, &c.

Purchasers may enter the same for Home Consumption.

Prohibited
Goods sold for
Exportation
only.

How Produce applied.

administer); and the Certificate of Shipment aforesaid, with such Indorsement thereon as aforesaid, if any such Wine shall have been so landed and left as aforesaid, shall be redelivered by the Master or other Person having the Command of the Vessel by which such Wine shall be returned and brought back to the Port from whence such Wine shall have been shipped for Exportation as aforesaid, to the proper Officer of Excise of the said Port, within Twelve Hours after such Master or other Person shall or ought by Law to have reported the Cargo of such Ship at such Port, on pain of forfeiting, for every Refusal or Default in deliveing such Certificates as aforesaid, the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and upon such Proof as aforesaid (where necessary) being given s aforesaid, and the full Duties charged or chargeable upon such Wine as aforesaid being fully paid as aforesaid, or secured to be paid, the First Importer and Bonder of such Wine shall be wholly freed and discharged, in respect of such Wine, from the Box given and entered into upon the First Importation thereof: Previded always, that no such Wine shall be again warehoused without Payment of Duty, for a longer Period than Three Year from the Date of the Reimportation thereof into the United Kingdom; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof not with standing.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignee or Consignees, of any Goods or Merchandize which shall have been lodged in any Warehouse or Warehouses, or otherwise secured pursuant to the Directions of this Act, shall, within Three Years, to be computed from the Day on which such Importers, Proprietors of Consignees of such Goods or Merchandize shall have made the First Entry thereof, clear and take all such Goods and Merchanter dize from and out of such Warehouses or Places respectively. either for Exportation or to be consumed in Great Britain of Ireland respectively, subject to the Conditions and Restriction under which such Goods and Merchandize shall have been warehoused; and in case such Importers, Proprietors or Consignee shall fail or neglect so to do, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs and Excise, if the Goods be subject or liable to any Duties of Excise, within their Jurisdiction repectively, to cause all such of the said Goods or Merchandize > by Law are or may be allowed to be used or consumed in the United Kingdom, to be publicly sold or exposed to sale for Exportation, with Permission for the Purchaser or Purchasers, after such Sale, to enter the same for Home Consumption upon the Payment of the Duties of the Customs and Excise, and after such Sale the Produce thereof shall be applied to or towards the Payment of the Freight, Primage and Charges of Warehous Room, and other Charges that shall arise thereon; and with repect to Goods or Merchandize which are or may be prohibited to be used or consumed in the United Kingdom, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Customs and Excise within their Jurisdiction respectively, to cause the same to be sold for Exportation only, under such Securities and Regulations as are required by Law with respect to Goods so prohibited, and the Produce shall be applied, in the first Place, to the Payment ot' of Freight, Primage, Warehouse Rent and other Charges, and the Overplus (if any) shall in either of such Cases be paid to the Proprietor or other Person authorized to receive the same; and upon the Sale or Exportation of any such Goods and Merchandize, any Bond or Bonds entered into on the original Importation and ware- Bonds cancelrousing thereof shall be forthwith cancelled and discharged by led. he proper Officers; any thing contained in any Act or Acts to

he contrary notwithstanding.

LXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may Treasury may e lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commisioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any
Three or more of them, by Warrant under his or their Hand or
Payment of lands, to permit and allow any such Goods or Merchandize to Duty beyond emain warehoused or otherwise secured, without Payment of Three Years, he Duty of Customs or Excise, for such further Time beyond he said Period of Three Years as the said Lord High Treasurer, or the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or my Three or more of them, may in their Judgment think reasonble and proper; and no Bond entered into for the Payment of any Juties shall be proceeded upon during the extended Period for which any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall or may be o allowed to remain warehoused, or otherwise secured, under the Authority of this Act.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Pro- Commissioners prietor or Consignee of any Goods or Merchandize which shall of Customs, wave been lodged or secured in any Warehouse or Place under unmerchantable his Act, shall make a Representation or Declaration to the Comnissioners of Customs (or Excise, where that Revenue is con-stroyed on Aperned), within their Jurisdiction respectively, that any such plication of loods or Merchandize have been damaged or spoiled, or have Owner. een rendered or are wholly unmerchantable and unfit for Sale, shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs or xcise (or any Three of them), in case they shall be satisfied of te Truth of such Representation or Declaration, to order and irect that such Goods and Merchandize shall be destroyed or pilled, wasted and rendered wholly useless; and in such Case o Duty of Customs or Excise shall be payable for such Goods r Merchandize, and any Bond which shall have been entered Bond cancelto for the Payment of such Duties, or with reference to such led. loods and Merchandize, shall be cancelled, so far as the same hall relate to such Goods and Merchandize.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That if the Quantity of any Duty to be paid oods or Merchandize subject to any Duty of Customs or Ex- for Deficiencies se, both or either, which at the full End and Expiration of at the End of hree Years from the Day of the Date of any Bond given or itered into in respect of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, ing Bonds. tall have been duly delivered out of any Warehouse or Place in hich the same shall have been lodged or secured under this Act or Home Consumption, added to the Quantity of such Goods or Ierchandize respectively which within the like Period shall have een duly exported, with such Allowance thereon as hereinafter entioned, shall fall short or be deficient of the actual Quantity scertained and taken account of at the Time of the Importation tereof, then and in such Case the Importer or Proprietor of such

C. 24.

Provise for Goods lodged in Warehouses surrounded by Walls, &c.

No Duty on Deficiency or Increase of Goods lodged in Warehouses of special Security.

Exception.

Proviso as to weighing, &c. such Goods again.

Duty to be paid on Goods taken out of Warehouse.

Goods, Wares or Merchandize respectively, shall and he is required immediately to pay to the proper Officer of Customs of Excise, as to them may respectively belong, the whole of the Duties charged or chargeable for or in respect of the Proportion of such Goods or Merchandize deficient in the Quantity so take out for Home Consumption; and upon the making of such Payment the Bond given or entered into for the due Payment of the Duties as aforesaid shall be delivered up and cancelled: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to charge any such Goods and Merchandize which shall have been lodged or secured in Warehouses surrounded by Walls, or in other Places of special Security, in respect of any Deficiency is any Goods or Merchandize exported, except in Cases of Suspicion of Fraud hereinafter specially provided for.

LXV. Provided always, and be it enacted; That no Duty either

of Customs or Excise shall be demanded from or paid by any laporter, Consignee or Proprietor of any Goods or Merchandize whatever, which shall have been lodged or secured in Warehouse erected in Places inclosed or surrounded with Walls, or in my other Warehouses or Places of special Security, approved and appointed by the Warrant of the Commissioners of the Treasur pursuant to this Act, and which shall be taken out of or from an such Warehouse or Place for Exportation, on account of any increase or Decrease, or Surplus or Deficiency in Quantity, Quality. Weight, Measure or Strength, which may have taken place dume the Time that any such Goods or Merchandize shall have been so lodged or secured, excepting only in Cases where Suspicies shall arise, to be notified to the Commissioners of the Custom or Excise, or their Collectors at the Outports, both or either, s to them may respectively belong, that any Part of such Good or Merchandize has been clandestinely conveyed away and aplied to Home Consumption; and that such Goods and Merchadize (except Wine and Spirits) shall not be again weighed, gauged or measured at the Time of taking out the same for Exportation excepting only in Cases where such Suspicion shall arise and k notified as aforesaid; and that upon all Goods and Merchandize which shall be taken out of or from such Warehouses or Place of special Security to be used or consumed in any Part of the United Kingdom, the Duties of Customs and Excise charged or chargeable thereon shall be paid according to Account taker thereof at the first Examination by the Officer or Officers of the Customs and Excise, as to them may respectively appertunwithout any Deduction or Abatement whatever on account of any Deficiency arising from Waste, or from any other Cause of what Nature soever the same may be.

LXVI. And Whereas certain Goods and Merchandize are ' liable to natural Waste and Decrease whilst remaining war-' housed or secured, and it is expedient to relieve the Importer

- of such Goods and Merchandize from Payment of the Duties on the Quantities of any such Goods exported from certain
- Warehouses, which shall, on the Examination by the Officer of the Casks or other Packages thereof mentioned in the Notice
- given for such Exportation, be found by him to be decreased ' from natural Waste;' Be it therefore enacted, That whenevet

On taking out

any Entry shall be made for the Purpose of exporting to Foreign of Warehouse, Parts. or Gueraseu. Jerseu. Alderneu or Sark, any Spirits, Wine, Wine, Spirits, Parts, or Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney or Sark, any Spirits, Wine, Coffee, Cocoa Nuts or Pepper, which shall have been warehoused Exportation, no or otherwise secured, under the Provisions of this Act or any other Act or Acts relating to the warehousing of Goods without engel for De-Payment at the Time of Importation of the Duties imposed and crease of Quantum of the Duties imposed and payable for or in respect thereof respectively, in any Warehouse or Place, (save and except such Warehouses as are or shall be unless it exsurrounded by Walls, and such as are or shall be specially approved of by the Commissioners of the Treasury under this Act, Proportions according to the Conditions contained in the Warrant of Apherein specified. proval,) if the Wine in any Cask so entered shall be found by the proper Officer, to be at the Time when the same is delivered for the Purpose of being exported from the Warehouse wherein the same shall have been lodged and secured as aforesaid, to be from natural Waste decreased and less in Quantity than when such Wine was imported, lodged and secured as aforesaid; or if the Spirits contained in any Cask so entered shall be found by such Officer at the Time when the same shall be delivered as aforesaid to be from natural Waste decreased and less in Quantity than when such Spirits were imported, lodged and secured as aforesaid, according to the Account taken by the proper Officers of such Wine or Spirits at the Time the same were respectively imported, the Amount of such Loss or Decrease in Quantity being ascertained for this Purpose by deducting the Number of Gallons of such Spirits so delivered for Exportation, computed at the Strength of Proof, from the Number of Gallons of such Spirits imported, lodged and secured as aforesaid, computed at the Strength of Proof; or if the Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, or Pepper respectively so delivered, shall be found by the proper Officer, at the Time of being delivered as aforesaid, to be from natural Waste decreased and less in Weight than when such Coffee, Cocoa Nuts, and Pepper respectively were imported, lodged and secured as aforesaid, according to such Account taken by the Officer at the Time of Importation, the Importer and Importers, or Proprietor or Proprietors of such Wine, Spirits, Coffee, Cocoa Nuts or Pepper respectively shall not be charged or chargeable with or liable to pay any Duty or Duties of Excise or Customs, for or in respect of any such decreased Quantities or Quantity of any of such Goods or Merchandize respectively which any such Importer or Proprietor shall at any Time take from and out of the Warehouse or Place in which the same are or were secured as aforesaid, and export as aforesaid, subject to the Rules and Regulations provided by Law for that Purpose; unless such decreased Quantity, from natural Waste, on which such Allowance of the Duty and Duties shall be so made, shall exceed or be more than the respective Proportions following; videlicet, One Gallon of Wine for and upon every Cask of Wine so exported which shall have remained in the Warehouse, secured as aforesaid, for any Period not exceeding One Year; Two Gallons for and upon every such Cask which shall have so remained in the Warehouse for any Period exceeding One Year and not exceeding Two Years; and Three Gallons for and upon every such Cask which shall have so remained in the Warehouse for any Period exceeding Two Years; and One 4 G20. IV. Gallon,

Gallon, Hydrometer Proof, of Spirits for every such One hundred Gallons of the Spirits from which the Spirits so delivered for Exportation were or are deducted, computed as aforesaid, to sacertain the Amount of such Decrease of Quantity thereon as aforesaid, and after the same Rate for any less Quantity of Spirits contained in any Cask or Casks so delivered which shall have remained in the Warehouse, secured as aforesaid, for any Period not exceed ing Six Months; Two Gallons for every One hundred Gallons of such Spirits which shall have so remained in the Warehouse for any Period exceeding Six Months and not exceeding Twelve Months; Three Gallons for every such One hundred Gallons of such Spirits which shall have so remained in the Warehouse for any Period exceeding Twelve Months and not exceeding Eighteen Months; Four Gallons for every such One hundred Gallons of such Spirits which shall have so remained in the Warehouse for any Period exceeding Eighteen Months and not exceeding Two Years; and Five Gallons for every such One hundred Gallons of such Spirits which shall have so remained in the Warehouse is any Period exceeding Two Years; and Two Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of Coffee, Cocoa Nuts and Pepper respectively, and so in Proportion for any less Quantity.

of Wine and every Cask of Spirits which shall at any Time be de livered out of any such Warehouse shall be re-gauged, and the Strength of the Spirits in each Cask of Spirits re-examined by the proper Officer, with the Hydrometer, at the Time of being de livered and taken out of every such Warehouse; and such Officer is hereby authorized to draw from every such Cask of Spirits?

fresh Sample of Half a Pint of such Spirits for that Purpose in turning such Sample, when found of or below the Strength at which such Spirits were imported, to the Cask from which such Sample

was drawn.

LXVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall st may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Tresur or any Three of them, by any Order or Orders to be for that W pose made from time to time under their Hands, or the Hands any Three of them, to direct under what Regulations and in the Manner the Increase or Decrease or Surplus or Deficiency, of 6 in the Quality, Quantity, Weight, Measure or Strength of " Goods or Merchandize not particularly provided for by this lodged or secured in any Warehouse or other Place under Provisions of this Act, or any other Act or Acts relating to warehousing of Goods, shall be from time to time ascertain determined and taken account of; and also to direct what Chi shall be made on, or what Allowance shall be made to the Own or Proprietors of such Goods and Merchandize, in respect of st Increase or Decrease or Surplus or Deficiency, when such God or Merchandize shall be taken or removed out of or from s Warehouse or Place, and such Charge or Allowance shall be p in respect of the same accordingly.

LXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall may be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall have landed any Docks or Places any Goods or Merchandize, having been gally imported, and which may be legally used and consumer.

Wines and Spirits to be regauged, and Strength reexamined, &c.

Treasury to direct Mode of ascertaining Increase or Decrease of Goods warehoused, and Charge or Allowance in consequence thereof.

Cases not specially provided for.

Goods imported and landed at Dooks may be taken for Home Conthe United Kingdom; to take and receive such Goods and Mer- sumption, on chandize from and out of the said Docks and Places, the Duties Payment of of Customs and Excise on such Goods and Merchandize being first fully paid and satisfied; and also to take and receive any being ware-housed. Goods or Merchandize from such of the said Docks and Places, for the Purpose of Exportation under the Provisions of this Act. although any such Goods or Merchandize respectively shall not have been deposited in the Warehouses at such Docks or Places, or otherwise secured under the Directions of this Act: Provided always, that such Goods and Merchandize shall in all other respects be liable to all the Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, to which Goods of the like Kind are subject by any Law in force on or immediately before the Commencement of this Act.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Goods or Mer- Goods emchandize, warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of bessled or con-this Act, shall be embezzled, or fraudulently or clandestinely hid ed. and Parties or concealed in or fraudulently or clandestinely removed from or liable to Peout of any Warehouse or Place wherein the same shall have been nalty. so lodged or secured, all such Goods or Merchandize so embezzled, or fraudulently or clandestinely hid or concealed or removed, together with the Packages containing the same, shall be forfested, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or of Excise, in Cases where that Revenue is concerned; and the Person or Persons so embezzling, hiding, concealing or removing the same, or aiding or assisting therein, or to whose Hands the same shall knowingly come, shall be subject and liable to the like Pains and Penalties as if such Goods and Merchandize had been fraudulently unshipped or landed without Payment of Duty.

LXXL And be it further enacted, That if any Proprietor or Importer of Importer of Brandy, Rum, Geneva or other Spirits lodged and Spirits, &c. put into any Warehouse or Warehouses under the Direction and unduly opening Authority of this Act, shall, by any Means, Art Davids or Con-Authority of this Act, shall, by any Means, Art, Device or Con-Penalty 500l. trivance whatever, open any such Warehouse or Warehouses, except in the Presence of the proper Warehouse Keeper, or other Officer of the Customs or Excise, then and in every such Case every such Importer or Proprietor shall forfeit and lose for every such Offence the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall at any Plunder by Time happen that any Embezzlement, Waste, Spoil or Destruction Officers of Customer Spoil of Destruction Officers of Customer Spoil of Destruction shall be made of or in any Goods or Merchandize which shall be toms, &c. warehoused in Warehouses under the Authority of this Act, by or through any wilful Misconduct of any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, such Officer or Officers shall be deemed guilty of Misdemesnor, and shall, upon Conviction, suffer such Punishment as may be inflicted by Law in Cases of Misdemeanor; and No Duty payif such Officer shall be so prosecuted to Conviction by the Im- able on De porter, Consignee or Proprietor of the Goods or Merchandize so embersled, wasted, spoiled or destroyed, then and in such Case made good to the Proprietor, of such Case and the Proprietor, of such Goods or Merchandize so embezzled, wasted, spoiled or &c. by Customs destroyed; and no Forfeiture or Seizure shall take place of any or Excise. Goods and Merchandize so warehoused, in respect of any Deficiency H 2

Misdemeanor.

C. 24.

ficiency caused by such Embezzlement, Waste, Spoil or Destruction; and the Damage occasioned by such Embezzlement, Wate, Spoil or Destruction of such Goods or Merchandize, shall be repaid and made good to such Importer, Consignee or Proprietor, by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, under such Orden Regulations and Directions as shall be for that Purpose made and given by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or my Three of them.

Proprietors of Goods entered for warehousing, may take Samples.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Importer or Proprietor of any Goods or Merchadize, which shall have been entered for the Purpose of being warhoused, or which shall have been warehoused or secured under the Provisions of this Act, or of any other Act or Acts in force for the warehousing or securing of any Goods or Merchandize, # any Time in the Presence of the proper Officer of Customs, and of the Excise, in Cases where that Revenue is concerned, to take any moderate Samples of any such Goods or Merchandize, s shall or may be allowed and directed by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, from time to time, without Estry or Payment of any Duty of Customs or Excise in respect of such Samples, and under such Rules and Restrictions as the sail Commissioners may order and direct with respect to such Samples respectively.

No Entry or Duty in respect of Samples.

Payment for

the same.

Officers allowed to take Samples of Spirits, on

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of Excise, before the Delivery of any Brandy, Rum, Geneva or other Spirits for Es-

portation, or of Rum or Spirits of the British Sugar Plantations. to be shipped as Stores from or out of any Warehouse or Warehouses, in which such Spirits shall have been secured under the Authority of this Act, to take One Sample, and no more, such Sample not exceeding Half a Pint, out of each of the Casks of Packages containing such Brandy, Rum, Geneva or other Spinus

Refusing, Penalty 100l.

† Sic.

paying for such Samples (if demanded) at and after the Rate of Three Shillings per Gallon; and if any Person or Persons shall obstruct or hinder any such Officer or Officers of Excise in taking such Sample, upon his or their offering to pay for the same > aforesaid (if demanded), the Person or Persons offending therea shall for each and every such Offence severally forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and all such Samples shall be from tox to time applied and disposed of, and accounted for + the public Service, in such Manner as the Commissioners of Excise shall order and direct; and the said Commissioners are hereby authorized rized and required to give Orders for the Application and Disposal of such Samples from time to time as they shall see fit.

Importers may, under Superintendence of Officer, sepa-rate Coffee.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That upon the Importation of Coffee, which shall be deposited in any Warehouses under the Regulations of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for every Proprietor or Consignee thereof, under the Superintendence of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, to separate the damaged Coffee from the undamaged Parts thereof, and to separate the undamaged Parts thereof according to their several Sorts and Qualities; and in every such Case such Proprietor or Consignee. under the Superintendence of such Officer or Officers, shall mark or cause to be marked, on every Bag or Cask containing the Coffee

Begs or Casks when Coffee repacked to be marked.

so separated as undamaged, the Word "Sound," in Black Paint, in the Front of each Bag, or on the Head of each Cask, in Letters at least Two Inches long, and upon the Casks or Bags containing the Coffee set apart as damaged, the Words " For Exportation; and the said Officer or Officers of the Excise is and are hereby Officers of Exempowered and directed to call in to his or their Assistance in cise may call in such Selection and Separation the proper Officer or Officers who Officers to tare. is or are accustomed to tare and sample Coffee in the public Warehouses and Docks on Behalf of such Proprietor or Con-

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in all public Docks Notice to Proand Warehouses in which Coffee is or shall be received and prietor of Time stored, upon Application to be made in Writing from the Pro- intended for Security of prietor or Consignee of any such Coffee to the proper Officer of Separation of Excise, such Coffee shall be carefully selected and separated, and the proper Officer or Officers in such Docks and Warehouses shall and may and are hereby required and directed to make such Selection and Separation accordingly: Provided always, that before any Officer or Officers of Excise shall proceed to select and separate Coffee, such Officer or Officers shall give Notice to such Proprietor or Consignee, of the precise Period when it is the Intention of the said Officer or Officers to proceed to separate such Coffee, in order that such Proprietor or Consignee may attend, or appoint some Person to attend such Separation in his Behalf; and if on such Separation it shall appear to such Pro- On Complaint prictor or Consignee, or his Agent so to be appointed, and being of Importer, present upon the Occasion, that from Negligence or Ignorance Commissioners of the Outline of the Coffee on the Part of the Officer or Officers of the Quality of the Coffee on the Part of the Officer or Officers, or Excise may order Coffee or from any other Cause, a greater or smaller Proportion thereof separated to be is selected as damaged, and unfit for Use, than in the Judgment re-surveyed by of such Proprietor or Consignee, or his Agent, should have been so selected, that then and in every such Case it shall and may be Brokers, &c.; lwful for the Commissioners of the Excise within their Jurisdiction, or any Three or more of them, upon the Affidavit of such Proprietor or Consignee, or his Agent, and upon Application for that Purpose, to order and direct that such Coffee shall be re-surveyed by Two indifferent and disinterested Merchants or Brokers, experienced in the Nature and Value of the Article, who upon viewing the same shall certify and declare, upon their who are to corporal Oaths, before the principal Officer of the Excise at the certify upon Place where such Coffee shall be warehoused (who is hereby authorized to administer the same), their Opinion and Determination as to the Nature and Extent of the Damage sustained, which Opinion and Determination shall be binding and conclusive on all Parties: Provided always, that in every such Case the reasonable Expence of the Persons so to be employed shall be borne by the Proprietor or Consignee of such Coffee: Provided also, that no Damaged Cofdamaged Coffee shall be delivered out of Warehouse until the fee not to be same shall have been repacked for Exportation in Casks, Bags or delivered till re-Packages, containing each not less than One hundred Pounds packed for Exnet Weight Avoirdupois, except by the special Permission of the Casks of not Commissioners of Excise within their Jurisdiction respectively, less than

which they or any Three of them are hereby authorized to grant, 100 lbs. except on Proof to their Satisfaction of the Expediency of permitting by Permission

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of Commissioners.

Damaged Coffee may be mixed with other Parcels of damaged Coffee, to make up the Quantity of 100 lbs.

How damaged Coffee to be repacked.

Proprietor may enter and pay Duty for undamaged Coffee.

An Account to be taken of damaged Cof-

Copy delivered to Importer.

Dirt and Trash to be separated from Pepper, and weighed, and Importer discharged from a proportionate Duty.

the same to be exported in smaller Packages, and on Security, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, being first given by the Exporter, at the Rate of Ten Pounds per Hundred

Weight, that the same shall be duly exported.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That in Cases where the damaged Parts of any particular or distinct Parcel of Coffee shall in the whole be less in Quantity than One hundred Pounds net, it shall and may be lawful for the proper Officer of Excise, at the Request of the Proprietor or Consignee, upon due Notice being given to the proper Officers of Excise, to mix the same with any other damaged Coffee belonging to such Proprietor or Cosignee which may have been set apart for the Purpose of Exportation, in Casks, Bags or Packages containing not less than One hundred Pounds as before mentioned; and in like Manner it shall be lawful for the said Officer or Officers, at the joint Request of any Two or more Importers or Proprietors, to mix any Parcels of such Coffee to them respectively belonging, for the Purpose of making the Packages of the Weight required by this Act previous to Exportation, such Request being made in Writing by the said respective Importers or Proprietors, to the proper Officer or Officers of Excise as aforesaid.

LXXVIII. And Whereas it is expedient that as far as practicable the Identity of the Packages in which the Coffee is im-' ported should be preserved;' Be it therefore enacted, That upon the Separation of any Coffee imported either in Casks or Bags. the damaged Parts shall in the first place be put into the Packages in which the same were imported, beginning with the lowest Number, and following in regular numerical Order; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Importer or Importers, or Proprietor or Proprietors, to enter and pay the Duties for and in respect of any undamaged Coffee for Home Consumption, and to remove the same from and out of the Warehouse, notwithstanding the Quantity of such undamaged Coffee may, in any one Bag of any Consignment to or Importation by any Person or Company, be less in Quantity than One hundred Pounds Weight; any thing contained in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That where such Separation of undamaged from damaged Coffee shall have been made as aforesaid, a correct Account shall be taken by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, of the damaged Coffee remaining in the original Packages, and of the Quantities of all undamaged Coffee: and upon Application in Writing to the said Officer or Officers, a Copy of such Account shall be delivered forthwith by him or these to the Importer or Proprietor of such Coffee, with the Mark. Number and Weight of each Package, distinguishing such Parts as are undamaged, and the several Qualities thereof, from such damaged Coffee as shall have been set apart for Exportation.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be

lawful for any Proprietor or Consignee of any Pepper imported and warehoused or secured under the Provisions of any Act of Acts in force, or the Agent of such Proprietor or Consignee, with the Knowledge and in the Presence of the proper Officer of Excise, to separate from any Parcel or Quantity of such Pepper all Stones, Dirt, Trash and Dust that shall be mixed therewith.

and for such Officer to weigh and take an Account thereof, and for the Commissioners of Excise to order all such Stones, Dirt, Trash and Dust respectively to be destroyed, at such Time and Times and in such Manner as they shall think fit; and such Pro- Importing. prietor or Consignee shall thereupon be discharged from so much of such Parcel or Quantity of Pepper as the Weight of such Stones, Dirt, Trash and Dust shall amount to, and from the Payment of, and all Liability to pay, the Duty and Duties charged or chargeable for or in respect thereof, according to the Account taken by the proper Officer of such Pepper at the Time of the Importation thereof.

LXXXL And be it further enacted, That no Watch of Foreign Regulations as Manufacture shall be imported and warehoused under the Pro- to warehousing visions of this Act, upon the Case or Cases of which any Mark or Foreign Stamp shall be impressed which shall be similar to or shall purport Watches; to be or shall be intended to represent any Mark or Stamp of the Goldsmiths' Company of London, or other legal British Assay Marks or Stamps; and that no Clock or Watch of Foreign Manufacture shall be so imported and warehoused, upon the Face or upon any Part of which the Word " London," or the Name of any other Town or Place of the United Kingdom, shall be engraven or painted, or shall in any way appear so as to purport or give colour that such Clock or Watch is of the Manufacture of the United Kingdom; and that no Clock or Water or Foreign vianus facture shall be so imported and warehoused, unless a distinguish. Clocks and ing Number, and the Name or Names of some Person and Place, Stamps, Names United Kingdom; and that no Clock or Watch of Foreign Manu- and Foreign shall be engraven, and shall appear visible on the Frame or other engraven, &c. Part of such Clock or Watch independent of the Face, purporting to be the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons by whom such Clock or Watch was made; and that no Clock or Watch of Foreign Manufacture shall be imported and warehoused under this Act in any incomplete State, that is to say, not having the Movement, with all its concomitant Parts, properly fixed and secured in its Case, on pain of the Forfeiture of such Watch or Penalty. Clock.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Goods secured Commencement of this Act, upon every Sale fairly and bond fide in Warehouse made by the Importer or Importers, or Proprietor or Proprietors in the Occuof any Goods or Merchandize which shall have been secured under of the Provisions of this Act in any Warehouse in the actual Occupation of such Importer or Importers, or Proprietor or Proprie- written Contors, such Goods and Merchandize and the Possession thereof tract to Purshall by such Sale be transferred to and shall be vested in the Goods be not Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, to all Intents and Purposes removed from whatever, although such Goods or Merchandize shall remain and Warehouse. continue in such Warehouse; and such Goods and Merchandize so sold, or the Possession thereof, or any Title thereto, shall not Pass to or be vested in any Assignee or Assignees of such Importer or Importers, or Proprietor or Proprietors, under any Commission of Bankrupt which may issue against such Importer or Importers, or Proprietor or Proprietors, before such Goods or Merchandize shall have been removed by the Purchaser or Purchasers, or their Assigns, out of or from such Warehouse; and every such sale shall be valid against such Assignee or Assignees

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Price stipulated in Contract to have been first paid or secured. C. 24.

Entry of Transfer.

Goods landed in Docks to remain liable to Freight.

Directors of Docks upon Notice may detain such Goods until Freight be paid;

or Deposit

Directors to receive Deposit, and keep until Freight paid.

under any such Commission of Bankrupt, any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; provided, that upon every such Sale there shall have been a written Agreement, signed by the Parties, or a written Contract of Sale, made, executed and delivered by a Broker or Brokers or other Person or Persons legally authorized for and on behalf of the Parties respectively, and the Amount of the Price stipulated in the said Contract or Agreement shall have been actually paid or secured to be paid by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Goods or Merchandize, and that a Transfer shall have been entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose by His Majesty's Officer of Revenue having charge of such Warehouse; which Book the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, both or either, as the Case may be, are hereby directed to cause to be kept by such Officer, and produced upon Demand; and the said Officer is hereby required to make such Entry of Transfer, specifying the Date of such Entry, upon the Application of the Owners of the said Goods or Merchandize; provided also, that no such Assignment shall affect the Bond given to His Majesty on the warehousing of the Goods or Merchandize for securing the Payment of the Duties

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, all Goods or Merchandize which shall be landed in Docks, and lodged in the Custody of the Proprietors of the said Docks under the Provisions of this Act, not being Goods seized as forfeited to His Majesty, shall, when so landed, continue and be subject or liable to such and the same Claim for Freight in favour of the Master and Owner or Owners of the respective Ships or Vessels, or of any other Person or Persons interested in the Freight of the same, from or out of which such Goods or Merchandize shall be so landed, as such Goods, Wares or Merchandize respectively were subject and liable to whilst the same were on board such Ships or Vessels, and be-· fore the landing thereof; and the Directors and Proprietors of any such Docks at or in which any such Goods or Merchandize may be landed and lodged as aforesaid, or their Servants or Agents. or any of them, shall and may, and they are hereby authorized empowered and required, upon due Notice in that behalf gives to them by such Master or Masters, Owner or Owners, or other Persons as aforesaid, to detain and keep such Goods and Merchandize, not being seized as forfeited to His Majesty, in the Warehouses belonging to the said Docks as aforesaid, until the respective Freights to which the same shall be subject and liable as aforesaid shall be duly paid or satisfied, together with the Rates and Charges to which the same shall have been subject and liable, or until a Deposit shall have been made by the Owner or Owners, or Consignee or Consignees of such Goods or Merchandize, equal in Amount to the Claim or Demands made by the Master, Owner or Owners of the respective Ships or Vessels, or other Persons as aforesaid, for or on account of Freight upon such Goods or Merchandize; which Deposit the said Directors or Proprietors of such Docks, or their Agents respectively, sre hereby authorized and directed to receive and hold in trust until the Claim or Demand for Freight upon such Goods shall have been satisfied, upon Proof of which, and Demand made by the Person or Persons, their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, by whom the said Deposit shall have been made, and the Rates and Charges due upon the said Goods being first paid, the said Deposit shall be returned to him or them by the said Directors or Proprietors, or their Agents on their behalf, with whom the said Deposit shall have been made as aforesaid.

LXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in Goods found Act contained shall exempt or be deemed or construed to after Account Itempt any Quantity or Quantities of any Goods or Merchandize first taken, charged with hich may be found or discovered after the Account thereof has Duty. been first taken, and such Goods or Merchandize have been eposited in any such Warehouse or other Place as aforesaid, From being charged and chargeable with all Duties of Customs

and Excise.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Goods or Drawbacks al-Merchandize on which the full Duties shall have been paid, and lowed on Goods which shall afterwards be delivered or taken from any Ware-house or other Place where the same shall have been lodged or been paid in secured according to the Directions of this Act, shall be duly certain Cases.

exported to Foreign Parts, the Exporter or Exporters thereof shall be allowed such and the like Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs and Excise as are now payable by Law, as would have been allowed on the Exportation of any such Goods or Merchandize respectively in case this Act had not been made: Pro- Proviso as to vided always, that no Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs or certain Goods Excise shall be allowed or paid upon the Exportation to any in Schedule (B.)

British Colony, Plantation, Territory or Dominion in America or the West Indies, + upon any of the Goods or Merchandize of Foreign Manufacture mentioned in Schedule (B.) to this Act

† Sic.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Goods or Occupier of Merchandize which shall be lodged or secured in any Ware- Warehouse houses or Places under the Provisions of this Act, or any other Act answerable for or Acts for the warehousing of Goods and Merchandize without Goods removed Payment of Duty, shall be removed, carried or taken away without Warwithout a Warrant or Certificate being first had and obtained from rant of Officer. the proper Officer of the Customs and Excise, both or either, as to them may respectively belong, for that Purpose, certifying that the Duties thereon have been duly paid, or that such Goods or Merchandize are to be removed under the Provisions of this Act, the Occupier or Occupiers of such Warehouses or other Places shall be subject and liable to the Payment of the Duties due on such Goods so removed, carried or taken away; and the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, both or either, as to them may respectively belong, are hereby authorized and directed to grant such Warrant or Certificate (as the Case may be) upon Demand to the Owner or Consignee of the said Goods or Merchandize, or to the Occupier or Occupiers of such Warehouses or other Places accordingly.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Where Foreign Commencement of this Act, whenever any Foreign Goods and Goods are lost Merchandize which shall have been imported and entered for by staving or the Purpose of being warehoused or secured, or which shall have able Accident,

A.D. 1823.

been warehoused or secured, under the Provisions of this Act.

the Duty may be remitted, on Proof to the Commissioners of Customs or Excise.

C. 21.

+ Sic.

or any other Act or Acts in force for permitting Goods imported to be warehoused or secured without Payment of Duty, shall be lost or destroyed by accidental staving, or by any other unavoidable Accident, either on Shipboard or in the unshipping thereof, or in the shipping thereof for Exportation, or out a any Warehouse, it shall and + be lawful for the Commissioner Customs and Excise for the Time being, within their Jurisdiction respectively, to remit to the Importer, Exporter, Owner, Proprietor or Consignee of any such Goods or Merchandize, the Duties of Custom and Excise which shall have been payable or shall have been paid for or in respect of such Goods or Mochandize so lost or destroyed, and to cancel and vacate the Customs and Excise Bonds for or in respect of all such Good or Merchandize for which no such Duties shall have become payable or been paid, but for which Security shall have been given by Bond, taken for or in respect of the warehousing of securing the same: Provided always nevertheless, that no suc Duty shall be remitted, nor any such Bond be cancelled a vacated, in Part or in the Whole, unless Proof shall be make to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Customs said Excise, both or either, as to them may respectively belong the such Goods or Merchandize were lost or destroyed by such accidental staving, or other unavoidable Accident, on Shipboor or in the unshipping or shipping thereof, or out of any War house, and not from any want of due Care or Precaution on the Part of the Importer, Exporter, Owner, Proprietor or Consum thereof, or his, her or their Agent: Provided also, that ear such Bond or Bonds shall be and remain in full Force and Effect as to all the Goods or Merchandize to which the same shall relate and which shall not be so proved to have been so lost or destroy as aforesaid, and for or in respect whereof the Duties of Custo and Excise shall not be so remitted; any Law, Usage or Custo to the contrary notwithstanding. LXXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by

Bonds to remain as to other Goods.

Proviso for

39 G.S. c.59.

53 G.3. c.155.

54 G.3. c.36.

nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed u extend to repeal any of the Provisions contained in an Act part in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty is George the Third, intituled An Act for permitting certain Grant imported from the East Indies to be warehoused, and for repeditive Duties now payable thereon, and granting other Duties in the thereof; or in an Act made in the Fifty third Year of History late Majesty's Reign, for continuing in the East India Company the Possession of the British Territories in India, together vi certain exclusive Privileges, and for other Purposes in the Act mentioned; or in an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year His said late Majesty's Reign, to repeal the Duties of Custom payable on Goods imported into Great Britain from any Port Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the said Com pany, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof: Provided always, that the warehousing of East India Goods at any Parl or Ports of the United Kingdom other than London, under the said Act, shall be according to and subject to the Rules, Replations and Restrictions of the present Act: Provided further

15

g in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to repeal any of the Provisions contained or in an Act e Fifty seventh Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, 57 G.S. c.36. In Act to regulate the Trade to and from the Places § 9. Limits of the Charter of the East India Company, and in the Fifty ninth of His said late Majesty's Reign, 59 G.3, c.125. n Act to admit certain Goods imported from the East ntry and Payment of Duty without being warehoused, nit the Exportation of certain East India Goods to nd Jersey, and the Removal of certain East India Goods l, Lancaster, Bristol and Glasgow, for Exportation; er Act or Acts relating to the warehousing of East s, except as to the Bonds to be given upon the Exf Goods as hereinbefore provided for; or in an Act the said Thirty ninth Year of His said late Majesty's 39 G.S. c.lxix. tuled An Act for rendering more commodious and for ating the Port of London; or in an Act passed in the day are of His said late Majesty's Reign, to alter and 42 G.3. c.cxiii. said last mentioned Act of the Thirty night are the e Majesty's Reign, so far as the same relates to the f the West India Dock Company thereby established, ending to other Objects the Compensations directed to the said Act; or in an Act passed in the Thirty ninth 39 & 40 G.s. h Years of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled c.xlvii. making Wet Docks, Basons, Cuts and other Works, for Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce e within the Port of London; or in an Act made in fourth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, for 44 G.3. c. c. Goods within the Limits of the said Docks, and for ulations relating to the said Docks; or in an Act Forty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, 43 G.S. c. cxxvi. Act for the Improvement of the Port of London, by is and other Works at Blackwall for the Accommodation India Shipping in the said Port; or in an Act made in Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An 50 G.s. c.eevil. untaining and improving the Docks and Warshouses commercial Docks, and for making and maintaining and Warshouses to communicate therewith, all in the uint Mary Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey; or in le in the Fifty first Year of His said late Majesty's 51 G.3. c.clxxi. uled An Act for completing and maintaining the East ck at Rotherhithe in the County of Surrey; or in any for amending or extending the Provisions of any of ted Acts.

to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, other City or Town Corporate within the United or any other special Privilege or Exemption to which

107 . Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in Proviso for

tained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal Butlerage and ay alter the Duties of Butlerage or Prisage in Cases Prisage id Duties are now payable, nor the Duties of Package, able, and Package or Portage, nor any other Duties payable by alliage or Portage, nor any other Duties payable by London, &c.;
Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of

and for Laws relating to Import, Export or warehousing of Corn, &c.

Bonds to be taken in His Majesty's Name. + Sic.

Obstructing Officers, Penalty 1001.

Provisions of former Excise Acts not altered.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

No Action against Government for Goods destroyed by Fire;

any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, is or are now entitled by Law, but the same shall be continued as heretofore.

XC. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend in any way to alter or repeal any thing contained in any Act or Acts in force on or immediately before the Commencement of this Act, relating to the Importation, Exportation or warehousing of any Com-Meal or Flour, or the taking the same out of Warehouse in Exportation or Home Consumption.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That all such Bonds as are by this Act authorized or required shall be taken in His Majesty Name, and to His Majesty's Use, by the Commissioners of Exceet within their Jurisdiction respectively, as the Case may require of by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise appointed or employed

for that Purpose.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or P sons whatsoever shall molest, disturb, hinder, oppose or impede any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise in the due Executor of the Powers or Authorities by this Act granted to such Office or Officers of Customs or Excise, or any or either of then every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XCIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Rule Regulations, Restrictions, Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Matter and Things enacted by any Law or Laws of Excise in force at a immediately before the Commencement of this Act, whether it relation to the Importation or Exportation of any Goods, Ware or Merchandize chargeable with Duties of Excise as aforest or for the better ascertaining or securing those Duties, not be expressly repealed, revoked, altered or controuled by this prove Act, or repugnant to any of the Provisions herein contained, remain and continue in as full Force and Effect as if this Act is not been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary of withstanding.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties of Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be sued for, levied, more vered or mitigated, as any Fine, Forfeiture or Penalty under Law or Laws of Customs or Excise, or by Action of Debt. 18 Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or Dublin, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotter respectively; and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors. the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or st

XCV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Goods of Merchandize, warehoused or otherwise secured in pursuant this Act, shall be destroyed by Fire, it shall not be lawful for it Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consigner Consignees of any such Goods or Merchandize, or for any obt Person or Persons whatever, to claim or demand, or to main! any Action or Suit, on any Account whatever, against [8] Majesty, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, Custos or Excise, or any Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person employed by the said Commissioners respectively, for set

3.

ation for or on account or by reason of such Goods or lize having been destroyed by Fire as aforesaid; and no nor Duty pay-Customs or Excise whatever shall be demanded or paid able for them. oods or Merchandize so destroyed as aforesaid.

. And Whereas it is expedient that certain Articles for a Time to be limited, be excepted from the Pro-f this Act; Be it therefore enacted, That nothing in Prohibited contained shall extend or be construed to extend to Silks, &c. not Importation, at any Time before the Fifth Day of July ander Act be and eight hundred and twenty five, of any Wrought fore 5th of July f any Silk Manufactures whatever, under the Provisions 1825, nor Purposes of this Act, the Importation of which is or Foreign Linens ohibited by any Act or Acts in force immediately before without Payof this Act; nor to permit, at any Time after the this Act, the Importation of any Foreign Linens under the sions or for the Purposes of this Act, without Payment ties due and payable thereon at the Time of the first exported without Duty. eof; nor the Exportation of any Foreign Linens wareder the Provisions of this Act, without Payment of the e and payable on the Exportation thereof under any ts in force immediately before the passing of this Act; n this Act contained to the contrary in any wise not-

And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit Limitation of ought or commenced against any Person or Persons for Actions. done or performed in pursuance of this Act, such Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar xt after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and d in the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint nd not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in General Issue. Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and ct and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to reupon; and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or in such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs asuited, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if irrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or ne Defendant or Defendants shall have Double Costs, Double Costs. he like Remedy for the same as any Defendant has

r Cases to recover Costs by Law.

And be it further enacted, That this Act shall com- Commencebe in force and take effect from and after the Fifth ment of Act. y One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and

## SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

## SCHEDULE (A.)

Goods and Merchandize imported into Great Britain, ay be lodged and deposited only in Warehouses by and surrounded with Walls, or in other Warehouses s of special Security, especially to be approved by missioners of the Treasury, as directed by the Act to

which this Schedule is annexed, without the Duties due on this Importation thereof being first paid.

Agates, polished and rough. Almond Paste.

Aloes.

Ambraliquida. Ambergris.

Balsams of all Sorts.

Beads of all Kinds.

Beer. Benjamin. Bottles.

Bugles of all Kinds.

Cambrick. Camphor. Candles.

Cantharides. Cardamoms.

Cards. Carmine. Cassia Buds. Cassia Lignea. Cassia Fistula.

Castor. China Ware and Porcelain.'

Chrystal. Cider.

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Cinnamon (imported under Li-

cence). Citron Water. Civet.

Clocks. Cloves (imported under Licence).

Cochineal. Coculus Indicus. Coloquintida. Columbo Root.

Coral of all Sorts. Corks, ready made. Cuttle Shells.

Dice. Enamel.

Essences of all Sorts.

Extracts of all Sorts.

Feathers, Ostrich, and others not otherwise enumerated, whether dressed or undressed.

Flowers, Artificial. Garnets.

Gauze of all Kinds.

Ginger, preserved. Glass of all Kinds.

Grains of Paradise and of Guinea.

Gum Opoponax. Hair (Human). Hair Powder.

Hats and Bonnets of all Sorts.

Jalap. Jet.

Jewels, Emeralds, Rubies and all other precious Stones, except Diamonds.

Incle, wrought. Lace of all Kinds. Lapis Lazuli.

Mace (if imported by Licence).

Manna. Mercury Metheglin. Morels.

Musical Boxes.

Musk. Myrrh.

Nutmegs (if imported by Licence).

Nux Vomica. Opium. Or Moulu. Otto of Roses. Paper.

Pearls. Perry. Pictures. Plate. Platina.

Platting of all Sorts. Powder of Brass. of Bronze.

enumerated, or not otherwise described, which will serve for the same Use as Starch.

Quicksilver.

Radix Ipecacuanha. - Rhataniæ. Resina Jalapæ.

Rhubarb. Saffron. Sal Limonum. Sal Succini. Salt.

Scammony. Silk, raw and organzined.

Snuff.

Soap.

oap.
pikenard.
starch.
stones, Bezoar.
storax of all Kinds.
Succades.
Sugar.
Threads of all Kinds.
Tobacco.
Tortoise Shell.
Treacle of Venice.
Truffes.

Turbith.
Vanelloes.
Vellum.
Verdigris.
Vinegar.
Watches of all Sorts.
Watch Glasses.
Waters, Mineral.
Waters, Strong, of all Sorts.
Wires.
Yarn, Mohair.

And also all Goods and Merchandize of every Description, which, under the Provisions of this Act, may be imported for the Purpose of Exportation only.

## SCHEDULE (B.)

A LIST of Articles of Foreign Manufacture or Produce, which, before Exportation to the British Colonies, Plantations, Territories or Dominions in America or the West Indies, shall pay the Home Consumption Duties.

Bandstrings, Twist. Baskets. Blacking. Bladders. Books. Boxes. Brass, manufactured. Bricks and Clinkers. Butter. Cables. Cambricks. Candles. Caps of Cotton or Worsted. Cards. Carriages. Casks (empty) or Packs. China Ware or Porcelain. Cider. Cinders. Clocks. Comfits. Copper of all Sorts. Cordage. Corks, ready made. Cotton, manufactured. Crayons. Culm. Dice. Down. Earthenware. Enamel.

Extracts of all Kinds. Flowers, Artificial. Gauze of Thread. Glass, or Bottles made of Glass. Hair Powder. Hops. Ink for Printing. Iron, wrought or manufactured. Jewellery and Trinkets, manufactured of Gold, Silver or any other Metal. Lace. Lard. Lead, Red. —, White. Leather, manufactured. Linens. Matting. Mattrasses. Musical Instruments. Seed Oils. Oil or Blubber of Foreign Fishing. Spermaceti of Foreign Fishing. Paper. Painters' Colours. Paintings on Glass. Pens. Picture Frames. Pomatum. Powders of all Sorts. Silka

Silks of all Kinds, except of the Manufacture of Persia, China or the East Indies. Skates. Slate Pencils. Snuff. Soap, Hard and Soft. Starch. Steel, manufactured. Stockings of Cotton or Thread. Stuffs of all Sorts of Wool. Sugar Candy and Sugar Refined. Tapes. Tapestry. Threads. Ticking. Ticks. Tiles.

Tin Foil. Telescopes. Tobacco, manufactured. Tobacco Pipes. Tooth Powder. Twine. Varnish. Vellum. Verjuice. Vinegar. Wafers. Watch Glasses. Watches of Gold, Silver or othe Metal. Whip Cord. Wires of all Kinds. Woollen Manufactures of Kinds.

## CAP. XXV.

An Act for regulating the Number of Apprentices to be taken on board *British* Merchant Vessels; and for preventing the Desertion of Seamen therefrom. [12th May 1823.]

37 G.3. c.75. § 4. repealed.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for preventing the Desertion of Seames from British Merchant Ships trading to His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in the West Indies, it is enacted, that all and every Master and Masters of any Merchant Ship or Merchant Ships, trading to His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in the West Indies, shall have on board his or their Ship or Ships ' at the Time of such Ship or Ships clearing out from Great ' Britain, One Apprentice, who shall be under the Age of Seventeen Years, duly indented for Three Years, for every One ' hundred Tons Admeasurement of such Ship or Ships, and so in Proportion for every One hundred Tons which such Ship or Ships shall admeasure, according to the Certificate of Registry: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the said Provisions in respect to Apprentices on board Merchant Ships trading to His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in the West Indies, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons. in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said in part recited Act as requires the Master of any Ship trading to His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in the West Indies to have on board an Apprentice of Apprentices shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

After Jan. 1.
1824, the
Number of
Apprentices
Proportioned to

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First
Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four,
all and every Master and Masters of any Merchant Ship or Merchant Ships, exceeding the Burthen of Eighty Tons, shall have

his or their Ship or Ships, at the Time of such Ship or Townage as ring out from any Port of the United Kingdom called herein mentain, One Apprentice or Apprentices, in the following tioned.

to the Number of Tons of her Admeasurement, acthe Certificate of Registry; that is to say, For every ssel exceeding Eighty Tons and under Two hundred Apprentice at least; for every Ship or Vessel of Two ons and under Four hundred Tons, Two Apprentices at every Ship or Vessel of Four hundred Tons and under ed Tons, Three Apprentices at least; for every Ship or ive hundred Tons and under Seven hundred Tons, Four s at least; for every Ship or Vessel of Seven hundred

pwards, Five Apprentices at least; who shall, at the being indentured, respectively be under the Age of Years: Provided that every Apprentice so to be em- Time of Appoard any Ship or Vessel, as above described, shall be prenticeship. ed for at least Four Years; and the Indenture or In-

every such Apprentice shall be duly enrolled with the Enrolled. nd Comptroller at the Custom House of the Port from such Ship or Vessel shall first clear out after the Exe-

ich Indenture or Indentures.

be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act con- Proviso for l extend or be construed to extend to alter or in any Acts by which any Act now in force, and not amended or repealed Vessels are rewhereby any Ships or Vessels are required to have a Apprentices on Apprentices on entices, and that such Apprentices as shall be on board board. r Vessels conformably to the Rules and Regulations of ct shall be counted, deemed and reckoned in the Num-

by this Act. be it further enacted, That every Apprentice so en- Apprentices ex-

be and is hereby exempted from serving in His Ma-until he shall have attained the Age of Twenty one ded he is regularly serving his Time either with his or Ship Owner, or some other Master or Ship Owner Masters not Indentures shall have been regularly transferred; and enrolling In-Owner or Owners, or Master or Masters, neglecting dentures, &c. h Indenture or Indentures as aforesaid, or who shall ch Apprentice to leave his Service, except in case of sertion, Sickness or other unavoidable Cause, to be the Log Book, after the Vessel shall have cleared the Voyage upon which such Ship or Vessel may be

for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of to be paid in Manner following, that is to say, One Penalty 101. ne Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, and the by the Master or Masters thereof, to be levied, reapplied in Manner hereinafter mentioned.

e it further enacted, That every Person to whom such Apprentice may hall have been bound may employ him at any Time be employed in of which such Person may be the Master or Owner, which his with the Consent of such Apprentice, if above the Master is Capenteen, and if under that Age, with the Consent of tain or Owner,

or Guardians, transfer the Indentures of such Appren- and may be orsement thereon, to any other Person who may be transferred.

or Owner of any registered Ship or Vessel.



No Stamp on Transfers.

Mates of Ships of a certain Burthen exempt from Im-

C. 25.

Application and Recovery of Penalties.

Green wich Hospital, &c.

Justice may Warra

Distress for Penalties.

Imprisonment.

Deserters from Ships to forfeit Wages, and Claims thereto.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Stamp Duty shall be charged on any such Transfer by Endorsement.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the First Mate of every Ship or Vessel exceeding the Burthen of Eighty Tons, and the First and Second Mate of every Vessel exceeding Three hundred Tons Burthen, shall be and they are hereby exempt from being imprest to serve in His Majesty's Navy, provided they are regrlarly entered as such upon the Articles entered into by and be tween the Master, Scamen and Mariners of such Merchant Sta or Vessel.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Forfeiture given is

shove by this Act, shall be paid and applied in Manner following. that is to say, One Third Part thereof for and towards the Support of Greenwich Hospital; One Third Part thereof for and towns the Support of the Seamen's Hospital at the Port to which the Ship or Vessel in respect of which the Forfeiture shall and belongs; but in case there shall be no Seamen's Hospital at the Port to which such Ship or Vessel belongs, then to and for the Use and Benefit of the old and disabled Seamen of the sare Port and their Families, to be distributed at the Discretion 6 the Persons having the Direction of the Merchant Seamen's Inc at such Port, or in case there shall be no such Establishmen there, by the Magistrates or Overseers of the Poor of such Port; and the other Third Part thereof to and for the Person or Person who shall inform and sue for the same; and that such Forfeiter shall be recovered upon Information on the Oath of One or not Witnesses before any One or more of His Majesty's Justice # Justices of the Peace, in any Part of the United Kingdom. 18 shall not reside more than Ten Miles from the Place of About of the Person or Persons complained of, which Justice and he tices is and are hereby authorized and required to issue out b or their Warrant or Warrants to bring before him or them and Person charged with any Offence under this Act; and in case or they shall refuse or neglect to pay such Penalties or Forfettes as aforesaid, to issue his or their Warrant or Warrants to let a same by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods; and in the no Distress can be found, to commit the Offender or Offender to the Common Gaol at the City, Town or Place within the diction of such respective Justice or Justices, there to remain the Space of Three Calendar Months, or until he or they pay the same.

IX. And Whereas the Laws now in force for the Prevent of the Desertion of Persons composing the Crews of Media ' Ships in Foreign Parts, have been found ineffectual for Object, and further Provision is therefore necessary; Bel enacted, That from and after the First Day of January One is sand eight hundred and twenty four, if any Person belong the Crew of any registered Ship or Vessel shall desert from \$ said Ship or Vessel during the Absence of such Ship or Ves from this Kingdom, contrary to the Articles of Agreement entited into with the Master, or other Person having Charge or Commi of such Ship or Vessel, every such Person so deserting shall a only forfeit whatever Wages may be due to him for his Servi on board of the Ship or Vessel from which he may have so t shall also forfeit whatever Wages shall be due or have ed to be paid to him by or from the Owner or Owners, or other Person having the Charge or Command of r Vessel in the Service whereof such Person may have

the Voyage back to this Country.
be it further enacted, That the Wages which shall Application of ne forfeited for Desertion as aforesaid shall be applied forfeited Wages. wing Manner; videlicet, to the Reimbursement, in the , of the Expences thereby occasioned to the Owner or Person having the Charge or Command of any Ship or m which the said Seamen shall have so deserted; the to be divided in equal Proportions between Greenwich Greenwich nd the Hospital for sick and diseased Seamen which Hospital, &c. been established at the Port at which the Vessel bewhich such Person shall have so deserted; and in case ich Hospital shall have been established at the Port,

hole of the Sum forfeited, after deducting the Expenses ner or Master, or other Person having the Charge or of such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, shall be paid to

Use of Greenwich Hospital.

be it further enacted, That in every such Case of Wages of Deit shall and may be lawful for the Owner or Master, serters to be Person having the Charge or Command of any Ship or paid over to board of which any Person having so deserted shall Hospital, and ed for the Voyage Home, upon receiving Notice in applied, if the Time and Place of such Desertion, from the Claim be not

Master or other Person having the Charge or Com- established behe Vessel from which such Person shall have so de- fore Two Justices within Six Months after

Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, is hereby Deposit. deposit with the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital the n for the said Home Voyage, for the Purpose of being the Uses before mentioned, and which Sum shall be

those Uses accordingly; provided that such Person within Six Months from the Date of such Deposit n made with the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital as ave established his just Claim thereto before Two Jus-

Peace residing in or near the Place where such Ship hall have ended her Voyage, or been cleared at the use, or delivered her Cargo, or in the High Court of or in any Court of Record in which such Person may or the same: Provided always, that in every Case in Persons un-

all happen that Wages are withheld from any Person justly withholding the Charge or Master or other Person having the Charge or pay double the Amount, and Treble Costs. such Ship or Vessel shall have entered and reported

om House, establish by the Decision of Two Justices ce as aforesaid, or by the Decree of the High Court y, or of any Court of Record in which he shall have

e Recovery thereof, that the Charge of Desertion was founded, such Person shall not only be entitled to Wages due to him, of which the Amount deposited in

the Hands of the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital shall form a Part, but also Treble Costs, and which shall be paid to such Person or his lawful Attorney, by the Owner, Master or other Person upon whose Notice or at whose Instance the Payment thereof shall have been withheld from him, within Seven Days after the Fact of his not having deserted shall have been so estblished; to be certified by the said Magistrates, or the Court is which the Decision shall have been pronounced.

Act not to prerent Seamen entering into the Navy, or thereby subject them to Forfeiture of Wages,

C. 25, 26.

XIL Provided, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to debar any Seaman or Mariner, be longing to any Merchant Ship or Vessel, from entering or being entered into the Service of His Majesty, His Heirs and Succesors, on board any of His or Their Ships or Vessels; nor she such Seaman or Mariner, for such Entry, forfeit the Wages dut !! him during the Term of his Service in such Merchant Ship of Vessel, nor shall such Entry be deemed a Desertion.

#### CAP. XXVI.

An Act to repeal the Duties on certain Articles, and to provide for the gradual Discontinuance of the Duties on certain other Articles, the Manufacture of Great Britain and Irland respectively, on their Importation into either Country free the other. Г**23d** May 1855.

59 & 40 G.S. 40 G.3. c.67. c. 38. (I.) Union Acts, Article VI. Sched! No.2.

HEREAS by the Acts made in the Parliaments of Green Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of be Britain and Ireland, it is among other Things enacted, a Part of the Britain and Ireland, it is among other Things enacted, a Part of the Britain and Ireland, it is among other Things enacted, as Part of the Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of the Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of the Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of the Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of the Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of the Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of the Britain and Ireland, it is among other Things enacted, as Part of the Union of the Britain and Ireland, it is among other Things enacted, as Part of the Union of the Britain and Ireland, as Part of the Union of the Britain and Ireland, as Part of the Union of the Britain and Ireland, as Part of the Union of the Britain and Ireland, as Part of the Union of the Ireland and Ireland, as Part of the Union of the Ireland and of the Sixth Article of the said Union, "That for the Periods Twenty Years from the Union, certain Articles, the Manufacture of either Country, specified and enumerated in the said Article and in the Schedule Number Two to the said Acts respective ' annexed, should be subject, on the Importation into the Country from the other, to the Duties specified in the st

1 G.4. c.45. § 1.

Article and Schedule respectively: And Whereas by an 15 ' made in the First Year of the Reign of His present Mage intituled An Act to continue certain Duties on several Athia the Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland respective? their Importation into either Country from the other, Protest was made for continuing the Duties on the said Articles, and it ' making them terminable at certain Periods in the Property therein specified, between the First Day of January One in

sand eight hundred and twenty one and the Thirty first Day!

December One thousand eight hundred and forty: And When it is expedient that the Duties on many of the said Article should cease and determine, and that Provision should be ' for the gradual Discontinuance of the Remainder of such Dura ' so that the Whole thereof may cease at an earlier Period that provided for that Purpose by the said last mentioned Act; h it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual

Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assemble and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passes

of this Act, all Duties payable on all Cottons, Calicoes and Music

whaterer

Duties on Cottons, &c. under 1 G.4. c.45. repealed, and

whatever, payable under the said recited Act, shall be and the from 10th Oct. same are hereby repealed; and that from and after the Tenth 1823 the Act Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, repealed. the said hereinbefore recited Act of the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty shall be and the same is hereby wholly

repealed.

IL And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Ad valorem Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, Duties of 10 he Duty of Ten Pounds on every One hundred Pounds of the entain Artic Value of the several Articles hereinafter enumerated, being the berein men-Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland respectively, on their tioned to ce Importation into either Country from the other respectively, under after 10th Oct. or by virtue of the said Acts for the Union of Great Britain and 1823. Irdand, or of any other Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, shall cease and determine, and shall be no longer paid or payable; (that is to say,) Apparel (except New Apparel and Army Clothing as hereinafter mentioned), Wrought Brass, Cabinet Ware, Coaches and other Carriages, Wrought Copper, Flat Window Glass and Plate Glass, Haberdashery, Tin Plates, Wrought Iron and Hardware, Gold and Silver Lace, Gold and Silver Thread, Bullion for Lace, Pearls and Spangles, Millinery, Pottery, Sadlery and other manufactured Leather, Silk Manufactures made of Silk mixed with any other Materials, Silks and Ribbons of Silk mixed with Gold or Silver, all Silk Gloves, Silk Fringe, Silk Laces, Stitching and Sewing Silk, Stuffs of Silk and Grogram Yarn, Stuffs mixed with Incle or Cotton, Stuffs of Silk and Worsted mixed, Stuffs of Silk mixed with any other Materials, Silk in the State called Organzine or Thrown Silk, and all Stockings made of Silk, Cotton, Woollen or Worsted; and that from and after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, all Duties payable under any such Acts upon any Woollen Manufactures of Great Britain or Ireland respectively, known or distinguished by the Name or Description of Ornamental Old Drapery, and also all Duties payable on any Woollen Manufactures known by the Name of New Drapery (other than and except such Articles on which any Duty is expressly imposed by this Act), imported into either Country from the other respectively, shall in like Manner cease and determine, and be no longer paid a payable; any thing in the said Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the said recited Act of the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or in any other Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; save and except in all Cases and so far as shall relate to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears of any of the said Duties on my of the said Articles, which may remain unpaid on the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, or any Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time on or before the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised, Ad valorem levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, Duties on His Heirs and Successors, in ready Money, without any Discount factures of whatever,

either Country imported into the other; from 10th Oct. to 31st Dec. 1828, 10l. per Cent.

whatever, upon and in respect of the several Articles hereinsher mentioned, being the Manufacture of Great Britain and Ireland respectively, on their Importation into either Country from the other respectively, the several and respective Duties following; (that is to say,) Upon all Manufactures of Silk, being Handkerchiefs, Ribbons and Stuffs of Silk only; upon all Glass, (except Flat Window Glass or Plate Glass,) upon all Hats, and upon all Paper printed, painted or stained for Hangings or other Uses, a Duty of Ten Pounds on every One hundred Pounds of the Value of any such Articles, which shall be so imported at any I'm after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and

1st Jan. to 31st Dec. 1824. 71. 10s. per Cent.

1825. 51. per Cent.

1826. 21. 10s. per Cent.

and then to cease.

Certain printed Calicoes, from passing this Act to 31st Dec. 1825, 10l. per

1826. 8l. per Cent.

1827. 61. per Cent.

1828. 4l, per Cent.

twenty three, and at any Time on or before the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; a Duty of Seven Pounds and Ten Shillings, and no more, on every 0x hundred Pounds of the Value of such Articles which shall be w imported at any Time on or after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, and on or before the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred so twenty four; a Duty of Five Pounds, and no more, on every one hundred Pounds of the Value of any such Articles which shall ke so imported at any Time on or after the First Day of January. One thousand eight hundred and twenty five, and on or before the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty five; a Duty of Two Pounds and Ten Shillings, se no more, on every One hundred Pounds of the Value of un such Articles which shall be so imported at any Time on or and the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and tweet six, and on or before the Thirty first Day of December One the sand eight hundred and twenty six; and that the said Duty of In Pounds and Ten Shillings for every One hundred Pounds of such Value shall remain in force and be payable until and upon said Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, and no longer, and shall then cease and detamine:

Upon all Calicoes, being printed, painted or stained, excelled as shall be dyed throughout of one Colour, or as shall be made of Cotton Yarn coloured or dyed before weaving, a Duy Ten Pounds on every One hundred Pounds of the Value of # such Calicoes which shall be so imported at any Time on or and the passing of this Act, and at any Time on or before the Thirty is Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty five: 1 Duty of Eight Pounds on every One hundred Pounds of the Value of any such Calicoes which shall be so imported at any Time on or after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, and at any Time on or before the Thin! first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and tweet six; a Duty of Six Pounds on every One hundred Pounds of it Value of any such Calicoes which shall be so imported at # Time on or after the First Day of January One thousand eighthundred and twenty seven, and at any Time on or before the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred twenty seven; a Duty of Four Pounds on every One hundred Pounds of the Value of any such Calicoes which shall be so ported at any Time on or after the First Day of January Ove nd eight hundred and twenty eight, and at any Time on or the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hunnd twenty eight; a Duty of Two Pounds on every One d Pounds of the Value of any such Calicoes which shall be 21. per Cent. orted at any Time on or after the First Day of January One d eight hundred and twenty nine, and at any Time on or the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hund twenty nine; and that the said Duty of Two Pounds for and then to one hundred Pounds of such Value shall remain in force cease. payable until and upon the said Thirty first Day of Decem-thousand eight hundred and twenty nine, and no longer, Il then cease and determine:

a all New Apparel imported for Sale, and upon all Army New Apparel, g imported, such Apparel or Clothing being made of any &c. d or Materials which would be subject to the Duty on Old y if imported in the Piece or not made up, a Duty of Ten 10l. per Cent. for every One hundred Pounds of the Value of any such after 10th Oct. which shall be so imported at any Time after the Tenth until 31st Dec. October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, any Time on or before the Thirty first Day of December usand eight hundred and twenty three; a Duty of Eight 1st Jan. to 31st and Ten Shillings on every One hundred Pounds of the Dec. 1824, f any such Articles which shall be so imported at any Time 81. 10s. per ter the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred Cent. enty four, and at any Time on or before the Thirty first December One thousand eight hundred and twenty four; of Seven Pounds on every One hundred Pounds of the 71. per Cent. f any such Articles which shall be so imported at any Time ter the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred nty five, and at any Time on or before the Thirty first Day nber One thousand eight hundred and twenty five; a Duty Pounds and Ten Shillings on every One hundred Pounds 51, 10s. per alue of any such Articles which shall be so imported at Cent. e on or after the First Day of January One thousand eight and twenty six, and at any Time on or before the irst Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ix; a Duty of Four Pounds on every One hundred Pounds alue of any such Articles which shall be so imported at 4l. per Cent. e on or after the First Day of January One thousand eight and twenty seven, and at any Time on or before the first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and seven; a Duty of Two Pounds and Ten Shillings on every ndred Pounds of the Value of any such Articles which 21. 10s. per so imported at any Time on or after the First Day of One thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, and at e on or before the Thirty first Day of December One l eight hundred and twenty eight; a Duty of One Pound One hundred Pounds of the Value of any such Materials 11. per Cent. hall be so imported at any Time on or after the First Day ary One thousand eight hundred and twenty nine, and at

in force and be payable until the said Thirty first Day of

1825.

1827.

d eight hundred and twenty nine; and that the said Duty and then to Pound for every One hundred Pounds of such Value shall cease.

December One thousand eight hundred and twenty nine, and no longer, and shall then cease and determine: And that the said several Duties respectively so by this Act imposed shall be in lieu and full Satisfaction of the Duty of Ten Pounds per Centum due and payable upon the Importation of the said Articles respectively under the said recited Acts for the Union of Great Britans and Ireland, or any other Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act.

After 10th Oct. no Duty on Old Drapery of 12s. per Yard, or New Drapery of 1s. 3d. per Yard.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any Woollen Goods known by the Name of Old Drapery, of the Value or Price of Twelve Shillings or more per running Yard, and any Woollen or Worsted Stuffs (not being figured, twilled or printed), and any Flannels known by the Name of New Drapery of the Value of One Shilling and Three Pence or more per running Yard, the Manufacture of Great Britain and Ireland respectively, which shall be imported into either Country from the other at any Time after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, shall not be liable to the Payment of any Duty whatever; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary is any wise notwithstanding.

V. And for the ascertaining of such Value or Price, be it

How such Value to be ascertained,

enacted, That when any Person shall make an Entry of any such Goods, it shall and may be lawful for the principal Officer at the Port of Importation, whensoever he shall think fit, to ascertus the Value and Price of the same by the Estimation of Three Persons, to be named and appointed in Manner following; (that is to say,) One of the said Persons shall be named by the said Office, another by the Person making the Entry of such Goods, and the Third by the Two Persons so named as aforesaid; and the Person so named and appointed shall examine into and estimate the Value of such Goods, and shall declare the same in Writing under the Hands to such Officer, according to the best of their Judgment and such Goods shall be admitted to Entry either Duty free, or a Payment of the Duty payable under this Act, as the Case shall require: Provided always, that if it shall appear that any such Goods, which shall be entered as being of the Value of Twelve Shillings, or of One Shilling and Three Pence or more per running Yard respectively, shall by such Three Persons be estimated to be of a less Value by One Fifth Part of such Prices respectively, then the Person making Entry of the same shall forfeit Treble the Value of all such Goods, to be recovered in like manner as an Penalty under any Act or Acts for the Security of Duties of Customs. VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the such

Goods admitted to Entry. Value falsely stated.

Penalty.

Duties on Woollen Manufactures.

Old Drapery.

Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twent three, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Ready Money, without any Discount whatever, upon and in respect of the several Articles following, being the Manufacture of Grass Britain and Ireland respectively, on their Importation into either Country from the other, the several and respective Duties following; (that is to say,) Upon all Woollen Manufactures known by the Name of Old Drapery (except Ornamental Old Drapery), a Duty of Eight Pence Halfpenny on every Yard of any such Manufactures

thich shall be so imported at any Time after the Tenth From 10th Oct. ober One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, until 31st Dec. Time on or before the Thirty first Day of December 1823, 81d. per and eight hundred and twenty three; a Duty of Seven 1st Jan. to 31st penny on every Yard of any such Manufactures which Dec. 1824, 71d. imported at any Time on or after the First Day of per Yard. hirty first Day of December One thousand eight hunrenty four; a Duty of Sixpence Halfpenny on every 1825. such Manufactures which shall be so imported at any 6ld. per Yard. after the First Day of January One thousand eight twenty five, and on or before the Thirty first Day of ne thousand eight hundred and twenty five; a Duty of Halfpenny on every Yard of any such Manufactures 51d. per Yard. be so imported at any Time on or after the First Day One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, and on he Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight d twenty six; a Duty of Four Pence Halfpenny on 1827. of any such Manufactures which shall be so imported 41d. per Yard. on or after the First Day of January One thousand ed and twenty seven, and on or before the Thirty first ember One thousand eight hundred and twenty seven; Three Pence Halfpenny on every Yard of any such es which shall be so imported at any Time on or after 3ld. per Yard. ay of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty on or before the Thirty first Day of December One ght hundred and twenty eight; a Duty of Two Pence on every Yard of any such Manufactures which shall 21d, per Yard. ted at any Time on or after the First Day of January nd eight hundred and twenty nine, and on or before rst Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ; and that the said Duty of Two Pence Halfpenny and then to ard of any such Manufactures shall remain in force cease. able until and upon the said Thirty first Day of Dethousand eight hundred and twenty nine, and no shall then cease and determine:

h Woollen and Worsted, Flannels and Worsted Stuffs, Woollen and Stuffs, Serges, Shalloon and Camlets, whether plain, twilled Worsted Stuffs, as shall have undergone the Process either of washdyeing or pressing, being Articles of the Woollen es known by the Name of New Drapery, a Duty of From 10th Oct. Three Farthings on every Yard of any such Articles be so imported at any Time after the said Tenth ober One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, Time on or before the Thirty first Day of December nd eight hundred and twenty five; a Duty of Two 1st Jan. to 31st ning on every Yard of any such Articles which shall Dec. 1826, ted at any Time on or after the First Day of January and eight hundred and twenty six, and at any Time on the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight det twenty six; a Duty of One Penny Three Farthings and of any such Articles which shall be so imported 13d. per Yard. e on or after the First Day of January One thousand ed and twenty seven, and at any Time on or before the

1828. 11d. per Yard.

1829. ad. per Yard.

and then to

Ad valorem
Duties paid in
British or Irish
Currency;
the Duties on
Woollen Manufactures in Irish
Currency,

carried to Consolidated Fund.

Duties under Management of Commissioners of Customs.

Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty seven; a Duty of One Penny Farthing on every Yard of any such Articles which shall be so imported at any Time on a after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred ad twenty eight, and at any Time on or before the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty eight: Duty of Three Farthings on every Yard of any such Artics which shall be so imported at any Time on or after the First by of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty nine, and any Time on or before the Thirty first Day of December (se thousand eight hundred and twenty nine; and that the said De of Three Farthings for every Yard of such Articles shall ress in force and be payable until and upon the said. Thirty first line of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty me. no longer, and shall then cease and determine: And that the several Duties on the Importation of the said Woollen Marfactures shall be in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties per able on the Importation of such Manufactures under the set recited Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, or # other Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of the Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties by its Act imposed, in respect of every One hundred Pounds of Walue of any of the Articles herein mentioned, shall be estimated and paid according to the Amount thereof British Currency, in all Cases where the Value of such Armos shall be estimated in British Currency; and where such like shall be estimated in Irish Currency, the said Duties shall be estimated, calculated and paid according to the Amount there is Irish Currency; and that the said Duties on Woollen in Irish Currency; and that the said Duties on Woollen in Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland) be calculated and paid according to the Amount thereof in Irish Currency and that all the said several Duties shall be carried to and many part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Irish Britain and Ireland.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties by this Magnanted shall be under the Management of the Commissional Customs for the Time being; and that the said Duties shall raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Hein's Successors, in the same Manner and under all such Powers Authorities, and by all such Ways and Methods, and according all such Rules and Directions, and under all such Pensities Forfeitures as other Duties of Customs or Duties on Important by the Pensities of Customs or Duties on Important personnel in the United Kingdom, or in England, Scotland or Internal Pensities of Customs or Duties on Important personnel in the United Kingdom, or in England, Scotland or Internal Pensities of Customs or Duties on Important pensities of Customs or Duties of Customs or Duties of Customs or Duties or Important pensities of Customs or Duties of Customs or

land respectively.

3.

## CAP. XXVII.

amend an Act passed in the Seventh Year of the of His late Majesty King George the Third, respecttices of the Quorum in Cities and Towns Corporate. [23d May 1823.]

REAS an Act was passed in the Seventh Year of the 7G.3. c.21. eign of His late Majesty King George the Third, inti-Act to obviate the Inconveniencies that may arise with the Execution of Acts of Parliament in such Cities, Towns Corporate, Franchises or Liberties, as have only ice of the Peace of the Quorum qualified to act within ; whereby it was enacted, that in all such Cities, s, Towns Corporate, Franchises and Liberties, as have Justice of the Peace of the Quorum, that all Acts, Adjudications, Warrants, Indentures of Apprenticeship Instruments, which shall be made, done or executed or more Justices of the Peace within such Cities, s, Towns Corporate, Franchises and Liberties, though of the said Justices are of the Quorum, shall be valid tual in Law: And Whereas it is expedient that the as of the said Act should be extended to such Cities er Jurisdictions as have Two or any other limited of Justices of the Quorum qualified to act within the set therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent and with the Advice and Consert of the Lord by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament and by the Authority of the same, That from and In Places havpassing of this Act, in all Cases where the Number of ing a limited the Peace for any City, Borough, Town Corporate, Liberty or other local Jurisdiction, is limited, and any or more of such Justices only are of the Quorum, all empowered to rs, Adjudications, Warrants, Indentures of Apprentice- act, though not er Instruments, which shall be made, done or executed, of the Quorum. out of the General Quarter Sessions or Petty Sessions, ournment thereof, by virtue of any Charter or Grant, e of any Act of Parliament made or to be made, by r more Justices of the Peace acting within the same, ther of the said Justices be of the Quorum, shall be w, to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Justices of the Quorum; any Grant, Charter, Law or Custom rary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

#### CAP. XXVIII.

r the more speedy Reduction of the Number of s, Corporals and Drummers in the Militia of Irehen not in actual Service. [23d May 1823.]

REAS by an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of 57 G.3. c.104. Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, An Act to reduce the Number of Serjeants, Corporals nmers in the Militia of Ireland, whilst disembodied; it d, that no Vacancy which shall occur by the Death,

A.D. 1823.

C. 28, 29.

Serjeants, &c. may be reduced (at any Time after passing this Act) to the Proportions herein mentioned.

 Dismissal or Removal of any Serjeants, Corporals or Drumers of any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, which shall 'not be embodied and called out into actual Service, shall be ' supplied or filled up until the Numbers of such Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers shall be reduced below the Numbers therein mentioned: And Whereas it is expedient that Power ' should be given for the more speedy Reduction of the Number of such Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers, in such Regiment or Battalions of the said Militia in which such Reduction stell ' not have taken place before the passing of this Act: Be: therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by a with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at any Time after the passing of the Act it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successor. or for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland for the Time being, to direct that the Number of Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers to be retained in any liest ment or Battalion of the said Militia on permanent Pay, when not in actual Service, shall be as follows, and no more, and the same shall thereupon be the ordinary Establishment of such Rement or Battalion; that is to say, One Serjeant and One Corpora and no more, to every Thirty private Men, and One Drummer every Company, with an Addition of One Drummer to each list Company; and if it shall happen that there shall then remain! Surplus of Fifteen private Men or upwards, and less than Thin every such Regiment or Battalion shall and may, in such [see have One additional Corporal for such Surplus Number of Mer and when any such Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall be drawn out into actual Service, such Addition shall be made thereto, is there shall be One Serjeant and One Corporal to every Tron private Men, and Two Drummers to every Company.

## CAP. XXIX.

An Act to increase the Power of Magistrates, in Case ! Apprenticeships. [23d May 1823]

See c. 34. post. 20 G.2. c.19. \$ 3.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Twentieth Year of 18 Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intitude An Act for the better adjusting and more easy Recovery of Wages of certain Servants, and for the better Regulation of December 2. Servants, and of certain Apprentices, it is, among other thing enacted and provided, that it shall and may be lawful to and it any Two or more Justices of the Peace, upon any Complaint Application by any Apprentice put out by the Parish, or or other Apprentice, upon whose binding out no larger a Sum Five Pounds of lawful British Money was paid, touching or @ cerning any Misusage, Refusal of necessary Provision, Crue or other ill Treatment of or towards such Apprentice, by he her Master or Mistress, to summon such Master or Mistres appear hefore such Justices, at a reasonable Time to be new in such Summons; and such Justices shall and may exempt into the Matter of such Complaint, and upon Proof there ! made upon Oath to their Satisfaction, (whether the Master # Mistres!

Mistress be present or not, if Service of the Summons be also ' upon Oath proved,) the said Justices may discharge such Ap-' prentice, by Warrant or Certificate under their Hands and Seals, ' for which Warrant or Certificate no Fees shall be paid; and it ' is also enacted, that it shall and may be lawful to and for such ' Justices, upon Application or Complaint made upon Oath, by any Master or Mistress against any such Apprentice, touching or concerning any Misdemeanor, Miscarriage or ill Behaviour ' in such his or her Service, (which Oath such Justices are hereby 'empowered to administer,) to hear, examine and determine the ' same, and to punish the Offender by Commitment to the House of Correction, there to remain and be corrected and held to ' Hard Labour for a reasonble Time, not exceeding One Calendar ' Month, or otherwise by discharging such Apprentice in Manner ' and Form before mentioned: And Whereas by another Act ' made in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty 35 G.S. c. 55. ' King George the Third, intituled An Act to authorize Justices of \$1. the Peace to impose Fines upon Constables, Overseers, and other Peace and Parish Officers, for Neglect of Duty, and on Masters of Apprentices for ill Usage of such their Apprentices, and also to ' nake Provision for the Execution of Warrants of Distress granted by Magistrates, it is enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for 'any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, 'assembled at any Special or Petty Sessions of the Peace, upon ' Complaint made to them upon Oath, by or on the behalf of any ' Apprentice to any Trade or Business whatsoever, whether bound 'Apprentice by any Parish or Township, or otherwise, (provided that not more than the Sum of Ten Pounds be paid upon the 'binding of such Apprentice,) against his or her Master or 'Mistress, of any ill Usage of such Apprentice by such Master or Mistress, (such Master or Mistress having been duly sum-'moned to appear and answer such Charge or Complaint,) to 'impose, upon Conviction, any reasonable Fine or Fines not ex-' ceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings upon such Master or Mistress 'respectively, as a Punishment for such ill Usage; and by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of such Justices assembled at any such Special or Petty Sessions as 'aforesaid, to direct such Fine or Fines, if not paid, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so offending, rendering the overplus (if any), after deducting the Amount of such Fine or Fines, and the Charges of such Distress and Sale, to such Offender or Offenders: And Whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of the said Act 'should be extended to Apprentices upon whose binding out a 'larger Sum than Five Pounds or Ten Pounds respectively, as 'mentioned in the said Acts, was paid:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Comment of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August One thousand Recited Acts to a stend to Append to Appendix to Append to Append to Append to Appendix to Append to Appendix to Appendi eight hundred and twenty three, the Provisions of the said recited extend to Ap-Acts, so far as the same relate to Apprentices, shall extend and be prentices bound beened and construed to all Apprentices, and be out at no larger deemed and construed to extend to all Apprentices, upon whose Sam than 251. binding out no larger a Sum than Twenty five Pounds of lawful

4 2.

British

British Money was or shall be paid; any thing contained in the

In what case Justices may order Premium to be refunded.

C. 29, 30.

said Acts, or either of them, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it

shall and may be lawful for any Two or more of His Majesty Justices of the Peace, in any case where they shall direct any Ap prentice or Apprentices to be discharged under and by virtue of the said recited Acts or of this Act, to take into Consideration the Circumstances under which such Apprentice or Apprentices in be so discharged, and to make an Order upon the Master a Mistress of such Apprentice or Apprentices to refund all or an Part of the Premium or Premiums which may have been or and be paid upon the binding or placing out of such Apprentice # Apprentices, as such Justices in their Discretion shall see it If not refunded, and in case any Sum or Sums of Money which shall be so ordered

Levied under Warrant.

to be refunded by such Master or Mistress, shall be neglected if be paid to the Person or Persons directed in any such Order to receive the same, it shall and may be lawful for such Two or nor Justices, in Petty Sessions, by Warrant under their Hands at Seals, to levy the same upon the Goods and Chattels of sad Master or Mistress, with the Cost and Charges of levying sec Distress, rendering the Overplus of the Sale of such Goods and

Goods.

Imprisonment.

If not sufficient Chattels, upon Demand, to such Master or Mistress; and in ox there shall not be sufficient Goods and Chattels whereon to let the same, then it shall and may be lawful for such Justice # commit such Offender or Offenders to the House of Commit for any Time not exceeding Two Months, unless the Sun " Sums ordered to be refunded, with all Costs, shall be some and satisfied.

20 G.2. c.19. 33 G.S. c.55. continued. (Exception.)

III. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Acts of all and every the Powers and Provisions thereof (save and exce such Parts thereof as are varied, altered or repealed), shall be s good, valid and effectual for carrying this Act into Executions if the same had been repeated in this Act.

#### CAP. XXX.

An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of certain Articles subject to Duties of Excise, and certain other Articles the Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain and Iran respectively, into and from either Country from and to be other. [30th May 1893.

39 & 40 G.S. c.67. 40 G.S. (I.) c.38. Art.6.

WHEREAS by the Acts made in the Parliaments of 600 Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of 600 Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of 675 Britoin and Ireland, it is among other Things enacted, as of the Sixth Article of the said Union, that any Articles of the said Union, that are the said Union that Uni Growth, Produce or Manufacture of either Country, which is or may be subject to internal Duty, or to Duty on the Material of which they are composed, may be made subject, on their portation into each Country respectively from the other, " such countervailing Duty as shall appear to be just and reason able in respect of such internal Duties on such Articles or Mr

nd that upon the Export of the said Articles from each to the other respectively, a Drawback shall be given Amount to the countervailing Duty payable on such on the Importation thereof into the same Country from : And Whereas by the said Acts for the Union of Great nd Ireland, and by several Acts from time to time passed said Union, divers countervailing Duties and equivalent ks have from time to time been granted and made payespect of divers Articles in Great Britain and Ireland ely subject to such internal Duty, or to Duty on the of which such Articles are composed: And Whereas t made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His 46 G.3. c.97. esty King George the Third, intituled An Act to permit Interchange of every Species of Grain between Great and Ireland; and by an Act made in the Session of Parholden in the First and Second Years of the Reign of 1&2G.4. c.19. ent Majesty, intituled An Act to permit the Removal of Goods from Great Britain to Ireland, and from Ireland Britain, by Cocket, Certificate, Letpass or Transire, Proe made for the Interchange of Corn, and the Removal irticles, the Produce or Manufacture of either Country ely, as are not subject to Duty or entitled to Drawlike manner as Goods sent Coastwise in Great Britain and respectively: And Whereas it is expedient that Provisions should be made with respect to certain subject to Duties of Excise, and to certain other the Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain or Irepectively, imported or exported into and from either from and to the other: Be it therefore enacted by the st Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and ConLords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this rliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight Articles liable nd twenty three, in all Cases where any Articles, the to equal Duties roduce or Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland re-are or shall be subject to internal Duties of Excise, and Ireland ies on the Materials or any of them of which such may be ime composed, of the same specific Amount, or of such ported without ccording to different Modes of charging such Duty as Duty, and exquivalent to each other in Great Britain and Ireland ported without by, such Articles, having paid such Duties, shall not y, such Articles, having paid such Duties, shall not, tween the Two Importation into either Country respectively from the Countries, subject to any countervailing Duty whatever; and that under the like Export of such Articles from either Country to the Coast Regulations through be given, allowed or paid, in respect of any such Kingdom. Excise; any thing in the said Acts of Union, or in any or Acts to the contrary thereof in any wise notwith-And that from and after the Fifth Day of July One eight hundred and twenty three, it shall and may be export from Great Britain to Ireland, or from Ireland Britain, and to import into Great Britain from Ireland, eland from Great Britain, any such Articles the Produce

acture of either Country respectively, in like Manner,

Exception.

Articles imported liable to the highest Rates of Excise Duty in the only Excess of Duty.

Articles liable to Duty in importing Country, and not in exporting Country, to pay on Import.

No Drawback

Articles exported liable to highest Rate of Excise Duty in exporting Country.

Drawback.

and under such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, and no others, as the same Articles are or may be subject and liable to when carried Coastwise from one Port to another in England; and that all such Goods and Articles (except as hereinafter mentioned) which shall be carried Coastwise, or from any one Port in the United Kingdom to any other Port in the United Kingdom, shall be and become subject in all Case to the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, whether the Port or Ports from and to which they shall k so carried shall be situate in Great Britain or in Ireland; any thing contained in any Act or Acts in force immediately before the pasing of this Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fitth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, where ever any Article, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Grav Britain or Ireland respectively, shall be imported into either Country from the other, which shall be subject to any internal Country, to pay Duty of Excise, or to any Duty on the Materials or any of the of which such Article is composed, at and after a Rate of Amount, in the Country into which such Article shall be ported, higher than the Rate or Amount payable in the Comm from which such Article shall be exported, such Articles 15 spectively shall, upon their Importation into either Country from the other, be subject and liable to the Payment of such Day only as shall be equal to the Excess of the Amount of the Dur or Duties payable as aforesaid in the Country into which any sub Article shall be imported, above the Amount of such Duy Duties as aforesaid which shall have been actually paid in the Country from which such Article shall be exported: And the whenever any Article of such Growth, Produce or Manufacture shall be so imported, which shall be subject to any such Dury of Duties as aforesaid in the Country into which such Article shall x imported, and shall not be subject to any such Duty or Dutes aforesaid in the Country from which the same shall be exported such Article shall, upon such Importation, be subject and light to the Payment of a Duty equal to the Amount of the Duy Duties which shall be payable as aforesaid in the Country in which any such Article shall be imported from the Country which such Article is not liable to any such Duty or Duties; 18th that in all such Cases no Drawback whatever shall be allowed " on Exportation. the Exportation of any such Article from either Country to the other; any thing in the said Acts of Union, or in any other M or Acts to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth

Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, who ever any Article, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Gris Britain or Ireland respectively, shall be exported from either Country to the other, which shall be subject to any internal Dut of Excise, or to any Duty on the Materials or any of them of which such Article is composed, at and after a Rate or Amount in the Country from which such Article shall be exported, higher than the Rate or Amount payable in the Country into which such Article is to be imported, a Drawback shall be allowed and give equal in Amount to the Excess of the Duty or Duties as aforesid

23.

I have been actually paid on such Article in the Country h such Article shall be exported, above the Amount of or Duties payable on the like Article in the Country into h Article is to be imported: And that whenever any Articles liable, such Growth, Produce or Manufacture shall be so to Duty in which shall be subject to any such Duty or Duties as a country, and anot inimporting dishall not be subject to any such Duty or Duties as Country. the Country into which such Article shall be imported, k shall be allowed and given equal to the Amount of of the Duty or Duties as aforesaid which shall have lly paid in the Country from which such Article shall be o the Country in which such Article is not liable to any or Duties as aforesaid; and that in all such Cases, no Drawback not ever shall be payable on the Importation of any such liable to Duty to either Country from the other; any thing in the said on Importation. nion, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof

notwithstanding.

I be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Articles liable to Excise Duty ly One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, in here any Article, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture (Duty free) of any Duty or Duties of Excise as aforesaid, is or shall ed from Wared, under any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain or house in one
be secured in Warehouses without Payment of such
liable to Duty duties of Excise, it shall and may be lawful to export on Importinto t Britain to Ireland and from Ireland to Great Britain the other.

y, any such Article the Produce or Manufacture of ntry respectively, out of the Warehouse in which such ill be lodged or secured, under all such Rules, Reguestrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as Articles liable ment of Duty thereon may be exported out of Ware-I that upon the Importation of any such Article into ntry from the other from such Warehouse as aforesaid, le shall be subject and liable to and there shall be paid Duty equal to the Amount of the Duty of Excise paylike Article in the Country into which any such Article imported.

for the ascertaining from time to time what Articles Treasury to ter this Act be imported or exported into and from Duties and Ireland respectively without Payment of Duty Drawbacks to ance of Drawback, and what Articles shall be subject be prepared yment of any Duty or entitled to any Drawback under from time to and the Amount of such Duty and Drawback, and time. ticles may be exported from Warehouse under this it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the ners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom Britain and Ireland, or any Three of them, and they are uired, from time to time to cause One or more Table or Schedule or Schedules, to be prepared, enumerating Articles, whether chargeable with Duty after the same t Modes in the Two Countries, which may be imported ted between Great Britain and Ireland respectively Act, without Payment of Duty or Allowance of Draw-

to Excise Duty, liable to Duty

A.D. 1825.

C. 30.

What to be tated in such Tables.

Copy of Table signed by Treasury transmitted to Commissioners of Customs and Excise.

Sums specified in Tables to be levied, &c.

Coals may be imported between G.B. and Ireland, under Coast Regulations, paying the respective Duties.

Articles imported or exported to be subject to Regulations in force in the respective Countries.

Regulations to be signed by Treasury and published.

back, or subject to any Duty or entitled to any Drawback, according to the Amount payable or allowable pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, or which may be exported out of Warehouse in Great Britain or Ireland, and imported into Ireland or Great Britain from Warehouse respectively, upon Payment of any such Duty, or otherwise, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act; and in such Table or Tables, or Schedule or Schedules respectively. the Amount of Duties and Drawbacks which shall be payable a allowable according to the Provisions of this Act, on such Article respectively, shall be stated and set forth in Figures opposite each Article respectively so enumerated; and a Copy of every sud Table or Schedule, signed by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall be transmitted " the Commissioners of Customs and Excise, with such Direction respecting the same as the said Commissioners of the Tresson shall think proper and necessary; and the Sums specified in ever such Table or Schedule so approved and signed, shall be deemed and taken to be the proper Duties and Drawbacks payable a allowable according to the Provisions of this Act upon or in the spect of any such Articles as shall be specified in any such Table or Schedule, and shall be charged and levied, and paid and allowed, in like manner as other Duties and Drawbacks of (5 toms or Excise, under any Act or Acts in force at the Time? the making of any such Table or Schedule as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fill Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three i shall be lawful to export from Great Britain to Ireland, or incl Ireland to Great Britain, and to import into Ireland from 675 Britain, or into Great Britain from Ireland, any Coals, the duce of either Country respectively, under the like Rules, Region lations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as in case of (at sent Coastwise from one Port in England to another Port England; any Act or Acts in force to the contrary in any w notwithstanding: Provided always, that all such Duties, and " other, shall be paid upon such Coals on the Importation theref into either Country from the other respectively, as such Coals? or shall be subject and liable to upon Importation into set Country under any Act or Acts in force at the Time of sel

Importation.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all Care? which and so long as any Difference doth or shall exist between the Laws in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively." lating to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Fig. feitures to which any Articles which may be imported or experience between Great Britain and Ireland under this Act are subject liable, the Importation and Exportation of all such Articles or from either Country respectively shall be governed by set Rules and Regulations, and shall be subject to such Restricted as are or may or shall be from time to time directed in that Bell by any Order in Writing signed by the Commissioners of His begin jesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, and published in London and Dublin Gazettes, with respect to the Important thereof into the Country into which such Articles shall be ported, and with respect to Exportation thereof from the County

rom which such Articles shall be exported, until further uniform Provisions shall be made for the assimilating of such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures throughout the whole of the United Kingdom; and that all Articles which, under the Provisions of this Act, shall be imported into Great Britain r Irdand respectively from the other, shall immediately upon ach importation be and become subject and liable to all such aws, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, and shall be entitled to all such Privileges and Advantages in all spects to which Articles of the like Nature, the Produce or fanufacture of the Country into which such Articles shall be aported, are or shall be subject and liable or entitled unto, to I Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and as if such Articles so mported were the Produce or Manufacture of the Country into which such Articles shall be so imported.

#### CAP. XXXI.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled An Act more effectually to prevent profane Cursing and Swearing. [30th May 1823.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of 19G.2. c.21. the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, § 13. repealed. 'intituled An Act more effectually to prevent profune Cursing and Sucring, it is amongst other Things provided, that the said Act shall be publicly read Four several Times in the Year in all Parish Churches and Public Chapels, by the Parson, Vicar or Curate of the respective Parishes or Chapels, immediately after Morning or Evening Prayer, on Four several Sundays; (that is to say,) the Sunday next after the Twenty fifth Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of September, and Twenty fifth Day of December in every Year; or in case Divine Service shall not be performed in any such Church or Chapel on any of the Sundays before mentioned, then upon the First Sunday after any of the said quarterly Days on which Divine Service shall happen to be performed in any such Church or Chapel, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of Five Pounds for every such Omission and Neglect, to be levied by Distress and ' Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by virtue of a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any one Justice, Mayor, Bailiff or other Chief Magistrate as aforesaid: And Whereas it is expedient that the above recited Provision should be repealed; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Statute as is hereinbefore recited shall be and the same is hereby repealed

IL And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed Public Act. and taken to be a Public Act; and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

CAP.

A.D. 1823.

C. 32.

#### XXXII. CAP.

An Act for the Amendment of the Laws respecting Charitable Loan Societies in Ireland. **30th May** 1823

HEREAS certain Institutions for Charitable Loans have been and may be established in Ireland, as well as in providing Implements of Industry for the labouring Classes His Majesty's Subjects there; and it is expedient to amend the Laws concerning the same, and to give Protection to the For-of such Institutions, and to afford Encouragement to the Foration of other Institutions of a like Kind; Be it therein enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with 2 Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, of Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Number of Persons who have formed or shall form any Society in any Part of Ireland, for to Purpose of establishing a Society for a Charitable Loan, at it providing Implements of Labour by way of Loan, for the dustrious Classes in Ireland, or for providing Implements 6 Labour, and receiving back Payment for the same by limit ments, with the legal Interest due thereon, reinvesting the Capa of the said Societies, and the Interest thereof, for the like for poses, and only deducting therefrom so much as shall be require to be retained for the Payment of the necessary Expences at the ing the Management of such Institutions, according to such Rules Orders and Regulations as shall have been or shall be again. for such Purpose, but deriving no Benefit whatever from the Capital, or the Interest thereof, shall be desirous of harmen Benefit of this Act, such Persons shall cause the Rules, Original Course th and Regulations established or to be established for the Many ment of such Institutions, to be entered, deposited and file? manner hereinafter directed, and thereupon shall be deemel be entitled to, and shall have the Benefit of the Previsions of tained in this Act.

Rules, &c. of the Institution to be entered in a Book, and a Copy deposited with the Clerk of the Peace.

Persons forming Societies

according to the

berein describ-

ed, entitled to

the Benefit of this Act.

**Provisions** 

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no # Institution as aforesaid shall have the Benefit of this Act, with the Rules, Orders and Regulations for the Management their shall be entered in a Book or Books, to be kept by an Office! such Institution to be appointed for that Purpose, and Book or Books shall be open at all seasonable Times for the? spection of the Persons receiving Assistance from such tutions, and unless such Rules and Regulations shall be transcribed on Parchment; and such Transcript shall be depos with the Clerk of the Peace for the County, County of a County of a Town or Place wherein such Institution shall established; which Transcript shall be filed by such Clerk of Peace with the Rolls of the Sessions of the Peace in his Cuts without Fee or Reward to be paid in respect thereof; but not Rules, &c. may theless, nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent Alterations in or Amendment of any such Rules, Orders or Ref. lations so entered, deposited and filed as aforesaid, or repeal or annulling the same, or any of them, either in Whole or in [8] or making any new Rules, Orders or Regulations for the Manie

No Fee. be altered, &c. and new Rules made.

ny such Institution, in such manner as by the Rules, Regulations of such Institution shall from time to ovided; but such new Rules, Orders and Regulations, To be entered, terations or Amendments of former Rules, Orders and and Transcript s, or any Order annulling or repealing any former deposited with ers or Regulations, in the Whole or in Part, shall not Clerk of the Peace. until the same respectively shall be entered in such looks as aforesaid, and a Transcript or Transcripts ll be deposited with such Clerk of the Peace as aforehall file the same without Fee or Reward as aforesaid. rided also, and be it further enacted, That no such Officers not to as aforesaid shall have the Benefit of this Act, unless have any Beneexpressly provided by the Rules and Regulations fit in the Instianagement thereof, that no Person or Persons, being such Salaries Director, Trustee or Manager of such Institution, or as shall be ap-Controll in the Management thereof, shall derive any pointed m any Loan made in such Institution, save only and ch Salaries and Allowances, or other necessary Exshall, according to such Rules, Orders and Regula-rovided for the Charges of managing such Institutions, muneration to Officers employed in the Management clusive of the Treasurer or Treasurers, Director or or other Persons having the Management and Direction stitution, who shall not, directly or indirectly, have any

lowance, Profit or Benefit whatsoever therefrom. be it further enacted, That all Rules, Orders and Rules so enters from time to time made and in force for the Manage- ed, &c. to be y such Institution as aforesaid, and duly entered in binding, or Books as aforesaid, and deposited with such Clerk e as aforesaid, shall be binding on the several Members s of such Institution, and the several Persons receiving a the same, and their Representatives, all of whom shall What deemed and taken to have full Notice thereof by such Entry Notice thereof. it as aforesaid; and the Entry of such Rules, Orders Entries or ations in such Book or Books as aforesaid, or the Tran- Transcripts deeof, deposited with such Clerk of the Peace as aforetrue Copy of such Transcript, examined with the Peace.
and proved to be a true Copy, shall be received as Evidence of of such Rules, Orders and Regulations respectively in Rules. and no Certiorari shall be brought or allowed to resuch Rules, Orders or Regulations into any of His Courts of Record; and every Copy of any such Tran- No Fee or osited with any Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, shall Stamp Duty. vithout Fee or Reward, except the actual Expence of ich Copy; and such Copy shall not be subject to any

be it further enacted, That all Notes and Securities Notes and Seto for the Payment of such Loans, or for the Payment curities may be nents of the Price of such Implements of Industry by made payable to ts, which Price shall not exceed the first Cost of any Clerk. lements, may be made payable to the Treasurer or the said Societies, and may be sued for and recovered How to be me for the Benefit of the said Societies, by Civil Bill, recovered.

before the Assistant Barrister at the Quarter Sessions to be held for the County, City, Town or Place wherein such Society is or may be established, or before the Justices assembled at any Pety Sessions for such County, County of a City or County of a Town. Ten Days' Notice at the least first being given to the Person such for the Amount of such Notes and Securities, provided the Value of such Notes and Securities so sued for at such Petty Session do not in any Case exceed Ten Pounds.

Amount of Loan to an Individual.

Loans of 1001.
may be made
to Committees,
to be paid in
Twelve Months
with Interest.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful to and for any such Society to make any Loss to any or Industry for any one Months, or to provide any Implement of Industry for any one Person within Twelve Months, exceeding in Amount or Value the Sum of Ten Pounds.

VII. Provided always and by it constant. That is shall and my

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Society to make a Loan or Loss to any Committee or Committees, consisting of Three or more solvent Persons, upon their joint and several Securities, of my Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, payable, with Interest the Expiration of Twelve Months, such Committee or (amittees engaging to expend the Amount of the said Sum, and duly to account for the same, for the Purposes and Objects, and according to the Rules, Regulations and Orders of the Society advancing the same: Provided always, that no greater Sum is One hundred Pounds shall be lent to any such Committee with Twelve Months; and that at the Expiration of that Period in Amount of such Loan, together with the Interest due theres, shall be called in and paid before any new Loan shall be made to any such Committee.

Treasurer, &c. to give Security, if required by general Rules.

Such Security

Suing thereon.

to be by Bond

to Clerk of the

Peace.

No Stamp Duty.

No Stamp on Security for Loan, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Treasure Treasurers, or other Officer or Officers, or other Person where soever, who shall be entrusted with the Receipt or Custody any Sum or Sums of Money, subscribed or deposited for it Purpose of such Institution, or any Interest or Dividend and from time to time thereby, shall be required by the Rule ! Regulations of such Institutions, to become bound with Sures for the just and faithful Execution of such Office or Trus. such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be required by the Rus Orders and Regulations of such Institution, such Security and may be given by Bond or Bonds to the Clerk of the Past for the County, County of a City, County of a Town or Plat where such Institution shall be established for the time beat without Fee or Reward; and in case of Forfeiture, it shall k lawful for the Parties authorized for that Purpose by the Ruis Regulations and Orders of such Institution, to sue upon sto Bond or Bonds in the Name of the Clerk of the Peace for time being, and to carry on such Suit at the Costs and Charge and for the Use of the said Institution, fully indemnifying saving harmless such Clerk of the Peace from all Costs Charges of such Suit or Suits, or in respect thereof; and no Bost or Security so to be given, shall be subject to or chargeable any Stamp Duty whatever. IX. And be it further enacted, That no Note or other Securit

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Note or other Security which may be entered into for the Repayment of any Loan made under the control of the Repayment o

oder this Act, or for the Payment of the Price of Implements f Industry in manner hereinbefore provided, shall be subject to

r chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Looms, Spinning Wheels, Looms, Wheels Reels, Hackles, Calendars, Presses or other Implements of In- and Implements lustry, which shall be provided by the said Societies, shall, before Act, not liable bey be delivered out by them, be sealed or stamped with such to Distress for lark or Marks as by the said Societies may be directed; and Rent. at no such Looms or other Implements as aforesaid, so sealed marked, shall be distrained for Rent, or on any other Account hatever, or shall be seized by virtue of any Process or Exeution by any Sheriff, Seneschal or Bailiff, or other Person whatnever, unless in Cases when such Seizure or Sale is at the Suit Exception. on the Behalf of the Societies established under this Act, shensoever the Parties receiving such Implements shall fail in performing their Contract or Engagement for the Payment of the Price of the same.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Funds of Soto and for any Charitable Loan Society established under this cieties may be Act, from time to time to subscribe or deposit such Part of the deposited in Fands of the said Societies as they shall think fit to direct, through their Treasurer or other Officer, into the Funds of any Savings Bank established in Ireland under an Act passed in the Fifty 57 G.s. e. 105. seventh Year of His late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to cacourage the Establishment of Banks for Savings in Ireland, in like manner as by the said Act is provided with regard to the Funds of Friendly Societies.

#### CAP. XXXIII.

An Act to make more effectual Regulations for the Election, and to secure the Performance of the Duties, of County Treasurers in Ireland. [30th May 1823.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that more effectual Provisions W should be made for regulating the Election and securing the Performance of the Duties of Treasurers of Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns in *Ireland*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at any Time after the passing of Notice to be this Act, whenever the Office of Treasurer of any County, or given of Electronity of a City or County of a Town, shall be and become vacant by Death, Resignation or otherwise, Notice of such Vacancies in cancy, signed by the Secretary of the Grand Jury of the County, manner be County of a City or County of a Town, where such Vacancy mentioned. shall happen, shall be inserted Three Times at the least in the Dulin Gazette, and also a Notice therein, and in some Newspaper (if there shall be any such) published in the County, County of a City or County of a Town, that the Election of a Treasurer for such County, County of a City or County of a Town, will be held at some Day not less than Fourteen Days distant from the Date of such Notice, at the County Town of the County, or at the County of a City or County of a Town, as the case may be,

Magistrates making such Election to be qualified as by 59 G.3. c.84.

Qualification situate in County, &c. for which Election shall take place. Number of Magistrates to be present.

Oath of Qualification by Candidates for Treasurer to be made before Magistrates.

After 1st Mar. 1824, no Treasurer shall act without producing a Certificate of the Validity

and at such Hour as shall be mentioned in such Notice; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Grand Jury to give Notice of such Meeting according to the Directions of any Three Magistrates, qualified to elect such Treasurer as hereinafter mentioned.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Election of any Person to the Office of Tressure of any County, County of a City or County of a Town, in Ireland shall be made at a Meeting of the Magistrates to be held pur suant to such Notice as aforesaid, and that it shall not be levil for any Magistrate to meet or vote at any such Election, when shall not be qualified in such and the like manner as is required for Magistrates assembling and holding any Special Sessions is the Purposes of an Act made in the Fifty ninth Year of the Res of His late Majesty, intituled An Act to amend the Laws for making, repairing and improving the Roads and other public West in Ireland, by Grand Jury Presentments, and for a more effects
Investigation of such Presentments, and for further security true, full and faithful Account of all Monies levied under same; and every Magistrate assembled at such Meeting for the Election of any Treasurer shall, previous to acting or giving is Vote at such Meeting, make such Oath of his Qualification 25 required by the said recited Act: Provided always, that if set Qualification shall arise from any Freehold or Leasehold Extra the same shall be situate in the County, County of a City of County of a Town for which such Election shall take place; is that such Meeting shall consist of not less than Seven Magazies so qualified, in the Case of Election of a Treasurer for any louns, and of not less than Three of the Magistrates appointed by Chite or otherwise, in the Case of Election of a Treasurer of a loss or County of a City or County of a Town; and that the east Magistrate, or such Magistrate as shall be elected thereto, preside at such Meeting. III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the pass

of this Act, no Person shall be permitted or allowed to be Candidate for the Office of Treasurer of any County, County a City or County of a Town, in Ireland, who shall not make the in Presence of the Magistrates at the Meeting assembled for Purpose of such Election, and previous to their proceeding such Election, and which Oath the presiding Magistrate at Meeting is hereby authorized, empowered and required to minister, that such Person so being such Candidate is possess of Property, Real or Personal, or partly Real and partly Person his own Right, equal in Amount to the Sum for which he be required to bind himself personally according to the American the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, over and above in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed the Schedule (A.) and the Schedule (A.) to the American Amount to the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed the Schedule (A.) to the American Amount to the Schedule (A.) to the American Amount to the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed to the American Amount to the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed to the American Amount to the Schedule (A.) to

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawfull any Person, who at the Time of the passing of this Act shall treasurer, or who at any Time after the passing of this Act be elected to be Treasurer of any County, County of a City County of a Town, to act as such Treasurer at any Time

he First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty of his Sureties, our, unless such Person being such Treasurer at the Time of the &c. passing of this Act shall, before the End of the Quarter Session which shall be held in January next after the passing of this Act, produce to the Magistrates assembled at such Session, or being elected to be such Treasurer at any Time after the passing of his Act, shall at the Session next after his Election to such Office. if such Session shall take place at any Period after the Exiration of One Month next after such Election,) or otherwise at he General or Quarter Sessions or Assizes next after the Expirstion of such Period of One Month (as the Case may be), producing duce to the Magistrates assembled at such Session, or to the Grand Opinions of duce to the Magistrates assembled at such dession, or to the Chang Opinions of Jury at such Assizes, the Opinion of His Majesty's Attorney or Validity of Solicitor General for Ireland, or of a King's Serjeant there, Recognizances; approving the Validity of the Securities given by such Treasurer and his Sureties, to the Amount of the Sums specified into Recognizance. in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed; nor unless such Treasurer shall previous to such Sessions or Assizes respectively, have entered into Recognizances to His Majesty with not less than Two Sureties, and with not more than Six Sureties, to the Amount specified in the Schedule (A.) annexed to this Act, conditioned for the due Performance of the Duties of his Office, and for duly accounting for all Monies received by him on account of such County, County of a City or County of a Town; and a Certificate of Certificate of such Opinions having been produced, and of such Opinions and Recognizances having been entered into, signed by the Chair-Recognizances man of such Sessions, or by the Foreman of such Grand Jury entered into to respectively, and also a Certificate signed by the proper Officer be produced. of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, that such Recognizances have been duly deposited and entered or recorded therein, as hereinafter is provided, shall be laid before the Judge on the Second Day of the ensuing Assizes.

V. And be it further enacted, That every such Recognizance, Recognizances when duly deposited and entered or recorded in the Court of of Tressurer to Exchequer at Dublin, and shall have Priority over all other Se- have Priority curities for Debt, and before all other Debts of any Treasurer or over all subse his Securities entering into such Recognizances, entered into or quent Debts. contracted after such Recognizance shall have been so entered or recorded, in like manner to all Intents and Purposes as in the Case of any Collector or Receiver of any of His Majesty's Revenues in Ireland. .

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in lieu and instead Treasurer may of entering into the Recognizances to the Amount and with the invest in Go-Sureties required by this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any vernment Funds
Person who at the Time of the passing of this Act shall be a Amount of
Treasurer, or who at any Time after the passing of this Act shall
be elected to be a True after the passing of this Act shall
Security, in be elected to be a Treasurer of any County, County of a City Name of Acor County of a Town, to invest in any of the Government Funds countant Geneor Securities transferable at the Bank of Ireland, in the Name ral. and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery of Ireland, ex parte such Person, and the County, County of a City or County of a Town of which such Person shall be Treasurer, such Sum of Money as shall be equal to the Amount of Security required to be given by such Treasurer, to be applied

On Production of Certificate of Investment, Treasurer discharged from entering into Recognizance or giving Security.

Proviso for Transfer of Securities upon Death or Resignation of Treasurer.

Dividends to be paid to Treesurer.

Treasurer to keep open his Office at Assize Towns.

Collectors to pay into such Office the Amount of Collections.

Penalty.

under the Orders of the said Court of Chancery, and which 0 ders such Court is hereby authorized to make from time to time in a summary Manner, on the Application of any Person or Persons authorized by the Grand Jury, for the Purpose of making good any Deficiencies in accounting for any Money received by such Treasurer on account of such County, County of a City of County of a Town; and a Certificate that such Investment has been made, signed by such Accountant General, shall be produced to the Magistrates at the Sessions or Assizes, and shall kelaid before the Judge on the Second Day of the Assizes.

laid before the Judge on the Second Day of the Assize, manner required by this Act with respect to the Opinion of it Attorney or Solicitor General on the Validity of the Securities such Treasurer, and with respect to the Certificate of the Office of the Exchequer in *Ireland* of the duly depositing, entering and recording of Recognizances required by this Act; and a such Case such Treasurer shall be and is hereby discharged from entering into any Recognizances or giving any such Security is required by this Act; and after the Death or Resignation of such Treasurer it shall be lawful for the Court of Chancery, it any summary Order or Orders, to direct the Transfer of side Securities, or any Part thereof, in the first place, in Payment any Sum or Sums which may be due from such Treasurer ! respect of his Office of Treasurer, in preference to all other Des and to all other Claims on the Property of such Treasurer, and a direct the Transfer of the Remainder of such Securities [415] case no such Sum or Sums shall be so due, then to direct is Transfer of the Whole of such Securities) to such Treasure of to or among the Representatives of such Treasurer, or we among such other Person or Persons as shall appear to see Court to be entitled thereto, or to any Part thereof: Provide always, that the Interest and Dividends of the Government [10] and Securities in which any Sum shall be so invested, shall im time to time be received by and be paid and payable to ir Treasurer by whom the same was so invested, until some Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery shall be made to is contrary.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the pass of this Act, every Treasurer of any County, County of a Cing County of a Town, in Ireland, shall keep open his public 06. in the Assize Town for Three Days at least before the First Days and Six Days at least after the Last Day of each of the In Assizes, and for the Last Day of the October Sessions and it Six subsequent Days, during Six Hours at least in each and era! such Days (Sundays excepted), for the Transaction of the Busines relating to the Duty of his Office; and that the several lectors of the Grand Jury Assessments of every County, County of a City or County of a Town, shall, Two Days at least before the First Day of every Assizes, pay into the Office of the Inv surer at such Assize Town, the Amount of all Assessments of lected by such Collectors; and in case such Payments shall is be fully made by such Collector Two Days at least before B First Day of every such Assizes, such Collector shall lose and forfeit all Poundage payable to him on the Collection of such Assessments; and no Payment or Allowance of such Pounds?

all in such Case be paid or allowed to such Collector, any aw, Custom or Regulation to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Treasurer not to assing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Treasurer of any compound for lounty, County of a City or County of a Town, to make any Assessments. composition for any Sum duly assessed on any Person or Persons ader the Presentment of the Grand Jury, or to receive any less m than the Sum so duly assessed, nor to make any Deduction m any such Sum or Sums, other than such as he shall duly count for; and that every such Treasurer shall lay before the Treasurer to rand Jury on the First Day of every Assizes, an exact Statement of his Accounts up to that Day, duly made up for the kamination of such Grand Jury; and that if any such Treasurer tall be guilty of any Offence or Neglect contrary to the Prosisions of this Act in the Particulars last aforesaid, or if any the contract of the property of the Prosisions of this Act in the Particulars last aforesaid, or if any the contract of the particular and make up the contract of the particular and the pa rand Jury on the First Day of every Assizes, an exact State- lay his Account such Treasurer shall refuse or neglect to pay and make up the Amount of all such Queries as shall have been discharged according to Law, without any Deduction in the way of Discount or otherwise, and without Fee or Reward, other than the Salary payable to him under this Act, and the Schedule (A.) thereto unexed; or if any such Treasurer shall act as such until the Validity of the Security and Sureties given or offered by him shall be approved in manner required by this Act, or before the Recognizance or Recognizances entered into by such Treasurer and his Sureties thall be duly entered and recorded in the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, and a Certificate thereof be given by the proper Officer in the said Court of Exchequer; it shall be lawful Penalty and for the Judge of Assizes of the County, County of a City or County Forfeiture of of a Town respectively, to fine such Officer in any Sum not ex- Office, &c. ceeding One hundred Pounds, and to dismiss him from his Office of Treasurer; and in case of such Dismissal, such Person so dismised shall be for ever afterwards incapable of holding the Office of Treasurer of any County, County of a City or County of a Town, in Ireland.

IX. And be it further enacted, That each and every the several Certificate of Grand Juries of Ireland shall at each and every Assizes, at the Examination Time of delivering in their Presentments, annex to the Schedule delivered to thereof, and deliver in to the going Judge of Assize, a Certificate that they have examined into the several Particulars hereinbefore directed to be observed, and that the Treasurer has duly conformed thereto, or otherwise, as the Case may be.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing Treasurer's of this Act, a complete and accurate Abstract of the Accounts Account to be of the Treasurer of every County, County of a City and County printed. of a Town, stating all his Receipts and Payments from the Assizes mmediately preceding, and also the Balance in Hand at the Commencement of such Account, and the Balance of Public Money then remaining in the Hands of such Treasurer, which shall be stated at the Foot of such Account, shall after the Termination of every Assizes be made out by such Treasurer, and shall be winted and prefixed to the printed Copies of undischarged Queies, as the same are required by Law to be printed after the End of every Assizes. XL And

Treasurer not to receive any thing beyond his Salary according to Schedule annexed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Treasurer of any County, County of a City and County of a Town, in Ireland, shall be paid and remunerated for all Duties, Services and Expences of his Offices by as annual Salary only, payable Half yearly, at each several Assize, by equal Moieties, according to the Amount mentioned in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, as applicable to the County,

County of a City or County of a Town, of which he shall be Treasurer; and that it shall not be lawful for any Grand June any County, County of a City or County of a Town, in any Car to make Presentment of any Sum or Sums for any such Treasure at the several Assizes to be held in any One Year in any sad County, County of a City or County of a Town, exceeding in the Whole the Amount of the annual Salary payable to any sal Treasurer, as specified and set forth in such Table; and the

such Sum or Sums so presented shall be in full and complex Satisfaction and Remuneration for all Duties and Services to k

Proviso for further Remuneration. done and performed, and for all Expences incurred by set Treasurers in the Execution of their several Offices; any the in any such Act or Acts, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; save and except where # Grand Jury shall appoint a Sessions to be held in the Month's October, for the Purpose of accounting for any Money presented in which Case it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury to make he sentment for a further Remuneration to the Treasurer, by 13 dition to his Salary of the Sum of Thirty Pounds for his Anni ance at such October Sessions.

Qualification of Magistrate voting.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no such hard trate shall vote in the Election of any such Treasurer unlessed Magistrate shall have been in actual Possession of the Quino tion required by this Act for One Year at least preceding Day on which such Election shall be held, unless such Magistre shall have become possessed of such Qualification by Descent Marriage; and that if any Magistrate shall vote at such Electric who shall not have been in Possession of such Qualification for [12] Year as aforesaid (except in Cases aforesaid), the Vote of sof Magistrate shall be actually null and void to all Intents and Per poses whatsoever. XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person best

Treasurer resigning for Re-ward, Penalty 1000l.

Reward to Treasurer to resign, &c.

Penalty 1000L and Incapacity of Office.

Treasurer of any County, County of a City or County of a Tors in *Ireland*, shall either by himself or by any other Person his Behalf directly or indirectly receive, or promise or agree receive, any Sum of Money, Gift or Reward, upon any English ment, Contract or Agreement that such Person so being Personsoffering Treasurer shall resign his Office of Treasurer; or if any shall directly or indirectly give, or shall promise or agree 1 give, or shall offer any Sum of Money, Gift or Reward to Person being such Treasurer, upon any such Engagement, Co tract or Agreement, every Person so having received or have promised or agreed to receive any such Sum of Money, 6th Reward, shall forfeit the Sum of One thousand Pounds every such Person so having given or having promised or agree to give, or having offered to give any such Sum of Money, ( or Reward, shall forfeit the Sum of One thousand Pounds

hall be and is hereby declared and enacted to be disabled and incapacitated from being elected Treasurer of such County, County of a City or County of a Town; or if any Person shall directly or indirectly promise or agree to pay any Proportion of Agreeing to the Profits of the Office of Treasurer of any County, County of proportion a City or County of a Town, or any Sum or Sums of Money, of Profits of Giff. Reward or Allowance whatever, in the Event of his being Omce or Tressurer. elected to be such Treasurer, or shall after being elected to be such Treasurer pay any Proportion of the Profits of such Office, or any Sum or Sums of Money, Gift, Reward or Allowance to any Person or Persons whomsoever, in Pursuance or Performance of any such Promise or Agreement expressed or implied; any Person who shall so promise or agree to pay, or who shall pay any such Proportion of Profits, Sum or Sums of Money, Gift, Reward or Allowance, shall forfeit the Sum of One thousand Penalty 1000l. Pounds, and shall be and is hereby declared and enacted to be and Incapacity. disabled and incapacitated from being elected or acted as Treasurer of such County, County of a City or County of a Town; and every Person who shall receive directly or indirectly any Receiving proportion of the Profits of such Office, or any Sum or Sums of portion of such Money, Gift, Reward or Allowance, in pursuance of any such profits. Promise or Agreement expressed or implied, shall forfeit the Sum of One thousand Pounds; and the said Penalties shall be for- Penalty 10001. feited and payable to any Person who will sue for the same, to be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dubhis, wherein no Essoign or Wager of Law nor more than One Impariance shall be allowed.

MV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That each and every Treasurer to Person elected Treasurer for any County, County of a City or take the follow-County of a Town in *Ireland*, shall, before he enter upon such ing Oath. Office or discharge any of the Duties thereof, take and subscribe the Oath following, in open Court before any Judge or Judges

of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin:

' So help me GOD.'

LA. B. do swear, That I have not either directly or indirectly Form of Oath. given or promised to give, nor has any Person to my Know-ledge on my Behalf given or promised to give any Money, Gift, Gratuity or Reward to any Person or Persons whomsoever, to effect or promote my Appointment to the Office of Treasurer ' to the County of : And I do hereby also further swear, that this my Appointment of Treasurer for the County , is totally unconnected with any Arrangement between me and my Predecessor in such Office, nor has any 'such Arrangement been made by any Person or Persons on my Behalf with my Approbation, Knowledge or Privity.

And such Oath, when so taken and subscribed, shall be kept and Deposited deposited amongst the Records of the Court in which the same amongst thall have been sale and subscribed. thall have been taken and subscribed.

AV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Former Acts Powers and Provisions contained in any Act or Acts in force in repealed, so far Irdend, for the regulating the Office of County Treasurer, which are repugnant or contrary to the Provisions of this Act, shall be

and the same are hereby repealed; and that all Clauses, Power and Provisions contained in any such Act or Acts, which are as repugnant or contrary to the Provisions of this Act, shall applied in Execution of this Act, as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Police Constables not to be Collectors of Grand Jury

XVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Grand Jury any County, County of a City or County of a Town, to appear any Chief Constable or Sub Constable of Police to be the elector of any public Cess, or Sum or Sums of Money to be less or received under the Presentment of the Grand Jury, with any such County, County of a City or County of a Town, or Barony, Half Barony, Parish or other District or Division of a such County, County of a City or County of a Town.

Grand Juries to divide Baronies exceeding 50,000 Acres, and appoint High Constables, &c. XVII. And for the greater Security of the public Money munder the Authority of Grand Juries, and the greater Facility collecting the same, be it further enacted, That it shall and as be lawful to and for the several Grand Juries, when the Number of Acres in any Barony shall exceed Fifty thousand, to imany such Barony into Two Parts, and to appoint Two High (as stables or Collectors for raising and levying the Grand Jury (as and that such Constables so appointed shall give Security like manner, and be subject to all the Laws and Provisions of the Regulation of other Baronial High Constables or Collectors.

Returns of Treasurers to Parliament to include an Account as in Schedule (B.) XVIII. And be it further enacted, That with the lewhich the said Treasurers are directed by Law annually not for the Purpose of being laid before Parliament, there be in said Treasurers, transmitted an Account, classing and distinging the Amount of Presentments made during the Year in preceding, in Manner and Form as by the Schedule to this sannexed, and marked Schedule (B.)

# SCHEDULE (A.)

Shewing the Amount of Treasurers' Securities and Salaries.

Counties.	Class I.	Class II.	Class III.	Class IV.	County of Cork,	City of Cork,	Cities, Class I,	Toms Can IL
Security for Treasurers Salaries of ditto	£ 8,000 400	£ 7,000 350	£ 5,000 250	£ 4,000 200	£ 20,000 600	£ 4,000 200	£ 2,000 100	£ 1,00

Class I. comprehends Tipperary, Down, Mayo, Galway, Anti-Tyrone, Donegal.

Class II. comprehends Limerick, Clare, Roscommon, Kan Armagh, Cavan, Londonderry, Monaghan, Meath.

Class III. comprehends Wexford, Kilkenny, King's County, be managh, Queen's County, Westmeath, Sligo.

Class IV. comprehends Waterford, Wicklow, Longford, Edin Kildare, Louth, Carlow. unity and City of Cork are separate; and County of Dublin excluded.
ities of Waterford, Limerick, Kilkenny and Town of Galway, in Class L.
owns of Drogheda and Carrickfergus, in Class II.

## SCHEDULE (B.)

#### CAP. XXXIV.

An Act to enlarge the Powers of Justices in determining Complaints between Masters and Servants and between Masters, Apprentices, Artificers and others. [17th June 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twentieth Year of 20 G.2. c.19. The Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, instituted An Act for the better adjusting and more easy Recovery of the Wages of certain Servants, and for the better Regulation of mach Servants, and of certain Apprentices; and another Act was passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty 6 G.3. c.25. King George the Third, intituted An Act for better regulating Apprentices, and Persons working under Contract; and also mother Act was passed in this present Session of Parliament, intituted An Act to increase the Power of Magistrates in cases of c.29. ante-Apprenticeships; and it is expedient to extend the Powers of the stid Acts; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Ex-

Masters or their Steward or Agent may make Complaint against Apprentices.

Justices may abate Wages, or commit to House of Correction.

Justices may order Payment of Wages to Apprentices, provided the Sum in question does not exceed 101.

On Refusal.

Distress.

Justices may issue Warrants to apprehend Servants in Husbandry, Artificers, &c.

cellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That shall and may be lawful, not only for any Master or Mistra but also for his or her Steward, Manager or Agent, to mit Complaint upon Oath against any Apprentice, within the Meaning of the said before recited Acts, to any Justice of the Peace the County or Place where such Apprentice shall be employed of or for any Misdemeanor, Misconduct or ill Behaviour of such Apprentice; or if such Apprentice shall have absconded shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the County Place where such Apprentice shall be found, or where Apprentice shall have been employed, and any such Justice hereby empowered, upon Complaint thereof made upon Outli such Master, Mistress, Steward, Manager or Agent, which the said Justice is hereby empowered to administer, to issue Warrant for apprehending every such Apprentice; and further that it shall be lawful for any such Justice to hear and determined the same Complaint, and to punish the Offender by abating whole or any Part of his or her Wages, or otherwise by mitment to the House of Correction, there to remain and held to hard Labour for a reasonable Time, not exceeding Im

II. And be it further enacted, That all Complaints, Different and Disputes which shall arise between Masters or Mistress their Apprentices, within the Meaning of the said before me Acts, or any of them, touching or concerning any Wags may be due to such Apprentices, shall and may be had determined by One or more Justice or Justices of the Part the County or Place where such Apprentice or Apprentice be employed, which said Justice or Justices is and are is empowered to examine on Oath any such Master or Men Apprentice or Apprentices, or any Witness or Witnesses, tout any such Complaint, Difference or Dispute, and to summon Master or Mistress to appear before such Justice or Justice a reasonable Time to be named in such Summons, and to ! such Order for Payment of so much Wages to such Appro or Apprentices, as according to the Terms of his, her or the dentures of Apprenticeship shall appear to such Justin Justices, under all the Circumstances of the Case, to be due, (provided that the Sum in question do not exceed the of Ten Pounds,) the Amount of such Wages to be paid such Period as the said Justice or Justices shall think proposition shall order the same to be paid; and in case of a Refusal of payment thereof, such Justice and Justices shall and may forth his and their Warrant, to levy the same by Distress Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Master or Miss rendering the Overplus to the Owners, after Payment Charges of such Distress and Sale.

HI. And be it further enacted, That if any Servant in a bandry or any Artificer, Calico Printer, Handicraftsman, MacCollier, Keelman, Pitman, Glassman, Potter, Labourer of Person, shall contract with any Person or Persons whomser to serve him, her or them for any Time or Times whatsoever.

any other Manner, and shall not enter into or commence his or er Service according to his or her Contract (such Contract being n Writing, and signed by the contracting Parties), or having intered into such Service shall absent himself or herself from his ir her Service before the Term of his or her Contract, whether uch Contract shall be in Writing or not in Writing, shall be comleted, or neglect to fulfil the same, or be guilty of any other isconduct or Misdemeanor in the Execution thereof, or otherise respecting the same, then and in every such Case it shall in may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the County or lace where such Servant in Husbandry, Artificer, Calico Printer, landicraftsman, Miner, Collier, Keelman, Pitman, Glassman, otter, Labourer or other Person, shall have so contracted, or be mployed or be found, and such Justice is hereby authorized and impowered, upon Complaint thereof made upon Oath to him by Complaint to be he Person or Persons, or any of them, with whom such Servant upon Osth.

n Husbandry, Artificer, Calico Printer, Handicraftsman, Miner, Collier, Keelman, Pitman, Glassman, Potter, Labourer or other Person shall have so contracted, or by his, her or their Steward, Manager or Agent, which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered o administer, to issue his Warrant for the apprehending every uch Servant in Husbandry, Artificer, Calico Printer, Handitraftsman, Miner, Collier, Keelman, Pitman, Glassman, Potter, Labourer or other Person, and to examine into the Nature of the Complaint; and if it shall appear to such Justice that any such And may com-Servant in Husbandry, Artificer, Calico Printer, Handicraftsman, mit Offenders Miner, Collier, Keelman, Pitman, Glassman, Potter, Labourer to House of or other Person, shall not have fulfilled such Contract, or hath een guilty of any other Misconduct or Misdemeanour as aforeaid, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice to commit every uch Person to the House of Correction, there to remain and be teld to hard Labour for a reasonable Time, not exceeding Three Months, and to abate a proportionable Part of his or her Wages, or and during such Period as he or she shall be so confined in he House of Correction, or in lieu thereof, to punish the Offender or abating the Whole or any Part of his or her Wages, or to Wages or discharge such Servant in Husbandry, Artificer, Calico Printer, Charge the Servant. Handicraftsman, Miner, Collier, Keelman, Pitman, Glassman, Potter, Labourer or other Person from his or her Contract, Service or Employment, which Discharge shall be given under the Hand and Seal of such Justice gratis.

' IV. And Whereas it frequently happens that such Masters, How Servants ' Mistresses or Employers reside at considerable Distances from in Husbandry, the Parishes or Places where their Business is carried on, or are occasionally absent for long Periods of Time, either beyond the Seas, or at considerable Distances from such Parishes or Cases of Ab-Places, and during such Residence or occasional Absences sence of entrust their Business to the Management and Superintendence Masters, &c. of Stewards, Agents, Bailiffs, Foremen or Managers, whereby such Servants, Artificers, Handicraftsmen, Miners, Colliers, ' Keelmen, Ritmen, Glassmen, Potters, Labourers or other Per-

sons and Apprentices, are or may be subjected to great Difficulties and Hardships, and put to great Expence in recovering their Wages; Be it therefore enacted, That in either of the said 4 Gro. IV.

C. 34.

Summons of Bailiff by Justice.

Sum not to exceed 10l. If not paid,

Distress.

Justices may order Payment of Wages within such Time as they may think fit, upon Complaint made pursuant to 20 G.2. c.19. 31 G.2. c.11.

Order final.

Cases, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice or Justice of the County or Place where such Servant in Husbandry, Artificer, Handicraftsman, Miner, Collier, Keelman, Pittan Glassman, Potter, Labourer or other Person or Apprentice shall be employed, upon the Complaint of any such Servant, Artifice, Handicraftsman, Miner, Collier, Keelman, Pitman, Glasma Potter, Labourer or other Person or Apprentice touching a concerning the Nonpayment of his or her Wages, to summon sel Steward, Agent, Bailiff, Foreman or Manager, to be and appear before him or them at a reasonable Time to be named in sal Summons, and to hear and determine the Matter of the plaint in such and the like manner as Complaints of the Nature against any Master, Mistress or Employer are direct to be heard and determined in and by this and the before real Acts, and also to make an Order for the Payment by Steward, Agent, Bailiff, Foreman or Manager, to such Sent Artificer, Handicraftsman, Miner, Collier, Keelman, Page 1 Glassman, Potter, Labourer or other Person or Apprentice 🥌 much Wages as to such Justice or Justices shall appear 💵 justly due; provided that the Sum in question do not extended the Sum of Ten Pounds; and in case of Refusal or Nonpure of any Sum so ordered to be paid by such Steward, 45 Foreman, Bailiff or Manager, for the Space of Twenty one from the Date of such Order, such Justice or Justices as after shall and may issue forth his or their Warrant to levy the sent Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such 165 Mistress or Employer, rendering the Overplus to the Order Owners, or to such Steward, Agent, Bailiff, Foreman or

for the Use of such Master, Mistress or Employer, after 1999 of the Charges of such Distress and Sale. V. And be it further enacted, That every Justice or Justice the Peace before whom any Complaint shall be made, in pursue of the said before recited Act made in the Twentieth Year Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, or of Act made in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intituled An Act to amend an Act made in the Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, ' An Act for the better Explanation and supplying the Def the former Laws for the Settlement of the Poor, so far same relates to Apprentices gaining a Settlement by Index and also to empower Justices of the Peace to determine Dim between Masters and Mistresses and their Servants in Hiller touching their Wages, though such Servants are hired for [all than a Year, shall and may order the Amount of the Wage shall appear due to any Servants in Husbandry, Aris them, to be paid to the Person entitled thereto, within Period as the said Justice or Justices shall think proper case of Refusal or Nonpayment thereof, shall and may same by Distress and Sale, in manner directed by the mentioned Act; and every Order or Determination of Justice or Justices made under this Act shall be final and clusive, any thing in either of the said Acts contained to trary in any wise notwithstanding. VI. I

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Proviso for Act contained shall extend to impeach or lessen the Jurisdiction Jurisdiction of of the Chamberlain of the City of London, or of any other Court Chamberlain of within the said City, touching Appendices within the said City, touching Apprentices.

#### CAP. XXXV.

An Act to enable Trustees or Commissioners under Acts of Parliament to meet and carry such Acts into Execution, although they may not have met according to the Directions of such Acts. [27th June 1823.]

WHEREAS it has happened that the Trustees or Commis- Where Trus-W sioners appointed to carry into Execution any Act or tees of Comappointed by such Act or Acts for carrying the same into Day appointed Execution, by reason that the Day appointed for such Meeting as herein men-' has been antecedent to the passing of such Act or Acts, tioned for their whereby the Intent of such Act or Acts hath been or may be First Meeting, ' frustrated:' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's any Three may frustrated: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Consent Day after the passing Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That of such Act. in all Cases where the Trustees or Commissioners appointed by any Act or Acts of Parliament have not been or shall not be able to meet on the Day appointed for their First Meeting by any such Act or Acts, by reason that the Day appointed for such Meeting has been or shall be antecedent to the passing of such Act or Acts, it shall and may be lawful for Three or more of the said Trustees or Commissioners appointed to execute such Act or Acts to meet at the Place appointed by such Act or Acts for the First Meeting of such Trustees or Commissioners, on the Fourteenth Day after the passing of such Act or Acts, or of this Act; and every such Meeting shall be as good, valid and effectual as if such Trustees or Commissioners had met in pursuance of the Act or Acts of Parliament which they are appointed to carry into Execution.

#### CAP. XXXVI.

An Act to discourage the granting of Leases in Joint Tenancy in Irdand. [27th June 1823.]

WHEREAS the Practice of granting Leases to Persons fointly, in common, or in partnership, still prevails in jointly, in common, or in partnership, still prevails in ' some Parts of Ireland, to the material Prejudice of the Improvement of the People: And Whereas the Continuance of such ' Practice is much induced by the Facility thereby afforded of 'multiplying Qualifications (often colourable only) to vote for Members to serve in Parliament, contrary to the Spirit of the Law and Constitution: And Whereas it is highly expedient such inducement should cease: Be it therefore enacted by the No Register of King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Freehold under Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in 201 held jointly this name of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal Authority of the under Lease this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the dated after 1st July 1823,

or vote thereon for Member of Parliament. any Person to register any Freehold under the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, held by virtue of any Lease, Deed or other Instrument, given or executed to any Person or Persons jointly, in common, or in partnership, after the First Day of July next, or vote for a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for my Place in *Ireland* by virtue of any such Freehold.

Addition to Oath of Freeholders under 201.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesed That every Person offering to register any Freehold under yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, shall add to any Oath Oaths which he may be legally required to take, the following Words; "And that I do not hold my said Freehold by virtue ! " any Lease, Deed or other Instrument, executed after " " First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and tres "three, given or executed to any Person or Persons jointly." " in common, or in partnership;" which Addition to such of Oaths the Person or Persons legally authorized to administrate to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Persons legally authorized to administration of the Person of Per such Oath or Oaths is and are hereby empowered and required administer: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall construed to extend to Persons who have registered or register Freeholds under the yearly Value of Twenty Post under a Lease or Leases for Lives, renewable for ever, pursuit to the Provisions of an Act made in the First Year of His press Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for the better regulating of P and for making further Provision touching the Election of Management to serve in Parliament for Ireland.

Proviso for Persons registering Fresholds under 20l. Value under a Lesse for Lives renewable for ever. 60 G.S. & 1 G.4. c.11.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person wilfully and corruptly swear falsely in the said Addition to be Oath or Oaths, and shall be thereof duly convicted, such shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and shall suffer the like and Penalties, and incur the same Disabilities, as Persons of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject to and incur.

Perjury.

#### CAP. XXXVII.

An Act to amend an Act for the more speedy Return Levying of Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Recunizances estreated. [27th June 183]

3 G.4. c.46.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Third Year of the less of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for the speedy Return and Levying of Fines, Penalties and Forfess and Recognizances estreated: And Whereas it is expedient to some of the Provisions of the said Act should be amended: it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Tempand Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for Justices assembled at any General or Quarter Sessions of Peace, and they are hereby authorized and required, at the lowing or any subsequent General or Quarter Sessions held the Return of the Writ and Roll issued from any precedence of the Court insert or cause to be inserted in any following Roll, all series, Issues, Amerciaments, forfeited Recognizances, Sum

Justices in Sessions may insert in following Rolls all such Fines, &c. as have not been levied or accounted for by the Sheriff, &c.

iums of Money to be paid in lieu or satisfaction of them or any or that have of them, which have not been duly levied or recovered or not been disroperly accounted for by the Sheriff, Bailiff or other Officer, or charged. lave not been discharged on Appeal before the General or duarter Sessions, or by Sign Manual, Warrant or Authority of my Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's reasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, id so to continue such Process from Sessions to Sessions, till it all be duly ascertained, to the Satisfaction of the said Comas not any Goods or Chattels, Lands or Tenements, in the ounty, Division, Riding, City, Town or Place, on which a Levy an be made, nor in any other County, Division, Riding, City, fown or Place in Great Britain, and that he is not to be found, or hat his Body cannot be lodged in any of His Majesty's Gaols: Provided always, that the said Sheriff, Bailiff or other Officer to Sheriff to dewhom the Writ of Distringas and Capias or Fieri Facias, or other tain original Writ deemed necessary by the Justices at any such General or Writs, which Writ deemed necessary by the Justices at any such General or Quarter Sessions to meet the Exigency of the Case, shall be sent in force, and be by Order of the said Court, shall keep and detain in his Pos-Authority to act session the Writ or Writs so directed to him, and the Roll or Rolls upon. attached to such Writ or Writs, delivering to the said Court of General or Quarter Sessions a Copy of such Roll or Rolls, on the First Day of the Sitting of the said Court, and also a Copy of any former Roll or Rolls, where the Fines, Issues, Amerciaments, forfeited Recognizances, + Sum or Sums of Money paid or to be paid in lieu or satisfaction of them, or any of them, shall not have been delivered; and such original Writ and Roll, or Writs and Rolls, shall continue in Force and Effect, and shall be sufficient Authority, without any further Writ or Roll; and such Sheriff, Sheriff on quit-Bailiff or other Officer is hereby authorized and required, on ting Office to quitting his Office, to deliver over to his Successor all Rolls and deliver over to writs in his Possession, particularizing any Fines, Issues, all Rolls and Writs, particularizing and Summer of Money paid or to be paid in lieu or satisfaction of them, or any of them, larising Fines, in order that the Sheriff, Bailiff or other Officer coming into office &c; may use every Means in his Power for recovering the Sums so unpaid, and not charged to his Predecessor on the passing of his Accounts at the Exchequer, or before any Auditor or Auditors, or other Person duly authorized to pass the same, the Officer or Officers entrusted with the Execution of the Process in any County, Division, Riding, City, Town or Place, being first duly and diligently examined on Oath by the Court, at the Delivery of to be examined, the Roll, on the First Day of each General or Quarter Sessions, and Examinand in case such Examination should not then take place, then ation recorded. on the subsequent Day; and every such Examination shall be daly recorded by the Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk, or other proper Officer, in order that such Sheriff, Bailiff or other Officer may be chargeable with all Sums not satisfactorily accounted for on the final passing of his Accounts.

† Sic.

II. And Whereas it is in and by the said recited Act directed, 3 G.4. c.46. that in all Cases where the Party incurring any Fine, Issue, \$7. Amerciament, forfeited Recognizance, Sum or Sums of Money

to be paid in lieu or satisfaction of them or any of them, shall reside

C. 37.

reside in another County, or in any City, Borough or Place having peculiar Jurisdiction, or shall have fled into any other County, or into any such City, Borough or Place, after sad Fine, Issue, Amerciament, forfeited Recognizance, Sum of Sums of Money to be paid in lieu or satisfaction of them or my of them, shall have been incurred, or shall have removed Goods and Chattels out of the Jurisdiction in which such Fize Issue, Amerciament, forfeited Recognizance, Sum or Sum d Money to be paid in lieu or satisfaction of them or any of the shall have been imposed, it shall be lawful for the said Shans Bailiff or Officer, and he is hereby required, to apply to a Justice of the Peace acting for such County, City, Borough Place into which the Party may have fled, or removed Goods and Chattels; and such Justice is hereby require upon Proof on Oath of the Handwriting of the Sheriff or United Sheriff, Bailiff or Officer granting such Warrant, to indorse Name thereon, which shall be a sufficient Authority to Person bringing such Warrant, and to all other Persons to what the same may be directed, to execute the same in such other County, City, Borough or Place; and in Case sufficient Diame shall not be found, whereon to levy such Fine, Issue, Amero ment, estreated Recognizance, Sum or Sums of Money to be paid in lieu or satisfaction of them or any of them, and all (as and Charges attending the Recovery thereof, then to take Body of the Party, and lodge him in the Gaol of the Com-City, Borough or Place in which the Forfeiture had incurred, there to await the Decision of the Court # 100 ensuing General or Quarter Sessions: And Whereas sudden vision has been found ineffectual for the Purposes the intended, and it is necessary that better Provisions should ' made for that Purpose;' Be it therefore enacted, That some of the said recited Act shall be repealed, and is hereby decision to be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatever.

repealed.

+ Sic-Where Party subject to Fines, &c. re sides in another County, or has removed, Sheriff may issue his Warrant to Sheriff acting for Place where Defaulter resides or where his Goods are found, requiring him to execute the Writ.

III. And be it further enacted. That in all Cases where Party incurring or subject to any Fine, Issue, American forfeited Recognizance, + Sum or Sums of Money to be paid in a or satisfaction of them or any of them, shall reside, or shall fled or removed from or out of the Jurisdiction of the Shall Bailiff or other Officer, in which any such Fine, Issue, Amou ment, forfeited Recognizance, Sum or Sums of Money to be in lieu or satisfaction of them or any of them, shall have be incurred, imposed or forfeited, or become due, it shall be limited for such Sheriff, Bailiff or other Officer, and he is here authorized and required to issue his Warrant, together will Copy of the Writ; directed to the Sheriff, Bailiff or other Office acting for the County, Riding, City, Borough or Place in which such Person shall then reside or be, or in which any Goods Chattels or other Property shall be found, requiring such Shall Bailiff or other Officer to execute such Writ, and every such le mentioned Sheriff, Bailiff or other Officer, is hereby authorized and required to act in all respects under such Warrant, in same Manner as if the original Writ had been delivered to him by Order of the Court of the General or Quarter Sessions of the County, Riding, City, Borough or Place for which such She

nilifi or other Officer shall act; and the said Sheriff, Bailiff or Returns ther Officer is hereby required, within Thirty Days after the thereon. leceipt of such Warrant, to return to the Sheriff, Bailiff or other licer, from whom he shall have received the same, what he hall have done in the Execution of such Process, and whether the ensuing General or Quarter Sessions to be held for the bunty, Riding, City, Borough or Place from which the Writ med, and in case a Levy shall have been made, to pay over l Monies received in pursuance of the Warrant to the Sheriff, saliff or other Officer from whom he shall have received the

IV. And be further enacted, That every Sheriff, Bailiff or other Sheriff, &c. to Micer acting for any County, Division, Riding, City, Borough or render an Ac-Place, shall and he is hereby required to make up or cause to count yearly of be made up annually, and immediately after the Expiration of all Persons in-the Year for which he shall act, or after the usual Period for &c. making up his Account, in case he shall act under any Grant, Appointment or other Authority for a longer Period than One Year, an Account in Writing, containing the Names and Re sidences of all Persons incurring Fines, Issues, Amerciaments, forfeited Recognizances, + Sum or Sums of Money paid or to be paid in her or satisfaction of them or any of them, which he has been authorized or required to levy by virtue of any Writ or Writs issued to him, or to any Predecessor in Office; and in case Causes of Nonany Fine, Issue, Amerciament, forfeited Recognizance, Sum or payment to be Sums of Money paid or to be paid in lieu or satisfaction of them stated. or any of them, shall not have been levied or paid, the Causes of Nonpayment shall be fully and particularly stated; and such Account to be Account such Sheriff, Bailiff or other Officer is hereby required transmitted to to transmit, within Thirty Days from the Expiration of the Year the Treasury. for which such Account ought to be made up, to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or at or within such other Period as such Sheriff, Bailiff or other Officer shall be required by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, in order that such Account may be duly examined, checked and inspected, under the Direction of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them; and when so examined and approved, such Account shall be transmitted to the proper Officer in the Court of Exchequer, or to the Auditor or other Officer duly authorized to pass such Account.

† Sic.

Y. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of the Peace Clerks of the and Iown Clerk, or other proper Officer, is hereby required, Peace, &c. to within Twenty Days from the opening of the Court of General send to the Treasury within or Quarter Sessions, to send to the Commissioners of His 20 Days from Majesty's Treasury a Copy or an Extract of the Roll or Rolls opening of the Brist Quarter of the First Quarter of Day of the opening of such Court of General or Quarter Sessions, sions, Copy of in such Form as shall be required by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, also the Causes of Discharge in case by Sheriff. any Person thall have been relieved on Appeal to the said Court of General or Quarter Sessions, and the Answer given by any Sheriff, Bailiff or other Officer to such Court, where any Fine,

L 4

) Sic.

Issue, Amerciament, forfeited Recognizance, † Sum or Sum of Money paid or to be paid in lieu or satisfaction of them, or an of them, has not been received by such Sheriff, Bailiff or othe Officer duly authorized to receive the same.

### CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act for settling the Compensation to the Holder of certain Offices in the Courts of Law in Ireland, abolished under an Act passed in the First and Second Years the Reign of His present Majesty, for regulating the same [27th June 182]

THEREAS by an Act made in the Session of Parliance

1&2G.4. c.53.

§ 11.

holden in the First and Second Years of the Reign of the present Majesty, intituled An Act to regulate the Proceedings the Civil Side of the Court of King's Bench, and also is Court of Common Pleas, and in the Pleas or Common Land of the Court of Exchequer, in Ireland, it is among other Im enacted, that from and after the Commencement of the Act the Rights of the Holders of the Office of Prothonous and Filacer and Keeper of the Writs, Processes, Rules, Orie and Records in the Civil Side of the Court of King's Beat and of the Office of Prothonotary of the Court of Com Pleas, and of the Office of Filacer and Exigenter of the Court of Common Pleas, of, in and to the said Offices ively, should severally cease and determine; and the Holders of the said Offices respectively should receive the Terms of their natural Lives respectively, certain has been determined. ances, according to the Provisions of the said Act, in the pensation and Consideration of the Loss incurred by respectively, by the ceasing and determining of their Rights in the said Offices respectively; and for ascertaining Amount of the Allowances and Compensations to be mail the said Holders of the said Offices, it is enacted, that Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Duties, &

**§** 12.

and Emoluments of the Officers, Clerks and Ministers of June 1 Temporal and Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland, and make Inquiry into the Salaries and Emoluments of the sco Offices hereinbefore mentioned and specified, and should at ain the annual Amount of such Salaries and Emolumerespectively, in manner in the said Act specified; and that said Commissioners of Inquiry, or any Three of them, shocertify under their Hands and Seals the Amount of the Income of every such Officer, on the Average of Seven as reduced by the Exclusion of certain Emoluments, Profits, Disbursements and Deductions in the said Act species as to state only the net annual Income of the said Officer respectively, according to the mode of estimating the directed by the said Act; and that the said Certificate should be acceptable of the said Certificate should be acceptable of the said Certificate should be said Act; and that the said Certificate should be said act; and that the said Certificate should be said act and the said Certificate should be said acted and the said Certificate should be said act and that the said Certificate should be said acted and the said Certificate should be said acted as a said acted and the said Certificate should be said acted as a said acted and the said certificate should be said acted as a said acted and the said certificate should be said acted as a said acted and the said acted and

contain a Statement of the particular Fees, Profits and Emission which such Averages should have been taken aforesaid, and also of the Fees, Profits and Emoluments is should be excluded from such Averages; and that the

should be filed in the Office of the Auditor General Castle, and should remain there as a Record; and by the said recited Act further enacted, that from the filing of the said Certificate of the said Commisre should be issued and paid to each of the Holders several Offices hereinbefore mentioned and specified, Consolidated Fund, an annual Sum equal to the Sum ald be so ascertained by such Certificate to be the Amount of the Income and Emolument of each of fices respectively, in full of all Compensation under cited Act, unless any legislative Provision should be the said Act is mentioned; and it is also by the said t further enacted, that Copies of all such Certificates d Commissioners of Inquiry should be laid before es of Parliament, and that in case no legislative Prould be made for the Compensation of the several ose Claims should have been so decided upon by the ners of Inquiry, in the Course of the Session in which cate should be laid before Parliament, the said Cerould become final and conclusive to all Intents and vhatsoever; and it is also by the said recited Act acted, that the said Commissioners of Inquiry should the Fees and Emoluments of the Crier and Usher art of Exchequer, and that their Report on the same laid before Parliament, and that such Report should like manner as in the said Act is provided for the of the average Profits of the said Offices of Pro-and Flacer: And Whereas the said Commissioners have proceeded under the said recited Act to make o the Salaries and Emoluments of the several Offices e mentioned, pursuant to the Directions of the said so doing certain particular Fees, Profits and Emolue included and admitted by some Three, being a the said Commissioners of Inquiry, as Part of the omes of such Offices respectively (certain others of ommissioners dissenting from, and not agreeing to admit such Fees, Profits or Emoluments as Part of nes), and certain other particular Fees, Profits and s were so admitted and included by some other ng a Majority of such Commissioners (certain others Commissioners dissenting and disagreeing as aforeinasmuch as all the several Fees, Profits and Emoluhe said Offices were not included and admitted by Three Commissioners, as Part of the annual Income ffices respectively, no Three of the said Commissidered themselves justified in certifying under their Seals the total Amount of the yearly Income of the s, arising from the average Amount of all such Fees, Emoluments as have been included and admitted as e Income of such Offices by some Three, being a f the said Commissioners; and the said Commissionn consequence made and filed several Certificates, ch Certificates stating Two distinct separate Amounts eral net yearly Incomes of each of the said before

159 § 14. § 66. § 67.

C. 38.

In lieu of Sums authorized by recited Act, such Sums to be issued to certain Officers out of Consolidated Fund as shall be equal to the highest Amount of Income specified in Certificates of Commissioners.

mentioned Offices respectively, according to the different View which had been taken by the several Commissioners with respect to such Fees, Profits and Emoluments as aforesaid, neither of which Amounts can any Three of the said Commis sioners concur, so as to agree in signing and sealing a Certificat of such Amount as required by the said Act; and it has the fore become necessary that some legislative Provision should be made for the Compensation of the Parties heretofore bolds the said Offices respectively; Be it therefore enacted by King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Co sent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in the present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand hundred and twenty three, in lieu of such Sums as under the recited Act might have been issued out of the Consolidated limit as being equal to the Sums which ought to have been ascertime by any Certificate or Certificates, under the Hands and Seale the said Commissioners of Inquiry or any Three of them, wa the net annual Amount of the Income and Emolument of each the said Offices respectively, there shall be issued and paid payable to the Persons who, at the Time of the passing all said recited Act, were Holders of the several Offices follows that is to say, the Office of Prothonotary, and Filacer, Excepter of the Writs, Processes, Rules, Orders and Record the Civil Side of the Court of King's Bench, the Office of In thonotary of the said Court of Common Pleas, and the Office of Filacer and Exigenter of the said Court of Common Person the Offices of Crier and Usher of the Court of Excheque, and the Assigns of such Holders of such Offices respectively, 100 and every Year during the Term of the respective natural lim of such Persons respectively, and according to the Rights Titles of such Persons respectively, out of and charged chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kind of Great Britain and Ireland, in full of all Compensation the said recited Act, such Sums as shall be equal to the Amount of the net Incomes of the said several Offices reively, specified in any such Certificate or Certificates reively; and such annual Sums so equal to the highest Ame of such net Incomes so respectively specified, shall be pad payable to all and every such Persons and Person, and there his Assigns respectively, during the Term of the several me Lives of all and every such Persons and Person, and according the Rights and Titles of all and every such Persons and Persons an respectively, by Four equal Quarterly Payments in each every Year, free and clear of all Taxes and Deductions soever; on the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October Fifth Day of January, and the Fifth Day of April in each every Year; the first Quarterly Payment thereof to become and payable on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight dred and twenty three; and that within One Calendar Me after the passing of this Act, there shall also be issued and out of the said Consolidated Fund to all and every such Pos and Person, the Rights of whom to any such Offices abolished by the said Act, or to the Assigns or personal Re

Sums to be issued for Arrears from 16th June 1821, up to 5th April 1823;

respective Rights and Titles respectively, such Sums shall be equal to the rateable Proportion of such respectively, from the Sixteenth Day of June One it hundred and twenty one, (being the Time of the ent of the said recited Act, and of the Abolition of the said Officers) up to the Fifth Day of April One it hundred and twenty three; and also that there and Proportion to the Representatives of any and every Person en- of the Quarter such annual Sum, such Proportion of any such up to the Deyments as aforesaid, as at the Time of the Decease case of the yery such Person respectively shall be due from the Parties entitled. very such Person respectively shall be due from the next preceding the Time of such Decease, according ts and Titles respectively; and that the Payment of all and other Sums shall be as good, valid and efficients and Purposes, in full of all Compensations and recited Act, as if such Certificates under the leals of the said Commissioners of Inquiry, or any m, respecting such Compensations as are required recited Act, had been duly made and filed in the Auditor General in Dublin Castle, pursuant to the

them, and every or any of them, according to their

### CAP. XXXIX.

the said recited Act.

continue an Act of the last Session of Parliaallowing a Drawback of the Whole of the Duties ns on Brimstone used and consumed in Great the making and preparing Oil of Vitriol or Sulid. [27th June 1823.]

EAS it is expedient that an Act passed in the last 3G 4. c.107. on of Parliament, intituled An Act to allow, until the continued. of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty amback of the Whole of the Duties of Customs on sed and consumed in the making and preparing Oil of ulphuric Acid, should be further continued; Be it cted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and ice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temmmons, in this present Parliament assembled, and rity of the same, That the said recited Act shall be thousand eight hundred and twenty three, until ion shall be made respecting such Drawback by any or any Clause or Clauses in any Act or Acts, to be

# CAP. XL.

t Purpose.

amend several Acts for the Regulation of the Hempen Manufactures in Scotland.

[27th *June* 1823.]

EAS an Act was passed in the Parliament of Scotin the First Session of the First Parliament of His ng Charles the Second, intituled Act discharging the ' Exportation

4 Sess. 1 Parl. W. & M.

Parliament of Scotland, in the Third Parliament of Ha · Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled Act for encount Trade and Manufactures: And Whereas another Act ' passed in the Parliament of Scotland, in the Fourth Session the First Parliament of their Majesties King William and Qu ' Mary, intituled Act anent the right making and measure Linen Cloth: And Whereas an Act was passed in the la

' Exportation of Linen Yarn, and regulating the Breadth of Line ' Cloth, et cetera: And Whereas another Act was passed and

10 Ann. c.21.

ment of Great Britain, in the Tenth Year of the Reg ' Her Majesty Queen Anne, intituled An Act to prevent ' in making Linen Cloth, and regulating the Lengths, Breading equal sorting of Yarn, for each Piece made in Scotland, as whitening the same: And Whereas another Act was much the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her said Majesty &

12 Ann. stat. 2. c.20.

Anne, to explain and make more effectual the said recital passed in the Tenth Year of Her said Majesty's Reignal

13 G.1. c.26.

Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirteenth Year Reign of His Majesty King George the First, intituled & for better Regulation of the Linen and Hempen Manufactor

17 G.2. c.30.

that Part of Great Britain called Scotland: And Wh another Act was passed in the Seventeenth Year of the N of His Majesty King George the Second, intituled As As the more effectual preventing of the affixing of counterfet

18 G.2. c.24.

to Foreign or other Linens: And Whereas another has passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His has

King George the Second, intituled An Act for effects wenting the Exportation of Foreign Linen, under the Bion of British or Irish Linens: And Whereas another if passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of Homestry King George the Second, for explaining, and enforcing the hereinhefere recited Act and the second of the

24 G.2. c.31.

and enforcing the hereinbefore recited Act passed of the teenth Year of the Reign of King George the First, further regulating and encouraging the said Linen and Ho Manufactures: And Whereas by the said several Acts Rules and Regulations were made relating to the Impu ' and Sale of Linseed and Hempseed, and of Hemp and ' and the Manufacture of Linen, in that Part of the

' Kingdom called Scotland; and it is expedient that such and Regulations, so far as the same relate to the several M hereinafter specified, should be repealed (except in hereinafter mentioned) so far as relates to Scotland: therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; in enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That from and after the passing a Act the said several recited Acts, and all or any such Paral

or any of the said hereinbefore recited Acts, shall be reported whereby any Rule, Regulation, Restriction, Fine, Penaltr

feiture, Confiscation or Punishment, is made or imposed in way relating to the Importation, Exportation and Sale of I or Hempseed; or to the steeping, making up or Sale of liver Flax; or to the Exportation and Sale of Linen Yarn, or w

Recited Acts repealed, with Exceptions herein mentioned.

veaving and making up thereof; or to the Measure and the Reels, or of the Weaving Graith, such as Hedles ; or to the Measure, Length and Breadth or Standard Cloth, bleached and unbleached; or to the Number, ze and Description, Quality or Colour of Threads, to be used in the Manufacture or making up of the several escriptions thereof, or to the making up of the same into If Pieces or other Classes or Denominations; or to the ven working, cutting, knitting, taking up and folding to the sealing, measuring, stamping, marking or lapp-Linen, by any Person or Persons whomsoever, previous tion or Sale, or to the Fees payable in respect thereof; se of Lime or Pigeon's Dung, or Soap Dregs or Lees, ching of Linen; and all Clauses, Provisions, Powers rities conferred upon or granted to any Person or Persoever, for inspecting, viewing, searching for or seizing r Linen Cloth, or otherwise for the securing and en-Fulfilment of any such Rules, Regulations and Reor for the Recovery of any such Fines, Penalties and or Confiscations, or for the inflicting of any such t; and so much and such Parts of the said several reare hereby repealed accordingly, so far as relates to veral Matters and Things hereinbefore recited; except h Cases and for such Purposes as are hereinafter mencepted and provided for.

be it further enacted, That from and after the passing Linen and , it shall and may be lawful to spin and reel Linen or Hempen Yarn arn, and to manufacture Linen and Hempen Cloth in and Clothreeled, ee from all the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions by &c. with-pealed, and without the Necessity of sealing, measur-out Restric-tions hereby repealed. ; any thing in the said recited Acts or any of them, or r Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithexcept only in such Cases as are hereinafter mentioned

ed for.

be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Manufacturers nd for every Manufacturer or Weaver of Linen, and may weave their er and Dealer in Linen Manufacture in Scotland, to Marks in their he shall think fit, in or to any Piece of Linen Cloth be shall think fit, in or to any Piece of Linen Cloth be shall think fit, in or to any Piece of Linen Cloth be by or for such Manufacturer, Weaver, Trader or the Purpose of denoting either the true and correct d Breadth, or Quality of any such Piece of Linen by Name of the Manufacturer thereof, or both and Country of the Manufacturer thereof, or both and Country of the Manufacturer thereof. he Name of the Manufacturer thereof, or both; and Counterfeiting r Person or Persons shall counterfeit such Mark or Marks. Person or Persons shall, upon being lawfully coneof, upon the Oath of One or more credible Witness s, before Two or more Justices of the Peace or Magisn any Burgh, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds of the Person whose Mark shall be so counterfeited; l, levied and paid in such Manner as is directed by the Act of the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of King First, with respect to the Penalty of One hundred Penalty 1001. counterfeiting any Mark or Name under the said Act.

Proviso for Makers of Heckles, &c.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted. That nothing beni contained shall extend or be construed to extend to reped Enactments or Provisions in any of the said recited Acts or of them contained, whereby Makers of Heckles, Spinning Wh Reels, Weaving Looms and Weaving Reeds, or Weavers or Ma facturers of Linen, Flax or Hempen Cloth, or Hecklers or Dr ers of Flax or Hemp, are authorized to exercise their I respectively within any City, Town, Corporation, Burgh or hin Scotland, without any Lett or Hinderance from any Personal Control of the Contr Persons whatsoever, and without being chargeable or charge with Payment of any Entry Money or other Duty whatsoever

or in respect of following such Trade or Business.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall extend and shall take effect only in that Part of the United Kingdon

Great Britain and Ireland called Scotland.

to Scotland.

C. 40, 41.

## CAP. XLI.

An Act for the registering of Vessels. 27th June 18

See cap. 80. § 19. post.

Act confined

THEREAS the Wealth and Strength of this Kingdo the Prosperity and Safety of every Part of the Empire, greatly depend on the Encouragement given to ' and Navigation: And Whereas divers Acts have from the ' time been passed for the Purpose of confining to Ships built in His Majesty's Dominions the Advantages which ' formerly given by the Legislature to Ships owned at gated by His Majesty's Subjects, and for that Purpose Regulations have from time to time been made, for tering of and the transferring of the Property in such ' which Regulations have been found in some respects in and in others inconvenient: And Whereas the Object Legislature in passing the said several Acts may be ' fectually attained by repealing the same, and by con and consolidating in one Act the several Provisions on therein, but varied and altered in some respects; Be at fore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Te and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and Authority of the same, That from and after the Thirty is of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty the much of an Act passed in the Seventh and Eighth Years Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, intital Act for preventing Frauds and regulating Abuses in the Ple Trade, as relates in any way to the registering of Ships an sels; and also so much of an Act passed in the Fifteenth of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second tituled An Act for further regulating the Plantation Tre for Relief of Merchants importing Prize Goods from All and for preventing collusive Captures there; and for obligation of Wessels seized for Exportation of Wool, or any Importation, to give Security for Costs; and for allowing East Goods to be taken out of Warehouses in order to be cleaned refreshed, as relates in any way to the Proof to be given the Ship or Vessel belongs to British Subjects, before the

7 & 8 W.3. e.22. § 17, 18,

15 G.2, c.31. 5 1, 2, 3.

permitted to trade; and as relates to the Liberty to be given o trade where the Certificate of the Registry hath been lost; and as relates to the registering of a Ship or Vessel de novo; and also the whole of an Act of Parliament passed in the Twenty 26 G. S. c. 60. mixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for the further Increase and Encouragement of Shipping and Navigation; and also so much of an Act 27G.3. c.19. dejesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to enforce and 9. ender more effectual several Acts passed in the Twelfth Year of the leign of King Charles the Second, and other Acts made for the Inrease and Encouragement of Shipping and Navigation, as relates a any way to the registering of Ships or Vessels; and also so much 28 G.3. c.34. of an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His § 13, 14. tate Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act more effectually to secure he Performance of Quarantine, and for amending several Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs, as relates to Masters of Ships or Vessels detaining the Certificates of Registry of the same; and also so much of an Act passed in the Thirty \$46.3. c.68. burth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the \$14-22. Third, intituled An Act for the further Encouragement of British Mariners, and for other Purposes therein mentioned, as relates to the Transfer or Contract, or Agreement for Transfer, and the Alteration of Property in any Ship or Vessel, and as relates to the Certificate of Registry being withheld or detained by the Master of the Ship or Vessel, and as relates to the registering a Ship or Vessel de novo, under the several Circumstances therein meationed; and also the whole of an Act passed in the Forty 48 G.s. c.70. eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled Az Act to provide that British Ships which shall be captured by the Enemy, and shall afterwards become the Property of British Subjects, shall not be entitled to the Privileges of British Ships; and also the whole of an Act passed in the Forty ninth 49 G.s. c.41. Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, to provide that British Ships captured by the Enemy, becoming the Property of British Subjects, shall not be entitled to the Privileges of British Ships; and also so much of an Act passed in the Fifty 55G.3. e.116. fifth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act § 1-5. to make further Regulations for the Registry of Ships built in India, a relates in any way to the registering of Ships or Vessels in Isdie; and also the whole of an Act passed in the Fifty 59 G.s. c.5. ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to ascertain the Tonnage of Vessels propelled by Steam; and also so much of an Act passed in the First 1 G.4, c.9. Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Fourth, 11-4. reintituled An Act for granting the Privileges of British Ships to pealed. Vends built at Malta, Gibraltar and Heligoland, and certain of those Privileges to Vessels built in the British Settlements at Honduras, as relates to the registering of Ships or Vessels at Malta, Gibralter and Heligoland; and also all and every other Act, or so much of any other Act, passed in Great Britain or in Ireland, as relates in any way to the registering of Ships and Vessels; shall be and the same are hereby respectively repealed. II. And

No Vessel to enjoy Privileges until registered. II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Thing first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twent three, no Ship or Vessel having a Deck, or being of the Burtle of Fifteen Tons or upwards, shall be entitled to any of the Privileges or Advantages of a British Ship, until the Persons claiming Property therein shall have caused the set to be registered in manner hereinafter mentioned, and shall be obtained a Certificate of such Registry from the Person or Persons authorized to make such Registry and grant such Certificates hereinafter directed; the Form of which Certificate shall be follows; videlicet,

Certificate of Registry.

THIS is to certify, That in pursuance of an Act passed the Fourth Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth tituled An Act [here insert the Title of the Act, the New Occupation and Residence of the subscribing Owners], had ' taken and subscribed the Oath required by this Act, and but sworn that [he, or they] together with [Names, Occup and Residence of non subscribing Owners [is, or are] sole On or Owners, in the Proportions specified on the Back herest the Ship or Vessel called the [Ship's Name] of [Plant which the Vessel belongs], which is of the Burthen of [Name of Tons], and whereof [Master's Name] is Master; and the said Ship or Vessel was [when and where built or a demned as Prize, referring to Builder's Certificate, Judges to tificate or Certificate of last Registry then delivered up to be celled], and [Name and Employment of surveying having certified to us that the said Ship or Vessel has [New York Property of the celled]. Decks and [Number] Masts, that her Length from the first of the Main Stem to the after Part of the Stern Post [Number of Feet and Inches], her Breadth at the best Part [stating whether that be above or below the Main Webs [Number of Feet and Inches], her [Height between Destination of the Deck, or Depth in the Hold, if only One is [Number of Feet and Inches], that she is [how rigged] in with a [standing or remains] Boweners is [December 1]. with a [standing or running] Bowsprit, is [Description of Statemed, [Carvel or Clinker] built, has [whether any or ma] ' lery, and [kind of Head if any] Head; and the said subscribed Owners having consented and agreed to the above Described in the said subscribed in the said sub tion, and having caused sufficient Security to be given, required by the said Act, the said Ship or Vessel called ' [Name] has been duly registered at the Port of [Name] Certified under our Hands at the Custom House, the said Port of [Name of Port] this [Date] Day of [Note of Month] in the Year [Words at length].

[Signed] Collector.

Indorsement on back of Certificate.

And on the Back of such Certificate of Registry there shall an Account of the Parts or Shares held by each of the Ownmentioned and described in such Certificate, in Form and Manufollowing:

[Signed]

Comptro

Names of the several Owners 'within mentioned.	Number of Sixty fourth Shares held by each Owner.
' [ Name	Thirty two Sixteen Eight Eight.]
avame	'[Signed] Collector. '[Signed] Comptroller.'

Comptroller. Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall extend to require Provise for any Vessel not exceeding the Burthen of Thirty Tons, and not Vessels not exhaving a whole or a fixed Deck, and being employed solely in ceeding 30 the Fishery on the Banks or Shores of Newfoundland, and of the Parts adjacent, or on the Banks or Shores of the Provinces of Quebec, Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, adjacent to the Gulph of Saint Laurence, and on the North of Cape Canso, or of the Islands within the same, or in trading Coastwise within the said Limits, to

be registered so long as such Vessel shall be solely so employed. III. And be it further enacted, That the Persons authorized Certain Perand required to make such Registry and grant such Certificates sons hereby shall be the Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs authorised to in any Port in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and in the Isle of Man respectively, in respect of Ships tificates. or Vessels to be there registered; and the principal Officers of His Majesty's Customs in the Island of Guernsey or Jersey, together with the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Commander in Chief of those Islands respectively, in respect of Ships or Vessels to be there registered; and the Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs of any Port in the Colonies, Plantations, Islands and Territories to His Majesty belonging in Asia, Africa and America, together with the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Commander in Chief of such Colonies, Plantations, Islands and Territories respectively, in respect of Ships or Vessels to be there registered; and the Collector of Duties at any Port in the Territories under the Government of the East India Company, and other Territories belonging to His Majesty within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, payable to the said Company, or any other Person of the Rank, in the said Company's Service, of Senior Merchant, or of Six Years' Standing in the said Service, being respectively appointed to act in the Execution of this Act, by any of the Governments of the said Company in India, in any Ports in which there shall be no Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs in respect of Ships or Vessels to be there registered; and the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Commander in Chief of Malta, Gibraltar, Heligoland and Cape of Good Hope respectively in respect of Ships or Vessels to be there registered: Provided always, that no Proviso as to Ship or Vessel registered by such Collector or other Person in Privileges of India shall be entitled to the Privileges and Advantages of Vessels regis-British Ships in any Trade or Voyages beyond the Limits of the said Company's Charter, other than and except such as are specified in an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign 53 G.s. c. 155. of His late Majesty King George the Third, and made for the Regulation, among other things, of the Trade to and from the Places within the said Company's Charter, and in other sub-4 Gro. IV. sequent

Proviso as to Privileges of Vessels registered at Malta, &c.

By whom certain Powers of Collectors and Comptrollers, are to be exercised in certain Cases and Places herein mentioned.

Acts may be done by Two Commissioners of Customs in England, &c. and by Governors, &c. of Places where Vess els may be registered.

Ships exercising Privileges before Registry forfeited.

Proviso for Vessels already registered till required to be registered de novo.

What Ships are entitled to be registered.

sequent Acts made and passed or to be hereafter made and passed for the further Regulation of the Trade to and from such Place: Provided also, that no Ship or Vessel shall be registered Malta, Gibraltar or Heligoland, except such as are wholly a the Built of those Places respectively, and such Ships or Vesses shall not be registered elsewhere; and that such Ships at Vessels so registered shall not be entitled to the Privilege at Advantages of British Ships in any Trade between the said United Kingdom and any of the Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Imtories in America to His Majesty belonging: Provided that wherever in and by this Act it is directed or provided to any Act, Matter or Thing shall and may be done or periors by, to or with any Collector and Comptroller of His Majest Customs, the same shall or may be done or performed by, but with the principal Officers of Customs in the Islands of Guore or Jersey, together with the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Commander in Chief of those Islands respectively; and also to or with such Collector or other Person in India, in the Sense of the East India Company as aforesaid; and also by, to a selection the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Commander in Chief Malta, Gibraltar, Heligoland or Cape of Good Hope, and accord ing as the same Act, Matter or Thing is to be done or perfect at the said several and respective Places, and within the diction of the said several Persons respectively: Provided that wherever in and by this Act it is directed or provided any Act, Matter or Thing shall or may be done or performing to or with the Commissioners of His Majesty's Custon same shall or may be done or performed by, to or said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them in less Ireland or Scotland respectively; and also by, to or Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Commander in Chief Place where any Ship or Vessel may be registered under Authority of this Act, so far as such Act, Matter of lacan be applicable to the registering of any Ship or Vose such Place. IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the

Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred twenty three, in case any Ship or Vessel, not being duly tered, and not having obtained such Certificate of Regard aforesaid, shall exercise any of the Privileges of a Brillian the same shall be subject to Forfeiture, and also all the Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel to the same Same Vessel belonging, and shall and may be seized by any Offer Officers of His Majesty's Customs: Provided always, that in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to affel Privileges of any Ship or Vessel which shall have been regard by virtue of any Act or Acts in force for the Registry of Be Ships, and granting Certificates thereof prior to the said first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and three, until such time or times as such Ships or Vessels required by this Act to be registered de novo, under the lations thereof.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Ship or Vessel registered, or, having been registered, shall be deemed

duly registered by virtue of this Act, except such as are wholly of the Built of the said United Kingdom, or of the Isle of Man, or of the Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or of some of the Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Territories in Asia, Africa or America, or of Malta, Gibraltar or Heligoland, which belong to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, at the Time of the building of such Ships or Vessels; or such Ships or Vessels as shall have been condemned in any Court of Admiralty as Prize of War, or such Ships or Vessels as shall have been condemned in any competent Court for the Breach of the Laws made for the Prevention of the Slave Trade, and which shall wholly belong, and continue wholly to belong to His Majesty's Subjects duly entitled to be Owners of Ships or Vessels registered by virtue of this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Ship or Vessel shall How far continue to enjoy the Privileges of a British Ship after the same Foreign Reshall have been repaired in a Foreign Country, if such Repairs pairs may exshall exceed the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Ton of the Flurthen of the said Shin or Vessel, unless such Persiands 11 hours. Burthen of the said Ship or Vessel, unless such Repairs shall have been necessary by reason of extraordinary Damage sustained by such Ship or Vessel during her Absence from His Majesty's Dominions, to enable her to perform the Voyage in which she shall have been engaged, and to return to some Port or Place of the said Dominions; and whenever any Ship or Vessel, which has The Master on been so repaired in a Foreign Country, shall arrive at any Port Arrival to rein His Majesty's Dominions, as a British registered Ship or port such Re-Vessel, the Master or other Person having the Command or pairs. Charge of the same shall, upon the first Entry thereof, report upon Oath to the Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs at such Port, that such Ship or Vessel has been so repaired, under Penalty of Twenty Shillings for every Ton of Penalty, the Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, according to the Admeasurement thereof; and if it shall be proved, to the Satisfaction of Necessity of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, that such Ship or such Repairs to Vessel was Sea worthy at the Time when she last departed from be proved to any Port or Place in His Majesty's Dominions, and that no of Customs. greater Quantity of such Repairs have been done to the said Vessel than was necessary as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon a full Consideration of all the Circumstances, to direct the Collector and Comptroller of the Port where such Ship or Vessel shall have arrived, or where Such Proof to she shall then be, to certify on the Certificate of the Registry be certified on of such Ship or Vessel, that it has been proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, that Registry. the Privileges of the said Ship or Vessel have not been forfeited, notwithstanding the Repairs which have been done to the same in a Foreign Country.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel, Ships declared registered under the Authority of this or any other Act, shall unseaworthy, be deemed or declared to be stranded or unseaworthy, and to be deemed incapable of being recovered or repaired to the Advantage of the Owners thereof and shall for such Passara be said by the broken up. the Owners thereof, and shall for such Reasons be sold by Order or Decree of any competent Court, for the Benefit of the Owners of such Ship or Vessel, or other Persons interested therein, the same shall be taken and deemed to be a Ship or Vessel lost or

M 2

broken up, to all Intents and Purposes within the Meaning of this Act, and shall never again be entitled to the Privileges of a British built Ship, for any Purposes of Trade or Navigation. VIII. And be it further enacted, That no British Ship or

captured, not again entitled

C. 41.

Vessel which has been or shall hereafter be captured by, and become Prize to an Enemy, or sold to Foreigners, shall again be entitled to the Privileges of a British Ship: Provided always, that nothing contained in this Act shall extend to prevent the registering of any Ship or Vessel whatever, which shall be condemned in any Court of Admiralty as Prize of War, or in any competent Court for Breach of Laws made for the Prevention of the Slave Trade.

Ships to be registered at Port to which they belong.

British Ships

to Registry.

Proviso for

Ships con-

demned.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no such Registry shall hereafter be made, or Certificate thereof granted, by any Person or Persons hereinbefore authorized to make such Registry, and

Exception.

grant such Certificate, in any other Port or Place than the Port or Place to which such Ship or Vessel shall properly belong. except so far as relates to such Ships or Vessels as shall be condemned as Prizes in any of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey Man; which Ships or Vessels shall in future be registered in

Commissioners of Customs may permit Registry at other Ports.

manner hereinafter directed; but that all and every Registry and Certificate granted in any Port or Place to which any such Ship or Vessel does not properly belong, shall be utterly null and void, to all Intents and Purposes, unless the Officers aforesaid

Book of Registers to be kept.

shall be specially authorized and empowered to make such Registry, and grant such Certificate in any other Port, by an Order in Writing under the Hands of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, which Order the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to issue in manner aforesaid.

the Form of the Certificate of Registry hereinbefore directed to be used shall be duly entered; and every Registry shall be numbered in Progression, beginning such progressive Numeration at the Commencement of each and every Year; and such Col-

Copy of Certificate transmitted lector and Comptroller shall forthwith, or within One Month to Customs.

if they shall see fit; and at every Port where Registry shall be made in pursuance of this Act, a Book shall be kept by the Collector and Comptroller, in which all the Particulars contained in

Ports to which to belong.

at the farthest, transmit to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs a true and exact Copy, together with the Number of every Certificate which shall be by them so granted.

On Change of Owners Begistry de novo. If Registry de novo cannot be made, Ship may go one Voyage with Permission.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Ship or Vessel shall Vessels deemed be deemed to belong to some Port at or near to which some of one of the Owners who shall take and subscribe the Oath required by this Act, before Registry be made, shall reside; and whenever such Owner or Owners shall have transferred all his of their Share or Shares in such Ship or Vessel, the same shall be registered de novo, before such Ship or Vessel shall sail or depart from the Port to which she shall then belong, or from any other Port which shall be in the same Part of the United Kingdom or the same Colony, Plantation, Island or Territory as the said Port shall be in: Provided always, that if the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel cannot in sufficient Time comply with the Requisites of this Act, so that Registry may be made before it shall be necessary for such Ship or Vessel to sail of

pon another Voyage, it shall be lawful for the Collector ptroller of the Port where such Ship or Vessel may then certify upon the Back of the existing Certificate of of such Ship or Vessel, that the same is to remain in the Voyage upon which the said Ship or Vessel is then sail or depart : Provided also, that if any Ship or Vessel Ships built in built in any of the Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Colonies for es in Asia, Africa or America, to His Majesty belonging, Owners residing in the United Kingdom, it shall be lawful ship or Vessel to proceed to any Part of the United may proceed on Master productions, whether by a direct or circuitous Voyage, and there to Cargo before Registry shall have been made of such and making tessel; provided the Master of such Ship or Vessel, or Oath as herein mentioned: t for the Owner or Owners thereof, shall have produced mentioned; llector and Comptroller of the Port at or near to which or Vessel was built, or from which she shall be cleared Voyage as aforesaid, the Certificate of the Builder by this Act, and shall have made Oath before such Cold Comptroller of the Names and Descriptions of the Owners of such Ship or Vessel, and that she is the Ship or Vessel mentioned in such Certificate of the and that no Foreigner, to the best of his Knowledge of, has any Interest therein; whereupon the Collector thereupon Ship ptroller of such Port shall cause such Ship or Vessel to to be measured. yed and measured in like manner as is directed for ose of registering any Ship or Vessel, and shall give the f such Ship or Vessel a Certificate under their Hands Certificate of , purporting to be under the Authority of this Act, and Built. nen and where, and by whom such Ship or Vessel was Description, Tonnage and other Particulars required try of any Ship or Vessel, and the Voyage for which or Vessel is cleared by them; and such Certificate shall oyage have all the Force and Virtue of a Certificate of under this Act, and such Collector and Comptroller shall Copy of such Certificate to the Commissioners of His Customs.

d be it further enacted, That no Person who has taken Persons swearof Allegiance to any Foreign State, except under the ing Allegiance some Capitulation, unless he shall afterwards become to or residing in or naturalized Subject of the United Kingdom by His Letters Patent, or by Act of Parliament, nor any Owners: sually residing in any Country not under the Dominion Exceptions. jesty, His Heirs and Successors, unless he be a Member British Factory, or Agent for or Partner in any House nership actually carrying on Trade in Great Britain or hall be entitled to be the Owner in whole or in part, r indirectly, of any Ship or Vessel required and autho-e registered by virtue of this Act. and be it further enacted, That no Registry shall hence- Oath to be

nade or Certificate granted, until the following Oath be taken by subsubscribed, before the Person or Persons hereinbefore scribing Ownd to make such Registry and grant such Certificate Registry. ely (which they are hereby respectively empowered to

C. 41.

Proportion of Owners who shall subscribe and take the Oath. there shall be Two joint Owners, then by both of such joint Owners, if both shall be resident within Twenty Miles of the Port or Place where such Register is required, or by One of such Owners, if one or both of them shall be resident at a greater Distance from such Port or Place; or if the Number of such Owners or Proprietors shall exceed Two, then by the greater Part of the Number of such Owners or Proprietors, if the greater Number of them shall be resident within Twenty Miles of such Port or Place as aforesaid, not in any Case exceeding Three of such Owners or Proprietors, or by One of such Owners, if all shall be resident at a greater Distance:

or Vessel is owned by or belongs to One Person only, or in case

Form of Oath.

A.B. of [Place of Residence and Occupation] do make Oath, That the Ship or Vessel [Name] of [Port or Place], whereof [Master's Name] is at present Master, being [kind of Built, Burthen, et cetera, as described in the Certificate of the surveying Officer], was [when and where built, or if Prize, Capture and Condemnation], and that I, the said A. B. [and the other Owners' Names and Occupations, if any, and where they respectively reside; videlicet, Town, Place or Parish and County; or if Member of and resident in any Factory in Foreign Ports, or in any Foreign Town or City, being an Agent for, or Partner in any House or Copartnership, actually carrying on Trade in Great Britain or Ireland, the Name of such Factory, Foreign Town or City, and the Names of such House or Copartnership], am [or are] sole Owner [or Owners] of the said Vessel, and that no other Person or Persons whatever hath or have any Right, Title, Interest, Share or Property therein or thereto; and that I the said A.B. [and the said other Owners, if any], am [or are] truly and boni fide a Subject [or Subjects] of Great Britain; and that I the said A.B. have not (nor have any of the other Owners, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief,) taken the Oath of Allegiance to any Foreign State whatever, [except under the Terms of some Capitulation, describing the Particulars thereof], or that since my taking [or his or their taking] the Oath of Allegiance to [naming the Foreign States respectively to which he or any of the said Owners shall have taken the same], I have [or he or ' they hath or have] become a Denizen [or Denizens, or natu-' ralized Subject or Subjects, as the Case may be,] of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, by His Majesty's Letters Patent, or by an Act of Parliament [naming the Times " when such Letters of Denization have been granted respectively, or the Year or Years in which such Act or Acts for Naturalization ' have passed respectively]; and that no Foreigner, directly or ' indirectly, hath any Share or Part Interest in the said Ship or Vessel.

Addition to Oath in case the required j Number of Owners do not attend. XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the required Number of joint Owners or Proprietors of any Ship or Vessel shall not personally attend to take and subscribe the Oath hereinbefore directed to be taken and subscribed, then and in such Case such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, as shall personally attend, and take and subscribe the Oath aforesaid. shall further make Oath that the Part Owner or Part Owners of

p or Vessel then absent is or are not resident within Miles of such Port or Place, and hath or have not, to of his or their Knowledge or Belief, wilfully absented or themselves, in order to avoid the taking the Oath ore directed to be taken and subscribed, or is or are l by Illness from attending to take and subscribe the

And in order to enable the Collector and Comptroller

Majesty's Customs to grant a Certificate truly and ely describing every Ship or Vessel to be registered in ce of this Act, and also to enable all other Officers of ajesty's Customs, on due Examination, to discover any such Ship or Vessel is the same with that for which icate is alleged to have been granted;' Be it enacted, vious to the registering or granting of any Certificate of Vessels to be as aforesaid, some One or more Person or Persons surveyed predicts or their Assistance, if he or they shall judge it gistry.

One or more Person or Persons skilled in the Building , One or more Person or Persons skilled in the Building easurement of Ships,) shall go on board of every such Vessel as is to be registered, and shall strictly and y examine and admeasure every such Ship or Vessel as d every Particular contained in the Form of the Certireinbefore directed, in the Presence of the Master, or ther Person who shall be appointed for that Purpose on of the Owner or Owners, or in his or their Absence, by Master, and shall deliver a true and just Account in of all such Particulars of the Built, Description and Certificate of rement of every such Ship or Vessel as are specified in Survey to be of the Certificate above recited, to the Collector and given; ler authorized as aforesaid to make such Registry, and h Certificate of Registry; and the said Master, or other Owner or ttending on the Part of the Owner or Owners, is hereby Master concurto sign his Name also to the Certificate of such surveying ring therein. ning Officer in Testimony of the Truth thereof, provided ster or other Person shall consent and agree to the articulars set forth and described therein.

and be it further enacted, That for the Purpose of ascer- Mode of An he Tonnage of Ships or Vessels, the Rule for Admea- measurement to shall be as follows; videlicet, the Length shall be taken ascertain Topight Line along the Rabbet of the Keel from the Back of nage. Stern Post to a perpendicular Line from the fore Part of Stem under the Bowsprit, from which, subtracting Three the Breadth, the Remainder shall be esteemed the just of the Keel to find the Tonnage; and the Breadth shall from the Outside of the Outside Plank in the broadest the Ship, whether that shall be above or below the Main exclusive of all Manner of Doubling Planks that may be upon the Sides of the Ship; then multiplying the of the Keel by the Breadth so taken, and that Product the Breadth, and dividing the whole by Ninety four, the t shall be deemed the true Contents of the Tonnage. I. And Whereas it would in some Cases endanger Ships

ssels, to cause them to be laid on Shore;' Be it therefore M 4

167

Mode of ascertaining Tonnage when Vessels are affost.

enacted, That in Cases where it may be necessary to ascert the Tonnage of any Ship or Vessel when afloat, according to t foregoing Rule, the following Method shall be observed; that is say, drop a Plumb Line over the Stern of the Ship, and mean the Distance between such Line and the after Part of the St Post at the Load Water Mark; then measure from the Top the Plumb Line, in a parallel Direction with the Water, to a p pendicular Point immediately over the Load Water Mark at 1 fore Part of the Main Stem, subtracting from such Measurem the above Distance, the Remainder will be the Ship's Extra from which is to be deducted Three Inches for every Foot of Load Draught of Water for the Rake abaft, also Three Fifths the Ship's Breadth for the Rake forward, the Remainder st be esteemed the just Length of the Keel to find the Tonna and the Breadth shall be taken from Outside to Outside of Plank, in the broadest Part of the Ship, whether that shall above or below the Main Wales, exclusive of all Manner Sheathing or Doubling that may be wrought on the Side of the Ship; then multiplying the Length of the Keel for Tonnage the Breadth so taken, and that Product by Half the Breadth, dividing by Ninety four, the Quotient shall be deemed the tr Contents of the Tonnage.

Engine Room in Steam Vessels to be deducted. XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That is each of the several Rules hereinbefore prescribed, when used for the Purpose of ascertaining the Tonnage of any Ship or Vessel propelled by Steam, the Length of the Engine Room shall be deducted from the whole Length of such Ship or Vessel, and the Remainder shall, for such Purpose, be deemed the whole Length of the same.

Tonnage when so ascertained, to be ever after deemed the Tonnage.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Tonnage of any Ship or Vessel shall have been ascertained according to the Rule herein prescribed (except in the Case of Ships or Vessels which have been admeasured afloat) such Account of Tonnage shall ever after be deemed the Tonnage of such Ship or Vessel, and shall be repeated in every subsequent Registry of such Ship or Vessel; unless it shall happen that any Alteration has been made in the Form and Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, or it shall be discovered that the Tonnage of such Ship or Vessel had been erroneously taken and computed.

Proviso.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That at the Time of obtaining the Certificate of Registry as aforesaid, sufficient Security by Bond shall be given to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by the Master and such of the Owners as shall personally attend as is hereinbefore required, such Security to be approved of and taken by the Person or Persons hereinbefore authorized to make such Registry, and grant such Certificate of Registry, at the Port or Place in which such Certificate shall be granted, in the Penalties following; that is to say, if such Ship or Vessel shall be a decked Vessel, or be above the Burthen of Fifteen Tons, and not exceeding Fifty Tons, in the Penalty of One hundred Pounds; if exceeding the Burthen of Fifty Tons, and not exceeding One hundred Tons, in the Penalty of Three hundred Pounds; if exceeding the Burthen of One hundred Tons, and

not exceeding Two hundred Tons, in the Penalty of Five hundred

Pounds:

Bond to be given at the Time of Certificate of Registry. seeding the Burthen of Two hundred Tons, and not ee hundred Tons, in the Penalty of Eight hundred f exceeding the Burthen of Three hundred Tons, in One thousand Pounds; and the Condition of every be, that such Certificate shall not be sold, lent or osed of to any Person or Persons whatever, and shall be solely made use of for the Service of the for which it is granted; and that in case such Ship be lost or taken by the Enemy, burnt or broken se prevented from returning to the Port to which shall on any account have lost and forfeited the British Ship, or shall have been seized and legally illicit Trading, or shall have been taken in Execuand sold by due Process of Law, or shall have e Crown, or shall under, any Circumstances, have d de novo, the Certificate, if preserved, shall be ithin One Month after the Arrival of the Master Place in His Majesty's Dominions, to the Collector er of some Port in Great Britain, or of the Isle of British Plantations, or to the Governor, Lieutenant ommander in Chief for the Time being of the Isusey or Jersey; and that if any Foreigner, or any sons for his Use and Benefit, shall purchase or me entitled to the Whole or any Part or Share of t in such Ship or Vessel, and the same shall be its of any Port of Great Britain, Guernsey, Jersey, ritish Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Territories and in such Case the Certificate of Registry shall, lays after such Purchase or Transfer of Property Vessel, be delivered up to the Person or Persons thorized to make Registry and grant Certificate of h Port or Place respectively as aforesaid; and if essel shall be in any Foreign Port when such Purfer of Interest or Property shall take place, then nall be delivered up to the British Consul or other ficer resident at or nearest to such Foreign Port; or Vessel shall be at Sea when such Purchase or erest or Property shall take place, then that the delivered up to the British Consul or other Chief at the Foreign Port or Place in or at which the r Person having or taking the Charge or Comhip or Vessel shall first arrive after such Purchase Property at Sea, immediately after his Arrival at ort; but if such Master or other Person who had hereof at the Time of such Purchase or Transfer Sea shall not arrive at a Foreign Port, but shall Port of Great Britain, Guernsey, Jersey, Man, or aid Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Territories, ame shall be delivered up in manner aforesaid, Days after the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel, or who had the Command thereof, in any Port of Guernsey, Jersey, Man, or any of His Majesty's

Plantations, Islands or Territories: Provided If Ship, at the it shall happen that at the Time of Registry of Time of Regis-

A.D. 18

Per

try, be at any other Port than that of Registry, the Master may there give separate Bond.

C. 41.

When Master is changed new Master to give similar Bond, and his Name to be indorsed on Certificate of Registry.

Proviso.

Certificate of Registry to be iven up, as directed by the Bond.

Name of Vessel which has been registered not to be changed.

Names painted on Stern.

Owner, &c.

any Ship or Vessel the same shall be at any other Port t the Port to which she belongs, so that the Master of such or Vessel cannot attend at the Port of Registry, to join with Owner or Owners in such Bond as aforesaid, it shall be law for him to give a separate Bond to the like Effect at the where such Ship or Vessel may then be, and the Collector Comptroller of such other Port shall transmit such Bond to Collector and Comptroller of the Port where such Ship or Ve is to be registered; and such Bond, and the Bond also give the Owner or Owners, shall together be of the same E against the Master and Owner or Owners, or either of them,

they had bound themselves jointly and severally in one Bond.

XX. And be it further enacted, That when and so ofte

the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or C mand of any Ship or Vessel registered in manner hereinbedirected shall be changed, the Master or Owner of such Ship Vessel shall deliver to the Person or Persons hereinbefore au rized to make such Registry and grant such Certificates of Regi at the Port where such Change shall take place, the Certifical Registry belonging to such Ship or Vessel, who shall thereve indorse and subscribe a Memorandum of such Change, and forthwith give notice of the same to the proper Officer of the or Place where such Ship or Vessel was last registered purs to this Act, who shall likewise make a Memorandum of the s in the Book of Registers, which is hereby directed and requ to be kept, and shall forthwith give Notice thereof to the C missioners of His Majesty's Customs: Provided always, before the Name of such new Master shall be indorsed on Certificate of Registry, he shall be required to give and shall

Time of Registry of any Ship or Vessel. XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person what shall at any Time have Possession of, and wilfully detain, Certificate of Registry granted under this or any other Act, w ought to be delivered up to be cancelled, according to an the Conditions of the Bond hereinbefore required to be gi upon the Registry of any Ship or Vessel, such Person is her

required and enjoined to deliver up such Certificate of Regu

Owner or Owners of all and every Ship or Vessel which shall

a Bond in the like Penalties and under the same Conditions as contained in the Bond herein before required to be given at

in manner directed by the Conditions of such Bond, in the res tive Cases, and under the respective Penalties therein provide XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be la for any Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel to give any N to such Ship or Vessel, other than that by which she was registered in pursuance of this or any other Act; and that

so registered shall, before such Ship or Vessel, after such Re try, shall begin to take in any Cargo, paint or cause to be pain in White or Yellow Letters of a Length not less than Four Inc upon a Black Ground, on some conspicuous Part of the St

the Name by which such Ship or Vessel shall have been registe pursuant to this Act, and the Port to which she belongs, distinct and legible Manner, and shall so keep and preserve same; and that if such Owner or Owners, or Master or ol wing or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship permitting Ship shall permit such Ship or Vessel to begin to take in to take in Cargo before the Name of such Ship or Vessel has been so before Name aforesaid, or shall wilfully alter, erase, obliterate or in de or conceal, or cause or procure or permit the same (unless in the Case of Square rigged Vessels in Time Exception. or shall in any written or printed Paper, or other Docu- Or describing cribe such Ship or Vessel by any Name other than that Ship by any she was first registered pursuant to this Act, or shall other Name, escribe, or cause or procure or permit such Ship or ac. be described by any other Name to any Officer or Offi-s Majesty's Revenue in the due Execution of his or their n and in every such Case such Owner or Owners, or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command hip or Vessel, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Penalty 1001.

And be it further enacted, That all and every Person Builder's Ceras who shall apply for a Certificate of the Registry of tificate of Paror Vessel, shall and they are hereby required to produce ticulars of Ship. rson or Persons authorized to grant such Certificate a ull Account, under the Hand of the Builder of such essel, of the proper Denomination, and of the Time the Place where such Ship or Vessel was built; and xact Account of the Tonnage of such Ship or Vessel, with the Name of the first Purchaser or Purchasers there-Account such Builder is hereby directed and required der his Hand, on the same being demanded by such Persons so applying for a Certificate as aforesaid); and Oath to be make Oath before the Person or Persons hereinbefore made thereto. l to grant such Certificate (which Oath he or they is or y authorized to administer), that the Ship or Vessel for h Certificate is required is the same with that which is ed by the Builder as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted, That if the Certificate of Certificate of of any Ship or Vessel shall be lost or mislaid, so that Registry lost cannot be found or obtained for the Use of such Ship when needful, and Proof thereof shall be made to the on of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, such Commissioners oners shall and may permit such Ship or Vessel to be may permit Rede novo, and a Certificate thereof to be granted: Pro- or if Ship be rays, that if such Ship or Vessel be absent, and far absent grant a om the Port to which she belongs, or by reason of the Licence.

of the Owner or Owners, or of any other Impediment, of the same cannot then be made in sufficient Time, such oners shall and may grant a Licence for the present Use Ship or Vessel, which Licence shall for the Time and to nt specified therein, and no longer, be of the same force le as a Certificate of Registry granted under this Act:
l always, that before such Registry de novo be made, the Bond respectr Owners and Master shall give Bond to the Commission- ing lost Ceresaid, in such Sum as to them shall seem fit, with a Con- uficate of Rehat if the Certificate of Registry shall at any Time after-Condition. e found, the same shall be forthwith delivered to the Officers of His Majesty's Customs to be cancelled, and

Oath to be made before Licence granted.

172

Before Licence granted, Ship to be surveyed as if for Registry.

Registry may be made after Departure of Ship;

and Certificate transmitted to be exchanged for Licence.

Persons detaining Certificate of Registry.

Complaint on Oath may be made to Justice,

Proceedings.

that no illegal Use has been or shall be made thereof, with h their Privity or Knowledge; and further, that before any Licence shall be granted as aforesaid, the Master of such Shi Vessel shall also make Oath that the same has been registered British Ship, naming the Port where, and the Time when Registry was made, and all the Particulars contained in the tificate thereof, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief; shall also give such Bond, and with the same Condition a before mentioned: Provided also, that before any such Lice shall be granted, such Ship or Vessel shall be surveyed in Manner as if a Registry de novo were about to be made the and the Certificate of such Survey shall be preserved by the lector and Comptroller of the Port to which such Ship or Ve shall belong; and in virtue thereof it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, and they are hereby required to permit such or Vessel to be registered after her Departure, whenever Owner or Owners shall personally attend to take and subsc the Oath required by this Act before Registry be made, and also comply with all other Requisites of this Act, except so fa relates to the Bond to be given by the Master of such Shi Vessel; which Certificate of Registry the said Commissioners and may transmit to the Collector and Comptroller of any o Port, to be by them given to the Master of such Ship or Ve upon his giving such Bond, and delivering up the Licence w had been granted for the then present Use of such Ship or Ve ' XXV. And Whereas it is not proper that any Person un

' any Pretence whatever should detain the Certificate of Regi ' of any Ship or Vessel, or hold the same for any Purpose of ' than the lawful Use and Navigation of the Ship or Vessel which it was granted;' Be it therefore enacted, That in the Master of any Ship or Vessel, or any other Person who have received or obtained by any Means, or for any Pur whatever, the Certificate of the Registry thereof, (whether Master or other Person shall be a Part Owner or not,) wilfully detain and refuse to deliver up the same to the pro-Officers of His Majesty's Customs for the Purposes of such Shi Vessel as occasion shall require, it may and shall be lawful to for any Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, the Certifi of Registry of which shall be detained and refused to be deliv up as aforesaid, to make Complaint on Oath against the Maste the Ship or Vessel, or other Person who shall so detain and re to deliver up the same, of such Detainer and Refusal, to any tice of the Peace residing near to the Place where such Deta and Refusal shall be in Great Britain or Ireland, or to any Men of the Supreme Court of Justice, or any Justice of the Peac the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey or Man, or in any Colony, I tation, Island or Territory to His Majesty belonging, in Africa or America, or Malta, Gibraltar or Heligoland, who such Detainer and Refusal shall be in any of the Places

mentioned; and on such Complaint, the said Justice or o Magistrate shall and is hereby required, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, to cause such Master or other Person to

brought before him, to be examined touching such Detainer Refusal; and if it shall appear to the said Justice or other gistr 23.

on Examination of the Master or other Person, or othert the said Certificate of Registry is not lost or mislaid, fully detained by the said Master or other Person, such r other Person shall be thereof convicted, and shall forpay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and on Failure of Penalty 100l. thereof, he shall be committed to the Common Gaol, remain without Bail or Mainprize for such Time as the ce or other Magistrate shall in his Discretion deem pro-being less than Three Months, nor more than Twelve and the said Justice or other Magistrate shall and he is Justice to cerequired to certify the aforesaid Detainer, Refusal and tify Detainer. n to the Person or Persons who granted such Certifiegistry for such Ship or Vessel, who shall, on the Terms Ship to be relitions of Law being complied with, make Registry of gistered de or Vessel de novo, and grant a Certificate thereof, con-novo. to Law, notifying on the Back of such Certificate the pon which the Ship or Vessel was so registered de novo; ch Master or other Person who shall have detained and If Person dedeliver up such Certificate of Registry as aforesaid, or taining Cererily believed to have detained the same, shall have ab- tificate have so that the said Warrant of the Justice or other Ma-absconded, annot be executed upon him, and Proof thereof shall be the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to permit or Vessel to be registered de novo, or otherwise in their Ship may be n to grant a Licence for the present Use of such Ship or registered as like manner as is hereinbefore provided, in the Case in case of lost Certificate. he Certificate of Registry is lost or mislaid.

And be it further enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel, Ship altered as shall have been registered pursuant to the Directions of herein mentionshall in any Manner whatever be altered so as not to ed to be regisd with all the Particulars contained in the Certificate gistry, in such Case such Ship or Vessel shall be regisnovo, in manner hereinbefore required, as soon as she the Port to which she belongs, or to any other Port ill be in the same Part of the United Kingdom, or in the ony, Plantation, Island or Territory as the said Port shall Failure whereof such Ship or Vessel shall to all Intents or deemed not

not duly registered.

. And be it further enacted, That the Owner or Owners Vessels conch Ships and Vessels as shall be taken by any of His demned as Ships or Vessels of War, or by any private or other Prize; Jessel, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of y, or of such Ships or Vessels as shall be condemned in petent Court for Breach of the Laws for the Prevention or for Breach of ave Trade, shall, upon registering such Ship or Vessel, Laws against or they shall obtain such Certificate as aforesaid, prothe proper Officers of His Majesty's Customs a Certificate Certificate of ondemnation of such Ship or Vessel, under the Hand and Condemnation he Judge of the Court in which such Ship or Vessel shall to be produced, a condemned (which Certificate such Judge is hereby ed and required to grant), and also a true and exact Ac-Writing of all the Particulars contained in the Certificate

oses be considered and deemed and taken to be a Ship registered.

Slave Trade:

of Ship.

hereinbefore set forth, to be made and subscribed by One or more skilful Person or Persons to be appointed by the Court, then and Oath of Identity there to survey such Ship or Vessel, and shall also make Oath before the said Officer (which he is hereby authorized and required to administer), that such Ship or Vessel is the same Vessel which is mentioned in the Certificate of the Judge aforesaid.

Prize Vessels not to be registered at Guerasey, Jersey, or Man.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Ship or Vessel which shall be taken and condemned as Prize in any Court of Admiralty as aforesaid, or other competent Court, shall be registered in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey or the Islands of Man, although belonging to His Majesty's Subjects residing in those Islands, or in some One or other of them; but the same shall be registered either at Southampton, Weymouth, Exec, Plymouth, Falmouth, Liverpool or Whitehaven, by the Collector and Comptroller at such Ports respectively; who are hereby authorized and required to register such Ship or Vessel, and to grant a Certificate thereof, in the Form and under the Regulations and Restrictions in this Act contained.

Where to be registered.

Transfers of Interest by Bill of Sale.

the Property in any Ship or Vessel, or any Part thereof, belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects, shall, after Registry thereof, be sold to any other or others of His Majesty's Subjects, the same shall be transferred by Bill of Sale, or other Instrument in Writing, containing a Recital of the Certificate of Registry of such Ship or Vessel, or the principal Contents thereof, otherwise such Transfer shall not be valid or effectual for any Purpose whatever, Bill of Sale not either in Law or in Equity: Provided always, that no Bill of Sale void by Error in shall be deemed void by reason of any Error in such Recital, or Recital of Cer- by the Recital of any former Certificate of Registry instead of the existing Certificate, provided the Identity of the Ship or

XXIX. And be it further enacted. That when and so often as

tificate, &c.

In what Case Property in Ships considered as divided into Sixty four Shares.

state Number of Shares held by each Owner.

Smaller Portions may be conveyed without Stamp.

Vessel therein intended be effectually proved thereby.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Property in every Ship or Vessel of which there are more than One Owner shall be taken and considered to be divided into Sixty four Parts of Shares; and the Proportion held by each Owner shall be described in the Registry as being a certain Number of Sixty fourth Parts or Shares; and that no Person shall be entitled to be registered as an Owner of any Ship or Vessel, in respect of any Proportion of such Ship or Vessel, which shall not be an integral Sixty fourth Oath upon First
Registry to
State Number
of Shares beld

Oceanber One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Owner or Owners who shall take and subscribe the Oath required by this Act before Registry be made, shall also declare upon Oath the Number of such Parts or Shares then held by each Owner, and the same shall be so registered accordingly: Provided always, that if it shall at any Time happen that the Property of any Owner or Owners in any Ship or Vessel cannot be reduced by Division into any Number of integral Sixty fourth Parts of Shares, it shall and may be lawful for the Owner or Owners of such fractional Parts as shall be over and above such Number of integral Sixty fourth Parts or Shares, into which such Property in any Ship or Vessel can be reduced by Division, to transfer the same one to another, or jointly, to any new Owner, by Memorandum

randum upon their respective Bills of Sale, or by fresh Bill of Sale, without such Transfer being liable to any Stamp Duty: Provided also, that the Right of such Owner or Owners to such fractional Parts, shall not be affected by reason of the same not having been registered: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for Proviso for any Number of such Owners named and described in such Regis. Joint Stock try, being Partners in any House or Copartnership actually carrying on Trade in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, to hold any Ship or Vessel, or any Share or Shares of any Ship or Vessel, in the Name of such House or Copartnership as joint Owners thereof, without distinguishing the proportionate Interest of each of such Owners; and that such Ship or Vessel, or the Share or Shares thereof so held in Copartnership, shall be deemed and taken to be Partnership Property to all Intents and Purposes, and shall be governed by the same Rules, both in Law and Equity, as relate to and govern all other Partnership Property in any other

Goods, Chattels and Effects whatsoever.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That no greater Number Only 32 Perthan Thirty two Persons shall be entitled to be the legal Owners sons to be at one and the same Time of any Ship or Vessel, as Tenants in Owners at Common, or to be registered as such: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall affect the equitable Title of Minors, Heirs, Legatees, Creditors or others, exceeding that Number, duly represented by or holding from any of the Persons within the said Number, registered as legal Owners of any Share or Shares of such Ship or Vessel: Provided also, that if it shall be Proviso for proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's equitable Title Customs that amy Number of Persons have associated themselves of Heirs, &c. as a joint Stock Company, for the Purpose of owning any Ship or Vessel, or any Number of Ships or Vessels, as the joint Property of such Company, and that such Company have duly elected or appointed any Number not less than Three of the Members of the same to be Trustees of the Property in such Ships or Vessels, so owned by such Company, it shall be lawful. Trustees were or Ships or Vessels so owned by such Company, it shall be lawful Trustees may for such Trustees, or any Three of them, with the Permission of apply to have such Commissioners, to take the Oath required by this Act before Registry be made, except that instead of stating therein the Names and Descriptions of the other Owners, they shall state the Name and Description of the Company to which such Ship or Vessel, or Ships or Vessels, shall in such Manner belong: Pro- Proviso for vided also, that if it shall become necessary to register any Ship or Vessel, or Ships or Vessels, belonging to any Corporate Body in the United Kingdom, the Oath required by this Act to be taken before Registry be made, shall be taken by the Secretary or other proper Officer of such Corporate Body, who shall in such Oath declare the Name and Description of such Corporate Body, instead of the Names and Descriptions of the Owners of such Ship or Vessel.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Ship or Number of Vessel, which shall have been registered before the said Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty fore 31st Dec. three, shall be registered de novo, the Number of such Shares 1823, to be held by each Owner shall be registered as far as the same be registered de practicable; and to that Intent the Owner or Owners who shall novo under this

Shares of Ships take Act.

Oath by Owners.

If Shares of Owners cannot be ascertained, Registry may be made without stating them,

Within Two Years all Shares to be registered;

unless Commissioners give further Time.

No Stamp Duty on First Registry, or new Mediterranean Pass.

Bills of Sale not effectual until produced to Officers of Customs, and

take and subscribe the Oath required by this Act before Registry be made, shall produce the Bills of Sale or other Titles of themselves and of the other Owners, in order that the Number of such Shares held by each of them may be ascertained and registered accordingly; and if the Registry of such Ship or Vessel then in force shall be the First Registry, and the Shares of any of the Owners shall remain the same as they were at the Time of such Registry, and the Owner or Owners or any One of them who shall attend to take and subscribe the Oath required by this Act before Registry be made, shall be the same as was or were the Owner or Owners, or one of them, who took and subscribed such Oath before such First Registry was made, such original Owner or Owners, instead of producing the Bills of Sale, shall declare upon Oath, to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief, the Number of such Shares held by him or them, and by any other original Owner or Owners, whose proportionate Property in such Ship or Vessel shall have remained unchanged: Provided always, that if at the Time of such Registry de novo, such Owner or Owners shall make Oath, that he and they and each of them are unable to produce the Bill or Bills of Sale, or to give any certain Account or Proof of the Share or Shares of the other previous Owners, or some or any One of them, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Comptroller to register such Ship or Vessel, without requiring the Share or Shares of such Owner or Owners to be declared and specified.

XXXIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Two Years from the said Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, or from and after the First Arrival and Entry of any Ship or Vessel, after the Expiration of such Two Years, at the Port to which she belongs, or at any other Port which shall be in the same Part of the United Kingdom, or in the same Colony, Plantation, Island or Territory as the said Port shall be in, no Certificate of Registry shall be in force, except such as shall be granted under the Authority of this Act, and in which the Share or Shares hereinbefore described held by each Owner shall be set forth; unless it shall be certified thereon by the Collector and Comptroller of the Port to which such Ship or Vessel belong, that farther Time has been granted by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, for ascertaining and registering the Number or Numbers of such Shares as cannot then be ascertained.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That upon the First Registry in Compliance with this Act, of any Ship or Vessel which had been before registered, no Stamp Duty shall be charged upon the Bond therein required to be given; and if the Certificate of such former Registry then delivered up to be cancelled shall have a Mediterranean Pass attached thereto, no Stamp Duty shall be charged on account of the new Mediterranean Pass, which shall be obtained in lieu of the one so delivered up and cancelled

'XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Bill of Sale or other Instrument in Writing shall be valid and effectual to pass the Property in any Ship or Vessel or in any Share thereof, or for any other Purpose, until such Bill of Sale or other Instrument in Writing

Writing shall have been produced to the Collector and Comp- entered in the troller of the Port to which such Ship or Vessel belongs, and Book of Reuntil the Collector and Comptroller shall have entered in the gistry. Book of Registry of such Ship or Vessel, and which they are hereby required to do upon the Production of the Bill of Sale or other Instrument for that Purpose, the Name, Residence and Deacription of the Vendor or Mortgagor, or of each Vendor or Mortgagor, if more than One, the Number of Shares transferred, the Name, Residence and Description of the Purchaser or Mortpagee, or of each Purchaser or Mortgagee, if more than One, nd the Date of the Bill of Sale or other Instrument, and of the Production of it; and further, the said Collector and Comptroller shall and they are hereby required to indorse the aforesaid Partienlars of such Bill of Sale or other Instrument on the Certificate of Registry of the said Ship or Vessel, when the same shall be produced to them for that Purpose, in Manner and to the Effect following; videlicet,

- \* Custom House [Port and Date; Name, Residence and De-'scription of Vendor or Mortgagor] has transferred by [Bill of Sale or other Instrument] dated [Date; Number of Shares] to [Name, Residence and Description of Purchaser or Mort-' gagee.]
  - ' A. B. Collector. ' C. D. Comptroller.'

And forthwith to give Notice thereof to the Commissioners of Notice thereof Customs: And in case the Collector and Comptroller shall be to Commissiondesired so to do, and the Bill of Sale or other Instrument shall be ers of Customs. produced to them for that Purpose, then the said Collector and Comptroller are hereby required to certify, by Indorsement upon the said Bill of Sale or other Instrument, that the Particulars before mentioned have been so entered in the Book of Registry,

and indorsed upon the Certificate of Registry as aforesaid.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as Upon Entry, the Particulars of any Bill of Sale or other Instrument, by which Bill of Sale to be valid my Ship or Vessel, or any Share or Shares thereof, shall be transferred, shall have been so entered in the Book of Registry as aforesaid, the said Bill of Sale or other Instrument shall be valid and effectual to pass the Property thereby intended to be transferred, as against all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, and to all Intents and Purposes, except as against such subsequent Exception. Purchases and Mortgagees who shall first procure the Indorsement to be made upon the Certificate of Registry of such Ship or Vessel in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That when and after the When a Bill of Particulars of any Bill of Sale or other Instrument, by which any Sale has been ship or Vessel, or any Share or Shares thereof, shall be trans-shares of Ships ferred, shall have been so entered in the Book of Registry as in Port, or abaforesaid, the Collector and Comptroller shall not enter in the sent from Port, or authors of Registry the Particulars of any other Bill of Sale or Thirty Days Instrument purporting to be a Transfer by the same Vendor or must elapse as Mortgagor, or Vendors or Mortgagors, of the same Ship or ed in each Case Vessel, Share or Shares thereof, to any other Person or Persons, before any other unless Thirty Days and the Port of unless Thirty Days shall elapse from the Day on which the Parti- Bill of Sale 4 GEO. TV.

culars shall be entered.

culars of the former Bill of Sale or other Instrument were entered

C. 41.

Proviso where Two or more Transfers by the same Owner

of the same

Property.

How Priorities of Purchasers and Mortgagees accertained.

Proviso for Certificate lost or mislaid. in the Book of Registry; or in case the Ship or Vessel was absent from the Port to which she belonged at the Time when the Particulars of such former Bill of Sale or other Instrument were entered in the Book of Registry, then unless Thirty Days shall have elapsed from the Day on which the Ship or Vessel arrived at the Port to which the same belonged; and in case the Particulars of Two or more such Bills of Sale or other Instruments as aforesaid shall at any Time have been entered in the Book of Registry of the said Ship or Vessel, the Collector and Comptroller shall not enter in the Book of Registry the Particulars of any other Bill of Sale or other Instrument as aforesaid, unless Thirty Days shall in like manner have elapsed from the Day on which the Particulars of the last of such Bills of Sale or other Instrument were entered in the Books of Registry, or from the Day on which the Ship or Vessel arrived at the Port to which she belonged, in case of her Absence as aforesaid; and in every Case where there shall at any Time happen to be Two or more Transfers by the same Owner or Owners of the same Property, in any Ship or Vessel entered in the Book of Registry as aforesaid, the Collector and Comptroller are hereby required to indorse upon the Certificate of Registry of such Ship or Vessel the Particulars of that Bill of Sale or other Instrument under which the Person or Persons claims or claim Property; who shall produce the Certificate of Registry for that Purpose within Thirty Days next after the Entry of his said Bill of Sale or other Instrument in the Book of Registry as aforesaid, or within Thirty Days next after the Return of the said Ship or Vessel to the Port to which she belongs, in case of her Absence at the Time of such Entry as aforesaid; and in case no Person or Persons shall produce the Certificate of Registry within either of the said Spaces of Thirty Days, then it shall be lawful for the Collector and Comptroller, and they are hereby required to indorse upon the Certificate of Registry the Particulars of the Bill of Sale or other Instrument to such Person or Persons as shall first produce the Certificate of Registry for that Purpose, it being the true Intent and Meaning of this Act that the several Purchasers and Mortgagees of such Ship or Vessel, Share or Shares thereof, when more than One appear to claim the same Property, shall have Priority one over the other, not according to the respective Times when the Particulars of the Bill of Sale or other Instrument by which such Property was transferred to them were entered in the Book of Registry as aforesaid, but according to the Time when the Indorsement is made upon the Certificate of Registry as aforesaid: Provided always, that if the Certificate of Registry shall be lost or mislaid, or shall be detained by any Person whatever, so that the Indorsement cannot, in due Time, be made thereon, and Proof thereof shall be made by the Purchaser or Mortgagee, or his known Agent, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to grant such further Time as to them shall appear necessary for the Recovery of the Certificate of Registry, or for the Registry de novo of the said Ship or Vessel, under the Provisions of this Act; and thereupon the Collector and Comptroller shall make a

Memorandum in the Book of Registers of the further Time so granted; and during such Time no other Bill of Sale shall be entered for the Transfer of the same Ship or Vessel, or the same

Share or Shares thereof.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Certificate of In what Case Registry of such Ship or Vessel shall be produced to the Col- Collector may lector and Comptroller of any Port where she may then be, after indorse Transany such Bill of Sale shall have been recorded at the Port to tificate of Rewhich she belongs, together with such Bill of Sale, containing a gistry. Notification of such Record, signed by the Collector and Comptroller of such Port as before directed, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Comptroller of such other Port to indorse on such Certificate of Registry, being required so to do, the Transfer mentioned in such Bill of Sale; and such Collector and Comptroller shall give Notice thereof to the Collector and Comptroller of the Port to which such Ship or Vessel belongs, who shall record the same in like manner as if they had made such Indorsement themselves, but inserting the Name of the Port at which such Indorsement was made: Provided always, that the Collector Previous Notice and Comptroller of such other Port shall first give Notice to the to be given to Collector and Comptroller of the Port to which such Ship or Vessel belongs, of such Requisition made to them, to indorse the Certificate of Registry; and the Collector and Comptroller of the Port to which such Ship or Vessel belongs shall thereupon send Information to the Collector and Comptroller of such other Port, whether any and what other Bill or Bills of Sale have been recorded in the Book of the Registry of such Ship or Vessel; and the Collector and Comptroller of such other Port having such Information shall proceed in manner directed by this Act, in all respects to the indorsing of the Certificate of Registry, as they would do if such Port were the Port to which such Vessel belonged.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if it shall become If, upon Renecessary to register any Ship or Vessel de novo, and any Share gistry de novo, or Shares of such Ship or Vessel shall have been sold since she Bill of Sale was last registered, and the Transfer of such Share or Shares not recorded, it shall not have been recorded and indexed in manner bearing is to be proshall not have been recorded and indorsed, in manner herein-duced. before directed, the Bill of Sale thereof shall be produced to the Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs, who are to make Registry of such Ship or Vessel, otherwise such Sale shall not be noticed in such Registry de novo, except as hereinafter excepted: Provided always, that upon the future Production of Proviso. such Bill of Sale, and of the existing Certificate of Registry, such Transfer shall and may be recorded and indorsed, as well after

such Registry de novo as before.

XL. And be it further enacted, That if upon any Change of Upon Change Property in any Ship or Vessel, the Owner or Owners shall desire of Property, to have the same registered de novo, although not required by this act, and the Owner, or proper Number of Owners, shall granted if de attend at the Custom House at the Port to which such Ship or sired, although Vessel belongs for that Purpose, it shall be lawful for the Collector not required by and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs at such Port, to make Law. Registry de novo of such Ship or Vessel at the same Port, and to grant a Certificate thereof, the several Requisites hereinbefore

Port of Re-

in this Act mentioned and directed being first duly observed and

complied with.

' XLI. And Whereas great Inconvenience hath arisen from the registering Officers being served with Subpænas requiring them to bring with them, and produce on Trials in Courts of Law relative to the Ownery of Vessels, or otherwise, the Oaths or Affidavits required to be taken by the Owners thereof, prior to the registering thereof, and the Books of Registry, or Copies or Extracts therefrom: And Whereas it would tend much to ' the Dispatch of Business, if the Attendance of such registering 'Officers with the same upon such Trials were dispensed with; Be it therefore enacted, That the Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs at any Port or Place, and the Person or Persons acting for them respectively, shall, upon every reasonable Request by any Person or Persons whomsoever, produce and exhibit for his, her or their Inspection and Examination, any Oath or Affidavit taken or sworn by any such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, and also any Register or Entry in any Book or Books of Registry required by this Act to be made or kept relative to any Ship or Vessel, and shall upon every reasonable Request by any Person or Persons whomsoever permit him, her or them to take a Copy or Copies, or an Extract or Extracts thereof respectively; and that the Copy or Copies of any such Oath or Affidavit, Register or Entry, shall, upon being proved to be a true Copy or Copies thereof respectively, be allowed and received as Evidence upon every Trial at Law, without the Production of the Original or Originals, and without the Testimony or Attendance of any Collector or Comptroller, or other Person or Persons acting for them respectively, in all Cases, as fully and to all Intents and Purposes as such Original or Originals, if produced by any Collector or Collectors, Comptroller or Comptrollers, or other Person or Persons acting for them, could or

Copies of Oaths and Extracts from Books of Registry admitted in Evidence.

Proof of Truth of Copy.

If Vessels or Shares sold in Absence of Owners without formal Powers,

Commissioners may permit Record of such Sales or Registry de novo;

and in other Cases where Bills of Sale cannot be produced; Security being given to produce legal Powers,

XLII. And be it further enacted, That if the Ship or Vessel, or the Share or Shares of any Owner thereof, who may be out of the Kingdom, shall be sold in his Absence by his known Agent or Correspondent, under his Directions either expressed or implied, and acting for his Interest in that Behalf, and such Agent or Correspondent who shall have executed a Bill of Sale to the Purchaser of the whole of such Ship or Vessel, or of any Share or Shares thereof, shall not have received a legal Power to execute the same, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, upon Application made to them, and Proof to their Satisfaction of the fair Dealings of the Parties, to permit such Transfer to be registered, if Registry de novo be necessary, or to be recorded and indorsed, as the Case may be, in manner directed by this Act, as if such legal Power had been produced; and if it shall happen that any Bill of Sale cannot be produced, or if, by reason of Distance of Time or the Absence or Death of Parties concerned, it cannot be proved that a Bill of Sale for any Share or Shares in any Ship or Vessel had been executed, and Registry de novo of such Ship or Vessel shall have become necessary, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, upon Proof to their Satisfaction of the fair Dealings of

might legally be admitted or received in Evidence.

the Parties, to permit such Ship or Vessel to be registered de or abide future nove, in like manner as if a Bill of Sale for the Transfer of such Claims. Share or Shares had been produced: Provided always, that in any of the Cases herein mentioned good and sufficient Security shall be given to produce a legal Power or Bill of Sale, within a reasonable Time, or to abide the future Claims of the absent Owner, his Heirs and Successors, as the Case may be; and at the uture Request of the Party whose Property has been so transerred, without the Production of a Bill of Sale from him or from ais lawful Attorney, such Bond shall be available for the Protection of his Interest, in addition to any Powers or Rights which he may have in Law or Equity against the Ship or Vessel, or sgainst the Parties concerned, until he shall have received full indemnity for any Loss or Injury sustained by him.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That when any Transfer of Transfer by any Ship or Vessel, or of any Share or Shares thereof shall be way of Mortmade only as a Security for the Payment of a Debt or Debts, gage. either by way of Mortgage or of Assignment to a Trustee or Trustees, for the Purpose of selling the same for the Payment of any Debt or Debts, then and in every such Case the Collector and Comptroller of the Port where the Ship or Vessel is registered shall, in the Entry in the Book of Registry, and also in the Indorsement on the Certificate of Registry in manner hereinbefore directed, state and express that such Transfer was made only as a Security for the Payment of a Debt or Debts, or by way of Mortgage or to that Effect; and the Person or Persons to whom Mortgagee not such Transfer shall be made, or any other Person or Persons deemed an claiming under him or them as a Mortgagee or Mortgagees, or a Owner, nor Trustee or Trustees only, shall not by reason thereof be deemed having ceased to be the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, Share or to be Owner. Shares thereof, nor shall the Person or Persons making such Transfer be deemed, by reason thereof, to have ceased to be an Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, any more than if no such Transfer had been made, except so far as may be necessary for the Purpose of rendering the Ship or Vessel, Share or Shares so transferred, available by Sale or otherwise, for the Payment of the Debt or Debts for securing the Payment of which such Transfer shall have been made.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That when any Transfer of Transfers of any Ship or Vessel, or of any Share or Shares thereof, shall have Ships for Sebeen made as a Security for the Payment of any Debt or Debts, curity of Debts either by way of Mortgage or of Assignment as aforesaid, and being registered, Proviso for such Transfer shall have been duly registered according to the Rights of Provisions of this Act, the Right or Interest of the Mortgagee or Mortgagee other Assignee as aforesaid shall not be in any manner affected where not afby any Act or Acts of Bankruptcy committed by such Mortgagor fected by any Act of Bank-ruptcy of Assignor, Mortgagors or Assignors, after the Time when such ruptcy by Mort-Montager, Mortgagors of Assignment shall have been so registered as aforesaid, adwithstanding such Mortgagor or Assignor, Mortgagors
or Assignors, at the Time he or they shall so become Bankrupt as aforesid, shall have in his or their Possession, Order and Disposition, and shall be the reputed Owner or Owners of the said Ship or Vessel, or the Share or Shares thereof, so by him or them nortgaged or assigned as aforesaid; but that such Mortgage or

other Assignment shall take place of and be preferred to any Right, Claim or Interest, which may belong to the Assignee or Assignees of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts in such Ship or Vessel, Share or Shares thereof, any Law or Statute to the contrary

thereof notwithstanding.

Commissioners in Scotland, &c. to transmit Copies of Certificates to Commissioners in England.

XLV. And be it also further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland and Ireland respectively shall transmit, at the End of every Month in each Year, to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, true and exact Copies of all such Certificates as shall be granted by them, or by any Officer or Officers within the Limits of their Commission, in pursuance of this Act.

Governors of Plantations, &c. may cause Proceedings in Suits to be stayed;

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Commander in Chief of any of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Territories, and they are hereby respectively authorized and re-

quired, if any Suit, Information, Libel or other Prosecution or Proceeding of any Nature or Kind whatever, shall have been commenced, or shall hereafter be commenced, in any Court whatever in any of the said Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Territories respectively, touching the Force and Effect of any Register granted to any Ship or Vessel upon a Representation made to any such

Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Commander in Chief, to cause all Proceedings thereon to be stayed if he shall see just Cause so to do, until His Majesty's Pleasure shall be known and certified

to him by His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council; and such Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Commander in Chief, is hereby required to transmit to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to be laid before His

Majesty in Council, an authenticated Copy of the Proceedings in every such Case, together with his Reasons for causing the

same to be stayed, and such Documents (properly verified) as he may judge necessary for the Information of His Majesty.

Making false Oath, Perjury.

Falsifying

Documents.

and transmit to

Secretary of

State authenti

cated Copy of

Proceedings.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall falsely make Oath to any of the Matters hereinbefore required to be so verified, such Person or Persons shall suffer the like Pains and Penalties as are incurred by Persons committing wilful and corrupt Perjury; and that if any Person or Persons shall counterfeit, erase, alter or falsify any Certificate or other Instrument in Writing, required or directed to be obtained, granted or produced by this Act, or shall knowingly or wilfully make use of any Certificate or other Instrument so counterfeited, erased, altered or falsified, or shall wilfully grant such Certificate or other Instrument in Writing, knowing it to be false, such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty 500l. How Penalties. recovered,

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted and incurred by this Act shall and may be sued for, prosecuted and recovered in such Courts, and be disposed of in such Manner, and by such Ways, Means and Methods, as any Penalties or Forfeitures inflicted, or which may be incurred for any Offence committed against the Laws of Customs, may now legally be sued for, prosecuted, recovered and disposed of; and that the Officer or Officers concerned in Seizures or Prosecutions

and Officers Shares of Seizures, &c.

nder this Act shall be entitled to and receive the same Share of the Produce arising from such Seizures, as in the Case of Seizures for unlawful Importation, and to such Share of the Produce arising from any pecuniary Fine or Penalty for any Offence against this Act, as any Officer or Officers is or are now is any Law or Regulation entitled to upon Prosecutions for ecuniary Penalties.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be Act may be tered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Service

his Session of Parliament.

[Ships registered in India pursuant to this Act to have Privir leges to which other Vessels are entitled. See Cap. 80. ante, § 19.]

## CAP. XLII.

An Act to amend the several Acts for the Assistance of Tradeand Manufactures, and the Support of Commercial Credit, in Ireland. [27th June 1823.].

WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parlia- 3G.4. c-118. ment, intituled An Act to amend an Act made in this present Session of Parliament, for amending an Ast made in the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for the Assistance of ' Trude and Manufactures in Ireland, by authorizing the Advance of certain Sums for the Support of Commercial Credit there; it is, § 6. 'amongst other Things, enacted, that it should be lawful for the 'Commissioners for the Execution of the said Acts to require and take Security for the Repayment of any Loan granted under the ' said Acts, by Mortgages or Assignments of, or other competent Assurances upon the Freehold or Leasehold Estate or Estates of 'any Principal or Surety; and that all such Mortgages, Assignments, or other Real Securities, should be respectively granted 'and made to and vested in such Commissioners for the Time being: And Whereas it is expedient to make further Provision with respect to such Mortgages and Securities, in manner here-insiter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the-lark Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parisment assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Mortgagors of in all Commons of the same, Estates vested in all Cases in which any Mortgage or Assignment of, on any Estates vested Assurance upon any Freehold or Leasehold Estate has been or sincers under shall be made to or vested in the Commissioners for the Execution recited Act to of the said Acts for the Time being, under or by virtue of the continue liable said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, the Mortgagor to Rents and Mortgagors, or other Person or Persons making such Mortgage, Charges there-Assument or Assurance, shall continue liable to the Payment of on, so long as all lests and other Charges issuing or payable, or charged or lowed to hold chargeble out of or upon the Estate or Estates so mortgaged, Possession. assured, so long as such Mortgagor or Mortgagors, or other Person or Persons, shall be allowed to remain in Possession of such Estate or Estates, and the Receipt of the Rents and Profits thereof, and until such Estate or Estates shall be taken Possession of, and the Rents and Profits thereof shall be strally received by or for the Use of the said Commissioners;

Commissioners not to be personally liable.

1 G.4. c.39.

After Payment of Arrears of Interest at 61. per Cent. under recited Act, and Certificate thereof granted by the Commissioners, the Loans shall bear only 51. per Cent. in future.

and that until Possession of such Estate or Estates, and of the Rents and Profits thereof, shall be actually taken and had by or on Behalf of the said Commissioners for the Time being, such Commissioners shall not be subject or liable to the Payment of any Rents or other Charges whatsoever, issuing or payable, or charged or chargeable out of or upon any such Estate or Estates; and that such Commissioners now or for the Time being, nor any of them, shall not in any Case be or become personally or individually responsible for or liable to the Payment of any Rents or other Charges whatsoever issuing or payable as aforesaid, by reason of their acting as such Commissioners only, and not having any personal or private Interest in any such Estate or Estates; any thing in the said recited Acts, or any of them, or any Act, Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwith-standing.

'II. And Whereas in Cases in which Loans have been advanced by the said Commissioners under the said recited Act of the First

' Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or of some Act for amend-' ing the same, the Repayment thereof has been stipulated for, ' with Interest at the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum: ' And Whereas it may be expedient to reduce the Rate of Interest ' to the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, (being the Rate directed to be taken on all Loans advanced from and after the passing and under the Authority of the said hereinbefore ' recited Act of the last Session of Parliament,) upon the Terms and subject to the Conditions hereafter mentioned;' Be it therefore further enacted, That any Parties or Persons to whom any Loan or Loans have been advanced under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or of any Act for amending the same, repayable with Interest at the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, and who shall pay, or cause to be paid, all Arrears of Principal and Interest which may have accrued due on the Loan or Loans advanced to them respectively, (according to the Provisions of the several Securities, or according to any Conditions of Extension entered into by them respectively,) on the Day of Payment named in their respective Securities or Conditions of Extension, and which may follow next after the passing of this Act, or on any subsequent Day of Payment named in such Securities or Conditions of Extension respectively, shall, from and after the Payment of such Arrears of Principal and Interest, be entitled to receive a Certificate under the Hands of any Three or more of the said Commissioners for the Execution of the said recited Acts, and which Certificate the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to grant, certifying such Payment, and which Certificate shall bear Date on the Day of such Payment, and shall be in such Form as the said Commissioners may direct; and from and after the Date of such Certificate, and by virtue thereof, the Parties or Persons receiving the same shall be chargeable only, except as hereinaster mentioned, with Interest at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum on the Loan or Loans advanced to them respectively, or such Part thereof as may remain unpaid, and

shall, on the future Payment of Interest at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, except as aforesaid, on such Loan

or Loans, or the Part thereof remaining unpaid as aforesaid, be entitled to receive such and the like Acquittances and Discharges in all respects as if such Parties or Persons respectively had continued to pay Interest at the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, according to the Provisions of their several Securities and the said several Acts; any thing contained in the Securities given by the said Parties or Persons respectively to the said Commissioners under the said several Acts or any of them, or any thing in the said several Acts or any of them contained, except

as aforesaid, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

III. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That in In case of Decase it shall happen that any Parties or Persons, who may obtain fault in future a Reduction of the Rate of Interest so payable by them respect. Payments, ively in manner aforesaid, shall, after such Reduction made, and such Certificate granted as last aforesaid, make Default in all or any of the Instalments which may the notified because the control of the Instalments which may the notified because the control of the Instalments which may the notified because the control of the Instalments which may the notified because the control of the Instalments which may the notified because the control of the Instalments which may the notified be a such as the control of the Instalments which may be a such as the control of the Instalments which is the contr any of the Instalments which may thenceforth become due on ers, and recover their respective Loans, so as to render it necessary for the Com- 6l. per Cent. missioners for the Execution of the said several Acts to put in force any of the Provisions made by the said several Acts, or any of them, for the Recovery and Receipt of any Loans or Advances made in pursuance thereof; then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for such Commissioners, and they are hereby required to proceed against the Parties or Persons respectively so making such Default in manner provided by the said several Acts, for the whole or any Part of the Loan due from them respectively, together with Interest at the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum from the happening of such Default, and in such and the like manner in all respects as if no such Certificate had been granted as last aforesaid, and as if this Act had not been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Ex- After One piration of One Calendar Month next after the passing of this Month after the Act, no further Loan or Loans, or Sum or Sums of Money, shall passing of this be advanced for the Support of Commercial Credit in Ireland, Loan shall be under the said recited Acts, or any of them, any thing in the advanced for said recited Acts, or any of them, or in this Act, to the contrary Support of in anywise notwithstanding; and that from and after the Expir- Commercial ation of the said Calendar Month next after the passing of this Act, so much and such Part of the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, authorized to be advanced under the said recited Acts, Balance of or any of them, as shall not have been advanced for the Purposes Grant how to of the said recited Act, (but not exceeding the Sum of One be applied. hundred thousand Pounds in the Whole,) shall and may be advanced under the Direction of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chicf Governor or Governors of Ireland for furthering the Purposes of an Act made in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His 57 G.3. cc.34. late Majesty King George the Third, for authorizing the Issue 124. of Exchequer Bills, and the Advance of Money out of the Consolidated Fund, for the carrying on of Public Works and Fisheries in the United Kingdom, or of any Act or Acts for amending the same, either upon Loans or in Aid of any Presentment made by any Grand Jury in *Ireland*, for any new Line of Road, or for altering the Line or any Part of the Line of any Turnpike Road,

Act, no further

1 G.4. c.81.

or towards the Erection, or in Completion of any Harbour, Canal, Railway or any other Public Work under the Provisions of an Act made in the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for amending the said Act of the Fifty seventh Year of His late Majesty's Reign, and under any other Acts for the Advance of Money for carrying on Public Works, and for other Purposes, 50 far as the said Acts relate to Ireland.

Presentments may be levied by Instalments.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any Presentment shall be made by any Grand Jury for any Road or other Public Work under the said recited Act of the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, it shall and may be lawful for such Grand Jury to direct that the Amount of such Presentment shall be levied by such and so many Instalments as to such Grand Jury shall seem fit and proper; and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to direct by his or their Warrant, if he or they shall so think fit, that a Sum equal to every such Instalment respectively shall be paid in Aid of any such Road, or other Public Work, as soon as it shall be ascertained and certified (in manner directed by the said recited Act) that the Amount of each Instalment hath been well and bond fide expended on and upon and towards the Execution or Completion of the Road or Work mentioned in such Presentment, or any Part or Parts thereof, in like manner and under such Rules and Regulations as are contained in the said recited Act with respect to any Sums, or any Part of any Sums, by the said Act authorized to be advanced or paid under the Orders and Directions of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland.

1G.4. c.39. When Estimates of Public Works are approved of, Lord Lieutenant may direct a Proportion of such Estimate to be paid in Aid thereof.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Plan and Estimate of any Harbour, Canal, Railway or other Public Work shall have been approved of and laid before the Commissioners for the Execution of the said Act of the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and certified by the said Commissioners to the Lord Lieutenant, in manner required by the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to direct by his or their Warrant, if he or they shall think fit, that a Sum equal to One Eighth Part of the Amount of such Estimate shall be paid in Aid of such Harbour, Canal, Railway or Public Work, as soon as it shall be ascertained in manner required by the said Act, that One Fourth Part of the Amount of such Estimate hath been well and bond fide expended in, upon and towards the Execution and Completion of the Work mentioned in such Estimate, in like manner and under all such Rules and Regulations as are mentioned in the said recited Act with respect to the Advancement of a Sum equal to the Moiety of such Estimate, or any Part of such Moiety.

#### CAP. XLIII.

An Act to regulate the Amount of Presentments by Grand Juries, for Payment of the Public Officers of the several [27th June 1823.7 Counties in Ireland.

WHEREAS various Acts of Parliament have been from time to time passed and are in few time to time passed, and are in force in Ireland, with respect to the Compensations to be granted by Presentments of Grand Juries, to the several Public Officers of Counties, 'Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns in Ireland; under ' which the Amount of the Payments to such Public Officers are 'in some Instances uncertain, and in others have been found to 'be burthensome; and it is expedient that such Payments should 'in future be regulated in manner hereinafter mentioned;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Clerks of the Crown, Certain Public Clerks of the Peace, Secretaries to Grand Juries, Sheriffs, Medical Officers to be Officers of Prisons and all other Officers and Persons mentioned paid by Annual and specified in the Table to this Act appeared for the Payment and specified in the Table to this Act annexed, for the Payment forth in Table or Remuneration of whose Duties, Salaries or Expences any annexed. Presentment or Presentments is or are required to be made by Grand Juries, under any Act or Acts in force at the Time of the passing of this Act, shall from and after the passing of this Act be paid and remunerated for all such Duties, Services and Expences, by Annual Salaries only, payable Half Yearly at each several Assizes, by equal Moieties, and according to the Amount mentioned in the Table of Classification of Counties and Salaries of County Officers annexed to this Act; and that from and after Amount of such the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, in any case to make Presentment of any Sum or Sums for any such of Sum of Sums for any such Officer at the several Assizes to be held in any One Year in any such County, County of a City or County of a Town, other than the Amount of the Amoual Salary payable to any such Officer under and by virtue of this Act; and that such Sum or Sums so and to be a Presented, not exceeding in the whole such Annual Sum so re- Satisfaction for spectively specified and set forth in such Table, shall be in full and all Services and complete Satisfaction and Remuneration for all Duties and Services Expences. to be done and performed, and for all Expences to be incurred by such Officers in the Execution of their several Offices, for which any Presentment may lawfully be made by any Grand Jury, under any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act; any thing in any such Act or Acts, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the centrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case of any Officers neinsufficient Discharge or Neglect of Duty by any such Officer or glecting, Juries Officers, it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury of any make Precunty. County of a City or County of a Town in Indiand at the County, County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, at the Sums less than several Assizes in any One Year, with the express Sanction of the Annual Sala-Court, and not otherwise, to present any Sum or Sums, less in the ries, or refuse whole than the Amount of the Annual Salary specified in the Presentments. said Table, to be paid to any Officer or Officers in the said Table

mentioned; and also to withhold and refuse to make any Presentment whatever, at any Assizes, for any such Officer or Officers, as shall seem fit to such Grand Jury in their Discretion, under the express Sanction of the Court, and not otherwise.

Additional Presentment in Cases of Special Commission or adjourned Assizes. C. 43.

III. And be it further enacted, That in any County wherein a special Commission or adjourned Assize shall be held for the Trial of Offenders, the several Grand Juries at the Assizes next immediately ensuing shall, subject to the Provisions of this Act, make a further Presentment for the Clerks of the Crown, Sheriffs and Judges' Crier, equal to One Half of the Salary to which such Officers would have been entitled for One Year's Duty under this Act.

Affidavit of Emoluments to be made by Clerk of the Crown and Clerk of the Peace.

IV. And be it further enacted, That before any Clerk of the Crown or Clerk of the Peace shall be entitled to receive such Salary as is specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, he shall, at each and every Assize after the next Summer Assizes, lay before the respective Grand Juries an Account verified on Oath, and sworn and read in open Court, setting forth the Total Amount of his Fees and other Emoluments, and distinguishing the several Sums paid and received under each separate Head of Service, and the Rates of Fees or Remunerations received on each.

Secretaries to Grand Juries to furnish Stationery.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Presentments to be made under this Act for the Secretaries to the several Grand Juries shall be in full Acquittance of all Demands to be made by such Secretaries for Stationery, which such Secretaries shall be bound to furnish to the several Grand Juries without further Charge, not however including the Expence of Printing, as regulated by Law.

Salaries in lieu of Fees presented for Gaolers, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the several Grand Juries as aforesaid shall make Provision in Place of and as a Compensation for Fees, by way of Salary, and not otherwise, for the Keepers of Gaols, Penitentiaries and Bridewells, and Matrons and Turnkeys employed therein, within the several Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns specified in the Schedule annexed to this Act.

60 G. 3. & 1 G.4. c.11. § 34. repealed. 'VII. And Whereas by an Act made in the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for the better Regulation of Polls, and for making further Provisions touching the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for Ireland, it was enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of every County, County of a Town or County of a City, at every Spring Assizes, to present such Sum or Sums of Money as should be a proper Remuneration to the Clerk of the Peace for the Expence of printing the Registry Books of each such County;' Be it therefore further enacted, That so much of the said Act shall be and is hereby repealed; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of every County, County of a Town and County of a City in Ireland, at every Spring Assizes, and they are hereby required, authorized and empowered, to present such Sum or Sums of Money as may be necessary to defray the Expence of printing the Registry Books in the Manner described in the said Act, to the Person or Persons who shall print the same, according to the Agreement entered into between

Presentment for Expence of printing Registry Books under recited Act to Persons printing the same. such Person or Persons and the Clerk of the Peace of any such County, in pursuance to the Provisions of the said Act.

'VIII. And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the Payment of Coroners in manner hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Coroners how passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury to be paid. of every County in Ireland, at every Assizes or Presenting Term, to present any Sum not exceeding Five Guineas for each and every Inquest which any and every Coroner within such County (not exceeding the Number of Coroners specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed) shall have held upon the Body of any Person at any Time since the then last preceding Assizes or presenting Term; provided that no greater Sum than Thirty Proviso. Guineas shall be presented at any one Assizes or Presenting Term as aforesaid, for the Remuneration of any one Coroner, in respect of all the Inquests which shall have been held within the County by such Coroner, since the then last preceding Assizes or Presenting Term; and that such Presentments shall be in lieu of the Presentments authorized by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An 1 G.4. c.28. Ad to repeal an Act made in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, for regulating the Fees of Coroners in Ireland upon holding Inquisitions, and to make other Provisions for that Purpose; and that all Sums so presented shall be levied and paid in such Manner, and under such Conditions, as are directed by the said recited Act with respect to the Presentments authorized by the said Act, and the Provisions of the said recited Act (except only so far as the same are altered by this Act) shall be applied to Presentments to be made for Coroners under this Act.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing Proviso for in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to Coroners reprevent any Coroner in any County of a City in Ireland (who is ceiving Paynow or shall be hereafter appointed a Coroner by virtue of the Local Acts. Charter of such County of a City) from receiving any Payment of Presentment to which he is entitled by virtue of any Local Acts relating to such County of a City; any thing in this Act contained

to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal, alter or vary any of the Powers and Provisions contained in an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His late of London-derry, 52 G.3. Majesty, intituled An Act for erecting a Court House, County c. clxxxil.

House or Sessions House, for the Use of the City and County of

Londonderry, so far as the same relate to the Salary payable to the Court House Keeper thereof.

XI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act, and for Dublin; or the Table thereto annexed, shall extend to the County of

Dublin, or to the County of the City of Dublin.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing and for 3 G.4. in this Act shall be construed to alter or affect any Provisions c.1. &c. relat-relating to Clerks of the Peace in an Act, intituled An Act for ing to Clerks of suppressing Insurrections and preventing Disturbances of the public the Peace. Peace in Ireland, or of any Act which may be passed for continuing the same Act.

C.43.				A.	
	Ist Class comprehends Tipperary, Down, Mayo, Galway, An-	trim, 1yrone, Done- gal, Derry, Limerick, IId Class - Clare, Roerommon, Kerry, Armagh, Ca- van, Monaghan, Meath,	IIId Class - Werford, Kilkenny, Sligo, King's Coun- ty, Fermanagh, West- meath, Queen's	County.  I'Vth Class - Waterford, Wicklow, Louth, Longford, Leitrim, Kildare, Carlow.  Grites and Towns; Ist Class - Waterford, Limerick, Kilkenny, Galway.  IId Class - Drogheda, Carrickfer-	ding 4 3 2 4 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
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-	-CLASS	# 55 8	15 20 100	80	Crown in
	COUNTIES	Clerks of Crown Do. of Peace.	Judges Criers Do. at Sessions Sheriffs	Court House Keeper in County Towns Towns Medical Officers of Prisons; viz. Physician, or Physician, or Surgeon, or Apothecary; in the whole, exclusive of Bill for Medicines,	Number of Coroners not exceeding For the Clerks of the (For the Clerks of the the Letter)

Note. --Whenscover any Clerks of the Crown for the Counties in the First Class shall execute the Blue Class of the Blue Clarks of the Clarks o

#### CAP. XLIV.

An Act to repeal the Duties and Drawbacks on Barilla imported into the United Kingdom, and to grant other Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof. [27th June 1828.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs payable upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland of Barilla, and the Drawbacks allowed thereon, should cease and determine; and that other Daties of Customs should be imposed and other Drawbacks allowed in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by the King's 59 G.S. c.52. most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,
That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight Prom July 5, hundred and twenty three (a), the several Duties of Customs 1823, the payable under any Act or Acts in force immediately before the Duties payable said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty on the Importation of Barilla three, upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Great and the Draws three, upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Great and the Draw-Britain and Ireland of Barilla, and the several Drawbacks allowed backs on Exon the Exportation of such Barilla, shall cease and determine; portation to save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering and coase, except allowing any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at the Time Arrears, &c. of passing this Act remain unpaid or not allowed, or relating to any Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures in respect thereof, which shall have been incurred at any Time before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.

IL And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Instead of the Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, in Duties and lieu and instead of the several Duties of Customs hereby made to cease and determine, there shall be raised, levied, collected specified in and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon Table (A.) to Barilla imported into the United Kingdom of Great Britain be paid. and Ireland, the several Duties of Customs as the same are respectively inserted or described and set forth in Figures in the Table to this Act annexed marked (A.); and that on the Exportation of such Barilla there shall also be paid and allowed the several Drawbacks of the several Duties of Customs as the same are also respectively inserted or described and set forth in Figures

in the said Table marked (A.)

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties and Drawbacks Under Comby this Act imposed and allowed shall be under the Management missioners of of the Commissioners of the Customs, and shall be raised, levied, Customs. collected, paid, recovered and allowed in such and the like Manner, and by the same Means, Ways and Methods, as former Duties of Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares or Merchandize in general.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, Act may be varied or repealed by any Act to be passed in this Session of altered, &c.

Partiament.

(a) [Deferred until 5th January 1824, see Cap. 57. post.]

# TABLE to which this Act refers.

TABLE (A.)							
	Duties.		Drawbacks				
BARILLA not containing a greater Proportion of	æ.	s.	d.	€.	s.		
Mineral Alkali than Twenty per Centum,		_	_		,		
in a British built Ship, the Cwt.		8	6 2	—	4		
in a Ship not British built, the Cwt.	-	9	Z	_	4		
If containing more than Twenty per	1			ľ			
Centum and not exceeding Twenty five per	i			1			
Centum of such Alkali,		11	Q		5		
in a British built Ship, the Cwt in a Ship not British built, the Cwt		11	11		5		
If containing more than Twenty five	_	11	1.				
per Centum and not exceeding Thirty per							
Centum of such Alkali,							
in a British built Ship, the Cwt	l	14	6	_	7 9		
in a Ship not British built, the Cwt.		15		_	7 3		
If containing more than Thirty per	ł						
Centum and not exceeding Forty per Centum							
of such Alkali,							
in a British built Ship, the Cwt	_	18	6	_	9 3		
in a Ship not British built, the Cwt		19	4	_	9 3		
If containing more than Forty per							
Centum of such Alkali,			- 1				
in a British built Ship, the Cwt	1	2	4	_ ]	]] 3		
in a Ship not British built, the Cwt	1	3	2	_	]] 3		

# CAP. XLV.

An Act for allowing Persons to compound for their Assessation Taxes for the Remainder of the Periods of Composition limited by former Acts; and for giving Relief in certain Cases therein mentioned.

[4th July 1825]

1 & 2 G.4, c.113.

3 G.4. c.50.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of an Act passed in the First and Second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to continue several Acts for the Relief Persons compounding for their Assessed Taxes from an annual Assessment for a further Term, and to amend the Acts relating Assessments, and Compositions of Assessed Taxes; and another Act passed in the Third Year of His said Majesty Reign, intituled An Act to extend the Period allowed to Person compounding for their Assessed Taxes, and to give further Relief in certain Cases therein mentioned; all and every the Person therein described were authorized to compound for the Duties on Houses, Windows and Lights, for the Term of Six Years, and the Reign of Houses, Windows and Lights, for the Term of Six Years, and the Reign of His and Every the Person therein described were authorized to compound for the Duties on Houses, Windows and Lights, for the Term of Six Years, and the Reign of His and Every the Person therein described were authorized to compound for the Duties on Houses, Windows and Lights, for the Term of Six Years, and the Reign of His and Every the Person the Person the Reign of His and Every the Person the Reign of His and His and

other Assessed Taxes therein enumerated for the Term of Five Years, to be respectively computed from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty two, on the Terms and Conditions, and under the Provisions contained in the said Acts, on such Persons giving the Notices of his, her or their Intention to compound, required by the said Acts, on or before certain Days, which have since elapsed: And Whereas it 'is expedient to extend the Provisions of the said Acts, for enabling Persons now to enter into Composition for the Re-' mainder of the Periods therein limited, and which were unex-' pired on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, in the Manner herein provided;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Persons may Act it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons who compound shall be duly assessed to the said Rates and Duties, for the Year upon Asses commencing the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred ments comand twenty three, and who shall give the Notice of their, his or April 1823, in her Intention to compound within the Time and in the Manner respect of Arhereinafter provided, and they are hereby respectively declared ticles allowed to be competent to compound for the Rates and Duties assessed by the former on their, his or her Dwelling House for the Term of Five Years. Acts. and for their, his or her other Assessed Taxes allowed to be compounded for by the said Acts, and therein particularly enumerated, for the Term of Four Years respectively, to commence from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, together with an additional annual Duty of One Shilling for every Twenty Shillings of the respective Amounts so assessed, and so after that Rate for any greater or lesser Sum than Twenty Shillings; and the Assessments so to be made and compounded for under this Act shall severally be and remain to the same annual Amount for the respective Periods last mentioned, to all Intents as if the said Duties had been compounded for under the said

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons intend-Persons desirous of compounding under this Act shall, on or ing to com-before the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred pound under and twenty three, deliver or cause to be delivered, free of Charge, give Notice to the Surveyors acting for the respective Districts comprizing required by the Parishes or Places wherein such Persons shall respectively 1 & 2 G. 4. reside, a Notice in Writing according to the Form in the Schedule c.113. Sch. to the said first mentioned Act annexed, marked Number 1, and No.1. on or in the Manner by the said Acts directed, declaring their, his or her Intention to compound under this Act, and which Notice shall be acted upon, observed and followed for the Purposes of Composition on a full and complete Assessment for the said Year, commeacing from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and the said Commissioners shall and are bereby authorized and required to contract with such Persons respectively under the Provisions in the said recited Acts and this Act respectively contained, for the Periods and in the Manner herein limited, and according to the Form of Contract 4 Gro. IV.

set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, mutatis mutadis, to all Intents as if such Notices had been delivered within the Times by the said Acts limited, and under the several Provisions thereof.

' III. And Whereas by reason of the Repeal of the Duties of

Assessed Taxes in Ireland, Persons who have entered into Composition in that Part of the United Kingdom, under the Provisions of the Act authorizing Compositions in Ireland, will, on their Removal to Great Britain, lose the Benefit of such Compositions in regard to any Increase of the Description of 'Articles so compounded for in Ireland; and it is expedient to give Relief to such Persons, by allowing them to compound under the Provisions of this Act, according to the Number and ' Extent only of the Articles compounded for in Ireland;' Be it further enacted, That in every Case in which any Person or Persons so having compounded in *Ireland* shall, on the Occasion of their, his or her Residence in Great Britain, be desirous of retaining the Benefit of the same Contract of Composition entered into in Ireland, it shall be lawful for them, him or her so to do, and for that Purpose to annex to the said Notice of their, his or her Intention to compound under this Act, to be given within the Period and in Manner hereinbefore described, the original Contract of Composition entered into in Ireland, or a true Copy thereof, duly authenticated by the proper Officer in that behalf; and on the Receipt of such Notice and Contract, or a true Copy thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the respective Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act in and for the District in which such Notice shall be delivered, and such Person shall reside, to make an Assessment of Duty on every such Person respectively, for the Year commencing from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, according to the Number only of the particular Articles so included in the said Contract of Composition, and which shall be deemed and taken in such Cases as a full Assessment, for the Purposes of Composition, for the like Description of Articles under this Act; and it shall thereupon be lawful for the said Commissioners to enter into a Contract of Composition with such Persons respectively, under the Provisions of this Act; and all such Compositions so to be entered into shall be of the same Force and Effect, and shall give the Person or Persons compounding the like Privileges and Advantages in respect of the same Description of Articles contained in such Composition, as would have been enjoyed under any other Contract authorized to be made by virtue of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that no such Contract so to be entered into as last aforesaid, and nothing herein contained, shall be construed to exempt any such Persons last mentioned from Assessment during the Continuance of their, his or her said

Composition, by reason of their, his or her Residence in Great Britain, for and in respect of any Articles kept and used, and

chargeable with any Duty under the said Acts, of a Description

different from the Duties compounded for in *Ireland*, but such Persons respectively may, on giving Notice of their, his or her Intention in that Behalf, in the Manner hereinbefore directed,

respectively compound under this Act for such other Articles,

Persons having compounded in Ireland, and coming to reside in Great Britain, may compound under this Act according to their former Compositions:

Composition not to exempt from Assessment for Articles of a different Description to those compounded for, but for which they may compound in One Contract.

spon and according to a full and true Return and Assessment for the same, to be made for the said Year, commencing as aforesaid, in the Manner directed by this Act in other Cases of Composition; and the whole of the Duties so to be compounded for shall and may in such Cases be included in one and the same Contract.

IV. And be it further enacted, That where any Person or Where Persons ersons compounding under the said recited Acts or this Act compounding hall have removed from the District in which such Composition remove to other hall have been entered into, to another Dwelling House and Compositions Place of Residence, and shall thereupon cease to have any may be trans-Dwelling House or Place of Residence within the District in ferred and colwhich they, he or she so compounded, the Annual Assessment lected in the payable on such Composition for the Year commencing from the District of Fifth Day of April next following such Removal, shall be transferred to the District in which such Removal can be be a composite in which such Removal can be be be composed to the District in which such Removal can be be be composed to the District in which such Removal can be be be composed to the District of actual Removal can be be be composed to the District of actual Removal can be be composed to the District of actual Removal can be composed to the District of ac ferred to the District in which such Person or Persons shall then tificate. reside; and it shall be lawful for the respective Commissioners acting in the Execution of the said Acts and of this Act, within and for the District to which such Person or Persons shall have so removed, and they are hereby required, upon receiving a Certificate thereof, and of the Amount of the Annual Assessment payable on any such Person's Contract of Composition in the former District, under the Hands of any Two of the Commissioners acting for such last mentioned District, (and which Certificate to be prepared under the Authority of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, the said Commissioners acting for the said District are hereby required to sign and cause to be delivered to the Surveyor for the same District from time to time, as soon 25 conveniently may be, after every such Removal,) to cause the several Amounts of the Duties and Instalments compounded for and payable from and after the Period last aforesaid, by any such Persons or Person, to be added to and charged in the Assessment of the Parish to which such Persons or Person shall have so removed, and in the Annual Duplicate of Assessment required to be made out by the said Commissioners under the said Acts for such last mentioned District; and all such Assessments and Instalments of Composition shall, when so transferred, be collected, levied and raised under the same Powers, and by the same Rules, Provisions, Ways and Means, as if the said Duties had been originally compounded for and made payable to the Collectors or Collector in the said last mentioned District, and as if the same originally formed Part of the Assessment of the Parish, Ward or Place to which the said Instalments shall have become transferred under the Authority of this Act, any thing in the said recited Acts or in any Contract contained to the convary notwithstanding: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein All Instalcontained, notwithstanding the Transfer of the said future Instal- ments and Arments, thall prevent the raising and levying of all Arrears of rears arising Composition payable by the Persons last herein described, in the within or prior District from which they, he or she shall have so removed as Removal to be aforesaid, or otherwise, up to the Fifth Day of April next follow- paid in the ing such Removal, by the same Powers and Provisions as the former District. build Duties were recoverable before the passing of this Act; and all such future Instalments, until actually transferred to the

Assess-

Assessment of another Parish, Ward or Place, shall so in like Manner be raised and levied under the Provisions of the said Acts, as Part of the Assessments of the District in which such Compositions were entered into.

On Transfer of future Payments of Compositions to Assessment of Parish of Removal, Asses ment therein may be discharged.

V. And be it further enacted, That in every Case when and as the future Instalments payable under any Composition shall have been transferred, and added to the Assessment of the Parish, Ward or Place, in the District to which any Person or Persons shall have removed under the Provisions last hereinbefore contained, and which shall be duly certified under the Authority of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners acting for the District from which the Person or Persons whose Composition shall be so transferred shall have ceased to reside, to discharge all-such future Instalments so transferred, from the Assessment on the Parish, Ward or Place therewith before charged, and in the Duplicates of the said Duties to be prepared and transmitted from the said last mentioned District, under the Provisions of the said Acts.

The foregoing Provisions for Transfer of Composition to Places of Residence applied to further Removals by the same Persons during the Continuance of their Compositions.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in order to the due Collection and Payment of the Instalments on Compositions, to all Intents as Annual Assessments in the Districts in which the Persons chargeable shall reside during the Continuance of such Compositions, it shall and may be lawful for the respective Commissioners acting for any District from which any such Person shall again and from time to time remove, to observe and follow the like Provisions for transferring the Instalments due and payable on such Composition, for the Year commencing from the Fifth Day of *April* next following such Removal, to the District, Parish, Ward and Place to which such Person shall again remove. and for the Commissioners acting for the last mentioned District to add the same to the Assessment, and cause the same to be raised in such last mentioned District, by the same Ways and Means as are herein provided with respect to a first Removal; and all and every the said Provisions last herein contained, as applied to a first Removal, shall be observed, followed and applied to and upon every subsequent Removal of the same Person or Persons, as well for enforcing the Payment of all Arrears of the said Compositions, as for charging and raising the future Instalment or Instalments, as Part of the Assessment of the Parish, Ward or Place, to and in which the Person or Persons so compounding shall actually remove and reside, as for exonerating and discharging the Assessments and Duplicates for the Parish, Ward and Place from which such Person or Persons shall have so again removed.

Privileges herein mentioned allowed to Persons having substituted and compounded for a Four Wheel Car-

VII. And be it further enacted, That where any Person or Persons having compounded under the said Acts for a Carriage with Two Wheels, shall have substituted a Four Wheel Carriage in lieu thereof, and have compounded for the same, and for Payment of the Difference of Duty, under the Power given for that Purpose by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, Wheel Carriage in Place intituled An Act for repealing certain of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, for reducing certain other of the said Duties, and for Carriage under relieving Persons who have compounded for the same, it shall be c.11. ante; and lawful for every such Person or Persons to have and enjoy the

same Privileges during the Continuance of their, his or her said to Persons com-Contract, as they, he or she would have enjoyed under the said pounding for Acts, if they respectively had originally compounded for a Carrisge with Four Wheels; and all and every Person or Persons 52 G. S. c. 93. who have or hath compounded under the said Acts, or who shall compound under this Act for a Male Servant or Male Servants, chargeable with Duty under Schedule (C.) Number 1. of an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, may employ any Male Person or Male Persons, not being Servants to such Persons so compounding, as occasional Waiters, or in any of the Capacities enumerated in the said Schedule (C.) Number 1. free of any Duty, provided such respective Employments shall not exceed or extend beyond those allowed and defined by the Rules contained in the Schedule marked (C.) Number 3. of the said last mentioned Act, in respect of such Male Persons last mentioned; and all Assessments made or to be made on such Persons so compounding as last aforesaid, during the Continuance of his, her or their Composition, in respect of any such occasional Waiters or Male Persons aforesaid, shall be null and void.

under Sch. (C.)

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Persons who Commissioners for the Time being shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution and other Offithe Acts relating to Assessed Taxes, and the said recited Acts for compounding for the said Duties, shall be Commissioners for composition or Composition or Composition putting in Execution this Act, and the Powers herein referred to Acts, to act in or contained, in all and every the respective Counties, Ridings, like Manner in Divisions, Shires and Stewartries, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, the Execution Towns and Places in Great Britain; and the several Assessors, of this Act. Collectors, Surveyors, Inspectors and Inspectors General for the Time being, appointed or to be appointed to put in Execution the said Acts, shall respectively be Assessors, Collectors, Surveyors, Inspectors and Inspectors General, to put in Execution this Act within the Limits of their respective Divisions, Districts and Places to which they are or shall be appointed; and the respective Commissioners and other Persons authorized by the said recited Acts to contract and agree for such Compositions, or to do or perform any other Matter or Thing for carrying the said recited Acts into Execution, shall severally and respectively contract and agree for the Compositions to be entered into under this Act, and do and perform all such other Matters and Things as are required to be done and performed in the Execution of this Act, within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions; and all the Powers and Authorities given and granted to them by or under the said recited Acts, so far as they apply, and are not repugnant to the Provisions of this Act, shall and they are hereby declared to be levied and continued for and during the respective Terms herein limited, in as ample and effectual a Manner as if the name Powers and Authorities were expressly re-enacted by this act, and shall severally be applied, construed, deemed and taken to belong to this Act, as Part thereof, in like Manner as if the same had been herein expressly given, granted, and applied by this Act; and the said Commissioners and others before mentioned are hereby empowered and required to do and perform all lings necessary for putting this Act in Execution, in the like 0 3

and in as full and ample a Manner as they or any of them are or were or was authorized to put in Execution the said several recited Acts.

Provisions of former Composition Acts to remain in force, except as varied by this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Provisions, Directions, Rules, Regulations, Methods, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said recited Acts, although expressly applied to the Compositions made under the said Acts, or either of them, shall severally and respectively be construed and deemed to apply to the Compositions to be entered into under this Act, and (except where other Provisions, Directions, Rules, Regulations, Methods, Clauses, Matters and Things are substituted in and by this Act.) shall severally and respectively be used and practised in ascertaining the Amount on which any Composition is to be made, and the additional Rate to be imposed thereon, and in doing and performing all other Matters and Things necessary for carrying this Act into Execution, and shall be construed, deemed, and taken to belong to this Act, as Part thereof, in like Manner as if the same were severally repeated in and expressly applied to the Provisions of this Act; and where other Provisions, Directions, Rules, Regulations, Methods, Clauses, Matters or Things are substituted by this Act, in lieu of any Provisions, Directions, Rules, Regulations, Methods, Clauses, Matters or Things contained in the said Acts, the same respectively shall be construed, used and practised in such Manner and to the like Effect in all respects, as if the said recited Acts and this Act had been incorporated, and as if this Act had expressly abrogated and made void the several Parts of the said recited Acts; in lieu whereof any Part or Parts of this Act are or is substituted.

A. And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether, under the Pro-

visions of an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled An Act for repealing certain of the Duties of Assessed Taxes, for reducing certain other of the said Duties, and for relieving Persons who have compounded for the same, the Duty of 'Three Shillings, theretofore chargeable under the Schedule marked (F.) of an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third (a), therein described, for Horses, Mares or Geldings being under the Height of Thirteen Hands, are wholly repealed, or reduced only; and it is reasonable and proper to remove such Doubts; Be it further enacted, and it is hereby declared, That all and every the Provisions in the said Act contained, for repealing the several Duties of Three Shillings, and of Two Shillings and Ten Pence, and Two Pence, respectively, chargeable by the several Acts therein recited for and in respect of Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, shall be deemed and taken to extend to the Repeal of the said Duties of Three Shillings on all Horses, Mares or Geldings under the Height of Thirteen Hands in the said Schedule (F.) described; any thing in the said recited Acts contained

Act may be altered, &c. this Session.

52 G. S. c. 93.

Schedule (F.) The Repeal of

the Duties of

\$4. on Horses, Mares and

Geldings, by

Ponies.

c.11. § 2. ante, declared to ex-

tend to the same Duty on

to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

# The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers. Form of Contract of Composition under the Act of the Fourth of George the Fourth.

	Amount of Duties.
Windows No. Rent Amount	£. s. d.
Total Amount of Duty - & Composition Duty of 5 per Cent.	
Total Amount of Composition	
<del></del>	Amount of Duties.
ESTABLISHMENT.	
No. Schedules. Servants - C. No. 1.	Æ. s. d.
Male Persons - C. No. 1.	l f
4 Wheel Carriages - D. No. 1. 2 Wheel Carriages - D. No. 2.	
Tax Carts - D. No. 4.	
Horses for riding - E. No. 1.	
Race Horses - E. No. 3.	
Dogs G	
Hair Powder - I.	1
Armorial Bearings K	
Total Amount of Duties & Composition Duty of 5 per Cent.	
Total Amount of Composition   for Establishment -   Do for House -	
Total Amount of Composition	

KNOW all Men, that we, Two of the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the Acts in relation to Assessed Taxes, for the Diviin the County sion of have contracted of of and agreed with in the said Division in pursuance of an Act passed in the Fourth Year of George the Fourth, for the Composition of Assessed Taxes, as stated in the Margin hereof, and additional Rate; which several Amounts are to be paid to the Collectors of the or to the Collectors of any Parish or Place to which the said remove, and to which any Part of the said Composition shall thereupon be transferred, under the Provision of the said Act, by Two Instalments; viz.

1st Instalment, on or before the Tenth Day of October:

2d Instalment, on or before the Fifth Day of April; and so yearly, during the respective Terms of Five Years and Four Years, from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, mentioned in the said Act.

The Condition of the above Composition is, That the above

shall duly pay or cause to be paid to the Collectors for the said Compositions, or one of them, on or before the Days above mentioned, upon Demand, the yearly Sum of by Two Instalments in even Portions, taking their or his Receipt in Writing for the same, otherwise the said Composition shall be levied of the Goods and Chattels of the said or sued for and recovered by any of the Ways and Means

by which the Monies due on Assessments may be sued for and recovered.

Witness,

Clerk.

N.B.—With the Consent of the Commissioners, the Collector of the Parish way witness the Signature of the Party to the Contract.

C. 46.

#### CAP. XLVI.

An Act for repealing the Capital Punishments infficted by several Acts of the Sixth and Twenty seventh Years of King George the Second, and of the Third, Fourth and Twenty second Years of King George the Third; and for providing other Punishments in lieu thereof, and in lieu d the Punishment of Frame breaking under an Act of the Twenty eighth Year of the same Reign. [4th July 1823]

6 G.2. c.37.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reigh of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled ' Act for making perpetual the several Acts therein mentioned, for the better Regulation of Juries, and for empowering the Justices # Session or Assizes for the Counties Palatine of Chester, La caster and Durham, to appoint a Special Jury in Manner theres ' mentioned; and for continuing the Act for regulating the Manual facture of Cloth in the West Riding of the County of York (exp 'a Clause therein contained); and for continuing an Act for w more effectual punishing wicked and evil disposed Persons god, armed in Disguise, and for other Purposes therein mentional; and to prevent the cutting or breaking down the Bank of sty River or any Sea Bank; and to prevent the malicious cutting of Hop Binds; and for continuing an Act made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second for preventing Theft and Rapine upon the Northern Borden y England, and for reviving and continuing certain Clauses in Two other Acts made for the same Purpose, it is among other Things enacted, that if any Person or Persons shall unlawfully and ' maliciously break down or cut down the Bank or Banks of any ' River or any Sea Bank, whereby any Lands shall be overflowed or damaged, every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer • Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy: And 'Whereas by the same Act it is further enacted, that if any Person or Persons shall unlawfully and maliciously cut any Hop Binds growing on Poles in any Plantation of Hops, every Person or Persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy: And Whereas have an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Vegr of the Reign of by an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for discharging the Corporation of the Governor, Bailiffs and Commonalty of the ' Company of Conservators of the Great Level of the Fens, com-' monly called Bedford Level, from a Debt due to the Duke of Bed. ' ford and Earl of Lincoln; and for enabling the Proprietors of ' Lands in the North Level, Part of the said Great Level, 10 raise Money to discharge the Proportion of the said North Level ' in the Debts of the said Corporation; and for ascertaining and ' appropriating the Taxes to be laid on the said North Level; and for the more effectual draining and preserving the said North Level, and divers Lands adjoining thereto, in the Manor of

' Crowland; it is among other Things enacted, that if any Per-

27 G.2. €.19.

§ 49.

§ 5.

' son or Persons shall maliciously cut, break down, burn, de-' molish or destroy any Bank, Mill, Engine, Flood Gate or Sluice, 'making or erecting, or made or erected, supported or main-' tained, for answering the Purposes specified in the said Act, 'every Person or Persons so offending, being thereof convicted, ' shall be guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as Felons without Benefit of Clergy: And Whereas by an Act passed in the 'Third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the 3 G.3. c.16. 'Third, intituled An Act to empower the Commissioners or Govern-' ors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, after defraying the necessary Expences thereof, to provide for such Seamen, worn out and become decrepit in the Service of their Country, who ' thall not be provided for within the said Hospital, and to enable ' them to receive such Pensions as shall be granted them by the said 'Commissioners or Governors in the most easy and convenient Manner, and for preventing Frauds and Abuses attending the same, it is among other Things enacted, that whosoever wil-' lingly and knowingly shall personate or falsely assume the Name or Character of, or procure any other to personate or falsely to assume the Name and Character of any Person entitled or 'supposed to be entitled as an Out Pensioner to any Out Pen-'sion or Allowance of Money, from the Commissioners or 'Governors of the said Hospital, in order to receive the Money 'due or supposed to be due on such Out Pension, every such Person so offending, and being lawfully convicted of any such Offence or Offences, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy: And Whereas it is expedient that a lesser Degree of Punishment should be 'provided for the several Offences created by the above recited 'Acts:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the repealed; and said recited Acts as excludes the Benefit of Clergy from Persons Offenders to be convicted of the Felonies thereby respectively created, shall be liable to Transand the same are hereby repealed; and that from and after the portation. passing of this Act, any Person convicted of the said Felonies, or any of them, shall be liable, at the Discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the Seas for Life, or for any Term not less than Seven Years, or to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in the Common Gaol or House of Correction, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fourth Year of 4 G.3. c.37. the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third, in- \$ 16. tituled An Act for the better establishing a Manufactory of Cambricks and Lawns, or Goods of the kind usually known under those Denominations, now carrying on at Winchelsea in the County of Sussex, and for improving, regulating and extending the Manufacture of Cambricks and Lawns, or Goods of the kind usually known under those Denominations, in that Part of Great Britain called England, Provision was made for the Capital Punishment of Persons convicted of divers Offences, in stealing, cutting and destroying Linen Yarn, Linen Cloth or Manufactures of Linen Yarn, and the Looms, Tools and Implements used therein: And

§ 6.

Framework

22 G.3. c.40, § 1, 2, 3.

Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for punishing Persons wilfully and maliciously destroying any Woollen, Silk, Linen or Cotton Goods, or any Implements prepared for or used in the Manufacture thereof; and for repealing so much of Two Act, made in the Twelfth Year of King George the First, and in the Sixth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the Punishment of Persons destroying any Woollen or Silk Manufactures, or any Implements prepared for or used therein, Provision was made for the Capital Punishment of Persons convicted of divers Offences, in destroying the Woollen, Silk, Linen and Cotton Manufactures, and the Tools, Tackle and Utensils used therein: And Whereas it is expedient to provide a lesser Degree of Punishment for such Offences, and to amend some Defects in the said Two Acts, and to incorporate therewith the Provision made by an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His said

28 G.3. c.55.

Acts, and to incorporate therewith the Provision made by an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for the better and more effectual Protection of Stocking Frames, and the Machines or Engines annexed thereto or used therewith; and for the Punishment of Persons destroying or injuring of such Stocking Frames, Machines or Engines, and the Framework knitted Pieces, Stockings and other Articles and Goods used and made in the Hosiery or Framework knitted Manufactory; or breaking or destroying any Machinery contained in any Mill or Mills used or any way employed in preparing or spinning of Wool or Cotton for the Use of the Stocking Frame, for the Punishment of Persons convicted of divers Offences, in cutting and destroying Framework knitted Pieces, Stockings and other like Articles, and breaking, destroying and damaging Frames, Machines, Engines, Tools, Instruments and Utensils used in the same Manufacture and Machinery in the said Act mentioned; Be it therefore further enacted, That from

4.

22 G.3. c.40. wholly repealed, and 4 G.3. c.37. 28 G.\$. c.55. in part repealed.

Destroying Woollen, Silk, Linen or Cotton Goods, &c. in the Loom, &c. the Fourth and Twenty eighth Years aforesaid, as create Felonics, in stealing, damaging or destroying Manufactures, Implements or Machinery, shall be and the same are hereby repealed, save only as to Offences committed before the passing of this Act, as to which the said Three last recited Acts shall continue in force; and that from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person shall by Day or by Night break into any House, Shop or Building, or enter by Force into any House, Shop or Building, with intent to cut, break, destroy or damage, in the Loom or Frame, or on any Machine or Engine, or on the Rack or Tenters, or in any Stage, Process or Progress of Manufacture, any Woollen, Silk, Linen or Cotton Goods, or any Goods of any one or more of those Materials mixed with each other, or mixed with any other Material; or to cut, break, destroy or damage any other Article of the Woollen, Silk, Linen or Cotton Manufactures in the Loom or

Frame, or on any Machine or Engine, or on the Rack or Tenters, or in any Stage, Process or Progress of Manufacture; or to cut, break, destroy or damage any Warp or Shute of Woollen, Silk, Linen or Cotton, or of any one or more of those Materials mixed with each other, or mixed with any other Material, or any

and after the passing of this Act, the whole of the said recited

Act of the Twenty second Year aforesaid, except so much thereof

as repeals former Acts, and so much of the said recited Acts of

Framework knitted Piece, Stocking, Hose or Lace; or to burn, break, cut, destroy or damage any Loom, Frame, Machine, Engine, Rack, Tool, Tackle, Utensil, Instrument or Implement, whether fixed or moveable, prepared for or employed in carding, spinning, throwing, weaving, fulling, shearing or otherwise manufacturing or preparing any such Goods or Articles; or shall wilfully and maliciously, and without lawful Authority, cut, break, destroy or damage any such Woollen, Silk, Linen, Cotton or Mixed Goods, or Articles, in the Loom or Frame, or on any Machine or Engine, or on the Rack or Tenters, or in any Stage, Process or Progress of Manufacture; or burn, break, cut, destroy or damage any such Loom, Frame, Machine, Engine, Rack, Tool, Tackle, Utensil, Instrument or Implement as aforesaid; or counsel, procure, aid or abet the Commission of the said Offences, or of any of them; every Person so offending, being thereof law- Transportation fully convicted, shall be guilty of Felony, and shall be liable, at or Imprisonthe Discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the Seas ment. for Life, or for any Term not less than Seven Years, or to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in the Common Gaol or House of Correction, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

### CAP. XLVII.

An Act for authorizing the Employment at Labour, in the Colonies, of Male Convicts under Sentence of Transportation. [4th *July* 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the 56 G.s. c.27.
Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to amend several Laws relative to the Transportation of Offenders, to continue in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, which was, by an 'Act passed in the First and Second Years of His present 1 & 2 G.4. Majesty's Reign, continued for Two Years and to the End of c.6. the then next Session: And Whereas by the said first recited Act it was among other Things enacted, that it should be lawful for His Majesty, from time to time by an Order in Writing, to be notified by One of His Principal Secretaries of State, to direct the Removal of any Male Offenders who should be under Sentence of Death, but reprieved during His Majesty's Pleasure, or under Sentence or Order of Transportation, and who, having been examined by an experienced Surgeon or Apothecary, should appear to be free from any putrid or infectious Distemper, and fit to be removed from the Gaol or Prison in which such Offenders should be confined, to such Place of Confinement, within England or Wales, either at Land, or on board any Ship or Vessel to be provided by His Majesty in the River Thames, or any navigable or other River, or within the Limits of any Port or Harbour of England or Wales, as His Majesty should from time to time appoint, under the Management of a Superintendant and Overseer, to be appointed by His Majesty; and that every Offender who should be so removed, should continue in the said Place of Confinement, or be removed to and confined in any other such Place or Places as aforesaid, as

' His Majesty should from time to time appoint, until such Offender 'should be transported according to Law, or by the Expiration of the Term of such Transportation or otherwise, should be entitled to his Liberty, or until His Majesty should direct the Return of such Offender to the Gaol or Prison from which he should

C. 47.

A. D. 1823.

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' have been so removed; and it was further enacted, that the Superintendant or Overseer who should have the Custody of every such Offender should, during the Term of such Custody, have the same Powers over him as are incident to the Office of a Sheriff or Gaoler, and in like manner be answerable for any Escape of such Offender; and also during such Custody should see him fed and clothed, according to a Scale of Diet and Clothing to be fixed on, and notified in Writing by One of His 'Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to the Superintendant, and should keep such Offender to Labour, at such Places and under such Regulations, Directions, Limitations and Restrictions, as His Majesty should from time to time, by any Order, to be directed to such Superintendant or Overseer for their Instruction, appoint: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, ' similar Provisions were made with respect to Male Offenders ' convicted in Scotland, which were by the said secondly recited ' Act continued for the same Term: And Whereas under the 'Provisions of the said Acts, many Male Convicts have been confined on board Ships or Vessels provided by His Majesty, in the River Thames and within the Limits of certain Ports or ' Harbours of England, and have been kept to Labour in some of His Majesty's Dock Yards, and on other Public Works of ' great Utility and Importance; wherefrom there have resulted ont only great Advantage to the Public, but also considerable Reformation of many of the Offenders so kept to Labour: And Whereas Public Works of a similar Kind are and may here-' after be undertaken in other Parts of His Majesty's Dominions out of England, on which it may be expedient to employ Male Offenders convicted in Great Britain, being under Sentence or Order of Transportation, in the same manner as Male Offenders ' are employed in England under the said recited Acts: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order or Orders in Council, to declare His Royal Will and Pleasure, that Male Offenders convicted in Great Britain, and being under Sentence or Order of Transportation, shall be kept to Labour in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions out of England, to be named in such Order or Orders in Council;

and that whenever His Majesty's Will and Pleasure shall be 50

declared in Council, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by an Order in Writing to be notified by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to direct the Removal and Confinement of any such Male Offender, either at Land or on board any Ship or Vessel to be provided by His Majesty, within the Limits of any Port or Harbour in that Part of His Majesty's Dominions which shall be named in such Order in Council, under the

25G.3. c.46.

His Majesty, by Order in Council, may direct Convicts to be employed in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions out of England, under a Superintendant and Overseer.

Management of the Superintendant now being or hereafter to be appointed in England, and of an Overseer to be appointed by His Majesty for each Ship or Vessel or other Place of Confinement to be provided under this Act; and that every Offender who shall be so removed shall continue on board the Ship or Vessel or other Place of Confinement to be so provided, or any similar Ship or Vessel or other Place of Confinement to be from time to time provided by His Majesty, until His Majesty shall otherwise direct, or until the Offender shall be entitled to his Liberty.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Overseer to be appointed under this Act shall possess the same Powers and Powers. Authorities, and shall perform the same Duties, and shall be liable to the same Controul, as any Overseer appointed under the said first recited Act; provided, that the Oath thereby required to be by him taken, for verifying the Returns of Prisoners, shall be taken before a Judge or Justice of Peace of the Colony in which the Overseer shall be resident; and that the Super-Superintendant intendant shall make the same Reports and Returns respecting to report. every such Offender, as respecting Offenders confined under the said first recited Act; and that every such Offender as aforesaid, Offender to be confined under the Authority of this Act, shall be liable to the liable to same same Penalties and Punishments, for any Crime or Misconduct by Penalties as him committed, whether on board such Ship or Vessel, or other under former Place of Confinement to be provided under the Authority of this Act. Act, or on board any Ship or Vessel in which he shall be conveyed from England, to the Part of His Majesty's Dominions specified in any Order in Council to be made under the Authority of this Act, and for escaping from on board any of such Ships or Vessels, or other Place of Confinement, and being at large; and every Person rescuing, or attempting to rescue, or assisting in Rescue. rescuing any such Offender confined under the Authority of this Act, shall be liable to the same Punishment as if such Offender had been confined under the said first recited Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Action In Action for shall be prosecuted against any Person for any thing done in executing Act. pursuance of this Act, such Person may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff shall become Nonsuit, or discontinue his Action, after Issue joined, or if, upon a Demurrer or otherwise, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy Treble Costs. for the same as any Defendants have by Law in other Cases; and notwithstanding a Verdict shall be given to any Plaintiff in such Action or Suit as aforesaid, such Plaintiff shall not have Costs against the Defendant, unless the Judge before whom the Trial shall be shall certify his Approbation of the Verdict.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits and Limitation of Prosecutions to be commenced against any Person or Persons, for Actions. any thing done in pursuance of this Act, shall be laid and tried in the Place where the Fact was committed, or if committed on the Seas, then in the County of Middlessex; and shall be commenced within

within Six Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not otherwise.

Continuance of Act.

C. 47, 48.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force during the Continuance of the said recited Act of the Fifty sixth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, and no longer.

# C A P. XLVIII.

An Act for enabling Courts to abstain from pronouncing Sentence of Death in certain Capital Felonies.

[4th July 1823.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that in all Cases of Felony not within the Reneficial Columns within the Benefit of Clergy, except Murder, the Court before which the Offender or Offenders shall be convicted shall ' be authorized to abstain from pronouncing Judgment of Death, ' whenever such Court shall be of Opinion that, under the par-' ticular Circumstances of any Case, the Offender or Offenders is or are a fit and proper Subject or fit and proper Subjects to be recommended for the Royal Mercy: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, whenever any Persons shall be convicted of any Felony, except Murder, and shall by Law be excluded the Benefit of Clergy in respect thereof, and the Court before which such Offender shall be con-. victed shall be of Opinion that, under the particular Circumstances of the case, such Offender is a fit and proper Subject to be recommended for the Royal Mercy, it shall and may be lawful for such Court, if it shall think fit so to do, to direct the proper Officer then being present in Court to require and ask, whereupon such Officer shall require and ask, if such Offender hath or knoweth any thing to say why Judgment of Death should not be recorded against such Offender; and in case such Offender shall not allege any Matter or Thing sufficient in Law to arrest or bar such Judgment, the Court shall and may and is hereby authorized to abstain from pronouncing Judgment of Death upon such Offender; and instead of pronouncing such Judgment to order the same to be entered of Record, and thereupon such proper Officer as aforesaid shall and may and is hereby authorized to enter Judgment of Death on Record against such Offender, in the usual and accustomed Form, and in such and the same Manner as is now used, and as if Judgment of Death had actually been pronounced in open Court against such Offender, by the Court before which such Offender shall have been convicted

Court may abstain from pro-nouncing Sentence of Death on Persons convicted of any Felonies, except Murder.

Record of Judgment to have same Effect as if pronounced.

Act not to extend to Scotland.

II. And be it further enacted, That a Record of every such Judgment, so entered as aforesaid, shall have the like Effect to all Intents and Purposes, and be followed by all the same Consequences, as if such Judgment had actually been pronounced in open Court, and the Offender had been reprieved by the Court.

III. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland.

# CAP. XLIX.

An Act for regulating Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland. [4th July 1823.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws now in force for the general Regulation of Turnpike Roads in that Part the general Regulation of Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland should be consolidated, and ' that further Regulations should be made in regard to the same;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing Scotch Acts. of this Act, an Act passed in the Parliament of Scotland, in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred and sixty nine, in- 1669, c.16. tituled Act for repairing Highwayes and Bridges; and another Act passed in the Parliament of Scotland, in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred and seventy, intituled Act con- 1670, c.9. cerning Highwayes; and another Act passed in the Parliament of Scotland, in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred and 1686, c.s. eighty six, intituled Additional Act anent Highways and Bridges, and an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First, intituled An Act for amending and 5G.1. c.30. making more effectual the Laws for repairing the Highways, Bridges, and Ferries in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His late 11 G.5, c.53. an Act passed in the Eleventh I ear of the Reign of IIIs late.

Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for widening the Highways in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for the better Regulation of Carters, Carriages and loaded Horses; and for removing Obtractions and Nyisances upon the Streets and Highways within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, so far as they relate to Tom that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, so far as they relate to relate to Turn-Tumpike Roads, shall be and the same are hereby repealed: Pro-pike Roads, vided always, that the said recited Acts, notwithstanding hereof, repealed. shall remain in force as heretofore, as to all Roads not being Turnpike, to which they may relate.

'II. And Whereas it is of great Importance that one uniform System should be adhered to in the Laws for regulating the 'Management and Maintenance of Turnpike Roads throughout that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; Be it therefore Extending this enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all the Act to all Local Enactments, Provisions, Matters and Things in this Act contained, Acts for making the statements of the statement of shall extend to all Acts of Parliament now in force, and to all Acts ing and repairof Parliament which shall hereafter be passed for making, widenRoads in Scoting, turning, amending, repairing or maintaining any Turnpike land. Road in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland (save and except as to such Enactments, Provisions, Matters and Things as shall be expressly varied, altered or repealed by any such Act as

shall be hereafter passed).

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing Proviso for in this Act contained shall extend to repeal, alter or affect the 47 G.3. sess.1. Enactments, Provisions and Regulations contained in an Act c.xi. passed in the First Session of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for

C. 49:

(that is to say,)

continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts passed in the Thirtieth and Thirty seventh Years of His present Majesty, for making and repairing certain Roads in the County of Fife, and for making and keeping in Repair several other Roads in the said County.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Qualification of Trus-

Qualification of Trustees.

Trustees to take

the following

Oath.

tees for carrying into Execution the Powers and Provisions of this Act, and of all Local Turnpike Acts of Parliament which are now in force, or which shall hereafter be in force in Scotland, shall be such as are or shall be enacted and contained in each such Local Turnpike Act respectively: Provided always, that no Person shall hereafter act as a Trustee in the Execution of any Act of Parliament for making, repairing or maintaining any Tumpike Road, unless (if so required by any Trustee then present) he hath taken, or shall, before he shall act as such Trustee, take and subscribe the Oath or Affirmation following, before any Two or more of the Trustees appointed or to be appointed by or in pur-

Oath.

do swear, [or, being of the People called Quakers, do solemnly affirm, That I truly and bond fide am [here insert the Qualification required by the Act, as the Case may So help me GOD. [Or, being a Quaker, omit the Words 'So help me GOD.']

suance of such Act, who are hereby authorized and empowered to administer the same, in the Words or to the Effect following;

Trustees not to act where interested, &c.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person appointed a Trustee by any Act for making, repairing or maintaining Turnpike Roads, shall be capable of acting as such in the Execution of any such Act, whilst he holds any Place or Employment of Profit under any such Act or this Act; or who shall be a Tacksman of the Tolls on any Turnpike Road, or of any

Persons acting not being qualiPart thereof; and if any Person not being qualified as aforessid, or being disqualified by any of the Causes aforesaid, or not having taken and subscribed the Oath hereinbefore mentioned, or being a Quaker, not having made and subscribed the Affirmation hereinbefore mentioned, if so required, shall nevertheless presume to act as a Trustee in the Execution of any such Act, (except in administering the Oath or Affirmation hereinbefore mentioned,) every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds to any Person who shall prosecute for the

Penalty 201.

same, to be recovered, with Expences, by summary Action before the Sheriff or Stewart of the Shire or Stewartry in which such Road is situated, or in the Court of Session; and the Person so prosecuted shall prove that he is qualified as aforesaid, or otherwise shall pay the said Penalty, without any other Proof or Evidence on the Part of the Prosecutor than that such Person hath acted as a Trustee in the Execution of any Act for making, re-

Provies.

pairing or maintaining Turnpike Roads; Provided nevertheless, that no Act or Proceeding touching the Execution of any such Act, which shall be done or performed by such unqualified of disqualified Person, previously to his being convicted of the Offence hefore manifold that the being convicted of the Offence hefore manifold that the being convicted of the Offence hefore manifold that the being convicted of the Offence hefore manifold that the being convicted of the Offence hefore manifold that the being convicted of the Offence hefore manifold that the being convicted of the Offence hefore manifold the offence hefore hefore the offence hefore th fence before mentioned, shall be thereby impeached or rendered nugatory;

nugatory; but all such Proceedings shall be as valid and effectual as if such Person had been duly qualified.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Trustee appointed Trustees may under any Turnpike Act, who is in the Commission of the Peace, act as Justices. shall be disqualified from acting as a Justice of the Peace in the Execution of any such Act, by reason of his being such Trustee.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Lender of Money Lenders of upon the Credit of the Tolls, or Assignee of any such Lender, Money not nor any Person receiving Interest out of Tolls for any such Money disqualified. lent, shall on that account only be deemed unqualified to act as a

Trustee in the Execution of any such Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of Turnpike. Meetings of Roads, having met under Authority of an Act of Parliament by Trustees. which they are appointed, may from time to time adjourn to meet at such Place and at such Time as the said Trustees or the major Part of them present at any Meeting shall appoint, and at all their several Meetings the Trustees shall pay and defray their own Expences; and all Orders and Determinations of the Trustees in the Execution of any such Act shall be made at Meetings to be held in pursuance thereof, and not otherwise (except in the Cases hereby otherwise particularly provided for), and that no Order or Determination shall be made, unless the major Part of the Trustees present shall concur therein; and that all Acts, Majority to Orders and Proceedings of the Trustees relating to any such concur in all Act, and all the Powers and Authorities hereby in them vested Acts. generally, shall be exercised by the major Part of the Trustees who shall be present at the respective Meetings to be held by virtue of any such Act, the whole Number present not being less than the Number directed by the Act under which such Trustees shall be appointed to be present to carry the Act into Execution; and that a Preses shall, in the first Place, be appointed at every Meeting to be held by virtue of any Turnpike Act, or of this Act, who, in case of an equal Number of Votes (including the Vote of the Preses), shall have the casting Vote; and that no Order No Order to be or Determination at any Meeting of the said Trustees once made, revoked unless agreed upon or entered into, shall be revoked or altered at any subsequent Meeting, unless Notice of the Intention to propose such Revocation or Alteration shall have been given at a previous Meeting holden for the same Road, and entered in the Book of Proceedings of such Meeting, and also by Two several Advertisements in some Newspaper usually circulated in the Shire or Stewartry in which such Road is situated, Ten Days at least previous to such subsequent Meeting, or by affixing such Notice for Two consecutive Sundays on the Church Doors of the Parish or Parishes within which such Road is situated, and on all the Toll Bars then erected upon such Road, Fourteen Days at least before such Meeting, of which Notice having been duly given, a Certificate by the Precenter or Toll Gatherer shall be sufficient Evidence.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Trustees Two Trustees, or for the Clerk of the Trustees of any Turnpike or the Clerk Road, to call a General Meeting of the Trustees of such Road may call Meeting on the Requisition in Writing of any Two Trustees, in which Requisition shall be stated the Purpose for which such Meeting 4 GEO. IV.

Notice given.

is called; and the Notice for calling such Meeting, in which shall be stated the Purpose thereof, shall be published Two several Times in some Newspaper usually circulated in the Shire or Stewartry in which the said Road is situated, or by affixing the same on the Toll Bars of such Road, at least Ten Days before such Meeting.

Power to name Committees. X. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees acting under any Turnpike Act shall have Power at any General Meeting to divide the Road comprised in such Act into Districts, to name Committees of their Number, being qualified to act as Trustees under this Act and such Turnpike Act, for the more immediate Direction and Management of particular Parts of such Roads, and to give such Committees (whereof Three to be a Quorum) such Instructions and such Powers as they shall from time to time think fit and expedient.

Power to appoint Clerks, Collectors, Treasurers, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Trustees acting under any Turnpike Act, at any General Meeting, to appoint a Clerk and Treasurer, and also to appoint, if they shall think fit, a Superintendent for all or each or any Part of the Roads within their Trust, with remunerating Salaries to such Clerk, Treasurer and Superintendent, and to apportion such Salaries among the several different Roads within their Trusts; and that they shall also have Power in their District and Committee Meetings to appoint Clerks, Collectors, Treasurers, Surveyors and other Officers, with reasonable Salaries for their Trouble.

Treasurer to give Security upon entering Office. XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Trustees of every Turnpike Road shall (unless where all the Monies collected on any such Turnpike Road shall be lodged, in an Account to be opened in the Name of the Trustees thereof, with the Bank of Scotland, the Royal Bank of Scotland, or the Bank of the British Linen Company of Scotland, or any of the Branches of the said Banks,) take sufficient Security from every Treasurer to be appointed by them for the Purposes of any Act of Parliament for making, repairing or maintaining any Turnpike Road, for the due and faithful Execution of his Office, before such Treasurer shall enter upon his Office; and if they shall so think proper, shall also take such Security from any other Officer to be appointed under or by virtue of this or such other Act, and shall limit the Sum beyond which he shall not retain any Money belonging to the Trustees.

Office of Treasurer and Clerk to be kept separate. XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not hereafter be lawful for any Trustees or Commissioners to continue or appoint the Person who has been or may be appointed to act as their Clerk in the Execution of any Act or Acts of Parliament for repairing and maintaining any Turnpike Road, or the Partner of any such Clerk, to be or to hold the Offices of Clerk and Treasurer for the Purposes of such Act or Acts, or to continue or appoint the Person who has been or may be appointed Treasurer, or the Partner of any such Treasurer, to be the Treasurer and Clerk for the Purposes of such Act or Acts; and if any Person shall act in both the Capacities of Clerk and Treasurer, or if any Person being the Partner of any such Clerk shall act as Treasurer, or being the Partner of such Treasurer shall act as Clerk, in the Execution of this or any other Act, every Person shall for every such Offence forfeit

Acting jointly.

forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to any Person or Persons Penalty 50t. who shall prosecute for the same, to be recovered with Expences

by summary Action in the Court of Session.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Orders and Proceed-Orders and ings of the Trustees of every Turnpike Road, together with the Proceedings to Names of the Trustees present at every Meeting, shall be entered in a Book to be kept by the Clerk to the said Trustees for that in a Book to be kept by the Clerk to the said Trustees for that Purpose, and be signed by the Preses of the Meeting at which such Orders or Proceedings shall be from time to time made or had; and that such Book shall be open at all seasonable Times to the Inspection of any of the Trustees without Fee or Reward; and Extracts of such Proceedings, signed by the Clerk, shall bear Extracts thereof Faith and be received in Evidence in the same manner as Extracts Evidence. of Proceedings of Courts of Law in Scotland.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of every Books of Ac-Turnpike Road shall direct a Book to be provided and kept by count to be their Clerk for the time being, in which Book such Clerk shall kept, and to be enter true and regular Accounts of all Sums of Money received spection of and expended on account of the Road for which such Clerk shall Trustees and act, and of the several Articles, Matters and Things for which such Creditors and Sums of Money shall have been disbursed; and which Book shall others. at all seasonable Times be open to the Inspection of the said Trustees, or any Creditor on the Tolls collected and taken on the Road to which such Books relate, or any Person who shall be liable to pay any of the Tolls authorized to be taken on such Roads respectively; and the said Trustees and Creditors and other Persons, or any of them, may take Copies of the said Book or any Part thereof, without such Trustee or Creditor paying any thing for the same; and the said Book shall be produced by the said Clerk at all Meetings of the said Trustees; and in case any Clerk refusing Clerk shall not permit or shall refuse to permit the said Trustees, Inspection, &c. Creditor or such other Person to inspect any such Book, or to take such Copies as aforesaid, or in case such Clerk shall refuse or neglect to produce such Book at any Meeting of the said Trustees, such Clerk shall forfeit and pay any Sum of Money not Penalty. exceeding Five Pounds, to be levied and applied in the same manner as other Penalties are hereby directed to be recovered and applied; provided that every Person not being a Trustee or Creditors to Creditor shall pay the Sum of Five Shillings to the Clerk for each pay 5a. for Insuch Inspection.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of every Turnpike Road may sue and be sued in the Name of their Clerk or Treasurer for the time being; and that no Action to be brought in the Name of or commenced by or against any Trustees of any Turnpike Road, by virtue of this or any other Act of Parliament, in the Name of their Clerk or Treasurer, shall cease by the Death or Removal of such Clerk or Treasurer, or by the Act of such Clerk or Treasurer, without the Consent of the said Trustees; but that the Clerk or Treasurer for the time to the said Trustees shall always be deemed to be the Pursuer or Defender (as the Case may be) in every such Action or Process: Provided always, that Proviso for Exall Expences of Process or Proceedings so incurred by such Clerk pences incurred or Treasurer shall be reimbursed and paid out of the Trust Funds of the Turnpike Road for which he shall act.

Persons not spection.

Trustees may their Clerk, &c.

by Clerk or

Officers to account.

Officers ne glecting, &c.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all such Officers as shall be appointed by any Trustees of any Turnpike Road shall, as often as required by the Trustees, render and give to them, or to such Person as they shall for that Purpose appoint, a true, exact and perfect Account in Writing under their respective Hands, with the proper Vouchers, of all Monies, which they shall respectively, to the Time of rendering such Accounts, have received, paid and disbursed by virtue of this or any Turnpike Act, or for or on account or by reason of their respective Offices; and in case any Money so received by any such Officer shall remain in his Hands, the same shall be paid to the Trustees, or to such Person as they shall in Writing under their Hands authorize and empower to receive the same; and if any such Officer shall refuse or wilfully neglect to render and give such Account, or to produce and deliver up such Vouchers, or shall for the Space of Fourteen Days after being thereunto required by the said Trustees so refuse or neglect to render and give up to them, or to such Person as they shall direct or appoint, all Books, Papers, Writings, Tools, Matters and Things in his Hands, Custody or Power belonging or relating to the Road for which he shall act, then it shall be lawful for the Sheriff or Stewart, or Justices of the Peace in Quarter Sessions assembled, for the Shire or Stewartry where the Officer so refusing or neglecting shall be or reside, upon Complaint made by or on behalf of the said Trustees, to hear and determine such Complaint in a summary Way, and to cause such Money as shall appear to be due and unpaid to be levied by Poinding and Sale of the Goods and Effects of such Officer, rendering to him the Surplus (if any) of the Money remaining due, after deducting the Expences of such Poinding and Sale; and if sufficient Goods and Effects cannot be found, or if it shall appear to any such Sheriff, Stewart or Justices assem-

Sheriff or Quarter Sessions may hear and cause the Money due to be levied as herein men-

tioned;

and commit

such Officer.

Length of Imprisonment.

Accounts to be annually audited.

have compounded with the said Trustees for such Money, and paid such Composition according to their Direction, which Composition all Trustees are hereby empowered to make and receive, or until he shall deliver up such Books, Papers and Writings, Tools, Matters and Things as aforesaid, or have given Satisfaction to the Trustees concerning the same; but no such Officer, who shall be committed on account of his not having sufficient Goods

bled as aforesaid, that any such Officer shall have wilfully refused to give such Account, or to deliver up all or any Books, Papers, Writings, Tools, Matters and Things in his Custody or Power, relating to the Execution of his Office, such Sheriff, Stewart or

Justices shall commit him to the House of Correction or Common

Gaol of the Shire or Stewartry where such Offender shall be or reside, there to remain until he shall make and give a true and perfect Account, and verify the same in Manner aforesaid, and shall produce and deliver up the Vouchers relating thereto, and shall have paid the Money (if any) remaining in his Hands as aforesaid, according to the Direction of the Trustees, or shall

this Act for any longer Time than Six Calendar Months.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of every Turnpike Road shall, and they are hereby required, either by themselves or some Committee of their Number, annually to

and Effects as aforesaid, shall be detained in Prison by virtue of

examine

examine the Vouchers, and audit and settle the Accounts of the respective Clerks and Treasurers appointed by them, and to examine into the State of the Revenues and Debts, distinguishing Boaded from Floating Debts, of the several Roads for which they shall act as Trustees, and to make up Abstracts of such Accounts, which Abstracts shall contain a Statement of the Revenues and Debts of the Trust, and also an Account of all Bonds given by the Trustees, and the Dates thereof; which said Abstracts of Accounts and Statements shall be signed by not less than Three of the Trustees.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Tacksman of Tolls, Persons holdor Toll Gatherer, or other Person, except in the Cases hereinafter ing Places (Exmentioned, who shall hold any Place of Profit under any Trustees seption) not to of any Turnpike Road, shall sell any Wine, Ale, Spirituous sell Wine, &c. Liquors or Provisions by Retail: Provided always, that where Justices may any Toll Bar is situated in any remote Part of the Country, and grant a Licence the Trustees of the Turnpike Road on which such Toll Bar is in certain Cases. placed shall represent to the Justices of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry in their Quarter Sessions assembled, that it will be convenient to Travellers using such Road, that such Tacksman of the Tolls or Toll Gatherer, or other Person stationed at such Toll Bar, should be licensed to sell Provisions and Ale and Spirituous Liquors by Retail, it shall be lawful for the said Justices to grant to the Tacksman, Toll Gatherer or other Person stationed at such Toll Bar, a Licence, in the Form granted by Justices to Publicans; Form of Liand such Tacksman, Toll Gatherer or other Person may thereon cence. receive the other Licences granted to Publicans by the Commissioners of Excise, which said Excise Licences the said Commissioners, or the Person by them authorized to grant the same, are hereby empowered to grant; any thing in an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled 35 G.3. c.69. An Act for repealing the Duties on Coals, Culm and Cinders brought or carried Coastwise into Scotland, and for granting other Duties on Licences to sell certain distilled Spirituous Liquors in lieu thereof, or in any other Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and after obtaining such Licences, it shall be lawful for such Tacksman or Toll Gatherer, or other Person to whom the same shall be granted, to hold such Place of Profit as Tacksman or Toll Gatherer, and at the same Time to exercise the Trade of a Victualler at such Toll House, and to sell by Retail the Articles specified in such Licences, for the Time for which such Licences shall be granted; and every such Tacksman Person licensed or Toll Gatherer, or other Person so obtaining such Licences, subject to exshall be subject and liable to such and the like Pains, Penalties isting Laws. and Forfeitures, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as any other Person licensed to deal in Ale or other Spirituous Liquors is or may be subject and liable to by Law.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Trustees may Trustees of Turnpike Roads to accept Subscriptions for such Sum accept of Subof Money as may be requisite for the making or maintaining any particular Part of the said Roads, and for securing the Repayment thereof with Interest to assist the Talls outhering the Parts of thereof, with Interest, to assign the Tolls authorized to be levied Roads. on any of the said Roads; and that it shall also be lawful for the said Trustees to contract and agree with the Person subscribing

Money as aforesaid, for making or maintaining the said Roads, or any particular Part thereof as aforesaid, to apply the same in making and maintaining such Parts of such Roads; and they are hereby required to lay out and apply the Money so lent for that express Purpose accordingly.

Payment of Subscriptions enforced. XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who has subscribed or shall subscribe towards the making and maintaining the Roads by any Act intended to be made and repaired, shall, after Forty Days' Notice given by any Person authorized by the said Trustees to receive and recover the Subscription Money. neglect or refuse to pay the Sum by him or her subscribed, to the Person so authorized, it shall be lawful to such Person, and be is hereby required to sue for and recover the said Subscription Money, in any Court competent in Scotland.

Power to Trustees to borrow Money. XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Trustees of every Turnpike Road to borrow and take up at Interest, on the Credit of the Tolls arising on such Road, such Sum of Money as they shall from time to time respectively think proper, and to assign the Tolls on such Road, or any Part or Parts thereof, (the Expences of which Assignation to be paid out of the Tolls,) as a Security to any Person, or his Trustees, who shall advance such Sum of Money; which Assignation shall be in the Words or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

Form of Assignation.

- in the Words or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

  BY virtue of an Act passed in the
  Reign of intituled [here set forth the Title
  of the Act or Acts], We, a Quorum of the Trustees for exc
  cuting the said Act [or Acts] in Consideration of the Sum of
  Sterling advanced and paid to the Tressuer
  of the said Trustees, do hereby grant and assign unto A.B. and
  his Executors and Assignees, [here specify the Matter assigned,]
  to be had and holden from this

  Day of
  in the Year of our Lord
  of the said Tolls are
- 's granted by the said Act, unless the said Sum of with Interest after the Rate of per Annum, shall be sooner paid and discharged.'

Copies thereof entered.

And Copies of such Assignations shall be entered by the Clerk to the said Trustees in the said Book of Orders and Proceedings; and it shall be lawful for all Persons respectively, to whom any Assignation of Tolls shall be made as aforesaid, or who shall be from time to time entitled to the Money thereby secured, to transfer, by Indorsation on such Assignation, his, her or their Right and Interest in and to such Assignation of Tolls, and the Principal Money and Interest thereby secured, to any other Person whomsoever; and such Assignation, with Notice to the Clerk of the said Trustees, and Entry thereof in their Books of Proceedings, shall be equivalent to and have all the Effects of an intimated Assignation as affording a Preference; and every Indorsee may in like manner indorse the same; and such Indorsation, with Notice thereof, entered as aforesaid, shall have all the Effects of an intimated Assignation, and so totics quoties; and all Persons to whom any such Assignation or Indorsation shall be made as aforesaid shall, in Proportion to the Sum of Money

Effect thereof with Notice.

thereby secured, be Creditors on the Tolls by such Act granted, in equal Degree one with another, or in such Order as shall be agreed upon and stipulated by the said Trustees at the Time of

the Advance of their respective Shares.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall also be lawful Trustees may for the Trustees of every Turnpike Road to borrow on Liferent borrow Money Annuity, and to assign the Toll Dues leviable on the same to on Annuity. the Lender of the Money, for and during the Residue of the Term for which the said Toll Dues are granted, such Sums as they shall from time to time think proper; and it shall be lawful for the Grantee of such Annuity to transfer the same in like manner by Indorsation, which, with Notice to the Clerk, and Entry in the Books of the Trustees, shall be equivalent to an intimated Assignation as affording a Preference; and that such Annuity trans-Indersee shall have also Power to transfer in like manner such ferable. Annuity, and so totics quoties during the Life of the Grantee thereof; and that the Person claiming the Payment of the same shall be at all times bound, if so required, to produce satisfactory Proof of the said Grantee having been alive up to the Date of such Claim: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for the Not more than Trustees to give more than Ten per Centum on any Sum of Money. 10 per Cent. so to be borrowed by the said Trustees on Annuity, or to grant No Life under any such Annuity on any Life under Fifty.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That the said Trustees shall not be Trustees not held or adjudged to have rendered themselves personally liable for the Repayment of any Money borrowed, or interest thereof, by reason of having signed the said Securities, but which Securities are to be held and considered as granted upon the sole Credit and Security of the Tolls; nor shall any Trustee or Subscriber be held personally liable upon any Pretext for Payment of any Sum which he shall not have bound himself to pay personally as an Individual, independent of his Office as a Trustee under any Turnpike Act

of Parliament.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Proprietors lawful for any Proprietor or Heir of Entail in Possession of any under Entail or Entailed Estate, or the Tutor or Curator of such Proprietor or their Curators Heir of Entail who may be desirous of advancing or lending any their Estates. Sum or Sums of Money for the Purposes of making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, or building any Bridge on the same, to be made or built subsequent to the passing of this Act, either to bind himself personally as a Trustee of such Turnpike Road, and also to bind the succeeding Heirs of Entail for the Repayment of any such Sum or Sums, to any Person or Persons who may advance the same to the Trustees of such Turnpike Road; or to advance such Sum or Sums, and to render the same a Burden upon the said entailed Estate and the succeeding Heirs of Entail; or, having advanced such Sum or Sums, to borrow the like Sum or Sums; and to bind himself or herself, and the said Estate, and the Heirs of Entail succeeding to him or her, for the same; and all Bonds and Obligations for Money so to be advanced or borrowed and applied, shall be held to bind such Proprietors in Cases where they have personally bound themselves, and also the Heirs of Entail in such Estates, for the Repayment of such Money; and such Bonds and Obligations shall be valid and P 4

Proviso as to the extent thereof.

effectual against the Granters of the same, and also against the Heirs of Entail succeeding to them in such entailed Estates, and such Sums shall be and continue to be a real Burden on such Estates till repaid out of the Tolls and Duties levied on such Turnpike Road: Provided always, that the Share or Proportion; of such Sum or Sums of Money to be so advanced or borrowed; affecting such succeeding Heirs of Entail, shall not exceed One Year's free Rent of the entailed Lands of such Proprietor, situated in each Parish respectively through which any such Turnpike Roa or any Part thereof shall run, or in which any such Bridge or any Part thereof shall be built; and that the Heir of Entail in Pos session of such entailed Estates shall be obliged to keep down the Interest of such Sum or Sums of Money so advanced borrowed, but it shall not be lawful to the Creditor or Creditors in right of any such Debt, to adjudge or otherwise evict the entailed Estate for Payment thereof or any Part thereof; provided also, that it shall and may be competent to such Creditor or Creditors to prosecute such Remedy or Remedies against the Rents thereof as are given and allowed by the Law of Scotland to heritable Creditors.

Proprietors of entailed Estates and Curators, &c. may repounce Damages.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be in the Power of Proprietors of entailed Estates, and of all Trustees, Tutors and Curators of any Person under any legal Disability or Incapacity. to give up and renounce every Claim of Damage or otherwise, competent to them, for such Ground and Materials as any Turnpike Road may occupy or require on their respective Properties, and that such Renunciation shall be equally binding on the Hein of such Persons.

Taking off Horses to avoid Payment of Toll or Penalty.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person thall take off or cause to be taken off any Horse or other Beast of Draught from any Coach, Chaise, Waggon, Cart or other Carnage, at or before the same shall come to any Toll Bar, and after having passed such Toll Bar shall add or put on such Horse or other Beast of Draught to such Coach, Chaise, Waggon or other Carriage, with Intent to avoid any Toll payable or Penalty inposed by this or any Turnpike Act of Parliament, every Person so offending, and being convicted thereof before the Sheriff of Stewart, or any Justice of the Peace for the Shire or Stewarty where the Offence shall be committed, upon the Oath of any credible Witness or other competent Evidence, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for each Offence.

Penalty.

Power to erect Weighing Machines.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Turnpike Trustees to erect Weighing Machines on any convenient Part of any Turnpike Road, so as not to interrupt the travelling along the same; and to direct all Waggons, Carts or other Carriages carrying any Load, and which shall come within One hundred Yards of the said Machine, to be weighed therest, together with the Loading thereof.

Unloading Goods, &c. to evade Toll.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall unload or cause to be unladen any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, from any Horse or other Beast of Burden, Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, at or before the same shall come to any Toll Bar of Weighing Engine erected in pursuance of any Turnpike Act of of this Act, or shall load or lay upon such Horse or other Beast

of Burden, Waggon, Cart or Carriage, after the same shall have passed any such Toll Bar or Weighing Engine, any Goods, Wares or Merchandize taken or unladen from any Horse or other Beast of Burden, Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, belonging to or hired or borrowed by any Person, in order to avoid the Payment of Tolls payable for Overweight; every Person so offending as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted before the Sheriff or Stewart or any Justice of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry where the Offence shall be committed, upon the Oath of any credible Witness, or other competent Evidence, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for each Offence.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Keeper of every Duty of Toll. Toll Bar where any Weighing Engine shall be erected, or any keeper as to other Person appointed by the Trustees of any Turpike Road weighing. to the Care of such Weighing Engine, shall weigh all such Waggons, Carts or other such Carriages which shall pass loaded through such Bars respectively, and which he shall believe to carry greater Weights than are allowed to pass without paying additional Toll; and if any Tollkeeper, or Person so appointed, Tollkeeper neadditional Toll; and it any tollkeeper, or rerson so appointed, Tollkeeper neshall knowingly permit any such Waggon, Cart or other such glecting to Carriage to pass through any such Toll Bar with greater Weights weigh, &c. and than are allowed by any Act of Parliament to be carried without Payment of additional Toll on the Road on which such Bar sisting the or Weighing Engine shall be placed without weighing the same, weighing, &c. and receiving such additional Tolls as aforesaid, he shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if the Owner or Driver of any Waggon or Cart shall refuse to allow the same to be weighed, or shall resist any Toll Keeper or Toll Gatherer in weighing the same, every Owner or Driver so

offending shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds. Penalty.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Trustees, &c. any Trustee or Surveyor of any Turnpike Road, if he shall suspect may cause any such Connivance or Neglect as aforesaid, to cause any Carriages to Waggon, Cart or other Carriage which shall have passed through be weighed. any Toll Bar where any Weighing Engine shall be erected, and shall not have passed above Two hundred Yards beyond such Toll Bar, to return to such Weighing Engine, and be there weighed with the Loading which passed through such Toll Bar, in the Presence of such Trustee or Surveyor, upon requiring the Driver thereof to drive such Carriage back to such Weighing Engine, and upon paying or tendering to him the Sum of One Shilling for so doing, which shall be returned to the Person paying the same if upon weighing such Carriage and the Loading thereof it shall be found above the Weight allowed to be carried on such Carrage without Payment of additional Toll; and if the Driver of Driver refusing any such Carriage, being so requested to return with his Carriage to have Goods, to such Weighing Engine, shall neglect or refuse so to do, he &c. weighed. shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and it shall be Penalty. lawful for any Peace Officer or any other Person being then present, upon such Neglect or Refusal, to drive and take such Carriage back to such Weighing Engine, in order to be weighed as aforesaid.

XXXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when Where Turn-Two or more Turnpike Roads meet at or near the same Place, it pike Roads

Penalty.

C. 49.

shall be lawful for the Trustees of such Turnpike Roads respectively, at a Meeting to be held for that Purpose, to fix upon some convenient Place to erect a Weighing Engine upon, which will accommodate all such Turnpike Roads, and by Agreement amongst themselves at such Meeting to proportion the Expenses which may attend the making, erecting, maintaining and keeping in repair such Weighing Engine, and likewise to proportion the Money arising from Forfeitures to be incurred for Overweight at such Weighing Engine amongst all such Turnpike Roads, in such manner as to them shall appear just and reasonable.

Turning out of the Way to avoid baving Carriage weighed.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Owner or Driver of any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, travelling on any Turnpike Road where any Weighing Engine is erected, shall drive or turn out of the same, in order to avoid having the same weighed, every such Owner or Driver, convicted of such Offence before the Sheriff or Stewart, or any Justice of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry where such Offence shall be committed, upon the Oath of any credible Witness, or other competent Evidence, shall forfeit, if he be the Owner, any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and if he be the Driver and not the Owner, any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, upon Conviction for every such Offence.

Penalty.

Tolks upon Carriages affixed to others.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That where any Carriage whatsoever, with Four Wheels, shall pass through any Toll Bar affixed to any Waggon or Cart, it shall be liable to the same Toll as if it had passed through drawn by Two Horses; and in case any Carriage whatsoever, with Two Wheels only, shall pass through any Toll Bar so affixed to any Waggon or Cart as aforesaid, it shall be liable to the same Toll as it would have been if passing through and drawn by One Horse only; and where any Horse shall be fastened to, but not used in drawing any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, such Horse shall not be liable to a higher Toll than a single Horse laden or unladen, as the Case may be.

Royal Family exempt from Tolls.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Toll shall be demanded or taken on any Turnpike Road for any Horses or Carriages attending His Majesty or any of the Royal Family, or re-

Exemptions from Tolls.

turning therefrom.

Materials for Roads and Bridges.

Implements of Husbandry, and Produce.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Toll shall be demanded or taken at any Toll Bar from any Person for any Horse or other Beast of Draught, or for any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, employed in carrying or conveying, or going empty to fetch, carry or convey, or returning empty from carrying or conveying, having been employed only in carrying or conveying and Materials for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road or Highway, or for building, rebuilding or repairing any Bridge or foll House on any Turnpike Road or Highway; or for any Horse of other Beast of Draught, or Carriage employed in carrying of conveying, having been employed only in carrying or conveying on the same Day, on the Turnpike Road on which such Gate is placed, any Ploughs, Harrows or other Implements of Husbandry (unless laden also with some other Thing not hereby exempted from Toll), or any Hay, Straw or Dung, Fodder for Cattle, Corn in the Straw, or other Produce of such Farm, from one Part of any Farm to another; or for any Horses or other Beasts of Husbandry

(Exception.)

Husbandry going to or returning from Plough or Harrow, or to Horses going to or from Pasture or Watering Place, or going to be or returning from being shoed or farried at their usual Smithy; or from any Person going to or returning from his, her or their usual Place of Religious Worship tolerated by Law, on Sundays, or on any Day on which Divine Service is by Authority ordered to be celebrated; nor from any Clergyman going to or returning from visiting any Clergymen. sick Parishioner, or on other his parochial Duty within his Parish; nor shall any Toll be exacted within the Parish from any Person attending or returning from having attended the Funeral of any Funerals. Person who shall die and be buried within the Parish; or for any Conveying Horse or other Beast of Draught, Waggon, Cart or other Car- Vagrants, &c. riage, employed only in carrying or conveying Criminals or Vagrants sent by Warrants or legal Passes, or returning empty after having been so employed; or for any Horse or other Beast of Letters and Draught or Burden, or Carriage of whatever Description, employed or to be employed in conveying the Mails of Letters and Expresses, under the Authority of His Majesty's Postmaster General, either when employed in conveying, fetching or guarding such Mails or Expresses, or in returning back from conveying the same, except in so far as such Horse or other Beast of Draught or Carriage are specially made liable to the Payment of Tolls and Duties by virtue of an Act made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled 53 G.3. c.68. An Act to repeal the Exemption from Toll granted for or in respect of Carriages with more than Two Wheels carrying the Mail in Scotland; and for granting a Rate for Postage as an Indemnity for the
Loss which may arise to the Revenue of the Post Office from the
Payment of such Tolls; nor shall any Toll be demanded or taken
litary Duty, for the Horse of any Officers or Soldiers on their March or on &c. Duty, or for any Horse or other Beast, or any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, employed in carrying or conveying, or returning empty from carrying or conveying, having been employed only in carrying or conveying the Arms or Baggage of any such Officers or Soldiers, or employed in carrying or conveying, or returning empty from carrying or conveying, having been employed only in carrying or conveying any sick, wounded or disabled Officers or Soldiers; or for any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage whatso-ever, nor for any Horse or other Beast of Draught drawing the nance, &c. same, employed in conveying any Ordnance, or Barrack, or Commissariat, or other Public Stores of or belonging to His Majesty, or for the Use of His Majesty's Forces, or returning empty from having been so employed; or for any Carriage conveying Yeomany, Volunteers, &c. Person belonging to any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry or Infantry, and rode by him in going to or returning from any Place appointed for and on the Days of Exercise, Inspection or Review, or on other Public Duty, provided that such Person shall be dressed in the Uniform of his Corps, and shall have his Arms, Furniture and Accoutrements according to the Regulations of such Corps at the Time of claiming the Exemption; or Horses crossing tions of such Corps at the Time of claiming the Exemption; or not travel-for any Horses or Carriages which shall only cross any Turnpike ling above 100 Road, or shall not pass above One hundred Yards thereon: Pro- Yards on Road. vided always, that if any Person shall, by any fraudulent or col-

Going, &c. to

A.D. 1823.

C. 49.

Penalty.

Proviso for existing L of Tolls.

Carriages conveying King's Stores, &c. exempt from Pe-, nalties for Overweight.

Post Horses having passed through any Gate, may return Toll free before Nine in the Morning of the following Day.

Horses having passed through a Gate and returning drawing a Čarriage, the Toll paid on the Horses to be deducted.

lusive Means whatsoever, claim or take the Benefit of any of the Exemptions aforesaid, not being entitled to the same, every such Person shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, which shall be applied to the Use of such Road; and in all Cases the Proof of Exemption shall be upon the Person claiming the same: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall affect the Exemptions in any Lease of Tolls executed under any Local Act, prior to the passing of this Act, in such Cases where Tolls have been let, subject to fewer or less Exemptions than the

Exemptions hereby granted. XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person owning or driving, or causing to be driven, any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage provided for the Service of His Majesty's Forces, or conveying any Ordnance, or Barrack, or Commissariat, or other public Stores of or belonging to His Majesty, or for the Use of His Majesty's Forces, shall be subject to any additional Toll, Penalty or Forfeiture for Overweight; nor shall any such Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, or the Horse or Horses drawing the same, while so employed, be stopped or detained by reason of any Weight in any such Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, or of being drawn by any Number of Horses or other Beasts of Draught; but it shall be lawful for the Owner or Driver of any such Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, to put any Number of Horses or other Beasts of Draught to such Waggon, Cart or other Carriage; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Turnpike Roads to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Horses travelling for Hire under the Post Horse Duties Acts, having passed through any Turnpike Gate erected or to be erected on any Turnpike Road drawing any Carriage in respect of which any Toll shall have been paid, on returning through the Turnpike Gate at which the Toll shall have been paid, and the other Gates (if any) cleared by such Payment, either without such Carriage, or drawing such Carriage, the same being empty, and without a Ticket denoting a fresh Hiring, shall be permitted to pass Toll free, although such Horses or Carriage shall not have passed through such Turnpike Road on the same Day; provided that such Horses so travelling shall return before Nine of the Clock of the Morning succeeding the Day on which they first passed the Turnpike Gate at which the Toll shall have been paid.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That where any Horse or Horses as last aforesaid shall pass through any Turnpike Gate on any Road not drawing any Carriage, and a Toll shall be paid on such Horse or Horses at such Turnpike Gate, and the same Horse or Horses shall return drawing any Carriage on the same Day, or before Nine of the Clock of the Morning succeeding the Day on which they first passed such Gate, the Toll paid on such Horse or Horses on their originally passing shall be deducted from the Toll payable on the same when drawing the Carriage to which they shall be attached on their Return, so that no higher Toll shall on the whole be taken than if such Horse or Horses had in the first place passed through such Turnpike Gate drawing the said Carriage.

XL. And

XL. And be it further enacted, That the Tolls made payable Stage Coaches, by any local Turnpike Act shall be paid for and in respect of all &c. to pay for Horses or Beasts of Draught drawing any Stage Coach, Diligence, every Time of Van, Caravan or Stage Waggon or other Stage Carriage conveying Passengers or Goods for Pay or Reward, every Time of passing

or repassing along the said Roads, or any of them.

XLI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Tolls Horses hired made payable by any local Turnpike Act shall be paid for and in drawing Post respect of all Horses or Beasts of Draught let out to Hire, and Chaises, &c. drawing any Post Chaise or other Carriage, every Time of passing subject to Toll along the said Roads, or any of them, whenever any new Hiring thereof shall take place, and a Ticket denoting such Hiring shall be reduced.

be produced.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of every Trustees to put Tumpike Road shall put up and continue at every Toll Bar a up a Table of printed Schedule or Table, containing the Name of the Toll Bar the Tolls at where the same shall be affixed, with a List of the Tolls payable or no Toll Ber; at every such Bar, and also the Name of any other Bar which shall be cleared by the Payment of Toll at the Tolls payable of the Tolls pay shall be cleared by the Payment of Toll at the Bar where such Table of Tolls shall be affixed; and shall provide Tickets denoting the Payment of Toll, and mentioning the Bar so cleared, one of which Tickets shall be delivered to the Person paying the Toll, and which shall also have printed or written thereon the Day of the Month on which the same is delivered; and on the Production of such Ticket at any Bar cleared by the Payment of the Toll at the Bar where such Ticket was delivered, the Person producing the same shall pass through such Bar without paying any additional Toll: Provided always, that if no such Schedule or Table as aforesaid shall be put up and continued at any Toll Bar, it shall not be lawful to collect any Toll at such Toll Bar.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person subject For Recovery to the Payment of any Toll under and by virtue of any Act of of Tolls. Parliament for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, shall, after Demand thereof made, wilfully neglect or refuse to pay the same, it shall be lawful for the Person authorized to collect such Tolls, taking such Assistance as shall be necessary, to seize and Seizure of poind any Horse, Beast, Cattle, Carriage or other Thing, upon Horses, Carriage or in respect of which any such Toll is imposed, or any Carriage in respect of the Horses or other Beasts of Draught drawing the Carriage on which such Toll is imposed, or any of the Goods or Effects of the Person so neglecting or refusing to pay (except the Bridle or Reins of any Horse or other Beast separate from the Horse or Beast); and if the Toll, or any Part thereof so neglected or refused to be paid, and the reasonable Charges of such Seizure and Poinding, shall not be paid within the Space of Four Days next after such Seizure and Poinding, the Person so seizing and poinding may, with the Authority of the Sheriff, Stewart or any Justice of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry, who are hereby empowered to grant such Authority, sell by Sale by public Public Roup any Horse, Beast, Cattle, Carriage or Thing so seized Roup. and poinded, or a sufficient Part thereof, returning the Surplus of the Money (if any) arising from such Sale, and what shall remain unsold, to the Owner thereof, after such Tolls, and the reasonable

reasonable Charges occasioned by such Seizure, Poinding and Sale, shall be deducted.

For settling Disputes concerning Tolls. XLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Dispute shall arise about the Amount of the Tolls due, or the Expences of keeping or selling any Articles poinded for Nonpayment of any Tolls, it shall be lawful for the Toll Gatherer, or the Person poinding, to retain such Articles, or the Money arising from the Sale thereof (as the Case may be), until the Amount of the Tolls due, and the Expences of keeping and selling the Articles as aforesaid, be ascertained by the Sheriff or Stewart, or any Justice of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry wherein the Toll Bar at which the Toll in dispute shall be payable shall be situate, who, upon Complaint made for that Purpose, shall in a summary Manner determine the Amount of the Tolls due, and shall adjudge such Expences to either Party as to the said Sheriff, Stewart or Justices shall appear right and proper.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall, with

Evading Tolls.

any Horse, Cattle, Beast or Carriage, pass from any Turnpike Road over any Land near or adjoining thereto, (not being a public Highway), and such Person not being the Proprietor or Occupier, or Servant or One of the Family of the Proprietor or Occupier of such Land, with Intent to evade the Payment of the Tolls granted by any Act of Parliament; or if any Proprietor or Occupier of any such Land shall knowingly or willingly permit any Person (except as aforesaid) so to pass over such Land with such Intent; or if any Person other than the Toll Gatherers shall give, or if any Person shall receive from any Person other than the Toll Gatherers, or forge, counterfeit or alter any Note or Ticket directed to be given, with Intent to evade the Payment of the Tolls; or if any Person shall fraudulently or forcibly pass through any Toll Bar as aforesaid, or shall leave, before coming to any Toll Bar, any Horse, Cattle, Beast or Carriage whatsoever, by reason whereof the Payment of any Tolls or Duties shall be avoided or lessened; or if any Person shall do any other Act whatever, in order to evade the Payment of any of the Tolls, and whereby the same shall be evaded, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for

Unduly giving or receiving or counterfeiting Tickets, &c.

Penalty.
Trustees may
compound for
Tolls.

Tacksmen or Toll Gatherers compounding for Tolls. XLVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Trustees of every Turnpike Road, previous to letting the Tolls, to compound and agree, for any Term not exceeding One Year at any one Time, with any Person using such Road, for the passing of their Horses, Cattle or Carriages through any of the Toll Bars to be erected on such Road, or on the Sides thereof; which Composition shall be paid in advance; and in default thereof, the Composition or Agreement with the Person making such default shall thenceforth be void; and all such Composition Money shall be paid and applied in such Manner as the Tolls are directed to be paid and applied: Provided nevertheless, that it shall not be lawful for the Tacksman or Toll Gatherer to compound with any Person for the Payment of any Tolls, or to accept any lower Tolls than those settled by the Trustees of any Turnpike Road to be taken, or pay back or return any Sum of Money to Persons frequenting any Turnpike Road and paying the Tolls thereon, with the Intent of avoiding the Provisions of this Act or

any Turnpike Act, under a Penalty for each such Offence of

Twenty Pounds.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Trustees may the Trustees of every Turnpike Road, at a Meeting to be held for reduce Tolls, that Purpose, (of which One Calendar Month's Notice shall be and may regiven in Writing, to be affixed on all the Toll Bars upon such Bars; Roads, or by Advertisement in some public Newspaper generally circulated in that Part of the Country,) from time to time to lessen and reduce the Tolls granted by any Turnpike Act, or to take down and remove any Toll Bar erected across or at the Side of any Turnpike Road, or to grant Exemption at the same, for and during such Time as a Majority of the said Trustees, being a Quorum, shall think proper; and in like manner to advance any of the Tolls so reduced, so that the several and respective Tolls do not exceed the Tolls allowed to be demanded and taken by such Turnpike Act, and again to erect the Toll Bar. that may have been so taken down, and again to collect Tolls thereat; provided nevertheless, that where the whole Money borrowed on the sole Credit of the Tolls granted by any such Act shall not have been discharged, no such Tolls shall be reduced, nor such Toll Bar removed, nor such Exemption from Tolls be granted, without the Consent in Writing of the Persons entitled to Three Fourths of the Money remaining due upon such respective Tolls.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Toll Bar shall Restriction on hereafter be erected across or on the Side of any Turnpike setting up Toll Road, unless the same be ordered by the Trustees at a Meeting, of Bars. which Fourteen Days' public Notice shall have been given in some Newspaper usually circulated in the Shire or Stewartry in which such Road is situated, or by affixing the same upon all the Toll Bars erected on such Road, which shall not be farther distant than Six Miles from the Place where such Toll Bar is proposed to be erected, and also on the Church Doors of the Parish within which such Toll Bar is proposed to be erected, and unless a Majority of the Trustees present shall sign the said Order at such Meeting.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if the Trustees of any Gates erected Turnpike Road shall erect any Toll Bar where they have not any contrary to Power by virtue of any Act of Parliament so to do, it shall be removed. lawful for the Sheriff or Stewart, or the Justices of the Peace in Quarter Sessions assembled, for the Shire or Stewartry where any such Bar is erected, upon Complaint in a summary Way to hear and determine therein, and to order such Bar to be removed.

L. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any On Death of Two Trustees of any Turnpike Road, upon the Death of any Collector, Person appointed to collect the Tolls upon such Turnpike Road Trustees may Person appointed to collect the Tolls upon such Turnpike Road for the Trustees of such Road, to appoint some other fit Person nominate another till next in his Place until the next Meeting of the Trustees of such Road; Meeting. and that if any Person who shall be discharged from his Office by Collector, &c. the Trustees shall refuse to deliver up the Possession of the House, refusing to de-Gardens and Pertinents which he enjoyed in right of his Ap- liver Posses pointment to that Office, within Three Days after Notice of his sion, Sherisi or Discharge shall be given to him or left at his House, or if the give Possession. Wife or Family of any such Person who shall die as aforesaid shall refuse

Penalty 201.

A. D. 1823.

refuse to deliver up the Possession of such House, Garden and Pertinents within Three Days after such new Appointment shall be made as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Sheriff, Stewart or any Justice of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry where such Toll House shall be, by Warrant under his Hand, to order a Constable or other Peace Officer, with such Assistance as shall be necessary, to enter such House and Premises in the Day Time, and to remove the Persons who shall be found therein, together with their Goods, out of such House, and to put the Person appointed to collect the Tolls at such Place into the Possession thereof.

Carta, &c. without Owner's Name to pay Double Toll.

224

LI. And be it further enacted, That where any Owner of any Coach, Chaise or such other Carriage, and of any Waggon, Cart or such other Carriage, as is hereinafter directed to have the Owner's Name painted upon it, shall fail to have his Name and Place of Abode painted in legible Characters upon some conspicuous Part of such Carriages respectively, in manner hereinafter directed, the Tacksman of the Tolls or the Toll Gatherer shall, under a Penalty of not exceeding Forty Shillings for each Omission, demand and take, at any Bar on any Turnpike Road, before any such Carriage respectively shall pass through such Bar, Double the Tolls otherwise leviable for such Carriages as aforesaid.

Toll Gatherers to put up their Names, and Table of Tolls on the Front of the Toll Houses.

LII. And be it further enacted, That every Toll Gatherer appointed by the Trustees or Tacksman on every Turnpike Road shall place on some conspicuous Part of the Fronts of their several Toll Houses his or her Christian and Surname, painted in Black on a Board with a White Ground, each of the Letters of such Name to be at least Two Inches in Length, and of a Breadth in Proportion; and that such Board shall remain at such Toll

Neglecting and otherwise offending as herein mentioned.

House during the whole of the Time that the Person whose Name shall be expressed thereon shall be on Duty thereat; and every Tacksman or Toll Gatherer shall place on the Front of the Toll House the printed Schedule or Table hereinbefore directed to be provided by the Trustees; and if any Tacksman or Gatherer shall not place such Board or Schedule or Table respectively, and keep the same there during the Time such Person shall be such Tacksman or Gatherer, or shall demand or take a greater or less Toll than such Tacksman or Gatherer shall be authorized to do, or shall demand or take a Toll from any Person who shall be exempt from the Payment thereof, and who shall claim such Exemption, or shall refuse to permit any Person to read such Board, Schedule or Table, or shall refuse to tell his or her Christian and Surname to any Person who shall demand the same, on being paid the said Tolls, or shall give a false Name, or shall refuse of neglect to give a Ticket denoting the Payment of the Tolls, and naming and specifying the several Toll Bars freed by such Payment, or upon the legal Toll being paid or tendered, shall unnecessarily detain or wilfully obstruct any Passenger from passing through any Toll Bar, or shall make use of any scurrilous or abusive Language to any Trustee, Surveyor, Traveller or Passenger, or offend against the Provisions of any Turnpike Act or of this Act, such Person shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Offence.

Penalty.

LIII. Pro-

LIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any If Toll Gather-Toll Gatherer, or Person acting as such, shall offend against any ers offending of the Provisions of any Turnpike Act or of this Act, whereby any Penalty shall be incurred, and shall abscond or absent himself levied on Tacksor herself so as not to be found, then it shall be lawful for the man of Tolls. Sheriff or Stewart, or any Justices of the Peace before whom any such Toll Gatherer or Person shall be convicted of any such Offence, to order and adjudge that the Penalty incurred as aforesaid shall be paid by the Tacksman of the Tolls under whom such Gatherer or other Person shall act; all which Penalties shall be levied, recovered and applied in manner hereinafter directed.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Powers for Trustees of every Turnpike Road, at a Meeting appointed for the Purpose, to let by public Roup the Tolls of the several Bars by public Roup the Tolls. Provided always the Tolls. erected upon their respective Turnpike Roads: Provided always, in case no Bidder shall offer, or in case the said Tolls shall not be let by public Roup, it shall then be lawful for the said Trustees to let the same by private Tender; provided also, that no Tolls Not for more apon any Turnpike Road shall be let for a longer Time than Three than Three Years, and that at all such Lettings the Trustees shall be entitled Years. to bid for the Tolls so to be let, either by themselves or their Clerk or Treasurer, or any other Person by them respectively authorized.

LV. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for the said Trus- Trustees may tees to enter into any Agreement with His Majesty's Postmaster agree with General, as to the Amount of Tolls that shall be paid for any Mail Coach travelling along any such Turnpike Road, without any Limitation as to the Amount of the Tolls to be payable, or the Number of Years for which such Agreement shall subsist.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of all Turn- Power to widen pike Roads shall have Power and they are hereby authorized to Roads to 20 widen and extend all Turnpike Roads now existing, and all Feet without Highways now existing and which shall hereafter be made Turnpike, so that the same shall be in all Places Twenty Feet in Width of clear passable Road, Twenty Feet being hereby declared to be the least legal Breadth of a Turnpike Road; and no such Trustees shall pay any thing for any Ground necessary to make any such Turnpike Road of such legal Breadth; reserving his Proviso. Claim of Damages to the Proprietor, for any Fences which may be altered or removed by widening such Road as afcresaid.

LVII. And be it enacted, That the Trustees of all Turnpike And to widen Roads shall have Power and they are hereby authorized, if they to 40 Feet shall see fit, to widen any Turnpike Road to the Width of Forty

Reet of clear passable Road, exclusive of the Bank or Ditch on

pensation; either Side thereof, on making full Satisfaction to the Proprietors and Occupiers of any Land, Ground or other Premises taken for the Purpose of such widening, for the Land or Ground so to be taken over and above the Width of Twenty Feet as aforesaid, in manner hereinafter directed.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Lands may be the Trustees of any Turnpike Road to treat, contract and agree purchased for for, and they are hereby empowered to take and acquire, and it improving the shall be lawful for all Bodies Politic or Corporate, Heirs of Entail or Trustees, as also Guardians, Tutors and Curators of every 4 GEO. IV.

Right

Person whatsoever, under any legal Disability or Incapacity, to sell, feu, let and convey all such Lands or Buildings as shall by such Trustees of Turnpike Roads be deemed necessary to be purchased or acquired by them for the Purpose of widening, diverting, altering or improving such Roads, or for Toll Houses and Gardens, or for making convenient Places for turning Carriages at Weighing Engines, or for storing Materials or otherwise; or to treat, contract and agree for the Compensation for any Loss or Damage any Proprietor or Occupier, or any other Person, may sustain by any Operation of such Trustees of Turnpike Roads; such Trustees making such Satisfaction to the Proprietor and Occupier of such Lands or Buildings so to be taken or acquired, as shall be agreed upon between the Trustees of the Turnpike Roads and such Proprietor or Occupier, or as shall be awarded in manner hereinafter mentioned.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That in case the Proprietor

of any Lands or Buildings as aforesaid shall refuse to treat, or

shall not be satisfied with the Price offered him by the Trustees

of any Turnpike Road, it shall be lawful for such Trustees to

Satisfaction by Trustees to Occupiers, &c.

When Persons interested neglect or refuse to treat, Value ascertained by Jury.

Sheriff to summon a Jury to fix Value of Lands and Houses,

make Application to the Sheriff or Stewart of the Shire or Stewartry where such Lands or Buildings lie, to summon a Jury of Nine indifferent Persons (a Majority of whom shall determine), in order to value the Lands or Buildings necessary to be taken and used as aforesaid, and the Loss or Damage ensuing from the altering or removing of Fences; and the said Sheriff or Stewart is hereby empowered and required, upon such Application, to give Fifteen Days Notice thereof to the Proprietor and Occupier of such Lands or Buildings, and afterwards to issue his Precept in the usual Manner for calling together a Jury, who being duly sworn, the said Sheriff or Stewart shall proceed to examine upon Oath in his Presence, and the Presence of the Jury, such Witnesses as shall be summoned by either Party, and upon their Depositions, or other competent Evidence, such Jury shall determine the Price or Damages to be paid by such Trustees; and in estimating the Sums to be paid to the Proprietors and Occupiers of Lands and Buildings as aforesaid, and in making up their Verdict, the said Jury shall have right and they are hereby empowered to take under their Consideration all Circumstances, particularly the Advantages arising to the Proprietors and Occupiers by new or altered Roads; and in ascertaining the Value of the Fences which it may be necessary to pull down, the Jury shall have power to direct such Fences as may thereby become useless to be taken down and removed by the said Trustees, upon Payment of such Allowance for the same as the said Jury may determine; and it shall be optional to the Proprietors and Occupiers, either to ac cept of the Allowance so awarded, or to retain the Materials of the said Fences to their own private Use; and after a Verdict is pronounced as aforesaid, the said Sheriff or Stewart is hereby required to adjudge Payment of the Value and Amount of the Loss or Damage awarded to the Persons having a Right thereto, and upon Payment being made by the said Trustees of the same, or Consignation of such Sum in the Bank of Scotland, or Royal Bank of Scotland, or Bank of the British Linen Company of Scotland, in manner by this Act directed, such Trustees shall have 8

Sheriff or Stewart to adjuge Payment of Sum adjudged by Jury.

Right to take the said Lands and Buildings; and the said Pro- Proceedings ceedings and Orders of the said Sheriff or Stewart shall be final, final, and not be subject to Review by Advocation or Suspension, or by Reduction to or by any Court whatever, any Law or Usage

to the contrary notwithstanding.

LX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in the Event that Expenses of such Jury shall award a greater Compensation than the Trustees Proceedings shall have offered, but less than the Proprietor or Occupier shall how paid. have required, the Expence of the Proceedings shall be borne by such Trustees and the said Proprietor or Occupier equally: but in case the said Jury shall award to such Proprietor or Occupier the Sum so required, or any greater Sum, the whole of the said Expence shall be paid by such Trustees; and on the other Hand, if the said Jury shall award the Sum offered by such Trustees, or a less Sum, the whole of the said Expence shall be paid by the said Proprietor or Occupier: Provided always, that in all Cases where any Person shall, by reason of Absence, be prevented from treating with such Trustees, such Expence as aforesaid shall be paid by such Trustees.

LXI. And be it enacted, That if any Person summoned as a Jurymen re-Juryman under the Authority of any Sheriff or Stewart, in any fusing to act. Matter arising out of this Act or any Turnpike Act, shall neglect or fail to appear, and shall without lawful Excuse refuse to act as a Juryman, such Sheriff or Stewart may fine every such Person for every such Offence in any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Penalty.

Sterling.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That all Lands and Buildings, How Trustees which may be required by the Trustees of any Turnpike Act to acquire Prounder the Authority of the same, shall become the Property of perty in Lands the said Trustees by the simple Discharge of the agreed Price or required by appraised Value thereof, or by Consignation of the said Price or them. Value in the Bank of Scotland, the Royal Bank of Scotland, or the British Linen Company, and it shall be sufficient to record the Discharge or the Voucher of Consignation in the Sheriff's Court Books of the Shire or Stewartry in which such Lands are situated; whereupon such Trustees may take and use the said Lands and Buildings, and hold the same as validly as if the respective Proprietors thereof had executed in their Favour regular Dispositions of the same, and Infeoftments had followed thereon.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That when any new Turn- In what Cases pike Road shall be made and completed in lieu of the old Road, where old and such old Road shall have thereby become useless, it shall be lawful for such Trustees to make Application to the Justices of Road is to be the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry in which such old Road lies, sold. to have the same shut up; of which Application Fifteen Days' Notice shall be given by Advertisement in some one Newspaper generally circulated in the Shire or Stewartry, or upon each of the Toll Bars on the said Road; and such Justices shall make such Order therein as to them shall seem just; and all such Parts of such Roads as are by such Justices authorized to be shut up (except where the same may be given in Exchange by such Trustees to the Proprietors of Lands or Buildings taken for the Purposes of the new Road, by way of simple Exchange, without further Conveyance,) shall be vested in and shall be sold by such Trustees Vested in Trus-

in tees for Sale.

i

Proviso for Mines, &c.

Toll Houses become useless may be sold.

When any Road are to be sold, the first Offer to be made to the original and then to adjoining Owners.

Purchaser not answerable for Misapplication of Money.

Application of Compensation where amounting to or exceeding 2001.

in manner hereinafter mentioned, for the best Price that can be gotten for the same; but if such old Road shall lead to any Place which cannot, in the Opinion of the said Justices, be conveniently accommodated with a Passage from such new Road, then the old Road shall be sold, subject to the Right of Way to such Place; but all Mines, Minerals and Fossils lying under the same shall continue the Property of the Person who would from time to time have been entitled to the same if such old Road had continued.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall in like manner be lawful for the said Trustees of any Turnpike Road to dispose of and convey to the Purchaser of the same any Toll House or other Building belonging to the said Trustees as shall by them be adjudged to have become useless.

LXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Parts of the old said Trustees, before they shall sell and dispose of any Piece of Ground, or any Toll House not wanted for the Purposes of any Turnpike Road, to any Person, shall first offer the same to the Person of whom the same shall have been purchased, his Heirs or Successors, of that Land, and then to the Person whose Lands shall adjoin thereto, and if such Person shall refuse (except on account of the Price thereof) to purchase the same, on Oath being made before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry where such Ground is situate, by some Person in no way interested in such Ground, stating that such Offer was made by such Trustees, and was refused, such Oath shall be sufficient Proof that such Offer was made and refused; but in case such Person shall agree to purchase such Ground, but shall not agree with respect to the Price, it shall be determined by a Jury in manner hereinbefore directed, and the Money to arise from such Sale shall be applied to the Purposes of the Act for repairing and maintaining such Turnpike Road; but the Purchaser shall not be answerable or accountable for any Missp-

plication of such Money. LXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Heritages, purchased, taken or used by virtue of the Powers of this Act, or any Turnpike Act, for the Purposes of any Turnpike Road, or for the Purpose of being added to any Minister's Glebe as hereinafter directed, which are held under Entail, or are subject to Liferents, Annuities or other Incumbrances, or shall belong to any Incorporation, married Woman, Infant, Lunatic or Person or Persons under any legal Disability or Incapacity, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds Sterling, under the Direction and by the Authority of the Court of Session, be with all convenient Speed paid into the Bank of Scotland, or Royal Bank of Scotland, or Bank of the British Linen Company, to the Intent that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or Heritages, in the Redemption or Purchase of the Land Tax, or discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Incumbrance or Part thereof as the said Court shall authorize to

be paid, affecting the same Lands, Tenements or Heritages, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Heritages standing settled therewith, to the same or the like Uses, Intents or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Heritages, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intents and Purposes, in the same Manner as the Lands, Tenements or Heritages which shall be so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, stood settled or limited, or such of them as at the Time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing undetermined and capable of taking effect; and in the meantime and until such Purchase shall be made, the Interest or annual Produce of such Money shall from Time to Time be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the Time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements and Heritages so hereby directed to be purchased, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

LXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if Application of any Money so agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Heritages so purchased, taken or used for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Incorporation, or to any less than 201. Person or Persons under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds Sterling, and not less than the Sum of Twenty Pounds Sterling, then and in all such Cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the Time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Heritages so purchased, taken or used, or of his, her or their Tutors or Cu rators, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing umder their respective Hands, under the like Direction and Authority, be paid into either of the said Banks, and be placed to his or their Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner hereinbefore directed; or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by Three or more of the Trustees of the Turnpike Road or Roads on account of which such Money shall have been agreed or awarded to be paid, (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating or approving Parties,) in order that such principal Money, and the interest arising therefrom, may be applied in any Manner hereinbefore directed, so far as the Case be applicable.

LXVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where Application such Money so agreed or awarded to be paid as last before men- where the tioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds Sterling, then and in all Money is less such Cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person than 201. or Persons who would for the Time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Heritages so purchased, taken or used for the Purposes of this Act, in such Manner as such Trustees of any Turnpike Road as aforesaid, or any Two or more of them, shall think fit; or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Tutors and Curators, to and for the Use and Benefit

of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

LXIX. And

Compensation where less than

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or

Persons to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded

for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Heritages to be purchased by virtue of this Act, shall refuse to accept the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises to the Satisfaction of the said Trustees, or in case such Person or Persons to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so awarded as aforesaid cannot be found, or if the Person or Persons entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Heritages be not known or discovered, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful

In case of not making out Titles, &c.

Purchase Money to be paid into the Bank, subject to the Order of the Court of Session.

Cashiers of Banks to give Receipts for the same.

Where Question touching Right to such Money, the Persons who shall have been in Possession of Premises deemed entitled.

to and for such Trustees of any Turnpike Road or Roads as aforesaid, or any Two or more of them, to order the said Sum or Sums of Money so awarded as aforesaid, to be paid into the Bank of Scotland, or Royal Bank of Scotland, or Bank of the British Linen Company, to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Lands, Tenements or Heritages (describing them), subject to the Order, Controul and Disposition of the Court of Session; which said Court, on the Application of any Person or Persons making claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered, in a summary way of Proceeding or otherwise, as to the same Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, and to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of Scotland, or Royal Bank of Scotland, or Bank of the British Linen Company, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, is and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid. LXX. And be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the said Banks in pursuance of this Act, for the Pur-

chase of any Lands, Tenements or Heritages, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Lands, Tenements or Heritages, to be purchased in pursuance thereof, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Lands, Tenements or Heritages, at the Time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Heritages, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Session; and such Money, and the Interest thereof, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Heritages, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

The Court may erder reason-

LXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Corporation

vasious estitled to any Lands or Heritages to be purchased under able Expences the Authority of any Turnpike Act or of this Act, the Purchase of Purchases to Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the said be paid by the Banks, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands or Trustees. Heritages to be settled to the like Uses in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Court to order the Expences of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expences as the said Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Expences of obtaining such Order, to be paid by the said Trustees out of the Purchase Money of the Lands or Heritages acquired by them, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That in altering the Course Power on of any Turnpike Road, or widening the same, it shall be in the Notice to carry Power of the Trustees of such Road to cause the same to be Ministers' Clobe Edward through Ministers' carried through any Minister's Glebe, Fifteen Days' previous No-Glebes, making tice of their Intention so to do being given to the Minister of Addition to the Parish, and the Clerk of the Presbytery of the Bounds: Pro- Glebe in Provided always, that such Quantity of Ground shall be laid to the portion to Glebe lying most contiguous and convenient thereto, as shall be off. a sufficient Compensation for that taken for the said Road; which Grounds such Trustees shall have Power to purchase from the contiguous Proprietor or Occupier, who shall in like Manner be empowered and bound to sell such Land, whether the same be under Entail or otherwise; and in case of any Difference with In case of Disregard to the Amount of such Compensation, or the Price to be pute as to Price, paid to such Proprietor or Occupier, Application shall be made to the Sheriff or Stewart of the Shire or Stewartry, who shall sum- Jury to be mon a Jury, and determine the same, in like Manner as is herein-summoned. before directed in regard to Lands to be taken for the Purposes of altering or widening Turnpike Roads; and upon such Determination, and upon Payment being made by such Trustees of such Price to the Proprietor or Occupier of the Ground, or Consignation thereof in any of the said Banks, such Trustees shall from thenceforth have a Right to cause the Addition to be made to the Glebe, and to take and use the Part of the Glebe necessary for the Purpose of altering or widening such Roads; and the Proceedings of Proceedings and Order of the said Sheriff or Stewart shall be Sheriff, &c. final and conclusive, and shall not be removable to any other final. Court by Advocation, Suspension or Reduction, or otherwise.

LXXIII. Provided always, and be it declared and enacted, That Valued Rent in every Case where it may be necessary to exchange or take not altered Ground as hereinbefore allowed for the Purposes of Turnpike in respect of Ground take Roads, or for making a Compensation for Glebes, the same shall not affect, alter or diminish the valued Rent of the Lands from which such Ground shall be so taken.

LYXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful Trustees not to for the Trustees of any Turnpike Road, in altering or diverting the deviate more Course of any Part of the Turnpike Road under their Care and than One hun-Management, to deviate over any inclosed Lands or Grounds from present more than One hundred Yards from the Line or Course of such Line of Road, Turnpike Road, or to take down or remove any Dwelling House nor make use " other Building, the Side Walls of which exceed Twenty Feet of Garden,

Ground taken

&c. without Consent of Owner.

C.49.

Proviso for former Acts. in Height, or to take in or make use of any Policy, Orchark : Garden, the Contents of which exceed Half an Acre, Lava planted Walk or Avenue to a House, or any inclosed Groun planted as an Ornament or Shelter to a House, without the Ca sent in Writing of the Owner thereof, or of his Agent or Factor Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend be deemed, taken or construed to extend to revoke, limit, abrid alter or vary any Powers or Authorities contained in any Act Acts of Parliament existing and in force at the passing of this A for making, altering or diverting any Turnpike Road or the Com thereof, to be made or diverted and maintained under the A thority of such Acts, but the same Powers and Authorities s and may be used, exercised and carried into Effect by the Tri tees appointed by such Acts, fully and effectually, any thi herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. LXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful

the Trustees of every Turnpike Road, or any Person authors

by them, to search for, dig and carry away Materials for main

Power to Trustees to get Materials.

Trustees to done.

Exception of certain Lands, &c.

Trustees to make or tender Satisfaction to Owner.

or repairing such Turnpike Road, and the Footpaths therest building or repairing any Toll House, Bridge or any other wa connected with such Road, from any Common Land or W without paying any thing for such Materials, and to carry the same through the Ground of any Person, without be deemed a Trespasser, such Trustees and other Persons filling tender Damage the Pits or Quarries, levelling the Grounds wherefrom such M terials shall be taken, or fencing off such Pits or Quarries, so the the same shall not be dangerous to any Person or Cattle, and page ing for or tendering the Damage done by going through me of any inclosed or Arable Lands for or with such Materials, such Damages to be ascertained as hereinafter mentioned; and a that it shall be lawful for such Trustees and other Persons search for, dig and carry away any such Materials, in or out the Land of any Person where the same may be found, within Parish in which any Part of the Turnpike Road is situate, or any adjoining Parish, (such Materials not having been dug or rais for the private Use of the Owner of such Land, and such Land being an Orchard, Garden, Lawn, Policy, Nursery for Tree planted Walk or Avenue to any House, nor any inclosed Grou planted as an Ornament or Shelter to a House, and unless who Materials have been taken by the said Trustees previous to passing of this Act,) making or tendering such Satisfaction Stones taken from Quarries let for Hire, and for the Surfied Damage done to the Owner or Occupier of the Lands from whence the same shall be dug and carried away, or over which the same shall be carried, as such Trustees shall judge reasonable; and also to land on and carry through or over any inclosed Lands, (not being a Garden, Lawn, planted Walk, Policy, Orchard, Avenue to a House or Nursery for Trees, nor any inclosed Ground planted as an Ornament or Shelter to a House,) or over any open uncultivated Land, or any Common, any Materials for making or repair ing any such Road, or for building or repairing any Toll House, Bridge or other Work connected with such Road, paying or tendering for the Damage done in landing on or going over inclosed Lands, for or with such Materials, such Sum of Money

as such Trustees shall judge reasonable; and in case such If Difference as Trustees, and the Proprietor and Occupier of such Lands, shall to Compensadiffer as to the Amount of such Payments and Damages as afore- tion, Proceedsaid, the Sheriff, Stewart or Two Justices of the Peace for the ings. Shire or Stewartry wherein the Place from whence such Materials shall have been taken, or on which the same shall have been landed or carried, shall be situate, on Three Days' Notice thereof being given in Writing, by either Party to the other, shall hear and determine the Amount of such Payments and Damages, and the Expences attending the same.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That when the Materials Notice to be for making or repairing any Turnpike Roads cannot elsewhere be given before got within a reasonable Distance from the same, it shall be lawful Materials taken for any Trustee or Person acting under the Authority of any Turnpike Act, or of this Act, to search for, dig and carry away any Materials for making or repairing any Turnpike Road, or Watercourse. for building or repairing any Toll House, Bridge or other Work connected with any Turnpike Road, out of any inclosed or Arable Land, or from the Sea Shore, or out of any River or Watercourse, Notice in Writing, signed by Two Trustees, having been given to the Proprietor or Occupier of the Land or of the Lands on each Side of any River or Watercourse from which it is intended to take such Materials, or his or her known Agent, or left at the usual Place of Abode of such Proprietor or Occupier, to appear before any Two Justices of the Peace acting for the Shire or Stewartry where the said Lands, River or Watercourse shall be situated, and if such River or Watercourse is the Boundary of Two Shires or Stewartries, then before Two Justices of either Shire or Stewartry, to show Cause why such Materials shall not be had therefrom; and in case such Proprietor, Agent Occupier, &c. or Occupier shall attend pursuant to such Notice, but shall not not showing show sufficient Cause to the contrary, such Justices may authorize Cause on such Trustees, or other Persons, to search for, dig and carry Notice. away such Materials, at such Time as to such Justices shall seem proper; and if such Proprietor, Agent or Occupier shall neglect or refuse to appear, such Justices may (upon Proof on Oath of the Service of such Notice) make such Order therein as they shall think fit, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if such Proprietor, Occupier or Agent had attended; and the Order Order final. of such Justices shall be final and conclusive.

LXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it Power to conshall be lawful for the Trustees of any Turnpike Road to purchase, tract for Lands feu or rent any Land for the Purpose of getting Materials for the to get Materials. Repair or Use of any Turnpike Road, and at any Time afterwards to sell the Land so purchased by Public Roup, provided that the said Trustees shall dispose of the same in manner hereinbefore directed in respect to Land not wanted for the Purposes of any Turnpike Road.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be Taking away lawful for any Person to take away any Materials which shall Materials prohave been procured or provided or used for the Repair or Use of the Repair or Use Roads.

of any Turnpike Road, or to take any Materials out of any Quarry which shall have been opened by any Turnpike Trustees for the Purpose of getting Materials for any Turnpike Road, so

**Penalties** 

as to interrupt or interfere with the Workings carried on by such Trustees, and every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the Owner of any Quarry to take and carry away Materials from the same for

Power to make Footpaths, and to use adjoining Ground as a temporary Road, on Recompence.

his own Use solely. LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Trustees of any Turnpike Road to make and keep in repair Footpaths on the Sides of the same, on making full Satisfaction to the Proprietors and Occupiers of Ground taken for the same, when the Road shall exceed Twenty Feet in Width; and also to make a Road through the Grounds adjoining to any ruinous or narrow Part of any Turnpike Road, (not being the Site or Ground whereon any House stands, nor being a Garden, Lawn, Policy,

If Difference as

as a Public Highway, whilst the old Road is repairing or widening, making Recompence to the Proprietor and Occupier of such to Recompence. Grounds, for the Damages they may thereby sustain; and in case such Trustees and such Proprietor or Occupier shall differ as to the Amount of such Damages, it shall be lawful for the Sheriff, Stewart or any Two Justices of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry, on Three Days' Notice in Writing being given by

either Party to the other, to determine the Damages to be paid to

planted Walk or Avenue to any House, or any inclosed Ground planted and set apart as a Nursery for Trees,) to be made use of

Sheriff, &c. to determine on Notice.

> such Proprietor or Occupier, in manner hereinbefore directed. LXXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Trustees of every Turnpike Road to make sufficient Side Drains on any such Road, with Power to conduct the Water therefrom into any adjoining Land, Ditch or Watercourse (such Land not being the Site of any House or Garden), in such Manner as shall be least injurious to the Proprietor or Occupier of such Land; the said Side Drains to be maintained at the Expence of the Trustees.

Trustees to make Side Drains.

Trustees to make Ditches;

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Trustees of every Turnpike Road to make sufficient Ditches along the Sides of any such Road, provided that if the Land is inclosed on the Side of such Turnpike Road, such Ditch shall be made on the Field Side of the Fence, and with Power to make proper Ditches and Outlets from the said Side Ditches through any Lands adjoining any such Turnpike Road (not being the Site of any House or Garden) in such Manner as shall be least injurious to the Proprietor or Occupier of such Land; and after such Side Ditches or other Ditches or Outlets are made, the Proprietor or Occupier of such Land (unless such Land be uninclosed and waste), shall be obliged in all Times thereafter to keep clear such Side Ditches, or other Ditches or Outlets, as well as all Ditches already made along the Sides of any Turnpike Road, when so required by the said Trustees or their Surveyor;

and in case the Proprietor or Occupier shall neglect or refuse to cleanse such Side Ditches or other Ditches or Outlets when duly required by such Trustees or Surveyors, such Trustees of Surveyors shall have Power to cleanse such Side Ditches or other Ditches or Outlets, and levy the Expence thereof on the Proprietor or Occupier of such Grounds in manner as other

and may keep the same clean, Penalties by this Act imposed: Provided always, that nothing Owners may herein contained shall prohibit any Proprietor or Occupier from substitute substituting, to the Satisfaction of the Trustees, any other equally Ditches. effectual Ditch or Outlet in place of that constructed by the Trustees.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That where any other Bridges to be Tumpike Road, Highway or private Road, or any Passage, shall made over Side be made from any Turnpike Road over or into the adjoining Ditches. Lands, or where any House shall be built along the Side of any Tumpike Road, the Trustees of such other Tumpike Road, Highway, and the Proprietor or Occupier of such private Road, Land or Houses, shall build sufficient Conduits or Bridges, to the Satisfaction of the said Turnpike Trustees, over the Side Drains and Ditches of any such Turnpike Road, opposite to any such other Turnpike Road, Highway, private Road, Passage or House, and thereafter maintain and uphold the same; and in case the Trustees of such other Turnpike Road, or of such Highway, or the Proprietor or Occupier of such private Road, Passage or House shall neglect or refuse to maintain the said Conduits or Bridges, it shall be lawful for such Turnpike Trustees to repair the same, and charge such Persons respectively with the Expence thereof, and levy the same as other Penalties by this Act imposed: Provided also, that where any other Turnpike Road, Proviso. Highway, private Road or Passage shall be so made from any Tumpike Road, or where any House shall be so built, the Trustees of such other Turnpike Road or Highway, Proprietor or Occupier, shall construct the said Road, Passage or House respectively, in such Manner that the Communication between the same respectively and any Turnpike Road shall be made on a Level with such last mentioned Turnpike Road; and the Trustees of such other Turnpike Road or Highway, Proprietor or Occupier, shall not construct any Mound, sloping Bank or make any Projection into or upon the Sides of any Turnpike Road; nor shall cut or slope away any Part of the Sides of any Turnpike Road; and if the Trustees of such other Turnpike Road or Highway, Trustees acting Proprietor or Occupier, shall act contrary hereto, it shall be unduly, Prolawful for the Trustees of any Turnpike Road to remove such ceedings. Obstruction, and repair such Defects, at the Expence of such Trustees, Proprietor or Occupier respectively, and recover such Expences in the same Manner as Penalties by this Act imposed are authorized to be levied.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be Turning lawful for any Person to turn any Water or conduct any Drain Water, &c. on across any Turnpike Road, except in the Manner prescribed by the Roads. the Trustees of such Turnpike Road; and every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not Penalty. exceeding Five Pounds, besides the Expences which such Trustees may be at in repairing the Injuries occasioned thereby.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be Persons laying lawful for any Person to lay any Timber or Stones, (excepting Timber, &c. on Timber, Stones and other Materials for building or repairing Roads.

any Houses or Walls immediately adjoining the Sides of any (Exception.) Turnpike Road, and which may occupy One Fourth Part of such Road only,) or any Dung, Ashes, Rubbish, Scourings of Ditches

Penalty.

Occupier of Lands not erecting Fence, &c. as herein mentioned.

Penalty.

Owners of adjoining Lands to cut Hedges and Branches of Trees obstructing Road.

If neglected for Ten Days, Surveyor may complain to a Justice, &c.

Order by Jus-

Neglect after Order.

Penalty.

or any other Matter or Thing upon any such Turnpike Road, or upon any Street of any Town or Village which forms a Part of such Road, or upon the Side Drains or Ditches thereof, and every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and it shall moreover be lawful for the said Trustees or their Surveyor, or other Person appointed by them, brevi manu, to seize and carry off any such Matter as aforesaid, and dispose of the same in such Manner as the Trustees shall direct: Provided always, that when the Proprietor or Occupier of any Lands or Houses immediately adjoining any Turnpike Road shall lay down any Materials for building or repairing any House or Wall as aforesaid, such Proprietor or Occupier shall erect such Fence round such Materials, and shall fix and light Lamps thereon in such Manner as the Trustees of such Road may require; and such Proprietor or Occupier, on failing to comply with such Requisition as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every Day he

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Owners or Occupiers of the Lands next adjoining to every Turnpike Road

shall cut, prune and trim their Hedges to the Height of Six

Feet from the Surface of the Ground, and also cut down, prune

or lop the Branches of Trees, Bushes and Shrubs growing in or

shall continue to so offend.

near such Hedges or other Fences adjacent thereto, (such Fences, Trees, Bushes or Shrubs not being in any Garden, Orchard, Plantation, Walk or Avenue to a House, nor any Tree, Bush or Shrub, being an Ornament or Shelter to a House, unless the same shall hang over the Road or any Part thereof in such a Manner as to impede or annoy any Carriage or Person travelling thereon,) in such Manner that the Turnpike Road shall not be prejudiced by the Shade thereof, and that the Sun and Wind may not be excluded from such Turnpike Road to the Damage thereof; and that if such Owner or Occupier shall not, within Ten Days after Notice given by the Surveyor for that Purpose, cut, prune and trim such Hedges, or cut down, prune or trim such Branches of Trees, Bushes and Shrubs, in manner aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Surveyor, and he is hereby required to make Complaint to the Sheriff, Stewart or some Justice of the Peace of the Shire or Stewartry where such Turnpike Road shall lie, who shall summon the Occupier of such Lands before him, to answer the said Complaint; and if it shall appear to such Justice that such Occupier has not complied with the Requisites of this Act in that Behalf, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice, upon hearing the Surveyor and Occupier of such Land, or his Agent (or in Default of his or her Appearance, upon having due Proof of the Service of such Summons), and considering the Circumstances of the Case, to order such Hedge to be cut, trimmed and pruned, and such Branches of Trees, Bushes and Shrubs to be cut down or pruned or trimmed, in such Manner as may best answer the Purposes aforesaid; and if the Occupier of such Lands shall not obey such Order within Ten Days after it shall have been made, and he or she shall have had due Notice thereof, he or she shall forfeit the Sum of Two Shillings

Shillings for every Twenty four Feet in Length of such Hedge which shall be so neglected to be cut, trimmed and pruned, and the Sum of Two Pence for every Tree, Bush or Shrub, which shall be so directed to be cut down, pruned or trimmed; and the Hedges, &c. Surveyor, in case of such Default made by the Occupier, shall may be trimmed and he is hereby required to cut, prune and trim such Hedges, at Expence of and to cut, dawn prune or trim such Branches of Trees, Defaulter. and to cut down, prune or trim such Branches of Trees, Boshes and Shrubs in the Manner directed by such Order, and such Occupier shall be charged with and pay, over and above the said Penalties, the Charges and Expences of doing the same, to be recovered in the same Manner as other Penalties by this Act

LXXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Time of cutting Person or Persons shall be compelled, nor any Surveyor permitted, or pruning by virtue of this Act, to cut or prune any Hedge at any other Hedges. Time than between the last Day of September and the last Day of March, nor to cut down, prune or lop the Branches of any orna. Proprietors may mental Trees, (unless the same shall hang over the Road, or preserve ornaany Part thereof, so as to impede or annoy any Carriage or Person travelling thereon,) if the Proprietor of the Lands shall become tioned. bound to pay the additional Expences which their remaining unlopped may occasion the said Trustees in keeping any such Road in repair.

as herein men-

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall Persons mak-

fill up or obstruct any Ditch at the Side of any Turnpike Road, ing Encroachor any Ditch used for conveying Water from the said Road, ments. or shall encroach by making any Dwelling House or other Building, or any Hedge, Ditch or other Fence, or in any other Manner whatever on any Turnpike Road, or shall make any Drain, Gutter, Sink or Watercourse across, or otherwise break up the Surface of any Turnpike Road, without the Consent in Writing of the Trustees of such Road, or of their Surveyor; or in ploughing or harrowing the adjacent uninclosed Lands, shall turn any Horse, Plough or Harrow in or upon such Road, or the Side Ditches thereof, such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence Penalty; a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and it shall be lawful for the and Encroach-Trustees of any such Road, to cause such Dwelling House or ments may be other Building, Hedge, Ditch or Fence, Drain, Sink, Watercourse, removed. Gutter or other Encroachment to be taken down or filled up at the Expence of the Person so offending; and it shall be lawful for the Sheriff or Stewart, or any Two Justices of the Peace of the Shire or Stewartry where such Offence shall be committed, upon Proof of the Fact, to grant a Warrant for levying the Warrant for Expences of taking down or filling up such Dwelling House or that Purpose. other Building, Hedges, Ditches, Drains or other Encroachments as aforesaid, over and above the Penalties hereby imposed, by Poinding and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Effects, rendering the Surplus (if any) to the Owner.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That after the passing Notice of buildof this Act, no Houses or other Buildings shall be erected, nor any ing and inclos-Inclosures made along the Sides of any Turnpike Road, within ing on the Sides the Distance of Twenty five Feet from the Centre thereof, and of the Roads to be given to Trustees of any Turnpike Road have Trustees. been in the Use of taking Materials previous to the passing this

Act, shall be inclosed, until the Proprietor of Occupier of the Lands shall have given One Month's previous Notice at least of his Intention, to the Trustees of the said Road; and if he fail so to do, he shall not be entitled to any Compensation for the Value of the said Houses, Buildings or Inclosures, in case the said Trustees shall at any future Time think it necessary to demolish the same for the Purpose of widening the Road; nor shall the inclosing of such Place, out of which Materials shall have been taken as aforesaid, preclude the Trustees of any Turnpike Road from re-opening and using the same; and the said Notice shall be given to the Trustees by a Letter addressed to their Clerk, who shall lay the same before the next General Meeting or adjourned General Meeting; and the said Meeting is hereby required to

How Notice to be given.

Milestones and Direction Posts to be erected.

insert a Copy of the said Letter in their Minutes. LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of every Turnpike Road shall cause Stones or Posts to be set up, on or near the Sides of every Turnpike Road, at the Distance of One Mile from each other, denoting the Distance of such Stone or Post from some Town or Place, to or from which such Road shall lead, and also Direction Posts at the several Highways or Turnpike Roads leading out of or crossing any such Road, with Inscriptions thereon, denoting to what Places such Road respectively leads; and if any Person shall wilfully break, cut down, pull up or damage any such Posts or Stones, or shall obliterate, deface, spoil or destroy any of the Letters, Figures or Marks which shall be inscribed or painted thereon, and be thereof convicted before the Sheriff, Stewart or any Justice of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry where such Offence shall be committed, or the Offender shall be found or reside, or by the Oath of One credible Witness, or other competent Evidence, such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds

Penalty.

Persons committing Nuisances as herein snentioned. for every such Offence. XC. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall ride upon any Footpath or Causeway by the Side of any Turnpike Road, made or set apart for the Use or Accommodation of Foot Passengers, or shall lead or drive any Horse, Ass, Mule, Swine or Cattle or Carriage of any Description, or any Wheelbarrow, Truck or Sledge or any single Wheel of any Waggon, Cart or Carriage apart therefrom, upon any such Footpath or Causeway, or shall cause any Injury or Damage to be done to the same, or the Hedges, Posts, Rails or Fences thereof, or shall wilfully pull down or damage any Bridge, Wall, or any other Building or Erection made by the Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road, or repaired or repairable by them, or shall haul or draw, or cause to be hauled or drawn, upon any Part of such Turnpike Road, any Timber, Stone or other Thing, otherwise than upon Wheeled Carriages, or shall suffer any Timber, Stone or other Thing which shall be carried principally or in part upon Wheeled Carriages, to drag or trail upon such Road to the Pre-Judice thereof; or shall use any Tipstick, Joggle or other Instrument for the Purpose of retarding the Descent of any Cart or other Carriage down any Hill, in such Manner as to destroy, injure or disturb the Surface of any Turnpike Road; or shall in or upon such Road, or by the Side or Sides thereof, or in any exposed

exposed Situation near thereto, kill, slaughter, singe, scald, burn. dress or cut up any Beast, Swine, Calf, Lamb or other Cattle; or if any Person driving any Horse or other Beast on the said Road, carrying any Iron Bar or Rod, Basket or Pannier, or any other Matter or Thing, shall place such Bar or Rod, Basket or Pannier, Matter or Thing, so that the same or any of them shall project more than Thirty Inches from the Side of such Horse or other Beast, or so as in any Manner to obstruct or impede the Passage of any Person, or any Horse, Beast or Carriage travelling along such Turnpike Road; or if any Hawker, Higgler, Gipsey or other Person or Persons travelling with any Machine, Vehicle, Cart or other Carriage, with or without any Horse, Mule or Ass, shall pitch any Tent, or encamp upon or by the Sides of any Part of any Turnpike Road; or if any Blacksmith, or other Person occupying a Blacksmith's Shop situate near any Turnpike Road, and having a Window or Windows fronting the said Road, shall not, by good and close Shutters every Evening after it becomes Twilight, bar and prevent the Light from such Shop shining into or upon the said Road; or shall make or assist in making any Fire or Fires commonly called Bonfires, or shall set fire to or wantonly let of or throw any Squib, Rocket, Serpent or other Firework whatsoever, within Eighty Feet of the Centre of such Road; or bait or run for the Purpose of baiting any Bull, or play at Foot Ball, Tennis, Fives, Cricket or any other Game or Games, upon such Road, or on the Side or Sides thereof, or in any exposed Situation near thereto, to the Annoyance of any Passenger or Passengers; or if any Person shall leave any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage whatever upon such Road, or on the Side or Sides thereof, without any proper Person in the sole Custody or Care thereof, longer than may be necessary to load or unload the same, except in Cases of Accident, and in Cases of Accident for a longer Time than may be necessary to remove the same, or shall not place such Waggon, Wain or other Carriage during the Time of loading or unloading the same, or of taking Refreshment, as near to One Side of the Road as conveniently may be, either with or without any Horse or Beast of Draught harnessed. or yoked thereto; or shall lay any Timber, Stone, Hay, Straw, Dung, Manure, Soil, Ashes, Rubbish or other Matter or Thing whatsoever upon such Road, or on the Side or Sides thereof, or the Footpaths or Causeways adjoining, to the Prejudice of such Road or Footways, or to the Prejudice, Annoyance, Interruption or personal Danger of any Person or Persons travelling thereon; or shall suffer any Water, Filth, Dirt or other offensive Matter or Thing whatsoever to run or flow into or upon such Road or Footpaths from any House, Building, Erection, Lands or Premises adjacent thereto; or if any Person driving any Pigs or Swine upon such Road shall suffer such Pigs or Swine to root up or damage such Road, or the Fences, Hedges, Banks or Copse on either Side thereof respectively; or if any Person shall, after having blocked or stopped any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage in going up a Hill or rising Ground, cause or suffer to be or remain on such Road the Stone or other Thing with which such Cart or other Carriage shall have been blocked or stopped; or if any Person or Persons shall pull down, damage, injure or destroy any Penalty.

Drivers offending as herein mentioned.

Penalty.

Surveyors, &c. leaving Nuisances on Roads. any Lamp or Lamp Post put up, erected or placed in or near Side of any Turnpike Road or Toll House erected thereon, shall extinguish the Light of any such Lamp, every Post offending in any of the Cases aforesaid shall for each and even such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding For Shillings, over and above such Damages occasioned thereby.

Shillings, over and above such Damages occasioned thereby. XCI. And be it further enacted, That if the Driver of any triage used for carrying Goods on any Turnpike Road, shall on the Shafts, or on any other Part of such Carriage, with having some Person guiding the Beasts of Draught drawing same, or without having and holding double Reins attached each Side of the Bridle of each Beast of Draught drawing and Carriage; or if the Person driving any Sort of Carriage shall keep to the Left or Near Side of such Road on meeting will be being overtaken by any other Carriage, or if such Person wilfully prevent any other Person passing him, such Person for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding a Pounds, over and above the Damages occasioned thereby Expences.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That if the Surveyor of the Trustees of any Turnpike Road, or any Contractor of the Person in their Employment, shall lay on any Part of any and Road any Heap of Stones or other Materials for the kept thereof, and shall permit the same to remain longer than necessary for the breaking and spreading of such Materials, or shall me on any such Road any Matter or Thing, or shall knowingly permit to remain on any Part of any such Road any Matter or Thing which may endanger the Safety of any Passenger, or shall dig any Pit, or make any Cut on any Turnpike Road, without sufficiently fencing the same, such Person shall for each such Offence for and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds over and above the Damages occasioned thereby and Expences; and that it shall be lawful for any Person travelling along any Turnpike Road prosecute such Surveyor, Contractor or other Person in the Employment of the Trustees, so offending in manner hereinals.

Proprietor to fence Pits.

XCIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Proprietor Occupier of any Lands adjacent to any Turnpike Road shall are any Pit or make any Cut upon or within Twelve Feet of the Site of any such Road, and shall leave the same unfenced so as to be dangerous to Travellers, and shall not fence the same where required so to do by the Trustees of such Road, or the Precurator Fiscal of the Shire or Stewartry within which the same Pit or Cut is situated, such Proprietor or Occupier shall forfest and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every Day the said Pit or Cut shall continue to be unfenced after the Elapse of Three Days after Notice shall have been given as aforesaid; and it shall then be lawful for the said Trustees or Procurator Fiscal to order the same to be fenced at the Expence of such Proprietor or Occupier, to be recovered as other Penalties by this Act directed.

Animals pastured on Roads.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Horse, Catlle. Ass, Sheep, Swine or other Beast of any Kind, shall be pastured or left or found straying on any Turnpike Road, or the Sides of the

same, where such Road shall be inclosed, (except on such s of any Road as Tead or pass through or over any Common Waste or uninclosed Ground,) it shall be lawful for any Irrestee of such Road, or the Surveyor of such Trustees, or other Person authorized by them, brevi manu, to seize and Seized and delet in the same, until the Owner thereof shall for every such tained until Inizzal pay a Sum not exceeding Five Shillings and Expences; Penalty paid. nd in case the said Penalty and Expences shall not be paid ithin Three Days after Notice of such Detention shall be given 1 the Two nearest Toll Bars on the said Road where such mimal shall be found, the said Surveyor or other Person shall ell the same, with the Authority of the Sheriff, Stewart or any sold upon instice of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry, who are hereby Notice supowered to grant such Authority, and after deducting the amount of the said Penalty and Expences, shall pay the Surplus, I sny, to the Owner of such Animal so detained.

ICV. And be it further enacted, That every Person in plough- Side Ridges to ng any uninclosed Land adjoining any Turnpike Road shall make be made. Heige Ridges along the Sides of such Road of the Breadth of Twelve Feet at the least, under a Penalty not exceeding Five Penalty. Jounds, to be levied as other Penalties by this Act directed

XCVL And be it further enacted, That no Gate of any Park, Gates to open Field or Inclosure whatsoever, shall be made to open into or Inwards. sowards any Part of any Turnpike Road, or of any Footpath belonging thereto, or be suffered so to open, except the Hanging Post thereof shall be fixed or placed so far from the Centre of any Part of such Turnpike Road, as that no Part of such Gate shall, when open, project over any Part of such Turnpike Road, or any Footpath belonging thereto; and the Occupier of any Park, Field or Inclosure, having any Gate opening outwards, courary to the Meaning of this Act, shall, within Six Days after Motice to him or her given, either personally or in Writing, from the Trustees of any Turnpike Road, or their Surveyor, cause such Gate to be hung so that no Part of the Gate, when open, shall project over any Part of such Turnpike Road, or any Footpath belonging thereto; and if such Occupier fail so to do, the Sur- On Neglect, eyor of any such Turnpike Road shall cause the Gate to be Surveyor to act lung as hereinbefore directed, and charge the Expence of making occupier. such Alteration and hanging such Gate against the said Occupier, who shall also forfeit and pay a further Sum not exceeding Five Penalty Pounds for such Neglect, to be fixed by the Sheriff, Stewart or excertained by any Two Justices of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry in which Sheriff, &c. such Gate is situated.

ICVII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of every Weeds to be Tumpike Road shall cut or cause to be cut all Weeds growing cut. on the same, or the Sides thereof, when inclosed, at a proper Season of the Year, in order to prevent such Weeds coming into Seed, and if they fail so to do for Eight Days after being re-Quired by the Proprietor or Occupier of the adjoining Lands, by Notice in Writing given to their Clerk or Surveyor, such Pro-Prietor or Occupier may cut the same, and charge the Expence thereof against the said Trustees, and recover the same as Penalties

by this Act directed, mutatis mutandis.

4 GEO. IV.

XCVIII, And

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of every

Trustees to erect Parapets on Sides of Bridges, &c.

C. 49.

Process and Expences

Turnpike Road shall erect sufficient Parapet Walls, Mounds or Fences along the Sides of all Bridges, Embankments or other such dangerous Parts of the said Roads, and if they shall fail therein, it shall be lawful for the Procurator Fiscal of the Shire or Stewartry in which such Road is situated, or any Commissioner of Supply for the Shire or Stewartry in which such Road is situated, upon finding Security to pay Expences of Process if he shall fail in his Action, to prosecute the Trustees of any such Turnpike Road before the Sheriff or Stewart of the Shire or Stewartry in which such Road is situated, who shall judge and determine therein in a summary Manner, and upon finding the Complaint well founded, may oblige the said Trustees to remedy the Matter complained of, and adjudge to the Prosecutor full Expences of Process; but if such Prosecution shall be found groundless, the private Prosecutor shall be liable in Expences. XCIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for

the Trustees of every Turnpike Road, where the Parapet of any Bridge, or any Toll House, Toll Bar, Fence, Milestone, Direction

Post or any Erection, Building, Matter or Thing belonging to the

Parishes to defray Damages when Offender cannot be discovered.

Proceedings.

said Trustees, shall be destroyed or injured, and the Person so offending cannot be discovered and convicted, to complain to the Sheriff, Stewart or any Two Justices of the Peace of the Shire or Stewartry in which such Damage shall have been committed, having previously given Notice in Writing of their Intention of making such Complaint on the Church Door of the Parish in which the said Damage shall have been committed for Two consecutive Sundays, and which Complaint the said Sheriff, Stewart or Justices shall hear in a summary Way; and if they shall sustain the same, they shall have Power to assess the Amount of such Damage upon the Proprietors, Occupiers and such other Persons of the Parish wherein such Damage shall have been committed as aforesaid, as are liable for the Payment of the Conversion Money leviable for Statute Labour in the Shire or Stewartry in which such Parish is situated; which Assessment shall be levied by the said Trustees upon the same Persons, in the same Proportions, with the same Relief to Landlords against Tenants, in the same Manner and with the same Powers as are provided and contained in the Acts of Parliament for regulating and converting the Statute Labour of the Shire or Stewartry in which the Parish where such Damages shall be so committed as aforesaid is situated.

Windmill, &c. erected within One hundred Yards of Road. Penalty.

Skinner's Washing Pond, Penalty.

Proviso.

C. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall hereafter erect any Windmill, Watermill or Limekiln within the Distance of One hundred Yards from any Part of any Turnpike Road, under the Penalty of Five Pounds for every Day such Windmill, Watermill or Limekiln shall continue, unless the same shall be so placed or screened as to prevent Damage or Detriment to any Traveller on such Turnpike Road; nor shall any Person hereafter place any Skinner's Washing Pond within the Distance of One hundred Yards from any Part of any Turnpike Road, under a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for every Day any such Nuisance shall continue: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to render legal the Re-erection or Continuance of

any Windmill, Watermill, Limekiln or Skinner's Washing Pond, in any Case where by the Common Law the same shall be a public

or private Nuisance.

CL And be it further enacted, That the Owner of every Waggon Owners of or Cart, and also of every Coach, Post Chaise or other Carriage, let either in the Whole or in Part to hire, shall paint in a straight Line, upon some conspicuous Part on the off or right Side of his Waggon or Cart, and upon the Pannels of the Doors of all such painted thereon. Coaches, Post Chaises or other Carriages, before the same shall be used upon any Turnpike Road, the Christian and Surname and Place of Abode of such Person, or the Christian and Surname and Place of Abode of the principal Partner or Owner thereof, in large legible Roman Letters, either of a dark Colour upon a light Ground, or of a light Colour on a dark Ground, not less than One Inch in Height, with Numbers, beginning with Number One, where more of such Carriages respectively than One shall belong to the same Owner, and proceeding in regular Progression, and continue the same thereupon so long as such Carriage shall be used upon any Turnpike Road; and every Owner of any such Neglecting, or Carriage as aforesaid using or allowing the same to be used upon painting false any Turnpike Road without the Names and Descriptions painted Name, &c. thereon respectively as aforesaid, or who shall paint or cause to be painted any false or fictitious Name or Place of Abode on such Carriage, shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Penalty. Five Pounds; and every Person driving any Coach or Post Chaise Driving such let for Hire, Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, without the Name Carriage. or Description of the Owner painted thereon as hereinbefore directed, or with a false or fictitious Name, or with the Name painted in inverted Characters, or placed in an inverted Position, or who shall refuse to stop and permit such Name to be read by any Person requiring him so to do, shall forfeit for each such Penalty. Offence any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, to be recovered as other Penalties by this Act directed.

CII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any One Driver One Person to act as the Driver of Two Carts on any Turnpike may take Road, and for such Carts to pass and travel on any Turnpike Charge of Two Carts. Road, being only under the Care and Superintendence of such single Person: Provided always, that the hinder of such Carts, Proviso. when under the Care of only One Person, shall not be drawn by more than One Horse, and that the Horse of the hinder Cart shall be attached by a Rein to the Back of the Cart which shall be foremost, and follow in the same Line therewith, the Horse drawing such last Cart never being permitted to be further from the foremost Cart than Four Feet; and in case the said Horse shall not be so attached, the Driver of such Carts shall for each such Penalty. Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, to be recovered as other Penalties are by this Act authorized to be

recovered.

CIIL And be it further enacted, That no Waggon or Cart Children drivtravelling on any Turnpike Road shall be driven by any Person ing Carts, &c. who shall not be of the full Age of Thirteen Years, under a Penalty on Owner. Penalty for each such Offence not exceeding Forty Shillings, to be paid by the Owner of such Waggon or Cart.

Waggons and Carriages, &c. to cause their Names to be

Trustees may direct Prosecutions for Nuisances, &c. C. 49.

CIV. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of every Turnpike Road, at any of their General or Adjourned Meetings, may direct Prosecutions to be raised against the Offender for any Nuisance or other Offence done or committed upon any of the Turnpike Roads under their Care respectively, at the Expence of the Turnpike Funds, to be allowed by such Trustees at some subsequent Meeting.

Witnesses not attending when summoned.

CV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be summoned as a Witness to give Evidence before any Sheriff or Stewart, or before any Justice of the Peace, touching any Matter relating to or contained in any Act of Parliament relating to Turnpike Roads or this Act, either on the Part of the Prosecutor or the Person accused, and shall refuse or neglect to appear at the Time and Place for that Purpose appointed, after having been paid or tendered a reasonable Sum for his or her Expences, without a reasonable Excuse for such Refusal or Neglect, then such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceed-

Penalty.

Resisting Execution of Act, assaulting Collectors, or rescuing Cattle, &c. distrained.

ing Five Pounds. CVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person shall resist or forcibly oppose any Person employed in the due Execution of this Act, or any Act made for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, or shall assault any Surveyor or any Tacks-

man or Toll Gatherer in the Execution of his or their Office, or shall pass through any Toll Bar or Fence set up under the Authority of any Act of Parliament for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, without paying the Toll appointed to be paid at

Penalty.

such Bar, or shall make any Rescue of Cattle or other Goods distrained by virtue of this Act, or of any Act for making and maintaining any Turnpike Road, every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Sheriff, Stewart or Justices of the Peace before whom such Person shall be convicted of any such Offence.

For securing transient Offenders.

' CVII. And Whereas Offences may be committed against this Act, or other Acts for making and maintaining Turnpike Roads, by Persons unknown to the Toll Gatherers or other Officers; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of the Trustees of any Turnpike Road, or any of their Clerks or other Toll Gatherers, Surveyors or other Officers respectively, and such other Person as any of them shall call to their Assistance, without any Warrant or other Authority than this Act, brevi manu, to seize and detain any unknown Person who shall commit any Offence, either prohibited by this Act, or by any Act of Parliament for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, and take such Person before the Sheriff, Stewart or nearest Justice of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry where the Offence shall have been committed, or where such Offender shall be seized and apprehended, who shall forthwith examine, and discharge or commit such Person till Caution de Judicio Sisti be found, as the Case may require.

Prosecutors may recover by Action, &c.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall prosecute for any Expence, Toll Duty, Penalty, Forfeiture or Fine imposed by this or any Act of Parliament made for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, for the Recovery of which no partiparticular Mode is directed, shall prosecute for and recover the same before the Sheriff or Stewart or the Justices of the Peace of the Shire or Stewartry in which such Penalty, Forfeiture or Fine has been incurred, or where the Offender shall reside, subject to

Appeal in Manner hereinafter mentioned.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That all Expences, and also Recovery and all Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines by this Act directed to be Application of paid or inflicted, (the Manner of levying, recovering and applying whereof is not herein otherwise directed,) shall, upon Proof of the Offences respectively before the Sheriff, Stewart or any Two Justices of the Peace for the Shire or Stewartry where the Offence shall have been committed, or where the Offender may reside (as the Case may require), either by the Confession of the Party offending, or by the Oath of any credible Witness, or other competent Evidence, be levied, together with the Expences attending the Information and Conviction, by Poinding and Sale of Poinding and the Goods and Effects of the Party offending, by Warrant under Sale of Goods. the Hand of such Sheriff, Stewart or Justices, (which Warrant such Sheriff, Stewart or Justices are hereby empowered to grant,) and the Surplus (if any) after deducting such Expences, Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and the Charges of such Poinding and Sale, shall be returned unto the Owner of such Goods and Effects; and Offender dein case such Expences, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures shall not tained unless be forthwith paid upon Conviction, then it shall be lawful for such Security given. Sheriff, Stewart or Justices to order the Offender so convicted to be detained and kept in safe Custody until Return can be conveniently made to such Warrant or Poinding, unless the Offender shall give sufficient Security, to the Satisfaction of such Sheriff, Stewart or Justices, for his or her Appearance before such Sheriff, Stewart or Justices, on such Day as shall be appointed for the Return of such Warrant of Poinding, which Security the said Sheriff, Stewart or Justices are hereby empowered to take by Bond of Caution or otherwise; but if upon the Return of such Warrant it shall appear that no sufficient Goods and Effects can be found, then it shall be lawful for the said Sheriff, Stewart or Offender com-Justices, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant Populies For under their Hand, to cause such Offender to be committed to the pences, &c. Common Gaol or House of Correction of the Shire or Stewartry paid. where the Offender shall be or reside, there to remain for any Time not exceeding Three Months, unless such Expences, Penalties, forfeitures and Fines, and all reasonable Charges attending the same, shall be sooner paid; and the Monies recovered or levied Application of for such Expences shall be applied to the Payment of the same Monies so respectively; and the Monies arising by such Penalties, For-feitures and Fines respectively, when paid, if not otherwise directed to be applied by this Act, or the Act under which the same shall have been incurred, shall be paid to the Trustees for making and maintaining the Road on which such Offence shall have been committed, or to their Tressurer, and applied and disposed of for the Purposes of the said Road.

CX. And be it further enacted, That in recovering the different Recovery by Penalties imposed by this Act or any Turnpike Act, it shall be summary Pro lawful for the Sheriff, Stewart or Justice before whom any Complaint for the Recovery thereof may be brought, to proceed, if

Penalties.

under all Circumstances there shall be Cause, in a summary Way, and to grant Warrant for bringing the Parties complained upon before them for Examination, and on Confession or Probation by the Oath of any credible Witness or other competent Evidence, to proceed to determine thereon, without any written Pleadings or Record of Evidence, it being hereby provided that a Record shall be preserved of the Charge and of the Judgment propunced

Appeal.

CXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person who shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any Proceedings to be had before any Justice or Justices of the Peace in the Execution of this Act, for which no particular Relief has been hereby provided, may within Six Months after the Matter complained of shall be done, but not afterwards, appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the Quarter Sessions of the Shire or Stewartry where the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, the Appellant giving Fifteen Days previous Notice of such Appeal to the Defender or Defenders, and to the Clerk of the said Trustees and the Clerk of the Justices of the Peace, which Justices shall have Authority to hear and determine the Matter in Dispute; and their Judgment therein shall be final, without being subject to Review by Advocation Suppossion Reduction or otherwise.

Notice.

Judgment

final.

Review by Advocation, Suspension, Reduction or otherwise.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That where by this Act the adjudging of any Penalty, Forfeiture, Fine or any other Matter is committed to the Sheriff, Stewart or the Justices of the Peace assembled in their Quarter Sessions of the several Shires and Stewartries in Scotland, the Judgment of such Sheriff, Stewart or Justices assembled as aforesaid, shall be final and conclusive, and shall not be subject to Review by Advocation or Suspension, or by Reduction, or by any Process of Law whatever, any Law or

Judgment of Sheriff, Stewart or Justices to be final.

Limitation of Prosecutions. Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

CXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Prosecutions for the Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines imposed by this Act or any Turnpike Act, or for any Wrongs done or Injuries suffered in any Matter thereto relating, or for any Thing done in pursuance of any of the Powers by this Act or any Turnpike Act given and granted for any thing done in pursuance of this Act or any Turnpike Act, shall be commenced within Six Months after the Penalty, Forfeiture or Fine is incurred, or Wrong done, or Injury suffered, or Fact committed, and not afterwards.

Exception of Highland Commissioners' Roads and Glasgow and Carlisle Road. 43 G.3. c.80.

CXIV. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed or taken to extend to any Road made under or by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, to be issued and applied towards making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland; and for enabling the Proprietors of Land in Scotland to charge their Estates with a Proportion of the Expence of making and keeping in repair Roads and Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland; or of an Act passed in the Fifty ninth Year of His said Majesty, intituled An Act to repeal Two Acts made in the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for maintaining and keeping in repair certain Roads and Bridges in Scotland; to provide more effectually for that Purpose; and for the Regu-

59 G.3. c.135.

lation of Ferries in Scotland; or of an Act passed in the Fifty 56 G.3. sixth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act c.lxxxiii. for improving the Road from the City of Glasgow to the City of 58 G.3. c.44. Carlisle, or of Three several Acts amending the same, passed in 182 G.3. c.xc. the Fifty eighth and Fifty ninth Years of the Reign of His said c.cxxvii. late Majesty, and in the First and Second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty.

CXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Sheriffs, &c. the Sheriffs and Stewarts within their respective Shires and empowered to Stewartries to take Affidavits on Oath or Affirmation (which Oath take Affidavits or Affirmation such Sheriffs and Stewarts are hereby authorized of Notices. te administer), of the Answers that may be given by the Proprietors and Occupiers of Lands, on Applications made to them for their Consent to such Bills; and every Affidavit of such Notices shall be in the Form following, as near as the Circumstances of the Case will admit:

' A. B. of

maketh Oath, and saith for, being One Form. of the People called Quakers, upon his solemn Affirmation saith],

'That he did apply to

, and did receive 'from the several Persons whose Names are contained in the ' Paper hereto annexed, whom he believes to be the Proprietors of the Lands through which the intended Turnpike Road is to

' be carried, the Answers set forth in the Paper hereunto annexed. (Signed)

'Sworn [or solemnly affirmed before me,] ' witness my Hand, the

the Year

And no such Affidavit as aforesaid shall be subject or liable to any Affidavit not Stamp Duty now payable by any Act of Parliament, or which shall subject to hereafter be imposed, unless specially named and made subject Stamp Duty. thereto by the Act of Parliament imposing the same; nor shall any Fee be charged by any Sheriff, Sheriff Clerk or other Officer,

for administering or attesting the above Oaths or Affirmations. CXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That Proof of the Proof of Hand Hand Writing of any Sheriff or Stewart, before whom any such Writing of Affidavit shall be made as aforesaid, shall be sufficient Evidence of the Signature of such Sheriff or Stewart before any Committee of either House of Parliament, without any Witness being produced who was present at the Time when such Affidavit was made.

## CAP. L.

An Act for the rebuilding of London Bridge, and for improving and making suitable Approaches thereto.

[4th July 1823.]

WHEREAS the Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of Landon. Time out of Mind have had avaraged the City of London, Time out of Mind have had, exercised and ought and have accustomed themselves to have and exercise the Office of Bailiff and Conservator of the Water of Thames, from the Town of Staines, in the County of Middlesex, unto London Bridge, and from thence to Kendall otherwise Yenland 'otherwise Yeenleet, towards the Sea, and their Title to the said 'Office has been confirmed by divers Charters and Acts of Parliament: And Whereas the said Mayor, and Commonalty and
Citizens of the City of London are seised of or entitled to certain
Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments in the City of London, and
in the Counties of Surrey, Kent and Essex, (which are commonly

called "The Bridge House Estates of the City of London,") a
 Trustees for maintaining and repairing London Bridge; and th
 Rents and Profits of the said Estates are received by the Warden

or Keepers of London Bridge, on account of the said Mayor, as Commonalty and Citizens, and are (subject to certain Charge

29 G.2. c.40.

thereon now existing) applicable to the Repair and Supports the said Bridge: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Twent inth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second intituled An Act to improve, widen and enlarge the Passage and through London Bridge; and the Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, were thereby authorised and required to widen or enlarge One or more of the Arches of the said Bridge, as they should be time to design, assign and lay out how and in what manner the Passage over and through the said Bridge should be widered as

time to time judge necessary and direct; and also from the wittened to design, assign and lay out how and in what manner the Passage over and through the said Bridge should be widened, a larged and rendered more safe and commodious: And Wheels in pursuance of the said Act Two of the Arches or Waterway of the said Bridge were converted into One: and the Passage

3G.4. c.cix.

of the said Bridge were converted into One; and the Passege over and through the said Bridge has been widened and inproved: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for the Removal of the Waterworks at London Bridge: And Whereas the great Fall of Water at certain Times of the Tide, occasioned by the large Starlings and numerous Piers of the said Bridge. renders the Navigation through the said Bridge dangerous and destructive to the Lives and Property of His Majesty's Subjects: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Bridge should be taken down, and that a new Bridge on a better Principle of Construction, should be erected upon or near to the Site of the present Bridge, and that convenient Approaches should be made thereto: And Whereas it is expedient that as large a Sum of Money should be raised on the Credit of the Rents and Profits of the Bridge House Estates, after appropriating thereout the Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds per Annum for the Purposes hereinafter mentioned, as the said Estates may prove to be adequate to bear the Charge of; and that the said Sum so to be raised, together with the Monies now invested in the Public, Funds, and in the Hands of the said Wardens or Kcepers of London Bridge, on account of the Rents and Profits of the said Estates, together with such other Sum or Sums of Money s may be advanced by the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in pursuance of this Act, should be applied to the Purposes hereinafter mentioned: But as the several Purposes aforesaid cannot be effected without the Aid of Parliament, may it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; And be " enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons,

Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation of Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the said City of London, in London em-Common Council assembled, and they are hereby authorised and powered to pull down and remove on cause to be pulled down the preempowered to pull down and remove, or cause to be pulled down sent Bridge. and removed, the said present Bridge, called London Bridge, and the Starlings and other Works belonging thereto, and to sell or cause to be sold the Materials of the said Bridge and Works to be pulled down and removed as aforesaid, or to retain such of them as they shall think proper for the Purposes of the new Bridge to be erected as hereinafter is mentioned; and the Monies to be produced by the Sale thereof (after deducting the Expences of pulling down and removing the said Bridge and Works, and of such Sale or Sales,) shall be applied and disposed of for or towards the Costs and Expences of erecting a new Bridge, in manner hereinafter mentioned.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the Proviso for said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council as- present Bridge sembled, shall think it expedient that the new Bridge to be erected remaining until seashereinafter is mentioned should be built on the Western Side completed. of the present Bridge, so as to render it unnecessary to remove the present Bridge for the Purpose of erecting the same, then and in such Case the said present Bridge shall not be pulled down or removed as aforesaid, until after the Passage over the said new Bridge shall have been opened, but shall remain and be used in

the mean Time as a temporary Bridge.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Mayor, Corporation, if Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall necessary, to think it expedient that the said new Bridge should be erected on erect a tempothe Site of the present Bridge, or so near thereto as to render it necessary to remove the said present Bridge, or any Part thereof, Bridge betaken for the Purpose of erecting the same, then and in such Case, be- down. fore the said present Bridge shall be pulled down as aforesaid, or rendered impassable, the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall erect and build, or cause to be erected and built, and maintain or cause to be maintained, a temporary Bridge, with such Materials, upon such Construction and at such Place or Places, near to the present Bridge, as they shall judge to be most proper and convenient, and to open and make such Ways or Approaches thereto as they shall think proper; and when and so soon as the Passage over the new Bridge, to When to be be erected as hereinafter is mentioned, shall be opened, they shall pulled down pull down and remove, or cause the said temporary Bridge to be and Materials pulled down and removed, and sell or cause to be sold the Materials thereof; and the Monies to be produced by the Sale thereof (after deducting the Expences of pulling down and removing the said temporary Bridge, and of such Sale or Sales,) shall be applied and disposed of for or towards the Payment of the Costs and Expences of building the said new Bridge.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful New Bridge to to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City be built on the of London, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby present Site, or authorised, empowered and directed without Delay, to erect and westward and build, or cause to be erected and built, and complete, maintain upon such

westward, and

Plan, and in such Manner as herein mentioned.

and keep in repair a new Bridge across the said River Thames, upon the Site of the said present Bridge, or westward of the said resent Bridge, within the Distance of One hundred and eighty Feet from the Western Side thereof, and to dig and make proper Foundations in the said River, and on the Lands and Grounds lying on each Side thereof, for the Piers and Abutments of the said Bridge, and to cut and level the Banks of the said River in such Manner as shall be necessary and proper for building the said Bridge, and to make proper Dams in the said River, and to execute all other Things, requisite and necessary, useful or convenient, for erecting and building, maintaining and supporting the said Bridge; and that the said Bridge shall be erected and built of the best Granite Stone, and other durable Materials, with Five Arches, of such Height, Width and Dimensions as are shown by the Model and the Plans and Specifications, as far as they relate to the Construction of the Bridge itself, designed by the late John Rennie Esquire, Civil Engineer, as exhibited to the Committee of the House of Commons, and deposited at the Office of Works at the Guildhall of the City of London: Provided always, that if it shall appear to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, that any Alteration ought to be made in the Plan for the said Bridge, designed by the said John Rennie as aforesaid, or that a Bridge should be constructed upon any other Plan, and the same shall be approved by, and such Approval certified by Writing under the Hands of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby required to make such Alteration accordingly, and to build a Bridge upon such altered or other Plan as aforesaid.

Proviso for Alteration of Plan.

Corporation to make convenient Approaches.

Engineer or Contractor to be employed, approved by the Treasury.

Power to embank the River Thames. V. And be it further enacted, That in order to make convenient and suitable Approaches to the said intended new Bridge, on both Sides of the said River, it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby authorised and empowered to design, lay out, widen, open and make, or cause to be designed, laid out, widened, opened and made, a spacious and convenient Street, Way or Passage, at each End of the said intended Bridge, and to lay out, or cause to be laid out, such Part thereof respectively for Carriages, and such Part for Foot Passengers as they shall think proper.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Engineer shall be employed for the Superintendence of the Works, nor any Contractor employed in the Execution of the same, nor any Surety taken for the due Performance of the Work contracted to be done, without the Approbation in Writing of Three or more of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, if it shall be deemed advantageous and expedient by the Engineer to be employed in the Erection of the said Bridge, to inclose and embank, or cause to be inclosed and embanked, in such Manner and under such Regulations as the said Engineer shall advise, out of the Monies to be applied to the Purposes of

this Act, so much of the Ground and Soil of the said River of Thames, on both Shores thereof as lies within the Distance of One hundred and eighty Feet from the Centre of the Abutment of the present Bridge on the West Side, and One hundred and ten Feet from the Centre of the said Abutment on the East Side thereof, so that the Front of the said Embankments, on each Side of the said intended Bridge, may be in straight Lines: Provided severtheless, that before the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall cause to be made such Part of the said Inclosure and Embankment as shall adjoin to any Wharfs or Grounds which shall not be taken for the Purposes of this Act, they shall cause a Plan and Specification of such Part of the Inclosure and Embankment intended to be made as shall adjoin to every such Wharf or Ground respectively, to be delivered to the Owner or Owners thereof respectively, or left upon the same Premises; and it shall be lawful for such Owners respectively at their own Expence, to enclose and embank, according to such Plan and Specification, so much of the said Ground and Soil of the said River as lies opposite and adjoins to their respec- Notice thereof. tive Wharfs or Grounds, upon giving or leaving a Notice in Writing of his and their Intention so to do, at the Office of the Comptroller of the Bridge House Estates for the Time being, within One Calendar Month next after such Plan and Specification of the proposed Embankment shall have been delivered or left as aforesaid; and the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall not cause such Part of the said Embankment to be made, unless the said Owners respectively shall neglect to enclose and make such Embankment according to the said Plan and Specification, within the Space of Six Months next after such Plan and Specification shall have been delivered or left as aforesaid; and the Ground and Soil of the said River which shall be enclosed and embanked, in the Front of every or any Wharf or Ground, by the Owner or Owners thereof as afore-said, and which shall be bounded on the East and West Sides thereof, by straight Lines, running at right Angles to and upon the said intended Front Line of the Embankment, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof shall be and is hereby vested in the Owner or Owners of such Wharf or Ground, according to the same Estate, Trust or Interest therein, as such Owner or Owners respectively shall be entitled to in such Wharf or Ground; and the Ground and Soil of the said River, which shall be enclosed Soil of the River and embanked by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in vested in Corpo-Common Council assembled, out of the Monies to be applied for ration of London the Purposes of this Act, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, shall be and is hereby vested in the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, for the Purposes of this Act; and the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, shall sell and convey to the Owners of the Wharfs and Grounds, to which the same shall adjoin, such Part of such Embankments respectively as would have vested in such Owners respectively, if the same had been made by them under the Authority hereinbefore contained, at such Prices respectively as shall be agreed upon between such Owners respectively, and the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled; and in case they

Jury to settle Prices. shall differ or not agree as to any such Price, within the Space of One Month next after such Embankment shall be made, then the same shall be adjusted and settled by a Jury, to be summoned as in Cases of Purchases made by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons as herein mentioned, mutatis mutandis; and if the Jury shall award any Compensation, such Owner or Owners shall not be entitled to the Possession of any Part of the Embankment so to be made as aforesaid until the Price agreed upon or settled for the same shall have been paid into the Chamber of London.

Power to stop up Streets and Ways.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, to alter, divert, stop up or inclose such Streets, Courts, Alleys, Ways or Passages and void Ground, forming Part of the present Avenues or Approaches to the said Bridge, or near or adjoining to the intended Approaches to the said new Bridge, which now are or heretofore were used as Streets, Ways and Passages, or such Part and Parts thereof respectively as by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall be thought proper to be altered, diverted, stopped up or inclosed for the Purposes of this Act; and the Ground or Soil of such Streets, Courts, Alleys, Ways, Passages and void Ground, or Parts thereof respectively, as shall be stopped up and enclosed, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, shall be and is hereby vested in the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, for the Purposes of this Act.

Power to stop up Ways during the Execution of the Act. IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, during the building of the said new Bridge, and making and improving of the said Approaches thereto, to stop up or cause to be stopped up all or any Part of the Carriage Ways of Streets and other Places within the Distance of Three hundred Yards from the present Bridge, which they shall think necessary; and for that Purpose to put up, or cause to be put up, sufficient Palisadoes, Bars, Posts and other Erections, and to make such Orders for regulating the Passage of all Carts, Carriages and Horses, as to them shall seem proper.

Streets may be raised or lowered.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby authorised and empowered to raise or lower, or cause to be raised or lowered, the Ground of the Streets and Ways to be made, widened, enlarged and improved as aforesaid, or any Part thereof respectively, as they shall judge necessary.

Compensation to be made to Owners of Houses, &c. for Loss or Damage to Premises by Pavements being raised or lowered.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Injury or Damage, or Deterioration in Value, shall be occasioned to any Houses or Buildings, which shall not be purchased or taken as hereinafter is mentioned for the Purposes of this Act, by reason of the Pavements in the immediate Front thereof having been lowered or raised by virtue of this Act, such Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid out of the Monies to be applied for the Purposes of this Act, to the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, who shall be Owners and Occupiers of such Houses and Buildings, in Satisfaction and Compensation for such Injury, Damage or Detriment,

Detriment, as shall be agreed upon between such Owners and Occupiers, and the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled; and in case such Owners and Occupiers, and the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall not agree as to the Amount or Value of such Satisfaction or Compensation, then the same shall be ascertained and settled by the Verdict of a Jury, in Manner hereinafter Jury. directed for ascertaining and settling the Value or Recompence for Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises to be taken or pur-

chased for the Purposes of this Act.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said How the Pave-Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, ments to be laid shall, out of the Monies to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, in a substantial and workmanlike Manner, fill in, or cause to be filled in, all and every the Vaults, Cellars and open Places over which it may be necessary for the Purposes aforesaid, or any of them, to new pave (except such as may be used again as Cellars, Vaults or Areas,) with good sound hard Brick Rubbish, to be well rammed down every Three or Four Inches thick to prevent the Ground from giving way; and out of such Monies well and effectually pave over all the said Ground, and the said Approaches, Streets or Ways, with a sufficient Quantity of Materials of proper Quality and Dimensions; and shall in like Manner out of such Monies relay and repair all and every Part of the Streets, Ways and Passages which they shall disturb or alter in carrying the Purposes of this Act into Execution: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to charge the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, or the Monies to be applied for the Purposes of this Act, with repairing or making good such Pavement in future, but that from and after the same shall be so paved, relaid and repaired as aforesaid, the same shall for ever thereafter be kept in Repair by and at the Tobe kept in Expence of the respective Wards to which the same shall res- Repair by the pectively belong, or other the Commissioners or Persons liable to repair the same; and that the Right and Property of all Pavements, Stones and Bricks so to be laid as aforesaid, shall belong to and be the Property of the said respective Wards, Commissioners or Persons, in the same Manner as Things of a like Description in other Parts of the said Wards or Parishes respectively are now vested by Law.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Sewers or said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assem- Drains to be bled, and they are hereby authorised and empowered out of the arched over or Monies to be applied for the Purposes of this Act, to cause to be filled up. arched over or filled up all such Sewers and Drains, or Part or Parts thereof, which shall lie and be in or near the said new Bridge, temporary Bridge, Approaches, Streets or Ways, to be altered, diverted, widened, enlarged or improved, or stopped up or enclosed as aforesaid respectively, as shall appear necessary for completing the Purposes of this Act, so as that no public Sewer or Drain whatsoever, or any private Drain, shall be in anywise disturbed, injured or prejudiced, without another Drain or Sewer being made in lieu thereof, equally serviceable and con-

venient

the room of those filled up.

Proviso for Commissioners

of Sewers of

and Kent.

London, Surrey

New Sewers in venient to the Individual or Neighbourhood: Provided always, that at the Time of filling up any Sewer or Drain, or Part thereof as aforesaid, the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall cause to be made and built other good and sufficient Sewers and Drains of the same or greater Size or Capacity, and upon the same or lower Levels than the Sewers or Drains which shall be filled up; and when made and completed, the said respective Sewers and Drains shall be under the Jurisdiction, Care, Management and Direction of the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London or County of Surrey, according to their respective Jurisdictions: Provided always, that in case the Commissioners of Sewers for the City of London, or the Commissioners of Sewers for Surrey and Kent, shall require any Sewer or Drain, or Part or Parts of any Sewer or Drain within their respective Jurisdictions, that may be destroyed or altered under the Authority of this Act, to be rebuilt or remade of enlarged Capacity, and shall give Notice to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, or their Clerk of the Works for the Time being, of such their Desire before such Sewer or Drain shall be begun to be rebuilt or altered, then and in every such Case such Sewer or Drain shall be rebuilt or remade of such enlarged Dimensions as the Commissioners may require; and such Commissioners respectively requiring the same shall bear and pay the difference in Expence that may be occasioned by such enlarged Capacity.

Power to alter Steps, Areas,

Pipes, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons in Common Council assembled, for the Purposes aforesaid, out of the Monies to be applied for the Purposes of this Act, to raise, sink or otherwise alter or cause to be altered the Position of any of the Steps, Areas, Cellar Windows and Watercourses, Pipes or Spouts belonging to any of the Houses, and also the Mains and the leaden or other Pipes, which, for the Purpose of conveying Water or Gas to any House or other Place, shall be laid into or from any Main or Pipe laid down by any of the Companies or Societies who furnish the Inhabitants with Water or Gas, and to remove all other Obstructions, so as the same respectively be done with as little Detriment and Inconvenience to the said Companies, Societies and Inhabitants, as the Circumstances of the Case will admit.

Ground laid into the Streets to form Part thereof.

XV. And be it further enacted, That when the said Streets or Ways shall be altered, widened, enlarged and improved in pursuance of this Act, all the Ground, Land and Hereditaments which shall be laid open into the said Streets or Ways, and paved as aforesaid, shall form Part of the said Streets or Ways respectively, and shall be used by the Public accordingly; and the same and the sole Power and Authority of paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting and watching thereof, shall be under the Care, Manage ment, Controul and Jurisdiction of the same Commissioners, Trustees and other Persons, as the other Streets and Ways in the Wards or Parishes in which the same respectively shall be situate.

Corporation empowered to

XVI. And be it further enacted, That for the Purpose of taking down the said present Bridge, or any such temporary land Materials Bridge as aforesaid, or of making, erecting, building, maintaining, within 300 Feet within 300 Feet repairing and supporting the said new Bridge, and also the said

temporary Bridge (if any), it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, of the present Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and Bridge on they are hereby authorised and empowered to land, or cause to Notice. be landed on any Wharfs or Grounds on either Side of the said River, within Three hundred Feet of the Site of the said present Bridge, after Fourteen Days previous Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Occupier or Occupiers thereof, or left on the same Premises, the Materials of the said present Bridge, and any such temporary Bridge, and also all Materials and other Things to be used in and about the said new Bridge and temporary Bridge respectively, and there to work and use such Materials and Things, according as they the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and the Persons to be by them appointed, shall think proper, without any previous Agreement with the Owner or Owners of the Property on which such Materials and other Things shall be landed, worked or used, or of the Tenant or Tenants thereof, doing as little Damage as may be, and making such Satisfaction as hereinafter mentioned, to the respective Owners and Occupiers of all Wharfs and Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments which shall be altered, damaged, spoiled, taken or made use of by Means or for the Purposes of this present Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Mayor, Alder- Places for men and Commons, in Common Council assembled, be, and they Materials. are hereby empowered to take upon Lease, or to agree for the Use and Occupation of proper Places within Three hundred Feet of the said present Bridge, on either Side thereof, or of the said River, for the Purpose of depositing Stone, Timber and other Materials for building the said new Bridge or any temporary

Bridge.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That for the Purpose of Power to take erecting and building the said new Bridge and temporary Bridge Wharfs and (if any) and making and improving the Approaches thereto respectively, or for other the Purposes of this Act, it shall be lawful Land, for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make and use, and cause to be taken and used, any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, and pull down and remove, or cause to be pulled Power to take down and removed, any such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses or down Houses. Buildings, including the Rectory or Parsonage House of the Parish of Saint Magnus, which it may be deemed necessary and expedient to take, use or pull down and remove for the Purpose of erecting and building the said Bridge and temporary Bridge (if any), and for making, widening and improving the Approaches and Avenues thereto respectively, upon giving Six Calendar Months' Notice in Writing of such their Intention to the Owner Notice. or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers thereof respectively, in Manner hereinafter directed.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no No Wharf, &c. Wharf, Warehouse, House or Building, Garden, planted Walk or Consent of Yard belonging to a House, shall be taken or made use of for Owner. the Purposes of this Act, except such as are mentioned in the Exception. Schedule hereunto annexed, without the Consent in Writing of

Consent of

the Owner or Owners thereof being first had and obtained for that Purpose, except such as may be taken or required for the Purpose of landing and working such Materials and other Things as aforesaid.

Misnomer, or wrong Description in the Schedule, not to prevent the

Execution of the Act.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any of the Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments mentioned and described in the Schedule hereunto annexed, shall be inaccurately described, or the Names of any of the Persons in whose Possession or Occupation the same or any Part thereof are or is stated or described to be, shall happen to be omitted or inaccurately decribed, and it shall appear to any Two or more Aldermen of the City of London, and be certified under their Hands, that such inaccurate Description proceeded from Mistake or erroneous Information, then and in such Case the same shall not prevent or retard the Execution of this Act; but the said Premises, and every Part thereof, shall and may be taken and used for and to the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same was or were properly described in the said Schedule.

Power to Corporation, their Surveyors, &c. to enter upon Houses, &c. XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and for their Surveyor or Surveyors, Officers and Workmen, from Time to Time at all reasonable Times in the Day, upon giving in Writing for the first Time Twenty four Hours' and afterwards from time to time Twelve Hours' previous Notice, to enter into and upon the said Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, authorized to be taken and used as aforesaid, or any of them, for the Purpose of surveying or valuing the said Premises, without being deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, and without being subject or liable to any Fine, Penalty or Punishment on account of entering or continuing upon any Part or Parts of the said Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, for the Damages that shall be thereby occasioned.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the

Common Council empowered to treat for the Purchase of Houses, &c. XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby empowered in the Name of the Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, to treat and agree for the Purchase of any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, authorized to be taken and used by them as aforesaid, and of any subsisting Leases, Terms, Estates and Interests therein, and Charges thereon, or such of them, or such Part or Parts thereof respectively, as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall think proper.

Power of purchasing limited to 10 Years. XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall not within the Space of Ten Years, to be computed from the passing of this Act, purchase or take the Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Parts thereof respectively, which they are hereby empowered to take, use and purchase as aforesaid, (except such Houses and Buildings on or near the Western Side of Gracechurch Street, Fish Street Hill, or High Street, Southwark, which

may be burned or fall down, or be pulled down, wholly or in Part. or agreed to be taken down as hereinafter is mentioned,) then and from thenceforth the Powers hereby granted to them for such Purpose (except as to such Houses and Buildings as aforesaid) shall cease, determine and be utterly void; any Thing herein

contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bodies Politic, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate &c. Trustees or Sole, Tenants in Tail or for Life, Husbands, Guardians, Trustees and other Perand Feoffees in Trust for Charitable or other Purposes. Company of the Purposes of Company of the Purposes of the Purpose o and Feoffees in Trust for Charitable or other Purposes, Comed to sell and mittees, Executors and Administrators, and all other Trustees and coavey, &c. Persons whomsoever, not only for and on Behalf of their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on Behalf of their cestui que Trusts or Wards, whether Infants, Issue unborn, Lunatics, Idiots, Femes Covert or other Person or Persons whomsoever, and for all Femes Covert who are or shall be seised, possessed of or interested in their own Right, or entitled to Dower, or any other Interest therein, and also for the Rector for the Time being of the Parish of Saint Magnus, under the Sanction and Authority of the Lord Bishop of London for the Time being, the Patron and Ordinary of the said Rectory, and for all and every other Persons or Person whomsoever, who are, is or shall be seised or possessed of or interested in any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments authorized to be taken or used, which by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembles, shall be thought proper to be purchased for the Purposes of this Act, to contract for, sell and convey the same, and every or any Part thereof, to the Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London; and that all Contracts, Agreements, Bargains, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances, Acts and Deeds, which shall be made by such Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Trustee or Trustees, or the said Rector for the Time being, with the Sanction and Authority of the said Patron and Ordinary, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall be valid and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and all Persons whomsoever so contracting or conveying as aforesaid, are hereby indemnified for or in respect of any such Sale which he, she or they, or any of them, shall respectively make by virtue or in pursuance of this Act.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any No Person Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Trustee or compellable to Trustees, or other Person or Persons, shall be applied to, by or sell Part of his on Behalf of the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common ling to sell the Council assembled, to treat for, sell, dispose of or convey any Part or Parts of any Wharf, Warehouse, House, Building, Land, Ground, Tenement or Hereditament, in the actual Occupation of one Person, or of several Persons jointly, and shall by Notice in Writing, to be left at the Office of the Comptroller of the Bridge House Estates of the said City, within Thirty Days after such Application, signify his, her or their Inclination or Desire to treat for, sell, dispose of and convey the whole of such House, Building, land, Tenement or Hereditament, and it shall happen that the

said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assem-4 GEO. IV.

bled, shall not think proper, or be willing to purchase the Whole of such Wharf, Warehouse, House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditament; then and in every such Case nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to compel the several Corporations or Persons interested therein to treat for, sell, dispose of or convey, or to authorize the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, to take or use Part only, or less than the Whole of such House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditament; any Thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Satisfaction to be made, and may be accepted.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Trustee or Trustees, and the said Rector for the Time being of the Parish of Saint Magnus, with such Sanction and Authority as aforesaid, and other Person or Persons hereinbefore capacitated to contract for, sell and convey any such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments as aforesaid; and any other Owner or Owners of any such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, Charge or Charges thereon, may accept and receive such Satisfaction or Recompence for the Value thereof; and such Body or Bodies, Trustee or Trustees, Person or Persons, Owner or Owners, and also any Tenant or Tenants for a Year, or from Year to Year, or at Will, or other Occupier or Occupiers of any such Premises, may accept and receive such Compensation for such Good Will or Improvements as shall be lost, and for such Injury or Damage as shall be sustained, by raising or lowering the Pavements of the Streets, or placing Materials or otherwise, on account of the Execution of this Act, or in anywise relating thereto, as shall be agreed upon between them respectively and the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled; and in case the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and the

In case of Difference.

Jury.

When Parties Satisfaction, or to treat, or cannot be found. &c. the Court of Mayor and Aldermen or Sessions to issue a Precept for empannelling a Jury.

pence or Compensation, the same respectively shall be ascertained and settled by a Jury in Manner hereinafter directed. XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Body or refuse to accept Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Trustee or Trustees, or the said Rector, or any other Person or Persons seised, possessed of or interested in any such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, or Charge or Charges thereon, as aforesaid, or any Occupier or Occupiers thereof, sustaining such Loss, Injury or Damage as aforesaid, for and on his, her or their Part or Parts, or for or on the Part of his, her or their cestui que Trusts or Wards, or of any other incapacitated Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall refuse to accept such Purchase Money, Satisfaction or Recompence, or other Compensation, as shall be offered by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or any Person or Persons authorized by them on their Behalf; or if

said Parties interested in such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, Good Will or Improvements, or sustaining such Injury or Damage, cannot or do not agree as to the Amount or Value of such Satisfaction, Recom-

any Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or any Person or Persons seised or possessed of or interested in any such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments as aforesaid, shall (upon Notice in Writing given to the principal Officer or Officers of such Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or to such Trustee or Trustees, Person or Persons respectively, or left at the last or usual Place or Places of his, her or their Abode, or with the Tenant or Tenants, Occupier or Occupiers, of such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affixed upon the same Premises for the Space of Fourteen Days next after such Notice,) neglect or refuse to treat or agree, or shall not agree, or by reason of Absence or Disability cannot agree with the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or with any Person or Persons authorized by them, for the Sale or Conveyance of such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, or their respective Shares, Estates and Interests therein, or Charges thereon, or cannot be found or known, or shall not produce and evince a clear Title to the Premises they are in Possession of, or to the Interest they shall claim therein, to the Satisfaction of the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or of the Person or Persons so authorized by them; then and in every such Case, the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City shall, and the said Court are hereby empowered from time to time to issue a Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, to the Sheriffs of the City of London, if such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments respectively shall be situate in the said City of London, and to the High Bailiff of the Borough of Southwark, if such Premises respectively shall be situate within the said Borough, commanding such Sheriffs or Bailiff to empannel, summon and return a Jury; and such Sheriffs or Bailiff are and is hereby authorized and required accordingly to empannel, summon and return Forty eight substantial and indifferent Persons, qualified to serve on Juries; and the Persons so to be empannelled, summoned and returned as aforesaid, are hereby required to come and appear before the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, to be holden in the outer Chamber of the Guildhall of the said City, according to the Custom of the said City, or before the said Mayor and Aldermen, at the General or any Special Sessions of the Peace for the Borough of Southwark (as the Case may require), at such Time and Place as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, shall be directed and appointed, and to attend the said Court or Sessions from Day to Day until discharged; and out of such Persons so to be empannelled, summoned and returned, a Jury of Twelve Men shall be drawn, by some Person to be by the said Court or Sessions appointed, in such Manner as Juries for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Courts at Westminster are directed to be drawn; and in case a sufficient Number of Jurymen shall not appear at the Time and Place appointed as aforesaid, some Person to be by the said Court or Sessions appointed shall return other substantial, honest and indifferent Men of the

Jury may be challenged.

Byestanders, or of others, who can be speedily procured to attend that Service, being so qualified as aforesaid, to make up the said Jury to the Number of Twelve; and all Parties concerned shall and may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not be at Liberty to challenge the Array; and the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or the said Mayor and Aldermen, at any such Sessions, are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time as Occasion shall require, by Precept or Precepts, to summon and call before them all and every or any Person and Persons whomsoever, who shall be thought proper and necessary to be examined as a Witness or Witnesses, on his, her or their Oath or Oaths, touching or concerning the Premises; and the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Mayor and Aldermen at any such Sessions, if they think fit, shall and may, on the Application of either Party, likewise authorize the said Jury, or any Three or more of them, to view the Place or Places and Premises in question in such Manner as they shall direct; and the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Mayor and Aldermen at any such Sessions, shall have Power to adjourn such Meeting from Day to Day as Occasion shall require, and to command such Jury, Witnesses and Parties to attend, until all such Affairs for which they were summoned shall be concluded; and the said Jury upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as well as the Oaths of such Person or Persons as shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and Mayor and Aldermen at any such Sessions, are hereby empowered and required to administer,) shall inquire of, assess and ascertain, and give a Verdict for the Sum or Sums of Money to be paid for the Purchase of, or a Satisfaction or Recompence for either the Entirety of such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, or for any Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, or Charge or Charges thereon, as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts shall be directed; and the Compensation which shall be made in respect of Good Will, Improvements or any Injury or Damage whatsoever to be lost or sustained as aforesaid, to any Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, shall be directed (the same respectively to be estimated by the said Jury in as just and liberal a Manner as if the Improvements authorized by this Act had never been in Contemplation); and the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Mayor and Aldermen at such Sessions, shall give Judgment for such Purchase Money, Satisfaction, Recompence or Compensation so to be assessed, which said Verdict or Verdicts, and the said Judgment and Judgments thereupon, shall be binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes, upon all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and upon all Persons whomsoever, provided that Fourteen Days' Notice in Writing at the least of the Hour or Time and Place at which such Jury are so required to be returned and meet be given to the principal Officer or Officers of the Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or

Collegiate, or to the Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons interested, or claiming so to be, by leaving such Notice at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, or with

Via-

Verdict.

Verdict of Jury and Judgment thereon final.

Previous Notice being given to Parties interested. some Tenant or Occupier of some of the said Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or be affixed upon the same; and the said Verdicts, Judgments and Determinations, and all other Proceedings of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Mayor and Aldermen at such Sessions and Juries, so to be made, given and pronounced as aforesaid, shall be fairly written on Parchment, and signed by the Clerk of the Peace for the Time being of the City of London, or the Borough of Southwark, as the Case may require.

XXVIH. And be it further enacted, That the said Court of Verdict of Mayor and Aldermen, or Mayor and Aldermen at such Sessions, Value of Lands and Juries shall award all Determination, Judgments and Verdicts and Damages which they shall make and give in Execution of the Powers to be ascertain-hereby vested in them, concerning the Value of Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, or Charge or Charges thereon, separately and distinctly from the Consideration of any other Loss or Damages to be sustained by any Person or Persons, in consequence of the Execution of any of the Powers of this Act, and shall distinguish the Value set upon the Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, Charge or Charges thereon, and the Money assessed or adjudged for such Loss or Damages as aforesaid, separately and apart from each other.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That every such Jury and Jury to be Jurymen as aforesaid shall be under and subject to the same Regulations as Regulations, Pains and Penalties, as if such Jury or Jurymen had in the Courts at been returned for the Trial of any Issue, joined in any of His Westminster, Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and that all and and Persons every Person and Persons, who in any Examination to be taken by guilty of Pervirtue of this Act shall wilfully give false Evidence before the jury may be said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Mayor and Aldermen at prosecuted. any such Sessions, or before any such Jury as aforesaid, shall and may be prosecuted for the same, and upon Conviction thereof shall be subject to such Punishments and Disqualifications as any Person or Persons can or may be subject to for wilful and corrupt Perjury by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That in case a Verdict shall Expence of be given for a greater Sum of Money as a Satisfaction or Recompence for any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, or Charge or Charges thereon, or as a Compensation for any Good Will or Improvement, or any Loss or Damage to be sustained as aforesaid respectively, than shall have been offered by or on the Behalf of the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, before the summoning of such Jury; or in case a Verdict shall be given for any Sum or Sums of Money as a Compensation for Good Will, Improvements, Loss or Damage, where no Compensation shall have been offered by or on the Behalf of the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, previously to the summoning of such Jury; or in case by reason of Absence or other Impediment or Disability S 3

In what cas borne by Corporation :

by Parties equally;

by Persons claiming Compensation.

What deemed Payment or

Ten Days' Notice of Injury to be given, or Jury not allowed to award Compensation for same.

there shall not be found any Person or Persons at hand who may be legally capacitated to contract with and make Conveyances to or receive Compensation from the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, when the Dispute is for such Compensation as aforesaid only as hereinbefore is mentioned, then and in every or any such Case all the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expences of causing and procuring such Recompence, Value or Compensation respectively, to be assessed and awarded as aforesaid, and of so assessing and awarding the same, shall be paid and borne by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, out of the Monies to be applied for the Purposes of this Act; but in case any Verdict shall be given for the same as or for a less Sum of Money than shall have been previously offered by or on the Behalf of the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, then each of the said Parties shall pay their own Costs, Charges and Expences; but in case no Compensation shall be given by the Verdict (when the Dispute is for such Compensation as aforesaid only), or in case of such Refusal to treat or convey by any Body or Bodies, or by any Person or Persons whomsoever, who is or are by the Provisions of this Act or otherwise legally empowered to treat and convey, or receive such Compensation as aforesaid; then and in every or any such Case (except where by reason of Absence or otherwise any Person shall have been prevented from treating and agreeing as aforesaid, in which Case all such Costs, Charges and Expences are to be paid and borne by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled,) all the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expences of causing and procuring such Value, Recompence or Compensation to be assessed and awarded as aforesaid, and of so assessing and awarding the same, shall be taxed by the Registrar or other proper Officer for the Time being of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or of the said Sessions, and shall be borne and paid by the Body or Bodies, or Person or Persons entitled to or claim. ing such Value, Recompence or Compensation; and the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, are hereby authorized and empowered to deduct and retain the said Costs, Charges and Expences out of the Sum or Sums of Money so to be assessed or awarded as aforesaid, or out of any Part thereof; and the Payment or Tender of the Remainder of all such Sum or Sums of Money shall be deemed and taken, Tender thereof, to all Intents and Purposes, to be a Payment or Tender of the whole Sum or Sums so assessed or awarded as aforesaid.

XXXI. Provided always, That no Jury which shall be summoned by virtue of this Act shall be allowed to assess or award any Sum or Sums of Money to any Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, by way of Compensation for Good Will or Improvement, alleged to be lost, or any Injury or Damage alleged to have been sustained by him or them in Consequence of the Execution of any of the Powers of this Act, unless Notice in Writing, stating the Particulars of every such Claim, shall have been given or left by or on Behalf of such Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, at the Office of the said Comptroller of the Bridge House Estates, Ten Days at least

before the Time of the Meeting of such Jury.

XXXII. And

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Court of Court may fine Mayor and Aldermen, and the said Mayor and Aldermen at any such Sessions, shall have Power and Authority from time to time or Witnesses, for not attendto impose any reasonable Fine, not exceeding the Sum of Ten ing. Pounds, on such Sheriff or Sheriffs, or Bailiff, or their or his Deputy or Deputies, or Agents respectively, making Default in the Premises, and on any of the Persons summoned and returned on any such Jury or Juries, who shall not appear, without some reasonable Excuse, or shall refuse to be sworn on the said Jury or Juries, or being so sworn, shall not give his or their Verdict, or otherwise neglect his Duty, and also on any Person or Persons summoned to give Evidence touching any of the Matters aforesaid, who shall not attend, having been paid or tendered a reasonable Sum for his, her or their Costs or Charges, or shall refuse to be sworn or to affirm, or to give his, her or their Evidence, and on any other Person or Persons who shall in any other Manner wilfully neglect his, her or their Duty in the Premises, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and from time to time to levy such Fine or Fines, by order of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Mayor and Aldermen at Sessions, by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods, Levied by Distogether with the reasonable Charges of every such Distress and tress. Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners; and that a Copy of the Order of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Mayor and Aldermen at Sessions, signed by the Clerk of the Peace for the Time being of the City of London, or of the Borough of Southwark, (as the Case may require,) shall be sufficient Authority to the Person or Persons therein to be appointed, and to every other Person acting or aiding and assisting therein, to make such Distress and Sale; and all such Fines shall Fines paid to be paid to the Chamberlain of the said City for the Time being, Chamberlain. to be applied for the Purposes of this Act.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all such Verdicts, Verdicts, Judg-Judgments, Sentences, Determinations, Orders and other Pro- ments and other ceedings of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and Mayor and Aldermen at Sessions and Juries, as relate to or concern any among the of the Cases before mentioned, and all Receipts which the Records. Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank shall give for any Sum or Sums of Money paid into the Bank, in Manner hereinafter mentioned, in consequence of any Verdict and Judgment, shall be entered among the Records of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Mayor and Aldermen at Sessions; and the said Verdicts, Judgments, Sentences, Decrees and Orders, and other Proceedings, shall be deemed and taken to be Records to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and the same, or true Copies thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be good and sufficient Evidence thereof Evidence. in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity whatsoever; and all Persons shall and may have recourse to the same (gratis), and to take Copies thereof, paying for every Copy not exceeding Sixpence for every Seventy two Words, and so proportionably for any greater Number of Words.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Body or Premises to Bodies, Person or Persons, seised or possessed of or interested vest in the City, in any such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tens-upon Payment

Sheriffs, Jurors

ments of the Money.

accepted or awarded, where Conveyances cannot be obtained. C.50.

ments or Hereditaments, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, or Charge or Charges thereon, as aforesaid, cannot be found, or shall not be known, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises to the Satisfaction of the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or shall refuse to execute a Conveyance or Conveyances thereof, then, and in any such Case, upon Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money as shall have been contracted and agreed, or shall have been assessed and awarded by any Jury or Juries in Manner aforesaid, to be paid for the Purchase of or for the Value of the same Premises, into the Bank of England, as hereinafter directed and required (in case the same shall be requisite), for the Use of such Person or Persons, or of the unknown Person or Persons so interested in or entitled as aforesaid, such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Parts, Shares, Estates, Interests or Charges, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, together with the Yearly Profits thereof, and all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim and Demand in Law or Equity, of the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, or unknown Person or Persons, to whose Credit such Money shall be paid in, to and out of the Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises to be purchased as aforesaid, shall vest in the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, and they shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Seisin or Possession thereof, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as fully and effectually as if every Body or Person having any Estate in the Premises had actually conveyed the same by Lease and Release, Bargain and Sale enrolled, Feoffment with Livery of Seisin, Fine, Common Recovery, or any other Conveyance or Assurance whatsoever; and such Payment shall not only bar all Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand of the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, or unknown Person or Persons, of, in or to the same Premises, to whose Credit such Payment or Tender shall have been made, but also shall extend to and be deemed and construed to bar the Dower and Dowers of the Wife and Wives of such Person or Persons, and all Estates Tail, and other Estates in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, Expectancy or Contingency, and the Issue and Issues of such Person or Persons and every other Person whomsoever.

Payment to bar Title, Dower, Estates Tail, &c.

Application of Compensation when amounting to 2001. XXXV. And be it further enacted, That if there shall be any Money to be paid for any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, or Charge or Charges thereon, taken or purchased by virtue of the Powers of this Act, which shall belong to any Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or any Lunatic, Idiot, Feme Covert or cestui que Trust, or to any Body or Bodies, Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, or shall be limited in strict or other Settlement, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if there Application shall be any Money to be paid for any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditable Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditable Beless than ments, or Part or Parts thereof, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, or Charge or Charges ceed or be equal thereon, taken or purchased as aforesaid, belonging to any Corporation, or any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, or which shall be limited in strict or other pacity as aforesaid, or which shall be limited in strict or other Settlement, which shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and which shall exceed or be equal to the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such Cases the same shall, at the Option of the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons for the Time being, entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Wharfs, Warehouses,

Houses,

Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Parts, Shares, Estates, Interests or Charges so taken or purchased, or of the Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees of such Person or Persons, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid in the Name and with the Privity of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in Manner hereinbefore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons making such Option, and be approved of by the said Lord Mayor for the Time being, (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing, under the Hands and Seals of the nominating and approving Persons,) in order that such principal Money and the Dividends arising thereon may be applied in any Manner hereinbefore directed, so far as the Case be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction and Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

Application where the Money is less than 20l.

XXXVII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That where such Money so to be paid as aforesaid shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such Cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, who would for the Time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, Parts, Shares, Estates, Interests and Charges, taken or purchased as aforesaid, in such Manner as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall think fit, or in case of the Infancy or Lunscy of such Person or Persons, then such Money shall be paid to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

In case Parties shall refuse the Monies awarded, or Titles shall be deficient, the Money to be said into the Bank.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded for the Purchase of any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Parts, Shares, Estates or Interest therein. or Charge thereon, to be taken or purchased by virtue of this Act, shall refuse to accept the same, or to execute a proper Conveyance or proper Conveyances of the same Premises, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the same to the Satisfaction of the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled; or in case such Person or Persons to whom such Sum and Sums shall be so awarded as aforesaid cannot be found, or if the Person or Persons entitled to such Wharfs, Ware: houses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, Parts, Shares, Estates, Interests or Charges be not known or discovered, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, to order the said Sum or Sums of Money so awarded as aforesaid to be paid into the Bank of England in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account, to the Credit of the Party or Parties interested in the said Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses,

Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, Parts, Shares, Estates, Interests or Charges (describing such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments); or if such Party or Parties shall not be known, then to the Credit of the then unknown Person or Persons interested in the said Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, Parts, Shares, Estates, Interests or Charges, (describing the same Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments,) subject to the Order, Controul and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery; which said Court of Chancery, on Court of the Application of any Body or Bodies, Person or Persons making Chancery em-Claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by powered to Motion or Petiton, shall and is hereby empowered in a summary make Order in Way of Proceeding, or otherwise as to the same Court shall seem respect thereof, on Motion or meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Petition. Funds, and to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Interest of the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons making Claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of *England*, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, is and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what the same is or are received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any In case of a Question shall arise touching the Title of any Body or Bodies, Doubt upon the Person or Persons, to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant Money paid General of the Court of Chancery in pursuance of this Act, for into the Bank the Purchase of or in Satisfaction for any Wharfs, Warehouses, shall be paid to Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, the Person who or Part or Parts thereof, or of any Estate, Right, Title, Charge or Interest in, to or upon any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be bought; taken or purchased in pursuance of this Act, or of any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends and Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, who shall have been in the Possession of such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, Parts, Shares, Estates, Interests or Charges at the Time of such Purchase, and all Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, claiming under such Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, Parts, Shares, Estates, Interests or Charges, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accord-

ingly,

unless such
Possession appear to
Chancery to be
wrongful.

The Court of Chancery may order Expences of Purchases to be paid. ingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Here ditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or to some Estate or Interest therein, or Charge thereon.

XL. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where, by reason of any Disability, or Incapacity of the Body or Bodie Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons entitled to m Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Ton ments or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or Share w Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, or Charge or Charges thereon, to be taken or purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase or Compensation Money for the shall be required to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be settled to the life Uses in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expences of all Purchases from time! time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such free pences as the said Court shall deem reasonable to be paid by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, out of the Monies we applied for the Purposes of this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall

XLI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person

Mortgages on Tender of Principal and Interest to convey.

or Persons who shall have any Mortgage or Mortgages or be entitled to any Sum or Sums of Money due on Judgment or other Security, or otherwise charged on such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, as shall be taken or purchased by virtue of this Act, or any Parts or Shares thereof, not being in Possession thereof, or any Paris or Shares thereof, by virtue of such Mortgage or Mortgage, or Security or Securities, shall on the Tender of the Princip and Interest due thereon, together with the Amount of St Calendar Months' Interest on the said Principal Money, by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council sembled, or by such Person or Persons as they shall appoint immediately convey, assign, release and transfer, such Mortgage or Mortgages, Security or Securities, Charge or Charges, to the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, or such Person of Persons as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall appoint; or in case such Mortgagee or Mortgagees, or other Person or Persons, shall have Notice in Writing from the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, that they will pay off and discharge the Principal Money and Interest which shall be due on the Mortgage or Mortgages, Security or Securities, Charge or Charges, at the End or Expir. ation of Six Calendar Months, to be computed from the Day of giving such Notice, that then at the End of the said Six Calendar Months, on Payment of the Principal and Interest so due, such Mortgagee or Mortgagees, Person or Persons, shall convey, assign,

Notice of Repayment by Mayor, &c.

release and transfer his, her or their Interest in the Premises, to the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, or such Person or Persons as shall be appointed as aforesaid, in Trust for them; and in case such Mortgagee or Mortgagees, Person or Persons, shall refusing to conrefuse to convey, release or assign as aforesaid, on such Tender ings. or Payment, then all Interest on every such Mortgage, Security or Charge, shall from thenceforth cease and determine: Provided always, that in case the Sum due upon any such Mortgage or Mortgages, Security or Securities, Charge or Charges, with all Interest due thereon, shall amount to more than the real Value of the said Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments, or the Part or Parts thereof which shall be taken for the Purposes of this Act, such Value to be ascertained in Manner hereinbefore directed, then the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall not be liable to pay the Mortgagee or Mortgagees more than the real Value of such Premises, to be determined as aforesaid.

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case Premises to any such Mortgagee or other Person shall neglect or refuse to vest in the City convey, or assign, or release, as aforesaid, then upon Payment in case of No. of the Principal Money and Interest due on any such Mortgage, Security or Charge as aforesaid, into the Bank at the End of Six Payment of Calendar Months from the Day of giving such Notice as aforesaid, Principal and for the Usc of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, or Person or Interest into Persons entitled thereto, the Cashier or Cashiers shall give a the Bank. Receipt or Receipts for the said Money, in like Manner as hereinbefore directed, in case of other Payments into the Bank; and thereupon all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim and Demand whatsoever, of the said Mortgagee or Mortgagees, or other Person or Persons, and of all and every Person or Persons in Trust for him, her or them, shall vest in the Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession of the Premises comprized in such Mortgage or Mortgages, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever: Provided also, that if the Money and Interest due Proviso where in respect of any Mortgage or Mortgages, Security or Securities, Charge or Charges, of the Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, which shall be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, shall amount to more than the Value of the Premises charged therewith, or such of them, or of such Part or Parts thereof as shall be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, such Mortgagee or Mortgagees, Person or Persons, shall, upon Payment or Tender of the Sum to be ascertained as the Value of the Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, to be taken or purchased as aforesaid, forthwith convey, assign, release and transfer, his, her or their Interest and Demand in and to the several Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, to the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, or to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed as aforesaid; and in Default of so. doing, and on Payment of such Money into the Bank of England, for the Use of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, the Cashier or

Mortgagees vey, Proceed-

Money and Interest of greater Value than the Premises.

Cashiers

Cashier of Bank to give Receipts for Monies so paid.

Cashiers of the Bank shall give such Receipt or Receipts as above mentioned, and thereupon all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand whatsoever, of the said Mortgagee or Mortgagees, Person or Persons, as aforesaid, and of all and every Person and Persons in Trust for him, her or them, in the said Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, the Value whereof shall have been so ascertained and paid into the Bank as aforesaid, shall vest in the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession of the said Premises, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and such Sums of Money shall be deducted from the Amount of the Principal and Interest due to such Mortgagee or Mortgagees.

In what case Payment of Money awarded, to convey, or be foreclosed.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Money and Mortgagors, on Interest due in respect of any Mortgage or Mortgages, Security or Securities, Charge or Charges, of any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, which shall be taken or purchased by virtue of this Act, shall amount to more than the Value of the Premises charged therewith, or such of them, or such Part or Parts thereof, as shall be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, the Mortgagor or Mortgagors, or other the Person or Persons entitled to the Redemption thereof, or to the same Premises subject thereto, shall, upon Payment or Tender of the Sum to be awarded or assessed as the Value of the Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, to be purchased or taken as aforesaid, to such Mortgagee or Mortgagees, Person or Persons, entitled thereto, or into the Bank as aforesaid, forthwith, without any Consideration, convey, assign or release his, her or their Right, Equity of Redemption or Estate and Interest in such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, to the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, or to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed as aforesaid, and in Default of so doing shall be and are hereby barred and foreclosed from all Right or Equity of Redemption of and in the same Premises, and all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand of him, her or them, and every Person and Persons, in Trust for him, her and them in the same Premises, shall vest in the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession thereof to all Intents and Purposes what-

Possession to be delivered up on Six Calendar Months' Notice.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body and Bodies, Person and Persons, in the actual Possession of any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, to be taken or purchased by virtue of this Act, as Owner, Leaseholder, Tenant at Will or Lessee for a Year, or for any shorter Time, or otherwise, shall at the Expiration of Six Calendar Months from and after the next Quarter Day, after Notice in Writing from the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or their Agent duly authorized, shall have been left at or affixed

upon the same Premises, or so soon after as he, she or they shall be required, peaceably and quietly deliver up the Possession of the said Premises to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or the Person or Persons authorized by them to take Possession thereof; and that in case any such Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, shall refuse to give up such Possession as aforesaid, then it shall be lawful for the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen to issue their Precept or Precepts to the Sheriffs of the said City of London, or to the High Bailiff of the Borough of Southwark (as the Case may require), to deliver Possession of the Premises to such Person or Persons as shall in such Precept or Precepts be nominated to receive the same; and Costs. the said Sheriffs or Bailiff are and is hereby required to deliver such Possession accordingly of the said Premises, and to levy such Costs as shall accrue from the issuing of such Precept or Precepts on the Person or Persons so refusing to give up such Possession as aforesaid, by Distress and Sale of his, her or their Goods.

XLV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case Tenants at any Tenant at Will, or Lessee for a Year, of any such Wharfs, Will, or Lessee for a Year, of any such Wharfs, Will, or Lessee for Years, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements, quitting before Hereditaments and Premises, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall they would be by virtue of this Act deliver up the Possession of the same before obliged to do the Expiration of the Time for which he would otherwise have by Law, to have been authorized to keep Possession thereof, then and in every Compensation. or any such Case such Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid to such Tenant at Will or Lessee for a Year, in Satisfaction and Compensation for delivering up Possession of the same Premises, as shall be agreed upon between such Tenant at Will or Lessee for a Year, and the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled; and in case such Tenant at Will If Difference, or Lessee for a Year, and the said Mayor, Aldermen and Com- ascertained by mons, in Common Council assembled, shall not agree as to the Jury. Amount or Value of such Satisfaction or Compensation, then the same shall be ascertained and settled by the Verdict of a Jury in Manner hereinbefore directed for ascertaining and settling the Value or Recompence for Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises, to be taken or purchased for the Purposes of this Act: Provided always, that in case any Tenant at Will or Lessee for a Proviso for Year, who shall be entitled to Compensation and Satisfaction by Tenant giving virtue of this Act, shall be desirous of delivering up the Posses- up Posses sion of the Premises in his or her Possession at the Expiration of six Months Six Calendar Months next after the next Quarter Day after such from Quarter Notice shall have been left or affixed upon the same Premises Day after Nofor that Purpose as aforesaid, notwithstanding he or she may tice given. not be then required so to do, then and in every such Case the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall immediately after the Expiration of the said Six Calendar Months, or so soon after as the same Sum or Sums of Money to be paid for Satisfaction or Compensation to such Tenant at Will or Lessee for a Year respectively shall be agreed upon or awarded, cause Possession to be taken of the same Premises,

and the Sum or Sums of Money so to be agreed upon or aways for Compensation as aforesaid, to be thereupon paid.

Money to be paid or tendered before any Use is made of the Premises.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That Sums of Money or other Consideration, Recompence or Satisfact tion to be paid pursuant to any such Agreement or Verdict ! aforesaid, shall be paid or tendered to the Party or Part entitled to the same, or into the Bank of England, as her mentioned, before the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons Common Council assembled, or any Person or Persons and rized by them, shall proceed to take Possession of or pull de any Wharf or Wharfs, Warehouse or Warehouses, House Houses, or other Erections or Buildings, or to use the Gross or any other Tenements or Hereditaments comprized in or affect by such Agreement or Verdict respectively, or Part thereof. any of the Purposes of this Act, except for landing, working and using Materials and Things as hereinbefore mentioned, under Leave shall be given for that Purpose in Writing by the Owne or Occupiers of such Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Erection Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements or Hereditaments.

Power to clear the Ground, and self old Materials.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Common assembled, and they are hereby empowered to pull dom # cause to be pulled down all Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses other Erections and Buildings, which shall be purchased taken by virtue of this Act, or such of them, or such Partthered as they shall think proper to be pulled down, and to level and clear the Ground whereon the same shall stand, and all other the Ground to be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, in such Manner as they shall think proper; and to sell or cause to be sold the Materials of the Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses other Buildings, to be taken down and removed pursuant to Act; and the Monies to be produced by the Sale thereof, jahr deducting the Expences of pulling down such Wharfs, Ward houses, Houses and Buildings respectively, and of such Sale Sales,) and also the Rents and Profits of the said Wharfs, Warry houses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements Hereditaments, to be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act. until the same shall be pulled down or cleared, shall be applied and disposed of for or towards the Purposes of this Act or any of them.

Estates of Corporation, or Bridge House Estates, taken by virtue of the Act, to vest in the Mayor, &c. for the Purposes of the Act, discharged of Trusts.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Whark, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenements of Hereditaments, shall be taken or used for the Purposes of this. Act, or any of them, which belong to the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens in their own Right, or are vested in them as Part of the said Bridge House Estates as aforesaid; then and in such Case the Amount of the Satisfaction or Compensation to be paid in respect of the same shall be assessed and determined by a Jury in Manner hereinbefore mentioned, and paid into the Bank of England, and laid out and invested, and subsequently disposed of in like Manner as hereinbefore is directed in respect to Purchase Monies for Estates belonging to other Bodies Politic and upon Payment of such Amount into the Bank, such Wharfs. Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Tenement of

Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, shall vest in the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, for the Purposes of this Act, freed from all Trusts, Claims and Demands whatsoever.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Corporation the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council empowered to assembled, to take or use for the Purposes of this Act the take the Burial Burial Ground of the Parish of Saint Magnus, and to lay the Saint Magnus. same, or such Part thereof as shall be thought expedient, into the Street or Way; and at all Times thereafter the said Ground. or such Part thereof as shall be laid into the Street, shall be used by the Public accordingly, and the Residue (if any) of the said Ground and Soil thereof, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance of the same, shall be and are hereby vested in the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, for

the Purposes of this Act.

L. And be it further enacted, That the said Mayor, Aldermen Corporation to and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall, and they provide a new are hereby empowered and required, out of the Monies to be applied for the Purposes of this Act, to purchase or otherwise provide a fit and convenient Piece or Parcel of Ground, equal in Quantity to, and within the Distance of One Mile from the said Burial Ground of the Parish of Saint Magnus, to be appropriated and used as and for a Burial Ground for the Parishioners of the said Parish of Saint Magnus, and to procure the same to be consecrated and settled for that Purpose in such Manner as the Lord Bishop of London for the Time being, or such Person as he shall appoint, shall direct, and to cause such new Burial Ground to be inclosed, on such Sides thereof as shall be necessary, with Iron Railing, and a proper Gate to be erected as an Entrance thereto, with a Lock and other Fastenings; and such new Burial In whom and Ground, and the Soil thereof, and the Freehold and Inheritance how the same is of the same, in Fee Simple, shall be vested in the same Manner, and shall be subject to the same peculiar Jurisdiction and Visit-

ations as the present Burial Ground of the Parish of Saint Magnus. Not to be taken LI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the said until another present Burial Ground of the Parish of Saint Magnus shall not provided. be taken or applied for the Purposes of this Act until such new Burial Ground shall have been conveyed and effectually secured and procured to be consecrated and enclosed as aforesaid.

LII. And be it further enacted, That the Graves in the said Graves to be present Burial Ground of the Parish of Saint Magnus aforesaid disturbed as little as may be. shall be as little disturbed, and as little Damage shall be done

to the Grave Stones therein as reasonably may be.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall be Bodies disnecessary, in pursuance and execution of this Act, to open and turbed to be disturb any Grave or Graves, or any Burial Vault or Vaults in removed as the said present Burial Ground of the Parish of Saint Magnus tioned. aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Heirs, Executors, Administrators, Relations or Friends of any Person or Persons who shall have been interred or deposited in such Grave or Graves, Vault or Vaults, with the Consent of the Rector and Churchwardens of the said Parish, or the major Part of them, to remove and carry away the Remains of any such Person or Persons, and place the 4 GEO. IV.

Amount of Expences of Removal, &c.

same in such new Burial Ground, or any other Church Yard or consecrated Ground, in such Manner as the Lord Bishop of London for the Time being, or such Person as he may appoint, shall direct; and that the Expences of such removing, carrying away and placing (not exceeding in any One Case the Sum of Ten Pounds), shall be paid by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, out of the Monies to be applied for the Purposes of this Act; and that the Remains of such Person or Persons as shall have been interred or deposited in the Graves or Vaults so to be opened and disturbed as aforesaid, which shall not be removed or carried away as aforesaid, shall (except such Graves or Vaults shall be finally closed up), at the Expence of the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, to be paid out of the Monies to be advanced by virtue of this Act, be removed from such Graves or Vaults into and be interred in such new Burial Ground as aforesaid, in such Manner as the Lord Bishop of London for the Time being, or such Person as he shall appoint, shall direct. LIV. And be it further enacted, That the Grave Stones laid in

How the same to be paid.

Grave Stones to be removed.

Expence how paid.

Corporation empowered to set back Houses on the Western Side of Gracechurch Street, Fish Street Hill and High Street, Southwark, when burned or taken down.

and the Expence thereof defrayed by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, out of the Monies to be advanced by virtue of this Act. LV. And be it further enacted, That in case and often so as at any Time hereafter any House or Building situate between Lombard Street in the said City of London, and Saint Margaret's Hill in the Borough, on the Western Side of Gracechurch Street, Fish Steet Hill or High Street, Southwark, or any Street or Place leading into or adjoining the same, within Fifty Feet of the present Front of the Houses on the Western Side of the said Street or Ways respectively, shall be burnt down, or the same or more than One Third Part thereof shall be taken or pulled down for any Purpose whatsoever, or the Owner or Owners thereof shall be willing or agree to pull down the same, or a sufficient Part thereof, then and in any such Case it shall be lawful for the

the said Burial Ground of the Parish of Saint Magnus shall be removed into and put up and laid in such new Burial Ground as aforesaid, in such Manner as the said Lord Bishop of London for the Time being, or such Person as he shall appoint, shall direct,

shall think proper, for the Purpose of widening such Street or Way respectively, making Satisfaction to the Owner or Owners of such Houses or Buildings, in the same Manner as hereinbefore is directed in respect of the Hereditaments to be taken or purchased for the Purposes of this Act. LVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Ground or

said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council sssembled, to take and lay open such Part of the Site thereof, and convert the same into Part of the said Street or Way as they

Hereditaments which shall be taken, purchased and cleared, by virtue of this Act, shall not be laid into and form Part of the said Streets or Ways, when widened and improved as aforesaid, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens of the said City of London, and they are hereby authorized and required, as soon as conveniently

may be after the Houses and Buildings on such Ground and

Corporation empowered to grant Building Leases of Ground not wanted, which they may think proper to let.

Hereditaments as adjoin or abut on the Avenues or Approaches to the said Bridge, or any other Ground or Hereditaments, except such Parts thereof (if any) as may be appropriated for a new Burial Ground, which they shall think it expedient to let, shall be pulled down, by an Indenture or Indentures, under the Common Seal of the said City, to demise and lease all such Ground and Hereditaments, either altogether or in Parcels, to any Person or Persons who shall erect and build, or covenant and agree to erect and build thereon, or on any Part or Parts thereof, Houses, Erections and Buildings, of such Rate or Class, or respective Classes of Buildings. Rates or Classes, of Buildings, upon such Plan and Elevation, or respective Plans and Elevations, of such Height or respective Heights, and with such Stories as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall think proper, for any Term or Number of Years to determine at or before the Expiration of Ninety nine Years from and after the passing of this Act, so as there be reserved in every such Demise or Lease such Yearly Rent or Rents, to be incident to the immediate Reversion of the Premises therein comprized, as to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons in Common Council assembled, shall seem reasonable, and so that in every such Demise or Lease there be contained a Covenant for the Payment of the Covenants to be Rent thereby to be reserved, and such other Covenants on the contained in Part of the Tenant or Lessee, therein to be named, as the said such Leases. Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall reasonably advise or require; and also a Clause in the Nature of a Condition of Re-entry on Non Payment of the Rent thereby to be reserved, or on Non Performance of the Covenants therein to be contained on the Part of the Tenant or Lessee to be observed and performed; and that every such Tenant or Lessee Tenant to give shall give such good and sufficient Security for the erecting, Security for finishing and completing of every such House, Erection and finishing. Building, which he shall covenant or agree to erect, within the Time in which he shall have contracted to finish the same, as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall order and direct.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That as soon as conveni- Corporation to ently may be after the Houses, Erections and Buildings, to be sell the Ground ently may be after the riouses, Erections and Dandings, or any of them, Rents and Re-erected and built as hereinbefore is mentioned, or any of them, Rents and Re-shall be finished and completed, the said Mayor, Aldermen and Houses to be Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall and they are hereby comprised in authorized to sell and dispose of, or cause to be sold and disposed such Lesses. of, the Ground Rents to be reserved by the Lease or Demise, or Leases or Demises, in pursuance of, or in consideration of which the same Houses respectively shall have been erected and built, and also the Reversion and Inheritance in Fee Simple in Possession (subject to such Lease or Demise, or Leases or Demises) of the Pieces or Parcels of Ground therein demised, and such Houses and other Buildings thereon, either altogether or in Parcels, by public Auction or private Contract, for such Price or Prices, or Sum or Sums of Money, as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall think reasonable; and the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens shall, and they are hereby empowered and required, at the Request, Costs and T 2 Charges

Charges of the Purchaser or Purchasers of the same Premises respectively, upon Payment of the Sum or Sums of Money agreed to be given for the same respectively, to the Chamberlain of the City of London for the Time being, to convey and assure the Piece or Parcel of Ground, or Pieces or Parcels of Ground, so purchased by such Purchaser or Purchasers respectively, together with the Houses, Erections and Buildings, then erected and built thereon respectively, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, with the Appurtenances, to such Purchaser or Puschasers respectively, his, her or their Heirs and Assigns respectively, or as he or they respectively shall in that Behalf order or direct, free from all Incumbrances whatsoever (except the Building Lease or Building Leases to be granted thereof by virtue of this Act).

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be

Common Council empowered to sell any Ground which may not be wanted.

Proviso for previous Offer of Resale to the Person from whom Purchase was made.

ference,

a Jury

In what Case Affidavit herein mentioned deemed Evidence that

lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, to sell and dispose of, and by Indenture under their Common Seal, absolutely to grant and convey such Part or Parts of the said Ground not adjoining to or abutting upon the said Avenues or Approaches, or any other Hereditaments, which shall be taken or purchased by virtue of this Act, as they shall think not proper to let as aforesaid: Provided always, that the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, before they shall sell and dispose of such Ground or Hereditaments, as shall have been purchased or taken for the Purposes of this Act, or any Estate or Interest therein, shall first offer to resell the same to the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, from whom they shall have purchased the same, for such Estate or Interest as such Person or Persons had therein, and sold to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, if such Person or Persons shall be In case of Dif- known, or can be found, for a proportionate Price; and in case the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and any such Person or Persons shall differ and not agree as to the Price or Prices thereof, and such Person or Persons shall nevertheless signify his, her or their Desire to purchase the same, by a Notice in Writing, to be given or left at the Office of the said Comptroller of the Bridge House Estates, within Fourteen Price settled by Days after such Offer, at a Price to be adjusted and settled by a Jury, to be summoned, as in Cases of Purchases made by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, as herein mentioned, mutatis mutandis, such Notice shall be deemed an actual Contract for Purchase of the said Premises, as against the Party or Parties giving the same, at the Price which shall be adjusted and settled by such Jury; and in case such Person or Persons shall not be known and cannot be found, or shall not agree to repurchase such aforesaid Interest therein, or shall not give such Notice of his, her or their Intention of purchasing the same within Fourteen Days after such Offer, or in case the Owner or Owners of the Premises purchased were not found or known at the Time that the same were taken for the Purposes of this Act, then and in every such Case, an Affidavit being made and sworn before a Master or a Master Extraordinary in the High Cburt of Chancery, or before One of the Aldermen of the said City of London, by some competent Person or Persons, stating

that such Person or Persons were not known and could not be Owner of Prefound, or that such Offer was made by or on the Behalf of the mises was unsaid Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assem- known when bled, and was not then and thereupon agreed to by the Person or Purchase made, Persons to whom the same was so made, and that such Notice as aforesaid was given, or that the Owner or Owners thereof were unknown when the same Premises were purchased (as the Case may be), shall in all Courts be sufficient Evidence and Proof that such Person or Persons were not known or could not be found, or that such Offer was made and not agreed to by the Person or Persons to whom it was made, and that such Notice as aforesaid was not given, or that the Owner or Owners were unknown when the Premise were purchased (as the Case may be).

LIX. And be it further enacted, That the Receipt or Receipts Receipts of the of the said Chamberlain or his known Clerk, for any Purchase Chamberlain or Monies, Rents or Profits, or other Sum or Sums of Money pay. his Clerk, to be able unto him by virtue of this Act, shall be a sufficient and effectual Diseffectual Discharge, or sufficient and effectual Discharges for the Money in such Receipt or Receipts expressed or acknowledged to be received; and that the Purchaser or Purchasers to whom the same respectively shall be given shall not afterwards be answerable or accountable for the Misapplication, or Nonapplication, or be in any wise obliged or concerned to see to the Application of the Money in such Receipt or Receipts ex-

pressed or acknowledged to be received.

LX. And be it further enacted, That any of the Monies to be Premises to be paid into the Bank of England as Satisfaction or Compensation sold may be for any Wharfs, Warehouses, Houses, Buildings, Lands, Grounds, Purchased with Tenements or Hereditaments, taken or used for the Purposes of this Act, which belong to the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens in their own Right, or are vested in them as Part &c. of the said Bridge House Estates as hereinbefore is mentioned, shall and may be laid out and invested under the Direction and Approbation of the said Court of Chancery, in Manner hereinbefore directed, in the Purchase of the Ground Rents and Reversions, Ground and Hereditaments authorized to be sold, as lastly hereinbefore is mentioned, or any of them.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Sum Purchase and Sums of Money which shall be received by the said Cham- Monies and berlain from any Sale or Sales hereinbefore directed to be made, Rents to be and also the Rents (if any) which shall be received from all the applied to any of the Purposes said Pieces or Parcels of Ground, so to be demised as aforesaid, of the Act. or any of them, until the same shall be sold, shall (after Payment of the Costs and Expences of the said Sale or Sales which are hereby directed to be paid thereout) be applied in paying off the Monies to be advanced by virtue of this Act, as hereinafter is mentioned, or may be invested in Aid and Augmentation of the Sinking Fund intended to be established by and with the Residue or Surplus of the Yearly Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds, and such additional Sum, if any, as is hereinafter required to be set apart in the same Manner as hereinafter is directed concerning the same, or may be applied to any other the Purposes of this Act.

Commissioners of Customs, &c. with Consent of Treasury, may remit Duties of Customs and Excise on Materials used for Building the new Bridge and Appurtenances.

LXII. And be it further enacted. That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Excise of England, Ireland and Scotland respectively, and with the Consent and under the Authority in Writing of the Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or for any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being respectively, to remit all or any Proportion of the Duties of Customs or Excise respectively, or to order the same to be drawn back or repaid, for, upon or in respect of any Stone, Bricks, Timber or other Materials, which shall be bond fide procured for and used in the building of the said Bridge and Appurtenances, under the Provisions of this Act; and such Duties shall in every such Case be remitted, drawn back or repaid, as the Case may be, under such Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, and in such Manner as shall be ordered and directed by the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in that Behalf; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Tressury to advance 150,000L to the Corporation out of the Consolidated Fund for the Purposes of this Act.

LXIII. And for the more readily and effectually accomplishing the Purposes of this Act, be it further enacted. That there shall be advanced and paid from and out of all or any of the Duties, Revenues and Incomes composing the Fund called The Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of One hundred and fifty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, the same to be paid by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, to the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, or to the Chamberlain of the City of London for the Time being, free and clear of all Fees and Deductions whatsoever, from time to time, as the same may be required, not less than Ten thousand Pounds in the first Year after the passing of this Act, and not less than Twenty thousand Pounds in each succeeding Year, until the Whole of the said Sum of One hundred and fifty thousand Pounds shall be paid; and which Sum or Sums of Money shall be applied and disposed of by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, in, for and towards the Purposes of this Act or any of them.

Corporation empowered to raise Money on the Credit of the Bridge House Estates.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to raise any Sum or Sums of Money on the Credit of the Rents and Profits of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments called The Bridge House Estates, to which they are entitled as Trustees as aforesaid, with their Appurtenances, by borrowing and taking up Money at Interest, by way of Mortgage, of the said Rents and Profits of the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any of them, or any Part thereof respectively, (subject to the Yearly Sum hereinafter directed to be set apart for Payment of the existing Charges on the said Estates, and for other Purposes hereinafter mentioned,) or by the Sale of Life Annuities, to be payable out of and charged upon the same Rents and Profits, or any of them, or any Part thereof,

subject as aforesaid, during the Life or Lives of the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or of such Person or Persons, either with or without Benefit of Survivorship, as shall be nominated by such Purchaser or Purchasers, or by the Sale of redeemable Annuities, to be payable out of and charged upon the same in Manner respectively hereinafter mentioned, or by more than One of or all the said Ways and Means, as to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall seem most ex-

pedient.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That for securing the Payment Mortgages to be of the Sums of Money to be borrowed and taken up by way of made by De-Mortgage, at Interest as aforesaid, and the Interest thereof, it mise. shall be lawful for the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens. and they are hereby authorized and empowered by any Writing or Writings under their Common Seal, to mortgage, charge or demise the said Rents and Profits, or any Part or Parts thereof (subject as aforesaid), unto the Person or Persons who shall advance or lend such Sum or Sums of Money, or such other Person or Persons as they shall direct, as a Security or Securities for the Money so to be borrowed, with Interest for the same, and a separate and distinct Mortgage shall be made in respect of each and every Sum of Fifty Pounds so to be borrowed; and every such Mortgage shall be in the Words or to the Effect following; that is to say,

By virtue of an Act, made and passed in Form of Mortthe Fourth Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, gage. 'intituled [here set forth the Title of the Act], We, the Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, in Con-' sideration of the Sum of Fifty Pounds, advanced and lent by upon the Credit and for the Purposes of the said ' Act, and paid by him or her [as the Case may be] into the Chamber of the City of London, do grant, bargain, sell and demise unto the said Executors, Adminis-' trators and Assigns, such Proportion of the Rents and Profits of the Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments called The Bridge House Estates (subject to the Charges in the said Act mentioned), as the said Sum of Fifty Pounds doth or shall bear to ' the whole Sum borrowed by virtue of the said Act upon the Credit of the same Rents and Profits, to be had and holden from ' the Day of the Date of these Presents, until the said Sum of Fifty Pounds, with Interest for the same, after the Rate of per Centum per Annum, shall be fully repaid and In Witness whereof, the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, have caused their Common Seal to be hereunto affixed the Day of in the Year of our Lord

And every such Mortgage shall be valid and effectual in the Valid in Law. Law; and all such Mortgages shall be numbered, commencing with Number One, and so proceeding in arithmetical Progression ascending, whereof the Difference shall always be One in respect of every Sum of Fifty Pounds, for which a separate Mortgage shall be so granted as aforesaid.

Money may be raised by granting Annuities on Lives.

said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council asset bled, shall think it advantageous to raise all or any Part of the Money to be borrowed or raised upon the Credit of the Ren and Profits of the Bridge House Estates under this Act, by the granting Annuities for Lives, it shall and may be lawful for the . said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, and they are hereb authorized and empowered, by Writing under the Common Sa of the said City, to grant One or more Annuity or Annuits to any Person or Persons, being a Subject or Subjects of the Realm, who shall advance and pay into the Chamber of the City any Sum or Sums of Money, for the absolute Purchase of an such Annuity or Annuities; each of the said Annuities to be pass and payable during the Life of the Purchaser thereof, or such other Person as shall be nominated by or on the Behal of such Purchaser, at the Time of the Payment of his or he Purchase Money; and the Grant of every such Annuity shall be in the Words, or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

LXVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case the

Form of Grant cof Annuity.

By virtue of an Act made and passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, intituled [here set forth the Title of this Act], We, the Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, in Consideration of the Sum of in Hand paid by into the Chamber of the said City, for the Purposes of the said Act, do hereby grant unto the said Executors, Administrators and Assigns, One out of such Propor-Annuity or Yearly Sum of tion of the Rents and Profits of the Bridge House Estates (subject to the Charges in the said Act mentioned), as the Sum doth or shall bear to the whole Sum borrowed of by virtue of the said Act, on the Credit thereof, which Ar shall be paid at the Office nuity or yearly Sum of of the Chamberlain of the said City to the said Life Assigns, during the Term of Execu (or as the Case may be, to the said tors, Administrators and Assigns, during the Life of Day ), by Quarterly Payments, upon the and of Day of Day of in every Year; and the first Day of Quarterly Payment thereof shall be made upon the next ensuing the Date of these Presents Witness whereof, the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, have caused their Common Seal to be hereunto at fixed, the Day of of our Lord

Paid without Deduction.

And every such Grant shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law, and all Annuities to be granted as aforesaid shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, free from all Charges and Deductions, out of the said Rents and Profits.

Restriction as to Grants of Annuities. LXVII. And for preventing any improvident Grants of Annothics under this Act, be it further enacted, That no Annuities shall be granted by virtue of this Act for any single Life, at any higher Rate of Rates than the following; (that is to say,) where the

Age of the Annuitant, or Person for whose Life the Annuity shall be granted, shall not exceed Thirty five Years, the Annuity to be granted shall not exceed the Rate of Eight Pounds Three Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money paid for the Purchase thereof; where the Age of such Person shall not exceed Forty Years, the Annuity to be granted shall not exceed the Rate of Eight Pounds Ten Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of such Consideration Money; where the Age of such Person shall not exceed Forty five Years, the Annuity shall not exceed the Rate of Nine Pounds for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; where the Age of such Person shall not exceed Fifty Years, the Annuity shall not exceed the Rate of Nine Pounds Twelve Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; where the Age of such Person shall not exceed Fifty five Years, the Annuity shall not exceed the Rate of Ten Pounds Eight Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; where the Age of such Person shall not exceed Sixty Years, the Annuity shall not exceed the Rate of Eleven Pounds Eight Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; where the Age of such Person shall not exceed Sixty five Years, the Annuity shall not exceed the Rate of Twelve Pounds Seventeen Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; where the Age of such Person shall not exceed Seventy Years, the Annuity shall not exceed the Rate of Fifteen Pounds One Shilling for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money; and where the Age of such Person shall not exceed Seventy five Years, the Annuity shall not exceed the Rate of Eighteen Pounds Ten Shillings for each One hundred Pounds of the Consideration Money.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Mortgages and the several Persons entitled for the Time being to any of the Annuities may Mortgages for the Money which shall be borrowed, or to any of be assigned. the Annuities which shall be granted as aforesaid, or their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns (as the Case may be), at any Time, by Writing under their respective Hands and Seals, to assign or transfer the same to any Person or Persons being a Subject or Subjects of this Realm; and every such Assignment or Transfer shall be in the Form or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

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I, \frac{A.B.}{of} of
                                           being entitled to the Sum Form of As-
                            [or, an Annuity of
' by virtue of a Mortgage [or, Grant of an Annuity], bearing
                                  Day of
' Date the
' in the Year of our Lord
                                                 under the Common
' Seal of the Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, upon the Credit of the Rents and Profits of the
' Bridge House Estates, subject as therein mentioned, do hereby,
  in Consideration of the Sum of
                                                                 to me
  paid by
                                  , assign and transfer unto the said
                       , Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all
' my Right and Interest in and to the said Principal Sum of
                     thereby secured, and all Interest now due and
                                                           ' hereafter
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], signment.

- ' hereafter to grow due thereon [or, the said Annuity or Year thereby secured, and all Arre
- ' thereof]. In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my Ha
- Day of ' and Seal, the in the Year of o

' Lord

C. 50.

Entering thereof by Chamber-

Which Transfer shall within Twenty Days after the Date there be produced to the Chamberlain of the said City, or his known Clerk, who shall cause an Entry or Memorial to be made there containing the Date, Names of the Parties and the Sum Money or Annuity thereby transferred in the said Register Box to be kept for entering Copies of the original Mortgages # Grants of Annuities; for which Entry the said Chamberlain sha be paid the Sum of Five Shillings and no more; and after and Entry made, but not before, every such Assignment shall entil the Assignee or Assignees, and his, her or their Executors, Ad ministrators and Assigns, to the Benefit of the Monies there assigned or transferred, without any further Registry or Memoria

thereof, except as aforesaid.

Money may be borrowed at lower Interest to pay off ex-isting Mortgages.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the said City, in Common Common seembled, shall at any Time be able to borrow or take up any Sum or Sums of Money, at a lower Rate of Interest then shall happen to be payable upon any of the original or other Mortgages which may have been granted by the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, under or by virtue of this Act, and which may happen to be then existing, it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, from time to time to charge the like Proportion of the Rents and Profits of the said Bridge House Estates, in Manner aforesaid, with any Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed at such lower Rate of Interest. and the Interest thereof at such lower Rate as aforesaid, and therewith to pay off and discharge any of the said original or other Mortgages bearing a higher Rate of Interest, according the Directions and Regulations hereinafter prescribed for paying off Mortgages.

Money may be raised on Bonds at Interest.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall think it advisable to raise all or any Part of the Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed or raised by virtue of this Act, on the Credit of the Rents and Profits of the said Bridge House Estates, subject as aforesaid, upon the Security of Transferable Bonds, then upon Payment of all such Monies so to be raised, into the Chamber of the said City by such Instalments, in said Proportions, at such Times, and in such Manner, as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall direct, the Persons who shall contract to advance or contribute any Part of the said Monies shall, in respect of the Sums which they shall so respectively advance, be entitled to Interest at such Rate as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall think reasonable, to commence from the Fifth Day of January next preceding the Date therei, to be payable Half Yearly, and to continue until the Payment of each respective principal Sum.

LXXI. And

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Mayor, Alder- Common men and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall cause a Council to Bond or Note, or other Security in Writing, under the Common cause Bonds or Seal of the said City, to be delivered to every Person advancing to be given, any Part of the said Monies for the Payment of such Interest, assignable by in respect thereof, out of such Proportion of the Rents and Endorsement. Profits of the said Bridge House Estates, subject as aforesaid, as the Sum advanced shall bear to the whole Sum borrowed and to be borrowed by virtue of this Act, on the Credit thereof, until redeemed, as is hereinafter mentioned, which Bonds, Notes or other Securities, shall be assignable by Endorsement.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Mayor, Alder- Upon Notice of men and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall give or paying off cause to be given Notice in The London Gazette, and also in Two Bonds and or more Daily Papers published in the City of London or West-Monies, Inminster, of their Intention to pay off such Bonds as shall by virtue terest to cease. of this Act be granted in respect of the said Sum and Sums of Money to be raised as aforesaid, and at the End of Six Calendar Months next after such Notice shall be given, upon Payment or Tender of the respective Principal Sums for which such Bonds shall have been given, together with Interest for the same respectively, up to the Day of such Payment or Tender, to or for the Person or Persons then entitled thereto, at the Office of the Chamberlain of the said City, the Interest payable to such Person or Persons respectively shall cease and determine: Provided nevertheless, that such Person or Persons, at any Time after such Notice shall have been given as aforesaid, shall, at the Expiration of Ten Days next after a Declaration in Writing of his, her or their Intention to receive the same, shall have been delivered at the said Office (such Declaration being delivered between the Hours of Ten in the Morning and Two in the Afternoon), be paid at the said Office the Sum or Sums of Money for which such Bond or Bonds respectively shall have been given, together with Interest for the same Bond or Bonds respectively, up to the Day expressed in such Declaration for receiving the same, and such Interest respectively shall, on the Day specified in such Declaration for Payment, cease and determine.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Chamberlain Securities to be shall enter in a Book or Books kept for that Purpose the Mortgage entered in or Mortgages, Bond or Bonds, and Annuity or Annuities, to be Books, granted upon the Credit of the said Bridge House Estates, in pursuance of this Act, and all Assignments and Transfers thereof, expressing in Words at Length the Names, Surnames, Additions, Places of Abode and other Description of such Person or Persons, as shall from time to time be entitled to such Mortgage or Mortgages, Bond or Bonds; to which Book and Books all and and imported every Person and Persons entitled to or interested in such Mort. without Fee. gages, Annuity or Annuities, shall at all reasonable Times in the Day Time have Access, with free Liberty to inspect the same without Fee or Reward.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the several Persons No Preference to whom any such Mortgages, or any such Grants of Annuities in Payment of for Lives or Bonds, shall have been made as aforesaid, shall be Mortgages and

other Securities

Annuities.

severally entitled to their respective Quota of the said Rents and Profits, in proportion to the Annual Amount of the Interest of the Monies borrowed on Mortgage, and the Annual Amount of the said Annuities, without any Preference by reason of the Priority in Date of any such Mortgage or Grant, or on any other

Account whatsoever.

12,000l. per Annum to be set apart out of the Rents, &c. of the Bridge House Estates. Application thereof.

284

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That for providing a Fund for Payment of the existing Charges upon the said Bridge House Estates, the Expences of managing and improving the same, and the Current Expences of the said Bridge, and for making a Sinking Fund for discharging the Monies to be raised on the Credit of the Rents and Profits of the said Estates by virtue of this Act, the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall and they are hereby authorized and required, yearly and every Year, by and out of the Rents and Profits of the said Bridge House Estates, to set apart, in the First Place, the Yearly Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain; and do and shall, by, with and out of the said Yearly Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds, in the first Place, pay, satisfy and discharge all the existing Charges on the said Bridge House Estates; and in the next Place do and shall apply the same in defraying the Expences of managing and improving the said Bridge House Estates, and the Current Charges and Expences of the said Bridge and of the Repairs thereof, and of lighting and watching the same, and all other Expences in anywise relating thereto; and do and shall, from time to time, pay and apply the Residue, which shall from time to time remain, of the said Yearly Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds, after answering the Purposes aforesaid, either in Discharge of any Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed, or in the Redemption of any Annuities to be granted by virtue of this Act on the Credit of the said Rents and Profits, or at Interest upon any Real Security, or in the Purchase of Stock in any of the Public Funds, in the Name of the Chamberlain, Town Clerk and Comptroller of the Bridge House Estates of the said City of London, for the Time being; and from time to time, as and when the same shall become payable, to invest the Interest and Dividends of any Monies so put out at Interest or invested in such Funds, in any of the aforesaid Securities or Funds, and afterwards at such Time or Times as shall also be determined by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, to call in the said Monies, or to sell, assign, transfer and dispose of the said Securities or Stock, so to be purchased and accumulated, or any Part thereof, and to apply the Money arising thereby, and any Part of the Interest or Dividends thereof, which may not have been invested or laid out in the said Securities or Funds, in paying and discharging any Sum or Sums of Money, or redeeming any Annuity or Annuities as aforesaid.

Rents of the Bridge House Estates to be paid into the Chamber.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Wardens or Keepers of London Bridge shall and they are hereby required from time to time, so long as any Monies advanced by virtue of this Act upon the Security of the Rents and Profits of the said Bridge House Estates shall remain undischarged, subsisting or unredcemed, to pay into the Chamber of the said City the Reats and Profits of the said Bridge House Estates, or such of them, or such Part or Parts thereof, as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the said City of London, in Common Council assembled, shall from time to time direct, reserving the said Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds per Annum to be applied by them in the Manner hereinbefore directed.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That after setting apart How the Rents the said Yearly Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds, the Residue of Bridge which shall from time to time remain of the said Rents and after setting Profits of the Bridge House Estates, shall be paid and applied in apart the said or towards the Discharge of the Interest of the Monies to be Yearly Sum, to secured by Mortgage and of the Annuities to be granted on the be applied. Credit thereof, by virtue of this Act, as and when the same respectively shall become due; and the Residue or Surplus thereof, which shall remain from time to time after full Payment of the said Interest, shall and may be applied in paying off the Monies to be secured by Mortgage, or in Redemption of the Annuities to be granted by virtue of this Act, or may be invested in Aid and Augmentation of the Sinking Fund, intended to be established as hereinbefore is mentioned, by and with the Residue or Surplus of the said Yearly Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds, in the same Manner as hereinbefore is directed concerning the same.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Monies Expences of now in the Public Funds, or in the Possession of the said Wardens Act, Designs, or Keepers of London Bridge, shall be applied in or towards Payment of the Costs, Charges and Expences incident to and to be incurred in or about the obtaining and passing of this Act or in incurred in or about the obtaining and passing of this Act, or in any Money. any wise relating thereto; and the Costs and Expences of all Surveys and Designs for the said new Bridge, and the said temporary Bridge, and the Costs and Expences of erecting the said temporary Bridge as aforesaid, and of taking down the said present Bridge and temporary Bridge, or other the Purposes of this Act.

&c. and tempo-

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Monies now Money raised in the Public Funds or in the Possession of the said Wardens or on Bridge Keepers as aforesaid, and all and every the Sum and Sums of House Estates Money to be raised on the Credit of the Rents and Profits of to be applied towards building the Bridge, House Estates as aforesaid, and the Residue of ing the Bridge, the Rents and Profits of the said Bridge House Estates, after and other Pursetting apart the said Yearly Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds, poses of this until any such Sum of Money shall be raised on the Credit Act. thereof, (except such Part thereof, if any, as shall be applied in Satisfaction of such Costs, Charges and Expences, as aforesaid,) shall be applied in or towards the Erection, and building and completing of the said new Bridge; and if any Surplus thereof shall remain after the said Bridge shall have been completed the same shall be applied to the several other Purposes of this Act.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Monies to be The Corpor-! raised by virtue of this Act shall be misapplied or converted to ation answerany other Use than the Purposes aforesaid, by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or by the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens for the being, or any of their Officers, or any other Person or Persons

Misapplication.

acting under Colour of any Warrant, Power or Authority, by, from or under them respectively, then and in such Case the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, shall be answerable for the same, out of the Revenue of the said Corporation, in any Action or Actions to be brought by any of the Creditors of the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, claiming under or by virtue of this Act, or by the Successors, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, of any such Creditor or Creditors; which said Sum and Sums of Money so recovered shall be applied to the same Uses as the Money so misapplied or converted should or might have been applied to, if such Misapplication had not happened, except that the Costs of Suit shall be deducted and retained thereout, in the first Place, for the Benefit of him, her or them so suing.

Chamberlain to keep Account of Receipts and Disbursements.

286

Account of Bridge House Estates distinct.

Application of Monies laid before Parliament Yearly.

hable in case the Funds, on the Credit of which the Sums of Money respectively shall be raised, should fail.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That from time to time there shall be provided and kept by the Chamberlain of the said City for the Time being One or more Book or Books, in which all the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be raised or received by virtue of this Act, or otherwise received by him, shall from time to time, as the same shall be paid, be entered and set down; and wherein also all the Monies to be paid and disbursed out of the Sum or Sums of Money to be raised or received as aforesaid, shall from time to time be entered and set down; and such Entry shall express the Time when, the Occasion for which and the Names of the Persons to whom the same respectively shall be paid, and the Account of the Receipts and Application of the said Monies received from and to be raised on the Credit of the said Bridge House Estates, shall be kept separate and distinct from the Account of the Receipt and Application of the Sum or Sums of Money to be advanced by virtue of this Act.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be Yearly laid before each House of Parliament a true Copy of the Receipts and Application of the Sums of Money which shall be raised and advanced respectively by virtue of this Act, and of the said Sinking Fund and the Accumulations thereof, and the Sum or Sums of Money (if any) paid off and discharged by and out of the same.

LXXXIII. Provided always, nevertheless, and be it further Corporation not enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, nor any Mortgage, Bond, Note or Security, to be given by the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, to be raised or borrowed by virtue of this Act, and Interest thereon, or any Annuities to be granted in respect thereof, shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to render the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, or their Successors, or their Estates, Revenues and Effects, subject or liable to the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, Interest or Annuities, secured or granted as hereinbefore is mentioned, or any Costs, Charges and Expences, occasioned by the Non Payment thereof, in case the Rents and Profits on the Credit of which the same Sums of Money respectively shall have been raised or granted shall happen to become insufficient; and that the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, shall not be liable to any Action or Suit in respect of any Mortgage, Bond,

Note or Security, to be given by them as aforesaid, excepting in case of Misapplication of any Sum or Sums of Money to be received by them by virtue of this Act, as hereinbefore is expressed; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof

notwithstanding.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Mayor, Corporation not and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, and all Persons acting under their Direction or Authority, shall not be subject or liable to any Action, Suit, Indictment, Claim or Demand whatsoever, for or in respect or on account of any Damage or Injury which may arise to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies, or his or their Houses, Lands, Estates, Vessels or Property, by reason or on account of the increased Rise of the Tide of the said River above the said Bridge, or the Alteration of the Channels or Currents of the said River, or of the Want of Water for navigating the same, nor for or by reason or on account of any other Matter or Thing occasioned by the Removal of the said present Bridge, nor to any Indictment, Action, Suit, Claim and Demand whatsoever, for any Nuisance, Obstruction or Injury, on account of the said Bridge, Approaches or other the Works to be executed under or by virtue of this Act, remaining unfinished, in case the Sum or Sums of Money to be raised and advanced by virtue of this Act shall be insufficient to complete the same.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may Corporation to be lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, appoint Comin Common Council assembled, from time to time to appoint One mittee to carry or more Committee or Committees to manage and transact all or the Act into any of the Matters or Purposes which they the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, are hereby required to do, execute or perform, which Committee or Committees shall have such or so many of the Powers and Authorities by this Act given to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall think fit or proper to delegate to such Committee or Committees.

LXXXVI. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That if any Person, being a Member of the said Committee, shall Persons interbe directly or indirectly interested or concerned in any Contract ested not eliwhich shall be made or entered into, by or on Behalf of such gible for such Committee. Committee, for or concerning any of the Works to be performed or done in pursuance of this Act, or for or concerning any Materials to be used or employed therein, every such Contract shall be void; and the Person who, being a Member of such Committee, shall be so interested or concerned, shall for every such Offence for feit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Penalty 1001. Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, to be commenced within Six Calendar Months next after the Offence committed, in which Action or Suit respectively no Protection, Essoign or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee Persons not or Committees shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and Free of the empowered from time to time to employ any fit Person or Persons, City may be whether

to be liable for Damage occasioned by the Removal of the Bridge, nor for the Bridge finished, if the

employed by Committees. C. 50.

whether free of the said City or not, in or about any of the Works, Matters or Things which they shall cause to be performed or done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, and to contract the Doing and Performance of such Works, Matters and Thing or any of them, with any Person or Persons, in such Manner, the said Committee or Committees shall think fit; and that in Person or Persons who shall be so employed or contracted within, about or for any of the Purposes of this Act, nor any Person or Persons to be set to work by or under them, or any of these shall, for any Act done or to be done in or about the Premise be subject or liable to be sued for any Breach of the Custom of London, or for any Penalty inflicted by any Bye Law of the said City.

Directions for giving Notices for Contracts.

LXXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, Tas previous to the making of any such Contract, Notice shall be given in some of the Daily Newspapers, that such Committee intend to make such Contract, and that all Persons willing a engage therein may make Proposals to the said Committee, at certain Time and Place in every such Notice to be specified; and all Contracts made, or to be made, in consequence of such Notice shall specify the several Works to be done, and the Price of Price is be paid for the same, and the Time or Times when the said Works are to be completed, together with the Penalty to be incurred in case of the Non Performance thereof; and the same shall be signed by the Clerk for the Time being of such Cosmittee, as also by the Person or Persons contracting to perform such Works respectively, and shall be entered in a Book or Book to be kept for that Purpose by such Committee.

Corporation empowered to appoint Clerks and other Officers, taking Security;

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or such Committee or Committees as aforesaid, and they are hereby authorized and empowered respectively from time to time, to nominate and appoint such and so many Clerk, and other Officers and Servants, as they shall find necessary for the Purposes of this Act, and to take (if they shall think is necessary) such Security and Securities for the faithful Execution of such respective Offices as they the said Mayor, Aldermen Commons, in Common Council assembled, or such Committee Committees as aforesaid, shall from time to time think fit; and out of the Money to be received by the said Mayor, and Conmonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, by virtue of this Act to pay or allow unto the Persons so to be appointed respectively. such Salaries, Allowances or Recompences yearly or otherwise. for their Time and Trouble, as to the said Mayor, Aldernen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or such Committee or Committees as aforesaid, shall seem meet and reasonable, and from time to time to remove or suspend them, or any of them, and appoint others in their or his Stead, or in the Room of such

and to allow them Salaries;

and remove them.

Officers misapplying any of the said Monies.

Offices.

XC. And be it further enacted, That if any Chamberlain of the said City of London, or any other Officer or Person, shall, shift Receipt of any of the Monies raised or advanced in pursuance of this Act, divert or misapply the same, or any Part thereof, contraity

as shall die or become incapable of performing their respecting

trary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then such Chamberlain or other Officer, or Person or Persons aforesaid, so misapplying the said Money, shall forfeit Treble the Sum so mis- Penalty. applied, with full Costs of Suit; which said Forfeitures shall be recovered by the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, or their Successors, or by any of the Creditors of the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, or their Successors, claiming under or by virtue of this Act, or the Executors, Administrators or Assigns of any such Creditors, who shall sue for the same by any Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Fixing Lamps. said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or such Committee or Committees as aforesaid, and they are hereby empowered and required from time to time to cause such and so many Lamp Irons or Lamp Posts to be put up and affixed in, upon or along the Sides of the said Bridge, and the said temporary Bridge, if any, or upon any Wall or Pallisade adjoining to and connected with the said Bridge, as they shall think proper; and also to cause such Number of Lamps, of such Sizes and Sorts, to be provided and fixed, to put upon such Lamp Irons and Lamp Posts as they shall think necessary for lighting of the said Bridge, and every or any Part thereof, and shall cause the said Lamps to be kept lighted and burning from Sun setting

to Sun rising throughout the Year.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Per- Wilfully sons shall wilfully break, throw down or otherwise damage or damaging destroy any of the said Lamps, which shall be so erected or con- Lamps, &c. tinued by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or such Committee or Committees as aforesaid, or any of the Posts, Irons or other Furniture thereof, or take away, or throw away any of the Oil from or out of the said Lamps, or extinguish any of the said Lamps when lighted, it shall be lawful for any One or more Alderman or Aldermen of the said City of London, and he and they is and are hereby required, upon Oath made of the Commission of any such Offence, to issue a Warrant or Warrants for apprehending the Party or Parties Proceedings accused; and it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whom- against Of. soever, who shall see such Offence committed, to apprehend, as fenders. also for any other Person or Persons to assist in apprehending the Offender or Offenders, and by the Authority of this Act, and without any other Warrant, to convey him, her or them, into the Custody of a Peace Officer, in order to be secured and conveyed before any such Alderman or Aldermen, to be dealt with as hereinafter is directed; and the Party or Parties accused being brought before any such Alderman or Aldermen, or Oath being made before him or them that such Party or Parties cannot be found and apprehended, such Alderman or Aldermen shall proceed to examine upon Oath any Witness or Witnesses who shall appear or be produced to give Information touching such Offence; and if the Party or Parties accused shall be convicted of such Offence, either by his, her or their own Confession, or upon such Information as aforesaid, he, she or they so convicted, shall forfeit 4 GEO. IV.

forfeit for each Lamp, Furniture and Oil, so broken, damaged, destroyed, taken away, thrown out or extinguished as aforesaid,

A.D. 1823.

C. 50.

Penalty.

any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and full Satisfaction shall be made to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or to their Surveyor, by such Offender or

aforesaid; and in case any such Offender or Offenders shall not on Conviction pay such Forfeiture by him, her or them incurred, and make such Satisfaction as aforesaid, the Alderman or Alder-

Imprisonment.

Negligently

damaging Lamps, &c.

Alderman may order Satisfaction.

Levied by Distress.

Imprisonment.

Guarding and Watching the Bridge.

Offenders, for the Damage so by him, her or them done as men before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, is and are hereby required to commit him, her or them, to the House of Correction for the said City, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, and such Offender or Offenders shall not be discharged before the Expiration of the Time for which he, she or they shall be committed, unless such Forfeiture and Satisfaction shall be sooner paid and given; and if any Person shall negligently or accidentally break, throw down or otherwise damage, take away or waste any of the said Lamps or Oil, or any of the Posts, Irons or other Furniture thereof, and shall not upon Demand make Satisfaction to the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, or to their Surveyor, for the Damage by such Person so done, it shall be lawful for any Alderman of the said City, and he is hereby required, upon any Complaint to be made thereof, to summon the Party complained of, and upon his or her Appearance, or making Default to appear, (Oath being made that the Party complained of was served with such Summons, or that the same was left at his, her or their Dwelling House or Place of Abode, if known, or that he or she could not be found,) such Alderman shall proceed to examine the Matter of the said Complaint, and upon Proof thereof, either by the Confession of the Party complained of, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, shall award and order such Satisfaction to be made by the Party complained of, and for the Damage so done by him, her or them, as to such Alderman shall appear just and reasonable, and shall cause the Sum so awarded in case the same shall not be paid forthwith, upon the making of such Award, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, rendering to him or her the Overplus (if any be), upon Demand, after the Charges of prosecuting such Complaint, and of such Distress and Sale, shall be deducted; and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found, such Alderman may commit the Party complained of to any Gaol or House of Correction for the City of London, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, or until he or she shall pay the Sum so awarded, together with the Costs and Charges as aforesaid.

XCIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or such Committee or Committees as aforesaid, are hereby empowered from time to time, if they see Occasion, to appoint such Number of fit and able bodied Men as they shall think proper, to be armed and clothed in such Manner as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall direct, to be employed as Watchmen, Guards or Patroles, either on Foot or

Horseback, upon the said Bridge, or temporary Bridge (if any), and to appoint any Person or Persons to be Superintendent or Superintendents thereof, and from time to time remove any of the said Superintendents, Watchmen, Guards or Patrole, and to appoint others in their Room, and from time to time to make such Rules, Orders and Regulations for the better governing the Superintendents, Watchmen, Guards or Patroles, and for the watching and guarding the said Bridge, and keeping the Peace thereon, as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or such Committee or Committees as afore-

said, shall think proper.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That the Superintendents, Duty of Watchmen, Guards and Patroles, shall use their best Endeavours Patrole and to prevent Fires, Murders, Burglaries, Robberies, Disturbances, Watchmen. Obstructions, Stoppages, Breaches of the Peace and all Outrages. Misdemeanours and Disorders on or near to the said Bridge, and to that End are hereby jointly and severally empowered and required, without further Warrant, to arrest, apprehend and detain in the Watchhouse of the Ward of Bridge, or in any other Watchhouse or convenient Place, (whether provided or appointed by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or such Committee or Committees as aforesaid, or otherwise,) all Malefactors, Rogues, Vagabonds and other disorderly and suspicious Persons, who shall be found committing any Disorder or Offence, or loitering, wandering or wantonly or negligently obstructing the Passage, or misbehaving themselves, or whom the said Superintendents, Watchmen, Guards and Patroles shall have just cause or reason to suspect of any evil Design, and the Person or Persons so apprehended to convey as soon as conveniently may be, before One or more of the said Aldermen of the said City, to be examined and dealt with accord-

ing to Law.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That the Costs and Charges Lighting and of erecting and maintaining the said Lamp Irons, Lamp Posts Watching paid and Lamps, and the Purchase thereof, and of supplying, main-taining and repairing the same, and of keeping the same lighted as aforesaid, and also the Salaries, Wages and Expences of such Superintendents, Watchmen, Guards or Patroles as aforesaid, and of watching the said Bridge, shall be defrayed and paid out of the Estates and Revenues belonging to the said Bridge.

' XCVI. And Whereas by reason of pulling down Houses and 4 Buildings in pursuance of this Act, there may be Deficiencies in the Produce of Watching, Paving, Cleansing and Lighting Rates, and the Land Tax, within the Ward of Bridge, and within the Parishes of Saint Saviour and Saint Olave, in the Town and Borough of Southwark; Be it therefore further enacted, That after the Occupier or Occupiers of any of the Houses and Build- Compensation ings in the said Ward, and Town and Borough respectively, to for Deficiencies be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, shall have quitted in Ward Rates the Possession thereof, in pursuance of any Notice or Notices to during the be left at or affixed upon the same Premises as aforesaid, and Execution of until the whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built Act. in the said Ward, and Town, and Borough or Parish respectively, upon the Ground fronting the Streets so to be made or altered as U 2 aforesaid.

aforesaid, shall be completed and occupied, the said Mayor Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall out of the Monies to be applied for the Purposes of this Act, ps and make good all such Sum and Sums of Money as shall from time to time be deficient in respect to the Produce of the Assess ment for the Watching and Paving, Cleansing and Lighting Rates and Land Tax, within the said Ward, and in the said Town an Borough, or Parish respectively, by reason or means of the Alter ations arising from the Want of Occupiers in, or the taking down of the said several Houses and Buildings respectively, to be computed according to the Produce of such several or the like Rate and Assessments, as near as the Nature of the Case will admit i such Ward, and in the said Town and Borough or Parish respectively, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eght hundred and twenty two to the Twenty fifth Day of More One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and the same shall be accordingly paid to the several Collectors of the said Rates and Taxes, and such Sum and Sums of Money to be paid and made good as aforesaid shall diminish in proportion to the Value of the Houses and Buildings which from time to time bull be erected and occupied. ' XCVII. And Whereas by reason of pulling down the House

' and Buildings aforesaid, and making the Alterations aforesaid,

in pursuance of this Act, there may be Deficiencies in the Produce of the Church and Poor's Rates in the United Parishes of Saint Magnus and Saint Margaret, London, and the respective Parishes of Saint Saviour and Saint Olave, Southwark; Be it

therefore further enacted, That after the Occupier or Occupiers of any of the said Houses and Buildings in any of the said Parishes respectively to be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, shall have quitted the Possession thereof, in pursuance of any Notice or Notices to be left at or affixed upon the same Pre-

mises as aforesaid, and until the whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built in the said Parishes respectively upon the Ground fronting the Street so to be made or altered as aforesaid shall be completed and occupied, the said Mayor, Aldernes and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall out of the said Monies to be applied for the Purposes of this Act pay and

make good all such Sum and Sums of Money as shall from time to time be deficient in respect to the Produce of the Asserments for Church and Poor's Rates within such Parishes respectively, by reason or means of the Alterations arising from the Want of Occupiers in, or the taking down of the said several Houses, and Buildings situated in such Parishes respectively.

Houses and Buildings situated in such Parishes respectively, according to the Produce of such several Rates and Assessment respectively, in such Parishes respectively, from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty with the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and the same shall be accordingly the control of the same shall be accordingly to the same shall be accordingly the same shall be accordingly the same shall be accordingly to the same shall be accordingly the same shall be accordingly to the sam

hundred and twenty three, and the same shall be accordingly paid to the several Collectors of the said Rates, and such sum and Sums of Money to be paid and made good as aforesaid shall diminish in proportion to the Value of the Houses and Buildings

which from time to time shall be erected and occupied.

'XCVIII. And

Compensation for Deficiencies in Parochial Rates,

' XCVIIL And for indemnifying the Rectors of the respective ' Churches of the said United Parishes of Saint Magnus and ' Saint Margaret, and the respective Parishes of Saint Saviour ' and Saint Olave, and their respective Successors for the Time being, against such Loss as might otherwise accrue to them respectively by reason of taking down the said Houses and ' Buildings; Be it enacted, That after the Occupier or Occupiers Compensation of any of the said Houses and Buildings in the same Parishes for Tithes, respectively, to be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, shall until House have quitted the Possession thereof in pursuance of this Act as &c. are rebuilt. aforesaid, or in pursuance of any Notice or Notices to be left at or affixed upon the same Premises as aforesaid, and until the whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built in such Parishes respectively, upon the Ground fronting the Streets so to be made or altered as aforesaid, shall be completed and occupied, the Tithes or Yearly Sums of Money, or customary Payments in lieu of Tithes and Rectory Rates charged respectively, on such Houses or Buildings as shall be quitted as aforesaid for the Purposes of this Act, and all Arrears and growing Payments thereof, or Annual Sums of Money equal to the Loss in Tithes, or Sums of Money or customary Payments in lieu of Tithes, or Rectory Rates, which the said Rectors of the said Parishes respectively may sustain by the Want of Occupiers in or taking down of such Houses and Buildings respectively, shall be paid and psyable out of the Monies to be applied to the Purposes of this Act to the respective Rectors of the said Parishes respectirely, and their respective Successors for the Time being, clear of all Taxes and Deductions, at the Four most usual Feasts or Days of Payment in every Year; (that is to say,) the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty ninth Day of September, and the Twenty fifth Day of December, by equal Payments in every Year, the first Payment thereof respectively to be made on such of the said Feast Days as shall first and next happen after the Occupier or Occupiers of any of such Houses or Buildings, in such Parishes respectively, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall have quitted the same as aforesaid, together with all Arrears; and such Sum and Sums of Money to be paid and made good as aforesaid shall diminish in proportion to the Value of the Houses and Buildings which from time to time shall be erected and occupied.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That in every or any Case in New Bridge to which by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament, Law or Custom, mark the Exthe present London Bridge is a boundary to the Extent of any tent of Juris-Jurisdiction, Authority, District, Liberty or Privilege on the River diction. Thomes, the new Bridge intended to be built as aforesaid shall be the Boundary, and define the Limits thereof in the same Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as the present Bridge would have done, if the same had not been pulled down.

C. And be it further enacted, That the Northern Half of the New Bridge said intended Bridge, extending from the Abutment to the Centre to be in thereof, shall be and be deemed to be in the said Parish of Saint Parishes in Magnus, and that the Southern Half of the said intended Bridge, which Abutretending from the Abutment to the Centre thereof, shall, if all of the said Abutment shall be in the Parish of Saint Olave, or

the Part thereof in that Parish shall be greater than the Part thereof in the Parish of Saint Saviour, be and be deemed to be in the Parish of Saint Olave; but if all the said Abutment shall be in the Parish of Saint Saviour, or the Part thereof in that Parish shall be greater than the Part thereof in the said Parish of Saint Olave, then the same shall be and be deemed in the said Parish of Saint Saviour.

To prevent various Nuisances herein mentioned.

CI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Penos shall upon the said intended Bridge, or any Carriageway or Footway within the Distance of Fifty Yards from either End thered, run, draw, drive or carry thereon any Truck, Wheel, Sledge, Wheelbarrow, Handbarrow, Bier or Carriage whatever, or roll my Cask or Tub, other than for the necessary loading or unloading thereof, unto, from or out of any Carriage or Cart, or wifely ride, lead or drive any Horse or other Beast or Cattle whatever, on any Footway or Foot Pavement of the said Bridge, or within the Distance aforesaid, or wilfully permit or suffer any Horse or other Beast or Cattle which such Person may be riding or dring. or leading, to go thereon, or shall tie or fasten any Horse or other Cattle to any House, Wall, Fence, Post, Tree or other Time whatsoever, across any of the Highways, Footways or Foot Partments of the said Bridge, or within the Distance aforesaid, or hold or set any Pole, Placard, Cask, Tub, Pail, Bucket, Stool, Basket, Bench or Stall, on or in any such Footway or Foot Pavement, or erect, set up, put or place any Blind, + Shade, or cause any Obstruction or Impediment in such Footway or Foot Parement, or shall on the said Bridge, or in any Street or Place within the Distance aforesaid, from either End thereof, hoop fire, cleanse, wash or scald any Cask or Tub, or hew, saw or cut asy Stone, Wood or Timber, or bore any Timber, or make or repair, or wash or clean any Coach, Chaise, Waggon, Sledge or other Carriage, or the Wheel, Body, Springs or other Part of my Coach, Chaise, Waggon, Sledge or other Carriage, (except such as may want immediate Repair from any sudden Accident on the Spot, and which cannot be conveniently removed for that Purpose,) or wet, slack or mix any Lime, or wet, mix or make any Mortar, or shoe, bleed or farry any Horse or other Beast, unless in case of sudden Accident, or clean, dress, drive or turn loose, any Horse or other Beast or Cattle, or shew or expose any Stallion or Stonehorse, or shew or expose, or exercise or expose to sale any Horse or other Beast, or kill or slaughter, or scald, singe. dress or cut up any Animal, either wholly or in part, or cause or permit any Blood to run from any Slaughter House, Butcher's Shop or Shamble, into any of the Streets or Places within the Distance aforesaid from the said Bridge, or shall sell or assist in selling by Auction or Public Sale, any Cattle, Goods, Wares. Merchandize or Thing or Things whatsoever, or hang up or expose to sale, or cause or permit to be hanged up, placed or exposed to sale, any Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatever, or any Fruit, Vegetables or Garden Stuff, Butcher's Mest or other Matter or Thing, upon the said Bridge, or in, or upon, or so as in project over or upon the Footway or Carriageway of the aid Streets or Places within the Distance aforesaid, or beyond the Line, or on the Outside of the Window or Windows of the House,

† Sic.

Shop or Place, at which the same shall be so hanged up, placed or exposed to sale, or so as to obstruct or incommode the Passage of any Person or Carriage, or leave open, after Sunset, the Door or Window of any Cellar, or other underground Room or Apartment, without having placed or left a sufficient Light therein to warn and prevent Persons passing in the Streets and public Places within the Distance aforesaid from the said Bridge from falling into such Cellars or other underground Rooms or Apartments, or bait or cause to be baited any Bull or other Animal, or throw at any Cock or Fowl in the Manner called Cock throwing, or set up any Fowl to be thrown at in such Manner, or play at Foot Ball, or at any other Game on the said Bridge, or within such Distance as aforesaid, to the Annoyance of any Inhabitant or Inhabitants, or Passenger or Passengers, or shall wilfully break, aid or abet, or assist in wilfully breaking any Glass or Window Panes, or Windows in or belonging to any Dwelling House or Building, or cause, make or assist in making any Bonfire, or wantonly discharge or fire any Gun, Pistol or Blunderbuss, or other Fire Arms, or let off, set fire to or throw any Cracker, Squib, Rocket or other Fire Work, or shall occasion any other Kind of Obstruction or Annoyance in or upon the said Bridge, or any Street or Place within the Distance aforesaid, or shall obstruct or incommode, hinder or prevent the free Passage of any Footway or Causeway, or prejudice or annoy in any Manner whatsoever any Person or Persons travelling, passing or going thereon; then and in every such Case every Person so offending shall forfeit any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and not less than Ten Shill- Penalty. ings; and it shall and may be lawful to and for any Constable or other Peace Officer, or the Wardens or Keepers of the said Bridge, or any Officer or other Person acting by or under their Authority by virtue of this Act, and without any Warrant whatsoever, to seize and apprehend any such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid, and forthwith to convey him, her or them before some Alderman or Aldermen of the said City, in order to his, her or their Conviction for such Offence.

CII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons Improperly shall draw or cause to be drawn upon the said Bridge any Tree drawing Timber or Piece of Timber, or any Stone, otherwise than upon Wheel or Stone. Carriages, or shall suffer any Part of any Tree or Piece of Timber which shall be conveyed upon any Wheel Carriage to trail upon any Part of the said Bridge to the Prejudice thereof; every such Penalty. Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not

exceeding Ten Shillings.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That no Hackney Coach, Improper Chariot, Cabriolet or other Carriage whatsoever licensed to ply standing of for Hire, shall stand for Hire on the said intended Bridge, or Hackney within One hundred Feet from either End of the said Bridge; Coaches, &c. and if any such Coach or other Carriage shall stand upon the said Bridge, or in any of the Streets or Places aforesaid, contrary to this Act, the Driver or Drivers thereof shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, Penalty. to be levied and recovered by such Ways and Methods as by the several Acts of Parliament in Force respecting Hackney Coaches Penalties for Offences are authorized to be levied and recovered.

Assaulting Officers, &c. CIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall assault, interrupt, hinder or disturb any Person or Persons whomsoever employed by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, in the Execution of any Part of this Act, every such Person shall, for any such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Burning temporary Bridge. CV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously burn or destroy or attempt to burn or destroy any temporary Bridge to be erected as aforesaid, every such Person so offending, and being thereof legally convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be liable to be transported beyond the Seas for the Term of his or her natural Life.

or for any Term of Years, as the Court before which any such

Person shall be convicted shall adjudge.

Felony.

Penalty.

Powers of this Act to cease after Ten Years.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That if the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons shall not, within Ten Years from and after the passing of this Act, complete the said Bridge, so at to make the same passable for Horses and Carriages, that the and from thenceforth all and singular the Powers and Authorize vested in them by this Act relating to the said Bridge that cease and determine, to all Intents and Purposes whatsome, save and except as to so much thereof as shall then have been completed.

Exception.

Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines by this Act inflicted or authorized to be imposed (the Manner of levying, recovering and applying whereof is not herein otherwise directed,) shall, upon Proof of the Offences respectively, before any Alderman or Justice of the Peace for the City, County, Liberty or Place where the Offence shall have been committed (as the Case may require), either by the Confession of the Party offending, or by the Oath of any credible Witness or Witnesses (which Oath such Alderman or Justice is in every Case hereby fully authorized to administer), be levied, together with the Costs attending the Information and Conviction, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Alderman or Justice (which Warrant such Alderman or Justice is hereby empowered and required to grant), and the Overplus (if any), after such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and the Charges of such Distress and Sale are deducted, shall be returned upon Demand unto the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels; and in case such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid upon Conviction, then it shall be lawful for such Alderman or Justice to order the Offender or Offenders 50 convicted to be detained and kept in safe Custody until Return

Distress.

can be conveniently made to such Warrant of Distress, unless the Offender or Offenders shall give sufficient Security, to the Satisfaction of such Alderman or Justice, for his or their Appearance before such Alderman or Justice, on such Day or Days as shall be appointed for the Return of such Warrant of Distress, such Day or Days not being more than Five Days from the Time of taking any such Security; and which Security the said Alderman or Justice is hereby empowered to take, by way of Recognizance or otherwise; but if upon the Return of such Warrant

Warrant it shall appear that no sufficient Distress can be had thereupon, then it shall be lawful for any such Alderman or Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, and he is hereby authorized and required, by Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Gaol or Imprisonment. House of Correction of the City, County, Liberty or Place where the Offender shall be or reside, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and all reasonable Charges attending the same, shall be sooner paid and satisfied; and the Monies arising by such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines respectively, when paid or levied, if not otherwise directed to be applied by this Act, shall be from time to time paid into the Chamber of the City of London, and applied and disposed of for the Purposes of this Act, or any of them.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be For securing lawful for any of the said Wardens or Keepers of London Bridge, transient Of-Surveyors or other Officers respectively, and such Person or Per- fenders. sons as they or any of them shall call to their Assistance (and which all Bye standers and other Persons on Demand are hereby required to give), without any Warrant or Authority than this Act, to seize or detain any Person or Persons being unknown to such Wardens or Keepers, Surveyors or other Officers, who shall commit any Offence or Offences against this Act, and take him, her or them before any Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices of the Peace for the City, County, Liberty or Place, where the Offence or Offences shall be committed; or such Offender or Offenders shall be seized and apprehended, and such Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, shall and is hereby required to proceed and act with respect to such Offender or Offenders ac-

cording to the Provisions of this Act. CIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be Power to mitilawful for any Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, by gate Penalties whom any Judgment, Sentence or Determination, shall be given, and Forfeitures. pronounced or made, concerning any Offence or Offences against

this Act, from time to time, where he or they shall see cause to mitigate, compound or lessen any of the Penalties or Forfeitures by this Act inflicted for the same Offence or Offences, as he or they in his or their Discretion shall think fit, so as such Mitigation or Composition do not extend to remit above One Moiety of any Penalty or Forfeiture inflicted and directed to be levied by this Act; and that every such Mitigation or Composition shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Person or Persons offending respectively, for so much of the Penalty or Forfeiture, Penalties or For-

feitures, as shall be so remitted.

CX. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That it Informer may shall be lawful for the said Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or have Part of Justices, from time to time, if he or they shall see cause, to ad- Penalties. judge that the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, shall pay and apply such Part of the said Penalties and Forfeitures, or any of them, as the said Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, shall think fit, and for the Use of the Informer or Informers, or any Person or Persons (not being a Witness or Witnesses), taking, seizing or assisting therein, or

any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Convictions to be drawn up.

298

CXI. And for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That all and every the Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, before whom any Person or Persons shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, as the Case shall happen; that is to say,

Form of Con-

BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord A. B. is convicted before C. D. One [or Two, as the Case may be,] of the Aldermen of the City of London, or Justices for the Town and Borough of Southwark, [specifying the Offence, and Time and Place when and where the same was committed, as the Case may be,] contrary to the Form of the Statute made in the Fourth Year of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled [here set forth the Title of this Act], and I [or, we] do adjudge, that he hath theretofore forfeited the Sum of [here insert the Penalty], or shall be committed to [Place of Imprisonment] for the Space of [Time of Imprisonment]. Given under my Hand and Seal [or, our Hands and Seals] the Day and Year first above written.'

Distress not to be unlawful for want of Form. CXII. And be it further enacted, That when any Distress shall be made by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Defect or want of Form in the Summons, Conviction or Warrant, or Distress, or in the Appointment of the Officer or Officers, or in any Proceeding relating thereto, nor shall the said Party or Parties be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers ab initio, on account of any Irregularity which shall happen to be done in making the said Distress; but the Party or Parties aggrieved by such Irregularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the Special Damage which he, she or they shall have sustained thereby, with usual Costs, and no more, in an Action of Trespass, or on the Case, at the Election of the Party or Parties so aggrieved.

Appeal.

CXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, and for which no particular Mode of Relief hath been already appointed, such Person or Persons may appeal, if the Cause of such Appeal shall arise in the City of London, to the Aldermen at their Quarter Sessions, to be holden for the said City of London; or if the Cause of Appeal shall arise within the Borough of Southwark, to the Aldermen at their General Sessions for the Borough of Southwark; or if the Cause of such Appeal shall arise within any other Place, to the Justices of the Peace of the General or Quarter Sessions to be holden for the Place where such Cause shall arise, within Three Calendar Months next after such Cause of Complaint shall arise, unless the same shall arise within Twenty one Days preceding such Sessions, in which Case such Appeal may be brought at the Second Sessions after such Cause shall arise; and the said Aldermen or Justices are hereby authorized and required to take Cognizance

nizance thereof, and to hear and determine such Complaint or Complaints, and shall and may, if they see Cause, by Order of such Sessions, mitigate at their Discretion all or any Part of the Penalties may Penalties or Forfeitures laid upon or incurred by the Party or be mitigated. Parties complaining, or vacate or set aside the Conviction or Convictions, and set the Parties at liberty, or otherwise may ratify or confirm the same, with such Costs as to them in their Discretion shall seem reasonable, and to levy by their Order or Warrant such Costs so awarded by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons who shall refuse to pay the same; and for want of sufficient Distress, to commit such Person Imprisonment. or Persons to the common Gaol for the said City of London, or the Town and Borough of Southwark, or County or Place wherethe Cause of Appeal shall arise, for any Time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, or until Payment of such Costs: Provided always, that the Person or Persons so appealing as aforesaid shall and he, she and they are hereby required to give Notice in Writing of such his, her or their Intention of bringing or prosecuting such Appeal Fourteen Days before the said Quarter Sessions, and shall before such Notice given enter into a Recognizance before One or more Alderman or Aldermen of the City of London, or Justice or Justices of the Peace where the Cause of Appeal shall arise, in the Sum of Twenty Pounds, with Two sufficient Sureties in the Sum of Ten Pounds each, with condition to prosecute such Appeal, and to pay all Costs, in case such Appeal shall be determined against the Party or Parties so appealing.

CXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Proceedings to be Proceedings had touching the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders against not to be quashthis Act, or any Order made, or any other Matter or Thing to be done or transacted in or relating to the Execution of this Act, shall be vacated or quashed for want of Form only, or be removed or removable by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster (except as hereinbefore is mentioned); any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Action or Suit shall be commenced or brought for any Thing Actions. done in pursuance of this Act, until Fourteen Days' Notice shall have been given, or after Satisfaction or Tender thereof shall have been made to the Party aggrieved, or after Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and every Action or Suit shall be laid, brought and tried in the County, City or Place, where the Cause of Action shall have arisen, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit General Issue. may at his, her or their Election, plead specially or the General Issue, and give this Act or the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to be so done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought before Fourteen Days' Notice thereof shall be given as aforesaid, or after sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or

after the Time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other City or County than as aforesaid, then

CXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Limitation of

Treble Costs.

the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for his, her or their Costs in any other Cases by Law.

Rights of His Majesty, and of the Corporation of London, not to be prejudiced.

Cases by Law.

CXVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prejudice or derogate from the Estates, Rights, Interests, Privileges, Franchises, or Authority of the King's Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or of the Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or their Successors, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the Time being, or to prohibit, defeat, alter or diminish any Power, Authority or Jurisdiction, which at the Time of making this Act His Majesty, or the Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or the Lord Mayor of the said City for the Time being, as Conservator of the River of Thames, did or might lawfully claim, use or exercise; and further, that it shall be lawful for the Lord Mayor of the said City for the Time being, in like Manner as he hath used to do in other Cases, to enquire of, hear and determine, by Presentment or Indictment taken before him, as Conservator of the said River and Water, all Offences contrary to this Act; and upon Conviction of the Offender or Offenders to impose a Penalty or Penalties on him, her or them, not exceeding the Penalty or Penalties hereby inflicted for such Offence or Offences; but no Person shall be punished Twice for one and the same Offence.

Proviso for Commissioners of Sewers. CXVII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend to prejudice, diminish, alter or take away any of the Rights, Powers or Authorities vested in the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London, or the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits extending from East Moulsey in the County of Surrey, to Ravensbourne in the County of Kent, except as hereinbefore is enacted.

Proviso for Acts for paving Southwark. CXVIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to give to or invest the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, in Common Council assembled, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, with any Right, Power or Authority which may at all interfere with the Rights, Powers, Authorities or Provisions heretofore granted by an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for paving Streets and Lanes within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of Surrey, and for cleansing, lighting and watching the same; and also the Courts, Yards, Alleys and Passages thereto; and for preventing Annoyances therein; and by an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to explain and amend so much of an Act of the Sixth Year of His present Majesty for paving the Town and Borough of Southwark, in the County of Surrey, as relate to the Commissioners of Sewers; and for regulating the Manner of taxing Churches,

6 G.S. c.24.

11 G.3. c.17.

Churches, and other Public Buildings, within the Limits of the said Act; and also by another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of 52 G. 3. c.xiv. the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes and other public Passages and Places within the Manor of Southwark, otherwise called the Clink, or Bishop of Winchester's Liberty, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, Southwark, in the County of Surrey; and also an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His 26 G.3. c.131. said late Majesty, intituled An Act for making, widening and keeping in Repair certain Roads in the Parishes of Lambeth, Newington, Saint George Southwark, Bermondsey and Christ Church, in the County of Surrey; and for watching and lighting the said Roads; and also by an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year 28 G.3. c.68. of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for enabling the Commissioners for putting into Execution an Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for paving the Streets and Lanes within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of Surrey; and for cleansing, lighting and watching the same, and also the Courts, Yards, Alleys and Passages adjoining thereto, and for preventing Annoyances therein, to open, widen and better regulate the several Streets, Lanes and Passages within the East Division, in the said Act described; and also by another Act, passed in the Forty 44 G.S. fourth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An c.lxxvi. Act for altering and amending an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for paving the Streets and Lanes within the Borough of Southwark, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of Surrey, and for cleansing, lighting and watching the same; and also the Courts, Yards, Alleys and Passages adjoining thereto, and for preventing Annoyances therein, so far as the same relates to the West Division thereof, as therein mentioned; and by another Act, passed in the Forty seventh Year of His said late 47 G.3. sess. 2. Majesty, intituled An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of c. cxv. the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for making and keeping in Repair certain Roads in the Parishes of Lambeth, Newington, Saint George Southwark, Bermondsey and Christ Church, in the County of Surrey, and for watching and lighting the same Roads; and also by an Act, passed in the Forty second Year of His said 42 G.3. c.lxxvi. late Majesty, intituled An Act for repealing the Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, for more effectually repairing the Roads leading from the Stone's End, in Blackman Street, in the Borough of Southwark, in the County of Surrey, to Highgate, in the County of Sussex, and several other Roads therein mentioned, and for granting other Powers for those Purposes; but all the Rights, Powers and Authorities vested in the said several Commissioners for carrying the said several Acts into Execution shall be as good, valid and effectual as if this Act had not been made, save and except as in and by this Act is herein particularly otherwise declared and enacted.

CXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be Public Act. deemed and taken to be a Public Act; and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

**SCHEDULE** 

# SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

No. of	Situation.	Freeholders.	Leaseholders.	Occupien.
House.				<u> </u>
23	LONDON SIDE. Fish Street Hill (West Side)	Parish of Saint Mag- nus	William Hughes, William Joseph Stockdale, and Frederick Thorn- bills.	William Jos Stockdale Frederick I hills.
Ditto	Swan Tavern	Ditto	William Hughes, William Game.	William Game
24	Fish Street Hill	Ditto	William Hughes, William Joseph Stockdale, and Frederick Thorn- hills, and William Parke.	William Parke
		Corporation of London (as		]
26 27 28 121	Fish Street Hill and Upper Thames Street	Trustees) Mercers' Company, James Davidson,	James Davidson, Fishmongers' Com- pany.	James Devices, William Pade
122	Upper Thames Street			Charles Dusten Charles Clark
123	(North Side) Ditto 3 Tun Court (3 Tuns Public House)	pany Ditto	Charles Clark. Goodwin, Skinner and Co.	John Pegh
124 125	Upper Thames Street (North Side) Ditto	Parish of Saint Mag- nus William and	Jacob Wrench, Wil- liam Thatchell.	Theschell and Class
126	Ditto	Thomas Jones Fishmongers' Company	William and Thomas Jones	William and The Jones.
127 } 128 }	Ditto	Fruen Turner	William and Thomas Jones Francis Child.	William and The Jones Francis Child
116 and wharf	Upper Thames Street			Marmaduke The
117	(South Side) Ditto	non Ditto	Philip Green, Philip Green and Daniel Green.	Philip Green, P Green and Da Green.
118 A	Ditto Church Yard Alley	Joseph Wallinger Church Yard of Saint Magnus.	Ditto	Ditto.
В	Ditto	Rectory House, the Reverend Thomas Leigh.		Empty.
3	Ditto	Corporation of Lon- don (as Trustees)		Robert Shape.
2	Ditto	Fishmongers' Com- pany	Corporation of Lon- don (as Trustees).	Richard Till
110	Ditto	Ditto Benjamin Hanson	Ditto	John Harris Henry Neal S
A	Opper Timmes octeet	Inglish	Henry Neal	Thomas Basics
.A.	Ditto (Engine House)	Corporation of Lon- don (as Trustees),		
120	Ditto	Corporation of Lon- don (as Trustees), Fishmongers' Com- pany	Corporation of Lon- don (as Trustees), Executors of Henry Roxby, Charles Armstrong.	Charles Arm- strong.

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3	o. of louse.	Situation.	Freeholders.	Leaseholders.	Occupiers.		
î.	3 3	London Bridge Foot (North)  Ditto - BridgeWard Watch-	Corporation of London (as Trustees)  Ditto Ditto	Francis Hall, George Frederick Merriman. Charles Bartrum Executors of Heary Roaby, Charles Armstrong.	John Epps. Michael Slater and Inmates. Charles Bartrum. Charles Armstrong.		
1		Mault's Wharf	Corporation of Lon- don (as Trustees) City of London	Bridge Ward  Corporation of London (as Trustees).	Corporation of Lon- don (as Trustees).		
. '	<b>c</b> 1		Perish of St. Maguns	Charles Bentley, Daniel Francis Field, Stephen Child, Corporation of London (as Trustees),	Empty.		
•	Lower Thames Street (North Side)  Ditto		The Crown  John Thomas Bell	William, Peter, James and Robert M'Andrew	William, Peter, James and Robert M'Andrew. John Thomas Bell,		
•		Ditto Fresh Wharf	The Crown	John Knill	and Andrew For- syth. John Knill, John Thomas Bell and		
- 1	19 <del>]</del>	Ditto (North Side)	Adam Oldham James Magnall		William Miller. Andrew Forsyth.		
Ŀ	22	Ditto Ditto	Alexander Adam William Freeman Read	William Knox Child	Lydia Adem. William Knox Child.		
	23 14	Ditto	William Child Ditto		John Knox Vade, Charles Smith. William Child and		
1	6	Lower Thames Street (North Side)	City of London Parish of St. Magnus	Executors of Jacob Wrench.	William Knox Child. Jacob George Wrench, John Wrench and Ed.		
ţ <sub>a</sub>	7	Ditto	Parish of St. Magnus	Executors of Jacob Wrench,	ward Wrench. Joseph York Hatton.		
9	0	Fish Street Hill, (East Side)	Ditto	Joseph York Hatton. Christ's Hospital, John Sharp.	John Sharp and Ha- dareser Sharp.		
\$	13	Ditto	City of London, Parish of St. Mag- nus, Parish of St. Lawrence Poun- teney	John and Mary Su- therland, Richard Gibbs.	Richard Gibbs.		
ı	33	Ditto	The Crown	John Noble, John and Henry Gamble.	John and Henry Gamble.		
! !	<b>32</b> 5	London Bridge Foot, South, in the City of London (West Side)	Corporation of Lon- don (as Trustees)	John Challenor	John Challenor.		
	j		1	,	(continued)		

No. of House.	Situation.	Frecholders.	Lesseholders.	Occupiers.	
324	London Bridge Foot, South, in the City of London (West Side)	don (as Trustees)	Daniel Agace, Clark- son Palmer.	Clarkson Palm	
323	Ditto	Ditto -	Executors of Andrew Jordaine, Benja-	Jordaine, B	
322	High Street, South- wark (West Side)	John Haynes	min Shaw. Richard Harvey and John Haynes.	min Staw. John Haynes as mothy Richard	
321	Ditto	Solomon Davies		Solomon Davie	
319	Ditto - Tumble	Ditto	William Cook	William Cook.	
	Down Dick Pub- lic House				
318	High Street, South- wark	Corporation of Salis- bury	Executors of Thomas Evans, Joseph Ovenden.	Joseph Ovender	
317	Ditto	Kennard Smith	William Willmott	William William	
316	Ditto	Ditto	Joseph Parker	Joseph Parket.	
31 <i>5</i> 31 <b>4</b>	Ditto	Parish of Ottery Saint Mary, Devon	Thomas Thomas	John York. Thomas Thomas	
314	Ditto	Ditto Francis Bushell Ree-	Ditto	Thomas Client	
	Pepper Alley (The Watermen's Arms, Pepper Alley Stairs)	ston	Henry Haylyn, Thomas Clifford.		
Λ	Ditto (Dye House, &c.)		Henry Haylyn	Henry Haylyn, John Cannop.	
В	Ditto (Warehouses)	Ditto	John Hopkins	John Rash)	
2	Pepper Alley	John Randall	• •	Joseph Green.	
2,1	Ditto	James Willis		Benjamin Dryer.	
313	High Street, South- wark	Saint Thomas's Hos- pital.	George and John Alderson	George and Joh Alderson. Thomas Wright.	
310	Ditto	William Taylor Thomas L. Fish	James Pike, Thomas Wright, Elizabeth Wright	Elisabeth Wright	
309	Ditto	William Taylor	John Smith	John Smith.	
308	Ditto	— Taylor	Daniel Sharp, Richard Whitton,	John Baily.	
307	Ditto	Ditto	John Baily.	Elizabeth Smedie	
306	Ditto	Ditto	Elizabeth Smedley George Hancock, William Must.	William Must	
305	Ditto	Taylor	George Hancock, William Hall.	William Hall.	
304	Ditto	Ditto	George Hancock, George Brown.	George Brown.	
909	Ditto	Ditto	William Collis, Richard Woolven.	Richard Woolen Robert Bondman	
	Ditto	Ditto	Robert Roadman	Thomas Burdock	
200.2	·	Ditto -	William Sentance,	William Sentanco	
299	Ditto	- Doddington	Daniel Garraway.	1	
298	Ditto	Taylor	Thomas Burdock, John Wiggins,	Sarah Best.	
297	Ditto	Taylor	Taba Chamian	John Sherring	
	Chain Gate The Plough and Harrow Public	The Parish of Saint Saviour	Aaron Williams	Aaron Williams	
8	House Chain Gate	Ditto	and William Tyr-	John Joseph (1)11 and William Tyre	
+		1	rell.	rell.	

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No. of	Situation.	Freeholders.	Leaseholders.	Occupiers.	
7	Chain Gate -	The Parish of Saint Saviour	James Macfarlin	James Macfarlin.	
6 5	Ditto Ditto	Ditto	George Stringer Robert John Thomp-	George Stringer. Robert John Thompson.	
	High Street, South-	Benjamin Hanson Inglish	Philip Kaltenback.	Philip Kaltenback, William Jones,	
<b>1</b>	Ditto	Ditto	Connad Diederech . O'Hage.	Joseph Rattenbury.	
-394	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Connad Diederech O'Hage.	
293 292	Ditto Ditto	George Covey John Ellia	William Pell Joseph Tanner Henry Clark	William Pell. Henry Clark.	
291	Ditto	Ditto	Joseph Tanner Thomas Harrison, James Spencer Knowles,	James Spencer Knowles.	
35	High Street, South- wark (East Side)	Edward Polhill -		Edward Polhill and John Jones.	
34	Ditto	Parish of Saint Saviour	John Richardson	John Richardson.	
33	Ditto	Ditto	Edward Dickenson, John Weslake.	John Weslake.	
. 32	Ditto	Browning -	Elizabeth Englefield, Jenkin Jones.	Jenkin Jones.	
31 <b>a</b>	High Street, South-	Ditto	Elizabeth Englefield, William Whistler.	William Whistler.	
51 A	Ditto	Ditto	Elizabeth Englefield, William Whistler, John Payne and Thomas Bridge Simpson.	John Payne and Thomas Bridge Simpson.	
29 (	Ditto	Richard Critchet and Others	John Payne and Thomas Bridge Simpson.	John Payne and Thomas Bridge Simpson.	
28	Ditto	Ditto	William Payne	William Payne.	
27	Ditto	Saint Thomas's Hos- pital	William Henry Tay-	Willam Henry Tay-	
26	Ditto	Benjamin Hanson and William Bud- den.	William Fall and Robert Thredder	William Fall and Robert Thredder.	
25	Ditto	Ditto	Debora Timbs	Deborsh Timbs, William Timbs.	
24	Ditto	John Mills	Joseph Prestwick and John Blake- way	Joseph Prestwick and John Blake- way.	
\$2 & 25 19 & 20	Ditto	William Monnery		William Monnery.	
	(The Crown and Chequers Wine Vaults)	William Baxter -	Thomas Wallis	Thomas Wallis.	
18	Disto	Ditto	George Withers, George Anderton.	George Anderton.	
17	Ditto	Peter Wyhants Broadley -	Thomas Wallis	Thomas Wallis.	
15	Ditto	Thomas Bridge -	Thomas Bush and William Were.	Thomas Bush and William Were.	
14	Ditto Ditto	David Davidson - Christopher John Hoggins	William Tipping Richard Manning, Sophia Butler,	William Tipping. Sophia Butler.	
4 (	Gro. IV.	x	•	(continued)	

No. of House. Situation.		Freeholders.	Leaseholders.	Occupiers.	
13	Tooley Street (North Side)	Drapers' Company	Robert Wilson	Robert Wilson.	
11	(The White Lion Public House) Ditto (The Roebuck Public House)	Ditto -	James Runnicles	James Runnicles.	
	Topping's Wharf and Premises	Magdalen College, Cambridge	John Brown, John and Henry Scovell		
8	Tooley Street	City of London	John Hopkins	John Hopkins.	
7	Ditto	Tallow Chandlers' Company	John Hopkins	John Hopkins.	
6	Ditto (North Side)	Allison Marshall	l	Allison Marshall.	
5	Ditto	Tallow Chandlers' Company	Benjamin Edging- ton		
4	Ditto	Joseph Thackrah		George Thackrah and Joshua Lockwood	
3	Ditto	Joseph Goodchild	Benjamın Clark and William Maynard Myers	Benjamin Clark and William Maynard Myers.	
3	Ditto	Ditto		Joseph Goodchild,	
3	London Bridge Foot, South (East Side)	Corporation of Lon- don (as Trustees)	William and Michael Drew.	William and Michae Drew.	
3 A	Ditto	Ditto - '-	William and Michael Drew, George Edlin.	George Edlin,	
2	Ditto	Ditto	William and Michael Drew, Thomas Ball.	Thomas Ball.	
1	Ditto	Ditto	Samuel Closs	Samuel Closs.	

#### CAP. LI.

An Act to encourage the Consumption of Beer; and to amend the Laws for securing the Excise Duties thereon.

[8th July 1823.]

WHEREAS Strong Beer or Ale, or Beer or Ale above Sixteen Shillings the Barrel, exclusive of the Duty by Law imposed on such Beer or Ale, and not being Twopenny Ale mentioned and described in the Seventh Article of the Treaty of Union with Scotland, which shall be brewed in Great Britain ' by any Common Brewer, or other Person or Persons who shall ' sell or tap out Beer or Ale publicly or privately, is by Law ' subject to a Duty of Excise of Ten Shillings for every Barrel thereof; and Table Beer, or Beer or Ale of Sixteen Shillings the Barrel or under, exclusive of the Duty by Law imposed thereon, which shall be brewed in Great Britain by any Com-' mon Brewer, or other Person or Persons who shall sell or tap out Beer or Ale publicly or privately, is subject to an Excise ' Duty of Two Shillings for every Barrel thereof: And Whereas ' it is expedient, for supplying the Public with Beer or Ale of an intermediate Strength between Strong Beer and Table Beer, and subject to a proportionate Excise Duty, to make such Pro-'vision as hereinaster mentioned:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in

Beer may be brewed and sold under the Provisions of this Act, subject to Duty of 5s. per Barrel,

Beer to be brewed in the **Proportions** herein mentioned with respect to Malt.

Beer may be sold in Quantities of Nine Gallons and under, at the Rates herein mentioned.

ed with Duty of 10s, per Barrel.

any other Materials than herein described forfeited:

this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, under the Licences, Rules, Conditions and Restrictions hereinafter contained, to brew for sale and sell such Beer or Ale as is hereinafter mentioned, upon Payment of an Excise Duty for the same at and after the following Rate; (that is to say,) for every Barrel, containing Thirty six Galloss Ale Measure, of such Beer or Ale as is hereinafter mentioned, which shall be brewed in Great Britain, to be paid by the Brewer thereof, the Sum of Five Shillings, and so in Proportion for any

greater or less Quantity thereof than a Barrel.

II. And be it further enacted, That all such Beer or Ale se shall be brewed or sold in Great Britain under the Provisions & this Act, shall be and the same is hereby required to be brevel in the Proportion of not less than Five Barrels, containing Thirty six Gallons Ale Measure each, of such Beer or Ale, nor more than Five and a Half of such Barrels, for and from each and every Quarter of Malt which shall be used for the Purpose of brewing such Beer or Ale, and every such Brewer and Brewers shall be charged by the proper Officer with such Duty as aforesaid # and after the Rate of Five such Barrels as aforesaid at the leas, for every Quarter of Malt so used by him, her or them in brewing, or which shall be found at any Time to be deficient in, and on taking an Account of his, her or their Malt Stock, as heremafter mentioned, and for so much more Beer, not exceeding Five Barrels and a Half for every Quarter of Malt so used, as such Officer shall find and ascertain by or on his Survey to have been made by any such Brewer or Brewers, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and that all such Beer or Ale which shall be sold in any Quantity at one Time of Nine Gallous, or One Quarter of such Barrel thereof as aforesaid, or upwards, shall be sold at a Rate or Price not exceeding Twenty seven Shillings the Barrel, and so in proportion for any Quantity greater or less than a Barrel; and that all such Beer or Ale which shall be sold in any Quantity at one Time of less than Nine Gallons thereof, shall be sold at a Rate or Price not exceeding Ten Pence the Gallon, and so in proportion for any Quantity greater or less than a Gal-Beer of a greater lon; and if any Person or Persons who shall make entry to brev Strength charg- such Beer or Ale as aforesaid under the Provisions of this Act. shall brew or cause or permit or suffer any Beer or Ale to be brewed of any greater or less Strength or Quantity than in the Proportions aforesaid, of not less than Five Barrels, containing Thirty six Gallons Ale Measure each, or more than Five and a Half of such Barrels, for and from each and every Quarter of Malt which shall be used for brewing such Beer or Ale, all such Beer or Ale brewed of greater Strength than as aforesaid shall be subject and liable to be charged and shall be charged with Duty at and after the Rate of Ten Shillings for every such Barrel thereof as aforesaid, and so in proportion for any Quantity greater Beer brewed of or less than a Barrel; and if any such Person or Persons as aforesaid shall brew any Porter, or shall use, or cause or permit or suffer to be used, in the brewing of any such Beer or Ale as givesaid, any other Material or Ingredients than Water, Malt, Hops and Yeast, or put into or mix with any such Beer or Ale, or the

Wort or Worts thereof, any Water, or any other Material or Ingredient than Hops and the necessary Quantity of Yeast and Fining for such Beer, Ale or Worts respectively, all such Porter, and all such Beer, Ale and Worts respectively, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and every such Person or Persons so offending as aforesaid, either by brewing, or causing, permitting or suffering to be brewed, any Beer or Ale of greater or less Strength than as aforesaid, or by brewing any Porter, or by adulterating any such Beer, Ale or Worts as aforesaid, shall for every such Offence for- and Penalty feit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and if any Per- 2001. son or Persons shall sell, or cause or permit or suffer to be sold, Selling Beer at any Beer or Ale brewed under the Provisions of this Act in any a higher Price Quantity at one Time of Nine Gallons, or One Quarter of such than the control of the control Barrel thereof as aforesaid, or upwards, at a greater or higher Rate or Price than Twenty seven Shillings the Barrel, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Barrel, or any Quantity of such Beer or Ale at one Time, less than Nine Gallons thereof, at a greater or higher Rate or Price than Ten Pence the Gallon, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Gallon, every such Person shall for every such Offence Penalty 501. forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

III. Provided always, That whenever Malt or Hops shall rise to and be of such Price as, in the Judgment of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, to require that the Brewers and Sellers of Beer or Ale brewed or sold under the Advance of Provisions of this Act should, according to the Intent and Mean- Price of Beer ing thereof, be allowed to sell such Beer or Ale at a higher Rate or Ale. or higher Rates, Price or Prices, than are by this Act specified, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, by any Warrant or Order signed by any Three or more of them, to authorize the Brewers of Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act, or the Retailers thereof, whilst the Price of Malt or Hops shall be so advanced, to sell such Beer or Ale at and after such greater or higher Rate or Rates, Price or Prices, as shall be limited and expressed in such Warrant or Order, without such Brewer or Brewers or other Person or Persons incurring any Penalty or Forfeiture in respect of such Sale or Sales, during the Time that any such Warrant or Order shall be in force and unrevoked or unaltered; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons brew-Persons who shall be desirous of brewing Beer or Ale under the ingsuch Beer Provisions of this Act, and shall make Entry of any House or to take out Premises for that Purpose as hereinafter mentioned, shall, before such Licences he, she or they shall begin to brew any such Beer or Ale, take Brewers of out and pay for an Excise Licence authorizing such Person or Strong Beer, Persons to brew such Beer or Ale; and that every such Person and be subject and Persons so making Entry as aforesaid shall be subject and liable to the same to, and shall pay Duty for every such Licence at and after the Regulations. same Rate and Proportion which is by Law imposed on Licences to Common Brewers of Strong Beer; and every such Licence as aforesaid shall be granted at and for such Times, and under, subject and according to the several Laws and Regulations relating to Licences to be granted to Common Brewers of Strong Beer;

and every such Person and Persons so making Entry and taking out a Licence to brew under the Provisions of this Act, shall in all respects be subject and liable to the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures (except so far as is expressly altered by this Act) to which Common Brewers of Strong Beer are subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at or immediately before the passing of this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Brewer or Brewers who

No Allowances to Brewers taking out Licences under this Act.

Liberty to retail the Beer on their Premises, but no Consumption allowed thereon.

shall make Entry and take out a Licence to brew under the Provisions of this Act shall be entitled to any Allowance or Abatement of the Duty hereby imposed, or on the Return of such Duty, for or in respect of Waste by Fillings and Leakage of such Beer or Ale, or any other Consideration whatsoever, or shall remove to, take or receive at his, her or their Premises entered for brewing Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act, any other Beer, Ale or Porter whatsoever; and that it shall and may be lawful for any such Brewer or Brewers to sell and retail such Beer or Ale st and from such entered Premises, where the same has been brewed, at and after such Rates and Prices respectively as aforesaid, in any Quantity, not being to be drank or consumed upon the Premises where sold, or in any Shop, House, Outhouse, Yard, Garden, Orchard or other Place adjoining the same, or belonging to or occupied by such Brewer or Brewers, or in which he, she or they shall have any Interest or Concern; and that if any Brewer or Brewers of such Beer or Ale as aforesaid shall remove to take or receive, at his, her or their Premises entered for brewing Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act, any other Beer, Ale or Porter whatsoever, or shall sell or retail any such Beer or Ale at or from any Place or Places other than as aforesaid, and not being a Place duly entered for that Purpose as hereinafter mentioned. or to be drank or consumed upon the Premises where sold, or in any Shop, House, Outhouse, Yard, Garden, Orchard or other Place adjoining the same, or belonging to or occupied by such Brewer or Brewers, or in which he, she or they shall have any Interest or Concern, all and every such Brewer or Brewers as afore-

Penalty 100l.

Brewers of other Beer to brew Beer under this Act, upon taking out a separate Licence, and subject to certain Conditions, as to Distances, in respect of Storehouses, Cellars, &c.

said so offending shall, for each and every such Offence respectively, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to brew any Beer, Ale or Porter under the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at or immediately before the passing of this Act, and also to brew Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act, upon taking out distinct and separate Licences for that Purpose, without incurring any of the Penalties or Forfeitures imposed by this Act for having in his Possession for Sale, at the same Time, Beer or Ale brewed under the Provisions of this Act, and also any other Beer, Ale or Porter: Provided always, that no Brewer or Brewers who shall make Entry to brew under the Provisions of this Act shall be a Maltster or Maker of Malt, or interested or concerned in the making of Malt, within the Distance of One Quarter of a Mile in a direct Line from the Premises entered by him, her or them for brewing Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act; and provided, that no such Brewer or Brewers, who shall also be a Brewer or Brewers 1.5

of other Beer, Ale or Porter, shall carry on, or be interested or concerned in carrying on such several Breweries together, or within the Distance of Two hundred Yards in a direct Line of each other; or shall at the same Time have or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession, any Beer or Ale brewed under the Provisions of this Act, and also any other Beer, Ale or Porter brewed under the Provisions of any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force at or immediately before the passing of this Act, in the same Place, Room, Storehouse or Cellar, or in any separate Places, Rooms, Storehouses or Cellars, at a less Distance from each other than Two hundred Yards in a direct Line; and if any Proviso as to Person or Persons shall brew any Beer or Ale under the Pro- Brewers being visions of this Act, and also any other Beer, Ale or Porter, with- Maltsters at the out taking out such distinct and separate Licences for the same same Time. as aforesaid, or shall brew any Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act, and shall at the same Time be a Maltster or Maker of Malt, or be interested or concerned in the making of Malt, within the Distance of a Quarter of a Mile in a direct Line from the Premises by him, her or them entered for brewing Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act, or shall brew any Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act, and also be a Brewer or Brewers of any other Beer, Ale or Porter, and shall carry on, or be interested or concerned in carrying on such several Breweries to-gether, or within the Distance of Two hundred Yards in a direct Line of each other, or shall at the same Time have, or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession, any Beer or Ale brewed under the Provisions of this Act, and also any other Beer, Ale or Porter at the same Place, Room, Storehouse or Cellar, or at any separate Places, Rooms, Storehouses or Cellars, within the Distance of Two hundred Yards in a direct Line of each other; every Persons offendsuch Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence ing. forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and all such Penalty 2001. Beer found in the Custody or Possession of such Person or Per- &c. sons so offending shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Sellers at other for all and every Person and Persons to make Entry as herein- Places than after mentioned, of any Place, Room, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop, Brewery to be House or Outhouse, for the Sale and Retail of Beer or Ale licensed. brewed under the Provisions of this Act, detached from the entered Premises where the same is brewed, and to take out an Excise Licence under the Provisions of this Act, authorizing such Person or Persons to sell by retail, under the Conditions and Restrictions herein contained, any Beer or Ale brewed under the Provisions of this Act; which Licence shall be granted in Manner hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say,) if any such Licence Licences w shall be taken out within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise to be take in Lordon, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the Time being, or of such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for the Time being, shall from time to time direct or employ for that Purpose; and if any such Licence shall be taken out in any Part of England not within the said Limits, the same shall be granted under the re-

X 4

spective

spective Hands and Seals of the several Collectors and Super visors of Excise within their respective Collections and District and in case any such Licence shall be taken out within the Limi of the City of Edinburgh, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of E cise in Scotland for the Time being; or if any such Licence sh be taken out in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, out the said Limits of the City of Edinburgh, then the same shall granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the several C lectors and Supervisors of Excise in Scotland, within their spective Collections and Districts; and the said Commissionen Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or any Two more of them respectively, and the Person to be directed employed by the said Commissioners in England or Scotland spectively, or the major Part of them, and also all such Collect and Supervisors, are hereby authorized and required to gr such Licences to the Persons who shall apply for the same, the Person or Persons so applying first paying for such Licence Duty of Twenty one Shillings, to be applied and accounted for hereinafter directed; and that every such Licence shall expre the End of Twelve Calendar Months after the Day on whi such Licence shall be dated; Provided that no such Licence authorize the Person or Persons taking out the same to sell a Beer or Ale brewed under the Provisions of this Act, to be dra or consumed upon the Premises where sold, or in any She House, Outhouse, Yard, Garden, Orchard or other Place adjoint the same or belonging to or occupied by the Person or Person taking out such Licence, or in which he, she or they shall in any Concern, or to sell, deal in or retail any other Beer or Me Porter whatsoever, or shall entitle such Person or Persons to a Licence to sell or retail Cyder, Wine or Spirits; any thing in a other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwin standing.

Licence Duty.

Such Licence not to authorize the selling of Beer to be drank on the Premises.

Licences to be renewed.

Retailing without Licence, or without renewing the same.

Retailing Beer without Licence, or selling to be drank on the Premises, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no such Person or Pe sons shall sell any Beer or Ale, brewed under the Provisions this Act, in any Place, Room, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop, Hou or Outhouse, whether entered or not entered for that Puppe detached from the entered Premises where the same was brewe after the Expiration of such his, her or their Excise Retail cence; and every such Person and Persons shall take out a free Retail Licence for that Purpose in the Manner hereinbefore rected, before the Expiration of such former Retail Licence, and so in like Manner renew every such Licence from Year to Year; and if any Person or Persons shall sell any Beer or Ale, brewed under the Provisions of this Act, at any Place, Room, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop, House or Outhouse detached from the entered Premises where the same was brewed, without first taking out an Excise Retail Licence authorizing him, her or them so to do, or without renewing the same as is herein in that Behalf directed, or shall sell any such Beer or Ale to be drank or consumed upon the Premises where sold, or in any Shop, House, Outhouse, Van, Garden, Orchard or other Place adjoining the same, or below, ing to or occupied by the Person or Persons taking out such Licence, or in which he, she or they shall have any Interest of Concern,

Concern, or shall sell, deal in or retail any other Beer or Ale or Porter whatsoever; every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds: Pro- Penalty 501. vided always, that Persons trading in Partnership and in One One Licence House or Shop only, shall not be obliged to take out more than sufficient for One Licence in any One Year, for selling any such Beer or Ale Persons trading brewed under the Provisions of this Act, and that no One Licence in Partnership. which shall be granted by virtue of this Act shall authorize or empower any Person or Persons to sell any such Beer or Ale, brewed under the Provisions of this Act, in any other Place, Licence good Room, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop, House or Outhouse, than the only for Places Place, Room, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop, House or Outhouse, entered. whereof Entry in Writing shall be made at the Office of Excise, in the Name or Names of such Person or Persons for selling such Beer or Ale brewed under the Provisions of this Act, at the Time of granting such Licence, and in respect whereof such Licence shall be granted.

IX. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Duties under Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Management of England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the Time being; and such thereof as shall arise in Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the Time being.

X. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Duties how Sums of Money above mentioned and hereby imposed and made to be levied. payable as aforesaid, shall and may be respectively raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered and adjudged, mitigated and allowed, in such and the like Manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods by which any other Duties of Excise on Beer respectively are or may be raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered, adjudged, mitigated or allowed (except so far as is expressly altered by this Act); and the Brewers, Retailers and Persons respectively before mentioned, shall be and the same are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures, to which Brewers, Dealers in and Retailers of Beer, are subject (except as aforesaid); and also to all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures respectively, to which Brewers, Dealers in and Retailers of Beer respectively, are subject or liable (except as aforesaid), by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act relating to other Duties of Excise on Beer; and all and every Pain, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture (except Former Acts as aforesaid), of any Nature or Kind whatever, for any Offence in force. whatever, committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Excise on Beer, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained (except as aforesaid), shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Excise and Sums of Money hereby charged and made payable respectively, in as full and ample Manner (except as aforesaid) to all Intents and Pur-

Duties carried to Consolidated Fund.

In Entry of Premises, Places and Utensils to be distinguished by Letters and Numbers.

Drawings of Pipes used, to be delivered with Entry of Places.

Buildings used and not entered or distinguished as above.

Penalty 2001.

No Houses for the Brewing or Sale of Beer

poses whatever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties and several Sums of Money by this Act imposed and made payable as aforesaid, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and the said Money so paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer as aforesaid shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Person and Per-

sons who shall make, or shall be by Law required to make Entry of any Building, Place or Utensil for the Brewing or Sale of Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act, or for the Purpose of carrying on any Trade or Business subject to the Survey of the Officers of Excise, shall in every such Entry distinguish and describe every such Building, Place and Utensil, by a particular Letter or Number, and shall paint such respective Letter or Number in a large and distinct Character upon some convenient and conspicuous Part of the Walls or Doors of every such Building or Place respectively, and upon some convenient and conspicuous Part of every such Utensil, and keep and continue the same so painted, and from time to time, when Occasion may require, or when requested by the Supervisor of Excise of the District where situated, renew the same so long as the Entry thereof remains uncancelled, so that such Letter or Number so painted may be easily and readily observed and known by the Officers of Excise from time to time attending to survey the same; and that wherever any such Person or Persons shall use or employ in his, her or their entered Buildings or Places any fixed Pipe or Pipes, he, she or they shall, at the Time of making his, her or their Entry of the Places and Utensils as aforesaid, deliver with such Entry, and as Part thereof, a Drawing or Drawings, Description or Descriptions, distinctly shewing and exhibiting or explaining the Course, Direction, Construction and Use of all and every such Pipe and Pipes respectively, and of all and every Branch and Branches thereof, and of all and every Cock and Cocks thereon, together with the Place or Places, and Utensil or Utensils respectively from and to or with which the same lead or communicate; and that if any Building, Place or Utensil shall at any Time be found to be used by any Person or Persons for any such Purpose as aforesaid without being so entered, described or distinguished as aforesaid, or without such Letter or Number being so distinctly painted and continued thereon as aforesaid, or any Pipe or Pipes be found without being so shewn in such Drawing or Drawings, or so described as aforesaid, or different from or disagreeing with such Drawing or Drawings, Description or Descriptions as aforesaid, every such Person or Persons using the same shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose over and above all other Penalties, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, that no Person or Persons whatsoever shall newly erect, set up, enter or shall make use of any House or Place whatsoever in Great Britain, for the brewing of Beer or

Ale under the Provisions of this Act, within the Distance of One under this Act hundred Yards in a direct Line from any House or Place which to be used withfor Three Months immediately preceding shall have been and Distance of any shall be at that Time licensed, entered and used for the Purpose Houseor Preof brewing any other Beer, Ale or Porter for Sale, under the mises used for Provisions of any other Act or Acts of Parliament whatsoever; brewing or sellnor shall any Person or Persons whatsoever newly erect, set up, ing any other enter or make use of any Place or House whatsoever in Great Britain, for brewing or making any other Beer, Ale or Porter for Sale, within the Distance of Two hundred Yards in a direct Line from any House or Place which for Three Months immediately preceding shall have been and shall at that Time be licensed, entered and used for the Purpose of brewing Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act; nor shall any Person or Persons newly erect, set up, enter or make use of any Place, Room, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop, House or Outhouse within Great Britain, for selling or retailing any Beer or Ale brewed under the Provisions of this Act, within the Distance of Twenty Yards in a direct Line from any House or Premises which for Three Months immediately preceding shall have been and shall at that Time be licensed, entered and used for selling or retailing any other Beer, Ale or Porter; nor shall any Person or Persons newly erect, set up, enter or make use of any House or Premises for selling or retailing any other Beer, Ale or Porter within the Distance of Twenty Yards of any Place, Room, Storehouse, Cellar, Shop, House or Outhouse, which for Three Months immediately preceding shall have been and shall at that Time be licensed, entered and used for the Sale and Retail of Beer or Ale brewed under the Provisions of this Act; on Penalty. Pain of the Person or Persons so offending forfeiting, in each and every such Case, the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every Week that such House or Place shall be erected, set up, entered or used respectively as aforesaid, contrary to this Act; and all and every Entries or Entry of any such House or Premises so entered and made use of contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person and Per- Brewer to enter sons who shall make Entry of any Buildings or Premises for Places for keep-brewing Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act, shall specify ing Malt. and distinguish in such Entry the Room, Storehouse or Place, Rooms, Storehouses or Places, in which he, she or they shall intend to store or keep the Malt for such brewing, and shall from time to time, when and so often as he, she and they shall receive any Malt, store, lodge and place the same in one or more of such entered Rooms, Storehouses or other Places, and shall use or employ no other Malt, ground or unground, for brewing Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act, than such as shall be taken by him, her or them, as hereinafter mentioned, from one or more of such entered Rooms, Storehouses or Places for that Purpose, and of which Entry shall on the same Day be made in the Book hereinafter mentioned; and if any such Person or Persons as Receiving into aforesaid shall not make such Entry as aforesaid, or specify and or taking Malt distinguish every such Room, Storehouse or Place as aforesaid, from Places not or shall receive or take into, or have in his, her or their Possession any Malt, ground or unground, for brewing, without such

Malt, ground or unground, being lodged, put or placed by him, her or them in one or more of such Rooms, Storehouses or Places entered for that Purpose as aforesaid, and entered in such Book as hereinafter mentioned, or shall use or employ any Malt, ground or unground, in or for such brewing as aforesaid, without taking the same from one or more of such entered Rooms, Storehouses or other Places as aforesaid, and making Entry thereof in such Book as is hereinafter mentioned, every such Person or Persons so offending as aforesaid shall forfeit and lose for every such Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty 200L The different Quantities of Malt received and used by such Brewers to be entered in a Book hept by

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Brewer and Brewers of Beer or Ale under the Provisions of this Act shall keep a Book to be delivered to him by the proper Officer of Excise for that Purpose; which Book shall be prepared with proper and distinct Columns for entering Accounts of all the Malt which shall be taken or received by or into the Custody or Possession of any such Brewer or Brewers, to be used, and which shall be used by him, her or them in the brewing of such Beer or Ale as aforesaid; and every such Brewer and Brewers shall, under the Date and on the same Day on which he, she or they shall take or receive any Malt, ground or unground, into his, her or their Custody or Possession for brewing, write and enter, or cause to be written and entered in such Book as aforesaid, and in the proper Columns prepared for such Purposes respectively, a true and particular Account of the Number of Bushels of Malt, distinguishing the same whether ground or unground, which he, she or they shall take or receive into his, her or their Custody or Possession for brewing as aforesaid; and shall also write and enter, or cause to be written and entered as aforesaid, the Christian and Surnames, and Place or Places of Abode of the Person or Persons of whom such Malt was purchased, or from whom such Malt was received; and shall also write and enter, or cause to be written and entered as aforesaid, an Account of the Quantity of such Malt in Bushels, and distinguishing whether ground or unground, which shall from time to time be used at such Brewery in the brewing or making of such Beer or Ale, and make every such last mentioned Entry in such Book under the Date and on the same Day in which such Malt was so used; and if any such Brewer or Brewers shall neglect or refuse to make or cause to be made any such Entry or Entries as aforesaid, or shall cancel, obliterate or alter, or cause or suffer to be cancelled, obliterated or altered, any such Entry or Entries, or shall make any untrue Entry or Entries therein, or shall at any Time withhold, conceal or make away with any such Book or any Part thereof, every such Brewer or Brewers so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Neglect of Entry, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Book open to Inspec- or Books shall at all Times be produced to and left open to the free tion of Officers. I aspection of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, who shall be permitted to examine and cast up and make Copies or Extracts from the Entries contained therein, and to insert therein the Time of such Inspection or Examination, and sign his or their Names thereto, and to take away any such Book and deliver any such Trader a new Book of a similar Kind at his free Will

Penalty 1001. Books to be

and Pleasure; and if any Person or Persons shall by any Act, Obstructing Matter or Thing, or by any Art or Contrivance, obstruct or hinder, Officers, or cause, or permit or suffer to be obstructed or hindered, any Officer of Excise therein, or in the Performance and Execution of any of the Powers and Authorities by this Act given, or of his Duty in respect thereof, every Person and Persons so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hun- Penalty 2001. dred Pounds.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Malt in Stock Brewer or Brewers shall, when and so often as he, she or they to be laid regushall be thereto required by any Officer or Officers of Excise, larly and even, cast or place, or cause to be cast or placed, all the Malt in his, to enable the Officers to her or their Custody or Possession, in or into such regular Form gauge the same. as may enable the Officer or Officers of Excise conveniently to gauge and ascertain the true Quantity thereof; and if upon such Admeasurement thereof the Quantity of Malt then in Stock shall be found to disagree with the Quantity which such Brewer or Brewers ought to have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, according to the true Balance or Result drawn from casting up and adjusting such Book or Books as aforesaid and the Entries therein, and allowing for so much as shall in and by the aforesaid Book or Books and the Entries therein appear to have been used for the Purpose of brewing such Beer as aforesaid, then and in every such Case every such Brewer and Brewers as aforesaid, the Quantity of whose Malt then in Stock shall be found so to disagree as aforesaid, or who, upon being thereunto required as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to cast or place, or cause to be cast or placed, all or any such Malt as aforesaid in his, her or their Custody or Possession, in or into such regular Form as aforesaid, shall for every such Offence respectively forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Brewer or Brewers shall, before the Officers take any such Account of filled up before Malt as aforesaid, be required by the proper Officer of Excise, and be permitted to make due Entries in such Book or Books as aforesaid, of all Malt which he, she or they may have received into his, her or their Custody or Possession, or may have used in the brewing or making of Beer in the Course of the Day in which such Account is proposed or intended to be taken; and if any Brewer may re-Dispute shall arise between any such Brewer or Brewers and the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, respecting the true Quantity of Malt in Stock so taken an Account of as aforesaid, such Brewer or Brewers shall have the Option of and be allowed immediately and with all due Diligence and Dispatch, to measure the same in Officer's the Presence of such Officer or Officers of Excise, by a just and Gauge. correct Winchester Bushel Measure of the Dimensions prescribed by Law, to be provided by such Brewer or Brewers, and the Quantity ascertained by such Admeasurement shall be taken to be the true Quantity of the Malt in Stock in the Custody or Possession of such Brewer or Brewers; any thing in this or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That on every Brewing by Worts to be of any Brewer or Brewers under the Provisions of this Act, the one Quality, whole

Penalty 2001. cast up by Officer.

quire Malt in Stock to be measured if he disputes the Accuracy of

### CAP. LII.

An Act to alter and amend the Law relating to the Internal of the Remains of any Person found Felo de se.

Γ8th *July* 189

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws and Usages ting to the Interment of the Remains of Persons, a ' whom a Finding of Felo de se shall be had, should be a ' and amended:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most cellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the L Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parlis assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Corone other Officer having Authority to hold Inquests, to issue Warrant or other Process directing the Interment of the Ren of Persons, against whom a Finding of Felo de se shall be had any public Highway; but that such Coroner or other Officer give Directions for the private Interment of the Remains of Person Felo de se, without any Stake being driven through Body of such Person, in the Churchyard or other Burial and of the Parish or Place in which the Remains of such Person by the Laws or Custom of England be interred if the Verl Felo de se had not been found against such Person; such Intern to be made within Twenty four Hours from the Finding of Inquisition, and to take place between the Hours of Nine # Twelve at Night.

Remains of Persons against whom a Finding of Felo de se is had to be privately buried in the Parish Churchyard.

Rites of Christian Burial not to be performed. Proviso.

II. Provided nevertheless, That nothing herein contined sh authorize the performing of any of the Rites of Christian Bur on the Interment of the Remains of any such Person as afores nor shall any thing hereinbefore contained be taken to alter Laws or Usages relating to the Burial of such Persons, except far as relates to the Interment of such Remains in such Char yard or Burial Ground, at such Time and in such Manner aforesaid.

#### CAP. LIII.

An Act for extending the Benefit of Clergy to several L [8th July 1825 cenies therein mentioned.

22 Car. 2. c.5. § S.

HEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty second Ye of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the cond, intituled An Act for taking away the Benefit of Clery ' such as steal Cloth from the Rack, and from such as shall deal imbezil His Majesty's Ammunition and Stores, the Benefit Clergy is taken away from Persons convicted of cutting taking, stealing or carrying away any Cloth or other Wools.
Manufactures from the Rack or Tenter in the Night-time. of stealing or imbezling any of His Majesty's Sails, Cordage of any other His Majesty's Naval Stores, to the Value of Twenty Shillings; provided that it shall be lawful for the Judge 10 grant a Reprieve for the staying of the Execution of section fenders, and to cause them to be transported for the Space of Seven Years, and kept to hard Labour: And Whereas by and

Act passed in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of

10 & 11 W.s. c.23. § 1.

Purpose, make or cause to be made in Writing, in the same Book or Paper in which every Brewer of Beer for Sale is now by Law required to give Notice of every intended Brewing of such Brewer, and of the Quantity of Malt by him intended to be used in such intended Brewing, and opposite the Entry of such Notice, and the Quantity of Malt therein mentioned and expressed, a Declaration of the whole Length or Quantity and Quality of all the Beer brewed by any such Brewer or Brewers at every such Brewing, such Declaration, when so made as aforesaid, being at the same Time signed by such Brewer, or by his Principal Servant, under whose Direction or Inspection such Beer, Ale, Porter or Table Beer respectively may have been brewed, the proper Handwriting of such Person being affixed and subscribed thereto; and that if Not making any such Brewer or Brewers shall refuse or neglect to make and Declaration, or enter, or cause to be made and entered as aforesaid, such De- altering same. claration in Writing as aforesaid, or shall cancel, obliterate or alter, or cause or suffer or permit to be cancelled, obliterated or altered, any such Declaration or Entry as aforesaid, or if any such Brewer or Brewers, or their or any of their Servants as aforesaid, or any or either of them, shall make any untrue Declaration or Entry as aforesaid, or shall not at all Times keep such Book or Paper as aforesaid in some public and open Part of his, her or their entered Premises, ready for the Inspection of the Officers of Excise, or shall before such Declaration or Entry is so made as aforesaid, cleanse, remove or run away any of the Beer brewed at such Brewing from the fermenting Tuns, or into any Cask or Vessel other than a known Tun, Cask or Vessel for fermenting Beer, and specially entered by such Brewer or Brewers for that Purpose, all and every Brewer and Brewers so offending as aforesaid shall for every such Offence respectively forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Recovery and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be sued for, recovered, levied Application of or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalties. Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them who shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

Penalty 2001.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall, where no Commencespecial Day is mentioned for that Purpose, begin, commence and ment of Act. take effect from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, Act may be amended or repealed by any Act to be passed in this Session of altered, &c. Parliament.

#### CAP. LIV.

An Act for allowing the Benefit of Clergy to Persons convicted of certain Felonies under Two Acts, of the Ninth Year of King George the First and of the Twenty seventh Year of King George the Second; for making better Provision for the Punishment of Persons guilty of sending or delivering threatening Letters, and of Assaults with Intent to commit Robbery. [8th July 1823.] WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign

of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled An Act for the more effectual punishing wicked and evil disposed Persons going armed in Disguise, and doing Injuries and Violences to

9G.1. c.22.

**§** 1.

the Persons and Properties of His Majesty's Subjects, and for the more speedy bringing the Offenders to Justice; it is among other things enacted, that if any Person or Persons being armed with Swords, Fire Arms or other offensive Weapons, and having his or their Faces blacked, or being otherwise disguised, shall appear in any Forest, Chase, Park, Paddock or Grounds inclosed with any Wall, Pale or other Fence, wherein any Deer have been or shall be usually kept, or in any Warren or Place where Hares or Conies have been or shall be usually kept, or in any High Road, Open Heath, Common or Down; or shall unlawfully and wilfully hunt, wound, kill, destroy or steal any Red or Fallow Deer, or unlawfully rob any Warren or Place where Conies or Hares are usually kept; or shall unlawfully steal or take away any Fish out of any River or Pond; or if any Person or Persons shall unlawfully and maliciously break down the Head or Mound of any Fish Pond, whereby the Fish shall be lost or destroyed, or shall forcibly rescue any Person being lawfully in Custody of any Officer or other Person for any of the Offences before men-'tioned; or if any Person or Persons shall, by Gift or Promise of Money, or other Reward, procure any of His Majesty's Subjects to join him or them in any such unlawful Act, every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy: And Whereas it is expedient that a ' lesser Degree of Punishment should be provided for the said ' recited Offences, and that the same Punishment should be ex-' tended to Persons accessary thereto:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of

the same, That so much of the said recited Act as excludes the

Benefit of Clergy in the Cases aforesaid shall be and the same is

hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act every Person duly convicted of the Felonies hereinbefore recited,

or of any of them, or of procuring, counselling, aiding or abetting the Commission thereof, shall be liable, at the Discretion of the

Court, to be transported beyond the Seas for the Term of Seven Years, or to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in the Common Gaol or House of Correction, for

any Term not exceeding Three Years.

Repealed as to Benefit of Clergy, and Offenders to be transported or imprisoned.

· II. And

' II. And Whereas by the said recited Act it is further enacted; 9 G.1, c.22. that if any Person or Persons shall unlawfully and maliciously kill, maim or wound any Cattle, or cut down or otherwise destroy any Trees planted in any Avenue, or growing in any Garden, Orchard or Plantation, for Ornament, Shelter or Profit, or shall forcibly rescue any Person being lawfully in Custody of any Officer or other Person for such Offence, or shall, by Gift or Promise of Money or other Reward, procure any of His Majesty's Subjects to join him or them in any such unlawful Act, every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Case of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy: And Whereas it is expedient that a lesser Degree of Punishment should be provided for the said last recited Offences, and that the same should be extended in the Manner hereinafter mentioned; Be it there. Killing or fore further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as is maining Cattle, last hereinbefore recited shall be and the same is hereby repealed; Trees, &c. and save only as to Offences committed before the passing of this Act, siding, &c. as to which the said recited Act shall continue in force; and that from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person shall unlawfully and designedly kill, maim or wound any Cattle, whether from Malice conceived against the Owner or otherwise, or shall unlawfully and maliciously cut down or otherwise destroy any Trees planted in any Avenue, or growing in any Garden, Or-chard, or Plantation for Ornament, Shelter or Profit, or shall procure, counsel, aid or abet the Commission of the said Offences, or of any of them, or shall forcibly rescue any Person lawfully in Custody of any Officer or other Person, for any of the said Offences, every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be liable, at the Transportation Discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the Seas for or Imprison-Life, or for such Term not less than Seven Years, as the Court ment. shall adjudge, or to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in the Common Gaol or House of Correction, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

'III. And Whereas by the said recited Act it is further en- 9G.1. c.22. acted, that if any Person or Persons shall knowingly send any § 1. Threaten Letter without any Name subscribed thereto, or signed with a ing Letters. fictitious Name, demanding Money, Venison or other valuable. Thing, or shall forcibly rescue any Person being lawfully in Custody of any Officer or other Person for any such Offence, or shall, by Gift or Promise of Money or other Reward, procure any of His Majesty's Subjects to join him or them in any such unlawful Act, every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy: And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Twenty seventh Year of 27G.2. c.15. the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled ' An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled " An Act for the more effectual punishing wicked and evil disposed Persons going armed and disguised, and doing Injuries and Vio-· lences to the Persons and Properties of His Majesty's Subjects, and for the speedy bringing the Offenders to Justice," it is among Y 2 other

other Things enacted, that if any Person or Persons shall knowingly send any Letter, without any Name subscribed thereto, a signed with a fictitious Name or Names, Letter or Letters, three ening to kill or murder any of His Majesty's Subject or Subjects, or to burn their Houses, Outhouses, Barns, Stacks of Consor Grain, Hay or Straw, though no Money or Venison or other valuable Thing shall be demanded in or by such Letter or Letter or shall forcibly rescue any Person being lawfully in Custol

or shall forcibly rescue any Person being lawfully in Custof of any Officer or other Person for the said Offience, every Person offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felon

50 G. 2. e.24.

without Benefit of Clergy: And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty Kin George the Second, intituled An Act for the more effectual Passes is is is in the Thirtieth Year of the Majesty Kin George the Second, intituled An Act for the more effectual Passes of Goods or Money by false or untrue Pretences, for prevent the unlawful pawning of Goods, for the easy Redemption of Goods pawned, and for preventing Gaming in Public Houses by Journe men, Laboured, Servands and Apprentices, it is among the Third payments of the control of the said Representation of the control of the control

§ 1.

men, Labourers, Servants and Apprentices, it is among of Things enacted, that all Persons who shall knowingly sad deliver any Letter or Writing, with or without a Name or N subscribed thereto, or signed with a fictitious Name or N Letter or Letters, threatening to accuse any Person of Crime punishable by Law with Death, Transportation, Files or any other infamous Punishment, with a View or Intent W extort or gain Money, Goods, Wares or Merchandizes from the Person or Persons so threatened to be accused, shall be deemed Offenders against Law and the Public Peace; and the Court before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried, shall in case he, she or they shall be convicted of any of the said Officerces, order such Offender or Offenders to be fined and inor prisoned, or to be put in the Pillory or publicly whipped, or be transported for the Term of Seven Years, as the Court is which any such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted that think fit and order: And Whereas it is expedient that a less ' Degree of Punishment should be provided for the Offence of sending threatening Letters, in the Cases mentioned in the Two first recited Acts, and that the same Degree of Punishment should be inflicted in the Cases mentioned in the last recited Act, and be extended to Persons accessary to the said Offences; Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said recited Acts of the Ninth Yes of the Reign of King George the First, and of the Twenty serent and Thirtieth Years of the Reign of King George the Second, relates to the sending and delivering Letters in the Cases therein respectively mentioned, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed, save only as to Offences committed before the passing of this Act, as to which the said Acts shall continue in force; and that from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person shall knowing!

and wilfully send or deliver any Letter or Writing, with or wilfout any Name or Signature subscribed thereto, or with a fictions
Name or Signature, demanding Money or other valuable Thing,
or threatening to kill or murder any of His Majesty's Subject,
or to burn or destroy his or their Houses, Outhouses, Sunday

repealed, and Persons sending such Letters, and their Accessaries, to be liable to Stacks of Corn or Grain, Hay or Straw, or shall knowingly and wilfully send or deliver any such Letter or Writing, threatening to accuse any of His Majesty's Subjects of any Crime punishable by Law with Death, Transportation or Pillory, or of any infamous Crime, with a View or Intent to extort or gain Money, Security for Money, Goods or Chattels, Wares or Merchandize, from the Person or Persons so threatened, or shall procure, counsel, aid or abet the Commission of the said Offences, or of any of them, or shall forcibly rescue any Person being lawfully in Custody of any Officer or other Person for any of the said Offences, every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be liable, at the Discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the Seas for Life, or for Transportation such Term, not less than Seven Years, as the Court shall adjudge, or Imprisonor to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard ment. Labour in the Common Gaol or House of Correction, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

IV. Provided always, and be it hereby declared, That nothing Proviso for herein contained shall be construed to alter or affect the Remedy in given by the said first recited Act to the Party damaged, by killing respect of Cattle or maining Cattle, or by cutting or destroying Trees, against the mained. &c. Inhabitants of the Hundred, but that the same Remedy shall remain in as, full and ample Manner as before the passing of this Act.

' V. And Wheeras it is expedient to make better Provision for the Punishment of Persons guilty of Offences against the Form of an Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His Mar-' jesty King George the Second, intituled An Act for the more. ' effectual Punishment of Assaults with Intent to commit Robbery, and to amend the said Act;' Be it therefore enacted, That from 7 G. 2. c.21. and after the passing of this Act, the said last recited Act shall be repealed. and the same is hereby repealed, save only as to Offences committed before the passing of this Act, as to which the said Act shall continue in force; and that from and after the passing of this Act, Assaults with if any Person shall maliciously assault any other Person with In- Intent to comtent to rob such other Person, or shall by Menaces or by Force mit Robbery, maliciously demand Money, Security for Money, Goods or Chattels, Wares or Merchandize, of any other Person, with Intent to steal the same, or shall maliciously threaten to accuse any other Person of any Crime punishable by Law with Death, Transportation or Pillory, or of any infamous Crime, with a View or Intent to extort the extort or gain Money. Security for Money, &c. to extort or gain Money, Security for Money, Goods or Chattels, Wares or Merchandize, from the Person so threatened; or shall procure, counsel, aid or abet the Commission of the said Offences, or of any of them; every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be or Imprison. liable, at the Discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the ment, Seas for Life, or for such Term, not less than Seven Years, as the Court shall adjudge, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in the Common Gaol or House of Correction, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

#### CAP. LV.

An Act to consolidate and amend the several Acts now in force, so far as the same relate to the Election and Return of Members to serve in Parliament, for Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland. [8th July 1823.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the several Acts now in force, so far as the same relate to the Election and Return of Members to serve in Parliament for Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from henceforth so much of an Act, passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for regulating the Election of Members to serve in Parliament, and for repealing the several Acts therein mentioned; and also so much of an Act, passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled An Act for the further Regulation of the Election of Members to serve in Parliament; and also so much of an Act, passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled An Act for amending an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Election of Members to serve in Parliament, so far as relates to Freeholds under the Yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, and for making further and other Regulations relating thereto; and also, so much of an Act, passed in the First Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, initialed An Act for the better Regulation of Polls, and for making further Provision touching the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for Ireland, as relate to the Floation of Members to in Parliament for Ireland, as relate to the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town, shall be repealed.

Towns in *Ireland*, agreeable to the Charters thereof, is extreme-' ly limited, and often confined to those who from Age and Infirmity are incapacitated for active Performance of Duty: And Whereas it is necessary to provide against any consequent Inconvenience or Delay of Persons possessed of Freehold Property, who wish duly to register such Freeholds, and to qualify themselves for exercising the elective Franchise; Be it further enacted, That in all Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns in Ireland, on the Day immediately preceding the opening of each General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, unless such Day shall fall upon a Sunday, and in such Case on the Day next but one preceding the opening of each General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and upon the Day immediately after the criminal and other Business of every such Sessions shall have been fully transacted, unless such Day shall fall upon a Sunday, and in such Case on the Second Day after such Business shall have been fully transacted, the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate of such County of a City or County of a Town, or his sufficient Deputy appointed

'II. And Whereas the Number of Justices who are empowered to act within several of the Counties of Cities or Counties of

35 G.3. (I.)

57 G. S. (I.)

45 G. S. c. 59. 60 G.s. & 1 G.4. c.11. as to Election of Members for Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, repealed.

Mayor or other Chief Magis-trate to hold Sessions for Registry of Freeholders.

by him pursuant to Charter or Prescription, in case of his Absence from such City or Town, or his Illness, shall, upon being required so to do by any Freeholder of such County of a City or County of a Town, hold an open Court of Sessions for the Purpose of registering all such Freeholders as shall present themselves for that Purpose, in such Manner and Form as is by this Act required; and that the said Mayor or other Chief Magistrate, or his Deputy, shall commence his Sitting on each Day at the Hour of Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, and shall continue it until the Hour of Four of the Clock in the Afternoon: Provided, however, Proviso for that in case any Two Justices of the Peace for said County of a Absence of City or County of a Town shall attend at such Sessions during Mayor, &c. the Time appointed for the attendance of the said Mayor or other Chief Magistrate, upon such respective Days or either of them, or during any Portion of such Time, then and in such Case the Attendance of the said Mayor or other Chief Magistrate shall not be required during the Time of the Attendance of such Two Justices of the Peace.

where Two

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person possessed of a Freehold in any County of a City or County be registered at of a Town, to register the same before the Mayor or other Chief any Sessions. Magistrate, or his Deputy, or before any Two Justices of the Peace presiding at such Sessions, to be held for such County of a City or County of a Town, or before any Two Justices of the Peace, or the Recorder or Deputy Recorder, presiding in open Court at any Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County of the City or County of the Town in which such Freehold is situate, or at any Adjournment thereof, or any Adjournment of such Adjournment.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when any Person, seised Freeholders, of any Freehold in any County of a City or County of a Town, having Freehold shall not consist of a Rentcharge, shall be desirous to register the same as being of the Value of Fifty Pounds Rentcharge) or Twenty Pounds, such Person shall in open Court, at some of sol. or sol. Sessions to be held as aforesaid, or Adjournment thereof, be-to-take the fore the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate, or his Deputy, or following Oath. before Two Justices of the Peace, or before the Recorder or Deputy Recorder presiding thereat, take and subscribe the following Oath [or, if a Quaker, the following Affirmation]:

in the or of the City or Town of County of [as the Case may be], do swear [or, if a Quaker, do affirm], ' That I am a Freeholder of have, and am now in actual Possession of a Freehold therein, ' arising from a House or Houses, or from Land, or both, or other Hereditaments [as the Case may be] of the clear yearly as the Value of ' Case may be] above all Charges payable out of the same, lying and being at or in [naming the Land out of which such Freehold shall arise, if the same shall arise out of Land, or the Street or Place where such House or Houses or other Hereditaments shall be situate, in case such Freehold shall arise out of any House or ' Houses, or other Hereditaments] in the County of the City [or

County of the Town, as the Case may be ] of and that the said Freehold does not arise from a Ren charge, nor have I procured it fraudulently, nor has it bee granted fraudulently to me, or in exchange for a Freehold; ' any other County.'

Persons holding Freeholds consisting of Rentcharge of 501. or 201. to take the following Oath.

V. And be it further enacted, That when any Person seised any Freehold in any County of a City or County of a Town which Freehold shall consist of a Rentcharge, shall be desired to register the same as being of the Value of Fifty Pounds, 6 Twenty Pounds, such Person shall in open Court, at some & sions to be held as aforesaid, or Adjournment thereof, before the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate, or his Deputy, or before Tw Justices of the Peace, or before the Recorder or Deputy Recorder presiding thereat, take and subscribe the following Out or, if a Quaker, the following Affirmation:

Form of Oath.

in the County of ηf or of the City or Town of [as the Case may be] do swear [or, if a Quaker, to affirm], That I am a Freeholder of that I have a Freehold therein of the clear yearly Value of [as the Case may be] at the less, 4 above all Charges payable out of the same, consisting of a ' Rentcharge granted by Deed, bearing Date the [if the same shall be in the Year ' Day of granted by Deed, and in case it shall not be granted by Deed, that stating the Particulars of the Title of such Person to such Rest-charge on a House or Houses, or on Land, or both, or other Hereditaments, as the Case may be, ] lying and being at or in Inaming the Land out of which such Rentcharge shall arise, if the same shall arise out of Land, or the Street or Place where such House or Houses, or other Hereditaments, shall be situate, in case such Rentcharge shall arise out of any House or Houses, or die Hereditaments,] in the County of the City or County of the I am in the Possession thereof to the clear Amount of [as the Case may be] yearly 'Value thereof, and am entitled to receive the same as it be-' comes due.'

of 20L to take the following Oath.

Freeholders VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be under the Value seised of a Freehold under the Value of Twenty Pounds in any County of a City or County of a Town, and who shall be desirous to register the same, shall in open Court, at some Sessions to be held aforesaid, or Adjournment thereof, before the Mayor of other Chief Magistrate, or his Deputy, or before Two Justices of the Peace, or before the Recorder or Deputy Recorder Presiding thereat, produce the Deed, Lease or Instrument under which his Freehold shall arise, and shall take and subscribe the following Oath, or, if a Quaker, the following Affirmation: in the County of

Form of Oath.

or of the City or Town of Case may be] do swear, [or, if a Quaker, do affirm], This am and that I have a Freehold therein, a Freeholder of ' arising from a House or Houses, or from Lands, or both, or

other Hereditaments [as the Case may be] of the clear yearly Value of Forty Shillings at the least, above all Charges payable out of the same, lying and being at or in [naming the Land out of which such Freehold shall arise, if the same shall arise out of Land, or the Street or Place where such House or Houses or other Hereditaments shall be situate, in case such Freehold shall arise out of any House or Houses or other Hereditaments] in the County of the City [or, County of the Town, as the Case may and that the said Freehold does not arise be of from a Rentcharge, and that the same arises by virtue of the Deed, or by virtue of the Lease, or by virtue of the Instrument, or by virtue of the Deed, Lease or Instrument [using all or any or either of the said Terms, Deed, Lease or Instrument] which · I now produce, bearing Date the Day of in the Year offor the Life or Lives of [or, in case the said Freehold be not for Life or Lives, then stating the Nature of his Tenure, as the Case may be ] at the yearly Rent of • [specifying the whole yearly Rent, or the yearly Rent per Acre, or ' such yearly Rent per Acre, together with the Number of Acres] and that I am in the actual Occupation thereof by residing thereon, or by tilling or by grazing, or by both tilling and grazing [or by all or any or either of the said Means, stating the same ' copulatively or disjunctively, as the Case may be] to the Amount of at least Forty Shillings yearly Value thereof; and that the said Freehold is not let or agreed to be let to the Person or · Persons who executed the said Deed, Lease or Instrument [as ' the Case may be], or to the Heirs or Assigns of such Person or ' Persons, or to any one in Trust for him, her or them, nor do I ' intend to let the same to such Person or Persons, or any of them; and that I have not agreed to let it for the Term for 4 which I hold it, nor have I procured it fraudulently or in Exwhich I hold it, nor many other County.

change for a Freehold in any other County.

So help me GOD.'

And if the Freehold, in right of which any Person shall desire to Freeholds not qualify himself to vote, shall not arise by virtue of a Deed, Lease arising from a or Instrument, the Person desiring to register it shall describe the Deed or Lea same in the Oath or Affirmation + so to be taken by him, according to be described to the true State and Nature of his Tenure, in which Case the in the Oath. Words in the foregoing Oath, † importing that the same arises by No Tax, Cess, virtue of a Deed, Lease or Instrument, shall be omitted, and such &c. deemed a Description inserted in the Place thereof.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Public or Parliamentary Tax, County, Church or Parish Cess, on any Townland or Division of any Parish or Barony, shall be deemed any Charge payable out of any Freehold Estate, within the Meaning of this Act, or any of the foregoing Oaths or Affirmations.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Oath or Oath to be Affirmation as is hereinbefore mentioned shall, when sworn or signed by affirmed to, be signed by the said Mayor or other Chief Magis- and delivered trate or his Deputy, or before such Two Justices of the Peace, to Clerk of or before the Recorder or Deputy Recorder presiding at such the Peace. Sessions as aforesaid, and shall be then and there delivered by such Mayor or other Chief Magistrate or his Deputy, or hy such Justices

Charge, &c.

Justices of the Peace, or by the said Recorder or Deputy Recorder, to the Clerk of the Peace of such County of a City or County of a Town, to be filed and kept amongst the Records of the Court.

Where Free-hold of yearly Value of 501. and Freeholders take Oath as herein mentioned, such Oath maybe produced at Sessions, &c. and be valid,

produced ions, &c. valid, C. 55.

and kept amongst County Records.

Freeholders on actual Service in Army or Militia may register where they are quartered.

Certificate of Station of Corps, &c. Such Oath valid, and kept amongst . County Records.

IX. And be it further enacted, That where the Freehold, whether consisting of a Rentcharge or not, shall be of the clear yearly Value of Fifty Pounds, and the Freeholder who shall be seised of the same shall take and subscribe the Oath or Affirmation (as the Case may be) respectively required as aforesaid to be by him taken for registering a Freehold (whether Rentcharge or not) as of the Value of Fifty Pounds, in any of the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas or Exchequer, in the City of *Dublin*, or at any Assizes, and the same shall be subscribed by one of the Judges of such Courts, or the Judge of Assize, such Oath or Affirmation so subscribed may be produced at any Sessions of the Peace as aforesaid, held in the County of the City or County of the Town where such Freehold lies, and when read aloud there in open Court, shall be signed by the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate or his Deputy, or by the Justices of the Peace, or by the Recorder or Deputy Recorder presiding there, and shall then be delivered by the Court to the acting Clerk of the Peace, to be filed and kept amongst the Records of such County of a City or County of a Town; and every such Oath or Affirmation so taken shall be of equal Effect for registering such Freehold, within the Meaning of this Act, as if it had been made at the Sessions of the Peace as aforesaid.

X. And be it enacted, That if any Person seised of a Freehold, whether consisting of a Rentcharge or not, shall be in actual Service, either in the Army or Militia, out of the County of a City or County of a Town where such Freehold lies, and shall take and subscribe the Oath or Affirmation required by this Act to be by him taken for registering such Freehold, at any Sessions of the Peace or Adjournment thereof held in the County, Town or City in which he shall be quartered or stationed, stating therein the Regiment, Battalion, Troop or Company (as the Case may be) to which he belongs, such Affidavit shall be subscribed by the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate or his Deputy, or by the Justices of the Peace, or by the Recorder or Deputy Recorder presiding thereat, and countersigned by the Clerk of the Peace for such County, Town or City, who shall certify that the Corps in which he serves is quartered or stationed therein; and such Oath or Affirmation so subscribed and countersigned may be produced at any Sessions of the Peace or Adjournment thereof, or at any Adjournment of an Adjournment, held in the County of the City or County of the Town in which such Freehold lies, and when read aloud therein in open Court shall be signed by the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate or his Deputy, or by the Justices of the Peace, or by the Recorder or Deputy Recorder presiding there, and shall be delivered to the acting Clerk of the Peace, to be filed and kept amongst the Records of the County; and every such Oath or Affirmation so taken shall be of equal Effect for registering such Freehold, as if it had been made at the Sessions of the Peace for the County of the City or County of the Town in which such Freehold is situated.

XI. Provided

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Mayor and Freeholds not other Chief Magistrate or his Deputy, or the Justice of the Peace, to be registered, unless Instruments under not allow any Person to register his Freehold by virtue of any which they arise written Instrument, unless the same be stamped according to be stamped. Law; and the Clerk of the Peace shall state in every Certificate to be provided by him, as aforesaid, of the Registry of a Freehold registered by virtue of a written Instrument, as of the Value of Forty Shillings only, that the same was registered by virtue of a written Instrument stamped according to Law.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of the Peace Certificate of for the County of a City or County of a Town shall give, immediately on the Registry of any Freehold as aforesaid, to every Person registering the same, if he shall demand it, a Form of Certificate, wherein it shall be certified that such Person hath duly registered such Freehold, and wherein shall be recited exactly the Oath or Affirmation made or taken by such Person, and such Certificate shall, if required by the Person registering such Freehold, be signed by the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate or his Deputy, or by the Justices of the Peace, or the Recorder or Deputy Recorder presiding at such Sessions as aforesaid; and Fee to Clerk such Certificate of Registry so signed as aforesaid shall be sufficient Evidence at any Election of the Registry of such Freehold, if such Certificate shall be without any Erasure or Interlineation; and the Clerk of the Peace shall be paid by such Freeholder for every such Form of Certificate the Sum of Three Pence.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the acting Clerk of the Substance of Peace at every Sessions of the Registry shall, within Ten Days Affidavit to be after each Affidavit or Affirmation of Registry shall have been gistry Book. signed as aforesaid, enter in a Book or Books the Substance of gistry Book. every Affidavit or Affirmation, in the Form following:

## Form of Entry of Affidavit.

Number.	Name of Free- holder.	Place of Abode.	Situation of Free- hold.	Name of Landlord.	OI THAGS	Date of Registry.
					·	
					·	·

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Deed, Lease or Deed or Lease Instrument produced by any Person intending to register a Free- produced by hold under the Value of Twenty Pounds as aforesaid, shall be indorsed at the Time in open Court, by the acting Clerk of the Peace, with his Name, and the Day of the Month and Year, and the Clerk of the Peace shall then and there compare the Deed, Lease or Instrument, with the Affidavit of Registry.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Registry of any Free- Registry not hold shall not be impeached on account of any Irregularity in the impeached for holding

Irregularity in holding Sessions.

Proviso for Franchises of Persons already registered.

Mayor, &c. omitting to hold Sessions, or refusing to register Freeholds, &c.

Penalty 100l.
Neglect of
Duty by Clerk
of the Peace,

Penalty 50l. How distributed.

Clerk of the Peace to make Entries of such Registers in alphabetical Books. holding or adjourning of any Sessions from whence the Sessions at which such Freehold shall have been registered shall have been adjourned, either directly or by any Adjournment or Adjournments, provided such latter Sessions shall have been duly and regularly held in all other respects.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend so as to limit, abridge or defeat the Franchise of any Person or Persons who before the passing of this Act shall have duly registered his or their Freehold or Freeholds, under the Act or Acts in force at the

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if the Mayor or other

Time of such Registry.

Chief Magistrate of any County of a City or County of a Town shall neglect or wilfully omit to hold any such Session by himself, or by his sufficient Deputy, in Manner and Form as hereinbefore directed, upon being required so to do by any Freeholder of any County of a City or County of a Town; or if any Mayor or other Chief Magistrate, or the Justices, Recorder or Deputy Recorder, presiding at any Sessions of the Peace to be held for any County of a City or County of a Town, shall omit or neglect, or wilfully refuse to register the Freehold of any Person duly qualified, who shall present himself for that Purpose to such Mayor or other Chief Magistrate, Justices, Recorder or Deputy Recorder, such Mayor or other Chief Magistrate, Justices, Recorder or Deputy Recorder so offending, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds for each and every such Neglect of Duty; and that if the Clerk of the Peace for any County of a City or County of a Town shall neglect or omit to attend at any such Sessions of the Peace as aforesaid, upon due Notice being given to him of the holding of the same, by any Freeholder of such County of a City or County of a Town, or shall neglect or omit to do all or any of the Acts hereby required to be done by him for the Registry of Freeholders, such Clerk of the Peace shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; such Penalties to be recovered by Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin, One Moiety whereof shall be payable to our Lord the King, and the other Moiety to him who shall sue for and recover the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace of every County of a City or County of a Town shall enter, in the Form hereinbefore appointed for the Entry of Freeholds, the Substance of every Affidavit of every Freeholder who shall have registered a Freehold for such County of a City or County of a Town, of Forty Shillings, or Twenty Pounds, from the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the Substance of every Affidavit of every Freeholder who shall have registered a Freehold for such County of a City or County of a Town, of Fifty Pounds; but such Entries shall be made in alphabetical Order, according to the Surnames of the Persons who shall have registered Freeholds, and in separate Books, having One Book for each Letter of the Alphabet; and each of such Books shall be divided into Three Parts, the First Part containing the Forty Shillings Freeholds registered from the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, the Second containing containing the Entries of Twenty Pounds Freeholds from the same Time, and the Third Part the Entries of Fifty Pounds Freeholds; and such Clerk of the Peace shall affix before each Name a Number, to shew how many have been registered of each Description of Freehold under each Letter of the Alphabet; and shall also affix before each Name the Number affixed thereto in the original Registry Book or Books; and the Clerk of the Peace of every County of a City or County of a Town shall from time to time enter in the same Manner and Form every Affidavit of

Registry which shall hereafter be made.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That within One Calendar Copies of Books Month next after the First Day of January One thousand eight of Registry to hundred and twenty four, every Clerk of the Peace shall cause be printed. to be printed in the cheapest Manner, and by Contract, not less than Fifty or more than Two hundred Copies of all Entries in the said Registry Books; and that every Clerk of the Peace shall, within One Calendar Month after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, and within One Calendar Month after the First Day of January in every succeeding Year, cause to be printed not less than Fifty or more than Two hundred Copies of all Entries in the Registry Book of each County of a City or County of a Town, of all Affidavits or Affirmations of Persons who have registered their Votes within the Year then last past, ending on such First Day of January respectively; and One Copy that the Clerk of the Peace of every County of a City or County delivered to of a Town shall deliver in each Year one printed Copy of the Justice, and Registry Books to each Justice of the Peace residing in such County of a City or County of a Town, and Six Copies thereof to each Member of Parliament for the Time being for such City or Town: Provided always, that the Clerk of the Peace shall not Clerk of Peace suffer the original Registry Books to be out of his Possession, but to keep Books. shall cause Copies of them to be made for the Purpose of printing the same.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of the Peace Clerk of the of any County of a City or County of a Town shall from time to Peace to furtime, at the Request of any Freeholder of such County of a City nish Copies of or County of a Town, within Ten Days from such Request, deliver Entries in Reto such Person a true Copy of the Registry of all Freeholders gistry Books. which shall have been registered in such County of a City or County of a Town, as appearing on the original Registry Books, or a true Copy of the same as appearing in the alphabetical Books hereinbefore mentioned, or the Registry of any Freeholds, as appearing in any or either of the said Books, within any Period to be stated by the Freeholder making such Request, the said Fee thereon. Clerk of the Peace receiving for the same at the Rate of Three Pence for every One hundred Persons' Names contained in the said Copy; and if any Clerk of the Peace shall omit to furnish a Copy Omitting to of the Registry of any Freeholders as aforesaid, within the Time furnish Copy, hereinbefore limited for such Purpose, on being paid at the Rate hereinbefore stated, such Clerk of the Peace shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person Penalty 1001.

suing for the same.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Peace Clerk of Peace shall omit or neglect to keep any of the Books hereby required, or neglecting to to keep Books, &c.

Six to each

Penalty 100l. årc. or to attend Sessions, &c.

Penalty 501.

Grand Juries may present for printing and providing Books.

No Freeholder to vote unless registered.

Time for registering Free-holds of 201, or

Freeholds of 50l. or 90l. and Freeholds let to Person under whom held, or for held.

No Vote unless Freebold restered 12 Months.

In what cases 40a. Freeholder

to make due Entries therein in the Order and Form required, or to file any Oath and Affirmation delivered to him to be filed, and to preserve the same free from Erasure, Blot, Interlineation or Damage, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and be incapable of serving as a Clerk of the Peace for any County; and if he shall neglect or refuse to attend at any Sessions whereat Freeholders may be registered by virtue of this Act, or shall omit to give Copies of the Registry Books aforesaid, or any of them, or any Part thereof, within a reasonable Time after Demand, he shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds to any Person suing for the same.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of every County of a City or County of a Town, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and required to present such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be proper for the Expence of printing the aforesaid Books in the Manner and Form hereinbefore directed; such Grand Jury shall also present the Expences of providing the Registry and Alphabetical Books hereinbefore mentioned.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be

admitted to vote at any Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town, by virtue of a Freehold, unless such Freehold shall have been registered in Manner hereinbefore directed; and that no Person shall be admitted to vote at any such Election by virtue of a Freehold registered at the Value of Twenty Pounds or Forty Shillings, unless such Freehold shall have been registered within Eight Years preceding the Teste of the Writ for holding such Election; and that no Person who shall have registered any Freehold as of the Value of Fifty Pounds or Twenty Pounds, such Freehold not arising out of a Rentcharge, shall be admitted to vote at any such Election, unless such Freehold shall have been registered Six Months at the least before the Teste of the Writ for holding such Election; and if such Person shall have let or agreed to let the same to the Person or Persons from whom he holds it, or to the Heirs or Assigns of such Person or Persons, or to any One in Trust for him, her or them, or who has let or agreed to let the same, or more thereof than shall leave a Re-Term for which sidue sufficient to constitute such Freehold, for the Term for which he holds it, then such Person shall not be permitted to vote at any such Élection, unless he shall have registered such Freehold Twelve Calendar Months previous to the Teste of such Writ; and that no Person, having registered a Freehold arising out of a Rentcharge, shall be admitted to vote at any such Election, unless such Freehold shall have been registered Twelve Months at the least before the Teste of the Writ for holding such Election; and no Person, having registered a Freehold as of the Value of Forty Shillings, shall be admitted to vote at any such Election by virtue of any Freehold which shall be let or demised to the Person or Persons from whom he holds or derives the same, or to any Person in Trust for him or them, or to his or their Heirs or Assigns, or which shall be let or demised to any Person or Persons for the same Term for which he holds the same; and that no

Person, having registered a Freehold as of the Value of Forty

Shillings, shall be admitted to vote at any such Election, unless not admitted to such Freehold shall have been registered Twelve Calendar Months vote. at the least before the Teste of the Writ for holding such Election, except such Freehold shall have come to him by Descent, Devise, Marriage or Marriage Settlement; and in case such Freehold Time for re shall have come to him by Descent, Devise, Marriage or Marriage Settlement, then such Person shall not be permitted to vote Descent. by virtue thereof, unless the same shall have been registered Six Calendar Months previous to the Teste of such Writ.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be No vote for admitted to vote at any Election of any Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a lently, &c. Town, by virtue of any Freehold granted fraudulently, or in Exchange for a Freehold in any other County, or in Consideration of any Increase of Rent out of any other Lands in the same or in any other County, held by such Person from the Grantor, though such Consideration be not expressed in the Deed or Grant.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be Nor for admitted to vote at any Election of a Member or Members to Infants. serve in Parliament, who is under the Age of Twenty one Years.

XXVI. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall Grants fraudufraudulently and knowingly grant any Interest importing to be a lently made Freehold, which really is not so, with Intent to enable any Person valid against Grantor. to vote as a Freeholder at any Election of a Citizen or Citizens, by any County of a City or County of a Town, such Grant shall be good and valid against the Grantor thereof, for every Purpose but enabling the Grantee to vote.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if such Grantor shall Unduly making be possessed only of a Term of Years therein, and shall demise Grants as Free-the same, or any Part thereof, for a Life or Lives, with Intent to induce the Lessee therein to register such as a Freehold for any County of a City or County of a Town, or to vote as a Freeholder thereout, he shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Penalty 100L Person who shall sue for the same, by Action, Bill, Plaint or In-

formation, in any Court of Law.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Conveyances passing of this Act all Estates, Grants, and Conveyances whatso- made frauduever, made to any Person or Persons in any fraudulent or collu- lently to qualify sive Manner, on Purpose or with Intent to qualify him or them to valid against give his or their Vote or Votes at any Election or Elections, Citi- Persons grantzens for Counties of Cities, Burgesses for Counties of Towns, sub- ing the same. ject to Conditions or Agreements to defeat or determine such Estates, Grants and Conveyances, shall be deemed and taken against the Person or Persons who granted such Estate as free and absolute, and be holden and enjoyed by all and every Person and Persons to whom such Conveyance or Grant shall be made as aforesaid, freed and absolutely acquitted, exonerated and discharged of and from all Manner of Trusts, Conditions, Clauses of Re-entry, Powers of Revocation, Provisoes of Redemption, or other Defeazances whatsoever between or with the said Parties, or any other Person or Persons in Trust for them; and that all Covenants for Bonds, Covenants, Collateral or other Securities, Contracts or Redemption Agreements between or with the said Parties, or any other Per- void. son or Persons in Trust for them, or any of them, for the redeem-

Executing or preparing such Conveyances. or voting under such,

C. 35.

Penalty 1001.

How far Trustees, &c. may

Mortgagor may vote. No register of Ecclesiastical Freebolds.

Proviso for Persons disposing of a Part of Freehold.

Town Clerk, &c. to keep Registry Book of Persons to whom Freedom granted;

and give Lists of Entries when required.

Fee thereon.

Neglect, Penalty 100l. ing, revoking or defeating such Estate or Estates, or for the re-storing or reconveying thereof, or any Part thereof, to any Person or Persons, in Trust for them or any of them, shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that every Person who shall make and execute such Conveyance or Conveyances as aforesaid, or, being privy to such Purpose, shall devise or prepare the same, and every Person who, by Colour thereof, shall give any Vote at any Election for any such Member to serve in Parliament, shall for every such Grant and Conveyance so made or Vote so created or given, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds Sterling to any Person who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Information in any of His Majesty's Courts.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be admitted to vote at any Election by reason of any Trust, Estate or Mortgage, unless such Trustee or Mortgagee shall have been in the actual Possession or Receipt of the Profits thereof, for his own Use, Twelve Calendar Months before the Teste of the Writ for holding such Election, and the Mortgagor or Cestuique Trust in Possession (or both, as the Case may be) may vote out of such Estate, notwithstanding such Mortgage or Trust: Provided always, that no Rector, Vicar or Curate, shall be obliged to register his Freehold arising from his Rectory, Vicarage, Curacy or other Ecclesiastical Preferment, or be precluded from voting at any Election on account of his not having registered the same: Provided always, that no Person shall be precluded from voting by virtue of any Freehold, on account of having sold, aliened or disposed of any Part of the Freehold he shall have registered between the Date of such Registry and the Day he shall offer his Vote, if he shall have retained thereof to the annual Value sworn in such Registry.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Town Clerk or other Officer of each County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, who shall have Charge of the Books whereby it shall appear to what Persons the Freedoms of such City or Town shall be granted, and by which it shall appear what Persons have been declared entitled to their Freedom as of Right, shall keep a Book containing a List of the Names of the Persons elected or admitted Freemen, and of the Persons to whom all Freedoms shall be granted, and of the Persons who shall be declared entitled to their Freedom as of Right: and such Town Clerk or other Officer shall, at the Request of any Freeman of the said City or Town, within Ten Days from the Time of making such Request, deliver to such Person a List of the Names of the Persons elected or admitted Freemen, and of the Persons to whom such Freedoms shall be so granted, and of the Persons who shall be so declared entitled to their Freedom as of Right, within such Time as shall be specified by such Person, such Town Clerk or other Officer receiving for the same at the Rate of Three Pence for every Hundred Persons' Names contained in such List; and if any Town Clerk or other Officer as aforesaid shall omit to keep a Book containing the Entry of such Names, or shall omit to furnish a List of the Names of such Persons within the Time appointed for furnishing the same as aforesaid, after Request made as aforesaid, such Town Clerk or other Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person suing for the same. XXXI. And

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That any Mayor, Bailiff, Officers of Cor-Town Clerk or other Officer of any Corporation having a Right porations to adto return Members to Parliament, shall upon the Demand of any Candidates, Agent, or Freeman of such Corporation, on Payment &c. to inspect Books. of Two Shillings and Sixpence, permit such Freeman, between Fee, the Hours of Twelve at Noon and Three in the Afternoon, at any Time to inspect the Books and Papers wherein the Admission of Freemen shall be entered, and to have Copies or Minutes of And give the Admission of so many Freemen as such Candidate, Agent or Copies. Freeman shall think fit, upon Payment to such Mayor or other Officer of Two Shillings and Sixpence for every such Admission; Fee. and such Books and Papers shall, if demanded by such Candidate or his Agent or Freeman, be produced by such Mayor or other Officer; and if such Mayor or other Officer shall refuse or deny Refusal, such Candidate, Agent or Freeman the Inspection of such Books and Papers at any Election, if demanded and paid for in the Manner hereinbefore set forth, such Mayor or other Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds Penalty 1001. to him, her or them who shall sue for the same, to be recovered in Manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be In what Cases admitted to vote as a Freeman at any Election of a Member to only Freemen serve in Parliament, whose Freedom shall not have come to him by Service, Birthright or Marriage, unless he shall have been elected or admitted to his Freedom, or his Freedom shall have been granted to him, Six Calendar Months at the least before the

Teste of the Writ for holding such Election.

4 GEO. IV.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That immediately after the Sheriffs to in-Receipt of the Writ for making an Election for any County of a dorse Date of City or County of a Town, the Sheriffs or other Returning Officers Receipt on of such County of a City or County of a Town shall and they are of such County of a City or County of a Town shall and they are tions, and make hereby required to indorse thereon the Date of receiving the Proclamation same; and that such Sheriffs or other Returning Officers shall, and affix Notice within Two Days after the Receipt of such Writ, cause Procla- on the Court mation of the Time and Place of holding such Election to be House. made, at the usual Place of holding such Elections, between the Hours of Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon and Two of the Clock in the Afternoon; and that the said Sheriffs or other Returning Officers on the same Day shall cause to be affixed on the Doors of the Court House of such County of a City or County of a Town, public Notice of a Special County Court to be there holden for the Purpose of such Election only, and which shall be holden on same Day (Sunday, Christmas Day, and Good Friday excepted,) nor later from the Day of making such Proclamation and affixing such Notice than Eight Days, nor sooner than Four Days.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever in any Whenever more County of a City or County of a Town the Number of Freeholders than 800 Freeholders are re-

appearing by the Books of the Clerk of the Peace capable of voting gistered in any at any Election for the same shall exceed Eight hundred Freeholders, it shall and may be lawful for the Returning Officers and City or County they are hereby required to provide Two or more Places for the of a Town, additionally places for the officers. polling the Freeholders of such County of a City or County of a ditional Places Town, and to make such Division or Divisions of the Freeholders vided, &c. of such County of a City or County of a Town, according to the

County of a of polling proDeputies and Poll Clerks to be appointed. First Letters of their Names, that it shall not be necessary for more than Eight hundred Freeholders to poll in any one Place of polling, but so as not to divide the Names beginning with the same Letter of the Alphabet; and such Returning Officers shall and they are hereby required to appoint as many Deputies and Poll Clerks as shall be necessary to take the Poll in such Places of polling, not exceeding One Deputy and One Poll Clerk for each Place of polling; provided, however, that no greater Number of polling Places shall be provided by such Returning Officers than One for every Eight hundred Freeholders, appearing by the Books of the Clerk of the Peace to be capable of voting at such Election.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That whenever, in any

When Freemen exceed 1000, Two Places of polling to be provided.

County of a City or County of a Town, the Number of Freemen appearing by the Grand Panel or Roll of Freemen of such County of a City or County of a Town, capable of voting at any Election for the same, shall exceed One thousand, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriffs or other Returning Officers, and such Returning Officers are hereby required to provide Two Places for the polling of the Freemen of such County of a City or County of a Town; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Returning Officers, and they are hereby required to appoint as many Deputies and Poll Clerks as shall be necessary to take the Poll in such Places of polling, not exceeding One Deputy and One Poll Clerk for each Place of polling; the respective Places of polling of Freemen to be separate and distinct from the Places appointed for the polling of Freeholders; provided, however, that no greater Number of polling Places than Two shall be provided by such Returning Officers for such County of a City or County of a

How Poll to be taken.

When Polls to begin, and how long to continue and when to conclude.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That every Poll which shall be demanded at any Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland shall commence on the Day upon which the same shall be demanded, or upon the next Day after at farthest (unless such Day shall happen to be a Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday, and in such Case on the Day next after), and shall be duly and regularly proceeded in from Day to Day, for so many Hours of each polling Day as the Returning Officer or Officers is or are by this Act directed to keep the Poll open (Sundays, Christmas Day and Good Friday always and only excepted), until the same be finished, but so that no Poll for the Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland shall continue more than Fifteen Days at the most (Sundays, Christmas Day and Good Friday always excepted); and if such Poll shall continue until the Fifteenth Day, then the same shall be finally closed at or before the Hour of Three o'Clock in the Afternoon of the same Day; and the Returning Officer or Officers at every such Election shall, immediately after the final Close of the Poll, truly, fairly and publicly declare the Name or Names of the Person or Persons who hath or have the Majority of Votes on such Poll, and shall forthwith make a Return of such Person or Persons.

Return made on 15th Day.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Returning Returning Micer shall, before the Commencement of polling, take and sub-Officer to take cribe in open Court the Oath following, which every Justice of the following Oath: he Peace is hereby required and authorized to administer:

A. B. do swear, That I will honestly, impartially and without Favour to any Candidate, take the Poll at this Election; and that I have not directly or indirectly received, nor will I hereafter directly or indirectly receive any Money, Gift, Reward, Promise, Contract or Security for Money or other Reward, for er in respect of the Conduct which I shall observe during the ensuing Poll, or the Return which I shall make at the Close thereof, except the Expenses of erecting Booths, hiring Buildings, keeping them in Repair and the Payment of Clerks and Deputies, and Counsel for my Assistance; and that I will return such Person or Persons as shall appear, to the best of my Judgment, at the Close of the Poll, to have the Majority of legal Votes.

nd that every Deputy appointed by virtue of this Act shall, be- Deputies to re he proceeds to take the Poll, take and subscribe, in open take the followourt, the Oath following, in the Presence of the Returning Officer ing Oath: Officers, who is and are hereby required and empowered to drainister the same:

A. B. do swear, That I will honestly, impartially and without Favour to any Candidate, take the Poll at this Election; and that I have not directly or indirectly received, nor will I hereafter directly or indirectly receive any Money, Gift, Reward, Promise, Contract or Security for Money or other Reward, for or in respect of the Conduct I shall observe during the ensuing Poll; and that I will make a fair and true Return of all such Persons as shall tender their Votes before me, to be by me taken to the Returning Officer or Officers by whom I am appointed, whenever and as often as I shall be thereunto required by him or them.'

nd a Memorandum of every of the said Oaths being taken shall tentered on the Poll Book.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person whom Oath of Clerk by Returning Officer at any Election for a Member to serve in for taking Poll writisment for any County of a City or County of a Town shall of Freeholders; apply to act as Clerk for taking the Poll of Freeholders shall, refore his beginning to take such Poll, take an Oath in the Form ollowing:

I A. B. do swear, That I will at this Election of a Member [or, Members, as the Case may be,] to serve in Parliament for the County of the City or the County of the Town [as the Case may ' be], of truly and indifferently take the Poll, and set down the Number opposite to the Name of each Free-' holder, in the Registry Book, his Name and the Place of his ' Abode, and the Situation and the Value of his Freehold, and for ' whom he shall poll.'

Which Oath every Returning Officer is hereby authorized and his Duty.

compowered to administer; and every such Clerk of the Peace + + sie + Sic. shall enter in a Book, to be provided for that Purpose, the Number

which shall appear in the alphabetical Registry Book opposite to the Name of each Freeholder who shall tender his Vote, or offer to poll at such Election, in the Booth to which such Clerk shall be appointed, the Name of such Freeholder, and the Place of his Abode, the Situation and Value of his Freehold, and for whom he shall vote.

Oath of Clerk taking Poll of Freemen;

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Person whom any Returning Officer, at any Election for a Member to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town, shall employ to act as a Clerk for taking the Poll of Freemen, shall, before his beginning to take such Poll, take an Oath in the Form following:

A. B. do swear, That I will at this Election of a Member or Members [as the Case may be] to serve in Parliament for the ' County of the City or County of the Town [as the Case may ' be], of truly and indifferently take the Poll,

and set down the Name and the Place of Abode of each Free-' man, and for whom he shall poll.'

his Duty.

Which Oath every Returning Officer is hereby authorized and required to administer; and every such Clerk shall enter in a Book to be provided for that Purpose, the Name and the Place of Abode of each Freeman who shall tender his Vote, or offer to poll at such Election, in the Booth for which such Clerk shall be appointed, the Place of Abode of such Freeman, and for whom he shall vote.

Sheriff to attend at a Booth separate from polling Booths, to decide disputed Questions.

XL. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Sheriff and other Returning Officers, at any Election for a Member to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town, and they are hereby required to erect a Booth or hire a Building, unless there shall already be some fit and convenient Place for the Purpose, wherein they may and shall decide all the disputed Questions, and all the Objections to Votes that may be referred to them, and which Booth or Building, or other Place, shall be separate from and exclusive of the Number of Booths or Buildings, or other Places necessary for the polling of the Electors; and such Returning Officers, or One of them, is and are hereby required to give his or their constant Attendance in such separate Booth, Building, or other Place, in which the polling shall continue each Day.

Deputy Sheriffs to appoint Inspector and Agent, and Clerk for checking Poll Clerk.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the respective Deputies to be appointed by the Sheriffs or other Returning Officers, in Manner herein mentioned, shall appoint in each Place of polling such One Person for each Candidate as shall be nominated to him by such Candidate, to be an Inspector of the Clerk appointed for taking the Poll, and the Agent of such Candidate in such Place of polling; and shall also appoint such One other Person for each Candidate as shall be nominated by such Candidate, to be a Clerk for keeping a Cheque Book of the Poll Book in such Place of polling.

Deputies may

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriffs, or other be removed, &c. Returning Officers of every County of a City or County of a Town, may from time to time during every Election remove any Deputy who shall be appointed in Manner herein directed, and appoint another another in his Room, or may change any Deputy from one Booth or Building to another, as such Returning Officers shall + think fit : Provided always, that every such Removal or new Appointment of a Deputy, or Change from one Booth or Building to another, shall be made publicly, and proclaimed in the Place where such Deputy shall take the Poll, by the Returning Officer or Officers, or some Person to be for that Purpose appointed by him or them.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be On Demand of lawful to and for the Officers at any Election for a County of a Candidates, City or County of a Town in *Ireland*, and they are hereby required, on the Demand in Writing of any Candidate, to appoint a Officers to appoint Sufficient Number of competent Persons to act as Interpreters, in print Interpreters. order to translate faithfully such Oaths, Affirmations and such Questions and Answers as are required to be taken, made, asked or given, at any such Election; and that every such Interpreter shall, immediately after such Appointment and before he shall proceed to act under such Appointment, take the following Oath; and every Returning Officer is hereby required and empowered to administer the same:

+ Sic.

I A. B do swear, That I will faithfully interpret such Oaths, Oath of In-Affirmations, Questions and Answers, as I shall be directed terpreter.

' to interpret by the Returning Officer or Officers, and his or their

' Deputy or Deputies [as the Case may be].

And that every such Person so appointed for the Purpose afore- Allowance. said shall be entitled to receive the Sum of Ten Shillings for each Day of his Attendance.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace, Clerk of the at every Election of a Member to serve in Parliament for any Peace to ap-County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, shall appoint, or point Deputy in Failure thereof, the Sheriffs or other inferior Officers thereof to attend at shall appoint a Deputy Clerk of the Peace, who shall attend with Registry Books the original Registry Book or Books in which the Entries of the and original Registry of all Freeholds shall be first entered at the Booth to be Affidavits of provided for the Sheriffs or other Returning Officers, as hereby Registry alphadirected, and also a Deputy Clerk of the Peace, and also an Asbetically arranged to sistant to such Deputy, to be present in each Place of polling of ranged, &c. Freeholders; and such Deputy shall take with him into such Place of polling such of the alphabetical Registry Books belonging to the County of a City or County of a Town, as shall contain the Names of the Freeholders to be polled in such Place of polling, and the original Affidavits or Affirmations which shall have been made by the Persons capable of voting in such Place of polling respectively; which Affidavits or Affirmations the Clerk of the Peace is hereby required to have arranged alphabetically in separate Parcels (one or more for each Letter of the Alphabet), and indorsed with the Names of the Persons by whom the same were respectively made, and also with the Number of the Entry of each Affidavit or Affirmation in the original Registry Book or Books; and that in those Cases wherein a Certificate of Registry shall not be produced by the Person tendering his Vote or offering to poll, such Deputy shall, on the Demand of the Returning Officer's Deputy, produce the original Affidavit or Affirmation of the Registry of such Person; and that such Deputy Clerk of the Peace shall Allowance to be entitled to receive the Sum of Ten Shillings and no more, for Deputy.

A.D. 1823.

Altering &c. Affidavits, Penalty 101.

Deputy Town Clerk to attend Sheriffs with Books containing Entries of Grants of Admissions to Freedoms.

Allowance for Attendance. + Sic.

Town Clerk to provide Copy of Grand Panel of Freemen for each polling Place;

and appoint Deputy to attend.

Allowance for Attendance.

Oath of not having voted before and of being of Age, to be put, if required.

each Day of his Attendance, any Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Assistant to such Deputy shall be entitled to receive the Sum of Five Shillings for each Day of his Attendance; and that if such Deputy or such Assistant to such Deputy shall alter, deface, destroy or lose any Affidavit or Affirmation of Registry committed to his Care, he shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every such Offence, to any Person suing for the same, by Action of Debt, at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That at every Election of a Member to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, the Town Clerk or other Officer having Charge of the Books relating to the granting or electing of or Admissions to Freedoms for such County of a City or County of a Town shall appoint, or in Failure thereof the Sheriffs or other Returning Officers shall appoint a Deputy Town Clerk or other such Officer as shall have Charge of such Books, and such Deputy so appointed shall attend in the Place appointed for the Attendance of such Sheriffs or other Returning Officers, and shall take such Books with him thereto; and in case the Sheriffs or other Returning Officer shall deem it expedient to refer to any of the Entries contained in such Books, such Deputy Town Clerk or other Officer shall produce the same to such Sheriff or other Returning Officer; and such Deputy Town Clerk or other Returning Officer + shall be entitled to receive the Sum of Ten Shillings, and no more, for each Day of his Attendance.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That at every Election for a Member to serve in Parliament for a County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, the Town Clerk or other Officer having Charge of the Grand Panel or Roll of Freemen of such County of a City or County of a Town, shall provide a Copy of such Grand Panel or Roll of Freemen for each Place of polling Freemen at such Election; and shall appoint, or in failure thereof, the Sheriffs or other Returning Officers of such County of a City or County of a Town shall appoint a Deputy Town Clerk or other Officer, having Charge of such Grand Panel or Roll of Freemen for each Place of polling Freemen at such Election; and such Deputy so appointed shall take with him to such Place of polling a Copy of such Grand Panel or Roll of Freemen, and shall produce and refer to the same, as shall be directed by the Sheriffs or other Returning Officers or their Deputy, presiding in such Place of polling; and each of such Deputies shall be entitled to receive the Sum of Ten Shillings and no more for each Day of his Attendance.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That at every Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town, the Returning Officer's Deputy shall, if required by any Candidate or the Inspector of any Candidate so to do, in Person administer, in the Place of polling in which he presides, an Oath, in the following Form, to every Person separately who shall tender his Vote or offer to poll at such Election, and immediately after the Production of the Certificate or Affidavit of Registry, when any such Person offers to vote by virtue of a Freehold; (that is to say.)

' I A. B.

A.B. do swear, [or being a Quaker or Moravian, do solemnly Oath. affirm, That I will true answer make to all such Questions as the Sheriffs, or other Returning Officer's Deputy [as the Case " may be], presiding in this Booth, shall demand of me; and I do also swear, [or, being One of the People called Quakers or Moravians, do solemnly affirm,] That I have not polled before at this Election, and that I am, as I believe, Twenty one Years of Age. 'So help me GOD.'

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That at every such Election Oath of not for a County of a City or County of a Town, the Returning having received Officer's Deputy shall if required by any Candidate, or the Inspector of any Candidate so to do, also administer, in the Place woting to be administered, if of polling in which he presides, an Oath in the following Form, required. to every Person separately who shall tender his Vote, or offer to poll at such Election, before such Person shall be permitted to poll:

A. B. do swear, [or, being of the People called Quakers, I A. B. Oath. do solemnly affirm,] I have not received or had myself, or any Person whatsoever in Trust for me, or for my Use and Benefit, or for the Use and Benefit of any of my Family or Kindred, to my Knowledge or Belief, directly or indirectly, any Sum or Sums of Money, Office, Place or Employment, Gift or Reward, or any Promise or Security for any Money, Office or ' Employment, in order to give my Vote at this Election.'

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which Deputy to refer any Person shall tender his Vote, or offer to poll at any Election to Registry for a Member to serve in Parliament for a County of a City or a County of a Town, by virtue of a Freehold, the Returning Officer shall, in the first Place, refer to the Entry of the Registry of the Affidavit or Affirmation, in the alphabetical Rock furnished by the Affidavit or Affirmation, in the alphabetical Book furnished by the dence, and in Clerk of the Peace in which the same shall be contained, and write default thereof, down opposite to the same the Initial Letters of his Name, and the original then he shall refer to the Certificate or Affidavit of the Registry of the same; and that if any such Person shall produce a Certificate of the Registry of his Freehold corresponding with such Entry of the original Affidavit or Affirmation, without any Erasure or Interlineation therein, signed as required by Law, such Certificate shall, without further Proof, be deemed of equal Authenticity with the original Oath or Affirmation, and conclusive Evidence that such Person so tendering his Vote, or offering to poll, had registered such Freehold, and the Returning Officer's Deputy shall write down the Initials of his Name upon the Margin of such Certificate; and that in all Cases wherein no such Certificate shall Proviso where be produced by the Person tendering his Vote, or offering to poll, no Certificate or wherein such Certificate, if produced, shall appear to the Re-turning Officer's Deputy not to be in Manner and Form as afore-duced. said, it shall and may be lawful for the Returning Officer's Deputy, and he is hereby required to direct the Deputy Clerk of the Peace to produce the original Affidavit or Affirmation of the Registry of the Freehold of such Person so tendering his Vote, or offering to poll. Z 4 L. And

When Entry of Freehold ap-pears in Registry, vote to be taken unless Oaths required or Objections made; without referring to Affidavit, &c.

L. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Entry of the Affidavit or Affirmation shall appear in the Registry Book, and that any such Person shall have produced such a Certificate of Registry as is hereinbefore described, or that the original Affidavit or Registry shall have been produced by the Deputy Clerk of the Peace, and that such Person so tendering his Vote, or offering to poll, shall have taken the Oaths aforesaid, if required so to do, such Deputy shall then ask such Person for whom he votes, and the Vote of such Person shall be entered on the Poll Book according to his Answer, unless such Deputy shall be required by any Candidate, or the Agent of any Candidate, to put to such Person the Questions hereinafter mentioned, or unless an Objection be made to such Vote in Manner herein directed: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Returning Officer's Deputy to take the Vote of any Person tendering his Vote, or offering to poll, whose Freehold appears on the Registry Book, without referring to the Certificate or Affidavit or Affirmation of Registry, if he be not required by any Candidate, or any Inspector of any Candidate, so to do.

Questions to be put by Deputy of Returning Officer to Voters and to Freeholders, if required.

LI. And be it enacted, That the Returning Officer's Deputy shall, if required by any Candidate or the Agent of any Candidate so to do, put the following Questions, and no others, to any Person tendering his Vote, or offering to poll at any Election for a Member to serve in Parliament for a County of a City or County of a Town in Ireland, without allowing any Person to interrupt him:

What is your Name?
 Where do you reside?

3. Do you swear that you are possessed of a Freehold in the County of the City or County of the Town of [naming the County of a City or County of a Town for which the Election is held]?

4. Where is such Freehold situated?

And that the Returning Officer's Deputy shall then, if required by any Candidate or the Inspector of any Candidate so to do, refer to the Certificate of Registry, if one be produced by the Person tendering his Vote or offering to poll, or if none be produced, to the original Affidavit of Registry, and then shall immediately ask, if required by any Candidate or the Inspector of any Candidate so to do, without making or allowing any other Person to make any Comments or Observations upon the said Certificate or Affidavit, the following Questions: +

+ Sic.

5. Is the Freehold described in this Certificate or Affidavit of Registry [as the Case may be] the same Freehold which you now swear you are possessed of, or by virtue of which you now offer to vote?

And that in case it shall appear to the Returning Officer's Deputy, from the Certificate or Affidavit of Registry, that any Person shall tender his Vote or offer to poll in respect of a Freehold of the Value of Forty Shillings only, the said Deputy shall then, if required by any Candidate so to do, put the following Questions:

6. Do you swear that you have been in the actual Occupation of this Freehold, as described in your Certificate or Affidavit of Registry [as the Case may be] by tilling it or by grazing it or by residing upon it during the Whole of the last Twelve Months?

7. Do you swear that the Freehold is now of the clear yearly Value of Forty Shillings, above all Charges pay-

able out of the same?

And when such Person so tendering his Vote or offering to poll shall have answered the Questions that shall have been demanded of him as aforesaid, such Deputy shall ask such Person for whom he votes; and the Vote of such Person shall be entered in the Poll Book according to his Answer, unless an Objection be made to such Vote in Manner herein directed: Provided always, Proviso. that if it shall appear to such Deputy, from the Answers which shall be given by any Person to the first Four Questions aforesaid, that his Freehold arises from a Rectory, Vicarage, or Curacy, or other Ecclesiastical Preferment, the said Deputy shall not proceed to put to such Person the other Questions hereinbefore mentioned; but when such Person shall have answered such Four Questions, such Deputy shall ask such Person for whom he votes; and the Vote of such Person shall be entered in the Poll Book according to his Answer, unless an Objection be made to such Vote in Manner herein directed; and provided always, that if an In what Cases Entry of the Affidavit or Affirmation of the Registry of the Free- Deputy to refer hold of any Person tendering his Vote or offering to poll, required Person offering by Law to be registered, shall not appear in the Registry Book, or to vote to Rethat if any Person tendering his Vote or offering to poll shall not either produce such Certificate of Registry as by Law required, or be able to refer to an original Affidavit or Affirmation of his Registry, in the Possession of the Deputy Clerk of the Peace, or that if any such Person shall refuse to take the Oath aforesaid, or shall not give a direct Answer to each of the Questions to be put to him by the Returning Officer's Deputy, or that the Person so examined shall admit in his Answer or Answers to the said Question or Questions that he is not the Person whose Freehold is registered, or that he has no Freehold, or that the Freehold described in his Certificate or Affidavit or Affirmation of Registry [as the Case may be], is not the Freehold for which he tenders his Vote, or that he has not been in the Occupation thereof for the Whole of the last Twelve Months, or that the same is not at the Time of tendering his Vote of the Value of Forty Shillings, above all Charges payable out of the same; then and in every and in any such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Deputy and he is hereby required, authorized and empowered to refer such Person to the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assessor, for Examination, and to proceed immediately to receive the Vote of the next Person who shall tender his Vote or offer to poll.

LII. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which Questions to be any Person shall tender his Vote or offer to poll at any Election put to Persons for a Member to serve in Parliament for any County of a City of County of a Town, the Returning Officer's Deputy shall, if required. required

turning Officer.

required by any Candidate or the Agent of any Candidate so to do, put to such Person the following Questions, and no other:

> What is your Name? Are you a Freeman of the County of the City or County of the Town of [naming the County of a City or County of a Town for which the Election is held? Have you been sworn?

Provided always, that where the Right of Election in any County of a City or Town in Ireland shall have been determined, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force for the Trial of controverted Elections or Returns of Members to serve in Parliament, to be in the resident Freemen only of the County of a City or Town, the Returning Officer's Deputy shall, if required by any Candidate, or the Agent of any Candidate, put the following additional Questions to any Person offering to vote as a Freeman:

> When were you admitted a Freeman thereof, or elected a Freeman thereof? or, was the Freedom thereof granted to you, to the best of your Knowledge and Belief?

Where did you reside in the Month of

in the Year ? [here stating the Time of Admission, Election or Grant of the Freedom.

Books.

And the Answers to which Questions shall be inserted in the Poll inserted in Poll Books: And when the Person so tendering his Vote, or offering to poll, shall have answered such Questions, such Deputy shall ask such Person for whom he votes; and the Vote of such Person shall be entered in the Poll Book according to his Answer, unless an Objection be made to such Vote, in Manner herein directed.

Where Vote is objected to, a Memorandum of Objection to be made by Poll Clerk for Re-

LHI. And be it further enacted, That at any Election for a Member to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town, no Objection shall be made to vote, until after the Person tendering the same shall have declared for whom he votes; and that if the Vote of any Person shall be then turning Officer objected to by an Inspector of any Candidate, the Poll shall not to decide. he on that Account deleved by the Poll shall not be on that Account delayed, but the Returning Officer's Deputy shall direct the Poll Clerk to enter a Memorandum on the Poll Books, shewing to which Candidate or Candidates such Person has given his Vote, and he shall immediately proceed to receive the Vote of the next Person who shall tender his Vote or offer to poll; and that the Inspector who shall have made the Objection on Behalf of any Candidate, shall instantly write down a Memorandum on a printed Form, to be provided by the Returning Officer, containing the Name of the Voter, the Place of his Abode, and the Nature of the Objection or Objections, and sign and date the same, and shall give the same to the Returning Officer's Deputy, and shall sign the same with the initial Letters of his Name, and then give the same to the Assistant Deputy Clerk of the Peace, who shall take the same, together with the Certificate or Affidavit or Affirmation of Registry, if it shall be necessary so to do, to the Returning Officer, to decide on the Validity thereof; and that it shall thereupon be lawful to and for the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assessor, at the Discretion of such Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their

Assessors only, to order the Voter to attend before him or during the Inquiry into his Vote, and for such Returning or Officers, or his or their Assessor, to examine such by such Questions as such Returning Officer or Officers, or their Assessor, shall think necessary to ask, as to any ion or Objections made to his Vote; and such Returning Oath to be ador Officers, or his or their Assessor, shall administer an ministered to such Voter, in the Form following:

1 - B. do swear, [or, being a Quaker or Moravian, do solemnly [m], That I will true Answers make to all such Questions Assessor [as the Case may be]. 'So help me GOD.'

at if the Vote shall be allowed, the Returning Officer or Vote may be or his or their Assessor, shall write down upon the allowed or reand that if the jected by Reshall be disallowed, then the Returning Officer or Officers, turning Officer or their Assessor, shall write down upon the Memorandum words, "Reject this Vote;" and that in either Case, the turning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assessor, shall write the Initials of his or their Name or Names under the **b so directed to be written down upon the Memorandum**; the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assessor, then deliver the said Memorandum to the same Assistant Clerk of the Peace who had brought it to him or them, to transith carried back to the Returning Officer's Deputy; and the Deputy shall either reject such Vote, or order the Poll to enter the same upon the Poll for the Candidate or Canto whom it had been given, according as he shall be ted by the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their sor; and that every such Memorandum shall be preserved Memorandum of the Close Deputy to Returning Officers, to be attached to the Poll Books at the Close Uning Officers Election; and that the Form of the said Memorandum, so turning Officer. prepared as aforesaid, shall be as follows:

Ober in the Registry Book.	Name of Voter.	Abode of Voter.	Objection.	
		(Signed) Dated Day	y of 18	
Allow this Vote. (Signed)		Reject this Vote.		

Allow this Vote.

	]	FORM of Object	ion as to I	reemen.	
Name	of Voter.	Abode of Voter.		Objection.	
		(Signed) Dated	Day	of	
. Allow this Vote.			Reject this Vote.		
(Signed)		(Signed)			
been o	determined n force fo ers to serve Date of Ori poration I	the Trial of ce in Parliament, to ginal Entry in Cor- Books of Election to, or Admission to	controverte o be in the Residence Entry in of Election	Right of Elections of Acts of Elections or Elections or Elections of Elections of Elections of Elections of Elections of Election Election Election to Grant of or on to Freedom.	Parliames Returns o
			• (6: -1		

Provided always, that in case any Objection be taken to we which shall not be in Substance different from one previous ruled by the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assess or in case any Objection be taken which shall appear to see Deputy to be frivolous, or taken for the Purpose of Delay, the then in every such Case it shall not be lawful to and for the Deputy to transmit the Memorandum containing such Objects to the Returning Officer or Officers, and that in every such Case such Deputy shall admit the Vote so objected to to be entered upon the Poll.

(Signed)
Dated

(Signed)

Reject this Vote.

Circumstances under which Returning Officers may reject Vote of Person claiming to be Freebolder.

(Signed)

LIV. And be it further enacted, That if an Entry of the Affidavit or Affirmation at any Election for a Member of Members to serve in Parliament for any County of a City of County of a Town in Ireland, of the Registry of the Freehold of any Person tendering his Vote or offering to poll, required by Law to be registered, shall not appear in the Registry Book, or if any Person tendering his Vote, or offering to poll, shall not either produce such Certificate of Registry as by Law required, or but able to refer to an original Affidavit or Affirmation of his Registry.

in the Possession of the Deputy Clerk of the Peace, or if any such Person shall refuse to take the Oath aforesaid, or shall not give a direct Answer to each of the Questions to be put to him by the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assessor, or if it shall appear to such Returning Officer or Officers by the Admission of the Person so offering to vote, or upon a due Examination of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, upon his or their Oath or Oaths (which Oath or Oaths the Returning Officer or Officers is and are hereby authorized and empowered to administer), that the Person offering to vote by virtue of a Freehold at such Election has polled before at such Election, or has personated another Elector for the Purpose of polling at such Election, or has polled by virtue of a forged Certificate of Registry, or offers to poll by virtue of a Registry of an alleged Freehold, under a Lease for a Life or Lives, made by a Lessor who had not at the Time of making the same a Freehold Estate therein, or by virtue of a Registry of an alleged Freehold, under a Lease for a Life or Lives, which Lease is to end and determine on some such Covenant or Condition, that a Freehold Estate has not been demised by the same, or by virtue of any Freehold Estate of which he shall not be bona fide seised, then and in any or either of such Cases the Returning Officer or Officers shall reject the Vote of the Person so tendering such Vote, or so offering to poll at such Election.

LV. And be it further enacted, That if at any Election for a Circumstances Member or Members for any County of a City or County of a under which Town in Ireland, it shall appear to the Returning Officer or by Persons Officers, that any Person tendering his Vote, or offering to poll at claiming to be such Election, has personated any Freeman for the Purpose of Freemen, may polling at such Election, or that such Person is not a Freeman, or be rejected. (unless the Freedom of such Person shall have come to him by Service, Birthright or Marriage,) that he has not been admitted to his Freedom, or that his Freedom has not been granted to him Six Months at the least before the Teste of the Writ for holding such Election, then and in any or either of such Cases such Returning Officer or Officers shall reject the Vote of the Person so tendering such Vote, or offering to poll at such

Election.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be Improper Votes admitted to poll at any Election for a Member to serve in Par- to be taken off liament for a County of a City or County of a Town, who has personated another on Complaint Elector for the Purpose of polling at such Election, or who has of Candidate polled by virtue of a forged Certificate of Registry, or who has before final polled by virtue of a Registry of an alleged Freehold under a closing of Poll. Lease of Land or Tenements for a Life or Lives, made by a Lessor who had not at the Time of making the same a Freehold Estate therein; or by virtue of a Registry of an alleged Freehold under a Lease of Land or Tenements for a Life or Lives, which Lease is to end and determine on some such Covenant or Condition, that a Freehold Estate has not been demised by the same; or by virtue of any Freehold Estate of which he shall not be bona fide seised; it shall and may be lawful for the Returning Officer or Officers, and they are hereby required, authorised and empowered,

Votes tendered

Poll by Re-

Affidavit to be sworn to, and Witnesses examined on Oath as to Complaint.

Returning
Officer or his
Assessor only
to examine
Voters objected
to.

Restraining Persons from pleading, &c. during Poll.

Returning Officer may commit Persons obstructing Poll.

Deputies not to reject Votes or examine Voters except as before provided.

powered, upon the Complaint of any Candidate, to take the Vote of such Person off the Poll at any Time before the final closing of the same: Provided always, that the Act complained of as having been committed by such Person be set forth and described, and positively declared to have been committed by such Person in an Affidavit to be sworn before a Justice of the Peace, and that such Affidavit be delivered to the Returning Officer or Officers; and further, that the Act complained of shall appear to the Returning Officer or Officers, upon a due Examination of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses concerning the same, upon his or their Oaths, to be proved to have been committed by such Person, which Oath or Oaths the Returning Officer or Officers is or are hereby authorized and empowered to administer: Provided always, that the Affidavit setting forth every such Complaint shall be delivered to the Returning Officer or Officers on the same Day on which the Act complained of shall have been committed.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any other Person whatever, other than the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assessor, to ask any Question of any Person who shall be examined by the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assessor, on account of his Vote, or the Vote of any other Person or Persons, having been objected to, but that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assessor or Assessors, at the Discretion of such Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Assessor only, to permit a Barrister or Barristers to argue any Question of Law before him or them.

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LVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person, whether Barrister, Attorney, Inspector, Agent, Candidate or Elector, or any other Person whatsoever, to plead or speak in any Place of polling during the Hours appointed for polling under this Act, on any Matter or Thing whatsoever.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Returning Officer or Officers, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, at any Election, and he and they is and are hereby authorized and empowered to commit all Persons to Gaol, without Bail or Mainprize, who shall plead or speak on any Matter or Thing contrary to the Provisions of this Act, or who shall be found rioting or interrupting the Poll, or wilfully preventing the Approach of Electors to the Place of polling, or who shall be guilty of a Contempt to such Returning Officer or Officers, or to such Deputy or Deputies; provided that the Time of such Imprisonment shall not in any Case exceed Twenty four Hours.

LX. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Deputy of any Returning Officer to put any Questions to any Person tendering his Vote or offering to poll at any Election for a Member to serve in Parliament for a County of a City or a County of a Town, save and except those Questions hereinbefore directed to be put, or to make any Comments or Observations on the Answers which may be given to the same, or on any Matter or Thing relating to any Vote which may be tendered before him; and that if any Objection be made to any Vote at any Election for a County of a City or a County of a Town, or

other Place, such Objection shall be forthwith referred by the Returning Officer's Deputy as hereinbefore directed to the Returning Officer; and that it shall not be lawful for any such Deputy to investigate the Right of any Person to vote further or otherwise than as hereinbefore directed, or to reject the Vote of any Person, without Reference to the Returning Officer.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That every Returning Officer Instructions to shall give such Instructions in Writing to his Deputy or Deputies be observed by appointed for taking the Poll at any Election, as may be neces- Deputies. sary to point out to him or them what is required of him or them to be done in respect of the Objections to Votes which may be made, and in respect of the Manner of transmitting them to such Returning Officer or Officers, and in respect of the due Performance of his or their Duty as such Deputy or Deputies, and that every such Deputy shall obey such Instructions as shall

be so given by such Returning Officer or Officers.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That every Deputy shall, Deputy to close upon Notice given to him by the Returning Officer, each Day close his Poll Book, and deliver in the same immediately to such Officer, who shall sum up thereupon the Number of Votes polled shall sum up on such Day for each Candidate, to be read aloud in open Court; the Number. and if any Deputy shall refuse to deliver his Poll Book when Deputy offendance in the Number. required by the Returning Officer, or shall continue to take the ing-Poll after he shall have been directed by him to stop, and before Penalty 501. he shall be again directed by him to proceed, or after his deputation shall be revoked, he shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to any Person who shall sue for the same, to be recovered as hereinafter directed; and every Vote admitted by him after such Refusal or Direction to stop, or Revocation, shall be void, and the Person who offered such Vote shall not be deemed to have voted, and is hereby declared not to have voted or to have been polled at such Election.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That any Deputy Sheriff, Deputy Sheriffs Poll Clerk, Clerk of the Peace, Deputy Clerk of the Peace, and Officers Assistant Deputy Clerk of the Peace, Deputy Town Clerk, or other Officer, Interpreter, Constable, Bailiff or Peace Officer, who shall change himself from the Date of his Officer, who shall absent himself from the Duty of his Office at any Election Penalty. of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town, during any Part of the Time that the Poll shall be kept open on each Day, shall forfeit all Com-pensation for his Attendance during such Election; and that the Returning Officer or Officers is and are hereby authorized and required, in case of the Absence, Neglect, Misconduct or Insufficiency of any such Person or Persons immediately to remove any such Person or Persons, and to appoint a Person or Persons to fill his or their Place or Places.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Returning Officer Hours for comor Officers, at every Election for a Member to serve in Parliament mencing and for any County of a City or County of a Town, shall cause the ending the Poll Poll to be kept open in every Place, and on every Day of polling, from Ten of the Clock in the Morning, except on the First Day of Polling, until Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, except on the last Day of polling, between the Fifteenth Day of April and the Fifteenth Day of Scattering and Scattering and the Fifteenth Day of Scattering and Scattering and the Fifteenth Day of Scattering and Scattering April and the Fifteenth Day of September, and from Ten of the

Clock in the Morning, except on the First Day of polling, a Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, except on the last Buy polling, between the Fifteenth Day of September and the Fifteenth Day of April; and that in case any disputed Question, or to Objections to Votes referred to him or them by his or to Deputy or Deputies, shall not be decided during the Thier which the Poll shall be so kept open, the Returning Officers shall give his or their Attendance in his or their Both other Place of Sitting, and proceed to decide the same shart polling shall have ceased, or before the polling shall have a menced on any Day or Days of polling, except the last Day polling.

After 4th Day Returning Officer may close any Booth when 20 have not polled in

when 20 have not polled in the Day. Booths for polling may be kept open if Persons be prevented by Force from coming thereto.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may lawful for the Returning Officer or Officers, at any Election a Member to serve in Parliament for every County of a Cay County of a Town, and he and they is and are hereby required, any Day after the Fourth Day of polling, computing therein t Day on which the Poll shall be commenced, to close finally? Poll in any Booth or Place of polling in which no more a Twenty Persons have polled, or been referred for Decimal the Returning Officer or Officers, during that Day: Provide always, that in case it shall appear, upon the Evidence of h or more credible Witnesses taken upon Oath (and which O the Returning Officer or Officers is and are hereby emporer to administer), to the Returning Officer or Officers, that a Person intending to offer themselves to poll in such Booth Place of polling have been prevented by Force and Violence for coming to the same for the Purpose of polling on that Day, the then and in every such Case it shall be lawful to and for t Returning Officer or Officers to keep such Booths or Place polling open for another Day, and so on from Day to Day if Force and Violence be repeated, and be found to have taken on such Evidence as aforesaid, to the Satisfaction of the Return ing Officer or Officers.

Returning
Officer may
summon Constables, Bailiffs,
&c. to attend
Elections.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That at any Election of Member to serve in Parliament for any County of a City County of a Town, it shall be lawful to and for the Return Officer or Officers to summon all Constables, Bailiffs and on Peace Officers to attend the Places of polling, and to keep the Peace at such Election, and to perform such other Things as the be assigned to him by the Returning Officer or Officers, and appoint any Number of Special Constables that he or they may think proper to aid and assist therein; and that every Constable Bailiff or Peace Officer, when so summoned, who shall negled to attend during the whole of such Election, or to obey the lawfi Commands of the Returning Officer or Officers, shall forfeit such Office of Constable, Bailiff or other Peace Officer, and all Sales, due to him in respect thereof.

In case of Death or Illness of Returning Officer, the first sworn Deputy to perform the Duty. LXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Degit or the severe Illness of any Returning Officer, during the Continuance of the Poll at any Election for a County of a City of County of a Town, it shall and may be lawful for the other Returning Officer, if there be Two such Returning Officers, or for the first sworn Deputy, if there be but One Returning Officer.

being Two Returning Officers, in case of the Death or severe Illness of both such Returning Officers, is hereby required, under the Penalty of forfeiting Five hundred Pounds, and such Penalty 5001. other Returning Officer or such sworn Deputy, as the Case may be, to any Person who shall sue for the same, to proceed with the Poll, and to act in every respect for all the Purposes of the Election, and with all the Power and Authority to do any Act required by Law to be done by a Returning Officer at any such Election, as if he had been originally the Returning Officer; and that such Deputy shall take the Oath directed by Law to be taken by the Returning Officer at the Commencement of the Poll, which Oath any Two Justices of the Peace are hereby authorized to administer, and that such other Returning Officer or Deputy shall proceed with the Poll, and finally close the same at the Time hereinbefore required, and make a Return of the Person or Persons who hath or have the Majority of Votes, unless his Authority shall be superseded by the Recovery of the Returning Officer; and that in case of the Death or severe If first sworm Illness of such first sworn Deputy, the next Deputy in Succession Deputy not shall act as the Returning Officer, subject to the like Penalty, able to act, and with the same Powers, and take the Returning Officer's Succession Oath in Manner aforesaid, and so on, each Deputy in Succession to shall in like Manner act as the Returning Officer, in case of the Duty. Death or severe Illness of the acting Returning Officer, and Penalty 500l. another Deputy, or other Deputies, shall be appointed in lieu of the Deputy or Deputies who may thus take the Place of such Returning Officer or Officers: Provided always, that the Deputy, who shall thus take the Place of such Returning Officer, shall be entitled to the same Remuneration for his Services at such Election as if he had continued to act as Deputy.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Returning Officer No more to be or Officers for any County of a City or County of a Town shall, returned than upon any Pretence whatsoever, return more than the Number of required by Persons they or he shall, by the Writ or Precept, be required Writ. to return; and that, in case of an Equality of Voices for any Officer to have Two or more Candidates, where Two Sheriffs or other Returning casting Voice. Officer shall preside, upon the Close of the Poll, the Sheriff or other Returning Officer, whose Name shall stand first in the Appointment to the Office, shall, if he be present, give a casting Voice; and if he be not present, the junior Sheriff or Returning Officer shall give such casting Voice, whether such Sheriffs or other Returning Officers shall be otherwise legally qualified to vote or not, or whether they shall have voted or not at such Election; and if any Returning Officer or Officers shall return Officer returnmore than the Number of Persons, who shall by the Writ or ing more than Precept be directed to be returned, such Returning Officer or Number di-Officers shall forfeit the Sum of Two thousand Pounds to the rected Officers shall forfeit the Sum of Two thousand rounds to the Pendty 20001.

Person who shall first sue for the same, to be recovered as hereand incapable inafter directed; and such Returning Officer or Officers shall be of voting. rendered incapable of ever after voting at any Election for a Member or Members to serve in Parliament.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Returning Officer Returning or Officers, or any Deputy, who shall be appointed pursuant to Officer or De-

this Act, shall unnecessarily and wilfully protract the Poll or be puty causing 4 GEO. IV. guilty

Deputies in

unnecessary Delay. Penalty 500L guilty of any wilful and unnecessary Delay in taking the same, every such Returning Officer or Officers and every such Deputy so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds to any Person who shall sue for the same, to be recovered as hereinafter directed.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Per-

Rioting not to be an Excuse for closing the Poll.

sons shall violently, riotously or outrageously disturb or interrupt any Election, or the Proceedings of the Poll, such Disturbance, Riot or Misbehaviour shall not be any Excuse to the Returning Officer or Officers, nor afford him or them any Pretence for closing the Poll or making a Return; but the Court shall thereupon be adjourned for some convenient Time, as the Occasion may require; and, if necessary, shall be further continued by Adjournment from time to time, until such Disturbance shall have ceased, when such Returning Officer shall again proceed in taking the Poll; and every Person who shall be, by due Course Persons rioting or injuring Poll of Law, convicted of having violently, riotously or outrageously disturbed the Court, or otherwise misbehaved, so as forcibly to interrupt the Proceedings of the Poll, or of having wilfully effaced, obliterated, torn, altered or destroyed the whole or any Part of the Poll Books of the Returning Officer or Officers, or any Deputy, whereon any thing relative to the said Election shall have been entered, or of having forcibly or fraudulently taken or secreted the same, or any Part thereof, or the Writ or Precept for holding such Election, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and be transported for Seven Years.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which

a Poll shall take place at any Election for any County of a City or County of a Town in *Ireland*, the Returning Officer shall

certify in his Return to the Writ for holding such Election the Names of the Candidates, and the Numbers who voted for each Candidate, as it appeared at the final Close of the Poll, and such Certificate shall be admitted as Evidence of the Truth of the

Facts therein certified, unless disproved by contrary Evidence. LXXII. And be it further enacted, That in case of a general

any Writ for the Election of any Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town, shall make due Return of such Writ to the Clerk of the Crown, on or before the Day on which such Writ shall be returnable; and that in all cases where such Writ shall be issued during a Session or Prorogation of Parliament, the Return shall be made of such Writ to the Clerk of the Crown, within Forty Days after the Teste thereof; and all and every such Returning Officer or Officers as shall make Default therein shall forfeit to any Person who shall sue for the same the Sum of One hundred Pounds for

Book, &c.

Transportation. What the Return Writ is to contain.

Evidence.

When Writs of be returned.

Election are to Election the Returning Officer or Officers, who shall receive

Penalty 100l.

each Day such Default shall be made, to be recovered in Manner hereinafter mentioned. LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Fee, Gratuity or Reward whatsoever sliall be given, paid, received or taken, by turning Officer; any Sheriff or Returning Officer or Officers of any County of a City or County of a Town for making out, or for the Delivery,

Contracts for making a Return void.

No Fee or Re-

ward to Re-

Return or Execution of any Writ or Precept, for the electing a Member or Members to serve in Parliament; and that all Con-

tracts, Promises, Bonds and Securities to be made or given to any Sheriff, or other Returning Officer or Officers, for making a Return of any Member to serve in Parliament, or to pay such Sheriff or Returning Officer or Officers any Sum or Sums of Money, by way of Gratuity or Reward for making such Return or otherwise in respect thereof, shall be and are hereby declared to be null and void; and whosoever shall make, give or accept of Persons giving such Contract, Promise, Bond or other Security, or any Gift or or accepting Reward to procure any false Return, shall forfeit a Sum equal to Reward, &c. the Value given or intended to be given or accepted in such Penalty. Contract, Promise or other Security, Gift or Reward; and also the further Sum of Two hundred Pounds to any Person who shall first sue for the same, to be recovered as hereinafter directed.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Election or Election of Return of any Persons to serve in Parliament for any County of Persons under a City or County of a Town, who shall be under the Age of 21 Years void, Twenty one Years, shall be deemed null and void; and that if it issued. shall be determined by any Committee of the House of Commons, who shall try any Petition presented against any such Election or Return, that such Person was under the Age of Twenty one Years on the Day of such Election, a new Writ shall forthwith

issue for the Election of another Person in his Place.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Returning Officers return. Officer who shall be by due Course of Law convicted of having ing corruptly acted corruptly or partially in the Execution of his Duty as or partially. Returning Officer, at any Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, for any County of a City or County of a Town, shall be adjudged guilty of high Misdemeanor, and shall High Misdebe imprisoned for a Period not exceeding Three Years; and such meanor. Person so convicted is hereby declared to be for ever incapable of holding any Office or Situation, Civil or Military, under the Crown.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in Poll Books to which a Poll shall take place as aforesaid, the Returning Officer be delivered to shall, within Twenty one Days of the final Close of such Poll, Clerk of the deliver all the Poll Books of such Election to the Clerk of the kept among Peace for such County of a City or County of a Town, verifying Records of upon Oath, (which Oath any Justice of the Peace for such County, County. County of a City, County of a Town or Place, is hereby empowered to administer,) that the Poll Books which he delivers in are the original Poll Books of such Election, upon which the Return was founded; and that from the final Close of the Poll to the Time he delivers in the same there has not been any Obliteration, Erasure, Addition or Alteration made therein, and such Poll Books shall be carefully kept amongst the Records of such County of a City or County of a Town, and the Production of such Poll Books, by such Clerk of the Peace or Officer, or his Deputy, shall be deemed sufficient Evidence of the Authenticity thereof, unless the same shall be disproved.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriffs or other Account of Returning Officers of every County of a City or County of a Sums received Town shall, at the same Time that they shall return the Poll by Sheriffs for Reals used at a reary Floation for such County of a City or County Expences re-Books used at every Election for such County of a City or County turned with of a Town to the Clerk of the Peace, as hereinbefore directed, Poll Books to

return

Clerk of the Peace.

return therewith an Account of the Sums received for the Expences of such Election from the several Candidates, and the Application thereof, and shall verify the same on Oath, which Oath any Justice or Justices of the Peace is and are hereby authorized to administer.

Clerk of the Peace to take an Oath for Performance of Duty. LXXVIII. And for the better securing the Performance of the Duties directed to be performed by the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, in respect to the Registry of Freeholds, be it further enacted, That the several Clerks of the Peace, or their Deputies, of the several Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns of Ireland, shall, at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace or Adjournment thereof next after the passing of this Act, or at the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace or Adjournment thereof next after his Appointment, take and subscribe an Oath in the Form following, and which Oath the Justices presiding at the said Session are hereby directed and empowered to administer:

Form of Oath. '

[as the Case may be] do swear,

that I will faithfully and honestly, and without Favour or Affection, perform and discharge the several Duties directed to be performed by the Clerks and Deputy Clerks of the Peace, by an Act passed in the Third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled [here set forth the Title of this Act]; and that I will not demand or receive any Fee or Fees for discharging

\* any of the said Dutics which I am not entitled to by Law.

So help me GOD.

And which the said Clerks and Deputy Clerks of the Peace are hereby required to deliver to the Treasurer of the County of the City or County of the Town (as the Case may be), to be preserved amongst the Records of the County.

Entertainments, Presents, Cockades, Promises, &c. disallowed.

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Person to be hereafter elected to serve in Parliament for any County of a City or County of a Town shall, after the Teste of the Writ of Summons to Parliament, or after the Vacancy shall have happened to supply which the Election shall be held by himself, his Friends or Agents, or any Person or Persons employed in his Behalf, directly or indirectly, give, present or allow to any Person or Persons having a Vote or Votes in such Election, any Money, Meat, Drink, Entertainment or Provision, Cockades, Ribbands or any other Mark of Distinction, or make any Present, Gift, Reward or Entertainment, or shall at any Time hereafter make any Promise, Agreement, Obligation or Engagement, or give or allow any Money, Meat, Drink, Provision, Present, Entertainment or Reward, to or for any such Person or Persons in particular, or to any such County of a City or County of a Town in general, or to or for the Use, Advantage, Benefit, Employment, Profit or Preferment of any such Person or Persons, Place or Places, in order to be elected or for being elected to serve in Parliament for such County of a City or County of a Town; and that every Person and Persons so giving, presenting or allowing, making, promising or engaging, doing, acting or proceeding, shall be and is and are hereby declared to be disabled and incapacitated to

serve in Parliament upon such Election for such County of a City or County of a Town.

LXXX. And Whereas it is expedient, that Persons having Freeholds under the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, and subject only to Quit or Crown Rent, or arising from Fee farm ' Grants, or under a Lease or Leases for ever, or for Lives renewable for ever, should have the Power of voting at Elec-' tions for Members of Parliament, although they should not reside thereon, or occupy such Freeholds by tilling or grazing ' to the Amount of Forty Shillings yearly Value thereof;' Be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for Persons having Persons having Freeholds under Twenty Pounds yearly Value, not consisting of Freeholds under Twenty Pounds yearly Value, not consisting of Freeholds under 20l. a Rentcharge, and liable only to Crown or Quit Rent, to register Value to vote, the same in like Manner as is provided by this Act for Persons though not rehaving Freeholds of the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds; and siding thereon. that such Person so registering his Freeholds shall insert in the Oath of Registry, the Words "Forty Shillings," instead of the Words to be Words "Twenty Pounds" or "Fifty Pounds," and shall add the inserted in following Words: " And that the said Freehold does not consist Oath of Reof a Rentcharge, and that it is liable to no Rent except Quit or gistry. Crown Rent, or that it arises from Fee farm Grant, or that I hold it under a Lease or Leases for ever, or under a Lease or Leases for Lives, renewable for ever (as the Case may be);" and Oath or Affirmthat every Person who shall offer to vote by virtue of a Free- ation by such hold under the Value of Twenty Pounds, and holding the same, Persons offer-subject only to Quit or Crown Rent, shall make the same Affirm- ing to vote. ations, and take the same Oaths, and answer the same Questions, if required, as are new provided for Persons having Freeholds of the Value of Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that such Persons shall in such Oaths make the several Alterations and Additions as are herein set forth in the Oath of Registry for such Persons.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who Asking or reshall have or claim to have any Right to vote in any Election of ceiving Reward a Member or Members of Parliament, for any County of a City or themselves or County of a Town, shall directly or indirectly ask, receive or influencing take any Money or other Reward, by way of Gift, Employment others for Reor other Reward whatsoever, for himself or any of his Family or ward, &c. Kindred, to give his Vote, or to abstain from giving his Vote in any such Election, or if any Person, by himself, his Friends or by any Person employed by him, shall by any Gift or Reward, or by any Promise or Agreement or Security for any Gift or Reward, corrupt or procure any Person or Persons to give his or their Vote or Votes in any such Election, or to abstain from giving the same, such Person shall for such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Penalty 500L Pounds Sterling, to the Person who shall first sue for the same, and Incapacityto be recovered as hereinafter directed; and every Person offending in any of the Cases aforesaid, from and after Judgment obtained against him in any Action or Information grounded on this Act, shall for ever be disabled to vote in any Election of any Member or Members to serve in Parliament; and also shall be for ever disabled to hold, exercise or enjoy any Office or Franchise to which he or they then shall or at any Time after-Aa 3

wards may be entitled, as Member of any City, Borough or Town Corporate, as if such Person was naturally dead.

Polling Twice, or personating Voters,

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall poll a Second Time, or offer to poll a Second Time at the same Election, for any County of a City or County of a Town, or who shall personate any other Person, for the Purpose of polling at such Election, shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and upon being thereof convicted shall be imprisoned for any Term not more than Two Years, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges

Imprisonment.

who shall try such Person.

C. 55.

Voting fraudulently.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall vote at any Election, by virtue of a Registry of an alleged Freehold under a Lease for a Life or Lives, made by a Lessor who had not at the Time of making the same a Freehold Estate therein, or under a Lease for a Life or Lives, which Lease is to end and determine on some such Covenant or Condition, that a Freehold Estate has not been demised by the same, or under a Lease for a Life or Lives, or a certain Number of Years, which Life or Lives is or are dead, or under a Lease for a Life or Lives, which Lease has expired or been surrendered, after due Notice not to vote by virtue of any such Registry shall have been given to such Person by any Candidate, or by an Inspector of any Candidate, and which Notice every Candidate and Inspector is hereby authorized and empowered to give to such Person at any Time before or during such Election, or in the Place of polling, such Person, on being convicted thereof, shall forfeit to any Person who shall sue for the same the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered by him or them, with Treble Costs of Suit, by proceeding in the Nature of Civil Bill at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace that may be held for the County of the City or County of the Town in which such Election shall have taken place, or by Action of Debt in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Ireland.

Penalty 201. and Treble Costs.

> LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall poll at any Election by virtue of a Freehold which he had registered, and of which he shall not be in Possession at the Time of his polling, he shall (if thereof convicted) be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County for the Space of Six Calendar Months.

Voting by Freehold not in Possession. Imprisonment.

Persons falsely swearing.

Perjury.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall take any Oath or Affirmation hereby appointed or authorized to be taken, shall wilfully swear or affirm falsely therein, he shall be guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, or false affirming, and shall and may be prosecuted for the same as Persons may be now prosecuted who are guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and being thereof convicted he shall incur and suffer the Pains and Penalties which by Law are or may be inflicted in Cases of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and shall be for ever incapable of giving a Vote at any Election of a Member to serve in Parliament; and if any Person shall wilfully and corruptly proceed or suborn any other Person or Persons to take any such Oath or Affirmation, whereby such Person or Persons shall commit wilful Perjury or false affirming, and shall be thereof convicted, such Person so offending shall incur such Pains and Penalties as are inflicted by anv

any Act or Acts for the more effectual preventing and punishing of Subornation of Perjury, and such Person or Persons shall for And Incapacity ever be incapable of giving any Vote at any Election of a to vote. Member to serve in Parliament.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all pecuniary Penal- Recevery of ties inflicted by this Act shall be recovered with full Costs by Penalties. Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, and that it shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff in any such Action of Debt or Information to set forth in the Declaration that the Defendant is indebted to him in the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and to allege the particular Offence for which such Action or Information is brought, and that the Defendant hath therein acted contrary to this Act, without mentioning the Writ of Summons to Parliament, or the Return thereof; and that it shall be sufficient, in any Indictment for any Framing of Offence contrary to this Act, to allege the particular Offence, Indictment. and that the Defendant is guilty, without mentioning the Writ of Summons to Parliament, or the Return thereof; and that upon Trial of any Issue in any such Action, Information or Indictment, the Plaintiff, Informer or Prosecutor shall not be obliged to prove the Writ of Summons to Parliament, or the Return thereof, or any Warrant to the Sheriff, grounded upon such Writ of Summons.

LXXXVIL And be it further enacted, That in case the Plaintiff If Plaintiff or Informer, in any Action or Information given by this Act, shall discontinue, or be nonsuited, a Judgment shall be given against him, the Defendant shall recover Treble Costs: Provided Limitation of always, that every Action, Information, Indictment or Prose- Action. cution, grounded upon this Act, be commenced within One Year after the Offence shall be committed; and provided also, that in any Action or Suit brought against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, or in relation to the Matters therein contained, the Defendant or Defendants shall or may, at his or their Election, plead specially or the General General Issue. Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial, and that the same was done in pursuance and under the Authority of this Act; and in case the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or upon any Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then and in every such Case the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Double Costs, and have such Remedy Double Costs. for recovering the same as any Defendants hath or have in other Cases by Law.

Treble Costs.

## CAP. LVI.

An Act for maintaining in Repair the Military and Parliamentary Roads and Bridges in the *Highlands* of *Scotland*, and also certain Ferry Piers and Shipping Quays erected by the Commissioners for Highland Roads and Bridges.

[8th July 1823.]

43 G.S. c.80.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, to be issued and applied towards making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland; and for enabling the Proprietors of Land in Scotland to charge their Estates with a Proportion of the Expence of making and keeping in Repair Roads and Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland: And Whereas, in addition to the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, the further Sum of Two hundred and thirty thousand Pounds has at sundry Times since been granted in further Execution of the said Act, by means of which many useful Roads (to the Extent of Eight hundred and seventy five Miles) and many Bridges have been made and completed under several Contracts and Agreements entered into according to the Provisions and Regulations of the said Act: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty ininth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to repeal Two Acts made in the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for maintaining and keeping in Repair certain Roads and Bridges in Scotland; to provide more effectually for that Purpose; and for Regulation of Ferries in Scotland: And Whereas the Commissioners appointed in and by virtue of the said first recited Act were appointed Commissioners for the Purposes of the said last recited Act, together with the Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal of Scotland, and the First Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, ' Forests and Land Revenues in England, who were by the said ' last recited Act appointed Commissioners for carrying that ' Act and also the said first recited Act into Execution; any Three of which Commissioners it was by the said Second recited ' Act directed should constitute a Quorum, of which one of the Commissioners appointed by virtue of his Office should always be one; and by which Act the said Commissioners were directed to maintain in Repair the before mentioned Roads and Bridges, and also several Roads made in the Course of the last Century for the Purpose of Military Communication in Scotland insomuch that nearly Twelve hundred Miles of Road are now under the Care of the said Commissioners: And Whereas, in addition to Five thousand Pounds directed to be annually ' issued by the Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland, for the 'Purpose of maintaining in Repair such Roads and Bridges certain Assessments were, by virtue of the said last recited ' Act, directed to be made and levied, in the Manner therein prescribed, upon the Counties wherein any of the Roads and ' Bridges therein mentioned were situated, and to such an Amount that the said Counties respectively should thereby be enabled

59 G.3. c.135.

enabled to repay the said Commissioners Three Fourths of the 4 Sum expended on the Roads in the preceding Year; but in case such Assessment of any County at One Penny in the Pound upon the Rents and Profits assessed to the Property Tax in the Year ending the Fifth Day of April, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, under Schedule A., should not be sufficient to repay Three Fourths of the Sum advanced, then and in that Case such County should be further assessed so as to be enabled to repay One Half instead of Three Fourths of the further Sum of Money advanced by the said Commissioners for the Repair of such Roads and Bridges: And Whereas it is become expedient that Power should be given further to increase such Assessments, or to erect Toll Gates upon the said Roads and Bridges, or some of them, for the ' Purpose of maintaining the same in Repair, in aid of or in lieu of the Assessments so directed to be made and levied on the ' several Counties, provided such Toll Gates shall not be erected in any County, the Heritors of which shall not have pre-' viously signified their Consent thereunto; and moreover it is ' expedient that the said last recited Act should be altered, in such respects as may be necessary, for the Purpose of enabling the said Commissioners to make such Arrangements as may be ' required, with the Heritors of the said Counties, or any of them, by reason of the Erection or Non-erection of such Toll Gates: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful Notification to for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized, to be made by notify (if they shall think fit) to the Heritors and Commissioners Commissioners of Supply of any County in which any of the aforesaid Roads or to Heritors that County Assessment, levied by vir-Assessment in tue of the last recited Act, together with the Parliamentary Allinsufficient, lowance thereby given, is insufficient for the due Repair and Maintenance of the said Roads and Bridges, situated in such County; and that therefore they require the said Heritors and Commissioners of Supply to meet and assemble for the Purpose of considering, whether it will be fit and proper further to increase such Assessments; or that Toll Gates should be erected on any of the said Roads and Bridges within such County, in aid of or in lieu of the Assessment levied in such County; the said Notification to be communicated to the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply, by sending it in Writing to the Convener of such County; and, upon receiving such Notification in Writing, such Convener shall within Three Months thereafter summon and assemble, or cause to be summoned and assembled, the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply (in the Way and Manner in which Heritors and Commissioners of Supply are summoned to meet and assemble in Scotland,) for the Purpose of taking into Consideration the said Notification; and, upon being so summoned, such Heritors Resolution to and Commissioners of Supply shall meet and assemble accord- be come to by ingly, and come to a Resolution or Resolutions in such Behalf, Heritors. which Resolution or Resolutions shall forthwith be transmitted to

C. 56.

the aforesaid Commissioners for the Repair of Roads and Bridges appointed by the Act of the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty hereinbefore recited, in which Resolution or Resolutions it shall be stated and thereby ascertained, whether the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply of such County are willing and desirous further to increase such Assessment, or that Toll Gates shall be erected and Tolls levied in Aid of the County

Assessment before mentioned, or in lieu of such County Assessment; or that the County Assessment shall not be increased, and

that no such Toll Gates shall be erected.

Proceedings in case Resolution shall be to increase the County Assessment.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Resolution or Resolutions of the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply shall bear, that they are willing and desirous that the County Assessment shall be further increased, so as to defray the total Expense of maintaining in Repair the said Roads and Bridges in such County, beyond the Sum allotted for that Purpose out of the Five thousand Pounds hereinbefore mentioned, then and in such Case, the said further Assessment shall be made, levied and collected in the same Manner, and together with the Assessment directed to be made, levied and collected, under the Act of the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, hereinbefore recited; provided nevertheless, that in all such Counties as are chargeable with a Sum not exceeding One hundred and fifty Pounds respectively, as their Proportion of the Expence of repairing the said Roads and Bridges, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty two, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply of such County, at any Meeting which shall be held in any County for this special Purpose within Six Months after the passing of this Act, to order and direct the Way and Manner in which such Assessment shall be made and levied in such County, in each and every Year thereafter, either separately or along with any other Assessment in such County; and a Copy of the Order thereupon to be made, signed by the Preses of such Meeting, shall be forthwith transmitted to the Clerk of the Commissioners of Supply of such County, and the same shall be laid by the Clerk of Supply before the First Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply, which shall be held thereafter, and from and after the Receipt of such Order the Commissioners of Supply of such County are hereby directed to proceed accordingly.

Copy of Order signedby Preses, and transmitted to Clerk of Commissioners.

How Commissioners to proceed thereon.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That for the greater Convenience of Computation and of Collection of the Proportion of the Expence of repairing the said Roads and Bridges, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply of any County to make and appoint such an Assessment as shall produce a Sum larger than the Sum advanced by the said Commissioners for the Repair of Roads and Bridges, and due to them by the said County, the Surplusage thereof to remain applicable in aid of the Assessment of the following Year or Years: Provided always, that such Surplusage shall not exceed One Fourth Part in addition to the Sum advanced by the Parliamentary Commissioners, and due to them by the said County, payable out of the County Assessment.

IV. And

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Resolution Proceedings as or Resolutions of the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply to Resolutions of shall bear, that they are willing and desirous that Toll Gates shall be erected, and Tolls levied, in aid of the County Assessment upon any of the Roads or Bridges situated in such County, the Tolls, &c. said Commissioners for the Repair of Roads and Bridges shall determine whether in their Opinion the Tolls thence accruing will probably aid and relieve the County Assessment and Parliamentary Allowance, to such Amount, that the other Roads on which Tolls are not proposed to be levied may be maintained in Repair under the Provisions of the said recited Act, passed in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty; and if the said Commissioners shall determine in the Affirmative, they shall proceed to erect Toll Gates and levy Tolls accordingly, as here-inafter directed; provided always, that separate Accounts shall be kept of the Charge of maintaining the Roads maintained by Tolls, and of the Roads maintained as at present: but if the said And where the Commissioners shall be of Opinion, that the Tolls proper to be Commissioners Commissioners shall be of Opinion, that the Tolls proper to be imposed on the Roads specified in the aforesaid Resolutions will of opinion that the Tolls will not be sufficient for the Maintenance of the same, or if they be insufficient. shall be of Opinion that the Roads specified in the Resolution or Resolutions of the County Meeting are not the preferable Roads on which Tolls ought to be levied in such County, then and in that Case such Opinion of the Commissioners for the Repair of Roads and Bridges shall be communicated to the Convener of such County in order that the Matter may be again laid before the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply of such County, and if they shall not concur in the Opinion of the Commissioners for the Repair of Roads and Bridges, the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to proceed as if the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply had determined not to increase the County Assessment, and that no Toll Gates whatever should be erected.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Resolution In what Case or Resolutions of the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply shall County Assessbear, that they are willing and desirous that Toll Gates shall be ment is to cease. erected, and Tolls levied, in lieu of the County Assessment, upon such of the said Roads or Bridges as the said Commissioners for the Repair of Roads and Bridges shall think fit, then and in such Case the said last mentioned Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to erect Toll Gates, and to levy Tolls, on such of the Roads or Bridges as in their Opinion can be maintained by Tolls in lieu of the Assessment of such County; and such County Assessment shall cease and determine, and be no more assessed or levied, beyond what may be assessed and leviable in Repayment of the Advance made by the Commissioners for the Repair of Roads and Bridges, in the Year in which such Resolution for the Establishment of Tolls in lieu of the County Assessment, shall he notified to the said Commissioners: Provided always, that it Proviso for the shall and may be lawful for the said last mentioned Commissioners, Repair of other and they are hereby required, to repair any other of the Roads or Roads. Bridges now under their Care in such County, upon receiving from any Heritor or Heritors of such County as shall have determined that Toll Gates shall be erected in lieu of the County Assessment,

a Sum equal to Two Third Parts of the estimated Expence of

repairing the same, or any Part thereof.

In what ea the Commissioners under 59 G.S. c.135. are exonerated from the Care of Roads and Bridges.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Resolution or Resolutions of the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply shall bear, that they are unwilling to increase the County Assessment, or that any Toll Gates shall be erected by virtue of this Act, then and in such Case the Commissioners appointed by the said recited Act of the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, are hereby authorized to declare and notify to the Convener of such County, that in their Opinion the County Assessment, leviable by virtue of the said recited Act passed in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, together with the Sum allotted to such County out of the Five thousand Pounds per Annum thereby given, is insufficient for the Purpose of maintaining in due Repair the Roads and Bridges in such County now under the Care of the said Commissioners, and that therefore they intend to withdraw themselves from any further Care of the same; whereupon they shall be, and are hereby exonerated accordingly, at the End of the Year in which such Notification shall have been made: Provided always, that the County shall remain bound to repay to the said Commissioners the Sum advanced in that Year for the Repair of Roads and Bridges in such County.

VII. And be it further enacted, That after a Resolution of the

County to repay Commissioners.

Toll Gates to be erected, and Tolls to be levied.

Heritors and Commissioners of Supply of any County, to the Effect that they are willing and desirous that Tolls should be levied in such County, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered to direct such Number of Toll Gates to be erected across any Part of any of the said Roads or Bridges in such County, and such Number of Toll Houses as they shall think fit, and to authorize Collectors or Tacksmen acting under their Authority, from time to time as they shall find necessary, to take and levy at each of such Gates, before any Passage be permitted, a Sum or Sums of Money, not

exceeding the following Rates; that is to say,

For every Horse or other Beast of Draught, drawing any Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chariot, Chaise, Calash or other such Carriage with Four Wheels, the Sum of Nine Pence Sterling:

For every Horse or other Beast of Draught, drawing any Chaise, Gig, Curricle or other like Carriage, with Two Wheels, the

Sum of Six Pence Sterling:

For every Horse or other Beast of Draught, drawing any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other like Carriage, the Sum of Three Pence Sterling:

For every Horse or Mule, with or without a Rider, laden or unladen, and not drawing, the sum of Two Pence Sterling:

For every Drove of Oxen, Neat Cattle, Asses, Horses or Fillies unshod, the Sum of Ten Pence Sterling per Score, and so in proportion for any greater or less Number:
For every Drove of Calves, Hogs, Sheep, Lambs or Goats, the

Sum of Five Pence Sterling per Score, and so in proportion

for any greater or less Number.

Post Horses going to fetch

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Post Horse which shall be hired to draw any Carriage shall when going to

fetch or draw such Carriage be liable to any Toll on passing a Carriage not through any Toll Gate to be erected by virtue of this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That within One Calendar Month Commissioners after any Toll Gate shall be erected by virtue of this Act, the said to put up a Commissioners shall, and they are hereby required to put up or cause to be put up, and afterwards to be continued at every such Toll Gate, a Table, painted in distinct and legible Black Letters on a Board with a White Ground, containing at the Top thereof the Name of the Gate at which the same shall be put up, and also a List of all the Tolls payable at every such Gate, distinguishing the several Tolls, and the different Sorts of Carriages for which they are to be paid, where there shall be any Variation therein, and also a List of the several Gates which shall be wholly or partially cleared by the Payment of Toll at the Toll Gate or Bar where such Table of Tolls shall be affixed; and the said Com- Tickets demissioners shall also provide Tickets denoting the Payment of Toll, noting Pay. and on such several Tickets shall be named and specified the Name ment of Toll of the Gate at which the same respectively shall be delivered, and to be provided of the Gate at which the same respectively snall be delivered, and also the Names of the several Gates freed by such Payment, one to Persons payof which Tickets shall be delivered gratis to the Person paying ing Toll. the Toll, and on the Production of such Ticket at any Gate or Gates therein mentioned as being cleared as aforesaid by the Payment of the Toll at the Gate where such Ticket was delivered, the Person producing the same shall pass through the Gate or Gates therein

mentioned, without paying any further or additional Toll. X. And be it further enacted, That the Tolls so to be raised Application of and collected by virtue of this Act shall and are hereby declared Tolls. to be vested in the said Commissioners, and shall be strictly applied to and for the Uses and Purposes by this Act directed, nor shall any Part thereof be expended without their Directions: and if any Person or Persons subject to the Payment of Tolls hereby granted shall, after Demand made, neglect or refuse to pay the same, the said Commissioners shall be and are hereby empowered, by such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of any Horse or Horses, or other Cattle or Carriage upon which such Toll is imposed; and in case the Toll Proceedings if and Charges of the Distress shall not be paid at the Expiration Toll not paid. of Six Days after the same shall have been so distrained, to sell the Cattle or Carriage distrained by Public Auction, Roup or Outcry, at the Toll House where the Toll should have been paid, returning the Overplus (if any be) to the Owner on Demand, after Deduction of such Toll, and all Charges for distraining, keeping, appraising and selling the same.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Right and Property of Property of all and every the said Toll Gates, Toll Houses and Premises, to Toll Houses be erected by virtue of this Act, and of the Materials thereof, and Materials with the Materials that shall be collected and dug up for making missioners, and repairing the said Roads and Bridges, shall be vested in the said Commissioners, who may and they are hereby authorized to dispose of them as they shall think proper for the Purposes of this Act only.

XII. And for the better enabling the said Commissioners to erect the Toll Houses necessary for collecting the said Tolls, be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall be and they Power to pur-

Table of Tolls.

are chase or take

in Lease Ground necessary for Toll Houses.

366.

are hereby empowered to purchase or take in Lease such Pieces of Ground as they shall judge most convenient, not exceeding One Fourth of an Acre for each House if Waste Land, and not exceeding One Eighth of an Acre if inclosed or cultivated Land; and if they cannot agree with the Proprietor and Occupier of the Ground, they shall apply to the Justices of the Peace assembled in Quarter Sessions, who shall have Power, and they are hereby required to oblige such Proprietor or Occupier to give a Lease of the said Ground for any Term not exceeding the Continuation of this Act, and to fix the Rent of the same.

Disputes concerning Tolls to be settled by a Justice. XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Dispute shall happen about the Amount of the Tolls due, or the Charges of making, keeping or selling any Distress, such Disputes shall be settled and determined by some Justice of the Peace for the County wherein such Dispute shall arise, who, on Application made to him for that Purpose, shall examine the Matter on the Oath of the Parties or other Witness or Witnesses, and shall determine the Amount of the Tolls due, and shall award such Costs and Charges to either Party as to the said Justice shall appear right and proper; all which Costs and Charges shall and may be levied and recovered, in case of Nonpayment thereof forthwith, by Warrant under the Hand of such Justice, rendering the Overplus (if any) on Demand, after deducting the Costs and Charges of making such Distress and Sale, to the Person or Persons whose Goods and Effects shall be so distrained and sold.

Costs.

Application of Tolls.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That after deducting the Charges of Management, and other legal Burdens, the Produce of the Tolls granted by this Act shall be applied by the said Commissioners towards repairing and upholding, improving or altering the said several Roads and Bridges whereon such Tolls or Duties shall respectively be collected; or to the repairing and building Parapets, Drains and other Works thereupon, where the same shall be found necessary.

Assisting in evading the Tolls.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person occupying any Lands or other Premises near to any of the said Roads and Bridges shall suffer or permit any Person or Persons, not being his or her Servants, or of his, her or their Family, to pass over the same, or through any Gate or Passage, with any Horse, Beast or Carriage, for which Toll is to be paid by virtue of this Act, or shall connive thereat, with Intent to evade the Payment of the said Tolls or any of them; or if any Person shall forcibly pass through or assist any Person in passing through any Gate erected by virtue of this Act, whereby the Payment of such Toll may be evaded, such Person so permitting, and the Person or Persons riding or driving such Horse, Beast or Carriage through such Lands or Private Passage; and any Person or Persons riding or driving any Horse, Beast or Carriage through any private Road, (not being within the Exception aforesaid,) or forcibly passing through any such Gate, being convicted thereof by the Testi-mony of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses before the Sheriff Depute or Substitute, or any One or more of the Justices of the Peace for the County wherein the Offence shall be committed, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay to the said CommisCommissioners, or to their Collector or Collectors, any Sum not.

exceeding Five Pounds Sterling.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons Taking off shall take off any Horse or Horses, or Oxen, or other Beasts of Horses, &c. Draught, from any Carriage at or before the same shall come to evade Tolls. to any of the Gates erected by virtue of this Act, and after having passed any such Gate shall afterwards add or put on the same to such Carriage, with an Intention to evade the Payment of any of the Tolls hereby imposed, or any Part thereof, each and every Person or Persons so offending in any of the Cases aforesaid, and being thereof convicted in Manner aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay to the said Commissioners, or to their Collector for the Time being, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings Sterling.

Penalty.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons Tolls payable

having paid the Tolls hereinbefore granted at any of the said only once in Gates, shall on the same Day (to be computed from Twelve of the same Day. the Clock at Night to Twelve of the Clock of the succeeding Night) be liable to pay again the said Tolls at any Gate through which they shall have passed, for the same Horses or other Beasts of Draught, drawing the same Coach, Cart or other Wheel Carriage, or for the same Horse or other Beast or Cattle, for which any such Toll shall have been so previously paid on the same

Day.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Gates shall be Toll Gates erected by virtue of this Act within a less Distance of each other within Six than Six Miles, any Person or Persons producing a Ticket to Miles from shew that he, she or they have paid the Tolls at one Gate, shall not pay any farther Tolls till the Distance shall exceed Six Statute Miles, from the Gate at which he, she or they shall have paid: Provided always, that if at any Time the Commissioners shall think for the leasen the North Paris of the Pa sioners shall think fit to lessen the Number of such Gates, without diminishing the Amount of Tolls payable, it shall and may Toll may be be lawful for them so to do, and thereafter to demand and take increased when Double Toll at any Gate which shall not be placed within Nine Gates dimi-Miles of any other Gate: Provided always, that the Number of nished. single Tolls demanded and taken shall not exceed One for Six Miles of Road.

'XIX. And Whereas on several of the Roads to be maintained in Repair by virtue of this Act no Post Horses can be hired, by reason of which the same Horses cannot return in the same Day (as is usual on other Turnpike Roads), and will thereby become again subject to Toll, contrary to the true Intention and Meaning of this Act;' Be it therefore enacted, That Horses so returning with an empty Carriage, or without any In what Case Carriage, shall not be chargeable with any Toll in case the highest Post Horses Rate of Toll authorized by this Act shall have been demanded not to paywhen and paid for the same Horses within sufficient Time (to be returning. determined by the said Commissioners) for the same Horses to return from the Place or Places nearest to the first Toll Gate where Post Horses can be hired on such Road respectively; but in case the full Toll shall not have been paid, such further Toll may be demanded and taken for the said returning Horses as shall, with the Toll previously paid for such Horses, amount to not more than the full Toll authorized by this Act. XX. And

Tickets to be delivered on Payment of Tolls. XX. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of the said Tolls the Collector or Receiver thereof shall and he is hereby required to deliver gratis to the Person paying such Tolls, a Note or Ticket denoting such Payment, and there shall be printed and specified thereon the Names of the several and respective Gates freed from such Payment.

Giving Tickets to another PerXXI. And for preventing Fraud and Abuses in the said Tolls, be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons having a Note or Ticket, Notes or Tickets, signifying the Payment of such Toll, shall give or dispose of the same to any other Person or Persons in order to avoid Payment of the said Toll, every such Person so giving or disposing of such Note or Ticket, Notes or Tickets, or receiving the same, being convicted thereof upon Oath before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before the Sheriff Depute or Substitute of the County wherein the Offence shall have been committed, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings Sterling to the said Commissioners or their Collector or Collectors.

Penalty.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall assault, interrupt, hinder, obstruct or disturb, or cause, promote or encourage to be assaulted, interrupted, hindered or disturbed, any Collector of the said Tolls, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding

Obstructing Collectors. Penalty.

Forty Shillings.

Toll Collectors not putting up their Names;

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Toll Collector appointed either by the said Commissioners, or by any Lessee or Lessees under them, to collect the Tolls payable at any Toll Gate erected by virtue of this Act, shall and he is hereby required to place his Christian and Surname, painted on a Board in legible Characters, on the Front or on some other conspicuous Part of the Toll House or Toll Gate immediately upon his coming on Duty, and shall continue the same so placed during the whole Time he shall be upon such Duty, each of the Letters of such Name or Names to be at least One Inch in Length, and of a Breadth in proportion, and painted in White Letters on a Black Ground, or Black Letters on a White Ground; and if any Collector of the said Tolls shall not place such Board as aforesaid, and keep the same there during the Time aforesaid, or shall not give constant Attendance at all Hours, or shall demand or take a greater or less Toll from any Person or Persons than he shall be authorized to do by virtue of the Powers of this Act, or shall demand and take a Toll from any Person or Persons who shall be exempt from the Payment thereof, or shall refuse to permit or suffer, or shall in anywise hinder any Person or Persons from reading such Christian or Surname, or shall refuse to tell his Christian or Surname to any Person or Persons who shall demand the same on having paid the said Tolls, or any of them, or shall give a false Name or Names on such Demand, or shall refuse or neglect to give a Ticket denoting the Payment of the Toll, and naming and specifying the several Gates freed by such Payment, or shall make use of any scurrilous or blasphemous Language to any Person of Persons travelling upon the said Roads and Bridges, or shall without sufficient Cause detain or delay any Person or Persons travelling thereon, then and in every such Case every such Collect of

or not attending.

Unduly demanding Tolls and otherwise offending. shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings for Penalty. every such Offence, as the Justice or Justices before whom the Information shall be laid shall adjudge.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That this Act shall not extend or be Exempting construed to extend to charge with Toll any Horses or Carriages Royal Family.

attending His Majesty or any of the Royal Family.

XXV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted and Exemptions. declared, That no Person or Persons shall be charged with any of the Tolls aforesaid, for passing through any of the Toll Gates to be erected by virtue of this Act, who shall not travel above Two hundred Yards on any of the said Roads; nor any Person carrying Conveying or conveying Stones or other Materials for making, repairing Materials for and building the said Roads and Bridges, or other Public Roads Roads, &c. or Bridges, or any of the Causeways within or belonging to the same, or going or returning empty for these Purposes; nor shall Going to any Occupier or Occupiers of Land be charged with any of the Farms. Tolls aforesaid for passing from one Part to another of the same Farm; nor shall any Occupier or Occupiers of Fields or Burgh Roods on which no Offices or Barn Yards are erected for the Use of the said Fields or Lands, be liable to pay any of the said Tolls for any Horses or Carriages carrying Dung to the said Fields or Roods from the said Yard where such Dung is made, for the Use of the said Fields or Roods; nor carrying any Corn Carrying Corn in the Straw, Hay or Grass, being the Produce of the said Fields in the Straw,&c. or Roods, to the Place where the said Corn in the Straw, Hay or Grass is usually kept or used by the said Occupier or Occupiers; nor for empty Carriages returning from carrying the Matters aforesaid or any of them; nor shall any Toll be demanded from any Going to Person or Persons who shall pass or return through the said Gates Church. to or from their proper Church or Chapel, or any Person or Persons going to or returning from his, her or their usual Place of Religious Worship tolerated by Law upon Sunday, or any other Day on which Divine Worship is ordered by Authority to be celebrated; nor from any Clergyman within his own Parish going Clergymen to or returning from visiting any sick Person, or upon other his visiting the Parochial or Ministerial Duty on Sunday, or on any other Day Sick, &c. on which Divine Service is ordered by Authority to be celebrated; nor for any Person or Persons who shall pass or return in attend- Funerals. ing the Funeral of any Person or Persons who shall be buried within the Parish in which such Person or Persons died; nor for Horses going Horses or Cattle going to or returning from pasturing or watering to watering Places, or going to Smithies for the Purpose of being shod; nor Places, &c. for any Horses or Carriages of whatever Description employed Mails. or to be employed in carrying the Mails of Letters and Expresses under the Authority of His Majesty's Postmaster General, either when employed in carrying, fetching or guarding such Mails or Expresses, or in returning from conveying the same; nor for the Officers and Horses or Carriages of Officers or Soldiers upon their March or Soldiers on upon Duty, or for any Horses, Cattle or Carriages employed in March, &c. carrying or conveying the Arms or Baggage of any such Officers or Soldiers, or in carrying any sick, wounded or disabled Officers or Soldiers, or in returning from carrying or conveying the same; nor for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, furnished by or for Volunteer any Person belonging to any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps. 4 GEO. IV. Cavalry,

Carriages conveying Crimi-

Unduly claiming Benefit. Penalty.

Carriages with Stores for the Forces, Barracks, &c. exempt. Cavalry, and rode by them in going to or returning from the Place appointed for and on the Days of Exercise; provided always, that such Persons shall be dressed in the Uniform of their respective Corps, and have their arms, Furniture, and Accountements according to the Regulation provided for such Corps respectively; nor for Carts, Carriages or Waggons, travelling with and conveying Vagrants or Criminals sent with legal Passes or Warrants, or returning from conveying the same; and if any Person shall claim or take the Benefit of any of the said Exemptions not being legally entitled to the same, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling.

XXVI. And he it further enacted. That no Person owning of

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Person owning or driving, or causing to be driven any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage provided for the Service of His Majesty's Forces, or conveying any Ordnance, Barrack or Commissariat or other Public Stores of or belonging to His Majesty, or for the Use of His Majesty's Forces, shall be subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture for Overweight; nor shall any such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage be stopped or detained by reason of any Weight in such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, or of being drawn by any Number of Horses or Oxen; but it shall be lawful for any Owner or Driver of any such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, to put any Number of Horses or Oxen to such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Highways or Turnpike Roads or in this Act contained

to the contrary notwithstanding.

Powers for Commissioners to farm Tolls.

Notice given to let Tolls.

Tolls to be put up at Sum produced the preceding Year.

Mode of receiving Biddings.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners to let to farm the Tolls of the several Gates erected by virtue of this Act in the Manner heseinafter mentioned; (that is to say,) the said Commissioners shall cause Notice to be given of the Time and Place for letting the same, at least One Month before the Day to be appointed for that Purpose, by affixing the same upon every Toll Gate after the same shall have been erected, and also by Insertion thereof in some public Newspaper circulated in that Part of the Country and from and after the Expiration of One Year after the Tolls at any such Gate shall have been once let, specifying in every such Notice the Sum which the said Tolls produced in the preceding Year, clear of the Salary for collecting the same, in case any hired Collector was appointed; and that they will let such Tolls by Auction to the best Bidder, on his producing sufficient Sureties for Payment of the Money monthly or otherwise (as in such Notice shall be specified) and that they will be put up at the Sum which they were let for or produced in the preceding Year, clear of the Salary of the Collector; and to prevent Fraud, or any undue Preference in the letting thereof, the said Commissioners are hereby required to provide a Glass with so much Sand in it as will run from one End of it to the other in One Minute, which Glass, at the Time of letting such Tolls, shall be set upon a Table, and immediately after every Bidding the Glass shall be turned, and as soon as the Sand is run out shall be turned again, and so for Three Times, unless some other Bidding intervene; and if no other Person shall bid until the Sand shall have run through

the Glass Three Times, the last Bidder shall be the Farmer or Renter of the said Tolls, and shall forthwith enter into a proper Agreement for the taking thereof and paying the Money at the Agreement.

Times specified in such Notice, with such Surety or Sureties for Payment thereof, and under such Conditions and in such Manner as the said Commissioners shall think fit; and if the Person being the last Bidder shall not forthwith enter into such Agreement, it shall and may be lawful to put up the said Tolls again immediately for another Bidder, and in like Manner to continue putting up the same until a Bidder shall be found who shall enter into such Agreement; and in case no Bidder shall offer, or in case the same If Tolls be not shall not be let at any such Auction, it shall be lawful for the said let at such Commissioners to accept a private Tender for the same, and to Auction, a pridemise or let to farm or agree to demise or let to farm all or any vate Tender of such Tolls at any Sum not less than the Sum at or for which they have been less let, on the said Commissioners and ed. shall then have been last let, or the said Commissioners may appoint a Collector of such Tolls, or fix some future Day for the letting thereof, as they shall judge most proper, upon giving such Notice thereof as aforesaid, and shall and may in that Case put them up at such Sum as they shall think fit; and if the Person Collectors or Persons who shall be the Farmer or Renter or Collector or taking more Collectors of such Tolls, shall take a greater or less Toll from or less than the any Person or Persons than what is authorized and directed by authorized Toll, this Act he or they shall for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum. Penalty 51. this Act, he or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and the said Agreement for renting the Tolls shall, if the said Commissioners shall think fit to vacate the same, become and be null and void: Provided always, that at all such Commissioners Lettings, the said Commissioners shall be entitled to bid for the bidding. Tolls so to be let, either by themselves or any other Person by them respectively authorised: Provided also, that no such Tolls Term of Losse. shall be demised or leased for any longer Term than Three Years at any One Time.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commis- Power to comsioners shall have Power to compound or agree with any Person pound with or Persons using any of the said Roads and Bridges, or any Ferry Pier or Shipping Quay hereinafter mentioned, for any specified Sum of Money to be paid, or for any specified Quantity of Labour to be performed by him, her or them, in lieu of paying Tolls or Tonnage Rates during One whole Year; and Copies of Entered in all such Agreements shall be entered in a Book or Books to be Book. kept for that Purpose by the Chief Inspector of Highland Roads, and by the Law Agent of the said Commisioners, to be seen and perused by any Person or Persons at all reasonable Times without

Fee or Reward.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Injuring Persons shall wilfully or maliciously break down or otherwise Gates, &c. destroy or deface any Gates, Mile Stones, Posts, Chains, Bars, Houses, Fences or other Works whatsoever, erected for the Use of such Toll Gates, or any of the Ferry Piers or Shipping Quays hereinafter mentioned, or shall rescue any Person in Custody for any of these Offences, every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted in any Prosecution ordered by the said Commissioners, upon the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, before the Sheriff Depute or his Substitute, or any B b 2

Penalty and Imprisonment. Two or more Justices of the Peace of the County wherein the Offence shall be committed, shall be condemned to pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling, and to be imprisoned any Time not exceeding One Calendar Month, and thereafter until the Damages awarded shall be paid.

XXX. And Whereas in certain Counties in the Highlands of Scotland there are Military Roads which are not under the Care and Superintendence of the Commissioners appointed by the herein recited Act passed in the Fifty ninth Year of His late ' Majesty, by reason that such Counties have hitherto been ' unwilling to raise by Assessment a Portion of the Sum necessary ' for maintaining the same in Repair: And Whereas such Counties

Provision as to Roads.

or some One of them may be willing to raise, by Means of ' Tolls, a Sum which may be sufficient to put and maintain the ' said Military Roads in such County, or a Part of such Military 'Roads in Repair;' Be it therefore enacted, That in such Case certain Military it shall and may be lawful for the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply of any such County, at any General Meeting specially summoned by the Convener for that Purpose, to determine on a Resolution to such Effect, and to communicate the same to the said Commissioners, who shall thereupon take the same into Consideration, and if it shall appear to them that the said Military Road, or Part of such Military Road, in such County can be so put and maintained in Repair, in such Case it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to signify their Opinion to that Effect, to the Heritors and Commissioners of Supply of such County, and to publish the same in the Newspaper or Newspapers usually circulated in such County; and thereupon Toll Gates shall and may be erected and Tolls levied pursuant to this Act; and the said Military Road, or Part of such Military Road, in such County, shall thereafter be placed under the Care and Superintendence of the said Commissioners, in the Manner provided by the said herein recited Act, passed in the Fifty ninth Year of the

Toll Gates erected on Notice published.

Power to borrow Money. Reign of His late Majesty.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to borrow such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall judge to be necessary, on the Credit of the Tolls leviable at any of the Gates to be erected by virtue of this Act, to be laid out in altering, amending and repairing the said Roads or Bridges, erecting Toll Houses, and defraying other Expences of carrying this Act into Execution, provided that the whole Amount of the Money so borrowed shall not at any Time exceed Two hundred and fifty Pounds Sterling per Statute Mile, declaring that the Money so borrowed shall be and continue a Lien upon the Tolls granted by this Act, upon that Part of the Road, or upon the Bridge, for the Use of which the Money was borrowed or advanced, in preference to future Loans; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners and they are hereby empowered to assign the Whole or any Part of the Tolls by this Act imposed, levied upon the Road, or at the Bridge, in respect whereof the same shall have been borrowed, to the Person or Persons from whom the Money as aforesaid shall be borrowed, as a Security for Payment of the Sum or Sums of Money so lent by them, with the Interest thereupon; and the Assignments of the Tolls for Money

Security for Money borrowed.

Money so borrowed shall be entered in a Book to be kept by the Entered in a Chief Inspector of Highland Roads, and by the Law Agent of the Book. said Commissioners; which Book may be seen and perused at all reasonable Times by any Person interested as a Creditor, without Fee or Reward; and the Securities to be granted by the said Commissioners for the Purposes aforesaid shall be transferable by Indorsement duly subscribed by the Party transferring in the Presence of One or more subscribing Witness or Witnesses: Provided always, that the Portion of the Tolls so assigned shall not be assigned otherwise than on condition that the Road or Bridge shall be preferably maintained in sufficient Repair according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Assignment to be Form of As-

granted shall be in the following Form:

signment.

BY virtue of an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled [insert Title of this Act, ] we the Commissioners authorized to put the said Act into Execution, in Consideration of the Sum of

, advanced by A. B. to us, do hereby assign to the said A. B. his Executors and Assignees, the Tolls [describing them] to be held by the said A. B. his Executors and Assignees, from this Day of

, in the Year

f till the said Sum of , with Interest, at the Rate per Centum per Annum, be settled and paid. In witness whereof we have subscribed this Assignment, written on stamped Paper by C. D. at , on the

Day of , in the Presence

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Assignment Assignment shall be transferable by simple Indorsation in the following transferable. Words:

I A. B. do hereby transfer this Assignment, with all my Right and Title to the principal Sum and Interest thereby secured unto E. F. his Executors and Assignees. Witness my Hand, ' at this Day of , in the , before these Witnesses ' Year

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commis- Roads may be sioners may cause any of the said Roads to be measured, and measured and Stones or Posts to be erected on the Sides thereof, denoting the erected. Distance at each Mile, or at such other Distances as they may judge convenient, and also to order or cause to be erected Guide Posts and Railings upon such Parts of the said Roads where the Roads are crossed or joined by other Roads, as they shall judge proper; and if any Person or Persons shall break down, destroy Demoging Mile or deface any such Mile Stones, Guide Posts or Railings, or shall Stones, &c. break down any Cope Stones on the Ledges or Parapet Walls at the Sides of any of the Bridges on the said Roads, or shall turn any Stream of Water upon any Part of the said Roads, unless a sufficient covered or arched Drain or Passage shall have been previously made, or shall be aiding or assisting therein, or shall B b 3

Stones or Posts

Letters

rescue or attempt to rescue any Person apprehended for any such Offence, every Person so offending in any of the Cases aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted by the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, before the Sheriff Depute or Substitute, or Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County in which the Offence shall be committed, shall be not only adjudged to pay the Whole of the Damages and Expences sustained, but also a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds Sterling; and in case the said Penalty, Damages and Expences so adjudged shall not be instantly paid, or sufficient Security given for the same, the said Sheriff or Justices are hereby empowered and required to commit such Person or Persons so convicted to Prison for any

Term not exceeding Three Calendar Months. ' XXXV. And Whereas several Ferry Piers and Shipping Quays

49 G.3. c.80.

Penalty.

374

' have been erected by the Commissioners appointed by the said ' recited Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, to be issued and applied towards

' making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland; and for enabling the Proprietors of Land in Scotland to charge their Estates with a Proportion of the Expence of making and

keeping in repair Roads and Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland: And Whereas it is expedient to provide Funds for maintaining the same in Repair; Be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered to direct that no Person shall be permitted to embark from, or to land on such Pier or Quay, by means of any Ferry Boat plying for Hire, or any other Boat, unless and until a Sum not exceeding Two Pence per Boat (at the Discretion of the said Commissioners) shall be paid for every such Ferry Boat or other Boat arriving at or departing from any such Pier or Quay; nor shall any Goods

or other Commodities be embarked from or landed at any such Pier or Quay from any Vessel or Boat (not being a Ferry Boat plying for Hire nor a Vessel whose Tonnage is registered,) unless and until a Sum not exceeding Two Pence per Ton shall be paid for every Ton Weight of such Goods or Commodities so embarked or landed; and any fractional Part of a Ton Weight less than a Quarter, Half or Three Quarters of a Ton shall be charged as a Quarter, Half or Three Quarters of a Ton respectively, and any

fractional Part exceeding Three Quarters of a Ton shall be charged

as a whole Ton; and in case of Vessels whose Tonnage is registered, a Sum not exceeding Two Pence per Ton shall be chargeable and paid for every Ton of the registered Tonnage of such Vessel arriving at or departing from such Pier or Quay.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall any may be for Preservation lawful for the said Commissioners to make such Rules and Regulations as they shall think fit to prescribe for the Preservation and Use of such Ferry Piers and Shipping Quays, and to enforce the same by such moderate Penalties as they shall think proper, not exceeding Five Pounds for any One Offence: Provided always, that the said Commissioners shall put up or cause to be put up and afterwards to be renewed when destroyed, defaced or obliterated, upon some conspicuous Place or Places at such Ferry Piers, and Shipping Quays, a Table painted in distinct and legible Black

Piers and Shipping Quays.

Provision for Repair of Ferry

Table of Rules of Ferry Piers and Shipping Quays to be painted on Boards.

Letters on a Board with a White Ground, containing such Rules and Regulations, which Rules and Regulations, so put up or renewed, shall be sufficient to justify all Persons who shall be authorized by the said Commissioners to enforce the said Rules and Regulations, provided they be not repugnant to the Laws of Scotland, or any of the Directions of this Act; and all such Rules Injuring same, and Regulations shall be subject to appeal in Manner directed by this Act; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully destroy, deface or obliterate any Board, or any Part thereof, containing any of such Rules and Regulations, every Person so offending, and being convicted thereof by the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, before the Sheriff Depute or Substitute, or any One or more of the Justices of the Peace of the County wherein the Offence shall be committed, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay to the said Commissioners, or any Person Penalty. duly authorized by them in that Behalf, any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings Sterling.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Wilfully Persons shall wilfully pull down or damage any Bridge, Wall or damaging any other Building or Structure made by the Commissioners for Bridges, &c. the Repair of Roads and Bridges, or shall haul or draw, or cause Unduly haul-to be hauled or drawn, upon any Part of any of the said Roads, ing Timber, &c. any Timber, Stone or other Thing, otherwise than upon wheeled Carriages, or shall suffer any Timber, Stone or other Thing, which shall be carried principally or in Part upon wheeled Carriages, to drag or trail upon any Part or Parts of such Road, to the Prejudice thereof; or shall use any Tipstick, Joggle or other Instru- Improperty ment, for the Purpose of retarding the Descent of any Cart or using Tipother Carriage, down any Hill, in such Manner as to destroy, sticks, &c. injure or disturb the Surface of any such Road; or shall, in or upon any such Road, or by the Side or Sides thereof, or in any Killing, &c. exposed Situation near thereto, kill, slaughter, singe, scald, burn, Cattle. dress or cut up any Beast, Swine, Calf, Lamb or other Cattle; or if any Person driving any Horse or other Beast on any of the said Roads, carrying any Iron Bar or Rod, Basket or Pannier, or Unduly placin any other Matter or Thing, shall place such Bar or Rod, Basket Iron Bar, &c. or Pannier, Matter or Thing, so that the same or any of them on Horses. shall project more than Thirty Inches from the Side of such Horse or other Beast, or so as in any Manner to obstruct or impede the Passage of any Person, or any Horse, Beast or other Carriage travelling along such Road; or if any Blacksmith or other Person Blacksmith's occupying a Blacksmith's Shop, situate near any of the Roads, not closing and having a Window or Windows fronting the said Road, shall their Shutters not by good and close Shutters, every Evening, after it becomes in the Evening. Twilight, bar and prevent the Light from such Shop shining into or upon such Road; or if any Person or Persons shall make or Making Bonassist in making any Fire or Fires commonly called Bonfires, or fires, &c. shall set fire to or wantonly let off or throw any Squib, Rocket, Serpent or other Firework whatever, within Eighty Feet of the Centre of such Road; or if any Person shall leave any Waggon, Leaving Car-Wain, Cart or other Carriage whatever, upon such Road, or on riages. the Side or Sides thereof, without any proper Person in the sole Custody or Care thereof, longer than may be necessary to lead or unload the same, except in Cases of Accident, and in Cases B b 4

Unduly placing Carriages whilst loading, &c.

376

Unduly laying Timber, Rubbish, &c.

Suffering Water, &c. to run upon Road, &c.

Unduly driving Pigs, &c.

Suffering Stones, &c. with which Carriages have been stopped to remain.

Penalty.

Gates to open inwards, &c.

of Accident for a longer Time than may be necessary to remove the same, or shall not place such Waggon, Wain or other Carriage, during the Time of loading or unloading the same, or of taking Refreshment, as near to one Side of the Road as conveniently may be, either with or without any Horse or Beast of Draught harnessed or yoked thereto; or shall lay any Timber, Stone, Hay, Straw, Dung, Manure, Soil, Ashes, Rubbish or other Matter or Thing whatsoever, upon such Road, or on the Side or Sides thereof, to the Prejudice of such Road, or to the Prejudice, Annoyance, Interruption or personal Danger of any Person or Persons travelling thereon, or shall suffer any Water, Filth, Dirt or other offensive Matter or Thing whatsoever, to run or flow into or upon such Road or Footpaths from any House, Building, Erection, Lands or Premises adjacent thereto; or if any Person driving any Pigs or Swine upon any such Road, shall suffer such Pigs or Swine to root up or damage such Road, or the Fences, Hedges, Banks or Copes, on either Side thereof respectively; or if any Person shall, after having blocked or stopped any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, in going up a Hill or rising Ground, cause or suffer to be or remain on such Road the Stone or other Thing with which such Cart or other Carriage shall have been blocked or stopped, every Person offending in any of the Cases aforesaid, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings over and above the

Damages occasioned thereby.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Door or Gate of any Building, Park, Field or Inclosure whatsoever, shall be made to open into or towards any Part of any of the said Roads, or be suffered to continue so to open, except the hanging Post thereof shall be fixed or placed so far from the Centre of any Part of such Road, as that no Part of such Door or Gate shall, when open, project over any Part of such Road; and the Occupier or Occupiers of any Building, Park, Field or Inclosure, having any Door or Gate opening outwards, contrary to the Meaning of this Act, shall, within Fourteen Days after Notice to him, her or them, given personally or in Writing from any Person authorized by the said Commissioners in that Behalf, cause such Door or Gate to be hung, so that no Part of the same, when open, shall project over any Part of such Road, and in Default thereof, such Person is hereby authorized to cause the Door or Gate to be hung according to the Intention of this Act, and the Person or Persons guilty of such Neglect or Default shall, upon Complaint made to any Justice or Justices of the Peace, acting in and for the County where such Neglect shall appear, and upon Conviction upon the Oath of One credible Witness, pay to such Person such Sum as the said Justice or Justices shall direct to defray the Expence, of making the Alteration, and hanging such Door or Gate, and shall also forfeit and pay a further Sum, not exceeding Forty Shillings for his, her or their Neglect therein, to be fixed by and at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices by whom such Conviction shall be made.

Penalty.

Offenders may be detained until it appear XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which any Person shall be convicted of any Penalty under this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Justice or Justices before whom

such Person shall be convicted, to order such Person to be de- whether Distained in Custody, until it can be ascertained whether sufficient tress can be Distress can be found; and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found. found or such Penalty shall not be forthwith paid, or sufficient If no Distress, Security given for the Payment thereof, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices, and they are hereby authorized and required by Warrant under his Hand, or their Hands, to cause any such Offender to be committed to Gaol, or to a House of Correction, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months.

XL. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful For securing for the said Commissioners, or their Collectors, Surveyors or other transient Officers respectively, and such Person or Persons as they or any of them shall call to their Assistance, without any Warrant or other Authority than this Act, to seize and detain any Person or Persons (being unknown to such Commissioners, Collectors, Surveyors or other Officers,) who shall commit any Offence or Offences against this Act, and take him, her or them before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County or Place where the Offence or Offences shall be committed, or such Offender or Offenders shall be seized and apprehended, and such Justice and Justices shall and is and are hereby required to proceed and act with respect to such Offender or Offenders according to the Provisions of this Act.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That all Forfeitures and Pe- How Penalties nalties by this Act imposed, the Manner of recovering whereof levied and is not particularly specified, shall, on Proof of the Offence before applied. Two or more Justices of the Peace, or the Sheriff Depute or Substitute of the County in which the Offence shall have been committed, either by the Confession of the Party, the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, or other legal Evidence, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Effects Distress. of the Party or Parties offending, by Warrant under the Hands of such Justices or Sheriff, (which Warrant they or any of them are hereby authorized and required to grant, and to administer the Oath gratis,) such Sale being always made by Public Auction to the highest Offerer of a ready Money Price, at such Place as shall be directed in the said Warrant, within Six Days after such Distress shall have been made, and the Overplus Money arising from such Sale, after Deduction of the Penalties imposed and Charges in Recovery thereof, shall be returned on Demand to the Owner or Owners of the Goods and Effects; and all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, if not otherwise hereby appropriated, shall be paid to the said Commissioners or their Collectors, to be laid out and applied for the Purposes of this Act; and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found, or such Penalties If no Distress, and Forfeitures shall not forthwith be paid, or sufficient Security given for Payment, it shall be lawful for any One of the said Justices of the Peace, or the said Sheriff Depute or Substitute, together with any One Justice of the Peace, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under their Hands, to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to Gaol or to a House of Imprisonment. Correction for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Penalties and Forfeitures and all reasonable Charges shall be sooner paid.

AD. 1823

sions.

Appeal to Quarter SesC. 56.

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That a Person who shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any Pr ceedings to be had in the Execution of this Act, for which

particular Relief has been hereby provided, may within a Months after the Matter complained of shall be done, but a afterwards, appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the Quan

Notice.

Sessions of the County wherein the Grievance shall have are the Appellant giving Fifteen Days previous Notice of such A peal to the Defender or Defenders, and to the Law Agent of t said Commissioners, and to the Clerk of the Justices of Peace, which Justices shall have Power and Authority to be and determine the Matters in Dispute, and their Judgment the

Pinel. Limitation of

Actions, &c.

shall be final, without being subject to Review, Advocation, & pension, or otherwise.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That all Actions and Con plaints for all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures imposed this Act, or for any Wrongs done or Injuries suffered is a

Matter thereto relative, or in consequence of any of the Post by this Act given and granted, shall be commenced within a Space of Six Calendar Months after the Penalty or Forester.

Royal Burghs not to be assessed.

incurred, or Wrong done, or Injury suffered, and not aftered XLIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Royal Burgh or Burgh of Regality in be assessed for the Purposes of the said recited Act passed the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, or for the Purposes of this Act, any Thing contained in any former Ad

59 G.3. c.135. to remain in force.

or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding. XLV. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Ac of the Fifty ninth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, intitaled A Act to repeal Two Acts, made in the Fifty fourth and Fifty !! Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for maintaining a keeping in Repair certain Roads and Bridges in Scotland; provide more effectually for that Purpose; and for Regulation Ferries in Scotland; shall remain in Force, and have Effect in a

respects, excepting in so far as the same is altered by this Ad and that all the Powers and Authorities granted by the said A

43 G.S. c.80. extended to this Act.

passed in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majest and also all the Powers and Authorities granted by the recited Act of the Forty third Year of His late Majesty's Reign intituled An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Twee thousand Pounds, to be issued and applied towards making Road and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland; and fo enabling the Proprietors of Land in Scotland to charge their Estate with a Proportion of the Expence of making and keeping in mps Roads and Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland, for the Purpos of carrying the same into Execution, are hereby granted for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution.

Expences of Act how defrayed.

Act may and shall be defrayed out of any Money in the Hands of the said Commissioners appointed by the hereinbefore recircle.

Acts of the Forty third and Fifty ninth Years of His late Majests.

Public Act

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act and be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially

XLVL And be it further enacted, That the Expence of this

withstanding.

taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others,

without being specially pleaded.

XLVIII. And be it also enacted, That this Act shall commence Commencefrom the passing thereof, and shall remain in full Force and ment and Conhave Continuance for and during the Term of Twenty one Years, tinuance of and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Par-Act. liament.

### CAP. LVII.

An Act to defer the Commencement of the Duties and Drawbacks on Barilla, under an Act of this present Session of Parliament. [9th July 1823.] WHEREAS by an Act made in this present Session of Par-Ante, c.44.

liament, intituled An Act to repeal the Duties and Drawbacks on Barilla imported into the United Kingdom, and to grant other Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof, it is enacted, that from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the several Duties of Customs on 4 the Importation of Barilla, and the several Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof, shall cease and determine; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight I hundred and twenty three, in lieu of the said Duties so made to cease, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid the several Duties, and that there shall be allowed the several Drawbacks, inserted or described and set forth in the Table to the said Act annexed: And Whereas it is expedient that the in-' creased Duties granted by the said Act should not commence and be payable on the said Day: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,

That the Duties and Drawbacks payable on Barilla under any Duties and Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of the said Drawbacks recited Act of this present Session of Parliament, shall cease and payable under determine from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand commence eight hundred and twenty four, and not sooner; and that the Jan. 5. 1824. Duties and Drawbacks which by the said recited Act of this present Session of Parliament and the Table thereto annexed are made payable and allowable on Barilla, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and allowed from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, and not sooner; any thing in the said recited Act of this present Session of Parliament contained to the contrary thereof in anywise not-

§ 1.

C. 58, 59.

## CAP. LVIII.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, an Act, made in the last Session of Parliament, for suppressing Insurrections and preventing Disturbances of the Public Peace in Ireland. [9th July 1823.]

8 G.4. c.1.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled An Act to suppress Insurrections and prevent Disturbances of the public Peace in Ireland, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty two; and which by an Act passed in the same Session was continued until the ' First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty three: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said first recited Act shall be and the same is hereby continued, and shall be and remain in force on and from the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty four.

Recited Act continued till Aug. 1. 1824

# CAP. LIX.

An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and contingent and other Expences of the Disembodied Militia in Great Britain and Ireland; and to grant Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Surgeons, Assistant Surgeons, Surgeons' Mates and Serjeant Majors of Militia, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty four. [9th July 1823.]

THEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and contingent and other Expences of the Regular Militia, and of the Miners of Cornwall and Devon (when disembodied), in Great Britain and Ireland; and also for making Allowances of Reduced Pay in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers and Surgeons' Mates of the Regular Militia, and Miners of Devon and Corn-' wall, in Great Britain, while disembodied; and also Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors of the Regular Militia, who have been or may be reduced; and to Adjutants, Surgeons and Quartermasters, after long Service: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this process. in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Secretary at War for the Time being may and shall, and he is hereby authorized, empowered and required to cause to be issued and paid the whole Sum required for the Regular Militia of Great Britain and Ireland (when disembodied), in the Manner and for the several Uses hereinafter mentioned;

Secretary at War to issue the Money reruired for the Pay of the Regular Militia.

Rates of Pay.

(that is to say,) for the Pay of the said Regular Militia at the Rates following; (that is to say,)

For each Adjutant, Eight Shillings per Diem :

For each Paymaster, in Corps consisting of Three Companies and upwards, Six Shillings per Diem:

For each Paymaster, in Corps consisting of Two Companies,

Five Shillings per Diem:

For each Paymaster, in Corps consisting of One Company, Four Shillings per Diem:

For each Surgeon, Six Shillings per Diem:

For each Quartermaster, where One had been appointed in a Corps while embodied at an Establishment of not less than Three hundred and sixty Private Men, Five Shillings per Diem; and at an Establishment of less than Three hundred and sixty Private Men, Three Shillings per Diem:
For each Serjeant Major, having been Serjeant Major of a Pro-

visional Battalion of Militia, Two Shillings and Sixpence per

Diem:

For each Serjeant Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Two or more Companies, One Shilling and Ten Pence per Diem:

For each Quartermaster Serjeant of the Militia of Ireland, One

Shilling and Ten Pence per Diem:

For each Serjeant, having been a Colour Serjeant in One the Provisional Battalions of Militia, Two Shillings per Diem:

For each Serjeant, One Shilling and Sixpence per Diem: For each Corporal, One Shilling and Two Pence per Diem: For each Drum Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Three or more Companies, One Shilling and Sixpence per Diem:

For each Drummer, One Shilling per Diem:

Provided always, that when any Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer Rates of Pay shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Serjeant, Corporal, when absent or Drummer shall during such Absence receive Pay at the fol- on Furlough. lowing Rates, instead of those above mentioned; (that is to say,)

Every Serjeant Major, having been Serjeant Major of a Provisional Battalion of the Militia, Two Shillings per Diem:

For every Serjeant, having been a Colour Serjeant in any Provisional Battalion of the Militia, One Shilling and Sixpence per

For every Serjeant Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Two or more Companies, One Shilling and Four Pence per Diem:

For every Quartermaster Serjeant of the Militia of Ireland, One Shilling and Four Pence per Diem:

For every other Serjeant, the Sum of One Shilling per Diem: For every Corporal, the Sum of Eight Pence per Diem:

For every Drum Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Three or more Companies, the Sum of One Shilling per Diem:

And for every Drummer, the Sum of Sixpence per Diem respectively, and no more:

And also for the Clothing of the Regular Militia (when disem- Clothing. bodied),

C. 89.

bodied), in Cases in which full Clothing shall be provided by the Colonel or Commandant, at the Rate of Five Pounds Twelve Shillings and One Penny for each Serjeant Major and Quartermaster Serjeant; Three Pounds for each Serjeant; One Pound Seventeen Shillings and Four Pence for each Corporal; Two Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Seven Pence for each Drum Major; Two Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Seven Pence for each Drummer; and One Pound Seventeen Shillings for each Private Man; and so in proportion in the Cases in which only Part of the Clothing shall be provided by the Colonel or Commandant, together with the actual Expence of Package and Carriage, and such Charges for altering and fitting the Clothing as shall have been notified by the Secretary at War; and that such Serjeant Majors, Quartermaster Serjeants, Drum Majors, Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers, who may be retained on constant Pay, and resident at Head Quarters, shall be clothed once in Two Years:

Contingent Fund.

And also at the Rate of Two Pence per Month for each Private Man and Drummer, for defraying the contingent Expences of

each Regiment, Battalion or Corps.

**Paymaster** allowed disembodied Pay.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Paymaster of Disembodied Militia, being either on Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance as having served in any of His Majesty's Regular Forces, or Navy or Marines, shall and may and he is hereby empowered to receive and take the aforesaid Rates of Disembodied Pay; (videlicet,) Six Shillings, Five Shillings, or Four Shillings per Diem, as the Case may be; and the receiving and taking such Rates of Disembodied Pay as aforesaid shall not prevent such Paymaster on Half Pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half Pay, or such Allowance; and such Paymaster shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same:

Oath.

- A. B. do swear, That I had not between the
- any Place or Employment of Profit, and the ' Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of in His Majesty's Army or Half Pay as a reduced
- ' Navy, or Marines, (as the Case may be,) save and except my Disembodied Pay (of Six Shillings, Five Shillings, or Four Shil-
- lings, as the Case may be,) as Paymaster of the
- ' Militia.'

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle such Paymaster to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance, without taking any other Oath; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the

contrary notwithstanding.

Residence of certain Officers to be where Arms of the Corps are kept.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Adjutant, Pay, master, Surgeon, Quartermaster, and every Non Commissioned Officer and Drummer on permanent Pay of Regular Militia, when disembodied, shall be constantly resident within the City, or Place where the Arms of the Corps to which such Officers belong are kept, or within such reasonable Distance of the De, pôt as shall be sanctioned by the Secretary at War: Provided always, that every such Adjutant, Paymaster, Surgeon, Quartermaster, Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer, shall forfeit his

Pay for any Period during which he shall be absent, except when absent by Leave from the Colonel or Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, which Leave shall not extend beyond Three Calendar Months in One Year, nor to a greater Proportion than One Third of the Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers

at the same Time, except in case of certified Sickness.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Quartermaster of Quartermaster, each Regiment of Militia in which a Quartermaster is appointed, &c. to have and when no Quartermaster is appointed, then the Paymaster Charge of shall have the Charge and Care of the Arms, Accourrements, Arms and Careat Coats, Clathing, Necessaries and other Stores, under the Great Coats, Clothing, Necessaries and other Stores, under the Superintendence of the Colonel or Commandant; and the Pay- Paymaster to master shall, out of the Allowance of Two Pence per Month for issue Money each Private Man and Drummer directed by this Act to be for contingent issued and paid for defraying the contingent Expences of such Order signed Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from time to time issue and pay by Colonel. such Sums of Money as may be necessary for the Repair of Arms and other usual contingent Expences, upon an Order in Writing signed by the Colonel or other Commandant; and after Payment Balance to form of such Suras as aforesaid, he shall Three Times in the Year make a Stock Purse. up Accounts of all such Money, and of the Expenditure thereof, shewing the Balances remaining in his Hands, (which said Balance shall form a Stock Purse for the Use of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps,) and shall transmit the same to the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to be by him examined, allowed and signed; and the said Accounts so allowed and signed shall be and are hereby directed to be the proper Vouchers and Acquittal of such Paymaster for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

V. And be it further enacted, That in the occasional and un- In Absence of avoidable Absence of the Adjutant from the City, Town or Place, Adjutant, where the Arms of any Corps of Militia when disembodied are kept, or during any Vacancy in the Appointment of Adjutant, the Command of the Quartermaster in Cases in which one is appointed. mand of the Quartermaster in Cases in which one is appointed, master. and when no Quartermaster is appointed, then under the Command of the Paymaster; and such Quartermaster and Paymaster respectively shall render the same Returns, and perform such

other Acts, as are by Law required from the Adjutant.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Officers and Non Militia, when Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Regucial out for lar Militia shall, for the Period or Periods during which they shall be called out for the Purpose of annual Exercise or Training, be perioded to the same Pay and Allowances as the Officers. No miled to Pay. entitled to the same Pay and Allowances as the Officers, Non Commissoned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Militia when embodied.

' VII. And Whereas it is expedient to grant Allowances to Allowances to certain Officers of the said Militia Forces of Great Britain and Subalterns and Ireland while disembodied, under certain Regulations; Be it Surgeons further enacted, That the following Allowances shall be made and Assistant Surpaid to the Amount, under the Restrictions and in the Manner geons. hereinafter expressed, to every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon's Mate in Great Britain, and to every Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon in Ireland, who held or shall hold a Commission

in the Militia of Great Britain or Ireland, and was or shall be serving therein when the Corps was or shall be disembodied, and also to every Supernumerary Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon of any Regiment of Militia in Ireland, which shall have been augmented during the War, and which shall have been reduced to its original Establishment; (that is to say,)

To a Lieutenant, Two Shillings and Sixpence per Diem:

To an Ensign, Two Shillings per Diem: And to a Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon, Two Shillings and Sixpence per Diem:

Provided always, that all Officers of the Militia serving with the Rank of Captain Lieutenant shall be deemed to be Lieutenants, and all Officers serving with the Rank of Second Lieutenant shall be deemed to be Ensigns for the Purposes of this Act; and provided always, that such Allowances shall not be received for Days during which the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Officers belong, is assembled for Training and Exercise.

Exceptions.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person who is or shall during the Continuance of this Act become possessed of such an Estate or Income as would by Law qualify him to hold the Commission of Captain of a Company in the said Militia, or who is or shall be appointed Adjutant, Surgeon, Paymaster, or Quartermaster in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia, nor any Officer on Full Pay of the Navy, Army or Marines, shall have or be in any way entitled to the said Allowances, or any Part or Share thereof; any thing herein con-

tained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers, Surgeons' Mates and Assistant Surgeons of the Militia who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowances, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle themselves thereto, take and subscribe an Oath before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the United Kingdom, in the Words or to the Effect following; (vi-

delicet,)

A. B. do swear, That I belonged to the of Militia when the same was disembodied, and that I have ' continued to serve therein from that Time until the

' Day of inclusive, as a Lieutenant, Ensign, ' Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon (as the Case may be); and ' that I was not in my own Right or in the Right of my Wife, ' during any Part of the Period for which I now claim to receive any Allowance, that is to say, from the to the Day of

both inclusive, in the actual Possession and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Land, Tenements or ' Hereditaments of such an annual Value above Reprizes as would ' qualify me to hold a Commission of Captain of a Company in the Militia; that I have not during the above Period held the Appointment of Adjutant, Surgeon, Paymaster or Quarter-' master in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia that I ' did not hold or enjoy, nor did any Person for me hold or enjoy, ' during the said Period, any Office or Income whatsoever from

The following Oath to be taken to entitle to such Allow-STICES.

the Public, or from any other Government, besides the Allowa Day now claimed, except my Half of the Army, or Navy or Marines, Pay as a

or of a Provisional Battalion formed from the Militia (as the

Case may be), and any Pay and Allowances from the

both Days inclusive, during which

 Period the Corps was assembled for Training and Exercise. So help me GOD.'

Which Oath so taken and subscribed shall be produced to the Paymaster of the Regiment of Militia by the Subaltern Officer, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon claiming the Allowance.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer, Subalterns and Surgeon's Mate and Assistant Surgeon of the Militia, who shall be entitled or claim to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, the shall recorded the annual Exercise and Training of the attend the annual Exercise and Training of the shall regularly attend the annual Exercise and Training of the attend the annual Exercise, Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, during the &c. whole of the Time by Law appointed for that Purpose, and shall during the said Time punctually do and perform his Duty as a Subaltern Officer, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, on pain of forfeiting the said Allowance, as well as the Rest of his Pay, and every Part thereof, which may be due for the current Year in which he shall neglect or refuse to attend; and Certificates of his having so attended and performed his Duty, signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he may belong, shall be furnished by the said Commanding Officer to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia to which the Officer shall belong: Provided always, that in case any such Subaltern Commanding Officer, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon, claiming to be Officer may entitled to such Allowance, shall by his Commanding Officer be grant Leave of appenditude or suffered for any special Cause or unavoidable No. permitted or suffered, for any special Cause or unavoidable Necessity, to be absent during the Whole or any Part of such annual Exercise, for which Purpose it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer to grant such Leave of Absence, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for such Subaltern Officer, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon who may be so permitted to be absent, and have such Leave in Writing, to demand and receive the said Allowance and every Part thereof in like Manner as if he had attended during the whole of the said annual Exercise: Pro- Reason of Abvided always, that the Reason for such Absence, as well as the sence certified. Duration thereof, shall be carefully and truly specified in Certificates (in lieu of those before mentioned), to be signed by the Commanding Officer, and to be furnished as soon as conveniently may be to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps wherein such Subaltern, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon shall be serving.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case If Regiment any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia, after the disemnate bodying thereof, and before the Time fixed for the Payment of the said Allowances, shall not be called out for the annual Exercise and Training thereof, every Subaltern Officer, Surgeon's lewace shall be said Assistant Surgeon belonging to one such Regiment. Mate and Assistant Surgeon belonging to any such Regiment, be paid, on Battalion or Corps, and coming within the Description of this Act, taking Oath

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4 GEO. IV.

herein mentioned. C. 59.

who shall have taken and subscribed the Oath hereinbefore mentioned before any such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the said Allowance as if such Subaltern Officer, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon had regularly attended the annual Exercise and Training of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, during the whole of the Time by Law appointed for that Purpose, and as if a Certificate of such Attendance, signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, had been furnished to the Paymaster of the Regiment.

Paymasters to pay Allowances on 24th June, 24th September and 24th December 1823, and 24th March 1824.

XII. And be it further enacted, That upon such Oaths and Certificates as aforesaid, or where any Regiment of Militia shall not have been called out to their annual Exercise as aforesaid, upon the said Oaths being produced to the respective Paymasters, it shall be lawful for such Paymasters, and they are hereby authorized and required, to pay to the said Subaltern Officers, Surgeons' Mates and Assistant Surgeons, according to their respective Commissions of Lieutenant, Ensign, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon, the Allowance above mentioned, for Three Months, or other proper Period, on the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and the other Proportions of the same on the Twenty fourth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Twenty fourth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, without any Deduction whatsoever; the Oaths and Certificates before mentioned to be by them preserved and produced among the Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act or of any Regulation made by the Secretary at War.

On Neglect of Attendance of Subalterns, &c. being certified, Allowance forfeited.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers, Surgeons' Mates and Assistant Surgeon of the Militia entitled or claiming to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall at all Times be liable to serve in the respective Regiments, Battalions or Corps to which they belong, whenever the same shall be embodied and called out upon actual Service; and in case of Neglect or Refusal to attend when called upon at such Times or for such Occasions as may be required of them in pursuance of the Laws now in force respecting the Militia when disembodied, each and every such Subaltern Officer, Surgeon's Mate and Assistant Surgeon, shall on such Neglect or Refusal being certified to the Lord Lieutenant and Paymaster by the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Subaltern, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon shall belong forfeit his Claims to the said Allowance and every Part thereof, and shall also be considered as having resigned and vacated his Commission to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

x XIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Supernumerary Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon of any Regiment of Militia in *Ireland*, which shall have been augmented during War, and which shall have been reduced to its original Establishment, shall have succeeded or shall succeed to any Vacancy which shall have occurred or shall occur in any such Regiment respectively, such Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon shall, from the Time of his so succeeding, be entitled to such pay

Supernumerary Lieutenants, &c. of Regiments of Militia berein mentioned succeeding to any Vacancy, entitled to Psy and Allowance.

and Allowances under this Act, and in like Manner and to the like Amount, and under the like Restrictions and Regulations, as any Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon who shall have been serving on the original Establishment of such Regiment at the Time of the disembodying thereof; and such Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon so succeeding shall be deemed to have belonged to such Regiment when the same was disembodied, and to have continued to serve therein from that Time, and shall in all respects, from and after his so succeeding, be subject to the Regulations in this Act contained with respect to any Lieutenant; Ensign or Assistant Surgeon of the said Militia, who shall claim and receive the Pay and Allowances under this Act.

XV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act con- Allowance not tained shall extend or be construed to extend to entitle any Sub- paid while Milialtern Officer, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon as aforesaid, tia embodied. to the said Allowance or any Part thereof during the time the Militia to which he belongs shall be embodied or ordered out on

actual Service.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Persons being Person being on Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to on Half Pay any Allowance as having served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or entitled to or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Militia, shall and may and having served he is hereby empowered to receive and take the Pay and Allow- in the Army ances by this Act directed to be paid to the Field Officers, Captains, or Navy, em-Lieutenants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Quartermasters, Surgeons, Surpowered, if geons' Mates and Assistant Surgeons, when assembled for annual serving in the Training; and the receiving and taking any such Pay and Allow-ceive the Pay ances by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, and Allow-Adjutant, Quartermaster, Surgeon, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant ances hereby Surgeon, shall not prevent such Person on Half Pay, or being directed to be entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half Pay or paid, on taking such Allowauce; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same:

I A. B. do swear, I had not between the any Place or Employment of Profit, 'Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of Half Pay as a reduced in His Majesty's Army, or Navy or Marines, [as the Case may be,] save and except ' my Pay or Allowance as a Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Paymaster, Quartermaster, Surgeon, Surgeon's ' Mate or Assistant Surgeon, while assembled for Training and Exercise, [as the Case may be,] for serving in the Militia of the ' County of

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance, without taking any other Oath; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Adjutants, &c. Adjutant, Quartermaster, Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer Non-commisor Private Man in the Regular Militia, entitled to receive any sioned Officers Chelsea or Kilmainham Pensions or Allowance on account of or Privates, not Service in the Regular Army, shall forfeit or lose his Right to Right to Chel-Cc 2

sea Pensions,

the same by reason of his serving and receiving Pay in the Regular Militia; nor shall any Subaltern, Surgeon's Mate or Assistant Surgeon forfeit or lose his Right to receive any such Chelsea or Kilmainham Pension or Allowance by reason of his receiving the Allowance of Two Shillings and Sixpence or Two Shillings a Day granted by this Act to Subalterns, Surgeons' Mates or Assistant Surgeons when disembodied.

Allowance to be made to Surgeons for Medicines in addition to their Pay.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Surgeon of each Regiment of Regular Militia, when disembodied, a Sum of Money in addition to his Pay, after the Rate of One Guinea for every One hundred Men of each such Regiment, for the Expence of necessary Medicines for the sick Noncommissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of such Regiment, during the Period or Periods of Assembly for annual Exercise or Training; and also an Allowance of Sixpence per Month for each of the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers of each Regiment on constant Pay at Head Quarters, for the Expence of necessary Medicines and Attendance given to the said Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers while such Regiment is not called out for annual Training and Exercise.

Adjutants appointed before Dec. 24. 1814, entitled under the circumstances berein mentioned to an Allowance of 8s. per Day, and Adjutants appointed since Dec. 24, 1814, 6s, per Day,

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Adjutant of Regular Militia who shall have been appointed as such before the Twenty fourth Day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and who shall have served faithfully, either in His Majesty's Regular Forces, or in the Regular or Local Militia, for the full Term of Twenty Years in the whole, whereof Ten shall have been in Service as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, who shall have been or shall be by Age or Infirmity rendered unfit for further Service, shall, on producing to the Secretary at War a Certificate of such Service of Twenty Years as aforesaid from the to Allowance of Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, and upon obtaining an Order from the Secretary at War founded upon such Certificate, be entitled to receive, and the Paymaster shall and he is hereby authorized to pay to such Person, an Allowance at the Rate of Eight Shillings per Diem: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall hold any Military Office or Employment of Profit under His Majesty, or any Civil Office or Employment under His Majesty, the annual Profits or Emoluments of which shall exceed Three Times the Amount of the said Allowance of Eight Shillings a Day: Provided always, that any Adjutant who shall have been appointed since the Twenty fourth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, who shall have served faithfully either in His Majesty's Regular Forces, or in the Regular or Local Militia, for the full Term of Thirty Years in the whole, whereof Fifteen shall have been in Service as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, and who shall be by Age or Infirmity rendered unfit for further Service, shall, upon producing to the Secretary at War a Certificate of such Service of Thirty Years as aforesaid from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, and upon obtaining an Order from the Secretary at War founded upon such Certificate, be entitled to receive, and the Paymaster shall be and is hereby authorized to pay to such Person, an Allowance at the Rate of Six

Adjutants also entitled to Half Pay or Out Pension.

Six Shillings a Day, subject to the same Restrictions and Conditions as the aforesaid Allowance of Eight Shillings: Provided also, that no such Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay or Out Pension by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

XX. And be it further enacted, That any Quartermaster of Quarter-Regular Militia who shall have served faithfully, either in His masters, after Regular Militia who shall have served faithfully, either in riss a Service of Majesty's Regular Forces or in the Regular or Local Militia for so Years, entitled to an Altitled to an Alti have been as a Quartermaster of Regular Militia, and who shall lowance, and have been or shall be by Age or Infirmity rendered unfit for fur- also to Half ther Service, shall, on producing to the Secretary at War a Cer- Pay or Out. tificate of such Service of Thirty Years as aforesaid from the Pension. Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, and obtaining from the Secretary at War an Order founded upon such Certificate, be entitled to receive, and the Paymaster of the Regiment shall be and is hereby authorized to pay to such Person an Allowance at the Rate of his Pay when serving in the disembodied Regular Militia: Provided always, that Proviso. no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall hold any Military Office or Employment of Profit under His Majesty, or any Civil Office or Employment under His Majesty, the annual Profits or Emoluments of which shall exceed Three Times the Amount of the said Allowance: Provided also, that no such Quartermaster shall, by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, forfeit any Right which he may have to Half Pay or Out Pension, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay or Out Pension as well as such Allowance.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Surgeon of Re- Surgeons, unulsr Militia, having faithfully served in His Majesty's Regular der the circum-Forces or in the Militia for the full Term of Twenty Years, shall mentioned, to by Age or Infirmity be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, receive 6s. per on producing to the Secretary at War a Certificate of such Ser- Day. vice of Twenty Years in the whole (Ten of which he shall have served as a Surgeon of Militia), from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, and obtaining an Order from the Secretary at War founded upon such Certificate, be entitled to receive, and the Paymaster of the Regiment shall be and he is hereby authorized and required to pay to such Person an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings per Diem: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall hold any Military Office or Employment of Profit under His Majesty, or any Civil Office or Employment under His Majesty, the annual Profits or Emoluments of which shall exceed Three Times the Amount of the said Allowance of Six Shillings a Day; but no Person receiving such Allowance shall by reason thereof forfeit his Right to any Half

Pay to which he may be entitled.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Proviso for Battalion or Corps of Militia shall have already ceased and deter-Helf Pay. mined or been reduced in its Establishment, or shall cease and Reduced Adimental Reduced Reduc determine or be reduced in its Establishment during the Con-jutant to retinuance of this Act, the Sum of Four Shillings per Diem shall be Day till paid

ceive 4s. per

March **24.** 1824. paid to such Person as has actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, or from the Time such Regiment shall cease and determine or be reduced in its Establishment, as the Case may be, to the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty form

Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty four. Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall hold any Military Office or Employment of Profit under His Majesty, or any Civil Office or Employment under His Majesty, the annual Profits and Emolument of which shall exceed Three Times the Amount of the said Al-

Right to Half
Pay. lowance of Four Shillings a Day; but no such reduced Adjutant
shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay of the Navy, Army,

Marines or Provisional Battalion formed from the Militis, by reason of receiving such Allowance as last aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

'XXIII. And Whereas certain Adjutants and Serjeant Majors' are entitled to and have received certain Allowances in constitution of having been reduced, under the Provisions of a had

dred and twenty three to the Twenty fifth Day of Merci One

thousand eight hundred and twenty four, to be issued and paid to

quence of having been reduced, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of the Regs of His late Majesty, which Allowance has been continued, and a to such Adjutants augmented to Four Shillings per Diem; less therefore enacted, That all such Adjutants and Serjeant Majors shall be entitled to receive and shall receive such Allowance from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight har-

entitled to Ållowance under 39 & 40 G.3. c.44.

Adjutants and Serjeant Majors

them under the Directions of the Secretary at War. XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every reduced Adjutant Reduced Adentitled to any Allowance granted under the said Act of the jutants may take such Al-Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years aforesaid, and continued by any lowance with subsequent Acts, or by this Act, may receive and take such Alany Pay or lowance, together with any Full Pay, Half Pay or Allowance other Allowwhich was tenable together with such reduced Allowance under ance to which the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the they may be Reign of His late Majesty, intituled An Act for amending and entitled. 26 G.S. c.107. reducing into one Act of Parliament the Laws relating to the Mr

Proviso.

litia in that Part of Great Britain called England, or under the Provisions of the aforesaid Acts of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty: Provided always, that no such reduced Adjutant shall be entitled to receive any Allowance under this Act during the Time he shall hold any Military Office of Profit under His Majesty, other than such as aforesaid, or any Civil Office or Employment under His Majesty, the annual Profits and Emoluments of which shall exceed Three Times the Amount of such reduced Allowance.

Money for Pay and Clothing, issued. XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money granted for the Pay, Clothing, Allowances and contingent and other Expences for the Regular Militia when disembodied as afore said, shall be issued and paid under the Direction of the Secretary at War, according to such Regulations as have been or shall be established on that Head.

Allowances to Clerks of GeXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in every Com! In Great Britain where the Regular Militia is or shall be raised, Allowaces

lowances shall be paid to the Clerks of the General Meetings and neral and Sub-Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings, at the Rates following; division Meet-that is to say, to the Clerk of the General Meetings at the Rate of ings. Five Pounds Five Shillings for each Meeting, and the several Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings at the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for each Meeting; and such further Allowance shall be Rates of Alrmade to such respective General and Subdivision Clerks for their lowance. Expences and Trouble in amending the Returns of Persons returned liable to serve in the Regular Militia, by taking out the Names of all Persons who may appeal, and whose Appeals or Claims of Exemption have been allowed, and inserting the Names of any Persons that shall have been omitted to be inserted, and in numbering the Returns, and making out the Tickets for the Ballot, after the Rate of One Pound Fifteen Shillings for every One thousand Names of Persons returned liable to serve, and also for the actual Expences incurred by such respective Clerks, and for Printing and Stationery used for the Purposes of this Act, as to the Lord Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants of the respective Counties shall appear reasonable and proper; and in case the Orders made by the Lord Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants for the Payment of such further Allowance as aforesaid shall be confirmed at a General Meeting, consisting of not less than Five Deputy Lieutenants, but not otherwise; and the aforesaid Clerks of General Meetings and Clerks of Subdivision Meetings shall transmit to the Secretary at War the Accounts, Returns and Orders upon which they claim the aforesaid Allowances, in order that the Secretary at War may give the necessary Directions for the Payment thereof.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts and Bills for Page Orders drawn for the Pay or Allowances of the Regular Militia &c. No Su when disembodied under this Act, may be or shall be drawn Duty. upon unstamped Paper; and no such Bill, Draft or Order shall be void by reason of being drawn or written on unstamped Paper.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no No Fee for Fee or Gratuity whatsoever shall be given or paid for or upon Money paid. account of any Warrant or Sum of Money which shall be issued

in relation to or in pursuance of this Act.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Hire or Cost of any Expense of House or Place to be provided for the keeping of the Arms, House for de-Accourtements, Clothing or other Stores, and for the Residence positing Arms and Accommodation of the permanent Staff belonging to any and Stores of the Militia in Ireland, when not embodied, Ireland, &c. to that is to say, of the Paymaster, Adjutant, Surgeon and Quarter- be defrayed by master thereof, shall be defrayed by the County; and the necessary the County. Sum for that Purpose shall be raised by the Presentment of the Grand Jury of the said County, and which Presentment the Grand Jury of the County is hereby authorized and required to pass, on a Certificate signed by the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, or in the Absence of such Chief Secretary, by the Under Secretary for the Military Department, and specifying the Costs incurred or to be incurred in building such House or Place, or the Rent agreed to be paid for the same, or both Costs and Rent; which Certificate shall be transmitted by such Chief Secre-

Provision as to Amount of Rent, &c. tary to the Clerk of the Crown for such County, or at any Time prior to the First Day of the Assizes for such County; or if a the County or County of the City of Dublin, then prior to the First Day of the Presenting Term: Provided, that in no Case as greater Rent than Forty Pounds Irish Currency shall be presented by such Grand Jury for the annual Rent of such Place, nor i greater Sum than Two hundred Pounds Irish Currency shall he required for building such House, save only in such Cases wherein the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors Ireland for the Time being shall think proper specially to permi or order a greater Rent or Sum, and then not more than Om hundred Pounds Irish Currency yearly net, exclusive of Taxe and Repairs, or a Sum of Five hundred Pounds Irish Currency such Permission or Order to be certified to the Clerk of t Crown by the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence the Under Secretary for the Military Department: Provided also, that the Grand Juries of such Counties shall be entitled to purchase Ground for building and erecting such House in the same Manner as they are now by Law entitled to purchase Ground for building County Gaols.

'XXX. And Whereas the Sums heretofore allowed to be pre-'sented for such Purposes have been in some Instances found 'quite insufficient, and therefore larger Sums have been expended, 'or larger Rents agreed for, or both; and it is expedient and

' reasonable that such extra Expences should be defrayed in ' Manner aforesaid;' Be it therefore enacted, That in all Case in which the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors

of Ireland for the Time being shall deem any such Agreement or Expenditure to have been proper and necessary, and that the same shall be so certified to the Clerk of the Crown in Manner aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury of the County to present the same, to be raised in the same Manner in all respects as they could or might do under this Act.

in case of an Agreement or Expenditure under or in pursuance of a previous Permission or Order made under this Act.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, (if he or they shall see sufficient Cause for so doing,) to order and direct that the Arms, Accoutrements and other Stores, or any Part thereof, belonging to any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, shall at any Time while such Regiment or Battalion shall not be embodied or in actual Service, be conveyed to and deposited and kept in any of his Majesty's Ordnance Stores in the City of *Dublia*, or to and in any such Ordnance Store, or to and in any other Place of Security in any other Part in *Ireland*, as he or they shall from time to time order or direct, and under such Rules and Regulations as

he or they shall think fit and proper in that Behalf.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Costs

and Charges of Suit, and all Sums of Money for which any Person or Persons is or are or may be made answerable or in the under or by virtue of this Act in relation to the Militia of Ireland, shall be paid in Irish Currency, and shall be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, by Action of Debt, Rill.

Provision for Extra Expences of Places for depositing Arms and Stores of Militis.

The Arms of Militia of Ireland to be deposited in the Ordnance Stores in Dublin.

Recovery of Penalties and Costs in Ireland. Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Wager of Law, Privilege or Protection, nor more than one Imparlance, shall be allowed.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Provisions, Di- Provisions re-rections, Clauses, Matters and Things in this Act contained, lating to Counrelating to Counties and to Regiments of Militia respectively, ties extended shall extend and be construed to extend to all Ridings, Shires to Ridings, &c. shall extend and be construed to extend to all Ridings, Shires, Stewartries, Cities and Places, and to all Battalions, Corps and Independent Companies respectively, and to the Corps of Miners of Cornwall and Devon, as fully and effectually as if they were respectively and severally repeated in every such Provision, Di-

rection, Clause, and with relation to every such Matter or Thing.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall conContinuance tinue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand of Act. eight hundred and twenty four.

### CAP. LX.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [9th July 1823.]

[This Act is the same as 3 G.4. c.101. except as to Dates, and the Sections that are here inserted.

'XIX. AND Whereas it may be expedient to discontinue Regulations as 'raising Money for the Public Service by way of Lottery after to the Suppression of illustration of illustrations. the Sale of the Tickets authorized by this Act, and in that Case sion of illegal ' it will be necessary to continue in force such Parts of this Act Insurance, and 'as will be necessary to repress unlawful Insurance in Little as to the pre ' Goes and Private Lotteries, and prevent the Sale and publishing venting the Sale ' Proposals for the Sale of Foreign Lottery Tickets within the ' United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and to provide ' for the Payment of Prizes which shall be unpaid and outstanding, Foreign Lotand to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to retain and appoint such Commissioners, Officers and Clerks of remain in force, the Lottery Office as will be necessary for those Purposes, as 'well as to give and grant reasonable Compensation to those 'Commissioners, Officers, Clerks and other Persons who shall ' have been employed in the Lottery Office, or in and about the 'Drawing of the Lottery, and be no longer necessary for the ' Purposes above mentioned;' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Drawing of the Lottery authorized by this Act, and the Matters relating thereto, the Clauses herein contained relative to the Suppression of illegal Lotteries and Insurance therein, and to the preventing the Sale and publishing Proposals for the Sale of Foreign Lottery Tickets, shall remain in full force and virtue, notwithstanding other Powers given by this Act may have ceased and determined; and that the said Commissioners of Treasury may His Majesty's Treasury shall have full Power and Authority to retain Commissioners of Lottery for the Three Years after the Discontinuance of Lotteries, who Period of Three Years after the Discontinuance of Lotteries, who after Disconshall be hereby enabled and authorized to take in the Fortunate tinuance of Tickets of any and every Lottery authorized by this or any former Lotteries. Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries, and deliver out Certificates for the same, to be num-

and publishing Proposals for the Sale of tery Tickets, to though the other Powers of this Act may have ceased, &c.

C. 60, 61.

bered and made out in the Manner hereinbefore mentioned, and to be signed by the major Part of the said Commissioners so retained or appointed as above mentioned, and their Secretary for the Time being, who, with such Officers and Clerks as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall deem necessary, shall be continued for the Purposes mentioned herein, and shall, with the contingent Expences of the Office, be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in such Manner as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall direct.

Treasury may grant Compensations to Commissioners and Officers employed in Drawing the Lottery.

XX. And be it further enacted, That after the Conclusion of the Drawing of the Lotteries authorized by this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Tressury to grant such reasonable Allowances or Compensations # they may deem just and fit, to such of the Commissioners, Officers, Clerks and others theretofore employed in the Drawing of the Lottery, and in Matters relating thereto, as may appear deserving of the same, and to charge the Amount thereof upon the said Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland: Provided always, that an Account of such Payments, Allowances and Compensations shall be laid before Parliament within Six Weeks from the Commencement of the first Session after the granting the same.

### CAP. LXI.

An Act for the better Administration of Justice in the Court [10th July 1823.] of Chancery in Ireland.

WHEREAS it hath appeared, by Reports made to the King's most Excellent Majesty from the Commissioners appointed by His Majesty, upon an Address of the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses in Parliament assembled, to inquire into the Duties and Emoluments of the Officers, Clerks and Ministers of Justice in all Temporal and Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland, that ' the several Ministerial Offices of His Majesty's High Court of 'Chancery in Ireland require Regulations for ensuring the more easy, cheap and expeditious Administration of Justice in the · said Court: And Whereas some of such Regulations may be carried into effect by general Orders of the said Court, but certain other Regulations are required, which cannot be carried into effect without the Aid of Parliament: And Whereas it is expedient that the Fees to be taken by the Lord High Chancellor of Ireland, or the Lord Keeper, or the Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, and by the several Officers of the said Court, should be ascertained and regulated by Law: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; And be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Ireland, or the Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland for the Time being, and for the Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, Regis-

Fees of Lord Chancellor and all other Officers of the Court of Chancery ascertrars, Six Clerks, Examiners, Clerk of the Hanaper, Clerk of the tained accord-Crown, Cursitor and other Officers, and their several and respec- ing to Tables tive Deputies and Clerks, in, of or belonging to the said Court of annexed to this Chancery, mentioned and described in the several Tables to this Act. Act annexed, to ask, demand, have, receive, take and accept, for and by reason and on account of the several Acts, Matters and Things to be done in or concerning the Business of the several and respective Offices, or of the several Services to be performed touching or concerning such Offices, the several Fees, Payments and Sum and Sums of Money in the said Tables hereunto annexed respectively mentioned, and none other or greater Fees or Sums of Money whatever; and that no Officer or Attendant of the said Court, nor any Deputy or Clerk of any such Officer, nor any Person acting in any of the Offices of the said Court, or doing any Part of the Business thereof, shall ask, demand or receive, from any of the Suitors of the said Court, or from any Person or Persons whomsoever on their Behalf, any Fee or Sum or Sums of Money whatever, on account of, or for the Performance of, or under Pretence of performing any Act, Matter or Thing whatsoever, in any wise relating to the Business of the said Court, not mentioned in the said Tables, or some or one of them, as payable for or in respect of such Act, Matter or Business, except under the Provisions of this Act, any Law, Usage or Custom at any Time heretofore made, used or exercised to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding (a); and that the said Tables, Tables annexed and all Directions, Matters and Things contained therein, shall be deemed part of taken as Part of this Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever. Act. (a) [See Sections, 4-6. post.]

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may Fees may be be lawful for the Lord Chancellor in Ireland, or Lord Keeper or altered, or new Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland for Fees allowed, Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Iterana for by Order of the Time being, from time to time to vary and alter the Amount Lord Chanof any of the Fees aforesaid, by decreasing or increasing the same, cellor, Keeper or to abolish any of the said Fees altogether; and also to direct or Lords Comand authorize the Payment of any new or additional Fee to the missioners. several Officers and Persons in the said Tables mentioned, or any of them, or to any other Persons, for or in respect of any Matters or Things mentioned in the said Tables, or any of them, or of any other Matters or Things to be done in the Execution of the Duty of the Office of such Officers or Persons respectively; and all such Fees the Amount whereof shall be so altered, and all such new or additional Fees which shall be so made payable, and also any Order for the Abolition of any Fee, shall be specified and set forth in a Table or Tables to be made by Order of the said Court of Chancery, and signed by the Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper or Commissioners as aforesaid; and such Order shall specify the Grounds and Reasons upon which such Fees shall have been altered, abolished or made payable respectively; and a Copy of every such Order, signed as aforesaid, shall be Such Orders to transmitted by the Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper or Commis- be transmitted sioners as aforesaid, to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Gotenant, who vernor or Governors of *Ireland*, who shall cause Copies of the shall cause same to be laid before both Houses of Parliament immediately Copies thereof after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament, to be laid before and Parliament.

A.D.

C. 61.

and thereupon every such Fee shall be and be deemed and to be a legal Fee according to the Terms of such Order, an able and receivable as such, from and after the last Day of Session of Parliament, as if the same had been included of the Tables annexed to this Act.

Lord Chancellor may alter Course of Proceedings in Suits in Chan-

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall a be lawful for the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or the Lord I or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Irde the Time being, to make any such Order or Orders of t Court of Chancery, for the altering or discharging any Co Proceedings in Suits pending or to be brought in the said and to direct that such Process shall issue, and in such and Course in all such Suits as to the said Lord Chancelles Keeper or Commissioners respectively shall seem fitting pedient, in the same Manner, and with the same Force as in all respects as if this Act had not passed; and that not Matter or Thing contained in any Act or Acts from time in force in Ireland, for the granting or regulating the Pape any Stamp Duty or any Process in any Suit in the said a extend or be construed to extend to prevent, alter a Course of any such Proceedings, or the issuing of any cess, or to warrant or authorize the Receipt of any greats the Alteration of the Number of Words in any Sheet ceeding; and that the several Stamp Duties from time to imposed or payable on any such Proceeding or Process paid and payable upon the same as altered by the said Co upon such Proceeding or Process as shall be substituted in which may be abolished, such Process or Proceeding being such Order declared to be so substituted.

Stamp Duties applied to Process so altered.

Proviso for existing Clerk of the Crown and Hanaper to receive their usual Fees.

Proviso.

Deputies or Clerks taking Fees contrary to Act.

IV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing co in this Act, nor in the Table (No. 10.) thereto annexed, extend or be construed to extend to prevent the Clerk Crown and Clerk of the Hanaper and his Deputy, during Tenure of the present Possessor of the said Office, fro manding or receiving the several Fees which have been accu to be paid for and by reason and on account of all such Matters and Things done in and concerning the Business said Office until the Appointment of the Successor of the Possessor of the said Office: Provided nevertheless, that no in this Act shall extend or be taken to extend to authorit said Clerk of the Crown and Hanaper, or his Deputy, to or accept any Fee contrary to the Provisions of any Act of Page 1 ment, or otherwise contrary to Law.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Deputy or Cles other Person whatever, employed in the several Offices or P mentioned and specified in any of the Tables to this Act and (other than the said Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Hanapa to such Acts, Matters and Things relating to which the said ... of the Crown and Hanaper is by this Act to receive the lawful is heretofore accustomed, during the Tenure of the present Possess of the Office of Clerk of the Crown and Hanaper,) shall, at al Time after the Commencement of this Act, ask or demand. shall have, take, accept or receive from any Suitor, Solicitor other Person whomsoever, save and except only from the princi Officer by and under whom any such Deputy or Clerk or other Person shall be immediately employed, any Gift, Fee, Reward or Remuneration, for or by reason or on account or under pretext of any Service of their own, or of any Person or Persons employed by or under them respectively, in any of the Offices of the said Court of Chancery; or if any such Deputy or Clerk, or other Person, shall ask or demand, or shall have, take, receive or accept any Gift, Fee or Reward, Gratuity or Remuneration, for or by reason or on account or under pretext of the Services of their Principals or Employers, or for or by reason or on account or under pretext of any Matter or Thing whatever, done in and about the Business of their respective Offices, other than and except only such Fees and Sums of Money as shall from time to time be lawful under the Provisions of this Act; every Deputy, Clerk or other Person so offending, shall, for every such Penalty 1001. ] Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall Principals in hold any of the said Offices mentioned and described in any of Offices taking the Tables to this Act annexed, shall, by himself or by his Deputy, or by any Clerk or Person authorized on his Behalf, wilfully and knowingly ask, demand, have, take, receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any Gift, Fee, Reward, Gratuity or Remuneration, for or by reason or on account or under pretext of any Service in any of the Offices in the said Tables specified, other than and except only such Fees and Sums of Money as shall from time to time be lawful under the Provisions of this Act, or shall wilfully and knowingly ask, demand, have, take or receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any Gift, Fee, Reward, Gratuity or Remuneration, for or by reason or on account or under pretext of any Service, in any way concerning or relating to the Business of any of the said respective Offices not then allowed to be taken under the Provisions of this Act, every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One Penalty 100L hundred Pounds, and shall also forfeit and lose all and every Loss of Office Office and Offices in or under the said Court of Chancery, which and Incapacity. such Person shall hold or be possessed of at the Time of such Offence, and shall for ever after be incapable and incapacitated from holding any Office in or under the said Court. [See Section 1. ante.

VII. And be it further enacted. That from and after the Third Oath of Office Day of the Michaelmas Term next after the passing of this Act, no by Officers of Person whatsoever shall in any wise act in the Business of any of the Court of the Offices or Places under the said Court of Chancery mentioned in the Tables to this Act annexed, or any of them, or shall do any Act relating to the Business of any such Office, whether as a Principal or Deputy, or a Clerk, until such Person shall have taken and subscribed before the Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland, an Oath in the Form following; that is to say,

A.B. do solemnly swear, That I will, to the best of my Oath. Knowledge, Skill and Judgment, execute and perform such of the Duties of the Office of [here state the Description of the 'Office] in the Court of Chancery in Ireland, as I shall personally

execute; and that I will well and faithfully pay every Deputy

or Clerk whom I shall or may at any Time employ in any Part of the Business of the said Office, such Salaries and Allowances as they shall from time to time be respectively entitled to by Law, or such additional Sum as I shall contract or agree to pay to them respectively; and that I will not, by myself, or by any Deputy or Clerk, or other Person or Persons, ask or demand, or have, take, accept or receive any Gift, Fee, Reward, Gratuity or Remuneration whatever, other than such as shall at the Time of receiving the same be authorized and allowed by the Tables which shall be then in force, or under the Provisions of some Act of Parliament; and that I will in all Things relating to my said Office conduct myself according to the Rules and Regulations which shall from time to time be in force for the Regulations which shall from time to time be in force for the Regulations.

s lation of such Office, and of the Business thereof.

'So help me GOD.'

Acting without Oath.
Penalty.

And any Officer, Deputy, Clerk or other Person who shall, at any Time after the Third Day of the said *Michaelmas* Term, personally act in any Matters relating to the Business of any such Office in the said Court, without having taken and subscribed such Oath as aforesaid, shall for every Day on which he shall so act forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Officers to affix Tables of Fees framed and glazed in their Offices.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of the said Court of Chancery shall, on or before the Third Day of the Michaelmas Term next after the passing of this Act, and every Officer of the said Court who shall hereafter be appointed within Three Calendar Months after he shall have taken the Oath of Office required by this Act, affix or cause to be affixed or hung up in his Office a Table of all such Fees as it shall be then lawful to receive, pursuant to the Directions of this Act, in his said Office, in respect of the Business thereof; and if at any Time any of such Fees shall be altered or abolished, or any new Fee or Fees suthorized according to the Directions of this Act, in respect of the Business of such Office, then and in every such Case such Officer shall, within One Week from the Time of such Change, alter such Table so kept in his Office pursuant and according to such Change, and to the Order for making the same; and such Table shall at all Times be written or printed in fair and legible Characters, and shall be framed and glazed, so as to be preserved from being erased or altered in any other Manner save as aforesaid, and shall be always kept affixed or hung up in such Manner that the same shall be accessible to and legible by all Persons resorting to such Office; and in case such Table shall not be so affixed or hung up, and continually kept so framed and glazed and legible in the said Office, such Officer shall, for every Day on which such Table shall not be so kept and legible as aforesaid in such Office, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty.

Officers during the time berein mentioned to deliver to Registrar, on Oath, a Table of Fees,

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of the said Court of Chancery shall once in every Five Years, that is to say, in *Michaelmas* Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, and in the like Manner on some Day in *Michaelmas* Term One thousand eight hundred and thirty three, and so in *Michaelmas* Term in every Fifth Year succeeding, deliver to the Regis-

trar of the said Court in open Court a Table or Schedule, under the Hand and Seal of such Officer respectively, specifying and setting forth the Rate of all Fees charged or received in the Office of such Officer, at any Time during Five Years then next immediately preceding, and paid to or received by such Officer, or any his Deputy or Clerk, or other Person whatsoever, directly or indirectly, for the Benefit of such Officer, or his Deputy or Clerks respectively; and every such Officer shall, at the Time of the Delivery of such Table, take Oath to the Truth thereof in open Court, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, which Oath shall be written at the Foot of such Table, and shall be signed by such Officer.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Registrar of the said Registrar to Court shall, upon the Receipt of such Tables, carefully examine check such the same, and the several Fees therein stated and set forth, and shall compare the same with the several Fees contained in the Tables to this Act annexed, and with such Orders of the said Court as may have altered the said Fees or any of them, or may and, if correct, have added any new or other Fees; and in case it shall appear to file them, and such Registrar upon Examination that any Fee or Fees contained transmit Copies in the said Table shall exceed in Amount the Fee allowed to be to the Privy taken according to the Tables to this Act annexed, or any Orders of the said Court for altering the same, or shall not be included in or allowed by such Tables or Orders respectively, the said Registrar shall lay the said Tables before the Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, for his or their Directions; and the said Registrar shall file all such Tables of Fees to which, on Examination, no Objection shall appear, or which shall be approved of by the Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, and shall transmit a Copy of every such Table of Fees so filed, signed by such Registrar, to the Clerk of His Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland, on or before the Thirty first Day of December next ensuing every such Michaelmas Term in which the same shall have been delivered as aforesaid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the said Registrar of the Registrar to said Court of Chancery shall, on or before the Thirty first Day transmit to of December next after every such Michaelmas Term in each Lists of Officers Fifth Year, transmit to the Clerk of His Majesty's Privy Council returning or of December next after every such Michaelmas Term in each in Ireland a List of all Officers of the said Court who shall have omitting Table neglected or omitted to deliver the Tables required by this Act, of Fees, or for the Five Years preceding such *Michaelmas* Term; and if any Officers not re-Officer shall omit or neglect to deliver such Table as is required turning Tables. by this Act, or if any Registrar shall neglect or omit to transmit to the Privy Council Copies of the Tables so delivered as aforesaid by the Officers of the said Court or any of them, or shall neglect or omit to transmit a List of such Officers so neglecting to deliver in such Tables, every such Officer and Registrar so making Default shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Officers and Day of Michaelmas Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty Clerks herein three, it shall not be lawful for any Person who now holds any hereafter ap-Office of Examiner in Chief of the said Court, or of Master's Clerk or Examiner in the said Court, to act or practise, either tising as Solici-

Tables by the Tables to this Act and subse

Penalty 2001. mentioned and tors or Attor-

in his own Name or in the Name of any other Person or Pa as a Solicitor in the said Court of Chancery, or to be in R ship with any Solicitor in the said Court of Chancery in h and that from and after the said First Day of Michaelman T shall not be lawful for any Person who shall be here pointed to hold any of the Offices of the said Court menti specified in any of the Tables to this Act annexed, or w hereafter be appointed a Deputy or Clerk to any Person w holds or shall hereafter hold any Office, to act or practise, in his own Name or in the Name of any other Person or P as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of the Courts of Law or in Ireland; and every such Officer or Person who shall de or indirectly, by himself or any other Person in Partners or in Trust for him, act as such Attorney or Solicitor, a to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall, for every he shall so act, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Officers of the

Penalty 2001.
Officers to keep
Writing Clerks
in their Offices,
and pay them
1 dd. per Office
Sheet:

Court of Chancery, who shall be entitled to any Fees un Provisions of this Act, shall employ in their respective of sufficient Number of Writing Clerks, to make Copies of Pleadings, Affidavits, Orders, Decrees and other This longing to their respective Offices, and required by or on of the Suitors of the said Court, and to do and perform all Business requisite to be done and performed in such res Offices, so that the Business of any Suitor of the said Court not be unnecessarily delayed therein; and such Officer sin to every such Writing Clerk, for all Copies made by such Clerk, after the Rate of not less than One Penny Halfpens every Office Sheet, consisting of Seventy two Words, of every Copy made by such Clerk, and for a Part or Portion of any Sheet; and it shall not be lawful for any such Officer to ca direct or knowingly permit any such Copy, or any Part th to be made in any other Place, or by any other Person, the the proper Office of such Officer, and by a Writing Clerk ployed in such Office, and paid exclusively by such Officer the Rate aforesaid at the least; and every such Officer sh responsible for the Accuracy of every Copy so made in Office, and for the same being duly compared with the Ori from which it shall be made; and every such Officer who cause or direct or knowingly permit any Copy to be made trary to this Act, or who shall not pay the Writing Clerk writing the same according to the Rate by this Act directed

Officer not to permit Copies to be made elsewhere than in his Office by such Copying Clerks.

Penalty 20L

Pounds.

In case of want of Room Lord Chancellor may make annual Order for permitting Copies to be made out of the Offices.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if at any lor Times it shall be ascertained by Affidavit or otherwise, to Satisfaction of the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or the Lord Keeper or the Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of land, that any Officer of the said Court hath not in his Officer ficient Room for the reasonable Accommodation of himself, his Deputies and Assistants, and of a sufficient Number of Clerks to do and perform the Business so required to be done in such Office as aforesaid, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper of Commissioners

the least, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Two

missioners, to make an Order declaring that the same has been so proved, and that it shall be lawful for such Officer to cause, direct or permit any such Copy, or any Part thereof, to be made in any Place and by any Person whatever; and that for every Copy or How such Part of a Copy which shall be so made in any other Place than Copies paid for. the said Office, such Officer, in ascertaining and charging his Fees in respect thereof, shall allow out of the Fees usually payable on such Copies or Parts of Copies One Penny Halfpenny for every Office Sheet thereof; and every such Order shall be good and valid, and shall be a sufficient Justification in all respects to any Person acting in pursuance thereof, for One Year from the Date thereof, unless sooner rescinded, and shall and may be renewed from time to time, until, by reason of new Buildings or new Arrangements or otherwise, sufficient Room shall have been obtained for the Purposes in that Behalf aforesaid; and the Residue only What deemed of the Fees to which such Officer would then be lawfully entitled, the lawful Fees in case such copying had been regularly done in his Office, which of Officers in shall remain after such Deduction as aforesaid, shall be deemed such Case. and taken to be the lawful Fees or Fee of such Officer in such

XV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be Solicitors may lawful for any Solicitor of the said Court of Chancery to prepare prepare Copies for the Attestation of the proper Officers of the said Court Copies of Decrees, of all or any such Decrees, Reports, Accounts, Affidavits and Affidavits, &c. others Matters or Things, as such Solicitor shall have occasion thereon. to file; and that every such Officer shall compare and attest such Copy, and shall in such Case deduct and allow out of the Fee payable to such Officer for such attested Copy the Sum of One Penny Halfpenny for every Office Sheet thereof; and shall mark the Fees on such Documents pursuant to this Act, as if such Copy had been prepared by such Officer; and further, that it shall and may be lawful for any Solicitor of the said Court of Chancery to prepare Drafts of Decrees, and all other Documents, in like Manner as the Solicitors of the said Court have heretofore been accustomed to do.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Copies, Engross- In Copies, &c. ments, Exemplifications or Extracts of any Rules, Pleadings, Fraction of a Decrees or other Matters chargeable according to the Length thereof, whether the Charge for the same shall be computed as whole Shest, according to the Charge for the same shall be computed as a whole Shest, according to the Sheet, the Skin, the Roll or the Side, a Fraction &c. of a Sheet, Skin, Roll or Side respectively, of any such Copy, Engrossment, Exemplification or Extract, may be charged for by any Officer as an entire Sheet, Skin, Roll or Side, provided that on each such Copy, Engrossment, Exemplification or Extract respectively, there shall be charged only One such Fraction of a

Sheet, Skin, Roll or Side respectively.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Copies of Sche-How Sums, dules and Accounts whatsoever issued from any Office in the said Dates and Court of Chancery, the Charge or Fee whereupon is or are or shall or may be lawfully computed according to the Contents, all-and charged. Sums of Money and Dates of the Year, and Days of the Month and Numbers, shall be expressed in Figures, and shall be charged as if the same were expressed in Figures, and not in Words, in Manner and according to the Directions following; (that is to say,)

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One Pound, or any Number of Pounds, shall be charged as Word; One Shilling, or any Number of Shillings, shall be char as One Word; One or more Penny or Pence, whether with without any Fraction of a Penny, shall be charged as One Wi any Fraction of a Penny not joined with any Penny or Pence be charged as One Word, whether the same shall occur singly shall be combined in any Mode or Form whatsoever; and definite Number whatever shall be charged as One Word an more.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Back of

Charge of Fees to be endorsed on all Copies and Documents.

Copies, Engrossments, Exemplifications and Writings, which be issued from any Office of the said Court of Chancery. any Officer of the said Court, there shall be endorsed and with by the said Officer, or his sufficient Deputy or Clerk, the Amount of all Office Fees charged on such Copy, Engrossm Exemplification or Writing respectively, and the Rate of Fees, and the Mode of Charge according to which such Fees be computed, and the Number of Sheets, Skins or Sides on will such Fees shall be charged or calculated; and upon any Taxas of Costs between Party and Party, or between Attorney and C ent, such Copy, Engrossment, Exemplification or Wring, st be produced before the Taxing Officer, in all Cases where it st appear to him practicable; and it shall not be lawful for the T ing Officer to allow any Charge of any Solicitor or Attorney, respect to any such Document so produced, upon which Amount and Rate of Fees shall not be so endorsed, but that and every such Charge shall be struck out of the Bills of st Solicitor or Attorney by such Taxing Officer.

cuments not so ndorsed not allowed on Taxation of Costs.

to examine into justice of Charges on

Bills of Costs.

Charge of Do-

XIX. And for the Removal of Doubts as to the Extent of Duty of the Taxing Officers of the said Court of Chancery, by Taxing Officers further enacted, That upon all Taxations of Bills of Costs. ther between Party and Party, or between Attorney and (in it shall be the bounden Duty of the Taxing Officer, whether shall be required so to do or not, and whether any Objections

have been made or not, to examine and ascertain, by all res able Methods, that each and every Charge in any Bill of Co contained (whether such shall be a Fee for Counsel, Solicitor Officer of Court, or Stamp Duty, or any other Disbursement soever, or any Charge for Business done by the Person charge the same,) is the proper Charge which, under the Circumstant

of the Case, ought to be made; and that upon all such Taxas the Taxing Officer shall determine upon all Charges made by Officer of the Court of Chancery, and allow only such as appear to him made according to the true Right of such Office

Deputy Keeper to receive all Fees at the Rolls Office, and pay thereout Quarterly certain Salaries, &c. specified, to respectively.

XX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Con of the Rolls, &c. mencement of this Act, the Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, or the Clerk of the Enrolments, or any Clerk or other Person emplore in the Rolls Office, to demand or accept, for or on account of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the Rolls Office, as the same are set forth in the Table (No. 2) to thi Act annexed, or as may be payable under any Order of Order of Court made in pursuance of the Provisions in this Act con Clerk of Enrol. tained, save and except only in such Cases where, under the Pri

visions of any Act of Parliament now in force in Ireland, any lesser ments, Com-Fees are appointed to be taken; and that the said Deputy Keeper paring Clerks, of the Rolls shall Quarterly and every Quarter, on the Twenty dental Exfifth Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of Sentember and Twenty 6th Day of Day of Sentember and Twenty 6th Day of D Day of September and Twenty fifth Day of December, or within Ten Days next after, retain and pay, out of the Produce of such Fees, the several Sums, Charges and Disbursements following, to and for the Use of him the said Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, and the several Officers following; that is to say, to and for the Use of him the said Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, the Sum of Two hundred and fifty Pounds, being One thousand Pounds yearly; to and for the Use of the Clerk of the Enrolments, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, being Four hundred Pounds yearly; to and for the Use of the Clerk for regulating the Pleadings after they are copied and compared, and for removing the Pleadings once a Year from the Inner Office into the Record Room, the Sum of Seven Pounds Two Shillings and Two Pence Farthing, being Twenty eight Pounds Eight Shillings and Nine Pence yearly; and to and for the Use of the Trainbearer of the Master of the Rolls, the Sum of Thirty seven Pounds Ten Shillings, being One hundred and fifty Pounds yearly; to and for the Crier of the Rolls Court, the Sum of Twelve Pounds Ten Shillings, being Fifty Pounds yearly; to and for the Housekeeper, the Sum of Six Pounds Five Shillings, being Twenty five Pounds yearly; to and for the Use of the Rolls Court Keeper, the Sum of Two Pounds Five Shillings and Sixpence, being Nine Pounds Two Shillings yearly; and to and for the Use of the conducting Clerks, copying Clerks and comparing Clerks, and the Clerks for engrossing Enrolments in the said Rolls Office, such Sum or Sums as shall be equal to the Rates and Amounts following; that is to say, to the conducting Clerks One Shilling for every Twenty Sheets, to the copying Clerks One Penny Halfpenny for every Sheet, and to the comparing Clerks Three Pence for every Twenty Sheets, of every Copy of every Bill, Answer, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer, Enrolment or other Pleading, Document or Matter whatsoever, which shall be made in the said Office; and to the engrossing Clerks One Shilling for engrossing every double Strip of Envolment of every Patent, Deed or other Document or Matter which shall be enrolled in the said Office during the Quarter ending on such Twenty fifth Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of September and Twenty fifth Day of December, in every Year; and that the said Deputy Keeper of the Rolls do retain and pay out of the said Fees, for Parchment, Stationery, Coals, Candles, the Court Yard Keeper, and for such other incidental Expences as have been heretofore accustomed to be paid out of the Fees of the Master of the Rolls, for the Use of the said Rolls Office and the Rolls Court, such Sums respectively as shall appear necessary to the Commissioners for auditing of Public Accounts in Ireland to be continued to be paid; and such Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, and deliver Acafter Payment of all the said respective Sums, Charges and Expences, shall, within Fourteen Days after such Twenty fifth Day
of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of September, and Twenty fifth Day of December, in each Year, deliver
Public Acinto the Office of His Majesty's said Commissioners for auditing counts.

the Public Accounts for the Time being, an Account, signed

such Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, of all Fees received by under this Act for the Quarter ending on such Twenty fifth ! of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of & tember and Twenty fifth Day of December, respectively, send Account of all Fees received or receivable for the Crier of Rolls Court, and of all Salaries and Sums of Money paid by according to the Directions of this Act, properly vouched verified on Oath, by an Affidavit at the Foot thereof, by Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, if required, before One of Masters of the said Court of Chancery, who is hereby author and required to administer the Oath for that Purpose; and inc of the Death of such Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, then his a cutors or Administrators shall, within Six Calendar Months his Death, deliver in like Manner to the said Commissioners auditing the Public Accounts an Account, signed by such E cutors or Administrators respectively, of all Fees received, of all Salaries and Sums paid by such Deputy Keeper of the Ref from the latest Day to which he shall have so accounted to Death; which Account shall be verified in like Manner by sec Executors or Administrators, or some or one such Executor Administrator; and the said Commissioners for auditing the Pub Accounts, or the major Part of them, shall and are hereby quired to inquire into, audit and settle, with all convenient Spot every such Account so delivered, and to verify under their Her the Balance due thereon; and such Deputy Keeper of the Bal or his Executors or Administrators, having Assets, shall, Six Days after each such Account respectively shall be so such and certified, pay into the Receipt of His Majesty's Excher in Ireland all such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be so of fied as the Balance in his or their Hands; which Payment thereupon be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Commissioners to audit such Accounts, and Deputy Keeper of the Rolls to pay over Surplus.

Deputy Keeper of the Rolls neglecting to deliver Accounts, or pay Balance into Consolidated Fund.

Penalty.

Acquittances for Payment into Exchequer to be produced to Commissioners. XXI. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Department of the Rolls, his Executors or Administrators, shall any Time or Times neglect or make default in delivering in Account as hereinbefore directed, to the said Commissioners auditing the Public Accounts, within the Periods aforesaid spectively specified for that Purpose, or in paying into the Exchequer such Balance as aforesaid for the said Space of Days after such auditing, then and in every such Case such Department of the Rolls, or such Executors or Administrators, have Assets sufficient to make such Payment, shall pay into the Exchequer, together with such Balance, Interest for the same the Rate of Twenty Pounds per Centum from the Expiration of the said Period of Six Days, until paid in as aforesaid.

XXII. And, to the end that the Payment of such Balance and be ascertained, be it further enacted, That upon Payment of such Balance, an Acquittance or Discharge for the same shall be speed by the proper Officer in the Exchequer, which shall be produced and exhibited by the said Deputy Keeper to the said Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, with the next ensuing Quarter's Account, within One Calendar Month from the Date thereof, or by his Executors or Administrators within Three Calendar

Calendar Months from the Date thereof; and the said Commissioners are hereby required to demand and have the same so produced to them, before they shall audit and certify any subsequent Account for such Deputy Keeper in Manner hereinbefore directed.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case it shall On Certificate happen that the Sums received by the said Deputy Keeper shall of Commissionin any Quarter be found insufficient to pay the different Sums payable thereout as hereinbefore directed, it shall be lawful for the of Fees to be said Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, and they charged on and are hereby required and authorized and empowered to inquire paid out of into, and to audit and certify such Deficiency, and thereupon Consolidated such Deficiency shall be charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, after paying and satisfying all such Sum and Sums of Money as liave been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the said Consolidated Fund, and shall be issued thereout to such Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, to be by him applied in pursuance of the aforesaid Directions in relation thereto.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Com- The Duties of mencement of this Act, the Duties of the Office of Deputy Keeper Deputy Keeper of the Rolls, and the Clerk of the Enrolments, shall be distributed of the Rolls and and executed in Manner following; that is to say, the Deputy Enrolments Keeper of the Rolls, in addition to the Duties of superintending distributed and in general the Performance of the Ministerial Duties in the Rolls executed as Office, and the other Duties heretofore discharged by him with herein menrespect to the attested Copies of Pleadings and Certificates, shall, in Person, or by proper Persons duly employed in his Office, keep the Rough Bill Book, and insert therein the Name or Names of the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and Defendant or Defendants (as the Case may be), the Counsel's Name, and the Name of the Six Clerk and Solicitor respectively, the Time of filing the Bill and the Number of Skins which each Bill shall contain; and shall also in like Manner, within One Week from the filing of each Bill, enter the same in the Book of Pleadings; and shall also in like Manner enter into the said Book of Pleadings all Answers, Pleas, Demurrers, Replications and Rejoinders; and shall in like Manner make the Entries and do the Duties as to amended Bills and Pleadings heretofore discharged by the Clerk of the Enrolments; and the said Deputy Keeper shall in like Manner, from the Period aforesaid, personally keep and make up the Quarterly Accounts of the Fees received in the said Office, and the Payments made thereout, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act; and the Clerk of the Enrolments shall in like Manner make Searches and discharge the Duties in relation thereunto, and attend the Masters under Orders to expunge, where Pleadings are reported scandalous, prolix or impertinent, and attend the Masters and Courts of Justice with the Records when offered in Evidence, and make all Enrolments, and enter and index the same; and further, shall in like Manner open and keep in the Office, as Part of the Public Books thereof, to which Reference may be had, a Calendar or Index of the Decrees to be enrolled, which Calendar or Index shall be kept in the same Manner, containing similar Heads, and specifying similar Particulars, as the Index furnished at the Rolls Office by the Commissioners Dd 3

missioners of Public Records of Ireland, and shall be continued from the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, mentioned in such Index; and the Clerk of the said Enrolments shall in like Manner complete the Entry of all Decrees enrolled in the preceding Term and Vacation, on or before the first Sitting Day of each ensuing Term.

Proviso for Master of the Rolls, to whom no Fees are payable under this Act.

41 G.3. (U.K.) c.25. §3—7.

55G.3. c.114.

the Rolls, repealed.

§ 1. as to Salary of Master of

'XXV. And Whereas, under the Provisions of the Two Acts of Parliament next hereinafter mentioned, the Master of the Rolls in *Ireland* for the Time being is entitled to receive from His Majesty's Treasury so much in or for each Quarter, as, together with the Fees received by him therein, shall make up the

Sum of One thousand and seventy five Pounds Sterling: And Whereas from and after the Commencement of this Act no Fees whatsoever will be payable to the Master of the Rolls in *Ireland*, and it is therefore expedient to abolish such Mode of Payment, and to make Provision for maintaining the Rank and Im-

oportance of the said Office in Manner hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That all such Parts of Two Acts made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom, one Act in the Forty first

Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for the better Regulation of the Office of Master of the Rolls in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, and for augmenting the Salary annexed to the said Office; and the other Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty,

intituled An Act to augment the Salary of the Master of the Rolls in Ireland, and to enable His Majesty to grant an additional Annuity to such Master of the Rolls on the Resignation of his Office; and to regulate the Disposal of the Offices of the Six Clerks in the

Court of Chancery in Ireland; as relate in any way to the Salary of the Master of the Rolls in *Ireland*, and as relate to any Account to be delivered by or on Behalf of the said Master of the Rolls,

of the Salary, Fees and pecuniary Profits received by or payable to him in respect of the Execution of his Office, shall, from and after the Commencement of this Act, be and the same are hereby

after the Commencement of this Act, be and the same are hereby repealed; and that any Salary heretofore charged on the Civil List, for the Master of the Rolls for the Time being, shall from thenceforth cease and determine.

Salary of 43001. Irish Currency a Year for Master of the Rolls charged on Consolidated Fund from Commencement of this Act, payable Quarterly.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, there shall be issued and paid and payable to the Master of the Rolls in Ireland for the Time being, out of and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, after paying and reserving sufficient to pay all such Sum and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the said Consolidated Fund, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may be hereafter charged upon or payable out of the said Fund, the annual Sum of Four thousand three hundred Pounds Irish Currency; and the said Sum of Money to be issued in pursuance of this Act shall from time to time from thenceforth be payable and paid Quarterly, free and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, on every Twenty fifth Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of September and Twenty fifth Day of December; the first Payment thereof to be made on the first of the said Quarterly Days which shall immediately next follow the Commencement of this Act, and in Proportion only to the Time which shall have

then elapsed from the Commencement of this Act.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any Person holding the Office of Master of the Rolls shall, Apparintment during the Course of any Quarter, resign his said Office, or shall Resignation or die, then the Person so resigning the said Office, or the Executors Death of or Administrators of such Person so dying, (as the Case may be,) Master of the shall be entitled to such proportionable Part of the said Salary as Rolls. shall have accrued during such Part of the said Quarter as such Person shall have executed such Office as aforesaid; and every Master of the Rolls to be hereafter appointed shall, on the Quarter Day next after his Appointment, be entitled to have and receive out of the said Consolidated Fund such Proportion of the said Salary as shall have arisen from the Date of the Letters Patent of

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his Appointment.
'XXVIII. And Whereas the said Commissioners so appointed ' as aforesaid have recommended that the Duty of Taxation in the ' said High Court of Chancery should cease to be performed by ' the Masters in Ordinary of the said Court, and that the said ' Masters should receive certain stated Fees for the Performance ' of their remaining Duties, and that the Duty of Taxation should in future be performed by distinct Taxing Officers, to be ap-' pointed for that Purpose; and that such Taxing Officers should ' be paid by Salaries, and not by Fees; but it is deemed more expedient that the said Duty of Taxation should continue to be ' performed as heretofore by the said Masters, and that in lieu of ' the Fees recommended for them by the said Commissioners, and ' also in lieu of all Fees heretofore payable to them for or in re-' spect of the said Duty of Taxation, or for or in respect of any other Duty appertaining to the said Office of Master in Ordinary of the said Court, the said Masters shall respectively receive a 'clear Salary of Three thousand Pounds per Annum (a);' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the First Day of Michaelmas Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it shall Day of Michaelnot be lawful for any Master in Ordinary of the Court of Chancery Masters shall in Ireland to have, take or receive, or to ask, demand or require, not receive any any Fee, Reward, Emolument or Sum of Money whatsoever, from Fees. any Suitor of the said Court of Chancery, or from any Solicitor or Attorney, or other Person whomsoever acting on Behalf of any Suitor of the said Court, for any Matter or Thing whatever done or performed, or required to be done or performed, by any such Master in the Execution of his Duty as such Master in Chancery, either in Cases where such Master has herebefore received or been entitled to any Fees, or in any other Case whatever, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; but all such Fees, Rewards and Emoluments shall, from and after the First Day of Michaelmas Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, entirely cease and determine.

mas Term 1823,

After the First

(a) [Irish Currency. See the Section next following.] XXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Com- 3000l. Irish mencement of this Act, there shall be issued and paid and pay. Currency per able, during their good Behaviour, to each and every Master of ed to each

the Master in

Chancery out of Consolidated Fund.

Payable Quarterly, Tax free.

Proportion of Salary on Apsignation or Death of Master, &c.

pointment, Re-

Compensation to be made to the present Masters.

the Court of Chancery in Ireland for the Time being, out of, and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, after paying and reserving sufficient to pay all such Sum and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of such Consolidated Fund, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may be hereafter charged upon or payable out of the said Fund, the annual Sum of Three thousand Pounds Irish Currency; every such annual Sum to be issued in pursuance of this Act shall from Time to Time from thenceforth be payable and paid Quarterly, free and clear from all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, on every Twenty fifth Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of September and Twenty fifth Day of December; the first Payment thereof to be made on the first of the said Quarterly Days which shall immediately next follow the Commencement of this Act, and in proportion only to the Time which shall have then elapsed from the Commencement of this Act.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any Person holding, or who shall hold the Office of a Master in Chancery in Ireland, shall during the Course of any Quarter resign or quit his said Office, or shall die, then the Person so resigning, quitting or the Executors or Administrators of such Person so dying (as the Case may be), shall be entitled to such proportionate Part of such Salary as shall have accrued during such Part of the said Quarter as such Person shall have executed the said Office; and every Master in Chancery to be hereafter appointed shall, on the Quarter Day next after his Appointment, be entitled to have and receive out of the said Consolidated Fund such Proportion of such Salary as shall have arisen from the Date of the Letters Patent of his Appointment.

' XXXI. And Whereas the present Masters in Ordinary of the said Court of Chancery will, in consequence of the Provisions of this Act, suffer a considerable Diminution of the Income ' hitherto received by them as Masters of the said Court: And Whereas it is just and proper that reasonable Compensation ' should be made to them for such Losses;' Be it therefore enacted, That the present Masters of the said Court, that is to say, Thomas Ellis, Thomas Ball, William Henn and Roderick Connor, shall, out of the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds hereinafter reserved as a Fund to compensate the several Officers of the said Court of Chancery who may suffer Losses in their Incomes by means of the Provisions of this Act, each receive a Sum of Two hundred Pounds yearly, during the Time they shall respectively remain in Office, to be paid to them and each of them by Four Quarterly Payments, to wit, on every Twenty fourth Day of December, Twenty fifth Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June and Twenty ninth Day of September; the first Payment thereof to take place on the first of the said Days which shall happen next after this Act shall take effect; and the said Sums of Two hundred Pounds to each of said Masters shall be the first Payment to be made out of the said Sum of Ten thousand Pounds hereinafter particularly mentioned, and to be in lieu of and in full Satisfaction

Satisfaction of all Losses or Diminution of Income which such Person shall or may sustain by reason of the several Provisions in this Act contained.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That in all References or On all Re-Matters before any Master in Chancery, in which it has been here- ferences and tofore customary to issue Summonses for the Parties to attend Proceedings such Suitor, the Master before whom any Proceeding on such be issued by Reference or Matter shall be had, shall continue to issue Sum- Master for each monses from time to time, and shall not in any Case, or under Meeting. any Pretence whatever, proceed on any such Reference or Matter, unless a Summons for the Meeting at which such Proceeding shall be required shall have been signed by him, and shall be produced before him at the Meeting for proceeding on such Reference or Matter.

' XXXIII. And Whereas it frequently happens that Delays ' and Adjournments of Meetings on References and Proceedings ' in the Offices of Masters in Chancery frequently take place, for ' the Accommodation and Convenience, or through the Negli-' gence and Non-attendance of one of the Parties concerned in ' such Reference or Proceeding, and it is unreasonable and unjust ' that the Party attending and prepared to proceed should pay the ' Expence of Meetings so rendered nugatory by the Non-attend-'ance of the opposite Party, even though such opposite Party ' should by a final Decree, or otherwise, be ordered to pay the several Costs of the Cause; and according to the present Prac-' tice of the Court of Chancery the Masters in Chancery have not ' any Power or Authority to make any Order touching the Costs ' of the Proceedings before themselves;' Be it therefore enacted, That at any and every Meeting which shall be had before any For regulating Master of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, upon Summons Allowance issued in Manner aforesaid, the Master shall on the Back of the of Costs by Summons for such Meeting, to be produced to him according to Masters on the Directions of this Act, endorse or cause to be endorsed, and shall sign such Order as under the Circumstances of the Case shall nugatory by to him seem fit, as to the Payment of the Costs of such Meeting, Default of and as to the Person or Persons by whom the Costs of such Meet- Parties, and ing shall be paid, as between Party and Party, or whether such in other Cases Costs shall abide the Rule, Order or Decree, as to the Payment tioned. of Costs, which may be made on the Hearing of the Cause, or whether such Costs shall be paid by the Complainant or Defendant, or other Party in the Cause or Matter, independent of any general Order or Decree which may be pronounced by the Court as to the general Costs of such Cause or Matter, or whether as between solicitor or Client, the Costs of such Meeting in the Master's Office, so as aforesaid rendered nugatory, shall constitute a fair and reasonable Charge against the Client; and every such Summons with such Order so thereon endorsed, and signed by the said Master, shall, .on the Taxation of such Costs, be produced to the

Master when taxing such Costs, who shall allow or disallow the Costs in respect thereof accordingly, either as between Party and Party, or as between Solicitor and Client, or otherwise, according to the Order so as aforesaid endorsed on the Back of such Summons; and in no Case shall the Master, upon the Taxation of any

Meetings before herein menany such Meeting or Proceeding, unless the Summons on which such Meeting was had be produced before such Master at the Time of such Taxation.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Summons shall issue for any Proceeding before the said Master, and that such Summons shall be lost and mislaid. that in such Case it shall and may be lawful to allow the Costs of such Proceedings on a Taxation of Costs, in case it shall appear by an Entry in the Master's Book, or by such other Evidence as to the said Master shall appear sufficient, that a Summons has

really and bona fide been issued on such Proceedings.

**Proviso for Pees** of Masters, &c. previous to Michaelmas Term, 1823.

Taxing Costs

done previous

to Michaelmas Term 1823.

for Business

Where Sum-

mons issued

and mislaid,

Costs of Pro-

ed.

ceedings allow-

410

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend to prevent any Master in Ordinary of the said Court of Chancery, or the present Registrar of the said Court, or his Deputies, from taking, receiving or recovering all such Fees as shall be legally and bona fide due to any such Master, or the present Registrar or his Deputies, for any Business done, or for any Services performed in the Execution of the Duty of his or their respective Offices, at any Time previous to the First Day of Michaelmas Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent the

The King empowered to grant Annuity to retired Masters in Chancery.

Masters in Ordinary of said Court from taxing all Bills of Costs for Business done previous to the First Day of Michaelmas Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, according to the Rules and Regulations by which any Bill of Costs were taxable at or immediately previous to the Day of passing of this Act. XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be

1500l. or 1000l. Irish Currency;

2000l. or 2500l. Irish Currency;

lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, to give and grant unto any Person who may or shall have executed the Office of a Master in Ordinary of the Court of Chancery for the Term of Twenty Years, or to any Person having executed the said Office for any shorter Period not less than Ten Years, or who shall after his Appointment to any such Office have become afflicted with any permanent Infirmity, disabling him from the due Execution of his Office, and who shall be desirous of resigning the same, an Annuity or yearly Sum of Money not exceeding the Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds Irish Currency, in case the said Master shall have served in such Office Twenty Years, and not exceeding One thousand Pounds in case he shall have served for such shorter Period; and an Annuity not exceeding Two thousand Pounds in case such Master shall have served in such Office Twenty five Years; and an Annuity not exceeding Two thousand five hundred Pounds in case such Master shall have served in such Office for Thirty Years or more; in which Letters Patent the Cause or Ground for making thereof shall be distinctly stated and specified; and the Annuity or yearly Sum so granted shall be paid accordingly out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, by even and equal Quarterly Payments, on the Fifth Day of January, Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of July, and Tenth Day of October in every Year, to such Master in Ordinary, from the Period of which he

charged on the Consolidated Fund.

shall resign his said Office, for and during the Term of his natural Life, without any Deduction for Fees or Poundage, or otherwise.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That No Allowance no Allowance shall in any Case be made under this Act to any Master in Chancery by way of Retired Salary or Pension, unless 10 Years. such Master in Chancery shall have served in the same Office during the full Term of Ten Years.

XXXIX. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That Master resignevery such Master in Ordinary of the Court of Chancery, being ing to take the desirous to resign his Office, shall before he resigns the same take and subscribe the following Oath before the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Greal Seal of Ireland.

A. B. do solemnly swear, That I neither have received nor Oath. will receive, directly or indirectly, by myself or by any One

' in trust for me, any Sum or Sums of Money, Gift, Promise or Engagement, as a Consideration, Inducement or Reward for my

Resignation of the Office of Master in Chancery.'

XL. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing Masters to hold of this Act, the present and all future Masters in Ordinary of the their Office said Court of Chancery in Ireland, do and shall hold and be pos- during good sessed of their said respective Offices of Masters in Ordinary of Behaviour. the said Court during good Behaviour, any Patent or Patents, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Officers of ful to and for the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or the Lord Keeper removed for Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland, Misconduct. upon Complaint duly made, and after full Inquiry into the alleged (Exception.) Grounds thereof, by Affidavit or otherwise, as he or they shall think fit, to remove any Officer of the said Court, except the Master of the Rolls, and except any Master in Ordinary of the said Court, from his Office, for any Offence or Misconduct therein, which such Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners shall deem deserving of such Punishment; and thereupon such Officer shall cease to hold or be entitled to such Office.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be Two Present Deputy Registrars for the Execution of the Office of Registrar of the said Registrars to be Joint Re-Court of Chancery; and that from and immediately after the passing of this Act Francis Prendergast and Charles O'Keeffe, the Vacancy of present Deputy Registrars, shall be the Registrars of the said present Office Court, and shall hold the said Office during their good Behaviour of Registrar of respectively; and that on the Death, Resignation or Removal of the Court. either of them, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and gistrars may be Successors, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, to appointed by appoint a fit and proper Person to be joint Registrar of the said Patent. Court with the other of them, and so on every subsequent Death, Resignation or Removal of any Registrar, a new Registrar shall be in like Manner appointed in his Place, who shall be likewise a joint Officer with such other Person as shall be or shall have been appointed in that Behalf; and such Persons as shall be or shall have been appointed in that Behalf, and such Person so appointed, shall be joint Registrars of the said Court, and shall hold their said respective Offices during good Behaviour respectively, and

place,

Appointment of Deputies in case of Necessity approved of by Lord Chancellor.

Registrars may appoint a First Clerk.

Their Fees as in Table No. 4. &c.

Salary of First Clerk.

Inferior Clerks.

Office Copies to be signed by One Registrar.

shall be authorized and empowered, and are hereby required personally to do and perform all such Matters and Things in the Execution of the said Office, as belong or appertain to the Office of Registrar of the said Court, unless in case of Illness or unavoidable Necessity, in which Cases it shall be lawful for such Registrars respectively to appoint a Substitute or Deputy, such Deputy and also the Occasion for appointing him to be first approved by the Lord Chancellor of *Ireland*, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland, upon a Petition verified by Affidavit, for such Time and under such Regulations as shall be directed by the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Time being; and no such Appointment of a Deputy shall continue for any longer Time than shall be allowed by such Order, either by fixing a precise Time or by some general Words, or by Reference to some Matter capable of being distinctly ascertained, or in such other Manner as the Court shall think proper; and if any such Appointment shall be made otherwise than as aforesaid, or for any longer Period than as aforesaid, then and in every such Case such Registrar making such Appointment, and also such Deputy, if he shall presume to act thereon, shall be deemed guilty of a Contempt of Court, and be punished accordingly; and it shall and may be lawful for such Registrars to appoint some Person during their Pleasure to be their First Clerk, to be approved of by the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or the Lord Keeper or the Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland, and to be removeable by such Registrars, with the Consent of such Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners; and it shall be lawful for the said Registrars, by themselves or such First Clerk, to demand and receive all such Fees as are specified and set forth in the Table (Number 4.) to this Act annexed, for or on account of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the said Office of Registrar of the said Court; and the said Registrars shall and they are hereby required, out of such Fees, to pay to the said First Clerk a clear yearly Salary of not less than Five hundred Pounds; and the said Registrars shall also out of the said Fees pay all Salaries and Allowances to all inferior Clerks in the said Office of Registrar; and all official Copies or Certificates and other Documents whatsoever, issuing from the said Office of Registrar, shall in all Cases be signed by One of the said joint Registrars for the Time being.

XLIII. And Whereas the Commissioners appointed to inquire ' into the Duties, Salaries and Emoluments of the Officers, Clerks ' and Ministers of Justice, in all Temporal and Ecclesiastical ' Courts in Ireland, by their First Report laid before Parliament ' relative to the Court of Chancery in Ireland, have reported that ' several Abuses and Inconveniences to the Suitors had arisen ' from the Practice of the said Court, relative to the Examination of Witnesses under Commissions issuing out of the said Court ' to Commissioners for that Purpose; and it is expedient that all ' such Abuses and Inconveniences should be amended, and a ' better System introduced;' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, in all Cases where it by Masters, on may be necessary that an Examination of Witnesses should take

Commissioners to be appointed

place, either in chief in any Cause, or in aid of any Inquiry or Reference from Account ordered or directed to be made or taken before any the Court, to Master in Ordinary of the said Court, other than the Examin- examine Witations of Witnesses before the Examinators of the said Court. an Order shall be made by such Court for referring it to a Master in Ordinary of the said Court, according to the usual Practice of the said Court in such Case, to approve of and appoint one fit and proper Person to act as Examiner in all such Cases so referred, and such Person so to be approved of and appointed by such Master shall, so far as the same is practicable, be totally unconnected with either or any of the Parties interested in such Cause, and such Person so approved of and appointed shall be and shall be taken as and shall be considered to be an Officer of the said Court of Chancery, and shall be subject to such summary Interference and Controul of the said Court, as any other Officer of the said Court in this Act particularly mentioned; and a Com- Commission to mission shall issue to such Person so as aforesaid appointed, issue. authorizing and empowering him to proceed in the Examination of all such Witnesses as may be necessary, in the same Manner and according to the same Forms as are at present established (save and except in Cases where such established Practice is altered by this Act), touching and concerning the Examination of Witnesses under Commission to examine Witnesses, issuing out of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, at any Time before the Commencement of this Act; and every Person so approved of Commissioners and appointed a Commissioner to examine Witnesses under the to take the Provisions of this Act, before he shall exercise any of the Duties following of such Commissioner, shall take and subscribe, before a Master in Ordinary or a Master Extraordinary of the said Court, the following Oath, and such Oath shall be annexed to the said Commission, and shall be returned with the said Commission to the said Court, to be there filed and recorded; (that is to say,)

' A. B. do swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill Oath. and Knowledge, truly and faithfully perform the Duty of a Commissioner, to examine Witnesses pursuant to the Powers ' vested in me by the annexed Commission; and that I will truly, ' faithfully and without Partiality to any or either of the Parties in this Cause, take, write down the Examinations and Deposi-' tions of all and every Witness and Witnesses who shall be pro-' duced before and examined by me, upon the Interrogatories ' filed for that Purpose; and that until Publication in the said 'Cause shall duly pass, I will not publish, disclose or make known any Part of the Purport or Contents of any Deposition of any Witness to be taken by me; and further, that I will ' fairly and truly enter and set down in Writing, in the Dominical of such Examination, the Hours of the Day on each Day that ' I shall be employed as such Commissioner, at which I shall re-' spectively commence and conclude the Examination of the ' Witnesses under such Commission, as also the real and true ' Cause or Causes of my not commencing such Examination at or before Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, if such should ' be the Case; and also, of my not continuing such Examination ' till Three o'Clock + in the Afternoon, if such should be the ' Case; as also, by whose Delay or Default, so far as I can judge,

hereby

+ Sic.

Proviso for Examination of Witnesses residing more than Thirty Miles from Dublin.

Commissioner may cross examine for the opposite Party.

Fees, &c. settled by Order of Court.

Chief Examiners may appoint Deputies in Cases of Necessity, allowed by the Court.

Unduly appointing, Contempt of Court.

Examiners and Commissioners to take Depositions personally.

cordingly.

such Examination was not commenced and continued [as ' Case may be from Eleven o'Clock + in the Forenoon till Thre So help me GOD ' the Afternoon. XLIV. And be it further enacted, That no Witness, who s

reside more than Thirty Miles from the City of Dublin, shall

any Case be obliged to leave his or her House in order to

examined before any Chief Examiner; but that all such I

nesses who shall reside or be in Ireland, and more than The

Miles from the City of Dublin, shall and may be examined be a Commissioner so to be appointed, unless such Witness, also the Party producing such Witness, shall choose that he they should be examined in Dublin before One of the C Examiners, or before One of the regular Examiners appoint by the Master in Ordinary to examine in aid of Inquires

Accounts to be taken before them; and it shall be lawful every such Commissioner to cross examine any Witness produc before him, in case he shall be required so to do by any Pen against whom the direct Examinations of such Witness shall have been taken; and it shall be lawful for every Commissioner to t be appointed to receive such Fees and Allowances for the Exe cution of his Duty in the Examination of Witnesses, and for the Expences of such Commissioner in travelling; and they shall re spectively be subject to such other Rules and Regulations ! shall be for that Purpose from time to time authorized, directe and made by any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancer ' XLV. And Whereas the Chief Examiners of the said Con are by their Appointments authorized to appoint Deputies, it is not fit that such Power should be exercised without sufficient ' Reason;' Be it enacted, That no such Chief Examiner shall any case appoint a Deputy, unless and until the Occasion for sed Appointment, and also the Person to be appointed, shall be been approved of by the Court, upon a Petition verified by Affidavit; and that nothing shall be considered by the Court a fit Occasion for such Appointment, but Inability in the Principal to attend, either from Sickness or from unavoidable Business; and such Order shall be regularly entered in the Registration Office; and no such Appointment shall continue for any long Time than shall be allowed or directed by such Order, either by fixing a precise Time, or by some general Words, or Reference to some Matter capable of being distinctly ascertained. or in such other Manner as the Court shall think proper; and if any such Appointment shall be made otherwise than as afore said, or for any longer Period than as aforesaid, then and in ever such Case such Chief Examiner making such Appointment, and also such Deputy, if he shall presume to act therein. shall be

deemed guilty of a Contempt of the Court, and be punished &

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That every Examiner, Deputer

Examiner and Commission Examiner, shall take down the Deposit tions of all Witnesses on their Examination with his own Had

and that no Clerk shall be present at any such Examination

and that every Clerk who shall be employed before Publication, so as to have any Access to any Deposition or Depositions, shall before he shall act in the Execution of such Office, and he is hereby required to take and subscribe the following Oath before Clerk to Ezthe Examiner by whom any such Clerk shall respectively be so aminers to take employed, and such Examiner is hereby empowered and required the following to administer the said Oath:

C. D. do swear, That according to the best of my Skill and Oath. Knowledge I will truly and faithfully execute and exercise the Office of a Copying Clerk in the Office of A. B. One of the Examiners of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery in Ireland, whereunto I am admitted, so long as I shall continue to hold the said Office; and that I will also well and faithfully preserve and keep such of the King's Records wherewith I shall be entrusted, or whereunto I shall have Access; and that I will not publish, disclose or make known to any Person or Persons whatsoever the Particulars or the Purport or Contents of any Deposition or Depositions copied or read by me in the Exe-' cution of my said Office, or to which I shall have Access ' thereby, until Publication thereof respectively shall duly pass, ' So help me GOD.'

' XLVII. And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the Examination of Witnesses in aid of the State-' ment of Accounts or other Inquiries depending before the ' Masters in the Court of Chancery in Ireland respectively, under any Orders or Decrees of the said Court, and that such Ex-' amination should be had before the said Masters or their Clerks ' respectively;' Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may For examining be lawful to and for each and every or any Master of the said Witnesses as to Court, to appoint by Instrument under Hand and Seal any Person Accounts, &c. whom he shall think proper to be the Clerk of such Master, before Masters. during his Pleasure; and such Instrument being enrolled in the said Court of Chancery, such Person shall be such Clerk accordingly, and shall as such be an Officer of the said Court; and that from and after One Calendar Month from the passing of this Act Masters may no Person shall be or be deemed or taken or considered to be appoint Clerks to any Purpose whatsoever the Clerk of any of the said Masters, by Instruments but under and by virtue of such Appointment so enrolled.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Clerk of Masters' Clerks any Master in Chancery, before he shall act as such in the Exfollowing amination of any Witness, shall take the following Oath before the Master by whom he shall be appointed, or before any other Master

of the said Court:

A. B. do swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill Oath. and Knowledge, truly and faithfully execute and exercise the ' Office of Master's Clerk and Examiner in the Office of C. D. ' Esquire, one of the Masters of His Majesty's High Court of 'Chancery in Ireland, so long as I shall continue to hold the ' said Office; and that I will well and faithfully preserve and keep 'all such Records, Interrogatories, Depositions, Deeds, Docu-' ments and Instruments whatsoever, wherewith I shall be ' intrusted, or whereto I shall have Access under or by virtue of my said Office; and that I will not publish, disclose or make 'known to any Person whatsoever, the Particulars, Purport or 'Contents of any Deposition or Depositions taken, copied or ' read by me in the Execution of my said Office, or to which I

shall have Access thereby, until Publication thereof respectively
shall duly pass.
So help me GOD.

Masters or their Clerks may examine Witnesses on Accounts or Inquiries before them. XLIX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where an Examination shall be directed by the said Court of Chancery, upon, under or in aid of any Account, Inquiry or other Matter whatsoever, which shall at any Time be depending before any Master of the said Court, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Master, if he shall think proper, and if he shall not so think proper, then to and for such his Clerk in the Presence of such Master, if such Master shall so think fit, without any Commission whatsoever, to examine all Witnesses who shall be produced before him, touching any Matter as to which such Examination of Witnesses shall have been so directed, or arising thereout, and to take down in Writing the Depositions of all such Witnesses, in the Manner and Form usual in such Cases.

Masters not to accept of any; Thing for the Appointment of Clerk or Examiner. L. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of Michaelmas Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it shall not be lawful for any Master in Ordinary in the said Court of Chancery to accept of any Sum of Money or Security as Money, or to stipulate for or receive any Share or Proportion of the Profits of the said Offices, or receive any other valuable Consideration whatsoever, as and for a Consideration for the Appointment of any Person whatsoever to the Office or Place of a Clerk or Examiner to said Master in Ordinary.

23 & 24 G.S. c.22. (I.) as to Fee of Usher, on Money paid out of Court, repealed on Termination of existing Interest in that Office.

' LI. And Whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ire-' land, in the Twenty third and Twenty fourth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled An Act for the better securing the Monies and Effects of the Suitors of the Court of Chancery and the Court of Exchequer, by depositing the same in the National ' Bank, and to prevent the forging and counterfeiting any Draft, ' Order or other Voucher for the Payment or Delivery of such ' Money or Effects, and for other Purposes; and reciting that the 'Usher of the said Court of Chancery had been entitled to a ' Fee of Sixpence in the Pound for all such Monies as had by 'Order of the said Court been paid out of the same by the said ' Usher; it was enacted, that every Person who should obtain any Decree or Order for the Payment of any such Money as had ' heretofore been usually deposited with and paid out by the said ' Usher, or which, if the said recited act had not passed, would ' have been deposited with and paid out by the said Usher, should ' at the Time of demanding, as in the said Act is mentioned, from the Accountant General of the said Court, deposit and lodge ' with the said Accountant General such Fee or Sum of Sixpence in the Pound as aforesaid, to be handed over to the said Accountant General, to and for the proper Use of the said Usher: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Fee should be abolish-'ed in Manner hereinafter mentioned;' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after and upon the Determination of the existing Interest of the present Possessor of the said Office of Usher of the said Court of Chancery, the said recited Clause of the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that no Usher of the said Court of Chancery, who shall be appointed at any Time after the Determination of such existing Interest in

Such Fee abolished as to future Ushers. mid Office, shall ask, demand or take the said Fee of Sixse in the Pound, or any other Fee whatever, in respect or pretext of the Payment of any such Money; and that the Fee shall not be lodged or deposited with the Accountant ral, or be asked, demanded, received or paid in any Manner y any Person whomsoever; but the said Fee, and all and Fee in respect of or under pretext of the Payment of any Money, shall, from and after the Determination of such ting Interest, be and the same is hereby abolished, and shall cease and be no longer paid or payable; any Thing in the recited Act, or any Usage or Custom to the contrary not-

LIL And Whereas the present Usher of the Court of Chanby in Ireland claims to be entitled to certain Fees in the Tables this Act annexed, or some of them, set down as payable to her Officers of the said Court, and it is reasonable that if he entitled to any such Fee or Fees, the same should not be so traferred during his Continuance in the said Office; Be it Proviso for the state enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the existing Usher Usher to proceed in such Manner as he shall be advised to as to certain his Right to any such Fee or Fees, and thereupon to Fees claimed beer and receive the same so long as he shall hold the said by him. to all Intents and Purposes as if this had not passed; but that from the Time of his ceasing to hold and Office, such Parts and Provisions of this Act and of the Tables of Fees as shall be thereby so altered or affected.

have their full Force and Effect according to the Terms and the thereof.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Clerk of the mencement of this Act, the Clerk of the Hanaper and the Hanaper and t of the Crown of the said Court of Chancery shall, within Clerk of the teen Days after the Fifth Day of January, Fifth Day of liver to Com-Fifth Day of July and Tenth Day of October in each and missioners of Year, deliver to the Commissioners of Accounts, who are Accounts quar tred to audit the same, and to certify the Balance, an Acterly, Amount of King's Silver, as the Payments usually known by the received by them, for or or account of the Payments usually known by the received by them, and pay a to find the Fayments usually known by the them, and pay a find the Fayments usually known by the received by them, and pay a find the Fayments usually known by the man and pay a find the Fayments usually known by the man and pay a find the Fayments usually known by the man and pay a find the first Leet forth in the Second Column of the Table (Number 10.) to Consolidated Act annexed, in the Course of a Quarter of a Year ending Fund.

The Fifth Day of January, Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of and Tenth Day of October respectively, and how applied; ach Clerk of the Hanaper and Clerk of the Crown shall, Twenty one Days next after the same Balance shall be ded, pay into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in the full Amount of all Sums specified in every such Quar-Account, and the same shall be carried to and made Part of Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain

IIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever and so long as Cursitor to pay shall be lawful for the Cursitor of the said Court of his Deputy tery to appoint a Deputy for the Performance of the Duties 100l. a Year.

The said Office of Cursitor, such Cursitor shall allow to such iGeo. IV.

Deputy a Salary of not less than One hundred Pounds a Year,

Salaries to Accountant General, and his Clerks, charged on Consolidated Fund.

payable quarterly. LV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, there shall be issued and paid and payable out of and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland (after paying and reserving sufficient to pay all such Sum and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the said Consolidated Fund, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may be hereafter charged upon or payable out of the said Fund), the annual Sum of One thousand two hundred and eighty Pounds Irish Currency, and which Sum of Money so to be issued shall from time

The Amounts

to time be applied in Payment of the following Sums; that is to say, to the Accountant General of the said Court, the annual of such Salaries. Sum of Seven hundred Pounds, for and in lieu of any Salary to which he is by Law entitled; to his Head Clerk, the Sum of Four hundred Pounds; to his Second Clerk the annual Sum of One hundred Pounds; and to his Third Clerk, the annual Sum of Eighty Pounds; which Salaries shall commence from the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and shall be payable by equal quarterly Payments, free and clear of all Deductions whatsoever, for Pells, Poundage or otherwise, on the Fifth Day of January, Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of July and Tenth Day of October in every Year.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Com-

mencement of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said

less Number on each Side of the said Account; and if the said

Clear of Deductions.

Accountant General may take Fces on Copies of Accounts.

Accountant General by himself or his Clerks, to ask, demand and receive for all Copies of all Accounts extracted from the Books of the said Accountant General, the Sum of Two Pence for every Line on the Debtor Side of such Account, and the like Sum of Two Pence for every Line on the Creditor Side of such Account, if the said Account shall consist of Forty Lines, or any

in his Office.

No other Fee

Taking such deemed guilty of Extortion.

Account shall consist of any greater Number of Lines than Forty on each Side of the said Account, then the Sum of One Pound and no more; and that from and after the Commencement of this Act, it shall not be lawful for the said Accountant General, or any Clerk or other Person in his Office, to ask, demand or receive any Fee for any Certificate of any Balance of Stock or Cash on any Account in the Books of the said Accountant General, nor for any other Business, Matter or Thing whatsoever in or relating to the Office of the said Accountant General; and if any Clerk or other Person belonging to or enployed in, or who shall hereafter belong to or be employed in the Office of such Accountant General, shall take any other Fee or Reward on account of any Business, Matter or Thing whatsoever in or relating to the Office of Accountant General, or do the Duty of any Clerk therein, every such Person shall be deemed guilty of Extortion, and shall and may be prosecuted for the same

by Indictment or Information, or upon Complaint thereof made to the said Court of Chancery shall be punished for the same as

for a Contempt of the said Court, and shall forfeit the Sum of

Contempt of Court, and Penalty 501.

Fifty Pounds.

LVII. And

All labe it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Lord Cl to while the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or for the Lord cellor, & of Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of may app finthe Time being, from time to time at his and their Sale and milksure, to appoint a Broker or Brokers by whom all chase of Im Purchases of Stock, with the Privity of the Accountant mild the said Court, shall be made, and to remove such paths or their Will and Pleasure; and such Broker shall wild to receive the usual Commission of Brokerage on any ale and Purchase; and whenever such Commission or rige shall amount to One Guinea, or any greater Sum, and in any such Case such Broker shall thereout pay the Duty of Half a Guinea, to be charged on the Approof such Sale or Purchase, by the Master approving the

WIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Com- Office of ement of this Act, the Office of Clerk of the Office of Re- of the Re of the said Court of Chancery shall be and the same is abolished abolished, and that all Matters and Things which in and his Duty e said hereinbefore recited Act, made in the Parliament of gistrar. a of his late Majesty, are required to be done and per-by the Clerk of the Reports in the said Court, shall be and performed by the Registrar of the said Court; any m the said recited Act, or any Law, Usage or Custom to entrary in anywise notwithstanding.

LIX. And Whereas under and by virtue of an Agreement by or on Behalf of His Majesty with the Bank of Ireland, Agreement is established and confirmed by an Act passed the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign 36G.s. c. His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act recuring the Payment of the Annuities, and of the Interest upon principal Sums therein provided, for and towards the Dis-ege of such principal Sums, in such Manner as is therein sected, and for enabling the Officers of His Majesty's Treasury secsive certain Sums for a limited Time in Manner therein Entioned, and for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum of Soney out of the Consolidated Fund, and for applying a cer-Sum of Money therein mentioned for the Service of the Year e thousand seven hundred and ninety six, and for other Purthe Governor and Company of the said Bank of Ireland tere, for the Considerations therein respectively mentioned, inde liable to the Payment of a Sum of One hundred and benty Pounds yearly to the said Clerk of the Reports, and it not reasonable that on the Abolition of the said Office for Public Benefit the Salary thereof should sink for the Benefit the said Bank; Be it therefore enacted, That from and The said! the Commencement of this Act, the said yearly Sum of a Year to hundred and twenty Pounds shall be payable and paid by the paid into Excheque and Company of the Bank of Ireland into the Receipt and carrie His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, in the same Manner and Consolida the same Days and Times as the same hath heretofore been Fund. rable to the Clerk of the Reports for the Time being; and same, when so paid, shall be carried to and become Part of

the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

LX. And Whereas by and under the Provisions contained in this Act, and also in certain General Orders proposed to be adopted by the Lord Chancellor and Master of the Rolls in Ire-' land, transmitted on the Third Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, by the said Lord Chancellor and Master of the Rolls, in a Letter to William Gregory Esquire, for the 'Information of his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, the Emoluments of the present Six Clerks, and some other Officers of the said Court of Chancery and their Deputies, whether expressly mentioned in this Act or not, may be con-' siderably diminished, and it is reasonable that Compensation ' should be made in such Case to the said present Six Clerks, 4 and other Officers of the said Court and their Deputies; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioner for the Custody of the Great Seal of *Ireland* for the Time being, and the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioner for the Custody of the annual Amount Great Seal, is or are hereby authorized and empowered and of Salaries and required, by such Ways and Means as to him or them shall seem fit and proper to ascertain the same, to make Inquiry into the Salaries and Emoluments of each and every of the present Officers of the said Court of Chancery, save and except the Masters in Ordinary and their Deputies respectively, who shall by Petition desire that such Inquiry should be made, in order and with a view to ascertain the average annual Amount of such Salaries and Emoluments in the said Office respectively, for a Period of Seven Years next preceding the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and also in order and with a view to exclude out of such average or annual Amount all such Emoluments and Income as shall appear, according to the best Judgment that the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, can form thereof, to have arisen from any new Fees, or from any Increase of Fees introduced into any such Office of Deputyship, subsequent to the Appointment of the present Holders thereof respectively, or subsequent to the Appointment of the immediate Predecessor of any Officer or Deputy who shall have been appointed to such Office or Deputyship subsequent to the first Appointment of the said Commissioners of Inquiry, or to have arisen from computing the Contents of Office Sheets of Seventy two Words instead of Ninety Words each, or to have arisen from any new Fees, or from any Increase of Fees which may have been introduced within Twenty Years prior to the Commencement of this Act, or from any Fees which may have been demanded or received contrary to the Provisions of any Act of Parliament, or otherwise contrary to Law; and for those Purposes it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, and he or they are hereby authorized, empowered and required, by all such Ways or Means as to him and them shall seem fit and proper to ascertain the same, to examine the said present Officers and Deputies respectively, on Oath, and also in like Manner to examine all such Witnesses as he or they shall

Lord Chancellor, &c. to make Inquiry into and ascertain Average Emoluments of Six Clerks and other Officers for Seven Years preceding 1st Jan. 1823, and certify same into the Office of the Auditor General.

think proper to require, together with all such Accounts, Books and Vouchers as they shall call for; and the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, shall thereupon certify under their Hands and Seals, or under the Hands and Seals of any Three or more of them, the Average Amount of the yearly Income of every such Officer and Deputy, so reduced by the Exclusion of such Emoluments and Income as aforesaid, for the said Period of Seven Years, distinguishing the gross Income from the net Income, and stating the Particulars of the Disbursements out of the gross Income, which constitute the Difference between the gross and the net Income, so far as they can ascertain the same; and the said Certificate What such shall contain a Statement of the particular Fees Profits and Certificate is Emoluments on which such Averages shall have been taken as to contain. aforesaid, and also of the Fees, Profits and Emoluments heretofore received, which shall be excluded from such Averages; and Certificate to the said Certificate shall be filed in the Office of the Auditor be filed. General in Dublin Castle, and shall remain there as a Record, and be conclusive to all such Matters and to the Purposes of this

LXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case, from Chancellor to the Want of sufficient Accounts or Vouchers or from any other certify as herein Cause, the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper and Commissioners for mentioned the the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland, shall be unable satis- Average of Salaries and factorily to ascertain the annual Amount of the Salary and Emoluments in the Office of any of the said present Officers on the where Vouchers Average of such Period of Seven Years, then and in such Case it cannot be proshall and may be lawful for the said Lord Chancellor, Lord cured. Keeper or Commissioners, at the Request of any of the said Officers, to certify the average annual Income arising from the Salary and Emoluments in the Office of any such Officer, as amounting to a Sum equal to the smallest Sum which shall have been certified by the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners, as being the annual average Amount of the Salary and Emoluments in the Office of any other Officer of the same Class.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That at the End of One Year Lord Chanfrom the passing of this Act, or at any Time within Six Calendar cellor to inquire Months after the said Period, it shall and may be lawful to and into Income of for the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, Lord Keeper or Commis-future Years, sioners for the Custody of the Great Seal for the Time being, to ascertain in like Manner as aforesaid the gross and net Income in the Office of each and every of the said present Officers and Deputies, who shall by Petition desire the same, including therein all and every Salary and Emolument arising from such Office for and during the said Year, and if the said gross Income shall be less than the average gross Income in the Office of such Officer or Deputy so certified as aforesaid, then to inquire and ascertain in like Manner whether such Deficiency, or any and what Part thereof, arose from this Act, or and from any of the Provisions therein, or the said Orders; and in case it shall appear that such and certify Deficiency, or any Part thereof, did so arise, then to certify the Amount of Amount of such Deficiency so arising from this Act, or any of Deficiency resulting from the Provisions thereof, or the said Orders; and so in every succeeding Ee 3

ceeding Year to inquire and certify in like Manner, so long as any of the said present Officers or Deputies shall live and retain their said Offices respectively; and every such Certificate shall in like Manner be filed in the said Auditor General's Office, and

shall be conclusive as to the said Matter.

Within Three Months after filing Certificate of Defiiencies, Lord Lieutenant may order them to be made good out of Consolidated Fund.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That within Three Calendar Months next after the filing of any such annual Certificate of such Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal for the Time being, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to order that a Sum equal to the Amount of the said Deficiency, so certified to arise from this Act, or from the said General Orders, or to such Proportion thereof as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall think proper, shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund to such Officer or Deputy, his Executors or Administrators, in full Compensation for such Deficiency: Provided always, that the whole Amount of the Sum so to be paid in any one Year to the several Officers aforesaid, other than and except the Principal Registrar of the said Court, and the Usher of the said Court, shall not exceed the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds Irish Currency.

LXIV. And Whereas by and under the Provisions of this Act, ' the Office of Principal Registrar of the said Court, now held as 'a Sinecure by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, for the Term of the natural Life of the present Possessor ' thereof, is to cease and determine, and it is just and reasonable ' that Compensation should be made to such Officer for the same;' Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Person who at the Time of the passing of this Act shall be the Principal Registrar of the said Court, to apply by Petition to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland, to make Inquiry into the Income and Emolument of such Office of Principal Registrar of the said Court of Chancery, for a Period of Seven Years next preceding the passing of this Act; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and required, to make such Inquiry, and to ascertain the same accordingly, in such Manner and with such View and Intent, and on such Examination, as in and by this Act is specified for ascertaining the net average annual Amount of the Salaries and Emoluments of other Officers of the said Court and their Deputies respectively; and the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, shall certify under his or their Hand or Hands and Seals, the Amount of the annual Income of the said Principal Registrar on an Average of the said Seven Years, in like Manner and subject to the like Reduction as in and by this Act they are directed to certify the same average annual Amount of the Income and Emoluments of any other Officers and their Deputies as aforesaid; and such Certificate shall be filed in the Office of the Auditor General in Dublin Castle, and shall remain there as

Lord Chancellor to ascer tain and certify net annual Amount of Emoluments of Principal Registrar on Average of Seven preceding Years.

Certificate to be filed.

a Record, and be conclusive as to all such Matters, and to the Purposes of this Act.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Such net filing of such Certificate, there shall be issued and be paid and average annual payable to the Person who at the Time of the passing of this Act shall hold the said Office of Principal Registrar of the said Court sent Registrar of Chancery, and his Assigns, yearly and every Year during the during his Life. Term of his natural Life, out of and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland (after Payment of all Sums previously charged on the said Fund) a Sum equal to the Sum which shall be so ascertained by such Certificate to be the net annual average Amount of the Income and Emoluments of the said Office of Principal Registrar of the said Court as aforesaid, in full Compensation for the same, and such annual Sum shall be paid and payable to such Person and his Assigns, during the Term of his natural Life, by Four Quarterly Payments in each and every Year. free and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, on every Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty ninth Day of September and the Twenty fifth Day of December; the first Payment thereof to be made on the first of the said Days which shall next happen after the Commencement of this Act, and in proportion only to the Time which shall immediately next happen after the Commencement of this Act, and also such Proportion of any such Quarterly Payment as at the Time of the Decease of such Person shall be due from the Quarter Day next preceding the Time of such Decease.
'LXVI. And Whereas some Delay may occur in ascertaining

the Amount of the annual Income of the said Principal Regis-' trar, and procuring said Certificate as herein before directed, during which Time said Principal Registrar would be totally ' deprived of the Income which he had heretofore enjoyed from his said Office;' Be it therefore enacted, That in the mean time, Till Certificate and until such Certificate shall be obtained and filed as aforesaid, is obtained, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief and the Time being to order the man may direct and the control of the Time being to order the man may direct the control of the control Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to order the Issue of a that there shall be issued and be paid and payable to the Person Compensation who at the Time of the passing of this Act shall hold the said to the Principal Office of Principal Registrar of the said Court of Chancery and Registrar. his Assigns, such annual Sum or Sums of Money, on account of the Compensation to be thereafter awarded to said Principal Registrar, as to said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland shall appear to be just and reasonable, but not exceeding the net average Amount of the Income and Emoluments of the said Office, as reported by the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Duties, Salaries and Emoluments of the Officers, Clerks and Ministers of Justice, in all Temporal and Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland, for Three Years preceding said Report; such annual Sum to be paid and payable to such Prin- Payable Quarcipal Registrar and his Assigns, by Four Quarterly Payments in terly, and Tax each and every Year, free and clear of all Taxes and Deductions free. whatsoever, on every Twenty fifth Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of September and Twenty fifth Day of December; the first Payment thereof, on account as

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aforesaid, to be made on the first of said Days which shall aext happen after the Commencement of this Act, and in proporties to the Time which shall immediately next happen after the Conmencement of this Act; such Payments (if any) to said Princi Registrar or his Assigns, to be credited on the Foot of such nual Income as it shall appear by said Certificate, when fiel a aforesaid, that said Principal Registrar is entitled to; and in came the Sum or Sums so to be paid as aforesaid shall exceed the See to which said Registrar shall appear by said Certificate to be titled to, then and in such Case such Excess or Overplus in be deducted from the Quarterly Payment which shall next happen

after the filing of said Certificate. 'LXVII. And Whereas by and under the Operation of

' Act, and of the said General Orders proposed to be adopted a the Lord Chancellor and Master of the Rolls in Ireland, t Emoluments of the Usher of the said Court of Chancery be considerably diminished, and it is reasonable that Compensation should be made to the said Officer; Be it theres enacted, That upon the Petition to the Lord Chancellor, Lad Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland, by the Persons holding the Office of Usher of the Court at the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Cartody of the Great Seal, to make Inquiry into and to ascertain the average annual Amount of the Salaries and Emoluments of the said Officer, for a Period of Seven Years next preceding the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and to certify the average Amount thereof, subject to the like Reduction, and in like Manner in all respects as the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners are by this Act required to do, in making Inquiry into, and in ascertaining the Salaries and Emoluments of other Officers of the said Court: and thereupon it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal for the Time being, to ascertain the gross and not average annual Income of the said Officer, and to ascertain any Deficiency arising in the said net Income by the Operation of this Act, or any of the Provisions therein contained, or from the said Orders, and to certify the Amount of such Deficiency annually as long as the said Officer shall live and retain his said Office. in like Manner in all respects as is by this Act directed with re-

to any other Officers of the said Court of Chancery. 'LXVIII. And Whereas, by and under the Provisions of this ' Act, and of the said General Orders, certain Duties will be in-

spect to the annual Income and Deficiencies therein of any other Officers of the said Court; and such Certificate shall be filed in like Manner as is herein required with respect to any Certificates relating to such other Officers of the said Court; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to order that a Sun equal to the Amount of such Deficiency so certified, shall be paid out of the said Consolidated Fund to such Usher, his Executors or Administrators, as such Compensation for such Deficiency, in like Manner as by this Act is directed and provided with respect

The like Regulations as to ascertaining annual Compensation to the Usher of the Court of Chancery, for Diminution of Emoluments of his Office.

posed upon divers Officers of the Court of Chancery, which have not usually and ought not by Law to have been performed by them respectively, and for the Performance whereof the Employment of additional Clerks, or increased Payment to the Clerks by them hitherto employed, may become necessary; and it is reasonable to provide that the Employment of such additional Clerks and such increased Payments should not reduce ' the net Income of such Officers as held their respective Offices during the Term of their respective Lives, or during their good Behaviour, or who have legally purchased their respective Offices; Be it therefore enacted, That each and every such Officer Officers reshall be at liberty, at any Time within Six Months after the Com- quiring admencement of this Act, to apply by Petition to the said Lord ditional Clerks Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the under the Re-Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the gulations of Great Seal of *Ireland*, requesting that he or they would proceed this Act may to inquire and certify what Clerks it may be reasonable and necesapply to Lord sary, in consequence of the Provisions of this Act, and of the said Chancellor, General Orders, to employ in addition to such Clerks as have who is to inheretofore been usually employed or ought to have been employed by such Officer, and what Salary it may be reasonable and ditional Salaries necessary to allow them, and what further and increased Payment necessary for it may be reasonable to make to the Clerks by them hitherto employed, beyond that Payment to which such Lord Chancellor, such Officers, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal and certify shall consider that such Officers ought hitherto to have been liable; accordingly. and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, and they are hereby required to make such Inquiry in like Manner and by the Ways and Means above directed, and to certify under his or their Hand and Seals the Number and Description of such additional Clerks, and such Salaries as may appear to the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal reasonable for their Remuneration in each such Office respectively, and also such further and increased Payment to the Clerks heretofore employed by any such Officer; and every such present Officer having obtained such last mentioned Certificate shall, upon the Occasion of accounting as above directed, have Credit for the Sums expressed in such last mentioned Certificate, as an Addition to the gross Income so certified as above directed by the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal for the Time being, + shall include the Salaries and further Payments above referred to: Provided always, that every such Proviso. Officer shall on such accounting satisfy the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Time being, that he has actually employed such Clerks, and made such Payments as referred to in such Certificate respectively.

' LXIX. And Whereas certain of the Officers of the said Court ' of Chancery are now by Law permitted to sell their respective ' Offices, and the said Offices are likely to be rendered of less ' Value by and under the Provisions of this Act, and of the said 'General Orders; and it is reasonable to provide some Compen-'sation for such Offices in reference thereto: Be it therefore enacted, That if any such Officer shall, at any Time after the For providing

+ Sic.

passing annual Com-

pensation to
Officers permitted to sell
Offices, the
Value of which
shall be diminished by this
Act.

passing of this Act, so sell his Office, such Officer shall be at liberty, at any Time within Six Months after the Sale thereof, to apply by Petition to the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or to the Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, for the Time being, to examine into the Amount of the Compensation payable to such Officer under the Provisions of this Act; and the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Commissioners respectively, shall thereupon, by all or such of the Ways and Means as they shall think proper, examine and certify, in like Manner as aforesaid, the average annual Amount of such Compensation; and such last mentioned Certificate shall yearly and every Year, during the Life of such Officer, be of the like Force and Efficacy for and towards entitling such Officer to Compensation, as if he had continued to hold his said Office, and annually receive such Certificate.

LXX. And Whereas it is by this Act provided, that certain Sums to be hereafter ascertained may be paid out of the Consolidated Fund, for the Compensation of certain Persons holding

- Offices in and under the said Court of Chancery, other than and except the Principal Registrar and Usher of the said Court herein
- ' before particularly mentioned;' Be it enacted, That a Return of all Sums certified as Deficiencies arising in consequence of this Act, or of the Regulations and Orders of the Court as aforesaid, together with Copies of the Certificates relating thereto, whether for Compensation or Allowances for additional Clerks, filed in the Office of the Auditor General, and the Orders of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor of Ireland made thereon, shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament immediately after the Commencement of the Sessions of Parliament next ensuing the making of any such Order, by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor as aforesaid; and that no Issue of Money for Compensation as aforesaid shall be made from the Consolidated Fund,

till the same shall have been submitted to Parliament.

Proviso for Actions against Officers for Misconduct,

Return of Certificates and

Compensation

shall be made

to Parliament, before issuing

Orders for

Amount.

LXXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to limit, abridge, bar, prejudice or defeat any Action or Indictment, or any Remedy or Proceeding whatsoever, which at any Time heretofore may or might have been brought, found, had or taken against any Officer, Deputy or Clerk in or under the said Court of Chancery, for or in respect of any Misconduct in Office which may have occurred or taken place, or which may take place at any Time before the Commencement of this Act; but that all such Actions, Indictments, Remedies and Proceedings for any such Misconduct, may be brought, found, had or taken, as if this Act had never been made.

Penalties recovered by Action in the Superior Courts at Dublin. LXXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Penalties and Penalty to be incurred and forfeited in pursuance or by virtue of this Act, or any of the Matters herein contained, shall and may be sued for and recovered by any Person who will sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at the Four Courts Dublin, and not elsewhere, in which no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparlance, shall be allowed; and that One Moiety of every such Penalty shall be for the Use of His

Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Use of the Person or Persons who shall sue for the same.

40 GEO. IV.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the Commenceseveral Provisions therein contained, shall commence and take ment of Act. effect from the First Day of Michaelmas Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, except in such Cases where any other Period is mentioned for the Commencement of any of the Provisions thereof.

427

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session. this present Session of Parliament.

## SCHEDULE.

## TABLES to which this Act refers.

## FEES payable to

No. 1.-Lord Chancellor. No. 2.—Deputy Keeper of the Rolls. No. 3.—Clerks or Examiners of the Masters in Chancery. No. 4.—Registrar. No. 5.—Six Clerks. No. 6.—Examiners. No. 7.—Usher. No. 8.—Lord Chancellor's Secretary. No. 9.—Clerk of the Custody of Papers. No. 10.—Clerk of the Hanaper. No. 11.—Cursitor. No. 12.—Clerk of the Recognizances. No. 13.—Registrar and Clerk of Faculties. No. 14.—Serjeant at Arms. No. 15 .- Pursuivant. No. 16.—Pursebearer. No. 17.—Trainbearer.

No. 18-Crier.

## TABLES to which this Act refers.

No 1.—TABLE of FEES payable to the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or to the Lord Keeper, or the Commissioner for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland.

On Letters Patent:	£	s.	d.
1. For every Patent with one Denomination	0	10	0
2. And for every subsequent Denomination in a Patent -	0	10	0
3. For Gloves, in addition to the Fee of Ten Shillings upon			
every Patent appointing or translating a Bishop, or creat-	1		1
ing a Baron, containing one Denomination	3	9	0
4. And for every subsequent Denomination in such Patent -	3	9	0
5. For a Sheriff's Patent	0	2	0
6. Upon a Vacate entered on the Involment of Letters Patent	1	2	9
Cursitor's Writs:			
7. For every Cursitor's Writ, except Writs of Error	0	0	44
8. For every Writ of Error	0	Ō	6
Faculties:	1	_	1
9. For every Confirmation of a Dispensation, upon every Pound	ı		
Sterling with which such Faculty is taxed -	lo	2	8
Chancery Writs:	ľ	_	
10. Upon every Chancery Writ		) (	6

No. 2.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the D Keeper of the Rolls, the Clerk of the Inrolments, or any Clerk or Person employed in the Rolls Office in *Ireland*, to demand or accep or on account of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning Business at the Rolls Office.

Business at the Rolls Office.	
1 Paris War Dalat Dana	2 4
1. For inrolling every Duke's Patent	19 (
2. For do. every Marquis's Patent	19 (
3. For do. every Earl's Patent	19 (
4. For do. every Viscount's Patent	19 (
5. For do. every Archbishop's Patent -	19 0
6. For do. every Bishop's and Baron's Patent -	11 10
7. For do. every Baronet's Patent	6 19
8. For do. every Patent of a Commissioner of Appeal	1 14
9. For inrolling every other Patent, of whatever Description	
the same may be, except Patents for the Commissioners	1
of the Treasury, Revenue and Excise, Commissioners of	1
Accounts and Inquiry, for each Roll, consisting of Seven	1
hundred and twenty Words, which such Patent shall	١.,
contain	1 6
Any One Fraction of a Roll to be charged as an entire	1
Roll, but not more than One Fraction to be charged	1
for in any One Document.	٠
10. For inrolling every Act or Order in Council -	0 16
11. For Surrender before the Lord Chancellor of any Grant,	
Patent or Article inrolled, and for entering Vacate there-	l .
of on the Roll	1 10
12. For inrolling every Letter of Guardianship or Committee-	ł
ship	0 5
13. For inrolling every Deed or other Document which shall	
be brought to the Office for Incolment, for each Roll or	
Skin of Seven hundred and twenty Words which such	
Deed or other Document shall contain, and for any One	
fractional Part of a Roll	0 10
14. For filing and entering every Bill, whether an original or	
amended Bill, and every Rejoinder	0 0
15. For every Bill amended on the File	0 3
16. For the attested Copies of Pleadings, and of all Records	
and other Documents, of which Copies shall be required	
from the Office, for each Sheet of Seventy two Words -	0 0
And in case the Record to be copied be written in	
Latin or Old Court Hand, such further Sum for the	
Clerk as the Taxing Officer shall deem reasonable.	
17. For reattesting all Copies of Pleadings, for every Twenty	
Sheets of Seventy two Words which such Copy shall	
contain	0 1
18. For every Search, whether for Pleadings, Patents, Deeds	
an Danimanta, and taking dame for francation the Dell	
or Document sought for, when found	0 2 6
19. For every Constat or Certificate of any Patent, Grant,	
Dood on other Document invalled including the Footor	
Search, and taking down the Roll	0 10 0
20. For every Search for and furnishing Certificate of the	
Disadings fled in any Course with the Devial of fling	
Pleadings, filed in any Cause, with the Periods of filing	(continu
	1000

	£	5.	d.
the same, and the Length thereof, and also, that any			
particular Pleading has not been filed	0	2	6
21. For filing every Certificate of Naturalization	0	2	8
22. For do. every Convert's Certificate	0	0	6
23. For Certificate of Qualification of a Catholic -	0	1	0
24. For every Decree given in Chancery	0	6	0
25. For every Six Clerks Writ	0	0	6
26. For every Broad Seal	0	5	0
27. For attending in any of the Courts, with any Record or	1		•
Pleading	0	10	0

No. 3. —TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Clerks or Examiners of the Masters in the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or any other Person employed in the Masters Office, to demand or accept for or on account of any Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the said Office.

		••	d.
1. For examining and taking down in Writing the Deposition			
of the First Witness in any Cause or Matter, in answer			
to the First Interrogatory, in each Book of Depositions	١.	_	_
on which he shall be examined	0	3	8
2. For like to every other Interrogatory which shall be ex-	_	_	_
hibited at the Desire of the Party to such Witness	0	2	2
3. For examining and taking down in Writing the Deposition	i		
of the Second and each other Witness who shall be ex-	1		
amined in such Cause or Matter, in answer to each	٦	_	_
Interrogatory which shall be exhibited to such Witness	0	2	2
4. For each Sheet, consisting of Seventy two Words, of	1		
Copies of such Depositions and Interrogatories when		_	٥1
required, and attesting same as true Copies -	0	0	6 <u>}</u>
5. For examining a Witness when the Examiner shall be re-	1	_	9
quired to go out of his Office for the Purpose	1 1	2	9
6. Copies of Reports, Charges, Discharges and all other Do-	1		
cuments which shall be required from the Office of the Master or his Examiner, for each Sheet containing			
Sevents two Words reckening however the Very when			
Seventy two Words, reckoning however the Year when expressed by Figures as One Word, and any Number	Ī		
of Pounds expressed by Figures as One Word, and the			
like as to Shillings and as to Pence:—thus, £1 2 9			
to be calculated as Three Words	0	0	6 <del>1</del>
7. For preparing each Pair of Leases to be executed by the	"	U	09
Master, of Lands set by him pursuant to any Order of	1		
the Court, and the Recognizance to be entered into by			
the Tenant and his Sureties, for Payment of the Rent and			
Performance of the Covenants therein, attending at the	[		
Master's Chambers on the Occasion of such Recogni-			
zance and Lease being acknowledged and executed, and			
Attendance on the filing of the Recognizance, but no	1		
other Charge on Occasion of every Pair of Leases -	1 1	16	0
8. Making search for any Papers which have been more than	-		-
Three Years in the Office, and of which no Copy shall	1		
be required by the Party seeking it	0	3	4
	, -	_	inue

	£.	٤.
9. For examining a Witness out of his Office under the Au-		
thority of any Special Order of the Court, subject,		
however, to be increased by the Court making the Rate		
of such Fee Part of the Order, not exceeding Five	i	
Guineas per Day for going 30 Miles from Dublin -	1	2
10. For preparing and ingressing Draft of the Master's Report		
for Signature, for every Folio of Seventy two Words - 11. For every Folio of Seventy two Words for Master's Clerk,	0	0
11. For every Folio of Seventy two Words for Master's Clerk,	ŀ	
for ingrossing such Interrogatories as are prepared by	l	
the Master himself	0	0

No. 4.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Regular or Deputy Registrar of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or any Clerk other Person in their Employment, to demand or accept for or on accept of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of Office of Registrar.

Office of Registrar.	
	€. 4
1. For receiving and entering every Appearance -	. 00
2. For entering every Answer	.   0 0
3. For every Schedule to the Answer, if sworn	. 0 0
4. For every Schedule, if not sworn	.   0 0
5. For entering every Attachment	0 1
6. For the Discharge of every Person in Contempt	0 2
7. For entering and marking as entered every Set of Interro-	1
gatories	100
8. For entering and marking as entered every Replication -	00
9. For entering and marking as entered every Rejoinder,	1
each Defendant	0 0
10. For entering a joint Commission to examine Witnesses or	1
otherwise	0 1
11 If it be ex parte	0 0
12. For entering Rule in Rule Book, whether on Petition or	
otherwise	0 2
	1
13. For drawing, entering and signing every Order, and fur-	
nishing a Copy thereof, if not exceeding One Side or	0 2
Sheet containing Seventy two Words	102
14 If it exceed One Side or Sheet, for every Side	0 01
or Sheet after Seventy two Words, each	100
Any One Fraction of a Sheet to be charged Ten	1
Pence, as an entire Sheet, but not more than One	1
Fraction to be charged for or on any One Docu-	1
ment.	1
15. For drawing, entering and signing every Order upon Hear-	
ing of a Cause and furnishing a Copy thereof	06
16 If it exceed One Sheet or Side of Seventy two	
Words, for every Side or Sheet of Seventy two Words	0 0 10
17. For drawing, entering and signing every Decretal Order,	
and furnishing a Copy	068
18. And if it exceed One Side or Sheet of Seventy two Words,	1
for every Side after	0 0 10
19. For drawing, entering and signing every final Dismiss, and	
furnishing a Copy	068
- drimenting a cobl	(continues

20. And if it exceed One Side or Sheet of Seventy two	æ.	. 5.	d.
Words for every Side of Sheet of Seventy two	_	_	
Words, for every Side after	<b>40</b>	0	10
21. For drawing, entering and signing every Order of Guar-			
dianship	0	2	6
22. And if it exceed One Side or Sheet of Seventy two			
Words, for every Side after	0	0	10
23. For drawing, entering and signing every Order upon a			
Petition, and furnishing a Copy	0	2	6
24. If it exceed One Side or Sheet of Seventy two Words, for	-	_	_
every such Side or Sheet after	0	0	10
25. For entering, filing, copying and signing any Report, Cer-		v	10
tificate, Exception, Account, Submission, Award, Com-			
mission of Partition, Judges Certificate, Order of the			
Lords or Articles of Impeachment	0	3	_
26. If the Copy exceed One Side or Sheet of Seventy two	U	3	6
Words, for such Side or Sheet after, the Year where ex-			
words, for such side of sheet after, the fear where ex-		•	
pressed in the Document by Figures to be calculated as			
One Word, the Number of Pounds expressed as One			
Item to be reckoned as One Word, and the same as to			
Shillings and Pence	0	0	10
27. For every Copy of Notes on hearing	0	6	8
28 If it exceed One Side or Sheet of Seventy two			
Words, for every such Side or Sheet after	0	0	10
29. For the Copy of every Report, Order, Certificate, Excep-			
tion or other Document required from the Office (other			
than the Copies to be furnished at the Time of entering			
as before set forth,) for every Side Seventy two Words	0	0	61
30. For every Search per Term, looking into the Rule Books	•		02
of the Three last Years, not however being considered a			
Search	0	Λ	4.
31. For every Certificate upon Search	ŏ	0 2 3	6
32. Entering and filing a Set of Depositions	ñ	Q	6
33. Inspecting Accountant General's Draft on Bank of Ireland,	U	3	U
and comparing some with the Order cheeking and			
and comparing same with the Order, checking and coun-	^	_	
tersigning	0	6	8

No. 5. — TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Six Clerl in the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or any Clerk or other Person employe by them, or any of them, to demand or accept for or on account of any Ac Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the Offices of the said Clerks.

	1. For the Appearance of every Defendant who appears se- parately to any Subpœna to appear and answer, to revive, or to elect a Clerk, or pursuant to an Order appointing	Æ.	8.	<b>d.</b>
	a Parliamentary Clerk  2. If Two or Three Defendants appear by the same Clerk at the same Time, for the Appearance of such Two or	0	3	4
	Three Defendants	0	3	4
	3. If more than Three, for every Three Defendants -	0	6	8
	3. If more than Three, for every Three Defendants 4. Term Fee for a Plaintiff or for Plaintiffs	O	3	4
1	5. Term Fee for every Defendant who answers separately -	0	3	4
		(co	nti	านเ

	0
6. If Two or Three Defendants answer jointly, the Term Fee	£. i. i
to be	0 3
7. If more than Three, for every Three Defendants	0 6
8. For the Signature of the Six Clerk to each Pleading, and	
to each Schedule which shall be annexed thereto -	0 3
9. For signing each Charge, Discharge, Consent and any other	"
Deciment to which the Simplement of the Sim Clork shall	1
Document to which the Signature of the Six Clerk shall	ļ .
be required, and for which no other Fee is provided in	
this Schedule	0 3
<ol> <li>For drawing, engrossing, and signing every Petition, and attending the Lord Chancellor or Master of the Rolls, if</li> </ol>	i
attending the Lord Chancellor or Master of the Rolls, if	
required therewith	0 13
11. For preparing and copying Notice of any Motion in Court,	1
and making Copy for the Use of the Court	0 2
12. For every other Notice	0 2
12. For every biller route	" -
13. On every Motion, whether by Six Clerk or Counsel, and	1
whether grounded on Petition or on Notice, or a Rule or	
Motion of Course	0 3
14. Where a Motion shall be argued on different Days, then	1
for each Time the Motion shall be called on and argued	0.3
15. For attending Registrar, and setting down Cause on List	1
for Hearing	0 3
16. For attending the Hearing of a Cause, for each Day the	1
Cause shall be called on, and at Hearing, but not for any	1
Days which the Cause may be in the Day List, and not	i
	0 6
called on	• •
17. For each Attendance which the Six Clerks shall actually	(
give before the Master on References, either at the De-	١.
sire of the Master, or at the Request of the Client or	
Solicitor	06
18. If the Reference continues more than One Hour, then for	
each Hour the Six Clerk shall actually attend -	06
19. For transmitting a Copy or Copies of a Summons to at-	
tend on a Reference served at the Six Clerks' Office, to	
the Solicitor or Solicitors by whom such Six Clerk shall	
be employed, and whose Client or Clients may have a	
direct Interest in the Matter of such Reference, for	006
every such Copy	- ^
And for the Transmission thereof	0 1 0
And no Six Clerk transmitting such Copy to be al-	
lowed to charge for Attendance thereon before	
the Master, unless he actually does attend at the	
special Requisition of the Master or Solicitor.	
20. To the Six Clerk of the Party who issues a Summons to	
attend before the Master, for entering and filing the Sum-	
more and making out Comics for Sorries thereof and	
mons, and making out Copies for Service thereof, and	
serving the same upon all such of the Six Clerks as are	006
to be served, for every such Copy	0 1 0
And for the Transmission thereof	V , ,
And this Fee being intended in lieu of the Fee here-	
tofore charged for constructive Attendance be-	
fore the Master, no Fee for such Attendance is	
to he charged, unless the Attendance is actually	
21	(continue
	•

			-
ing at the small Describing of the Western	æ.	s.	-
given at the special Requisition of the Master or Solicitor.			1
The Solicitor who obtains such Summons shall,			
on his own Responsibility, mark at the Foot of			
the Summons the Names of the Parties on			
whose Solicitor the same ought to be served;	ı		
and the Six Clerk served shall write on the			
Summons itself an Admission of the Service;			
and such Admission shall be Evidence of the same; and the Six Clerk shall receive for			
the same	0	1	1
1. For attending the Registrar at his Desire, or the Desire of	U	•	
the Party or his Solicitor, on passing a Decree	0	6	;
2 For attending a Defendant with Exhibits, to be viewed pre-	-	-	
vious to answering any Bill, Interrogatories or Affidavit	0	6	1
3. If more than One Hour, for every additional Hour	0	6	1
24. For attending at the Stamp Office with an Answer engrossed			
and sworn in England and Foreign Parts, pursuant to			
Order to have same stamped	0	6	1
5. For drawing a Recognizance, and attending the Master ap-	_		
proving same	U	13	4
% For attending to vacate Recognizance, and signing a Vacate			
on the Roll, cancelling the Recognizance, and signing Certificate of Cancellation thereon	Λ	13	4
27. Attested Copy of Exceptions, for each Sheet of Seventy two		13	7
Words	0	0	6
3. For drawing a Docket of a Decree to be signed by the Lord		·	٠
Chancellor, for each Office Sheet of Seventy two Words	0	0	6
19. For inrolling the Decree, per Sheet of Seventy two Words	0	0	6
30 For preparing and engrossing a Writ of Execution or Ex-			
emplification of a Decree, for each Skin of Eight hundred			
Words	1	6	3
31. For inrolling Letters of Guardianship and Committeeship	0	6	8
92 For preparing and engrossing Exemplification thereof, and	_	10	
signing the same		13	4
33. For the Exemplification of any other Order	·	13	4
34. For drawing and signing a Caveat against presenting a Docket of a Decree or a Petition to the Lord Chancellor, without			
Notice to the Six Clerk	0	6	8
35. Retaining Fee for a Third Person, where no Appearance or		J	·
1erm Fee is charged	0	3	4
36. For every Writ of Attachment and Seal, whether the same	·	_	-
sual issue against one or more Defendants, and whether			
for Want of Appearance or Answer, or under an Order of			
t the Court	0	7	10
7. Proclamation of Rebellion, and Seal	0	9	6
E Valuation of Kahallion and Seal	0	9	6
I''' Cilcult at Arme and See!	0	9	6
hi" "'' Vi Sequestration, and Seal		13	4
11. Distrings against a Corporation, and Seal	0	13	(
Por every Writ of Subpœna, and Seal  A. For every Subpœna to rejoin, Subpœna ad testificandum,	ľ		`
Subpara to hear Judgment and Seal	O	5	(
Gro. IV. F f	` (cc	ontir	ıue
* *	•		

	₽.	s.	d.
44. For every Subpæna for Costs, and Seal	0	7	6
45. For every Writ of Subpæna to revive, to elect a Clerk, to	i		
review and reverse, and Seal	0	9	6
46. For every Subpœna to answer in perpetuam rei memoriam,			
and Seal	0	9	6
47. For every Scire Facias, and Seal	0	9	6
48. For every Ducis + Tecum, and Seal	i	ŧ	
49. For every Writ of Dedimus Potestatem, to take an Answer or		•	
Answers and to examine Witnesses, Commission to arm the			
Master or Arbitrators, and Seal	0	9	6
50. For every Injunction, and Seal	0	9	b
51. For every Supersedeas, and Seal	0	9	6
52. For every Commission of Perambulation, Oaths, Notice and	1	_	
regulating the Return, and Seal	0	9	8
53. For every Writ of Partition, Oaths, Notice and regulating the	,	_	
Return, and Seal	0	9	6
54. For every Habeas Corpus	١٥	9	6
+ Sic.	ľ	•	Ť
	<u> </u>		

No. 6. — TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Examiner in Chief of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or any Clerk or other Perse employed by them or in their Offices respectively, to demand or accept to or on account of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Busines of the Examiner's Office.

of the Examiner's Onice.			
1. For the First Witness examined in a Cause (whether upon one Interrogatory or upon several Interrogatories) in the Examiner's Office, or by either of the Persons holding the Situation of Chief Examiner, including the Cryer's Pee of			
Four Pence 2. For every other Witness examined in like Manner in the	0	9	, ,
same Cause, including the Cryer's Fee  3. For the Copy of all such Depositions as are taken by the Examiners in Chief in Person, to be paid by the Party lodging the Interrogatory or Interrogatories, for each	0	2	. ข
Sheet of Seventy two Words  4. For all other Copies of Interrogatories and Depositions required by any Person out of the Office, for each Sheet	0	O	10
of Seventy two Words  5. For every Search within Twelve Months for any Document or Documents, of which there shall not be a Copy or Copies required by the Person desiring to have such Searches made	0		. 6
6. For looking into every Term before 7. For every Deed or other Document which shall be exhibited to a Witness on his Examination, by or before the Examiners in Chief, or either of them, and for certifying the		20	ł
same as having been so exhibited 8. For every Certificate which the Officer shall be required to	0	2	0
give	0 ( <i>con</i>	2 tinu	6 ed)

9. For swearing and examining every Witness, where the Officer shall, under the Authority of the Court, go out of his Office		8.	d. •
for the Purpose  If the Officer shall be required to go beyond the Limits of the Circular Road, Dublin, the Charge for such Examination to be such as shall be expressed in the Order.	0	16	8
O. For comparing with Originals, and re-attesting the Copies of any Depositions which shall be required to be made use of in any Court of Common Law, or on an Appeal, for each Book or Depositions	0	6	8

.7.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Usher of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or Deputy Usher, or any Clerk or other Person employed in the Usher's Office, to demand or accept for or on account of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the Usher's Office.

1 For II Marine Jamestell and the Color	£	. J.	d.
1. For all Money deposited pursuant to Orders of Court, and for which, under the Provisions of the Act Twenty third			
and Transfer fourth Goorge Third Character the To			
and Twenty fourth George Third, Chapter the Twenty			
second, Poundage is continued when paid out	0	0	6
The said Fee to continue payable so long only as the			
present Usher shall hold the Office, for each Pound.  2. For receiving and filing every Affidavit, and furnishing an			
attested Copy thereof to the Party filing the same, for the			
First Sheet of Seventy two Words (including the Cryer's			
Fee of Four Pence on each Affidavit)	_	_	
3. For every other Sheet of Seventy two Words each, if such	0	2	4
Affidavit exceeds One Sheet	_	_	
4. For preparing and furnishing an attested Copy of any	0	U	10
Affidavit which shall have been filed in the Office, for			
the First Sheet of Seventy two Words	^		
5. For every other Sheet of Seventy two Words, if it exceeds	0	1	6
One	0	Λ	61
But the present Usher to be allowed, during his Tenure of	U	U	6 <u>3</u>
the Office, to charge	0	Δ	10
Any one Fraction of a Sheet to be charged Sixpence	U	U	10
Halfpenny as an entire Sheet, but not more than One			- 1
Fraction to be charged for on any one Document.			1
6. For every Search, where the Party desiring such Search shall		•	
not require a Copy of the Document sought for, if found	0	3	4
7. For preparing and signing every Certificate which the Officer	·	•	-
shall be required to give	0	2	6
8. For carrying any Record into Court, or any of the Masters'	•		١
Offices, by Command of the Lord Chancellor or Master of			- 1
the Rolls	0	3	4
9. For attending in any of the Courts of Law, or any other		_	_
Court, with any Record of the Office, for each Day that			1
the Officer shall attend therewith	0	10	0
FF0		N	I

No. 8. — TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Secret to the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or any Clerk or other Person employ by such Lord Chancellor, to demand or accept for or on account of Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the said Off.

	£. s.
1. For the Patent of an Archbishop, Duke, Marquis or Earl -	5 15
2. For the Patent of a Viscount or Baron	4 12
3. For the Patent of a Bishop, Chancellor or Chief Justice -	39
4. For the Patent of a Baronet, Dean or Judge	26
5. For each Name or Denomination in a Fiant +	0 9
6. For a Warrant for a Custos Rotulorum -	5 0
7. For a Warrant for a Justice of the Peace -	26
8. For a Warrant for a Writ of Ease	1 15
9. For a Warrant for a Master Extraordinary	26
10. For a Warrant for a Sheriff	0 13
11. For a Warrant for a Writ De excommunicato capiendo; for	
a Writ of Ad quod damnum; for a Commission of Dele-	
gates; for a Commission of Valuation; for a Commission	l
of Lunacy; for electing a Coroner; to exonerate a	
Coroner; each	0 13
12. For every other Warrant to the Hanaper	0 13
13. For a Fiat on a Significavit	0 13
14. For a Letter Missive	10
15. For an Order upon a Petition whether such Petition shall be	
preferred in a Cause, or in a Matter of a Minor or Lunatic,	
or in a Respondent Case, or entitled both in a Cause and	i i
Matter, or in Two or more Causes	0 12
16. For every Decree or Dismiss, of which a Docket shall be	
presented for the Lord Chancellor's Signature	0 13
17. For a Caveat	0 1
18. For every Injunction	0 1
19. For every Writ of Error which shall be signed by the Lord	
Chancellor	0 4
20. For Copies of Judge's Notes or Report of a Trial, for every	
Sheet of Seventy two Words	0 0
And any One Fraction of a Sheet to be charged as an	
entire Sheet, but not more than One Fraction to be	
charged for on any One Document.	
The Fees to be exclusive of any charged for the Lord	
. Chancellor's Trainbearer.	
† Sic.	
·	

No. 9. — TABLE of all the FEES which it shall hereafter be legal to accept the Office of Clerk of the Custody of Papers in the Court of Chancer Ireland, in Matters of Idiots and Lunatics.

1. Filing Reports, First Sheet 2 every succeeding Sheet 3. Filing Affidavit and Account, First Sheet 4 every succeeding Sheet	- 0 3 ( - 0 0 10 - 0 2 4 - 0 0 10 (continue)
---	--

5. Attested Copies of Reports, Accounts	and A	ffidavits,	First	£.		
Sheet	-		-	0	1	6
6 every succeeding Sheet	-	•	-{	0	0	10
6 every succeeding Sheet 7. Making out Order, First Sheet	-	-	-	0	2	6
8 every succeeding Sheet	•	-	-1	0 0 0	0	10

10.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Clerk of the Hanaper and Clerk of the Crown in Chancery in Ireland, or his Deputy, or any Clerk or other Person employed in the Hanaper or Crown Office, to demand or accept on account of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the said Offices.

Services on account of which Fees may be demanded.	1	Rates	-		ling	
	£.	s.	d.	æ.	s.	d.
1. For preparing, engrossing and issuing the Patent				1		
of a Ďuke	20	0	0	1	0	3
2. For Ditto the Patent of a Marquis	15	0	0	1	0	3
3. For Ditto the Patent of an Earl	12	13	4	1	0	3
4. For Ditto the Patent of a Viscount	8	13	4	1	0	3
5. For Ditto the Patent of a Baron	6	16	8	1	0	3
6. For Ditto the Patent of a Baronet, and Silk and				i i		
Silver Strings	4	6	8	1 -		-
7. For Ditto the several Patents of Donation, &c.				1		
on the Appointment of an Archbishop -	10	13	4	2	0	6
8. For Ditto on the Appointment of a Bishop -	6	13	4	3	0	9
9. For Ditto the Patent of a Dean	1	6	8	1 1	0	3
10. For drawing, engrossing and issuing every Grant				1		
of Ecclesiastical Livings	1	6	8	1	0	3
11. For Ditto every Grant of Fairs and Markets -	ī	6	8	1	0	3
12. For Ditto every Patent of a Lord Chancellor	1	13	4	li	0	3
or Judge				1		
13. For drawing, engrossing and issuing every				1		
Patent for Attorney General, Solicitor Gene-				1		
ral, Serjeants at Law, Masters in Chancery				1		
or other Officer	1	13	6	1	0	3
14. For Ditto every Grant of an Escheatorship -	1	13	6	1	Ō	3
15. For Ditto of the Office of Commissioner of	-		-		-	_
Customs or Excise	1	19	6	1	0	3
16. For Ditto of the Office of Commissioner of the	_		•	ļ -	•	•
Treasury, Commissioner of Accounts, Com-				1		
missioner of Stamps, Commissioner of Bar-				1		
racks, Commissioner of Appeals and any other				1		
Office of the like Nature	1	13	6	1	0	3
17. For Ditto of Custos Rotulorum -	-	13	4	1 -	_	
18. For Ditto of the Office of Sheriff, to be distri-	•		•			
buted as directed by the Act of 12th Geo. I.				ł		
Chap. 4. and this Act	9	o	3	0	10	0
19. For Ditto of Offices not before enumerated	١	•	J			-
(except as after mentioned) -	1	13	6	1	0	3
3). For Ditto of a Pension	ĺi	5	ŏ	1 i	ŏ	3
21. For Ditto of an Annuity, per Skin	١i	ő	ŏ	1 i	ŏ	3
F f S	, -	-	-	(cont		

Services on account of which Fees may be demanded.	B	Lates Fees		King's Silver.
	æ.	s.	d.	
22. For Ditto of Lands, 1st Skin	1	5	0)	
each subsequent Skin	1	5	o}	1 0
23. For Ditto of an Invention, per Skin	1	0	o	1 0
24. For every Grant of a Pardon (not in Forma				
Pauperis) per Skin	1	0	O	1 0
25. For every Commission appointing a Master			_	1
Extraordinary		15	6	
26. For every Commission of Inquiry	U	12	0	
For a Commission of the Peace, Dedimus and Oaths:				1
27. If for an Earl, Viscount, Bishop or Lord -	2	8	0	0 2
28. If for a private Person	_	18	4	0 2
For preparing, engrossing and issuing every	-		-	
Charter for Cities and Towns Corporate,				
and Denization of a private Person:				j
29. For the First Skin	1	6	8	
30. For each succeeding Skin	1	0	O	l —
31. For preparing, engrossing and issuing all Letters				(
Patent not before enumerated (except these	_	_		
hereinafter mentioned), per Skin	1	0	0	ļ ——
32. For the Seal of every Patent, except Sheriff's	_	_	_	1
Patent and Patents of Offices	0	6	3	0 15 0
33. For Ditto of every Patent of Office, except Sheriff's Patent	_	10	•	1016
34. For Ditto, Letters of Guardianship	U	19	6	0 1 6
35. For every Commission of Delegates	0	12	ō	1 "
36. For every Commission of Lunacy -	-	12	ŏ	1
37. For every Writ of Venire facias and Mittimus			•	
for transferring a Record	0	17	4	
38. For every Writ of Elegit that shall be pre-				}
pared and issued from the Office	1	2	0	<u> </u>
39. For every Writ of Extent, Writ of Ad quod				1
damnum, which shall be prepared in and issued			_	1
from the Office	0	12	0	l —
40. For every Writ of Scire facias, and every Office Writ made out in the Office (except Writs				I
for the Election of Members to serve in Parlia-				i l
ment, and Writs for superseding Justices of				
the Peace)	8	8	0	
41. For every Side Seal	ő	Õ	71	0 0 4
42. For the Transmiss of every Record to the	_	-	. 3	3
Court of King's Bench, per Roll	0	13	4	
43. For entering every Order on Proceedings at	•			1
the Petty Bag Side	0	2	0	!
44. For Copy of every Order when required (be it	_	_		!
long or short)	0	2	0	-
45. For filing every Dedimus to swear a Justice of			İ	- 1
the Peace, with Return thereon, and Oaths	•	0	,	1
williage	U	3	4	
•			(e	continued)

Serion on account of which Fees may be demanded.		ates Fees		King's Silver.
46. For Ditto, every Writ, Pleading or other Document that the Officer shall be required to file	Æ	. s.	d.	£. s. (
in the Office  47. For preparing, issuing and attesting Copies of Inquisitions, Affidavits or any other Records or Documents of which Copies shall be required from the Office, for each Sheet of	0	3	4	_
Seventy two Words 48. For Search for any Record or Document, and	0	0	8	
furnishing Extract of such Document if found 49. For every Certificate that shall be required from	0	3	4	
the Office	0	2	6	_
51. For every Supersedeas to a Commission of Bankrupt	0	1	1	
52. For receiving and transmitting a Barrister's  Consent to act as a Commissioner on controverted Elections of Members to serve in  Parliament	0		8	
53. For administering the Oaths of Office to Lords of Treasury, Judges, Barons, Master of the Rolls, Attorney General, Solicitor General, King's Counsel, Masters in Chancery, Assistant Barristers, Six Clerks and all other Officers who shall be sworn before the Lord Chan-		U	0	
cellor, each 54. For swearing in every Barrister at Law 55. For preparing and issuing all Writs necessary for electing a Temporal Peer, and for all other Acts necessary to be and usually done by the Clerk of the Crown and Hanaper on	2	. 5 2	6 9	
such Elections	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	

All Commissions of Assize and Gaol Delivery, Commissions of Oyer a Terminer, Commissions of Associations, Commissions to try Pirates and other Special Commissions for Government; Writs for Election of Members serve in Parliament; Letters Patent appointing Lords Justices; Letters Pate appointing Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal; Licence of A sence to the Lord Chancellor; Pardons in Forma Pauperis, and Supersedea to Justices of the Peace; to be prepared and issued as heretofore, without a Fee or Reward to the Officer, such Services being sufficiently recompens by the Salary allowed to the Office.

No. 11.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Cursitor the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or any Clerk or other Person employ in his Office, to demand or accept for or on account of any Act, Matter Thing done in or concerning the Business of the Cursitor's Office.

<b>\</b>	<b>ε.</b> ε. ι	
1. For every Writ of Audita Querela	0 9	
2 Writ of Covenant	0 9 0 3 0 3	
3 Writ of Entry	0 3	
F f 4	(continue	

			æ.	. ٤.	d
4.	For every	Writ of Dedimus	0	4	8
5.		Writ of Dedimus Mittimus	0	16	(
6.		Original Writ to keep a Bill or Note within the			
•	Statute		lo	9	, '
7.		And if any of the said Writs shall exceed the	1	_	
•		Length of Three Office Sheets of Seventy two	ł		
		Words each, then for every Office Sheet which	1		
		such Writ shall contain beyond the said Number			
		of Three Sheets, a further Fee of	la	) ]	l
		Any Fraction of a Sheet to be reckoned as	`		
		an entire Sheet; but not more than one			
		Fraction of a Sheet to be charged for on	1		
		any one Document.	ĺ		
8.		Writ of Certiorari	۱ ۵	1	L
9.		Writ of Recordari	ľă	9	ĺ
10.		Writ of Error to the Twelve Judges or to Parlia-	١		
10.	ment	will of Effor to the I weive Judges of to I arma-	2	18	
11.	ment	Writ of Error Coram Vobis	_	16	
l 2.	- · -	Common Error to a Sheriff or Seneschal	0		ì
12. 13.	• •			-	,
13. 14.		Writs of Replevin and Recaption issuing together	Ö		
14. 15.		Writ of False Judgment	Ö	٥	
1 <i>5</i> . 16.		Writ of Dower	Ö	3	
		Writ of Partition	0	3 7	i
17.		Writ of Quare impedit ne admittas			2
18.		Appeal in Murder		18	2
19.		Writ of Right Patent	0	3	
20.		Justices in Case	0	3	1
21.	- :	Ditto in Debt	0	3	ı
22.		Homine Replegiando		10	2
23.		Alias	_	8	v
24.		Pluries	-	4	0
25.		Precipe to the Outlawry	0	l	Û
26.		Certificate	0	2	6
27.		ttested Copies which shall be required from the	_	_	
		or the First Sheet	0	1	Ī
28.	For every	Sheet after	0	0	6
29.	For every	Writ of Capias issuing out of the Court of Com-	-		. 1
	mon Plea	18	0	0	4

No. 12. — TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Clerk of the Recognizances in the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or any Clerk or other Person employed in his Office, to demand or accept for or on account of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the Office.

		_
		£. s. d.
	1. For filing, entering and enrolling every Recognizance, and	1
	giving Certificate of the Enrolment thereof	0 15 10
	2. For preparing and furnishing an attested Copy of any Re-	
	cognizance enrolled in the Office	0 6 8
1	3. For making Search for Recognizance entered into by any par-	1
1	ticular Person, and giving Abstracts, if required, of the	
	Recognizance (if any) appearing on Record to be entered	
,		(continued)
		•

each Abstract after the First, of

For a Search and negative Certificate, pursuant to the Statute,
where there shall be no Abstract, or but One Abstract
taken

If there shall be more than One Abstract taken, a further

If there shall be more than One Abstract taken, a further Fee for each Abstract, after the First, of

For preparing Vacate of Recognizance, entering same on the Roll, and giving Certificate of Recognizance being vacated

0 6 8

1 0

8

13.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Registra d Clerk of the Faculties of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or any Cler other Person employed in his Office, to demand or accept for or on accour f any Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the Office.

	Læ.	s.	d.
For every Confirmation of a Dispensation taxed at Four			
For every Confirmation of a Dispensation taxed at Four Pounds, One Third of One Fourth of Two Thirds in each			
Pound, being		4.	5
If the Tax exceeds Four Pounds, the like in Proportion.	_	_	٠,
If the Tax be under Four Pounds, and not under Two Pounds	0	3	4.
If the Tax be under Two Pounds, and not under One Pound	_	•	-
Six Shillings and Eight Pence	0	2	0
If the Tax be under One Pound, One Third Part thereof.		_	•
The Clerk of the Faculties likewise to receive Sixteen Pence			
per Pound out of every Pound of the Tax of Faculties			
(according to the Proportion payable to the King before			
the said Tax was granted to the Primate of Ireland and			
his Successors), in consideration of Wax, Parchment and			
Paper expended in the Execution of the said Office -	n	1	4.

Arms of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or any Deputy or other Perso employed by him, to demand or accept for or on account of any Act, Matte or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the Office.

		s.	d.
1. For the Arrest of a Gentleman or common Person (5 Marks)	3	6	8
2. And for his Guard by the Day	1	0	0
3. For all Journies which the Serjeant at Arms or his Deputy			
shall actually perform in Execution of his Duty, and for			
his Expences, per Mile	0	1	6
4. For the Return upon every Writ directed to the Serjeant at			
Arms	1	2	9
5. For every Certificate of a Person being in Custody -	0	2	6

No. 15.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Pursuivant of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or any Clerk or other Person employed in his Office, to demand or accept for or on account of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the said Office.

			. d
1. For all Journies which the Pursuivant shall actually perform	١ ,		,
in Execution of his Duty, and for his Expences, per Mile	0	1	. 6
2. Caption Fee on the Arrest of every Person against whom an Attachment shall issue directed to the Pursuivant		6	
3. For drawing and engrossing Bail Bond for the Appearance	١	U	
of any Person or Persons who shall be arrested under an	1		
Attachment, approving of Security, and attending to have	1		
Bond executed	1	2	9
4. For the Custody of each Person arrested, from the Day of	_	_	·
his Arrest until committed to the Marshal, Fees at the	l		
Rate per Diem of	0	2	6
5. For executing every Attachment for Non-payment of Money	1		
(in lieu of the Fee of Two Shillings and Sixpence per Day			
for the Custody of Persons arrested), where the Money	]		
levied or paid shall not exceed One hundred Pounds, for		_	
every Twenty Shillings	0	ı	U
6. When the Sum levied or paid shall exceed One hundred			
Pounds, for every Twenty Shillings which shall be levied or paid to the Amount of One hundred Pounds, One	l		
Shilling; and for every Twenty Shillings beyond the Sum	}		
of One hundred Pounds	0	0	6
The said Fees to be demandable from and payable by	"	٠	·
the Persons against whom such Attachments shall			
issue, and to be in lieu of all other Fees, except the			
Pursuivant's Travelling Expences.			
7. Warrant to the Pursuivant's Bailiff or Officer	0	6	8
8. If to a special Bailiff named by the Party	1	2 2	9
9. Return of a Non est inventus	0	2	4
10. Return of a Cepi Corpus	1	2	9
11. In all Journies that the Pursuivant's Bailiff or Officer shall	_	_	٥
actually perform in the Execution of his Duty, per Mile -	0	-	8
12. Travelling Fee to a Special Bailiff	0	0	8
13. For a Sheriff's Patent	U	6	0

No. 16.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Pursebearer to the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or any Person for him, to demand or accept in right or under colour of the said Office of Pursebearer.

1. For every Denomination in each Patent 2. For every Sheriff's Patent 3. For every Commission of a Justice of the Peace 4. For every Commission of Rebellion 5. For every Writ De excommunicato capiendo, Dedimus to	0 0 0	s. d 4 6 3 6 1 6 4 6	1. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
swear a Master Extraordinary, Commission of Delegates, and each close sealed Writ  6. For every private Seal  7. For every Commission of Bankrupt  8. For every Supersedeas to a Commission of Bankrupt	0 0 0	2 3 9 0 4 6 4 6 No. 1	7.

C. 61, 62.

io. 17.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Trainbearer of the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or any Person for him, to demand or accept in right of the said Office of Trainbearer.

		- 1	£.	s.	d.	İ
1. For an Order of Guardianship	•	-	0	9	0	I
<sup>2</sup> For every Justice of the Peace -		-	0	5	0	l
3. For every Sheriff's Patent	•	-	0	5	0	۱
4. For every single Patent of Honour -		-	2	0	0	١
5. For every Broad Seal		-	0	2	0	١
6. And for each and every Grant contained in every	ery Broad S	Seal	0	2	0	l
7. For every Writ of Error	•	-	0	2	6	١
8. For every Commission of Bankrupt -	-	-	0	1	0	١
9. For every Counsel sworn and admitted to the l	Bar -	-1	0	5	5	١
0. For every King's Counsel sworn and admitted	•	-	0	5	5	١

18.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Cryer of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or any Person for him, to demand or accept in right of the said Office as Cryer.

	₽.	s.	d.
1. For every Judge sworn, Prime Serjeant, Attorney and Soli-			
citor General, Puisne Serjeant and King's Counsel, each			
and every of them	2	5	6
2 For every Counsel sworn and admitted to the Bar	2	3	9
3. For swearing any Person before the Lord Chancellor in any			
Employment	2	5	6
4. For every Decree or Dismiss obtained in the said Court -	0	5	5
5. For every Affidavit filed in the Usher's Office -	0	0	4
6. For every Writ of Entry and Covenant in the Cursitor's Office	0	0	4
7. For every Deponent in the Examiner's Office -	0	0	4

## CAP. LXII.

Act to repeal the Duties upon Horses let to hire for the Purpose of travelling in *Great Britain*, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to provide for letting the same to farm.

[10th July 1823.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the Rates and Duties now payable upon or in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings let for Hire, for the Purpose of travelling in Great Britis; and also the Duty on Licences required to be taken out by Persons letting such Horses, Mares and Geldings for Hire; and to grant other Duties upon all Horses, Mares and Geldings let for Hire, in lieu thereof: And Whereas it is also expedient to repeal the several Acts now in force relating to the said Rates and Duties, and to reduce the same into One Act of Parliament, and to make other Provisions for the better collecting the Duties hereinafter granted, and for letting the same to farm: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authomy of the same, That from and after the Thirty-first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, so much

II. And

25 G.3. c.51.

27 G.3. c 26.

44 G.S. c.98.

Sched. B.

Exception.

Bonds and Licences given or

444

of an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for repealing the Duties on Licences taken out by Persons letting Horses for the Purpose of travelling Post, and on Horses let to hire for travelling

Post and by Time, and on Stage Coaches, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and also additional Duties on Horses let to hire for travelling Post and by Time, as relates to the Duties on

Horses hired to be used in travelling Post and by Time; and also an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to enable the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, to let to farm the Duties granted by an Act made in the Twenty fifth

Year of His present Majesty's Reign, on Horses let to hire for travelling Post and by Time, to such Persons as should be willing to contract for the same; and also so much of an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper

in Great Britain, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, as relates to the Duties on Horses hired to be used in travelling in *Great Britain*; and also an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An 57 G. 3. c.59. Act for letting to farm the Post Horse Duties, and for better secur-

ing and facilitating the Recovery of the said Duties; and also an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty 1 G.4. c.88. King George the Fourth, intituled An Act to continue, until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, an Act of the Fifty seventh Year of His late Majesty, for letting to farm the Post Horse Duties, and to amend the Acts relating to the Post Horse Duties; and all the Rates and Duties, Clauses, Provisions and Regulations contained in any other Acts, as far as the

same relate to the said Rates and Duties, shall cease and determine; save and except as far as the said Acts or any of them, or any Enactments, may have repealed any former Acts or Enactments therein contained, relating to the Payment or Collection of the said Rates and Duties, or any Part thereof, which may be now payable or which may become payable, or to any Penalty or

Penalties which hath or have been or may be incurred under any

of the said Acts; which said Rates, Duties and Penalties shall be recoverable, and Proceedings or Suits thereon shall be instituted and carried on, in such and the same Manner as if this Act had not been made: Provided always, that the several Bonds given or which may hereafter be given, in pursuance of the said Acts or any of them, shall continue and be in full Force and Effect, with

Provisions of any of the said Acts, shall remain and continue in

to be given in pursuance of respect to all Duties due and owing, or which may become due the said Acts, and owing by virtue of any of the said Acts; and that the several to continue in Licences granted or which may hereafter be granted in pursuance of any of the said Acts, shall continue and be in full Force and force. Effect for and during the Periods for which the same have been or may be respectively granted; and that the several Deputations and Appointments which have been or may be made under the

full Force and Effect until duly revoked or determined.

:

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Duties. Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, there shall be collected and paid, throughout the Kingdom of Great Britain, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Duties following; that is to say,

Every Postmaster or other Person in *Great Britain*, who shall let Horses, Mares or Geldings for Hire (except as hereinafter mentioned) shall pay annually unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Five Shillings for a Licence authorizing

him, her or them so to do:

And that for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding let for Hire by the Mile (at the usual Rate charged for Horses travelling Post at the Place at which such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be let for Hire), the Sum of One Penny Halfpenny for every Mile such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be hired or used to travel or go:

And that for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding let for Hire, to go no greater Distance than Eight Miles from the Place of letting for Hire every such Horse, Mare or Gelding, One Fifth Part of the Sum charged for such letting for Hire, or the Sum of One Shilling and Nine Pence for every Horse, Mare or

Gelding so let for Hire:

And that for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding let for Hire, to go no greater Distance than Eight Miles from the Place of letting for Hire every such Horse, Mare or Gelding, where such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall not bring back any Person or Persons, and shall not deviate from the usual Line of Road between the Place of letting and the Place or Distance to which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be hired to travel or go, the Sum of One Shilling for every such Horse, Mare or Gelding so let for Hire as last aforesaid:

And that for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding let for Hire or used for any Period of Time less than Twenty eight successive Days, or in any other Manner than by the Mile, or to go no greater Distance than Eight Miles, in either of the Cases aforesaid One Fifth Part of the Sum charged on every such letting for Hire or using, or the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence for each Day not exceeding Three Days, and the Sum of One Shilling and Nine Pence for each Day exceeding Three Days and not exceeding Thirteen Days, and the Sum of One Shilling and Three Pence for each Day exceeding Thirteen Days and less than Twenty eight Days, during the Time for which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be so let for Hire or used:

And that for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding let for Hire or used for Twenty eight successive Days, or for any longer Period of Time, where any such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be returned in a less Period of Time than Twenty eight successive Days, and not to be exchanged for another Horse, Mare or Gelding in Continuation of the same Hiring, One Fifth Part of the Sum received or agreed to be received for such letting for Hire or using, for and in respect of every such Horse, Mare or Gelding, or the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence for each Day not exceeding Three Days, and the Sum of One Shilling and Nine Pence for each Day exceeding Three Days and not exceeding Thirteen

Thirteen Days, and the Sum of One Shilling and Three Pence for each Day exceeding Thirteen Days and less than Twenty one Days, during the Time every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall have been under the Direction of the Person hiring the same, by virtue of such letting for Hire.

On what Horses, &c. Duties are to be charged.

Exemptions.

Hackney Coaches.

Hearses, &c.

Fish Carts.

Duties under Management of Commissioners of Stamps.

Commissioners of Stamps to grant Licences. Regulations as to Date and Expiration of Licences.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties granted by this Act shall be deemed to attach and be payable upon or in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding let for Hire or used as aforesaid, either as a Saddle Horse, or for drawing any Carriage or Vehicle, conveying any Person or Persons, and upon or in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding used for drawing any Mourning Coach or Hearse; but the said Duties shall not be deemed to attach upon or be payable in respect of any Horse, Mare or Gelding used for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage or Vehicle conveying Passengers for Hire at separate Fares, as a public Stage Coach or Carriage, and duly licensed by the Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain; nor shall the said Duties attach upon or be payable in respect of any Horse, Mare or Gelding used in drawing any Hackney Coach or Carriage duly licensed by the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches, where the same shall be licensed to go no greater Distance than Ten Miles from the Cities of London or Westminster; nor shall the said Duties be payable for or in respect of any Horse, Mare or Gelding used for drawing any Mourning Coach or Hearse, where the same shall be used to go no greater Distance than Eight Miles from Temple Bar in the City of London; nor shall the said Duties be payable for or in respect of any Horse, Mare or Gelding which shall be used for drawing any Cart or Carriage kept or usually employed for the Conveyance of Fish.

IV. And for the better and more effectually collecting and paying the said Duties hereinbefore granted, be it further enacted. That the said Duties shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners of Stamps in *Great Britain* for the Time being; which said Commissioners, or the major Part of them, are hereby required and empowered to appoint and employ such Officers and Persons under them for that Purpose, and to allow such Salaries and incidental Charges as shall be necessary, and also to do all other Acts, Matters and Things necessary to be done for putting this Act in Execution, with relation to the said

Duties hereby granted.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, any Two or more of the said Commissioners of Stamps, or some Person duly authorized by them, shall grant Licences to any Person or Persons who shall apply for the same, to let any Horses, Mares and Geldings for Hire as aforesaid; and that all such Licences which shall be granted between the Thirty first Day of January and the Sixteenth Day of March in any Year shall be dated on the First Day of February in that Year; and that all such Licences which shall be granted at any other Time shall be dated on the Day on which the same shall be granted; and all such Licences respectively shall have effect and continue in force from the Day of the Date thereof until the Thirty first Day of January following, both inclusive, and no longer.

longer; and that no Person or Persons whatsoever required by Letting Horses this Act to be licensed shall, unless he, she or they shall have without Li-obtained a proper Licence in that Behalf, let any Horse, Mare or Penalty 101 Gelding for Hire to be used in any of the Cases aforesaid, upon pain to forfeit for every Horse, Mare or Gelding so let out for Hire as aforesaid, the Sum of Ten Pounds: Provided always, that no Security for such Licence shall be granted to any Person or Persons applying Licence. for the same, until he, she or they shall have entered into and given or renewed the Security by Bond (a), as by this Act is

(a) [See Section 12. post.] directed and required.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners Commissioners of Stamps, or their Collectors, shall supply all Persons who shall of Stamps to be licensed to let Horses, Mares and Geldings for Hire, in the Blank Forms Manner aforesaid, with proper Tickets and Certificates, and the of Tickets. Toll Gate Keepers with proper Exchange and Check Tickets, and that the Tickets for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding, or of any Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings, let shall contain on the Mile, for drawing any Carriage or Vehicle conveying any Person or Persons, shall be adapted for the Insertion of the Day of the Month, the Month and Year, on which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be let for Hire, the Christian and Surname of the Person letting for Hire, if not an Innkeeper, or the Name of his or her Sign or Description of House, if an Innkeeper, and in either Case the Name of the Place of his or her Residence, the Number of Horses, Mares and Geldings, the Number of Miles, the Names of the Town or Place (and if to London, the Name of the Street, Square or Place) to which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be hired to go; and What Tickets that the Tickets for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Geld- shall contain ing, or of any Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings, let for Horses to be thire for a Day or less Period of Time, to be used within the used within Distance of Eight Miles from the Place of letting for Hire any Distance of Horse, Mare or Gelding, for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage From Place of Vehicle conveying any Person or Persons, shall be adapted for letting. the Insertion of the Day of the Month, the Month and Year, on letting. which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be hired, the Christian and Surname of the Person or Persons letting any such Horse, Mare or Gelding for Hire, if not an Innkeeper, or the Name of his or her Sign or Description of House, if an Innkeeper, and in either Case the Name of the Place of his or her Residence, and the Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings so let for Hire as aforesaid; and that the Tickets for and in respect of any Horse, What Tickets Mare or Gelding, or any Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall contain let for Hire to go no greater Distance than Eight Miles from the Place of letting for Hire any Horse, Mare or Gelding, where such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall Eight Miles not bring back any Person or Persons, and shall not deviate from Place of the usual Line of Road between the Place of letting and the letting. Place or Distance to which every such Horse, Mare, or Gelding shall be hired to travel or go, for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage or Vehicle conveying any Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall be adapted for the Insertion of the Day of the Month, the Month and Year on which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be let for Hire, the Christian and Surname of the Person

deliver proper

What Tickets shall contain on Lettings for a Day, or less Period of Time than Twenty eight Days, &c.

What Tickets shall contain on Lettings for Twenty eight successive Days.

What Exchange Tickets shall specify.

What Check Tickets shall contain.

or Persons letting any such Horse, Mare or Gelding for Hire, if not an Innkeeper, or the Name of his or her Sign or Description of House if an Innkeeper, and in either Case the Name of the Place of his or her Residence, the Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings so let for Hire as aforesaid; and that the Tickets for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding, or of any Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings let for Hire for any Period of Time less than Twenty eight successive Days, and in any other Manner than by the Mile, or to go no greater Distance than Eight Miles, in either of the Cases aforesaid, for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage or Vehicle conveying any Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall be adapted for the Insertion of the Day of the Month, the Month and Year, on which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be hired, the Christian and Surname of the Person or Persons letting any such Horse, Mare or Gelding for Hire, if not an Innkeeper, or the Name of his or her Sign or Description of House, if an Innkeeper, and in either Case the Name of the Place of his or her Residence, the Number of Horses, and the Day or Number of Days for which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be let for Hire, and if such Hiring shall be for any Period of Time exceeding One Day, the Name and Place of Residence of the Person hiring such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings; and that the Certificate for and in respect of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or of any Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings let for Hire for Twenty eight successive Days or more, for drawing any Carriage or Vehicle conveying any Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall be adapted for the Insertion of the Day of the Month, and Month and Year, upon which the Hiring shall commence, the Christian and Surname and Residence of the Person letting every such Horse, Mare or Gelding for Hire, the Name and Residence of the Person hiring the same, the Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings let for Hire, and the Number of Days for which the same shall be so let for Hire; and that the Ticket by this Act directed to be given by the Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar, in exchange for the Ticket issued for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings let for Hire for any Period of Time less than Twenty eight successive Days, and in any other Manner than by the Mile as aforesaid, shall be adapted for the Insertion of the Name of the County in which the Toll Gate or Bar at which such Exchange Ticket shall be given is situated, the Name of such Toll Gate or Bar, the Day of the Month, the Month and Year, upon which the Hiring shall be or commence, the Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings, the Day or Number of Days, the Names of the Places from which and to which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be hired to go, or to go to and return from, the Number of Miles, and the Names and Residences of the Person or Persons letting and hiring every such Horse, Mare or Gelding respectively, as the said Particulars or any of them shall be expressed in the original Ticket; and that the Check Ticket by this Act directed to be given by any Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar in exchange for any Certificate issued for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, hired for Twenty eight successive Days, or more, shall be adapted for the Insertion of the Name of the County

a which the Toll Gate or Bar at which such Check Ticket given is situated, the Name of such Toll Gate or Bar, of the Month, the Month and Year, on which such hall commence, the Number of Horses, Mares or Geld-Number of Days, and the Names and Residences of the Persons letting and hiring every such Horse, Mare or respectively, as the said Particulars or any of them shall

sed in the original Certificate.

And Whereas there are many public Roads on which re no Toll Gates or Bars, so that the Tickets or Certifirected to be issued by the several Postmasters and other cannot be received and filed, as directed by this Act; refore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for Commissioner Commissioners of Stamps to erect Bars and Gates across of Stamps may ic Road, for the Receipt of the Tickets and Certificates erect Gates. to be issued in pursuance of this Act, and to place a erson or Persons thereat, who shall have the same Power hority to collect and receive such Tickets or Certificates, be authorized to demand the Money from the Traveller ellers, for not producing and showing such Ticket or Certificate or Certificates, in like Manner as the Keepers Coll Gates or Bars are authorized by this Act to collect, and receive the same, and such Person or Persons shall e and subject to the same Penalties for any Thing done y to this Act, as the Keepers of Toll Gates or Bars are and liable.

And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, Commissioner Time of issuing any such Licence as aforesaid, shall of Stamps to or cause to be delivered to every Postmaster, or other counts to whom such Licence shall be granted as aforesaid, masters, which or written Papers, intituled "Stamp Office Weekly Ac- are to contain which shall be adapted for the Insertion of the following the Partisars relating to the Horses, Mares or Geldings which may culars berein for Hire, videlicet, the Day of the Month, the Month and montioned. r. of such letting for Hire, the Names of the Towns or from which and to which, or from which and to which and gain, according as the Hiring may be, the Number of Carriage required by this Act to be numbered, the Christian rname of every Postillion or Driver employed, the Amount Sum charged for or in respect of every letting for Hire, mber of Horses, Mares or Geldings let for Hire, the of Days, and the Number of Miles for which such Mares or Geldings shall be let for Hire, and the Amount Duty payable for and in respect of every such letting for as the Case may be or shall require, according to the ng or such other Form as the said Commissioners shall convenient for keeping such Account:

C. 62.

	STAMP OFFICE WEEKLY ACCOUNT.										
		From what	ا يو	- 6 b		By Time.			By the	Mile.	
Day of the Month.	Month and Year.	Place and to what Place and back, if so	7 30	hristian and Surname o Postillion Driver.	The Sum charged.	Number of Horses.	Number of Days.	Number of Miles.	Number of Houses.	Number of Miles.	DUTY.
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No licensed Postmaster to keep more than One House by virtue of One Licence. IX. And be it further enacted, That no Postmaster or other Person whomsoever, licensed or to be licensed by Authority of this Act, shall by virtue of One Licence keep more than One Inn, House or other Place for letting Horses for Hire, but that for each and every Inn, House or other Place which any Postmaster or other Person shall keep for the Purpose of letting Horses for Hire as aforesaid, a separate and distinct Licence shall be taken out and paid for by such Postmaster or other Person, upon pain to forfeit for every Inn, House or Place, so kept by him, her or them, at which any Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be left for Hire, and not named or described in any Licence granted or to be granted to him, her or them as aforesaid, the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty 201.

Licensed Postmasters to have a Sign in Front of House.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Postmaster or other Person so licensed to let Horses for Hire, as hereinbefore mentioned, shall cause the Words "Licensed to let Horses for Hire" to be painted or written in legible Characters, either on a Sign hung out from or fixed upon some visible Place in the Front of his, her or their House, Stables or Outoffices, at the respective Places at which he, she or they may be licensed to let Horses for Hire as aforesaid, to denote that such Postmaster or other Person is a Letter of Horses for Hire; and that if any Postmaster or other Person, so licensed as aforesaid, shall presume to let out for Hire any Horse, Mare or Gelding, as hereinbefore mentioned, without hanging out or fixing such Sign as aforesaid, every such Postmaster or other Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

Penalty 51.
Carriages kept to be let with Horses to be numbered, and the Name painted thereon.

XI. And be it further enacted, That where any Person or Persons who shall be licensed to let Horses for Hire in the Manner aforesaid shall keep any Carriage or Carriages, to be furnished at the same Time with any Horse or Horses by him, her or them let for Hire by the Mile as aforesaid (except Hearses and Mourning Coaches), he, she or they shall, before such Carriage or Carriages shall be so furnished or used, cause the same to be numbered with different Numbers, beginning with Number One

and proceeding upwards progressively to the highest Number of Carriages which he, she or they shall so keep, and shall also mark or paint, or cause to be marked or painted, in One or more straight Line or Lines on the Outside Pannel of each Door of every such Carriage which shall have a Door thereto, and on some conspicuous Part of each of the Outsides of every such Carriage which shall not have a Door thereto, his, her or their Christian and Surname, and the Name of the City, Town or Place where he, she or they shall keep such Carriage or Carriages, in large and legible Characters, and Figures of Black or White, whichever shall most differ from the Colour of the Figures whereon the same shall be marked or painted, each Letter to be at least One Inch in Length, and each Figure at least One Inch and an Half in Length, and both Letters and Figures to be of a proper Breadth in Proportion to the Length thereof respectively, and shall continue the same on every such Carriage as long as such Carriage shall be kept for the Purpose aforesaid, varying the Numbers on such Carriage from time to time as Occasion shall require, so as to make the same correspond with the actual Number of such Carriages which he, she or they shall then keep; and if any Person or Persons so licensed as aforesaid shall neglect or omit to number. mark or paint any such Carriage in Manner aforesaid, or shall mark or paint, or cause to be marked or painted thereon, any false or fictitious Name or Place of Residence, or any higher Number than the greatest Number of such Carriages which he, she or they shall then keep, or shall keep Two or more such Carriages with the same Number marked or painted thereon, or shall continue any Number upon any such Carriage after he, she or they shall cease to keep any Number of such Carriages corresponding therewith, he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Postmaster or Persons on reother Person so licensed to let Horses for Hire as aforesaid shall at the Time of receiving his, her or their first Licence, give Security by Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the Sum of Fifty Pounds, with a Condition that he, she or they ditioned to acwill, whenever thereunto required, redeliver, or cause to be count for the redelivered, all and every the Stamp Office Tickets which he, she or they may have received, and that may remain unaccounted otherwise as for by him, her or them, or that he, she or they will pay the herein men-Value of such Tickets, to be ascertained as hereinmentioned; tioned. and that he, she or they will also deliver to the Person or Persons properly authorized by the said Commissioners of Stamps, the Stamp Office Weekly Accounts so delivered to such Postmaster or other Person, faithfully made out and signed as hereinafter directed, and make Payment of all such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be due and payable to His Majesty in pursuance of and according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and also that he, she and they shall and will truly and faithfully observe and perform all the Directions, Matters and Things herein contained, on his, her or their Behalf to be observed and performed: Provided always, that every Postmaster or other Person so licensed Security to be to let Horses for Hire as aforesaid is hereby required to renew from from time to time to time such Security by Bond to His Majesty, conditioned time renewed.

Penalty 10L ceiving first Licence to give Stamp Office Tickets, and

Proceedings upon Breach of Condition. as aforesaid, at the Expiration of Three Years from the Date of the first, or if more than One Bond shall have been given, at the Expiration of Three Years from the Date of the last preceding Bond, by another Bond conditioned as aforesaid; and in case of the Non-performance or Breach of any such Condition, or any Part thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or the Persons so appointed by them, to cause each and every such Bond to be prosecuted according to Law, and in case of Judgment against the Defendant, the said Commissioners are if they shall think fit, refuse to grant to such Person against when such Judgment shall be obtained any Licence to let Horse is Hire as aforesaid in future.

Collector to transmit Bonds, and an Account of Persons licensed, every Three Months, to Commissioners of Stamps.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person appoints a Collector under this Act shall, at or before the Expiration every Three Months, transmit and send to the said Commissions of Stamps every Bond given as a Security to His Majesty, a aforesaid, which may have been taken from any Postmaster of other Person, conditioned as hereinbefore set forth, and shall as make out and deliver within the Time aforesaid, an Account a List in writing of the Licences granted by him, as such Collector as aforesaid, to any Person or Persons to let Horses, Mares as Geldings for Hire as aforesaid, which List or Account and specify the Christian and Surname of the Person or Person dicensed, the Place of Residence, the Names of the Inn (if any and the Date of every such Licence; and if any such Collector shall neglect or refuse to transmit and send every such Bost Account or List as aforesaid, he shall for every such Neglector Refusal forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty 1001.

Stamp Duty on Appointments of Collectors.

On Postmasters' Bonds.

Persons letting Horses chargeable whether Duty received or not.

Postmasters, &c. receiving Hire of Horse liable to Duty.

Postmasters, &c. unable to furnish Horses] to give a new Ticket,

Refusal forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Deputation or Commission to be hereafter granted pursuant to this Act, appointing any Person to be a Collector of the said Duties on Horse to for Hire in the Manner aforesaid, shall be charged or charged with any higher Stamp Duty than One Pound and Fifteen shallings; and that no Bond by this Act required to be given by Postmaster or other Person letting Horses for Hire as aforementally be charged or chargeable with any higher Stamp Deput than Ten Shillings.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Postmaster other Person letting any Horse, Mare or Gelding for Hire shall be chargeable with and made liable for the Payment of the Dall by this Act imposed in respect of every such letting for Hire whether the Person letting such Horse, Mare or Gelding as Hire shall have received such Duty or not; and that every Post master or other Person who shall receive the Hire for any Horse Mare or Gelding, shall be considered as the Person to whom the Duties hereinbefore granted shall be paid, and shall be charge able with and accountable for the same, as if such Postmaster of other Person was the actual Proprietor of such Horses, Mares or Geldings, although the same may belong to and be the Property of some other licensed Postmaster or other Person: and that where any Postmaster or other Person so licensed as aforesaid, at whose Inn, House or other Place any Person or Persons shall apply to change Horses, if he, she or they cannot furnish Horses to convey such Person or Persons on his, her or their

Journey, when applied to for that Purpose, such Postmaster or other Person shall, and he or she is hereby directed to issue. to any Person requiring the same, a fresh Ticket properly filled up, and to receive the Duty due thereon, and to charge himself or herself therewith in the same Manner as if such Horses had been hired from such Postmaster or other Person.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, not being licensed to let Horses for Hire as aforesaid, shall, after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, let for Hire any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, licensed Per-Mares or Geldings as aforesaid, he, she or they shall be chargeable with and accountable for the Duty or Duties hereby made payable for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding which shall be so let for Hire, in such and the same Manner as if he, she or they had obtained such Licence as aforesaid, and had received such Duty or Duties of and from the Person or Persons hiring such Horse, Mare or Gelding as aforesaid; and shall from time to time, upon a Week's Notice in Writing for that Purpose given by any Collector of the said Duties for the County, District or Place where he, she or they shall so let any Horse, Mare or Gelding for Hire as aforesaid, deliver to such Collector, whenever by him requested, after the Expiration of such Notice, a true Account in Writing, signed by him, her or them, of every such Horse, Mare or Gelding, which he, she or they shall have let for Hire in the Manner aforesaid, and shall not then have already accounted for, and of the Mode and Manner in which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall have been let for Hire, and of the Duty or Duties payable in respect thereof, in such and the same Manner as is hereby required to be done by Persons licensed to let Horses for Hire as aforesaid, and shall also verify such Account by Oath or Affirmation (to be administered by such Collector,) in like Manner as licensed Persons are hereby required to do, and shall thereupon pay to such Collector the Amount of such Duty or Duties; and in Penalty 201. case of any Refusal or Neglect so to do, then he, she or they shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Default in not delivering such Account, verified as aforesaid, and double the Amount of the Duty or Duties which he, she or they shall be then chargeable with: Provided always, that where any such Indemnification Notice shall have been given and Request made for the Delivery on accounting for Duties, and on taking out Account, and Payment of the Duty due thereon, in pursuance of Licence. such Notice and Request, and upon taking out such Licence or Licences as ought to have been taken out by him, her or them, previously thereto, the Person or Persons so delivering such Account shall be indemnified and discharged from any Penalty or Penalties which he, she or they may be then liable to, in consequence of having let for Hire any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, in the Manner mentioned in such Account, without having obtained such Licence as aforesaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person hiring any Persons not to Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall be compelled to pay for a greater Miles than ex-Number of Miles, for the Hire of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, pressed in Horses, Mares or Geldings, than shall be expressed upon the Ticket. Ticket by this Act directed to be delivered to such Person; and if

licensed to be Duties same as

Account to be delivered on a Week's Notice from Collector. verified on Oath as to certain Particulars.

Amount of

on taking out

Unduly filling up Tickets.

any Postmaster or other Person so licensed as aforesaid shall insert in such Ticket the Name of any other Town or Place than the Town or Place to, or to and from which the Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall be hired to go, or to go and return, or a less Number of Miles, every Postmaster or other Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds; and the said Commissioners shall, if they think fit, after Conviction of such Offender, refuse to

Penalty 101.

grant such Offender any License in future.

In case of Death, &c. of licensed Post. master, Executor, &c. accountable for Duties.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Postmaster or other Person, licensed to let Horses for Hire in Manner aforesaid, shall die or become insolvent, it shall and may be lawful for his or her Executors or Administrators, Assignees or Trustees, or other Persons succeeding to or taking Possession of such Inn, House or other Place, to let Horses for Hire in Manner aforesaid, until such Time as such Person shall procure such Licence and give such Security as hereinbefore directed, without being liable to the Penalty hereinbefore imposed upon Persons letting Horses for Hire without being licensed in that Behalf; provided that such Licence be taken out within Thirty Days after the Death or Insolvency of such Postmaster or other Person; and such Person or Persons shall be subject to the same Rules, Regulations and Charges, and liable to account for and pay the Duties hereby imposed, in like Manner as such Postmaster or other Person was

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Postmaster or

Licence to be taken out within 30 Days from the Death,

subject and liable.

Postmaster, &c. to deliver Tickets properly filled up.

other Person who shall, from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, let any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, for Hire, shall by himself or herself, or his or her Servants, previous to the using any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Person or Persons hiring any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, One or more Ticket or Tickets, properly filled up as to all the Particulars hereinbefore mentioned, which shall be applicable to the Hiring of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings; and that every Postmaster or other Person who shall let for Hire any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, for Twenty eight successive Days or more, shall in like Manner as aforesaid deliver or cause to be delivered to the Person hiring such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, One or more of the Certificates hereinbefore mentioned, properly filled up as to the several Particulars hereinbefore mentioned, in respect of every such letting for Hire; and if any Postmaster or other Person as aforesaid, under any Pretence whatsoever, shall neglect or refuse to deliver to the Person or Persons hiring any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Gelddings, One or more of the Tickets or Certificates hereinbefore directed to be delivered to such Person or Persons, properly filled up as to the several Particulars hereinbefore mentioned, applicable to such respective letting for Hire, such Postmaster or other Person shall for each and every such Neglect or Refusal forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

To what such Tickets applicable.

Not delivering Tickets.

Penalty 10L

XX. And

XX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said When Horses Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and are given up twenty four, where any Person so licensed to let Horses for Hire within the as aforesaid shall let for Hire any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Period for Mares or Geldings, for Twenty eight successive Days or more, and hired Check such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall be Ticket to be given up and returned to the Person letting the same before the delivered up to Expiration of the Time for which such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Collector. Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall have been so let for Hire, the Person or Persons so letting such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall, at the Time of receiving back such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, ask for and receive of and from the Person or Persons so returning or giving up such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, the Check Ticket which he, she or they shall have received in Exchange for the original Ticket or Certificate delivered to him, her or them, on the Letting for Hire such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, and shall within Three Days after the Return of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, de-liver up or transmit such Check Ticket to the Collector of the aforesaid Duties, to whom he, she or they shall be bound to deliver his or her Stamp Office Weekly Account; and if any Person so Penalty 201. licensed as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to ask for such Check Ticket, or having received the same shall refuse or neglect to deliver it up or transmit the same to the said Collector within the Time aforesaid, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if he, she or they shall Improperly use any such Check Ticket, or permit the same to be used, or using a Check give out the same to any Person or Persons for the Purpose of Ticket. being used to cover and protect any other letting for Hire whatever from the Duty hereby granted, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every Person hiring any Travellers to Horse, Mare or Gelding, before using the same, shall receive of demand and and from the Person or Persons letting the same one or more of deliver Tickets the Tickets or Certificates, properly filled up as to the several Parat the first Toll ticulars in that Behalf hereinhefore mentioned which shall be an ticulars in that Behalf hereinbefore mentioned, which shall be applicable to the Hiring of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, and shall leave and deliver, or cause to be left and delivered, every such Ticket or Certificate with the Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar, at the first Toll Gate or Bar which the Person hiring or using any such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall pass or go through, and shall ask for and receive of and from such Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar the necessary Exchange or Check Ticket as aforesaid, containing the several Particulars in that Behalf hereinbefore mentioned, which shall be applicable to the Hiring of any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, which Exchange or Check Ticket shall be produced and shewn by the Person hiring or using any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, at every Toll Gate or Bar through which he or she shall afterwards pass or go with such Horse, Mare or Gelding, at any Time within the Period for which such Horse, Mare or Gel-

ding shall have been let for Hire as aforesaid.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person hiring or Persons falsely using any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, alleging Horses

G g 4

shall to be their own. G g 4

shall neglect or refuse to deliver, produce or shew, at any Tolk-Gate or Bar, the Ticket, Exchange Ticket, Certificate or Check Ticket which he or she ought, according to the Provisions of this Act, to deliver, produce or shew at such Toll Gate or Bar, and shall falsely allege such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse, Mare or Geldings, with which he or she shall pass such Toll Gate or Bar, to be his or her own Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mare or Geldings, and not a hired Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Horses, Mares or Geldings, in order to avoid being stopped, to avoid the Payment of the Sum which the Keeper of any Tolke Gate or Bar shall be entitled to demand, in Default of such Ticket Exchange Ticket, Certificate or Check Ticket being delivered shewn as aforesaid, every Person so offending shall for every said Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty 101.
Toll Gate
Keepers to demand Tickets
and Certificates,
and give Check
Tickets and
Certificates in
exchange.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Keeper of ever Toll Gate or Bar in any City, Town or other Place through whin any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, let Hire for drawing any Carriage or Vehicle as aforesaid, shall of may first pass or go, shall ask and demand of and from the Pers or Persons using such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares Geldings, the Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, for and in respect of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mare or Geldings; and every such Keeper of such Toll Gate or Be shall deliver to the Person or Persons hiring or using any sod Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, One or me Exchange Tickets or Check Tickets, properly filled up as to the Particulars in that Behalf herein before mentioned, and shall receive and write his or her Name upon and file all and every so Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates; and every see Keeper of such Toll Gate or Bar is hereby authorized and es powered to prevent any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mar or Geldings, let for Hire in any of the Ways aforesaid, passing going through such Toll Gate or Bar, unless the Person or Pe sons hiring or using any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horse Mares or Geldings, shall first deliver or produce and shew to ti Keeper of such Toll Gate or Bar the necessary Ticket, Certif cate, Exchange Ticket, or Check Ticket aforesaid, containing at specifying the Particulars in that Behalf hereinbefore mentioned which shall be applicable to the Hiring of such Horse, Mare of Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings as aforesaid, or shall pay of offer to pay to the Keeper of such Toll Gate or Bar the Sum of One Shilling and Nine Pence for and in respect of every such Horse, Mare or Gelding; which Sum or Sums the Keeper of such Toll Gate or Bar is hereby authorized to ask, demand and receive, to and for his or her own Use and Benefit.

Persons not suffered to pass without producing the proper Ticket, &c. or paying 1s. 9d. for every such Horse, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar shall neglect to ask and demand, or shall refuse to receive from any Person hiring or using any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, any Ticket or Certificate hereby directed to be delivered to such Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse to write his or her Name, or to file the same when delivered, such Keeper of such Toll Gate or Bar as aforesaid shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Keeper neglecting as herein mentioned.

Toll Gate

Penalty 101.

XXV. And

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XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper of any Toll Gate Toll Gate or Bar shall neglect or refuse to give to any Person or Persons hiring or using any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, glecting to give Mares or Geldings, the Ticket or Tickets hereby directed to be Exchange and Charle Tickets. given in Exchange; or shall deliver an Exchange or Check Ticket without having first received the necessary Ticket or Certificate containing the Particulars in that Behalf hereinbefore mentioned, applicable to the Hiring of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings as aforesaid; or shall make, or permit or cause or suffer to be made, any Alteration whatever in any Ticket hereby authorized to be received and filed by him or her, after any such Ticket shall have come to his or her Possession or Custody; or shall deliver any Ticket, hereinbefore directed to be received and filed by him or her, to any Person or Persons other than the Person or Persons duly authorized as herein mentioned to receive the same; or shall permit or suffer any Person or Persons to ex- or allowing any amine, see or inspect any Ticket or Tickets directed to be by him received and filed as aforesaid, other than the Person or Persons Collector to inspect Tickets. duly authorized to receive such Ticket or Tickets; or if any Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar shall ask, demand or receive, or agree to take or accept any less Sum or Sums of Money than he or she is hereby authorized to ask, demand and receive, and retain to his or her own Use, every such Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar as aforesaid, offending in any or either of the Cases aforesaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Penalty 101. Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Keeper of every Toll Gate Toll Gate or Bar within the Distance of Five Miles from the Head Keepers within Office of Stamps in the City and Liberties of Westminster shall Five Miles bring or cause to be brought all and every the Tickets and Cer- from Head tificates required by him or her to be received to the said Head deliver Tickets Office, or to such other Place within the Bills of Mortality as the to Head Office, said Commissioners shall appoint; and if such Toll Gute or Bar and if beyond shall be beyond the Distance of Five Miles from the Head Office that Distance aforesaid, then the Keeper of every such Toll Gate or Bar shall Tickets to be bring or cause to be brought all and every the Tickets and Certificates by him or her received as aforesaid to such Places and at such Times as the Collector appointed to collect such Tickets and Certificates shall require, provided such Places shall not be at a greater Distance than the nearest Market Town; and such Keeper of every such Toll Gate or Bar shall, upon Demand made to him or her for that Purpose, deliver up or cause to be delivered up all such Tickets and Certificates as aforesaid to the Collectors to be appointed as aforesaid; and if any Keeper of any Toll Gate or Neglect of Bar shall neglect or refuse to attend with and deliver up all and Delivery, every the Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, so received Penalty 20s. by him or her as aforesaid, at the Time and Place hereinbefore for each Ticket. mentioned in that Behalf as aforesaid, every such Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar shall, for each Ticket or Certificate he or she shall so neglect or refuse to deliver up, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings.

XXVII. And for the Encouragement of the Keepers of the Allowance to Toll Gates or Bars in the Execution of this Act, and as a Com- Toll Gate pensation for their Trouble, be it further enacted, That every Keepers. Keeper

Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar shall be and he is herel thorized to demand and receive, from the Collector or other son appointed to get in such Tickets as aforesaid, and to such Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar shall deliver such Tick aforesaid, the Sum of One Farthing for and in respect of Horse specified in any Ticket; and also the Sum of One Far for each such Horse for every Day more than One and less Twenty eight successive Days in such Tickets mentioned, such Collector or other Person is hereby authorized to ps allow the same accordingly, which Allowance shall be over above the Allowance or Privilege hereby given to such Ka of any Toll Gate or Bar of retaining the Money by him, h them collected from such Person or Persons who shall not, suant to this Act, deliver, produce or shew the Ticket, Exch Ticket, Certificate or Check Ticket, as is hereinbefore dire to the Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar as aforesaid.

Collector or Person authorized to pay the same.

Collector or other Person authorized may attend at any Toll Gate, and receive and examine Tickets.

Toll Gate Keeper obstructing, or Persons aiding.

Penalty 201.
Mode of calculating Duty
where specific
Sums are
charged for the

Hire of Horses,

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and me lawful for any Collector, or other Person duly authorized and said, from time to time to enter into and remain in any Tall He or other Place at the Gate or Bar of which any Toll is by I payable, for the Purpose of examining and receiving the lick and Certificates by this Act directed to be delivered; and if Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar, or any other Person or Person shall refuse to permit any Collector or other Person authorize aforesaid, from time to time to enter into and remain in any Toll House or other Place as aforesaid, or to examine and not such Tickets or Certificates as aforesaid, or shall obstruct, or molest such Collector, or other Person so authorised, is tering into and remaining in such Toll House or other Place aforesaid, for the Purpose of examining and receiving Tickets or Certificates, or if any Keeper of any Toll Gate or I or any other Person or Persons, shall in any way hinder, make interrupt or disturb any such Collector or other Person authoris as aforesaid, in the reasonable Use of such Toll House or of Place as aforesaid for the Purpose aforesaid, every Keeper of such Toll Gate or Bar, and every Person aiding and assisting Keeper of any Toll Gate or Bar, offending in any of the Can aforesaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum Twenty Pounds.

AXIX. And be it further enacted, That in calculating a Amount of Duty to be paid, when the same shall be One of Part of the Sum charged for any letting for Hire of any Hom Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, such One Fifth Pashall be calculated upon the whole Sum charged by such Pashall be calculated upon the whole Sum charged by such Pashanes or Geldings, for and in respect of such Horses, Mares or Geldings, for and in respect of such Horses of the Carriage (if any) used therewith; and that in calculating the Amount of the Duty to be paid as aforesaid, no fractional Part of any Sum of Money amounting to a less Sum of Marey than One Penny shall be charged in respect of any Part of the said Duties; and that the Inn, House or other Place at which any Person or Persons shall be licensed to let Horses for Hires aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be the Place of letting for the said, shall be deemed and taken to be the Place of letting for the said.

Hire of every Horse, Mare or Gelding by him, her or them so let for Hire; and that where any Horse, Mare or Gelding which shall have been let for Hire for any Period of Time, and shall be retained and kept beyond the Expiration of the Time for which the same shall have been let for Hire without a new Hiring or new Hirings, every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be deemed and taken, so far as relate to the Duties imposed by this Act, to have been retained and kept upon a Hiring or Hirings similar to that for which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding was originally let for Hire.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Particulars to Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and be inserted in twenty four, all and every Person and Persons letting Horses for Weekly Ac-Hire as aforesaid, shall insert and set forth in his, her or their counts: Stamp Office Weekly Account the several Particulars following; (that is to say,) whenever he, she or they shall let for Hire by the In Cases of Mile any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, Lettings by the the Day of the Month, the Month and Year for which such Horse, Mile: Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings shall be let for Hire, the Names of the Towns or Places from which and to which, or from and to which and back again, such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall be hired to go, the Number of every Carriage which he, she or they shall furnish with any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings (if by this Act required to be numbered), the Christian and Surname of every Postillion or Driver employed therewith, the Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings so let for Hire, and also the Amount of the Duty payable for and in respect of every such letting for Hire; and whenever such Person or Persons letting Horses for In Cases of Hire as aforesaid shall let for Hire for a Day or less Period of Lettings of Time, to be used within the Distance of Eight Miles from the Horses to be Place of letting for Hire any Horse, Mare or Gelding as aforesaid used within the Distance of for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage conveying any Person Eight Miles or Persons as aforesaid, any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, from the Place Mares or Geldings, he, she or they shall insert and set forth in of letting: his, her or their Stamp Office Weekly Account, the several Particulars following; (that is to say,) the Day of the Month, the Month and Year on which such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall be let for Hire, the Number of every Carriage, if by this Act required to be numbered, the Christian and Surname of every Postillion or Driver employed with such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, the Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings so let for Hire, and the Amount of the Sum charged for such letting for Hire; and shall be answerable and accountable for One Fifth Part of such Sum of Money so charged, or for the Sum of One Shilling and Nine Pence for each Horse, Mare or Gelding so let for Hire; and shall enter in his, her or their Stamp Office Weekly Account such One Fifth Part of such Sum charged, or the Sum of One Shilling and Nine Pence for each Horse, Mare or Gelding, as and for the Duty pay-able in respect of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, so let for Hire as aforesaid; and whenever such Person In Cases of or Persons letting Horses for Hire as aforesaid shall let for Hire Lettings of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, to no Horses to go

greater no greater Dis-

tance than
Eight Miles
from the Place
of letting:

In Cases of Lettings of Horses for less than Twenty eight Days:

In Cases of Lettings of Horses for Twenty eight Days and more.

greater Distance than Eight Miles from the Place of letting for Hire, any Horse, Mare or Gelding, where such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall not bring back any Person or Persons, and shall not deviate from the usual Line of Road between the Place of letting and the Place or Distance to which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be hired to travel or go, for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage or Vehicle conveying any Person or Persons as aforesaid, he, she or they shall insert and set forth in his, her or their Stamp Office Weekly Account the several Particulars following; that is to say, the Day of the Month, and Month and Year, on which such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall be so let for Hire, the Number of every Carriage, if by this Act required to be numbered, the Christian and Surname of every Postillion or Driver employed with such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, the Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings so let for Hire, and also the Amount of the Duty payable for and in respect of every such letting for Hire as aforesaid; and whenever such Person or Persons letting Horses for Hire as aforesaid shall let for Hire for any Period of Time less than Twenty eight successive Days, and in any other Manner than by the Mile, or to go no greater Distance than Eight Miles in either of the Cases aforesaid, any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, he, she or they shall insert and set forth in his, her or their Stamp Office Weekly Account the several Particulars following; (that is to say,) the Day of the Month, the Month and Year, on which such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall be let for Hire, and from and to what Place or from and to what Place and back again, such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall be hired to go, the Number of every Carriage which shall be furnished therewith, if by this Act required to be numbered, the Christian and Surname of every Postillion or Driver employed with such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, the Amount of the Sum charged for the Hire or Use of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, the Time for which the same shall be let for Hire or used, the Number of Horses, Mares and Geldings so let for Hire, and where the Distance shall be ascertained the Number of Miles which the same shall be hired to go or to go and return; and in all Cases the Amount of the Duty payable for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding, upon every Letting for Hire or using; and whenever such Person or Persons letting Horses for Hire as aforesaid shall let for Hire, for Twenty eight successive Days or more, any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, as aforesaid, he, she or they shall insert and set forth in his, her or their Stamp Office Weekly Account the several Particulars following; (that is to say,) the Number of Horses, Mares or Geldings, so let for Hire, the Day of the Month, the Month and Year, on which such Hiring shall commence, the Number of every Carriage which shall be furnished therewith, (if by this Act required to be numbered,) the Christian and Surname of every Postillion or Driver employed with such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, the Time for which the same shall be hired, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person hiring

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the same; and he, she or they shall also insert in every such Account a Memorandum or Notice of all Horses, Mares or Geldings which shall have been let for Hire by him, her or them as aforesaid, for Twenty eight successive Days or more, and which, since the Date of his, her or their last Account, shall have been given up and returned to him, her or them by the Hirer, before the Expiration of the Time for which such Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall have been let for Hire, and the Day of the Month on which the same shall have been so given up and returned, and shall be answerable and account for One Fifth Part of the Sum received or agreed to be received for such letting for Hire or using, for and in respect of every such Horse, Mare or Gelding, or the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence for each Day not exceeding Three Days, and the Sum of One Shilling and Nine Pence for each Day exceeding Three Days and not exceeding Thirteen Days, and the Sum of One Shilling and Three Pence for each Day exceeding Thirteen Days and less than Twenty one Days, during the Time every such Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall have been under the Direction of the Person or Persons hiring the same, by virtue of such letting for Hire as aforesaid; and in case of any Refusal or Neglect of any Person Persons letting or Persons letting any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares of Geldings, for Hire as aforesaid, to insert in his, her or their ing as herein mentioned. Stamp Office Weekly Account the Particulars hereinbefore respectively mentioned or any or either of them, applicable to each letting for Hire, such Person or Persons shall for each and every such Refusal or Neglect forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Penalty 201.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Entries to be Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and made in Actwenty four, every Person so licensed as aforesaid, who shall let count the Day for Hire any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings the Horses are as aforesaid, shall enter or cause to be entered in his, her or their let or returned. Stamp Office Weekly Account the several Particulars by this Act required to be inserted therein, on the same or following Day on which any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall be so let for Hire, or so given up and returned as aforesaid, and in Default thereof he, she or they shall, for every Penalty 40s.

such Default, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Stamp Office Stamp Office Weekly Account required to be kept by every Postmaster or Account to be other Person licensed to let Horses for Hire as aforesaid, shall open for Inbe open for the Inspection and Examination, at all seasonable spection of Collector. Times, of the said Commissioners of Stamps or any Collector appointed by them as aforesaid; and if any Postmaster or other Person as aforesaid shall refuse to permit and suffer the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any Collector appointed by them as aforesaid, at any seasonable Time, to inspect his, her or their Stamp Office Weekly Account, such Postmaster or other Person

forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the When and said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and where Licensed twenty four, every Person licensed as aforesaid, residing in the Persons should

so licensed as aforesaid shall, for every such Refusal as aforesaid, Penalty 10L

deliver Account City of London or Liberty of Westminster, or within the Distance of Five Miles from the Head Office of Stamps or within the Bills of Mortality, shall attend and deliver his or her Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, and pay the Duties for which he, she or they shall be accountable, unto the said Commissioners of Stamps, at the said Head Office, or to some Collector authorized to receive the same, at such Place and at such Time as shall be appointed for that Purpose, by a Notice to be written or printed upon the Blank Forms of the Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, which shall from time to time be delivered to him or her by any authorized Collector of the said Duties, for the Purpose of making therein the Entries required by this Act, provided such Place be not at a greater Distance than Two Miles from the said Head Office; and every Person so to be licensed as aforesaid, not residing within Five Miles of the Head Office of Stamps, or within the Bills of Mortality, shall attend and deliver his, her or their Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, and pay the Duties for which he, she or they shall be accountable, unto the Collector authorized to receive the same, at such Place in the Market Town in which he, she or they shall reside, or in the nearest Market Town to his, her or their Place of Residence, and at such Time as shall be appointed for that Purpose by a Notice to be written or printed upon the Blank Forms of the Stamp Office Weekly Accounts, which shall from time to time be delivered to him, her or them by any authorized Collector of the said Duties, for the Purpose of making therein the Entries required by this Act, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds for every Default in not delivering such Account, and double the Amount of the Duties due and payable by such licensed Persons.

Not delivering Account and paying the Duty.

Penalty.

Postmaster to make Oath of Truth of Account.

XXXIV. And for the more effectually taking an Account of the several Duties imposed by this Act, and preventing Frauds therein; Be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, every Postmaster or other Person so licensed to let Horses for Hire as aforesaid, shall, at the respective Times of delivering his or her Account or Accounts to the said Commissioners, or other Person authorized by them to receive the same, and the Money due thereon, make Oath, or being One of the People called Quakers, make and subscribe a solemn Affirmation before such Commissioners or other Person authorized as aforesaid, who are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to administer such Oath and Affirmation, to the Truth of the Account then delivered in the Form following:

Form of Oath.

- A. B. do swear [or affirm, in the Case of a Quaker], That the Stamp Office Weekly Account [or Accounts] now de-' livered by me, doth or do contain a just and true Statement of the Number of Horses, Mares and Geldings which have been ' let for Hire by me, or my Servants, or on my Account and ' Behalf, from the Day of
- both inclusive, together with Day of ' the Manner in which such Horses, Mares and Geldings have been so let for Hire as aforesaid, and also the full Amount of
- ' the Duty due and payable by me, or for which I am charge-' able or accountable, for or in respect of every such Horse,
  - ' Mare

' Mare or Gelding so let for Hire by me, or on my Account as aforesaid, during the Time aforesaid; all which said Statements, Matters and Things, and all the other Particulars contained in the said Account or Accounts, so far as regards myself and ' my own Acts, are true, and so far as regards the Acts of my ' Servants, or of any other Person or Persons on my Behalf, are

' true to the best of my Knowledge and Belief. So help me · GOD.

Which said Oath or Affirmation shall be made and subscribed before the said Commissioners of Stamps, or other Person authorized to receive such Account or Accounts as aforesaid; which said Commissioners of Stamps, or other Person authorized as aforesaid, are and is hereby respectively empowered to administer such Oath or Affirmation; and if any Person making such Oath or Affirmation shall knowingly and wilfully make a false Oath or Affirmation, of or concerning any of the Matters to be therein specified and set forth, every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Law now in force Persons con- Perjury. victed of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable.

' XXXV. And to prevent Disputes as to the Rate or Value at How Tickets which any of the Tickets, delivered in pursuance of this Act to unaccounted Postmasters, or other Persons letting Horses for Hire as afore. for 31st Jan. said, and which may remain unaccounted for on the Thirty first be paid for. Day of January in each and every Year, shall be settled and accounted for; Be it enacted, That every such Ticket delivered as aforesaid, and which shall remain unaccounted for at the Time aforesaid, shall be valued in account and paid for at and after the Rate of One Shilling for each Horse, according to the Number of Horses expressed by Figures on such Ticket, and in the Receipt given by such Postmasters or other Persons for the same.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Receiver General Allowance to at the Head Office, and the said other Collectors duly appointed Postmasters. to receive the Duties hereby imposed, shall, at the Time of settling the respective Accounts of the several licensed Postmasters and other Persons, allow to such Postmasters and other Persons and deduct from their respective Accounts, at and after the Rate of Three Pence in the Pound out of the Monies by them regularly accounted for, and paid to such Receiver General or other Collector, on account of the Duties imposed by this Act.

' XXXVII. And for the Convenience of Persons residing in 'Cities or populous Towns, (other than the Cities of London and 'Westminster, or the Borough of Southwark,) letting for Hire or ' using Horses, Mares or Geldings for drawing Coaches or other ' Carriages, to be used as or in the Nature of Hackney Coaches, ' and for rendering it unnecessary for such Persons, in respect of ' Horses, Mares or Geldings let for Hire or used as last aforesaid, ' to keep the Weekly Accounts hereby directed to be kept by ' Persons letting Horses for Hire:' Be it further enacted, That Horses used in every Person letting for Hire or using any Horse, Mare or Gelding, ling for Hire, Horses, Mares or Geldings, for drawing any such Coach or Carriage, to be used as or in the Nature of a Hackney Coach, any Coaches, in Distance not exceeding Five Miles from the General Post Office Places out of of any City, Town or Place, (such Coach or Carriage not being London, to pay licensed a Weekly Duty

Coaches stand-

C. 62.

Proviso in respect of such Horses going more than Five Miles from the General Post Office of such

Place.

Licence to be taken for such Coach.

&c. of Places to be painted thereon.

Proviso for Carriages re gularly used.

Informations, &c. for Penalties.

licensed as a Carriage or Vehicle conveying Passengers for at separate Fares, as a public Stage Coach or Carriage,) sha subject and liable to the Payment of the Duties following; is to say,) the Sum of Five Shillings per Week for or in re of the Horses, Mares or Geldings let for Hire, or used for dra every such Coach or Carriage, used as or in the Nature Hackney Coach, when drawn by Two Horses, Mares or Gelia and the Sum of Three Shillings per Week for or in respan every Horse, Mare or Gelding let for Hire, or used for d any such Coach or Carriage, used as or in the Nature of al ney Coach, when drawn by One Horse, Mare or Gelding, of the Duties by this Act chargeable upon Horses, Mares or dings let for Hire: Provided always, that if any Hone, or Gelding used for drawing any such Coach or Carriage, as or in the Nature of a Hackney Coach, shall go a greater tance than Five Miles from any such General Post Office at a said, the Person or Persons letting for Hire or using my Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be subject to the same Rules i Regulations, and shall be chargeable with and accountable the Duties hereby generally imposed in respect of Hones, Man or Geldings let for Hire; and provided also, that the Person Persons letting for Hire or using any Horse, Mare or Gelding drawing any such Coach or Carriage, as or in the Nature Hackney Coach as aforesaid, shall take out a Licence expres authorizing him, her or them so to do, and shall cause every Coach or Carriage to be numbered, and shall cause his be their Christian and Surname, and the Name of the City, Image Place, to be painted and inscribed upon the Outside Panel each Door, or upon some conspicuous Part of such Coach or C riage as aforesaid, in like Manner as is hereinbefore directed respect of Carriages kept to be furnished or used with Horsell for Hire, under and subject to the like Penalties as are hereby posed upon Persons neglecting to take out Licences; or to me Number, Name, ber or cause to be numbered any Coach or Carriage kept to furnished or used as aforesaid; or to paint or cause to be paint thereon the Name of the Person or Persons letting to Hine using any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, and the Name of the G Town or Place where such Coach or other Carriage shall be see and every Person letting or using such Horse, Mare or Geld Horses, Mares or Geldings for Hire, for drawing such Coach Carriage used as or in the Nature of a Hackney Cosch as state said, shall attend and pay the said Weekly Duties at such Total and Places as Persons licensed to let Horses for Hire are required by this Act to do, and shall be subject and liable to the in Penalty or Penalties for any Neglect or Default in attending paying such Duties as aforesaid; provided also, that nothing this Clause contained shall be construed to exempt from the Pa ment of the General Duties by this Act imposed, any Person Persons letting Horses for Hire to draw any such Cosch of Cor riage, unless such Coach or Carriage shall be regularly and constantly used, and shall regularly and constantly ply in the public Streets of some City of Streets of some City of Streets of some City of Streets of some City of Streets of some City of Streets of some City of Streets of some City of Streets of some City of Streets of some City of Streets of some City of Streets of some City of Streets of some City or Town as a Hackney Coach; and that in all Informations, Actions, Suits or other Proceedings in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, or before any Justice of Justice o

of the Peace, respecting the Payment of any Duty, or the Recovery of any Penalty in respect of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, used in drawing any such Coach or Carriage, the Proof of such Coach or Carriage being a Coach or Carriage regularly and constantly used, and regularly and constantly plying in the public Street as aforesaid, shall be upon the Person or Persons letting such Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, for Hire; and provided also, that nothing in Proviso for this Act contained respecting the Licences to be taken out by Carriages sub-Persons letting for Hire, or using any Horses, Mares and Geld- ject to Local ings for drawing any Coaches or Carriages to be used as or in the Acts. Nature of Hackney Coaches, or respecting the painting the Names or Numbers upon such Coaches, shall be construed to extend to Coaches or Carriages which are or hereafter may be subject to the Provisions contained in any Local Act or Acts of Parliament.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Proceedings for said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and the Recovery of twenty four, where any Person or Persons liable to account for and pay any Duty or Duties granted by this Act for and in respect of Horses, Mares or Geldings by him, her or them let for Hire as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to account for and pay the same, according to the Directions of this Act, to the Collector appointed to receive such Duties for the County, District or Place where he, she or they shall have let to Hire such Horses, Mares or Geldings, and such Duty or Duties shall not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, it shall be lawful for such Collector, first obtaining a Warrant for that Purpose under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near the Place where any such letting for Hire shall have been made, (which Justice or Justices, on Complaint made to him or them, shall summon the Party complained of, and the Witnesses on either Side, and examine into the Matter of Fact, and shall grant such Warrant, on due Proof being made of the Sum due and owing for such Duty or Duties as aforesaid, by the voluntary Confession of the Party or by the Oath of One or more Wit- Distress. ness or Witnesses,) to distrain such Person or Persons by his, her or their Goods and Chattels, for the Amount of such Duty or Duties, and the Distress so to be taken to detain and keep for the Space of Five Days, at the Costs and Charges of such Person or Persons; and if he, she or they shall not within that Time pay the Amount of such Duty or Duties, with the Costs and Charges of taking and keeping such Distress, then the Goods and Chattels so distrained shall be sold by such Collector, who shall render the Overplus of the Money arising by the Sale thereof (if any shall remain), after deducting and retaining the Amount of such Duty or Duties, and the Costs and Charges of taking, keeping and selfing such Distress, to the Person or Persons so to be distrained as aforesaid; and it shall also be lawful for such Collector, for the Purpose of taking such Distress, to break open in the Day time any House or Place where any Goods or Chattels of such Person or Persons shall be, being thereunto authorized by such Warrant as aforesaid, and calling to his Assistance a Constable, Tithingman or Headborough or other Officer of the County, Shire, Stewartry, City, Town or Place, where any Refusal or Resistance shall be 4 GEO. IV.

Duties not exceeding 201.

made, which said Officers are hereby required to aid and ass therein; and that the leaving of the Summons to appear best such Justice or Justices at the Dwelling House or usual or l known Place of Abode of the Party complained of, shall, deemed a good Service thereof.

' XXXIX. And Whereas it is expedient, that the He ' Mares and Geldings let for Hire, and also the Coaches, C ' and other Carriages, Harness and other Articles and I ' used with such Horses, Mares or Geldings, should be subject and liable to the Duties hereby imposed, and which

Chaises and Horses, &c. of Postmasters liable to Duty.

be in arrear and owing from time to time by any such Post or other Person letting Horses for Hire as aforesaid; therefore further enacted, That from and after the said Thirt Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty to the Horses, Mares and Geldings kept for the Purpose of be for Hire, and also all the Coaches, Chaises and other Carl Harness and other Articles and Things kept and used with Horses, Mares and Geldings, in the Custody or Possession of Postmaster or other Person letting Horses for Hire a si or in the Custody or Possession of any other Person or Pa for the Use and on the Account of or in Trust for such Posts or other Person letting Horses for Hire as aforesaid, shall be the same are hereby made subject and liable to and charge with the said Duties from time to time due, in arrear, and or which shall become due and payable from time to time or by such Postmaster or other Person letting Horses for aforesaid, for or in respect of any Horses, Mares or Gelding shall have been let for Hire as aforesaid by him, her or the by any other Person for his, her or their Use or Account s said.

Wilful Frauds by Pottmaster. &c.

XL. And be it further enacted, That every Postmaster of Person letting Horses for Hire as aforesaid, who shall be of any wilful Concealment or of making any false Account other fraudulent Contrivance, Device or Pretence whatsoere an Intent or Design to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and cessors or any Person or Persons, of any of the Duties in by this Act or any Part thereof, shall forfeit the Sum of Pounds; and the said Commissioners of Stamps shall and

Penalty 501.

they shall so think fit, after Judgment obtained against the fender, refuse to grant such Offender any Licence in future XLI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall make, forge or counterfeit or cause or procure to be falsely

Forging or aiding the forg-ing of Tickets;

or unduly uttering such.

Penalty 50l.

Duties and Penalties recovered, with Costs.

forged or counterfeited or wilfully aid or assist in the false m forging or counterfeiting, any Ticket or Certificate by the authorized or directed to be used, with an Intent to defrag Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or any Person or Person any of the said Duties, or shall utter or publish as true any forged or counterfeited Ticket or Certificate, with an Intel defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or any Person Persons, of any of the said Duties, every Person so offend any or either of the Cases aforesaid shall forfeit and pay the s of Fifty Pounds.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions, 19 Plaints, Informations and Proceedings, had, commenced, pr M

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cuted, entered or filed or hereafter to be had, commenced, prosecuted, entered or filed, in the Name of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or in the Name of any other Person or Persons, for the Recovery of any of the Duties, Debts or Penalties granted or imposed, due or payable by or under this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or any other Person or Persons suing or prosecuting for the same, to have and recover such Duties, Debts and Penalties, with full Costs of Suit, and all other reasonable Charges and Expences attending the

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That any pecuniary Penalty In what Courts imposed by this Act, which shall amount to the Sum of Ten Pounds pecuniary Peor more, shall or may be sued for in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, for any Offence committed in England or Wales or be sued for. Berwick upon Tweed, and in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, for any Offence committed in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law or

more than one Imparlance shall be allowed.

XLIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That it shall Justices of and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, residing near the mining Of-Place where the Offence shall be committed, to hear and determine any Offence against this Act which may subject any Offender or Offenders to any pecuniary Penalty not amounting to Fifty Pounds, which said Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized and required, upon any Information exhibited or Complaint made to Proceedings. him in that Behalf, to summon the Party accused, and also the Witnesses on either Side, and to examine into the Matter of Fact, and upon due Proof made thereof, either by the voluntary Confession of the Party accused, or by the Oath of One or more Witness or Witnesses, to give Judgment or Sentence of Dismissal or for the Penalty or Forfeiture, as is hereby directed; and to award and issue out his Warrant under his Hand and Seal for the levying any pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture, Penalties or Forfeitures so adjudged, together with the Costs and Charges by this Act directed to be allowed, on the Goods of the Offender or Offenders, and to cause Sale to be made thereof, in case they shall not be redeemed within Six Days, rendering to the Party the Overplus (if any); and where Goods of such Offender or Offenders Imprisonment. cannot be found sufficient to answer the Penalty or Penalties, Costs and Charges as aforesaid, to commit such Offender or Offenders to Prison, there to remain for the Space of Six Calendar Months, unless such pecuniary Penalty or Penalties, Costs and Charges shall be sooner paid and satisfied; and if any Person or Persons shall find himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by the Judgment or Sentence of Dismissal of any such Justice, then he, she or they shall and may (upon giving Security to the Amount of the Penalty or Penalties sought to be recovered, together with such Costs and Charges as shall be awarded by such Justice, in case Judgment or Sentence of Dismissal shall be affirmed,) appeal. Appeal. to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions for the County, Riding or Place, who are hereby empowered to summon and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally to hear and determine the same; and in case the Judgment or Sentence Costs.

Proviso for Appeal to subsequent Sessions.

C. 62.

of Dismissal of such Justice shall be affirmed, it shall be lawful for such Justices to award the Person or Persons so appealing to pay such Costs occasioned by such Appeal as to such Justices shall seem meet: Provided always, that if the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace shall fall within Six Days after such Judgment or Sentence of Dismissal, it shall and may be lawful for the Person or Persons so finding himself, herself or themselves aggrieved as aforesaid, if he, she or they shall think fit, giving such

No Certiorari.

Security as aforesaid, to appeal to the next subsequent Quarter Sessions, and that no such Proceedings so to be had or taken shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form, or removed by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere in England or Walcs, nor shall any such Proceeding before such Justice be taken or removed by a Certiorari, Suspension, Advocation or Reduction, or by any other Writ, Process or Proceeding, into the Court of Session, Court of Justiciary or Court of Exchequer in Scotland, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding. XLV. And be it further enacted. That if any Person shall be

Witnesses neglecting, &c. to appear or give Evidence.

summoned as a Witness to give Evidence before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, touching any of the Matters relating to this Act, either on the Part of the Prosecution or of the Person or Persons accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the Time and Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for such his or her Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or appearing shall refuse to be examined on Oath, and give Evidence before such Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom the Prosecution shall be depending, every Person so summoned and so neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Neglect or Refusal the Sum of Five Pounds.

Penalty 51.

Form of Conviction.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That a Conviction, or a Judgment, or a Sentence of Dismissal, in the Form and to the Effect following (mutatis mutandis), as the Case shall happen to be, shall be good and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, without stating the Case, or the Facts or Evidence in any particular Manner; (that is to say,)

BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord at A. B.in the οf ' came before me, ' C. D., One of His Majesty's Justices of the · Peace for the said residing near the Place where the Offence was committed, and informed me that E. F. of on the Day of in the said did [here set forth the Fact for which the Information is laid]; whereupon the said ' E. F., after being duly summoned to answer the said Charge, ' appeared before me on the Day of and having heard the in the said ' Charge contained in the said Information, declared he was guilty ' of the said Offence; [or, (as the Case may happen to be), did not ' appear before me pursuant to the said Summons [or, did neg-' lect or refuse to make any Defence against the said Charge];

but the same being fully proved upon the Oath of G. H. a credi-

ble witness; or (as the Case may happen to be), acknowledged and voluntarily confessed the same to be true; and it manifestly

appearing to me, that he the said E. F. is guilty of the Offence charged upon him in the said Information, I do hereby convict

him of the Offence aforesaid, and do declare and adjudge that

he the said E. F. hath forfeited the Sum of

of lawful Money of Great Britain for the Offence aforesaid, to be distributed as the Law directs, according to the Form of the Statute in that Case made and provided; [or, after stating the

Summons and Non-appearance of the said Defendant, or, the Appearance of the said Defendant, and that he was not guilty of the

said Offence, as the Case may be ], and it manifestly appearing to

· me that he the said E. F. is not guilty of the said Offence charged upon him by the said Information, I do therefore dismiss the said

Complaint or Information. Given under my Hand and Seal,

Day of

Provided nevertheless, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Mitigation of Justice, where he shall see cause, to mitigate and lessen any such Penalties. Penalty or Penalties, as he shall think fit or reasonable, (Costs and Charges of the Officers and Informers, as well in making the Discovery as in prosecuting the same, being always allowed over and above such Mitigation,) and so as such Mitigation do not reduce such Penalties to less than One Fourth Part of the Penalty or Penalties incurred over and above the said Costs and Charges, any

thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty + Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, all pecuniary Penalties imposed by this Act, which shall be sued for, in respect of which any Information shall be exhibited within Six Calendar Months after the same shall have been incurred, shall be distributed and paid in the Manner following; that is to say, one Moiety thereof to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof, together with full Costs of Suit incurred in suing, prosecuting or informing for and in respect of such Penalties, to the Person or Persons who shall inform and sue or prosecute for the same as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whomsoever to exhibit any Information or Complaint before any Justice or Justices of the Peace or other Magistrate or Magistrates whatsoever, within the Time aforesaid, against any Person or Persons, for the Recovery of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by virtue of this Act, which shall not amount to the Sum of Fifty Pounds, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all such Penalties as shall not be sued for, or respecting which no Information or Informations shall have been exhibited within the Time aforesaid, shall belong and be paid to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; and that the Moiety of every such Penalty payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors as aforesaid, shall be paid into the Hands of His Majesty's Solicitor of Stamps for the Time being in England, Wales or Scotland respectively.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Treasury may passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, let Duties to or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United farm. Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of Hh 3

+ Sic. Recovery and Application of

them for the Time being, and he or they is and are hereby of powered from time to time, as it shall be necessary, either himself or themselves, or by the said Commissioners of Stars or the major Part of them, to let to farm the said several Dw hereby granted for and in respect of Horses let for Hire in Manner hereinbefore mentioned, to such Person or Person shall be willing to farm the same, in separate Divisions of tricts, according to the Regulations and in the Manner had after mentioned: Provided always, that it shall not be laddlet to farm the said Duties, or any Part thereof, at any Time, for a longer Period or Term than Three Years from Day on which any such letting to farm shall commence and seffect.

Proviso as to Time.

Notice of letting to be inserted in London Gazette. XLIX. And be it further enacted, That One Month's Mat least shall be given by the said Lord High Treasurer or 0 missioners of the Treasury, or any Three of them, or the said in missioners of Stamps, or the major Part of them, authorized aforesaid, in the London Gazette, of the Time and Place of less the said Duties, specifying the Divisions or Districts within the it is intended to let to farm such Duties, and also the Place Office at which Proposals for taking such Duties, or my Fe thereof, shall be delivered.

Proposals to be delivered Three Days previous to letting. L. And be it further enacted, That no such Proposals and proceeded upon, unless the same be signed by and in the proceeded upon, unless the same be signed by and in the proceeded upon, unless the same be signed by and in the proceeded upon, unless the proceeded upon, unless the proceeded upon, unless the proceeded upon, unless to the Place of their Abode, and shall have been delivered as a said, at least Three Days previous to the Day mentioned at London Gazette for letting the said Duties to farm.

Mode of Proceeding in putting up Duties.

LI. And be it further enacted, That the Biddings for Duties shall be conducted under such Regulations as shall established for that Purpose by the said Lord High Treasure, the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, or Three of them, or by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or major Part of them, duly authorized as aforesaid; and the Part or Persons who shall be the highest Bidder or Bidders shall be Farmer or Renter, Farmers or Renters of the said Duties, or # Part thereof as shall be then put up to farm, for such Term, exceeding Three Years as aforesaid, as may be determined on ! as shall be inserted in the London Gazette; and shall forth execute a Contract to be prepared in pursuance of this Act, I give Security by Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Succession with Three or more Securities, for Payment to His Majesty. Heirs and Successors, of the Money or yearly Rent so contract for, the said Money or Rent to be paid into the Hands of the ceiver General of His Majesty's Stamp Duties, at the Head (M of Stamps, in equal Portions, by Eight several Payments in t Year, on the Days to be fixed and appointed before any " letting to farm as laforesaid.

Contract to be executed, and Security for Rent given by Farmer.

LII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for it said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more them, or the said Commissioners of Stamps, or the major Part them, authorized as aforesaid, to appoint the Time for making Deposit of a Sum of Money, and the Amount thereof, on account

Deposit to be made by Persons farming Duties, ..

void.

of the Rent to be paid by the Person or Persons who shall be the best Bidder or Bidders for, and be declared the Farmer or Farmers of any of the said Duties hereby allowed to be farmed; If not made and in case any such Person or Persons shall fail to make such Deposit at the Time appointed, or shall fail to execute a proper Contract in Writing, and to give Security for the Payment of the Rent and the due Performance of such Contract, in the Manner directed by this Act, within the Time to be appointed for that Purpose, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners of Stamps, or the major Part of them, authorized as aforesaid, to declare the Bidding and Contract of such Person or Persons null and void, and his or their Deposit, if Deposit formade, to be forfeited, and to cause the Duties whereof he or they feited. shall have been declared the Farmer or Farmers, to be again put up to be let to farm, pursuant to the Directions of this Act, and so from time to time as often as such Failure shall be made.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any of the said Duties not let Duties to arise in any District or Districts shall not be let to farm at Time fixed, at the Time mentioned in such Advertisement, for Want of a suf- may be put up ficient Bidding for such Duties, it shall be lawful for the said Lord again. High Treasurer, or the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, or the said Commissioners of Stamps, or the major Part of them, authorized as aforesaid, to appoint such future Day or Days as they shall judge most proper, for letting the said Duties to arise in such District or Districts respectively, in the Manner and upon the like Notice as hereinbefore directed, or to receive Proposals for farming such Duties, and to let the same to farm by private Contract for any Period of Time not ex-ceeding Three Years as aforesaid: Provided always, that no Con-be farmed by tract for letting the Duties herein mentioned to farm shall be Persons li-made with any Person or Persons licensed to let Horses for Hire, censed to nor to any One for his or their Use, or on his or their Behalf, or so as that he or they shall have any Interest therein, or Benefit therefrom, but that the same (if so made) shall be utterly null and void; and that if any such Contract shall be assigned to any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, or to any other Person or Persons for his or their Use, so that he or they shall have any Interest therein or Benefit therefrom, such Assignment shall be also utterly null and

' LIV. And in order to prevent Disputes concerning the said Duties hereby granted, in Cases where the same may be collected in One District, Division or Collection, and the Tickets may be delivered in another District, Division or Collection; Be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall belong, and the Tickets Duties to beissued thereupon shall be delivered and accounted for, to the Per- long to District son or Persons respectively who shall be the Farmer or Farmers where Tickets of the several Duties arising within the District, Division or Col- are issued. lection within which the Inn, House or other Place at which the Person or Persons letting any Horse or Horses for Hire shall be licensed as aforesaid is situated, and the Keeper of every Toll Gate or Bar, at whose Gate or Bar such Ticket shall be delivered, shall deliver the same to the Farmer or Farmers of the

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good, Treasury may declare Contract void.

said Duties arising within such District, Division or Collection as aforesaid, at the Time and in the Manner such Tickets are by this Act directed to be delivered to the several Collectors.

LV. And be it further enacted, That no Person farming the

said Duties, or any Part thereof, or appointed a Collector thereof.

shall in pursuance of such Appointment be disqualified from

voting at any Election or Elections of Members to serve in Parlia-

Farmers not disqualified to vote for Members.

Commissioners to depute Farmers and others to be Collectors. ment, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof notwithstand-LVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps or the major Part of them, from time to time as Occasion shall require, to depute and appoint not only the Persons who shall become Farmers or Lessees of the said Duties, and their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, but also any other Person or Persons, at the Request and upon the Nomination and for the Use of such Farmers or Lessees, or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, to be Collectors of the said Duties arising within the respective Districts, with full Powers to grant the necessary Licences to Persons within the respective Districts, for letting out Horses for Hire in the Manner aforesaid, and to take Securities by Bond or Bonds from the Person or Persons to be licensed, in the Name of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with such Conditions as are required by this Act, and to receive the Stamp Office Weekly Accounts relating to the said Duties hereinbefore directed and required to be delivered by Persons letting Horses for Hire in the Manner aforesaid within their respective Districts, and the Money due theron, and to administer the Oath or Affirmation hereinbefore required to be made as to

the Truth of the Accounts to be delivered by the Persons licensed under this Act, and generally to execute and do all other the Powers, Matters and Things touching the collecting, managing and enforcing the Payment of the said Duties within and for their respective Districts, which by this Act are given to and authorized

Farmers may vary Mode of keeping Accounts and indorse Tickets. to be done by any Collector or Collectors of the said Duties.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Person or Persons so farming the said Duties, or any Part thereof, with the Consent of the said Commissioners of Stamps or the major Part of them, to vary the Mode of keeping the Weekly Account directed by this Act to be kept by the several Persons who may let out Horses for Hire, in such Manner as they shall judge most convenient for keeping the said Accounts; and such Person or Persons so farming the said Duties shall also be at liberty, by an Indorsement or on the Face of the Tickets or Certificates to be delivered by them to the several licensed Persons as aforesaid, to add the Name or Number of the District which he or they shall so farm.

Bonds from Postmasters, &c. to be taken in the Name of His Majesty. LVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Securities, Bonds or Obligations taken by the Person or Persons farming the said Duties, or any Part thereof, from such Postmasters, Innkeepers, or other licensed Persons under this Act, shall be taken in the Name of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and shall and may be sued and prosecuted in the Name of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, by and with the Consent of His Majesty's Attorney General in England, or the Lord Advocate in Scotland. LIX. And

LIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Limitation of said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred Actions. and twenty four, no Person or Persons shall commence any Action or Suit in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere in England or Wales, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, for the Recovery of any Penalty or Penalties to be incurred under this Act, until the Expiration of Fourteen Days after such Person or Persons shall have delivered or caused to be delivered to the Person or Persons incurring such Penalty or Penalties, or left for him, her or them, at his, her or their Dwelling House, or usual or last Place of Abode, a printed or written Notice of the Intention of such Person or Persons to apply to the Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain, for Leave to commence such Action or Suit, and which Notice shall state the Offence or Offences committed, the Day of committing the same, and the Amount of each Penalty intended to be recovered; and that it shall not be lawful for such Person or Persons, at the Trial of such Action or Suit, to give in Evidence any Matter or Thing relating to any Offence not specified and set forth in such Notice.

LX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall Consent in not be lawful for any Farmer or Farmers of any of the said Writing of Duties, or for any other Person or Persons, to sue or prosecute Commissioners for any such pecuniary Penalty in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere in England or Wales, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, without having first obtained the Consent in Writing of the said Commissioners of Stamps, or Two of them, nor unless the Suit or Prosecution for the same shall be carried on by the Solicitor of Stamps, or of some other Solicitor or Attorney to be approved of by the said Commissioners or any Two of them, and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, if they shall think fit, to order the Proceedings to be stayed in any such Suit or Prosecution on Payment of Part only of any Penalty incurred, with or without Costs, or on Payment only of the Costs incurred in such Prosecution, or any Part thereof, as they shall judge proper and expedient.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Provisions, Powers of Act Articles, Clauses, Penalties, Forfeitures, and all other Directions, may be exe-Matters and Things prescribed or appointed by this Act, with cuted by Perrelation to the said Duties, or to the Persons appointed or to sons farming the Duties. be appointed to collect the same, shall and may be put in force and carried into Execution by the Person or Persons farming the said Duties, or any Part thereof, in like Manner as any Col-lector hereby directed to be appointed is authorized and empowered by this Act to put in force and excute the same; and who have the that the Person or Persons farming the said Duties shall be same Remedies entitled to the same Privileges, and to have and use the like for Duties as Remedies for collecting and recovering the Duties by this Act His Majesty. imposed, in like Manner as if the Duties were sued for by or on Behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and such Duties had not been let to farm.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons In Action for shall at any Time or Times be sued, molested or prosecuted for executing Act.

General Issue.

any Thing by him, her or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Clause, Matter or Thing herein contained, such Person or Persons shall or may plead the General Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence for his, her or their Defence; and if upon the Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs awarded to him, her or them against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

Treble Costs.

Officers neglecting Duty. LXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons employed in the Execution of this Act, in relation to the said Duties, shall wilfully refuse or neglect to do or perform any Matter or Thing by this Act required or directed to be done or performed by such Person or Persons, whereby any of His Majesty's Subjects shall or may sustain any Damage whatsoever, such Person or Persons so offending shall be liable in any Action to be founded on this Statute, to answer to the Party aggrieved all such Damages, with full Costs of Suit.

Penalty.

What Proofs shall be sufficient to shew that Persons are Farmers or Collectors,

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, it shall not be necessary, upon the Trial or Hearing of any Information, Action, Suit or other Proceeding, to be commenced for the Recovery of any of the said Duties on Horses, Mares and Geldings hereby granted as aforesaid, which shall be let to farm in pursuance of this Act or of any future Act of Parliament, or for the Recovery of any Penalty or Penalties imposed by this Act, or to be imposed by any future Act, in anywise relating to the said Duties, to produce the Instrument whereby the Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain, or any of them, shall be authorized by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to let to farm the Duties granted by this Act, or any of them; or to produce the Commission whereby the said Commissioners of Stamps shall be constituted and appointed such Commissioners; or to prove that the Persons executing any Contract or Agreement, or any Commission, Deputation, Authority or other Instrument, are or act as Commissioners of Stamps; or to prove the Execution of any Contract or Agreement whereby any of the said Duties on Horses, Mares and Geldings shall be let to farm; or to prove the Execution of any Assignment of any such Contract or Agreement; or to prove the Execution of any Commission, Deputation or Authority, whereby any Person or Persons shall be appointed a Collector or Collectors of any of the said Duties, by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any of them; or to prove the Signatures of the said Commissioners of Stamps to any Consent to prosecute for any such pecuniary Penalty as aforesaid: Provided always, that such Contract, Agreement, Assignment, Commission, Deputation or Authority and Consent to prosecute, shall be produced on the Trial or Hearing of any such Information, Action, Suit or Proceeding; and it shall be made to appear that the Person or Persons claiming or acting under such Contract, Agreement, Assignment, Commission, Deputation or Authority, had in fact acted as the Farmer or Farmers, Collector or Collectors of the Duties therein mentioned and described, or some of them; and that in every such Case such Proof shall be deemed and taken by the Judges or Justices

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before whom any such Trial or Hearing shall be had, to be good and legal Evidence of such Person or Persons being the Farmer or Famers, Collector or Collectors of the Duties mentioned and described in such Contract, Agreement, Assignment, Commission, Deputation, Authority or other Instrument, unless by other Evidence the contrary shall be made to appear; any Law or Usage

to the contrary nothwithstanding.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies to arise The Duties to from the Duties granted by this Act shall be paid into the Hands be paid to Record of the Receiver General of the Stamp Duties in Great Britain, ceiver General who shall from time to time pay the same into the Bank of Stamp Duties in G B. England, for safe Custody, pursuant to the Act in that Case made and by him into and provided, and shall thereafter pay the same (after deducting the Exchequer, the Charges of raising, collecting and accounting for the same, and carried to and all other Charges first payable thereout), into the Receipt Consolidated of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, in One Sum, at such Fund. Times and in such Manner as the present Stamp Duties are by the Laws in force directed to be paid; and that the Monies so paid into the said Receipt shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

## CAP. LXIIL

An Act to authorize the Advance of Money by the Commissioners under several Acts for the Issue of Exchequer Bills for Public Works, for the building, rebuilding, enlarging or repairing of Gaols in England. [10th July 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign 3G.4. c.86of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to amend Two

' Acts of the Fifty seventh Year of His late Majesty and the First Year of His present Majesty, for authorizing the Issue of Ex-' chequer Bills, and the Advance of Money for carrying on Public ' Works and Fisheries and Employment of the Poor; and to autho-' rize a further Issue of Exchequer Bills for the Purposes of the ' said Acts: And Whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of ' the said recited Act, and of the several Acts of Parliament re-' cited in the said Act, should be extended to empowering the ' Commissioners therein named to advance Money for the build-'ing, rebuilding, enlarging, repairing, improving or fitting up of Gaols or Houses of Correction in England;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Smitual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That upon the Application of the major On Application Part of the Justices of any County, Riding, Division, City, Town of Quarter Sesor Place in England, in Quarter Sessions assembled, such major sions of any Part to consist of Five at the least, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, who are authorized and empowered to advance Money for public Works under the Provisions of the said recited Act of of Money for the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of the building or reseveral Acts therein recited, and they are hereby empowered to pairing Gaols,

make Advances, under the Powers, Authorities, Provisions and &c.

Regulations

Justices to make Rates for Repayment, and assign the Rates as a Security.

Moncy advanced to be repaid in 20 Years,

Regulations of the said Acts, for the building, rebuilding, enlarging, improving, repairing or fitting up of any Gaols or House of Correction in *England*, in like manner in every respect as Gaols and Houses of Correction had been included in the Provisions of the said recited Acts; and it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of any County or of any City, Town Place, in England, authorized to make Rates for the repairing any Gaol or House of Correction, to receive any Sums of Me so advanced, and to apply the same to the Purposes for which such Advances shall be made, and to make Rates for the Rep ment of any Sums of Money so advanced, in such Manner, in such Proportions, and at such Times as shall be required the said Commissioners in that Behalf, and also to assign ! Rates so to be made as aforesaid, as a Security for the said ! vances, in such Manner and Form as the said Commission shall direct and appoint, so as that all Sums so advanced, Interest thereon at and after the Rate specified in the said rec Act of the Third Year aforesaid, shall be fully repaid and said within the Period of Twenty Years from the advancing the and all such Rates shall be made, assessed, levied and rest in like Manner as any County Rates may be made, assessed, levied and recovered, and shall continue in force until all Advances, with Interest after the Rate aforesaid, shall sever and respectively be fully paid and discharged; any Law, States, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

## CAP. LXIV.

An Act for consolidating and amending the Laws relating the building, repairing and regulating of certain Gaols Houses of Correction in England and Wales.

[10th July 1823]

HEREAS the Laws now existing relative to the building repairing and regulating of Goals and Houses of Correc-' tion, in England and Wales, are complicated, and have in many ' Cases been found ineffective: And Whereas it is expedient that ' such Measures should be adopted, and such Arrangements made ' in Prisons, as shall not only provide for the safe Custody, but ' shall also tend more effectually to preserve the Health and to · improve the Morals of the Prisoners confined therein, and shall insure the proper Measure of Punishment to convicted Offenders: And Whereas due Classification, Inspection, regular Labour and ' Employment, and Religious and Moral Instruction, are essential to the Discipline of a Prison, and to the Reformation of Offenders: And Whereas the present Laws directing the Separation, Superintendence, Employment and Instruction of ' Prisoners, require to be amended and enlarged, and to be more uniformly and strictly carried into Effect; and it is therefore expedient that the most useful Provisions contained in the several Statutes and Acts, and Parts of Statutes and Acts hereinafter mentioned, should be consolidated, and that some net ' Provisions should be added thereto: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons

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in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, the several Statutes and Acts, and Parts of Statutes and Acts following, shall be repealed, so far as relates to such Gaols or Prisons, or Houses of Correction, as this Act shall extend to; (that is to say), so much of a Statute passed in the First Year of the Reign of King Edward the Third, as relates to Inquiry to be made of 1 E.3. st.1. c.7. Gaolers, which by Duress compel Prisoners to appeal; and also, so much of a Statute passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of 4E.3. c.10. the said King Edward the Third, as relates to Sheriffs and Gaolers receiving Offenders without taking any thing; and also, so much 14 E.3. st. 1. of a Statute passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of the c.10. said King Edward the Third, as relates to the Punishment of a Gaoler compelling a Prisoner by Duress to become an Approver; and also, so much of an Act passed in the Seventh Year of the 7J.1. c.4. Reign of King James the First, intituled An Act for the due Execution of divers Laws and Statutes heretofore made against Rogues, Vagabonds and sturdy Beggars, and other lewd and idle Persons, as relates to the providing Houses of Correction, to the Appointment, Authority and Allowance of the Governor, and to his accounting to Justices for Persons committed to his Custody; and 19 C. 2. c.4. also, so much of an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of the § 1, 2, 3. 5. Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled An Act for the Relief of poor Prisoners, and setting them to work, as relates to the providing Stocks for setting such Prisoners to work, and to the Removal of Prisoners on occasion of Sickness; and also, so 22 & 23 C. 2. much of an Act passed in the Twenty second and Twenty third c. 20. § 10-13. Years of the Reigh of the said King Charles the Second, intituled An Act for the Relief and Release of poor distressed Prisoners for Debt, as relates to Prisoners being allowed to send for Victuals and other Necessaries, and to Fees and Charities, and to the Separation of Felons and Debtors; and also, an Act passed in the 11 & 12 W.3. Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of King William the c.19. (made Third, intituled An Act to enable Justices of Peace to build and perpetual by repair Gaols in their respective Counties; any Thing in an Act 6G.1. c.19.) made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of King George the First, for making perpetual any Act or Acts relating to the building and repairing of County Gaols, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; and also, so much of an Act passed in the Second 2G.2. c.22. Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled An Act for the Relief of Debtors, with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons, as relates to Prisoners being allowed by Keepers of Prisons and Gaols to send for Victuals and other Necessaries, and to the taking of Fees, and the making and hanging up Tables thereof, and to Inquiries concerning the same, and to the hearing of Complaints of Extortion against Gaolers, and examining into Gifts and Legacies for the Benefit of poor Prisoners, and hanging up Tables thereof; and also, so much of an Act passed in the 14 G.2. c.33. Fourteenth Year of the Reign of the said King George the Second, intituled An Act to supply some Defects in the Laws for repairing and rebuilding County Bridges, for repairing, enlarging, erecting and providing Houses of Correction, and for passing Rogues and Vagabonds, as relates to repairing, enlarging and building Houses of Correction, and to buying Houses and Lands for that Pur-

478

16 G.2. c.31. pose; and also, so much of an Act passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of the said King George the Second, intituled Az Act for the farther Punishment of Persons who shall aid or assist Prisoners to attempt to escape out of lawful Custody, as relates to the Escape of Prisoners from any Gaol or Prison to which this Act shall extend; and also, so much of an Act passed in the 17 G.2.c. 5. Seventeenth Year of the Reign of the said King George the Second, intituled An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds and other idle and disorderly Persons, and to Houses of Correction, as relates to the erecting, enlarging and managing of Houses of Correction, and the finding 24 G. 2. c. 40. or turning out of Masters of them for Misbehaviour; and also, so much of an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of the said King George the Second (made among other Things for granting an additional Duty upon Spirituous Liquors, and upon Licences for retailing the same, and for repealing an Act of the Twentieth Year of King George the First, made among other Things for more effectually restraining the retailing of distilled Spirituous Liquors), as relates to the retailing of Spirituous Liquors in Gaols, Prisons or Houses of Correction, to the carrying of Liquors into the same, to the Search for such Liquors, and to the hanging up of a Copy of certain Clauses of the said Act in 32 G. 2. c. 28. such Gaols, Prisons or Houses; and also, so much of an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of the said King George the Second, for Relief of Debtors, with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons, as relates to Prisoners being allowed to send for Victuals and other Necessaries, and to the settling, signing, reviewing, enrolling and hanging up of Tables of Fees, Rates and Benefactions, and Rules for the Government of Gaols and Prisons; and also, an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, 13 G.S. c.58. intituled An Act for providing Clergymen to officiate in Gaols within 14 G.S. c.59. that Part of Great Britain called England; and also, an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for preserving the Health of Prisoners in Gaol, and preventing the Gaol Distemper; and also, an Act passed in 22 G.S. c.64. the Twenty second Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for the amending and rendering more effectual the Laws in being relative to Houses of Correction; and also, Two Acts passed in the Twenty fourth Year of His said late Majesty's 24 G.3, sess, 2. cc. 54, 55. Reign, the one made to explain and amend the hereinbefore recited Act, made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of King William the Third, and the other made to explain and amend the hereinbefore recited Act of the Twenty second Year of 29 G.S. c.67. the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third; and also, an Act passed in the Twenty ninth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for the more effectual Execution of the Laws respecting Gaols; and also, an Act passed in the Thirty first Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An 31 G.3. c.46. Act for the better regulating of Gaols and other Places of Confinement, except only so much of the said Act as relates to the Imprisonment and Employment in Hard Labour in the Common Gaol of the County, of Prisoners sentenced to Transportation, or to whom the Royal Mercy shall be extended on Condition of Trans-

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portation; and also, an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His 55 G.3. c.48. said late Majesty's Reign, for enlarging the Powers of the hereinbefore recited Acts of the Thirteenth and Twenty second Years of His said late Majesty's Reign, for providing Clergymen to officiate in Gaols and Houses of Correction within England and Wales; and also, an Act passed in the Fifty eighth Year of His 58 G.S. c.32. said late Majesty's Reign, to amend so much of the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, as relates to the Salaries of the Clergymen officiating as Chaplains in Houses of Correction; and the said several Statutes and Acts, repealed as to the several and Parts of Statutes and Acts, are hereby repealed accordingly, Matters berein and from and after the Commencement of this Act shall cease mentioned. and determine, so far as relates to Gaols and Houses of Correction to which this Act shall extend; save and except so far as the said Acts, or any of them, repeal any former Act or Acts, or any Clause, Matter or Thing therein; and also, save and except as to Exception. any Proceeding for the Punishment of any Person for any Offence which shall before the Commencement of this Act have been committed; and as to any Presentment before that Time made by any Justice of the Peace or Grand Jury; and as to any Appointment before that Time made by any Officer or other Person, to perform any Duties under the said recited Acts, or any of them; and as to any Rules and Regulations, Acts and Deeds, before that Time lawfully established, made or done, under or by virtue of any One or more of the said Acts; and as to the Fulfilment of any Contracts or Agreements before that Time lawfully made, under or by virtue of the said recited Acts, or any of them.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Com- In each County, mencement of this Act, there shall be maintained, at the Expence &c. mentioned of every County in *England* and *Wales*, One Common Gaol, and there shall be the shall be a shal at the Expence of every County not divided into Ridings or One Gaol and Divisions, and of every Riding or Division of a County, (having One House of several and distinct Commissions of the Peace, or several or Correction. distinct Rates in the Nature of County Rates, applicable by Law to the Maintenance of a Prison for such Division, in England and Wales, at least One House of Correction; and One Gaol and One House of Correction shall be maintained in the several Cities, Towns and Places mentioned in the Schedule marked (A.) annexed to this Act; and the Regulations and Provisions How far Act contained in this Act shall extend, in Manner hereinafter mentioned, to every such Gaol and House of Correction maintained at the Expence of such County, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place, and to the several Gaols and Houses of Correction in

the Cities of London and Westminster. III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where there Houses of Corshall have been already established, and shall be existing at the rection already Time of passing of this Act, in any County, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place, one or more House or Houses of Correction, not sufficient or capable of being made sufficient for the extended Classification required by this Act, it shall be lawful of Prisoners. for the Justices assembled at their General or Quarter Sessions, or the major Part of them, if they shall so think fit, to order and direct that, in Addition to the House of Correction hereinbefore directed to be maintained for the Purposes of this Act,

the several

one or more of such Houses of Correction shall be so existing as aforesaid at the Time of the passing of this Act, shall b continued and maintained for the Reception of One or more particular Class or Classes or Description or Descriptions of Pa soners, as may be prescribed by the Justices assembled at the General or Quarter Sessions as directed by this Act.

Quarter Ses-Act;

he confined in Prisons.

of Sessions to be given, and a Copy served on Keepers of Gaols, &c.

Provise for removal of Prisoners.

Classification of Prisoners shall be made in any House of Correction appropriate Prisoners. to the Reception of any particular Class or Classes of Prisoners

In what Case the the whole of such Buildings, and not in each Part separately

IV. And be it further enacted, That at the Michaelmas General sions to execute Quarter Sessions which shall be held in every County, Riding Division of a County in England and Wales, and in the sen Districts, Cities, Towns and Places to which this Act shall exten next after the Commencement of this Act, and at any subsect General or Quarter Sessions to be held from Time to Time. Justices of the Peace there assembled shall proceed in carrie and to ascertain this Act into Effect; and such Justices shall, by Orders to 1 made for that Purpose, ascertain and declare to what Class Classes of Prisoners every such Gaol, House or Houses of rection, or any Part or Parts of any of them respectively. be applicable; and every such Order shall be signed by Chairman of such Sessions, and shall be notified by the of the Peace to the several Justices of the Peace such County, Riding or Division, District, City, Town at Notice of Order respectively, and Notice thereof shall be inserted in Three Newspapers usually circulated in such County, Riding or Divi or District, City, Town or Place respectively, within Three West after any such Order shall be made at any such Sessions; mai Copy thereof shall be served upon the Keeper of every Gade House of Correction within every such County, Riding, Division City, District, Town or Place; and after the making of such Order and Service of such Copy thereof upon such Keeper as the said, such Class or Classes of Prisoners as shall be specified such Order, and no other, shall be committed to or detained any such Gaol, House or Houses of Correction, or any Part any of them respectively; and all Persons not coming with the Class or Description of Prisoners who may lawfully be com mitted to or detained in such Prison as shall be appointed by the Justices for the Confinement of One or more Class or Classes Prisoners, may be removed to the Gaol or House of Correction of the County, Riding or Division; and every such Gaol or Hous of Correction shall be deemed the legal Gaol, Prison or Place of Confinement of every Person respectively committed to the same in pursuance of such Order as aforesaid; any thing any Act or Acts, or any Law, Custom or Usage to the contract Proviso as to no notwithstanding; Provided always, that no Classification

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where Classification in in any County, Riding or Division of a County, or in any of the whole of the Cities, Towns and Places named in the said Schedule (4.1) any House of Correction shall be Part of the same Building. or inclosed in the same Boundary Wall as or shall be conrequired by this tiguous to the Common Gaol, and shall be under the Superintendence of the same Keeper and the same Visiting Justices, it

which shall be in any way inconsistent with or contrary to the

Classification directed by this Act.

shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of the County, carried into Division, City, Town or Place, assembled at any General or Effect. Quarter Sessions, from time to time, with the Consent of the Sheriff of the County for the Time being, signified in Writing under his Hand, to proceed to carry into Effect the Classification and Separation directed by this Act in the whole of such united or contiguous Building or Buildings, instead of in each such House of Correction and Gaol, and to divide the whole of such Building, or united or contiguous Buildings, into such Number of Compartments for the Purpose of such Separation and Classification as would be required under the Regulations of this Act, if the same had been one distinct Gaol or House of Correction; and also at any General or Quarter Sessions from time to time, by their Order or Orders, and with such Consent of the Sheriff as aforesaid, to ascertain and declare what Part or Parts of the same Building, or united or contiguous Buildings, shall be considered as the Gaol, and what Part or Parts thereof respectively shall be considered as the House of Correction, and shall be appropriated to the Confinement of particular Classes and Descriptions of Prisoners, and to direct what Classes and Descriptions respectively shall be confined in each Part or Division of such Building, or united or contiguous Buildings; and all Persons to be committed to or detained in the respective Parts and Divisions so to be ascertained and appropriated of any such Building, or united or contiguous Buildings, to them respectively applicable, shall be deemed and held to be in legal Custody: Provided that Regulation as Prisoners for Debt may be removed to and shall always be confined to Confinement in the Part or Parts of such Building, or united or contiguous Buildings, which shall be so ascertained or be appropriated as and for the Gaol of the County, Division, City, Town or Place; and such Removal shall not be deemed or taken to be an Escape.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Persons re Persons who in pursuance of any such Orders shall be removed moved to Part to, committed to or detained in the Part of such united or conticulared the Gaol guous Buildings, which shall be so declared and ascertained afore- deemed in said to be the Gaol, shall from thenceforth be deemed to be in Custody of the legal Custody of the Sheriff and of the Gaoler appointed Sheriff. by the Sheriff, in the same Manner as if such Person had been committed to the Common Gaol before the passing of this Act: Provided also, that the Sheriff shall not be answerable for the Proviso for safe Custody of any Person who in pursuance of any such Order Sheriff. shall from time to time be removed to, committed to or detained in any Part of such united or contiguous Buildings other than the

Part so ascertained and declared to be the Gaol.

' VII. And Whereas the Practice of committing Vagrants to ' Common Gaols has been attended with much Inconvenience to ' the Classification of Prisoners, and has prevented a Uniformity of Practice in the Management of Prisons; Be it therefore Rogues and enacted, That from and after the First Day of September One Vagationds thousand eight hundred and twenty four, in every County, committed to Riding or Division of a County in England and Wales, and in House of Cor-Riding or Division of a County in England and Wales, and in the several Districts, Cities, Towns or Places to which this Act rection only. shall extend, all idle and disorderly Persons, Rogues and Vagabonds, incorrigible Rogues and other Vagrants, shall be com-4 Geo. IV.

of Prisoners for

of Building de-

A.D. 1623.

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mitted to some House of Correction belonging to such County Riding or Division, District, City, Town or Place respectively and that such House of Correction shall be deemed the only legal Place of Commitment of any such Person in pursuance any Conviction by lawful Authority; any Thing in any Act con tained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Power to Justices to commit to House of Correction of the County, where Person apprebended in

District, &c.

VIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in all Cases when any Person liable by Law to be committed to the House of Ca rection shall be apprehended within any District, City, Town Place mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, and the Inhabitants of any such District, City, Town or Place are shall be contributory to the Support and Maintenance of the He or Houses of Correction of the County, Riding or Division which such District, City, Town or Place is situate, it shall may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of such District, Town or Place, to commit such Person to the House of Co tion of the County, Riding or Division in which such Die City, Town or Place is situate; and every Person so com shall and may be received, detained, dealt with and order he set and kept to Hard Labour or other Work, or converte sent away or discharged, and be subject and liable to the Correction and Punishment, to all Intents and Purposes, committed by any Justice or Justices of the Peace of such Com Riding or Division; and in such Case it shall not be necessit or required that any other House of Correction shall be built maintained in or for such District, City, Town or Place, and

Not necessary to build a House of Correction for any such District, &c.

Inhabitants of such District, City, Town or Place shall not compelled or compellable to the Payment of any Rate or of Money whatever for the building or maintaining of any of House of Correction in or for such District, City, Town or Plan any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any wise withstanding. IX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in

Proviso for Rights of Mayors, &c. having separate Jurisdictions.

Act contained shall extend to take away, lessen, vary, alter affect any Right, Privilege or Franchise, which before the passet of this Act any Mayor, Bailiff or Justice of the Peace for the Time being of any City, Town or Liberty, having a separate Jurisdiction had by Means of any Grant, Charter or special or local M of Parliament, to commit Prisoners to the Gaol or House of Co rection of any County, Riding or Division. ' X. And Whereas it is fit and proper to secure an Uniform

Rules and Regulations to be observed in all Gaols.

of Practice in the Management of the several Prisons to whithis Act shall extend; Be it therefore further enacted. The the following Rules and Regulations shall be observed and carry into Effect in every such Prison in England and Wales. shall be maintained by any County or Riding, or Division County as aforesaid, as a Gaol or House of Correction, and in Gaol and House of Correction of every District, City, Town Place mentioned in the Schedule marked (A.) annexed to Act, and in every united and contiguous Gaol and House, Correction which shall be jointly used in Manner aforesaid the Purposes of this Act, and in every Prison authorized to continued under this Act as aforesaid, in any County or Rid or Division of a County, so far as such Rules may be applicable

or can be applied to the particular Description or Class of Prisoners confined in such Prison:

First: — The Keeper of every such Prison shall reside therein; he shall not be an Under Sheriff or Bailiff, nor shall be concerned in any Occupation or Trade whatsoever; no Keeper or Officer of a Prison shall sell, nor shall any Person in Trust for him or employed by him sell or have any Benefit or Advantage from the Sale of any Article to any Prisoner, nor shall he, directly or indirectly, have any Interest in any Contract or Agreement for the Supply of the Prison.

Second: — A Matron shall be appointed in every Prison in which Female Prisoners shall be confined, who shall reside in the Prison; and it shall be the Duty of the Matron constantly to

superintend the Female Prisoners.

Third: — The Keeper shall, as far as may be practicable, visit every Ward, and see every Prisoner and inspect every Cell Once at least in every Twenty four Hours; and when the Keeper or any other Officer shall visit the Female Prisoners, he shall be accompanied by the Matron, or in Case of her unavoidable Absence, by some Female Officer of the Prison.

Fourth: — The Keeper shall keep a Journal, in which he shall record all Punishments inflicted by his Authority or by that of the Visiting Justices, and the Day when such Punishments shall have taken place and all other Occurrences of Importance within the Prison, in such Manner as shall be directed by the Regulations to be made under this Act; which Journal shall be laid before the Justices at every General or Quarter Sessions, to be signed by the Chairman, in Proof of the same having

been there produced.

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Fifth: — Due Provision shall be made in every Prison for the Enforcement of Hard Labour in the Cases of such Prisoners as may be sentenced thereto and for the Employment of other Prisoners. The Means of Hard Labour shall be provided and the Materials requisite for the Employment of Prisoners shall be purchased, under such Regulations as may be made for that Purpose by the Justices in General or Quarter Sessions assembled. If the Work to be performed by the Prisoners be of such a Nature as to require previous Instruction, proper

Persons shall be appointed to afford the same.

Sixth: — The Male and Female Prisoners shall be confined in separate Buildings or Parts of the Prison, so as to prevent them from seeing, conversing or holding any Intercourse with each other; and the Prisoners of each Sex shall be divided into distinct Classes, Care being taken that Prisoners of the following Classes do not intermix with each other: In Gaols — First, Debtors and Persons confined for Contempt of Court on Civil Process; Second, Prisoners convicted of Felony; Third, Prisoners convicted of Misdemeanors; Fourth, Prisoners committed on Charge or Suspicion of Felony; Fifth, Prisoners committed on Charge or Suspicion of Misdemeanors or for Want of Sureties: In Houses of Correction — First, Prisoners convicted of Felony; Second, Prisoners convicted of Misdemeanors; Third, Prisoners committed on Charge or Suspicion of Felony; Fourth, Prisoners committed on Charge or Suspicion of Felony; Fourth, Prisoners committed on Charge or Suspicion of Felony; Fourth, Prisoners committed on Charge or Suspicion

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cion of Misdemeanors; Fifth, Vagrants. Such Prisoners sare intended to be examined as Witnesses in behalf of the Crown in any Prosecution shall also be kept separate in all Gaols and Houses of Correction.

Justices may authorise Employment of Prisoners in menial Offices. Keeper may confine a Prisoner with another Class till Directions of Visiting Jus-

Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to prevent the Justices from authorizing, at their Discretion, the Employment of any Prisoner in the Performance of any menial Office within the Prison, or for the Purpose of instructing others; and provided also, that if the Keeper shall at any Time deem it improper or inexpedient for a Prisoner to associate with the other Prisoners of the Class to which he or she may belong, it shall be lawful for him to confine such Prisoner with any other Class or Description of Prisoners, or in any other Part of the Prison, until he can receive the Directions of a Visiting Justice thereon, to whom he shall apply with as little Delay as possible, and who in every such Instance shall ascertain whether the Reasons assigned by the Keeper warrant such Deviation from the established Rules, and shall give such Orders in Writing as he shall think fit, under the Circumstances of the particular Case.

Seventh: - Female Prisoners shall in all Cases be attended by

Female Officers.

Eighth: — Every Prisoner sentenced to Hard Labour shall, unless prevented by Sickness, be employed so many Hours in every Day, not exceeding Ten, exclusive of the Time allowed for Meals, as shall be directed by the Rules and Regulations to be made under this Act, except on Sundays, Christmas Day, and Good Friday, and on any Days appointed by public Authority for Fasting or Thanksgiving.

Ninth: - Prayers, to be selected from the Liturgy of the Church of England by the Chaplain, shall be read at least every Morning by the Chaplain, the Keeper, or by some other Person, as by the Rules and Regulations shall be directed; and Portions of the Scriptures shall be read to the Prisoners, when assembled for Instruction, by the Chaplain, or by such Person

as he may appoint or authorize.

Tenth: - Provision shall be made in all Prisons for the Instruction of Prisoners of both Sexes in Reading and Writing, and that Instruction shall be afforded under such Rules and Regulations, and to such Extent, and to such Prisoners, as to the Visiting

Justices may seem expedient.

Eleventh: — Prisoners under Charge or Conviction of any Crime shall attend Divine Service on Sundays, and on other Days when such Service is performed, unless prevented by Illness or by other reasonable Cause, to be allowed by the Keeper, or unless their Attendance shall be dispensed with by One of the Visiting Justices.

Twelfth: — No Prisoner shall be put in Irons by the Keeper of any Prison, except in case of urgent and absolute Necessity; and the Particulars of every such Case shall be forthwith entered in the Keeper's Journal, and Notice forthwith given thereof to One of the Visiting Justices; and the Keeper shall not continue the Use of Irons on any Prisoner longer than Four Days, with out an Order in Writing from a Visiting Justice, specifying the Case thereof; which Order shall be preserved by the Keeper, as his Warrant for the same.

Ninteenth: - Every Prisoner maintained at the Expence of any-County, Riding, Division, City, Town or Place, shall be allowed sufficient Quantity of plain and wholesome Food, to be regulated by the Justices in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, Regard being had (so far as may relate to convicted Prisoners) to the Nature of the Labour required from or performed by such Prisoners, so that the Allowance of Food may be duly apportioned thereto. And it shall be lawful for the Justices to order for such Prisoners of every Description, as are not she to work, or being able cannot procure Employment suf-lisent to sustain themselves by their Industry, or who may the otherwise provided for, such Allowance of Food, as the Justices shall from time to time think necessary for the pport of Health. Prisoners under the Care of the Surgeon be allowed such Diet as he may direct. Care shall be taken that all Provisions supplied to the Prisoners be of proper Cashiy and Weight. Scales and legal Weights and Measures hall be provided, open to the Use of any Prisoners, under ach Restrictions as shall be made by the Regulations of each

teenth: - Prisoners who shall not receive any Allowance from the County, whether confined for Debt or before Trial, may supposed Crime or Offence, shall be allowed to procure In themselves, and to receive at proper Hours, any Food, Beding, Clothing or other Necessaries, subject to a strict Examination, and under such Limitations and Restrictions, to be rescribed by the Regulations to be made in Manner directed y this Act, as may be reasonable and expedient, to prevent Extravagance and Luxury within the Walls of a Prison; all Articles of Clothing and Bedding shall be examined, in order that it may be ascertained that such Articles are not likely to communicate Infection or facilitate Escape.

Meenth: - No Prisoner who is confined under the Sentence of my Court, nor any Prisoners confined in pursuance of any Conviction before a Justice, shall receive any Food, Clothing or Mecessaries, other than the Gaol Allowance, except under such Regulations and Restrictions as to the Justices in General or Quarter Sessions assembled may appear expedient, with reference to the several Classes of Prisoners, or under special Circumstances, to be judged of by One or more of the Visiting Justices,

inteenth: - Due Provision shall be made for the Admission, at Proper Times and under proper Restrictions, of Persons with whom Prisoners committed for Trial may desire to communicate; and such Rules and Regulations shall be made, by the Justices in General Quarter Sessions assembled, for the Admission of the Friends of convicted Prisoners, as to such Justices may seem expedient; and the Justices shall also impose such Restrictions upon the Communication and Correspondence of all such Prisoners with their Friends, either within without the Walls of the Prison, as they shall judge necessary for the Maintenance of good Order and Discipline in such

Seventeenth: - The Surgeon shall examine every Prisoner who shall be brought into the Prison, before he or she shall be passed into the proper Ward; and no Prisoner shall be discharged from Prison if labouring under any acute or dangerous Distemper, nor until, in the Opinion of the Surgeon, sed Discharge is safe, unless such Prisoner shall require to be the charged. The Wearing Apparel of every Prisoner shall be fumigated and purified, if requisite, after which the same shall be the be returned to him or her, or in case of the Insufficiency such Clothing, then other sufficient Clothing shall be fumis according to the Rules and Regulations of the Prison; bat Prisoner before Trial shall be compelled to wear a Prison Des unless his or her own Clothes be deemed insufficient or proper, or necessary to be preserved for the Purposes Justice; and no Prisoner who has not been convicted of Fally shall be liable to be clothed in a Party coloured Dress: it be deemed expedient to have a Prison Dress for Prison not convicted of Felony, the same shall be plain.

Eighteenth: — Every Prisoner shall be provided with small Bedding; and every Male Prisoner with a separate Bed Hammock or Cot, either in a separate Cell, or in a Cell with all less than Two other Male Prisoners.

Nineteenth: — The Walls and Ceilings of the Wards, Cells, Rome and Passages used by the Prisoners throughout every Prisoners throughout every Prisoners throughout every Prisoners throughout every Prisoners that I be scraped and Lime washed at least Once in the Yeart the Day Rooms, Work Rooms, Passages and Sleeping Companies and Sleeping Companies. Convenient Places for the Prisoners to wash them selves shall be provided, with an adequate Allowance of Some Towels and Combs.

Twentieth; — All Prisoners shall be allowed as much Air set Exercise as may be deemed proper for the Preservation their Health.

Twenty first: — No Tap shall be kept in any Prison; nor shall be prisoners therein, under any Pretence whatever, unless by a written Order of the Surgeon, specifying the Quantity and for whose Use. No Wine, Beer, Cider or other fermented Liquors shall be admitted for the Use of any Prisoners, except in such Quantities, in such Manner and at such Times is shall be allowed by the Rules hereafter to be made in pursuance of this Act.

Twenty second: — No Gaming shall be permitted in any Prison: and the Keeper shall seize and destroy all Dice, Cards or other Instruments of Gaming.

Twenty third: — No Money under the Name of Garnish shall be taken from any Prisoner on his or her Entrance into the Prison under any Pretence whatever.

Twenty fourth: — Upon the Death of a Prisoner, Notice thereof shall be given by the Keeper forthwith to One of the Visiting Justices, as well as to the Coroner of the District, and to the nearest Relative of the Deceased, where practicable.

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XI. And be it further enacted, That in case the Coroner shall No Prisoner to hold an Inquest on the Body of any Prisoner who shall have died sit on an Inwithin the Prison, none of the Prisoners confined in that Prison quest,

shall be a Juror on such Inquest.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Court of Alder-Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, so far as men in London respects the Prisons within the said City and Liberties thereof, tices in Sessions and for Five Justices of the Peace in General or Quarter Sessions for other Places, assembled, of each County, Riding or Division of a County, or may make Reof any District, City, Town or Place to which this Act shall ex- gulations. tend, so far as respects the Prisons within their respective Jurisdictions, to make such further and additional Rules for the Government of such Prisons respectively, and for the Duties to be performed by the Officers of the same, as to them may seem expedient; provided, that no such further or additional Rules shall In London and be enforced, until the same shall have been submitted, in London Middlesex and and Middlesex, to the Two Chief Justices, and elsewhere to the Justices of Gaol Delivery or of Great Sessions respectively, at mitted to some Gaol Delivery or Great Sessions to be held after the making Judges herein such Rules, and until such Chief Justice or Justices of Gaol named. Delivery or of Great Sessions respectively, shall have subscribed a Certificate or Declaration that they do not see any Thing contrary to Law therein: Provided always, that all such Rules and Regulations shall be consistent with and conformable to the Rules and Regulations in this Act contained: And the Justices in Copies of Rules General or Quarter Sessions assembled shall and they are hereby put up in Prirequired from time to time to cause Copies of so much of the sons. Rules of each Prison as relates to the Treatment and Conduct of Prisoners confined therein, to be printed in legible Characters, and to be fixed up in conspicuous Parts of every Prison, so that every Prisoner may be enabled to have Access thereto; and all How far Rules Rules and Regulations made and approved pursuant to the binding on Directions of this Act shall be binding upon the Sheriffand upon Sheriffand. all other Persons; provided, that no such Rules shall be so construed as to interfere with the Right or Duty of the Sheriff to appoint or remove any Keeper of a County Gaol or other Prison subject to the Authority of such Sheriff.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all the Powers Powers of Sesand Authorities given by this Act to Justices of the Peace in sions exercised in London by Court of Alderand all other Acts to be done and performed by Justices of the men, &c. Peace at any Sessions in pursuance of this Act, shall be exercised and performed, so far as regards the Prisons in the City of London and Liberties thereof, by the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City, as heretofore has been accustomed, and not by the said Mayor and Aldermen as Magistrates at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the said City; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in

any wise notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Gaoler and Keeper Gaolers to atof every Gaol and House of Correction, maintained at the Expence of any County, or of any such Riding or Division of a
County as aforesaid, in *England* and *Wales*, or maintained by any
District, City, Town or Place specified in the Schedule to this
Act, and future

Act Quarter Ses

A.D. 1823.

sions, to report on actual State of Prisons, &c.

C. 64.

Act annexed marked (A.), shall make a Report in Writing, of the actual State and Condition of every such Gaol and House of Correction, and of the Number and Description of Prisoners confined therein, to the Justices at the several General or Quarter Sessions to be holden next after the Commencement of the Act, and at every ensuing General or Quarter Sessions in even such County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place; shall at every such General or Quarter Sessions attend and gi Answer, upon Oath, to all such Inquiries as shall be made in

the Justices at such Sessions, with respect to the State and Co dition of every such Gaol and House of Correction, and of the

Prisoners confined therein, and with respect to any other Matter and Things relating to the said Gaol and House of Corrects respecting which such Justices shall deem it necessary to a any Inquiry for the Purpose of proceeding and continuing carry this Act into Execution, and of ascertaining how far ex such Gaol and House of Correction is capable of affording

Means of the Classification required by this Act.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Chairman

Copies of Pro ceedings and Regulations of Justices, and Plans of Pri-

sons to be transmitted to Se-

eretary of State.

Michaelmas Quarter Sessions of the Peace, which shall is next after the Commencement of this Act, for every 0 Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place to which Act shall extend, shall transmit, within Fourteen Days after Termination of such Session, to ()ne of His Majesty's Princi Secretaries of State, a true and correct Account of their Property ings at such Sessions for carrying this Act into Effect, and almit Copy of all such Rules and Regulations as shall be then in form for the Government of every Prison within the Jurisdiction of Justices assembled at such Sessions, and shall also transmit at the

same Time, or within Three Months afterwards, to such Secrets of State, Plans of all such Prisons, drawn upon a Scale of On sixteenth of an Inch to a Foot; and the said Copies and Plan shall be carefully preserved in the Office of such Secretary State; and the Chairman of every such succeeding Michael Quarter Sessions shall transmit, within Fourteen Days after the Termination of such Michaelmas Quarter Sessions, a true and con

rect Copy of all such Additions to such Rules and Regulations, Alterations made therein, as shall have been duly sanctioned since the preceding Michaelmas Quarter Sessions, together with Plans on the Scale above mentioned, of any Additions to the Building

of such Prison, or Alterations made in the Construction thered

during the same Period.

Visiting Justices appointed by Sessions.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Justices in every County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place, to which this Act shall extend, at the General or Quarter Sessions next after the Commencement of this Act, and at every ensuing Gene ral or Quarter Sessions, shall and they are hereby required to nominate Two or more Justices who shall consent thereto, to be Visitors of each Gaol and House of Correction within their Juris-

Duties of such Visitors.

diction, and to report the Names and Places of Abode of such Visiting Justices to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and One or more of the Visiting Justices so appointed shall personally visit and inspect each Prison at least Three Times in each Quarter of a Year, and oftener if Occasion shall require, and shall examine into the State of the Buildings, so as to form a

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Judgment as to the Repairs, Additions or Alterations which may appear necessary, strict Regard being had to the Classification, Inspection, Instruction, Employment or Hard Labour, required by this Act, and shall further examine into the Behaviour and Conduct of the respective Officers, and the Treatment, Behaviour and Condition of the Prisoners, the Means of setting them to work, the Amount of their Earnings and the Expences attending the Prison, and of all Abuses within the same, and in Matters of pressing Necessity, and within the Powers of their Commission as Justices, shall take Cognizance thereof, and proceed to regulate and redress the same; and if the said Visitors shall at any Time Visitors may observe, or be satisfactorily informed of any extraordinary Dili- recommend gence or Merit in any Prisoners under their Inspection, they shall offenders to report the same to the Justices of Peace for the County, Riding, Sessions on account of good Division, District, City, Town or Place, at their next or any sub-Conduct. sequent General or Quarter Session to be holden for the County or Place in which such Prison is situate, in order that such Justices may, if they shall think proper, recommend any such Offender to the Royal Mercy, in such Degree or upon such Terms as to them shall seem meet; and if His Majesty shall thereupon be Allowance to graciously pleased to shorten the Duration of such Prisoner's Consuch Offenders finement, such Prisoner shall, upon his or her Discharge, together on their Discharge. with necessary Clothing, receive such Sum of Money for his or her charge. Subsistence, as the Visiting Justices for the Time being shall think proper; so as such Sum shall not exceed Twenty Shillings, nor be less than Five Shillings, in case such Offender shall have been confined for the Space of One Year, and so in Proportion for any shorter Term of Confinement: and such Sums of Money, as also the Expence of such Clothing, shall be paid out of the County Rate, or other Rate applicable to the Expences of Prisons. XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for any County, Riding or Division, District, City, Town or Place, at his own free Will and
Pleasure, and without being appointed a Visitor, to enter into
Visitor, may
Visit the Prison and examine any Prison of such County, Riding, Division, District, and report City, Town or Place, at such Time or Times and so often as he Abuses to Secshall see fit, and if he shall discover any Abuse or Abuses therein, sions. he is hereby required to report them in Writing at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or adjourned Sessions, which shall be holden for such County, Riding or Division, District, City, Town or Place; and then and so often as a Report Proceedings of any Abuse or Abuses in any such Prison shall be made by the thereon. Visiting Justices, or either of them, or by any other Justice of the Peace for such County, Riding or Division, District, City, Town or Place, the Abuse or Abuses so reported shall be taken into immediate Consideration by the Justices of the Peace for such County, Riding or Division, District, City, Town or Place, at the General or Quarter Sessions at which such Report shall be made; and they are hereby required to adopt the most effectual

as soon as the Nature of the Case will allow.
XVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing herein How far Power contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or of Justices may

Measures for inquiring into and rectifying such Abuse or Abuses

empower extend as to In-

tercourse with Prisoners when they are committed to close Confinement.

490

empower any Visiting or other Justice of the Peace to come or hold any Intercourse or Communication, except as herein mentioned, with any Person who may be committed by lawful thority to any such Gaol or other Prison, there to be kept in and close Confinement; but that, nevertheless, it shall and be lawful for any Visiting Justice, so appointed as aforest visit and inspect, at all Times when he shall think proper Apartment or Place in which such Person shall be kept or fined in any Prison, and also to see such Person, and to he receive any Representation from him or her as to his of Treatment in such Prison, and to enquire and examine the same; any Thing herein contained to the contrary the notwithstanding.

Returns to be made at the several Assizes by Keepers of Prisons of the Persons sentenced to Hard Labour.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Keeper of Gaol and House of Correction, to which this Act shall shall, previously to the First Day of every Assizes, Great & or Sessions of Gaol Delivery, make out a true and just Ref Writing of all Persons in his Custody who have been and to Hard Labour by the Court at any previous Assima Sessions or Sessions of Gaol Delivery, specifying in sub the Manner in which such Sentences have been carried cution, the particular Species of Labour in which such Pri have been employed, and the average Number of Housing for which such Persons so sentenced have been kept to which Return shall be signed by such Keeper, and also at least of the Visiting Justices, who shall add thereto such servations as the Case and Circumstances may appear to h require; and such Return shall be delivered to the Justin Assize and Gaol Delivery, and of Great Sessions, and shall kept and filed by the proper Officer amongst the Records of Court.

Filed as of Record.

> XX. And be it further enacted, That the Keeper of Prison within England and Wales, having the Custody of Prison charged with Felony, shall, on the Second Day next after Termination of every Session of the Peace, Session of Over Terminer, or Session of Gaol Delivery, Great Session or d Session held for the Trial of Prisoners being in such Pri whether such Session shall be held under any Commission, « virtue of any Charter or Prescription, transmit by the Post that Day to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of St a Calendar containing the Names, the Crimes and the Senter of every Prisoner tried at such Session, and distinguishing. respect to all Prisoners capitally convicted, such of them # ... have been reprieved by the Court, and stating the Day on whi Execution is to be done upon those who have not been prieved; and that whenever the Court shall adjourn for any look. Time than One Week, the Day upon which the Adjournment shall be made shall be deemed the Termination of the Session within the Meaning of this Act; and every Keeper of any suc Prison, who shall neglect or refuse to transmit such Calenda or shall wilfully transmit a Calendar containing any file o imperfect Statement, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sur

List of Prisoners tried for Felony to be transmitted to Secretary of State by the Keeper of every Prison.

Penalty 201.

of Twenty Pounds.

XXI. And, for the better ensuring the strict Observance of the Keeper to de-Rules and Regulations to be made for the Government of the liver to Quarter Rules and Regulations to be made for the Government of the Prisons to which this Act shall extend, be it enacted, That at tificate how far each Quarter Sessions of the Peace, the Keeper of every Prison Rules have within the Jurisdiction of the Court holding such Session shall been observed. and is hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered to such Court, a Certificate, signed by himself, which Certificate shall contain a Declaration how far the Rules laid down for the Government of his Prison have been complied with, and shall point out any and every Deviation therefrom which may have taken place; and if any Keeper of a Prison shall neglect to deliver, Penalty 101. or cause to be delivered, such Certificate as aforesaid, he shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That One Week before the Keeper to make Michaelmas Session in every Year, the Keeper of every Prison to Return to Clerk which this Act shall extend shall make up a Return of the State of the Peace, &c. of his Prison for the Year then ending, in the Form contained in previous to Mithe Schedule annexed to this Act, marked (B.), and shall deliver sions the same, or cause the same to be delivered, to the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, for the Use of the Justices assembled at such Quarter Session.

Gaol to Quarter

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That at every General or Visiting Ma-Quarter Sessions, the Visiting Justices shall make a Report in gistrates to re-Writing of the State and Condition of each Prison within their port State of Jurisdiction, of what Repairs, Additions or Alterations shall have Sessions. been made or may be required, and of any Abuse or Abuses which they may have observed, or of which they may have received Information, in the Management of the Prison, as well as of the general State of the Prisoners, as to Morals, Discipline, Employment and Hard Labour, and Observance of Rules; and the Justices assembled at such Sessions shall proceed to consider every such Report, and to act forthwith as they may see Oc-

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That a General Report, A General founded on the Report of the Visiting Justices, on the Report to be of the Chaplain or Chaplains, and on the Certificates of the forwarded annually to Secretary of State to the Peace and submitted to the Justices assembled at every large of State to the Peace, and submitted to the Justices assembled at every be laid before Michaelmas Quarter Sessions; and when approved by the Justices Parliament. at such Sessions, such Report shall be signed by the Chairman of such Sessions, and shall be by him transmitted (together with a Copy of the Schedule (B.) delivered by the Gaoler) to one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; a Copy of which Report, with the said Schedule attached to it, shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within One Month next ensuing, if Parliament shall be sitting, or within One Month after the Time when Parliament shall next sit.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Quarter Seslawful for the Justices assembled at the General or Quarter Ses- sions may apsions, and they are hereby empowered and required, to nominate point Keepers and appoint such Keepers, Matrons, Taskmasters, Schoolmasters and other Officers, as to them may seem expedient, for every Prison within their Jurisdiction to which this Act shall extend, except the Keeper of the Common Gaol; and to remove, as Occasion

Women not to be Keepers of certain Gaols. Quarter Sessions to fix Salaries of Keepers, &c.

Gaoler may be superannuated, and allowed a Pension.

Proviso as to Amount.

When Keeper &c. shall be removed, resign or die, Two Justices may proceed as berein mentioned,

Occasion may require, all Officers so by them nominated ad appointed: Provided always, that no Woman shall be Keeper of

any Prison in which Male Prisoners are confined.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices assembled at the General or Quarter Sessions, and they are hereby empowered, to fix Salaries and Allowances, to such Amount, and subject to such Conditions to them shall seem meet, for the Keeper of the Common Gaol, and for every Keeper, Matron, Taskmaster, Schoolmaster and Officer of each Gaol and House of Correction within their Jurisdiction; and to order such Salaries, and the Expence of such Allowances, to be paid out of the Rate lawfully applicable thereto; and the Salaries and Allowances so fixed, to alter, reduce, augment, supend or stop from time to time, as Occasion shall require: And in case any Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison shall, from confirmed Sickness, Age or Infirmity, become incapable of executing the Office in Person, the Justices of the Peace at any General or Quarter Sessions of the County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place respectively, shall take the Circumstances of the Case into their Consideration; and if such Justices shall deem it expedient, they are hereby empowered to grant to such Gaole or Keeper such an Annuity as they in their Discretion shall think proportioned to the Merits and Time of his Service, and my order the Payment thereof out of the Rates lawfully applicable to the building or repairing of such Gaols and Prisons: Provided always, that the annual Amount paid by way of Superannuation or Allowance to any retired Keeper of any Prison shall not exceed the Amount of Two Thirds of the Salary fixed for the succeeding Keeper of such Prison.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Keeper or any other Officer of any Common Gaol or other Prison w which this Act shall extend, shall be removed from or resign his or her Office, or shall depart this Life, every Keeper or other Officer so removed or resigning, and his or her Family, and the Family of every such deceased Keeper or other Officer, shall forthwith quit the Possession of the House or Apartments in which he, she or they shall have previously resided by virtue of such Office; and that if any Keeper or other Officer so removed or resigning, or any Members of the Family of any Keeper or other Officer so removed, resigning or departing this Life, shall refuse or neglect to quit such Possession for Forty eight Hours after Notice given to him, her or them, in Writing, by the Under Sheriff, or other Officer appointed by the Sheriff, in case the House or Apartments of which Possession shall be required shall be in the Common Gaol, and by the Clerk of the Peace in case such House or Apartments shall be in any House of Correction, any Two Justices, upon Proof made before them of such Removal, Resignation or Death, and of the Service of such Notice, and of such Neglect or Refusal to comply therewith, may, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, direct the Sheriff of the County, or other Officer having the Return of Writs, to eject such Keeper, or the Family of such Keeper, out of such House or Apartments, and the Sheriff or such other Officer shall accordingly

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clear the Possession thereof in like Manner as upon a Writ of Habere facias Possessionem.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices assem- Quarter Sesbled in General or Quarter Sessions shall and they are hereby sions may aprequired from time to time to nominate for each Prison within point a Chaplain their Jurisdiction, to which this Act shall extend, a Clergyman to each Prison. of the Church of England to be Chaplain thereof; and the said Justices may, if it seem to them expedient, nominate the same Clergyman to be and officiate as Chaplain to any Two Prisons situate within a convenient Distance from each other; and the His Salary. said Justices are hereby authorized to appoint a Salary to be paid to the Clergyman so nominated Chaplain as aforesaid, out of the County Rate, or Rate lawfully applicable to the Maintenance of such Prisons; and the Amount of Salary shall be regulated in the following Manner; videlicet, where the Chaplain shall be appointed to One Prison only, and the Number of Prisoners, including Debtors, which the said Prison is calculated to receive does not exceed Fifty, then the Salary to be paid to him shall not be more than One hundred and fifty Pounds; where the Chaplain shall be appointed to One Prison only, and the Number of Prisoners, including Debtors, which the said Prison is calculated to receive does not exceed One hundred, then the Salary shall not be more than Two hundred Pounds; where the Chaplain shall be appointed to One Prison only, calculated to contain more than One hundred Prisoners, including Debtors, the Salary shall not be more than Two hundred and fifty Pounds; and where the Chaplain shall be appointed to One Prison only, calculated to contain more than Two hundred, or where the Chaplain shall be appointed to Two Prisons, whatever the Number of Prisoners such Two Prisons may be calculated to contain, it shall be lawful for the Justices to appoint the Salary at their Discretion, with reference to the Duties to be performed: Provided also, that when any Two or more Prisons shall be under How far the Custody of one and the same Keeper, they shall be considered Two Prisons as one Prison, with reference to the Duties and Salary of the having One Chaplain: Provided also, that in case of Sickness or necessary Engagement, the Chaplain shall appoint a Clergyman to be his sidered as One. Substitute for the Occasion, such Substitute being approved of by the Visiting Justices; and the Name and Residence of such Substitute shall be specified in the Chaplain's Journal.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Clergyman so no- Clergyman not minated shall officiate in any Prison until he shall have obtained to officiate till a Licence for that Purpose from the Bishop of the Diocese licensed by the wherein the Prison is situate, nor for any longer Time than while such Licence shall continue in force; and Notice of every such Nomination shall, within One Month after it shall take place, be transmitted to the Bishop by the Clerk of the Peace or Town.

Clerk.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That every such Chaplain Duties of shall on every Sunday, and on Christmas Day and Good Friday, Chaplain. perform the appointed Morning and Evening Services of the Church of *England*, and preach at such time or times between the Hours of Nine and Five of the Day, as shall be required by the Rules and Regulations to be made as directed by this Act;

Keeper, con-

C. 64.

and shall catechise or instruct such Prisoners as may be wi to receive Instruction; and shall likewise visit the Prison on other Days, and perform such other Duties as shall be re by the Rules and Regulations to be made as directed by the and shall administer the Holy Sacrament of the Lord's Sa such Prisoners as shall be desirous, and as such Chaple deem to be in a proper Frame of Mind to receive the san such Chaplain shall also frequently visit every Room and C the Prison occupied by Prisoners, and shall direct such to be distributed and read, and such Lessons to be tax such Prison, as he may deem proper for the religious and Instruction of the Prisoners therein; and he shall visit the are in solitary Confinement; and it shall be his particular to afford his spiritual Assistance to all Persons under Wan Order for Execution; and he shall have free Access Persons convicted of Murder, any Law, Statute or Usage contrary notwithstanding; except to such Persons as of a religious Persons different from that of the Est Church, who shall have made a Request that a Minister Persuasion shall be allowed to visit them; and every lain shall communicate from time to time to the Visiting any Abuse or Impropriety which may have come to im ledge; and he shall further keep a Journal, in which be enter the Times of his Attendance on the Performance Duty, with any Observations which may occur to him

Journal to be kept by him.

Quarter Sessions may remove Chaplain.

Dissenting Ministers allowed to visit Prisoners.

Power to Quarter Sessions to grant Annuity to any Chaplain incapable from Infirmity, of executing his Office.

Execution thereof, and such Journal shall be kept in the R but shall regularly be laid before the Justices for their Insp at every Quarter Sessions, and shall be signed by the ('ha of the Sessions, in proof of the same having been there produ and if it shall appear to the Justices in General or Quarter Set assembled, that any Chaplain is incompetent to the due Pers ance of his Duties, or is unfit to be continued in his Office, or have refused or wilfully neglected to perform the Duties required of him by the Rules and Regulations to be made as directed this Act, they are hereby empowered to remove him from Office.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Prisoner sh of a religious Persuasion differing from that of the Establish Church, a Minister of such Persuasion, at the special Req of such Prisoner, shall be allowed to visit him or her at P and reasonable Times, under such Restrictions imposed by Visiting Justices as shall guard against the Introduction of proper Persons, and as shall prevent improper Communication XXXII. And be it enacted, That in case any Chaplain shall fill

confirmed Sickness, Age or Infirmity, become incapable of cuting the Office in Person, the Justices of the Peace, at General or Quarter Sessions of the County, Riding, Division, Divis trict, City, Town or Place respectively, shall take the Circulation stances of the Case into their Consideration; and if such Justice shall deem it expedient, they are hereby empowered to given to such Chaplain such Annuity as they in their Discretion shall think proportionate to the Merits and Time of his Services and may order the Payment out of the Rates lawfully applicable to the building and repairing such Gaols and Prisons: Provided always, that the Amount so paid by way of Superannuation or Allowance to any retired Chaplain of any one Prison, shall not exceed the Amount of Two Thirds of the Salary fixed for the

succeeding Chaplain of such Prison.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices in Gene- Appointment ral or Quarter Sessions assembled shall and they are hereby re- of Surgeon. quired from time to time to appoint a Surgeon, being a Member of one of the Royal Colleges of Surgeons, to each of the Prisons within their Jurisdiction to which this Act shall extend; and His Duty. every such Surgeon shall and is hereby required to visit every -Prison to which he shall be so appointed Twice at least in every Week, and oftener if necessary, and to see every Prisoner confined therein, whether Criminal or Debtor, and to report to every General or Quarter Sessions the Condition of the Prison, and the State of Health of the Prisoners under his Care; and he shall Journal to be further keep a Journal, in which he shall enter the Date of every kept by him. Attendance on the Performance of his Duty, with any Observations which may occur to him in the Execution thereof, and shall sign the same with his Name; and such Journal shall be kept in the Prison, but shall regularly be laid before the Justices for their Inspection at every Quarter Sessions, and shall be signed by the Chairman of the Sessions, in proof of the same having been there produced; and it shall and may be lawful for His Salary. the Justices, at every General or Quarter Sessions after such Appointment, to direct a reasonable Sum to be paid as Salary to such Surgeon, and also such Sums of Money as shall be due for Medicines, and other Articles for the Sick.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Book to be Commencement of this Act, there shall be kept in every Prison kept in which to which this Act shall extend, a Book, in which the Chaplain and every other Officer of the said Prisons not residing within lain, &c. to be entered. such Prisons, but attending on or required to attend on such Prison, shall regularly insert the Date of every Visit made by such Chaplain or other such Officer respectively; and every such Entry shall be signed with the Name and in the proper Handwriting of such Chaplain or other Officer respectively, and shall contain such Remarks as may be thought necessary on the Occasion of any such Visit; and every Keeper of every such Prison shall be responsible for the safe Custody of such Book, whole, unmutilated and unaltered, and shall at all Times, when required so to do, produce such Book for Inspection to the Justices at every General or Quarter Sessions, and to the Visiting Justices, or to any Justice of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place wherein such Prison shall be situate; and the Chaplain shall, on every Michaelmas Quarter Sessions, deliver to the Justices a Statement of the Condition of the

Prisoners and his Observations thereupon.

' XXXV. And Whereas Provision is made in this Act for sup-' plying poor Prisoners with Food and Clothing: And Whereas ' Bequests have been made, and Benefactions have been given, ' for supplying such poor criminal Prisoners with these Neces-'saries;' Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful How Bequests for the Justices in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, to and Benefactions may apply such Bequests or Benefactions for the Benefit of such poor Prisoners, be applied.

C. 64.

Prisoners, either by providing them with the Implements of Labour, or with the Means of returning to their own Homes, or in

Jurisdiction of Chief Justices and others to examine into Gifts for Prisoners in London, Middlesex and Surrey, and other Counties, &c.

such Manner as to the Magistrates may appear expedient. XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Chief Justices

of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, and the Chief

Baron of the Court of Exchequer, or any One of them, together

Jurisdiction of Commissioners for charitable Uses.

with the Lord Mayor and Two of the Aldermen, or with Three of the Aldermen of the City of London, for and in respect of the Gaols and Prisons within the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and the said Chief Justices or Chief Baron, or any One of them, with Three Justices of the Peace of the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey respectively, for and in respect of the Gaols and Prisons in the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey, and the Justices of Gaol Delivery and Great Sessions, and the Justices of Peace of every other County, Riding and Division of a County, at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County, Riding or Division respectively, in their respective Jurisdictions, and all Commissioners for charitable Uses. shall do their best Endeavours and Diligence to examine and discover the several Gifts, Legacies and Bequests bestowed and given for the Benefit and Advantages of the poor Prisoners in the several Gaols and Prisons to which this Act shall extend, and to send for any Deeds, Wills, Writings and Books of Account whatsoever, and any Persons concerned therein, and to examine them upon Oath to make true Discovery thereof (and which such Chief Justices, Chief Barons, Justices of Gaol Delivery and Great Sessions, Mayor, Aldermen and Justices of the Peace, have hereby full Power and Authority to do), and to order and settle the Payment, Recovery and Receipt of all such Gifts, Legacies and Bequests, when so discovered and ascertained, in such casy and expeditious Manner, that the Prisoners for the future may not be defrauded, but receive the full Benefit thereof, according to the true Intent of the Donors, or the Provisions of this Act; and that Lists or Tables of such Gifts, Legacies and Bequests, for the Benefit of the Prisoners in every Gaol or Prison respectively, fairly written, shall be registered by the Clerks of the Peace of the respective Counties and Places in the Rolls of their respective Sessions, without Fee or Reward, and Copies thereof shall be hung up in such Gaols and Prisons respectively, in some open Room or Place, to which the Prisoners may have

Lists of Gifts registered, and hung up in Gaols.

Prisoners may inspect same.

> ' XXXVII. And Whereas Persons are often committed to Prison ' for Trial, who are willing to be employed in such Work or Labour ' as can be conveniently executed or done in the Prison to which ' they are so committed, and it is fit that such Persons should be 'so employed rather than that they should be obliged to remain idle during their Confinement:' Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any One or more Visiting Justice or Justices of any Prison to which this Act shall extend, to authorize, by an Order in Writing, the Employment of any such Prisoners, with their own Consent, in any such Work or Labour; and it shall be lawful for the Keeper of such Prison to employ such Prisoner in such Work or Labour accordingly, and to pay to such Prisoners any such Wages or Portion of the same,

Resort as Occasion shall require.

In what Cases Persons committed for Trial may be employed.

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and at such Periods, as shall be directed by such Justice or Justices: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful to place together, on account of such Employment, any Prisoners who would other- Prisoners work-

wise be kept separate under the Provisions of this Act.

' XXXVIII. And Whereas Persons convicted of Offences are ' frequently sentenced to Imprisonment without being sentenced to Hard Labour; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for Two or more Visiting Justices of any Prison, to order that all such Persons confined in such Prison, in pursuance of any Sentence or Conviction, except such Prisoners as shall maintain themselves. shall be set to some Work or Labour not severe: And it is hereby Prisoners able declared, that no such Prisoner, who shall be of Ability to earn, not to and who shall have the Means of earning or of otherwise providing the Support from the ing for his own Subsistence, shall have any Claim to be supported at the Expence of the County, Riding or Division, or by the Sheriff or the Keeper of the Prison; provided that when such Ability shall cease by reason of Sickness, Infirmity, the Want of sufficient Work, or from any other Cause, every such Person shall, during the Continuance of his Inability, receive such Provision and Support as shall be directed for other convicted Prisoners in the same Prison; and the Keeper of every such Prison shall keep an Account of the Work done by every Prisoner so set to work as aforesaid, and shall account to such Prisoner for so much of the net Profits which such Prisoner shall have earned, or for such daily or other Allowance for the Work and Labour done by such Prisoner, as shall be directed either by the Rules and Regulations of such Prison, or in case of no Provision being made on this Head by those Rules and Regulations, then for such Part of the said net Profits, or for such daily or other Allowance as shall be directed by the Visiting Justices, and shall pay the Amount of all Ascu-mulations of such Allowance to such Prisoner at his or her Dis-

charge.

' XXXIX. And Whereas it is desirable that Prisoners discharged with the Means of returning to from Prison should be supplied with the Means of returning to their Families, or to their Place of Settlement, or to some Place of Employment, where they may be engaged in a Life of honest Labour for their Maintenance, and prevented from pursuing evil
Courses; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful For supplying for any One or more of the Visiting Justice or Justices of any Prison to which this Act shall extend, from whence any Prisoner shall be discharged, to direct that such moderate Sum of Money turning to their shall be given and paid to any and every such Prisoner so dis- Home, &c. charged, who shall not have the Means of returning to his or her Family or Place of Settlement, or resorting to any Place of Employment or honest Occupation, as in the Judgment of such Justice or Justices shall be requisite and necessary for such Purpose, under all the Circumstances attending the Case of any such Prisoner; and that such Sum of Money shall be paid by the Keeper of such Prison to or for the Use of such Prisoner, for the Purpose aforesaid; and that all such Sums shall be provided for, either out of such Bequests or Benefactions as aforesaid, or in such Manner as is by this Act directed with respect to the Expence of the Support and Maintenance of the Prisoners in such Prisons

respectively. 4 GEO. IV.

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XL. And

Proviso as to ing together.

Two Visiting Justices may order Prisoners to be employed,

from the

Account of Work done kept by Keeper. Allowance for Work done.

Means of re-

Carrying Spirituous Liquors into Prisons. C. 64.

Punishment

unless Penalty

Gaoler permitting Sale of Spirits.

Penalty 201.

Power of Keeper to inquire into and punish certain Offences. XL. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, in Contrvention of the existing Rules, shall carry or bring, or attempt or endeavour to carry or bring into any Prison to which this Act shall extend, any Spirituous or Fermented Liquor, it shall be lawful for the Gaoler, Keeper, Turnkey or any other of the Assisants to the said Gaoler or Keeper, to apprehend or cause to be apprehended such Offender, and to carry him or her before a Justice of the Peace (who is hereby empowered to hear and determine such Offence in a summary Way), and if he shall lawfully convict such Person of such Offence, he shall forthwith commit such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there

to be kept in Custody for any Time not exceeding Three Months, without Bail or Mainprize, unless such Offender shall immediately pay down such Sum of Money, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, and not less than Ten Pounds, as the Justice shall inpose upon such Offender to be paid, One Moiety to the Informe, and the other Moiety in Aid of the Rate applicable to the Maintenance of such Prison; and if any Justice shall receive Information upon Oath, that any Spirituous or Fermented Liquor is wlawfully kept or disposed of in any Prison, he may enter and search, or issue his Warrant to enter and search for such Liquor; and in case it shall be found, it shall be lawful for the Person so finding to seize the same, and cause it to be disposed of as the Justice shall direct; and if any Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison shall sell, use, lend or give away, or knowingly permit or suffer to be sold, used, lent or given away, in such Prison, or brought into the same, any Spirituous or Fermented Liquor, in Contraventon of the existing Rules of such Prison, he shall for every such Offence, over and above any other Punishment by this Ad enacted, forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the Keeper of every Prison shall have Power to hear all Complaints touching any of the following Offences: (that is to say), Disobedience of any of the Rules of the Prison; Assaults by one Person confined in such Prison upon another, when no dangerous Wound or Bruise is given; profane Cursing and Swearing; any indecent Behavious, and any irreverent Behaviour at Chapel, all of which are declared to be Offences by this Act, if committed by any Description of Prisoners; Absence from Chapel without Leave; Idleness of Negligence in Work, or wilful Mismanagement of it, which are also declared to be Offences by this Act, if committed by any Prisoner under Charge or Conviction of any Crime; and the said Keeps may examine any Persons touching such Offences, and may determine thereupon, and may punish all such Offences by ordering any Offender to close Confinement in the refractory or solitary Cells, and by keeping such Offenders upon Bread and Water only. for any Term not exceeding Three Days.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Crimal Prisoner shall be guilty of any repeated Offence against the Rules of the Prison, or shall be guilty of any greater Offence than the Gaoler or Keeper is by this Act empowered to punish, the said Gaoler or Keeper shall forthwith report the same to the Visiting Justices, or One of them for the Time being; and any One such Justice, or any other Justice acting in and for the County, or

Punishment of refractory Prisoners by Visiting Justices, &c. ١

Riding or Division of a County, or for the District, City, Town or Place to which such Prison belongs, shall have power to inquire upon Oath, and to determine concerning any such Matter so reported to him or them, and to order the Offender to be punished by close Confinement for any Term not exceeding One Month, or by personal Correction in the Case of Prisoners convicted of Felony, or sentenced to Hard Labour.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall Conveying convey or cause to be conveyed into any Prison to which this Act shall extend, any Mask, Vizor or other Disguise, or any Instrument or Arms proper to facilitate the Escape of any Prisoners to escape. and the same shall deliver or cause to be delivered to any Prisoner in such Prison, or to any other Person there, for the Use of any such Prisoner, without the Consent or Privity of the Keeper of such Prison, every such Person shall be deemed to have delivered such Vizor or Disguise, Instrument or Arms, with Intent to aid and assist such Prisoner to escape or attempt to escape; and if any Person shall, by any Means whatever, aid and assist Assisting Priany Prisoner to escape or in attempting to escape from any Prison, soners to escape. every Person so offending, whether an Escape be actually made or not, shall be guilty of Felony, and being convicted thereof, shall be transported beyond the Seas for any Term not exceeding Transportation. Fourteen Years.

XLIV. And, to the Intent that Prosecutions for Escapes, Method of Breaches of Prison, and Rescues, may be carried on with as little Trial and Con-Trouble and Expence as is possible, Be it enacted, That any viction of Of.

Offender escaping, breaking Prison, or being rescued therefrom,

fenders making Fiscape,

Escape, may be tried either in the Jurisdiction where the Offence was com- Rescue, &c. mitted, or in that where he or she shall be apprehended and retaken; and in case of any Prosecution for any such Escape, Attempt to escape, Breach of Prison or Rescue, either against the Offender escaping or attempting to escape, or having broken Prison, or having been rescued, or against any other Person or Persons concerned therein, or aiding, abetting or assisting the same, a Certificate given by the Clerk of Assize or other Clerk of the Court in which such Offender shall have been convicted, shall, together with due Proof of the Identity of the Person, be sufficient Evidence to the Court and Jury of the Nature and Fact of the Conviction, and of the Species and Period of Confinement to which such Person was sentenced.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall appear On Report or at any Time to the Justices at any General or Quarter Sessions of Presentment of the Peace, holden in any County or Riding, or in any such Divi- Insufficiency sion of a County as aforesaid, or in any District, City, Town or Quarter Ses-Place to which this Act shall extend, by any Report made under sions may conthe Provisions of this Act, of the State of any Prison, to such tract for en-Justices at such Sessions, or by any Presentment at any Time larging, buildmade by the Grand Jury at the Assizes, Great Session, Session of ing or repairing Gaol Delivery or Session of the Peace, to be holden for any such County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place, or by any Presentment at any Time made by any Two or more Justices of the Peace in and for the same, and laid before the Justices at such General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, that any Gaol or House of Correction, to which this Act shall extend, within such County, K k 2

Notice thereof in some Newspaper of the County, &c.

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Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place, is insufficient inconvenient, or in want of Repair, or otherwise inadequate to give Effect to the Rules and Regulations prescribed by this Act, a that there is a Necessity for the Erection of any new Gaol. House of Correction; the Justices assembled at such General-Quarter Sessions, or at the General or Quarter Sessions, Adjournment thereof, next after any such Report or Presentant made, shall and they are hereby required to cause Notice to given, Three Times at least, in some public Newspaper circulation within such County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town, Place, of such Report or Presentment having been laid bell such Sessions, and of their Intention to take the same into G sideration at the next ensuing or some subsequent General Quarter Sessions, or Adjournment thereof; and in case the Junt at such lastmentioned Sessions, or the major Part of them, resolve that such Report or Presentment is well founded, shall and may be lawful for such Justices, and they are he required, at the Sessions mentioned in such Notice, or at a sequent Sessions, or Adjournment thereof, with the like to take such Measures, either by Contract or otherwise, appear to them to be requisite and proper, for the altering ing or repairing, or for building or rebuilding any such House of Correction, regard being had, in the case of Contact to the Reasonableness of the Price and Responsibility of the Contact to the Con tractors; and every Contractor shall give sufficient Security! the due Performance of his Contract to the Clerk of the Peas Town Clerk for the County, Riding, Division, District, City, or Place, to be inspected at all reasonable Times by any Justi or by any other Person contributing to the Rate of such Com Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place, without Fee Reward.

4° GEO. IV.

Contractor to give Security.

Quarter Sessions may purchase Houses, &c. for building or enlarging Prisons.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That after such Presents and Notice as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Justi in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, or the major Part them, and they shall have full Power and Authority, to purch any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Wa Watercourses and other Easements, for the Purpose of enlarg or rendering commodious, or for the building or rebuilding Prison, and to direct the Property so purchased to be conver to such Person or Persons as the said Justices shall think fit. trust for the Purpose aforesaid, under the Regulations and Din tions in this Act contained; and such Houses, Buildings, Lon Tenements, Hereditaments, Ways, Watercourses, or other E ments, shall, when enclosed and added to such Prison, be deem and taken to be Parts of such Prison, and to be within the Coun Riding, Division, City, District, Town or Place, to the Use of whi such Prison may be applied, to all Intents and Purposes whater so long as the same shall be used by such County, Riding, Di sion, City, District, Town or Place for the Purpose of this A and no longer.

When Prisons become unsafe Two Justices (One a Visitor)

XLVII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if shall at any Time happen, that any such Gaol or House of Co or inconvenient, rection shall become unsafe or unfit for the Custody of the Pr soners confined therein, between the several Times of holding t

General or Quarter Sessions, it shall and may be lawful for any may order Re-Two or more Justices (one of whom shall be a Visiting Justice pairs, and shall for the Prison) for the County, Riding, Division, District, City, sions. Town or Place, to order such Repairs and Alterations to be immediately done and made, as may be necessary and sufficient for the safe and proper Custody of such Prisoners and the upholding of such Prison; and such Justices shall report the same to the next Court of General or Quarter Sessions to be holden for such County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place; and such Court is hereby authorized to order the Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money as shall have been properly expended in such

Repairs or Alterations as aforesaid.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Gaol, House How far of Correction or other Prison, for any County, Riding or Divi- Gaols, though sion, County of a City, or County of a Town, or for any Town, locally situate Liberty, Soke or Place, not being a County, but having an exclu-out of County, sive Jurisdiction for the Trial of Felonies or Misdemeanors committed therein, which is now built or shall hereafter be built, County, &c. together with the Ground whereon the same shall stand, and every and subject to Court, Yard, Building and Appurtenance thereunto belonging, Jurisdiction of with every Addition that shall hereafter be made thereto, which said Gaol, House of Correction, or other Prison, Court, Yard, Building, Appurtenance or Addition, is or shall be situate within the Limits of any other County, Riding or Division, County of a City, County of a Town, or of any other Town, Liberty, Soke or Place not being a County, but having an exclusive Jurisdiction for the Trial of Felonies or Misdemeanors committed therein, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of the County, Riding or Division, County of a City, County of a Town, or of the Town, Liberty, Soke or Place for which the same shall be used as a Gaol, House of Correction, or other Prison, so long as the same shall be so used, and no longer; and the Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Jurats, Coroners, Constables, and other Officers of such County, Riding or Division, County of a City, County of a Town, or of such Town, Liberty, Soke or Place, for which the same shall be used as a Gaol, House of Correction, or other Prison, shall, during the Time that the same shall be so used, have as full Power and Authority therein, as they would have if the same was not situate within the Limits of such other County, Riding or Division, County of a City, County of a Town, or of such Town, Liberty, Soke or Place; any Charter, Law or Usage to the contray thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That in the altering, enlarg- Plans for Priing, repairing, building or rebuilding of any Gaol or House of sons to provide Correction under this Act, the Justices shall adopt such Plans as separate Places of Confinement, cation, Health, Inspection, Employment and Religious and Moral &c. of Pri-Instruction of the Prisoners; the Building shall be so constructed soners. or applied, and the Keepers' and Officers' Apartments so situated, as may best ensure the Safety of the Prison, and facilitate the Controul and Superintendence of those committed thereto; distinct Wards, and dry and airy Cells shall be provided, in which Prisoners of the several Descriptions and Classes hereinafter enumerated may be respectively confined; and it shall be considered K k 3

sidered as a primary and invariable Rule, that the Male Prisoners shall in all Cases be separated from the Female, so as to prevent any Communication between them: Provision shall be made for the Separation of Prisoners into the following Classes: If a Gaol; First, Debtors and Persons confined for Contempt of Court on Civil Process; Secondly, Prisoners convicted of Felony; Thirdly, Those convicted upon Trial of Misdemeanors; Fourthly, Those committed on Charge or Suspicion of Felony; Fifthly, Those committed on Charge of Misdemeanors, or for Want of Sureties: If a House of Correction; First, Prisoners convicted of Felony; Secondly, Prisoners convicted upon Trial of Misdemeanors; Thirdly, Those committed on Charge or Suspicion of Felony; Fourthly, Those committed on Charge of Misdemeanors; Fifthly, Vagrants: Places of Confinement shall also be set apart in every Gaol and House of Correction for such Prisoners as are intended to be examined as Witnesses in Behalf of the Crown in any Prosecutions, and such further Means of Classification shall be adopted as the Justices shall deem conducive to good Order and Discpline; separate Rooms shall be provided as Infirmaries or Sid Wards for the Two Sexes, and as far as is practicable for the different Description of Prisoners; and warm and cold Baths, or Bathing Tubs, shall be introduced into such Parts of the Prison as may be best adapted for the Use of the several Classes; proper Yards shall be allotted to the different Classes for Air and Exercise, and each Class shall have the Use of a Privy, and be funished with a Supply of good Water; a separate sleeping Cell shall, if possible, be provided for every Prisoner; but as the Nurbers may sometimes be greater than the Prison is calculated to contain, under the Arrangement required by this Act, and as it is expedient that Two Male Prisoners only should never be lodged together, a small Proportion of Cells or Rooms shall be provided for the Reception of Three or more Persons; every Prison shall contain Rooms and Places properly fitted up for the Exercise of Labour and Industry, and also a competent Number of Cells adapted to solitary Confinement, for the Punishment of refractory Prisoners, and for the Reception of such Persons as may by Law be confined therein; a Chapel shall be provided in every Prison. in such a convenient Situation as to be easy of Access to all the Prisoners; it shall be fitted up with separate Divisions for Males and Females, and also for the different Classes; it shall be strictly set apart for Religious Worship, or for the occasional Religious and Moral Instructions of the Prisoners, and shall never be appropriated to or employed for any other Purpose whatsoever; in Cases where the Justices shall deem it necessary that the Chaplain should reside, either occasionally or permanently, within the Prison or near to it, proper Apartments shall be provided therein, or in the Neighbourhood thereof, for his Accommodation.

Sick Wards.

Baths.

Places for Exercise.

Sleeping Cells.

Places for Work.

Solitary Cells.

A Chapel.

Apartments for Chaplain.

Justices may remove Site of Prisons, upon Presentment of State of the old Site.

L. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall be expressly presented that the Place wherein any old Prison is situated is improper, and that the Prison ought to be removed to some other Part of the County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place, or that a new Gaol or House of Correction is necessary, the Justices in their General or Quarter Sessions assembled shall take such Presentment into their Consideration, and if it shall be resolved

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solved by the Justices assembled at Two successive General or Quarter Sessions, or the major Part of them, that such old Prison ought to be removed, or that such new Prison is necessary, it shall be lawful for the Justices so assembled to contract for the building of a new Gaol or House of Correction in any part of the County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place which they may deem most eligible; and whenever the Site of any Prison Sale may be shall be changed, and the old Site shall be no longer necessary for made of old the Purpose of a Prison, it shall be lawful for the Justices so Sites. assembled to make sale thereof, (unless it be the Property of the (Exception.) King's Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or of some private Individual), for the best Price that can be gotten for the same, and to direct the Purchase Money to be paid to the Treasurer of such County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place, and to direct the Trustee of such Lands and Hereditaments, his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, (according to the Tenure thereof), and the Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk, to convey the Inheritance of such Site to the Purchaser; and every such Conveyance, Conveyance. together with the Treasurer's Receipt for the Purchase Money, shall give a good and valid Title to the Purchaser; and the Purchase Money shall be applied by the Treasurer in Aid of the Rate of such County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place; and whenever the Building of any Court of Justice is or shall be Where any so attached to any Prison, as to render it impracticable or incon- Courts of Jusvenient to repair, enlarge, improve or rebuild the said Prison, tice are attached to Prisons, they without also altering or pulling down the Building of the said to Prisons, they may be altered, Court, then and in such Cases it shall be lawful for the Justices in &c. General or Quarter Sessions assembled, to cause such Courts to be altered or pulled down, or to be rebuilt, either on the same or on any other Site, subject to the same Provisions as are by this Act appointed with respect to Gaols.

LL And be it further enacted, That whenever the Justices in Quarter Ses-General or Quarter Sessions assembled shall deem it necessary sions may rethat the Prisoners, or any Part of them, shall be removed from move Prisoners in case of want any House of Correction within their Jurisdiction, in order that of Repair of the same may be repaired improved enlarged or rebuilt. the same may be repaired, improved, enlarged or rebuilt, or on Prison, or of account of any contagious or infectious Disease therein, or of the contagious over-crowded State of such House of Correction, or for any of the Disease, and Purposes of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Justices, by an Order in Writing to be signed by the Chairman of such when the Causo is removed. General or Quarter Sessions, to direct the Keeper of such House of Correction to remove such Prisoners to such other Prison or Place of Confinement within their Jurisdiction as the said Justices shall appoint, and to confine such Prisoners therein during the Time such Necessity shall exist; and that when such House of Correction shall be repaired, enlarged, improved or rebuilt, it shall be lawful for the said Justices, by a like Order in Writing, to direct the said Keeper to remove to the House of Correction so repaired, enlarged, improved or rebuilt; or when such contagious Disease shall have ceased to exist, or the Purposes for which the Prisoners shall have been so removed shall have been answered, to remove back to the House of Correction from whence the Prisoners came all such Prisoners as shall then remain in his Custody; and that if In Case of for any of the Causes above recited, the said Justices so assembled County Gaols

Notice to be

A. D. 1823.

move such Prisoners.

given to Sheriff, as aforesaid shall deem it necessary to remove the Debtors ad other Prisoners from any Common Gaol, the said Justices shall give due and sufficient Notice thereof in Writing to the Sherif of such County, Riding, Division, City or Town, whereupon it shall be lawful for the said Sheriff to remove such Debtors and other Prisoners to such Prison or other Place of Confinement within his Jurisdiction as the Justices with the Consent of the said Sherf shall appoint, and to confine them therein during the Time such Common Gaol shall be repairing, enlarging, improving or rebuiling, or during the Continuance of such contagious Disease a account of which the said Prisoners were removed, or during such Time as shall be requisite for any Purposes of this Ac; and that when such Gaol shall be made fit for the Reception and safe keeping of such Debtors and other Prisoners, then it shall be lawful for the said Sheriff to remove thither all such Prisoners as shall then be in his Custody; and further, if a new Common Gaol shall be erected, or a Prison previously used for other Purposes shall be adapted to the Use of a Common Gaol, and the Justices in General or Quarter Sessions assembled shall, with the Consent of the Sheriff, order and declare that from a Day to be named such new Gaol or Prison newly adapted to such Purpose shall become the Common Gaol, it shall be lawful for the Sheri on that Day, or at any Time thereafter, to remove all Prisoner in his Custody to the lastmentioned Gaol or Prison. LII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any contagious

Disease or other Emergency shall render necessary the immediate

Removal of the Prisoners, or any of them, confined in any Gas

or House of Correction, and that previous thereto it shall be in-

possible to obtain for such Purpose the Order of the Justices "

General or Quarter Sessions assembled, it shall and may be lawfel

for the Visiting Justices of such Prison, and they are hereby powered to issue an Order under their Hands and Seals to the Keeper of every such Prison to remove such Prisoners, or my " them, to such other Prison or other Place of Confinement within

New Gaol, or Prison previously otherwise used, may be declared the County Gaol.

In Cases where immediate Removal of Prisoners is necessary, Visiting Justices empowered to order the same.

Order of Visiting Justices laid before Sessions.

Proviso for Removals of Prisoners from County Gaols.

their Jurisdiction as shall be specified in such Order: LIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every such Removal shall be subject to all such Restrictions as to its Durtion as is hereby required and directed, and that every such Order of Visiting Justices shall be laid before the Justices assembled at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held next after such Order shall have been made: Provided also that the Prisoners confined in any Common Gaol of any County City, Town or Place, shall not be removed without the Consent of the Sheriff of such County, City, Town or Place: Provided also, that no Removal, made under the Authority of this Act, shall be deemed or taken to be an Escape; and that nothing herein contained shall extend to discharge the Sheriff or other Officer from being answerable for the actual Escape of any Prisoner in his Custody.

When Amount of Estimate for building, &c. exceeds One Half of the annual County

LIV. And be it further enacted, That when it shall appear that the Amount of any Estimate approved by the Justices, for the building or rebuilding, repairing or enlarging any Gaol or House of Correction, under the Powers of this Act, shall exceed One Half of the Amount of the ordinary annual Assessment for the Rate ٠.

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Rate of any County or Riding, or of any such Division of a Rate, such County as aforesaid, or of any District, City, Town or Place, County Rate (such ordinary Assessment to be taken on an Average of such Rate for the last Seven Years preceding,) it shall and may be gaged. lawful for the Justices, in Quarter Sessions assembled, from time to time to borrow and take up on Mortgage of such Rate, by Instrument in the Form contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (C.), or to the like effect, any Sum of Money not exceeding the Amount of such Estimate, in Sums not less than Fifty Pounds, nor exceeding One hundred Pounds each, at Interest, as to the said Justices shall appear necessary and expedient for the Purposes aforesaid, and to secure every such Sum of Money so borrowed upon the Credit of the said Rate; and it Such Security shall and may be lawful for the Justices so assembled, and they transferable. are hereby authorized to treat and agree with any Person for the Loan of any such Sums of Money, and by their Order to confirm every such Agreement; and every such Agreement, signed by the Chairman and Two or more other Justices present at the Time of making such Order, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be effectual for securing to the Person so advancing any such Sum of Money every such Sum, with the Interest for the same, on such Terms as in and by such Agreement shall be stipulated; and Copies or Extracts of all such Agreements shall be kept with the Clerk of the Peace; and it shall and may be lawful for every Person who shall be entitled to the Money thereby secured, and such Person is hereby empowered (by indorsing his Name on the Back of such Security) to transfer the same, and his Right to the Principal Money and Interest thereby secured, unto any other Person; and every such Assignee may in like Manner transfer the same again, and so toties quoties; and the Person to whom such Security or any such Assignment thereof shall be made, and his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall be Creditors upon the said Rate in an equal Degree one with another, and shall not have any Preference with respect to the Priority of any Monies so advanced.

LV. And be it further enacted, That the said Justices shall Quarter Sesand they are hereby authorized and required to charge the Rate sions may to be raised upon such County, Riding, Division, District, City, Charge County
Town or Place, not only with the Interest of the Money so
borrowed, but also with the Payment of such further Sum as shall

the Payment of Such further Sum as shall ensure the Payment of the Whole of the Sum borrowed within 14 Years, with Fourteen Years from the Time of borrowing the same: and such Interest. Sums shall be assessed on the County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place, in such Manner as County Rates are directed to be assessed by the Laws now in being, and paid and applied under the Direction of the Justices, in Discharge of the Interest and of so many of the Principal Sums on the said Securities, as such Money will extend to discharge in each Year, until the Whole of the Money for which such Securities shall be made and the Interest thereof, shall be fully paid and discharged; and the Justices are required to fix One or more Day or Days and the Justices are required to fix One or more Day or Days. in each Year on which such Payment shall be made, and shall make Orders for Assessments in due Time, so as to provide for the regular Payment thereof; and they are hereby required to appoint

Books to be kept of Receipts and Payments. C. 64.

Persons appointed in respect thereof neglecting Duty.
Penalty.

Bodies Politic, &c. empowered to sell and convey Lands.

Where Crown Lands are necessary, Treasury may convey the same.

The like as to Duchy of Lancaster and Cornwall.

3 G.4. c.78.

appoint a proper Person to keep an exact and regular Account of all the Receipts and Payments, under the Authority of this Act, in a Book or Books, separate and apart from other Accounts. and the same to adjust and settle in such Manner that it may easily be seen what Interest is growing due, and what principal Money has been discharged, and what remains due; and the Book or Books so adjusted and settled to deliver into Court # every General or Quarter Sessions to be held for such County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place; and the Justics shall and they are required, at every such Sessions, carefully to inspect all such Accounts, and to make Orders for carrying the several Purposes of this Act into Execution, in such Manner as to them shall seem meet; and if at any Time it shall appear to the Justices, that the Person so appointed has neglected such Order, and has not duly and without Delay applied the Money in his Hands to the Purposes hereby directed, such Person shall forfer Half the Amount of the Money which shall not have been applied to the Purposes of this Act; and the Justices so assembled a Sessions as aforesaid shall direct in what Order such Securities shall be discharged, by drawing Lots or otherwise, as they shall think fit, taking care to discharge in the first Place all such Securities as shall bear the highest Rate of Interest.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the King's Most Excellent Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and for all Bodies Politic and Corporate, and also for all Guardians, Committees, Husbands, Trustees and Attornis of all Persons being Infants, Lunatics, Idiots, under Coverture, or any other Disability, and also for all other Persons who are or shall be seised, possessed of, or interested in any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges which shall be deemed necessary for the Purposes of this Act, to contract or agree for, and to sell, convey and assure such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements and Privileges, unto such Person as shall be named by the Justices at General or Quarter Sessions, in trust and for the Purpose of erecting new Prisons or of enlarging old ones, and the Yards, Courts and Outlets thereunto belonging; and all such Contract Agreements, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances shall be valid and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; any

Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. LVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Lands or Hereditaments of the King's Majesty shall be requisite, and shall be contracted for, to be used for the Purposes aforesaid, the same, if held by the King's Majesty, His Heirs or Successors in the Right of His or their Royal Crown, shall and may be legally conveyed by an Instrument, under the Hands and Seals of the Lord High Treasurer, or of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or of any Three of them, and if Parcel of the Duchy of Lancaster, by an Instrument under the Hand and Seals of the Chancellor of the same Duchy, and if Parcel of the Duchy of Cornwall, by an Instrument under the Hands and Seals of the Officers of the same Duchy, authorized to grant Lesses under am Act of the last Session of Parliament, intituled An Act to enable His Majesty to make Leases, Copies and Grants of Offices, Lands

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Lands and Hereditaments, Parcel of the Duchy of Cortiwall, or annexed to the same, or any Two of such Officers.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any such If Parties re-Corporation, Guardian, Committee, Trustee or Attorney, or other fuse to treat, Person interested in any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, &c. Value of Premises to be settled by a settled by a or House of Correction, which shall be deemed necessary for Jury. the Purposes of enlarging or rendering more commodious any such Gaol or House of Correction, upon Notice in Writing to him, her or them given, or left at the Place or Places of Abode of such Person or Persons, or of the Principal Officer or Officers of such Corporation, shall, for the Space of Twenty one Days after such Notice so given or left, neglect or refuse to treat, or shall refuse to accept such Price as shall be offered by the Justices or their Agent, or shall otherwise not agree for the Sale of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges; and whenever by reason of Absence or Incapacity. Notice to be any Person shall be prevented from treating for such Sale, then given by and in every such Case the Justices at the General or Quarter Sessions next after the Termination of such Twenty one Days, into Consideror at an Adjournment thereof, shall and they are hereby re- ation the Required to cause Notice to be given Three Times at least in fusal of Parties some public Newspaper circulating within such County, Riding, to treat. Division, District, City, Town or Place, of their Intention to take into Consideration, at the next ensuing or some subsequent or General Quarter Sessions or Adjournment thereof, the Matter of such Neglect, Refusal or Omission, or Prevention to treat, or to accept of such Price offered, or to agree for such Sale as aforesaid, and the Causes and Reasons thereof respectively; and the Person or Persons, or some Officer of any Corporation so interested as aforesaid, in any such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements and Privileges, or some Person on their Behalf respectively, shall have Liberty to attend such Meeting, if they shall think fit, and to state to the Justices there assembled their Reasons for such Neglect, Refusal or Omission as aforesaid; and in case the Justices at such last mentioned. Sessions, or the major Part of them, shall, after hearing what the Parties interested as aforesaid, or their Agents, have to allege in Behalf of their respective Interests, and upon due Consideration had of such Matter as aforesaid, resolve to proceed to the Valuation and Purchase of such Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, notwithstanding such Neglect, Refusal or Omission, or Prevention as aforesaid, then and in every such Case the Justices at such Sessions, or any Two or more of them appointed for that Purpose, shall cause the Value of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements and Privileges, to be inquired into and ascertained by a Jury of in- Jury, and different Men of the County, Riding, Division, District, City, Proceedings Town or Place, wherein the same shall be situate, and to that thereon. End shall summon before such Jury, and examine upon Oath (which Oath any One of the Justices is hereby empowered to administer) any Person or Persons whomsoever; and such Justices, or any Two of them, shall, by ordering a View or otherwise, use all Ways and Means for the Information of themselves and of such

Jury in the Premises; and when such Jury shall have inquired of and ascertained by their Verdict the Value of such House. Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements and Privileges, the said Justices shall thereupon order that the Sun which shall so appear to be the Value of such Houses, Buildings. Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements and Privileges shall be paid in such Manner as is hereinbefore directed touching the Money to be paid for such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenments, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, for Sale wherest the Persons interested shall contract and agree in Manner aforsaid; which Verdict and Order shall be filed of Record by the Clerk of the Peace, or other Officer having the Custody of the Records of the County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place, and shall be final and conclusive, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, against all Parties and Persons whomsoever claiming or to claim in Possession, Reversion, Remainder a otherwise, their Heirs and Successors, as well absent as present Infants, Lunatics, Idiots and Persons under Coverture, or any other Disability whatsoever, Corporations, Guardians, Committees. Husbands, Trustees and Attornies, or any other Person or Person whomsoever.

Verdict final.

How Jury to be summoned and chosen.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That for the summoning and returning such Juries, such Justices or any Two of them my issue their Warrant to the Sheriff or Officer having the return ing of Writs within the County, Riding, Division, District, City. Town or Place within the Limits of which the Houses, Buildings Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges shall be situate, requiring him to impannel, summon and return a indifferent Jury of Twenty four Persons, qualified to serve of Juries, to appear before the said Justices or any Two of them, # such Time and Place as in such Warrant shall be appointed; and such Sheriff or Officer is hereby required to impannel, summer and return such Number of Persons accordingly, and out of the Persons so impannelled, summoned and returned, or out of such of them as shall appear upon such Summons, the Justices or any Two of them shall and they are hereby empowered and required to draw by Ballet and to swear or cause to be sworn, Twelve Men, who shall be the Jury for the Purposes aforesaid; and in Default of a sufficient Number of Jurymen so returned, the said Sheriff or Officer shall take such other honest and indifferent Men of the Bystanders, or that can speedily be procured to attend that Service, as shall make up the Number Twelve; and all Persons concerned shall have their lawful Challenges against any of the Persons impannelled when they come to be sworn; and the said Justices or any Two of them shall have Power to impose a Fine or Fines on such Sheriff or Officer, or his Deputy or Deputies, making such Default in the Premises, and on any of the Person who shall be summoned and returned on such Jury and who shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to be sworn on the said Jury, or being sworn shall refuse to give or shall not give a Verdict, or shall in any other Manner wilfully neglect his or their Duly therein; and also on any Person who, being summoned and required to give Evidence before the said Jury, shall refuse of neglect to appear, or appearing shall refuse to be sworn or to give Evidence

Fines may be imposed upon Sheriff, Jury and others, for Neglect. Evidence, so that no such Fine be more than Ten Pounds nor less than Twenty Shillings on any One Person for One Offence.

LX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Jury shall Expences of deliver a Verdict for more Money as the Value of the Houses, summoning and Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or maintaining Privileges so to be purchased, than shall have been offered for Witnesses how the Purchase thereof by the Justices or their Agent, to any Per- defrayed. son capable of contracting for the same, the Costs and Expences of summoning and maintaining the Jury and Witnesses shall be borne and paid out of the same Fund as the Expences of the Buildings to be erected; but if such Jury shall deliver a Verdict for no more or for less Money than the Money which shall have been so offered by such Justices or their Agent, then the Costs and Expences of summoning and maintaining the Jury and Witnesses shall be borne and paid by the Person or Persons with whom such Controversy or Dispute, touching the Value of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, shall arise: Provided always, that in all Cases where any Person or Persons shall, by reason of Absence, have been prevented from treating, such Costs and Expences shall be borne and paid out of the same Fund as the Expences of the Buildings to be erected.

LXL And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of such Conveyance to Sum and Sums of Money so to be ascertained and judged (that is be made on to say) first in or towards the Payment and Discharge of any Payment of Purchase Sums due on Charges, Incumbrances and Liens, if any, affecting Money. the several Estates respectively and then to the Owners of the said Estates respectively, if any shall remain for that Purpose, the Person or Persons who shall be so found and adjudged to be the Owners of the said several Estates, of and in the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges respectively, and also the Owners of any such Incumbrances, Charges and Liens respectively, shall make and execute, or procure to be made and executed to the Person or Persons so named by such Justices and his or their Heirs, a good and sufficient Conveyance or Conveyances, thereby granting, releasing or assigning to them the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, and all such Estate, Right, Title, Term or Interest therein, or Charge, Incumbrance or Lien thereon; and immediately upon Effect of such such Payments and Entry of such Verdicts of the said Juries Conveyance. and Judgments, Sentences and Decrees, Orders and other Proceedings as aforesaid, the said Lands, Houses, Buildings and Premises shall vest in the Person or Persons to be so named by the said Justices and his and their Heirs, and he and they shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Seisin and Possession thereof, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as fully and effectually as if every Person having any Estate in the Premises. in Possession, Remainder, Reversion or Expectancy, or any Charge, Incumbrance or Lien thereon, was of full Age and of sound Mind and Memory, and had actually and duly conveyed the same to such Trustee by Lease and Release, Bargain and Sale enrolled, Feoffment with Livery and Seisin, Fine and Recovery, or by any other legal Conveyance whatsoever. LXII. And

Application of Compensation when exceeding 2001.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Houses, Buildings, Lands. Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, purchased taken or used by virtue of the Powers of this Act, which shall belong to any Corporation, Feme Covert, Infant, Lunatic, Person or Persons under any other Disability or Incapacity, such Mose shall, in case the same shall amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountmet General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to be Account, ex parte the Justices of the Peace for the County of the County of the Peace for the Peace for the Peace fo

, to the Intent that such Money shall k applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to ke preferred in a summary Way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said House Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Pr. vileges, in the Purchase of the Land Tax, or Discharge of an Debt or Debts, or such other Incumbrances or Part thereof is the said Court shall authorize to be paid, affecting the sur Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other House Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, standing settled therewith to the same or the like Use Intents and Purposes; or where such Money shall not be s employed, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchet of other Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments Easements or Privileges, which shall be conveyed and settled to for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intents and Purpose. and in the same Manner as the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tesments, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, which shall be so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, stood settled or limited. or such of them as at the Time of making such Conveyance in Settlement shall be existing undetermined and capable of talm Effect; and in the meantime and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall by Order of the Court of Chancery upon Application thereto, be invested by the said Accounts General in his Name, in the Purchase of Three Pounds pr Centum Consolidated or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the meantime, and until the said Buth Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and Annual Produce of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court to the Person or Person sons who would for the Time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements. Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges so hereby directed 10 be purchased, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

LXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money so agreed or awarded to be paid for any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, purchased, taken or used for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sun of Teo

Application when Compensation is less than 2001but not less than 201.

m hundred Pounds, and shall amount to or exceed the Sum of resty Pounds, then and in all such Cases the same shall, at a Option of the Person or Persons for the Time being entitled Bents and Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tene-, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges so purchased, m or used, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Comthe or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be sided in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the l Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be ted to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in see hereinbefore directed; or otherwise the same shall be i, at the like Option, to Two Trustees, to be nominated by Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by id Justices (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified Titing under the Hands of the nominating and approving in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends thereon, may be applied in Manner hereinbefore directed, the Case be applicable, without obtaining or being reto obtain the Direction or Approbation of the said Court тсету.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where Application Money so agreed or awarded to be paid as next before men- where Money hall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such less than 201. the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or who would for the Time being have been entitled to the said Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, to the Purposes of this Act, in such Manner as the Trustees think fit; or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her heir Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled

ectively.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Person or In case of not the Purchase of any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Titles, Purchasents, Easements or Privileges, to be purchased by this to be paid in to be paid into the Bank in the Satisfaction of the Name of the Justices; or in case such Person or Persons to whom such Accountant or Sums shall be so awarded as aforesaid cannot be found, General in if the Person or Persons entitled to such Houses, Buildings, Chancery. mds, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, be known or discovered; then and in every such Case it shall may be lawful to and for the said Justices to order the said m or Sums of Money so awarded as aforesaid to be paid into Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the ecountant General of the Court of Chancery, to be placed to Account to the Credit of the Persons interested in the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements Privileges (describing them), subject to the Order, Controul ad Disposition of the said Court of Chancery; which said Court Court may of Chancery, on the Said Court of Chancery; which said Court make Order in Chan to such Sum and Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, on Motion or Motion or Part thereof, Motion or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered, in a Petition.

summary

A.D. 152

summary Way of Proceeding or otherwise, as to the same Coshall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invest in the Public Funds, and to order the Distribution thereof, Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respect Estate or Estates, Title or Interest, of the Person or Pammaking Claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, who are receive such Sum or Sums of Money, is and are her required to give a Receipt for such Sum or Sums of Mamentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the ais or are received, to such Person or Persons who shall pay such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

Upon Question touching Title to Money paid into Bank, Person having been in Possession of Presmises deemed entitled to the Money until the contrary shewn to the Court of Chancery.

LXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to Money to be paid into the Bank of *England* in the Name at the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Ch in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Houses, ings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Pri or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Houses, B Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Priviles purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Bank Am be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or B of any Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have in Possession of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, I ditaments, Easements or Privileges, at the Time of such chase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Person shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Essen or Privileges, according to such Possession, until the control shall be shewn to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chasca and the Dividends or Interest of the said Bank Annuines to purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Be Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of according unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such I session was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Houses, Building Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, of some Estate or Interest therein.

Court of Chancery may order reasonable Expences of Purchases to be paid. LXVII. Provided also and be it enacted, That where by rest of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons or Oporations entitled to any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenemes Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, to be purchased und the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same she required to be paid into the Court of Chancery, and to be a plied in the Purchase of other Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, to be settled the like Uses in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be larfit to and for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expence such last mentioned Purchases from time to time to be made to pursuance of this Act, or so much thereof as the said Court shall deem reasonable, to be paid by the said Justices out of any Mone to be received for the Purposes of this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

LXVIII. And in order to defray the Expences of the several ' Matters and Things hereinbefore directed to be done, respecting Gaols, Houses of Correction, and other Prisons, and for the Support and Maintenance of Prisoners confined therein, who are entitled by Law to such Support, and for all other Expences ' necessary to the Execution of this Act, and not hereinbefore ' particularly provided for: Be it further enacted, That it shall Expences of and may be lawful for the Justices, at their General Quarter Execution of Sessions assembled, and they are hereby authorized and em- Act charged powered, to cause such Sums of Money as shall be necessary for upon County all or any of those Purposes, to be raised on the Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Districts, Cities, Towns or Places to which this Act shall extend, in the same Manner as Rates applicable to the building, repairing or maintenance of such Prisons respectively are now directed to be raised by Law.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Forfeitures Recovery and and Penalties imposed by this Act, or which shall be imposed by Application of virtue of any Rule to be made in pursuance thereof, shall, on Conviction of the Offender before any One Justice of the Peace within his Jurisdiction, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice of the Peace, who is hereby authorized to hear and examine Witnesses on Oath or Affirmation, on any Complaint, and to determine the same; and all such Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties, the Application whereof is not hereinbefore particularly directed, shall be paid from time to time to the Treasurer of the County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place for the Time being, and shall be applied and disposed of in aid of the Rate applicable to the Purposes of this Act, and to or for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever; and for want of sufficient Distress, the Offender shall be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for such Term not exceeding Six Calendar Months, nor less than One Month, as such Justice shall think proper.

LXX. And for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That the Justice viction. before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, as the Case shall happen; videlicet,

Form of Con-

RE it remembered, That on in the Year of our Lord A. B. is convicted before me, C.D., One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for for that the said A. B. [specifying the Offence, and the Time and Place when and where the same was committed, as the Case shall be], and the said A. B. is for this said Offence adjudged by me, the said Justice to forfeit and pay the or to be imprisoned in for the Space of

[as the Case shall be]. Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day

and Year first above mentioned. LXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Appeal to Person shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any Conviction Quarter Sesof any Justice, in pursuance of this Act, such Person may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at any Quarter Sessions of the County, Riding, Division, District, City, Town or Place wherein such Con-

A.D.1823.

Notice.

viction shall have taken place, within Four Calendar Months after the Cause of such Complaint shall have arisen, such Appells first giving or causing to be given Ten clear Days' Notice at less in Writing of his or her Intention to bring such Appeal, and the Matter thereof, to the Justice or Justices before whom Conviction shall have been had, and to the Clerk of the Peace # the County, Riding or Division, District, City, Town or Place, which such Conviction shall have been had, and within Two Di after such Notice entering into Recognizance before some June for such County, Riding or Division, District, City, Town or Par with Two sufficient Sureties, conditioned to try such Appeal, abide the Order of, and to pay such Costs as shall be awarded the Justices at such Session; and the Justices at such Session; upon due Proof of such Notice being given as aforesaid, the entering into such Recognizance, shall hear and finally termine the Matter of such Appeal in a summary Way, and such Costs to the Parties appealing or appealed against the said Justices shall think proper; and the Determin such Session shall be final, binding and conclusive to all and Purposes.

Costs.

Final.

Order or Conviction not uashed for Want of Form. No Certiorari.

Distress not deemed unlawful for want of Form.

In Action for executing Act, General Issue.

Double Costs.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Order make ing any of the Matters in this Act contained, nor any Com of any Offender against this Act, shall be quashed for Want of or be removed or removeable by Certiorari, by any other Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Ret at Westminster; and that where any Distress shall be make any Fine, Penalty, or Sum of Money to be levied by virtue Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed to be unlawful! the Party making the same be deemed a Trespasser, on acc of any Defect or Want of Form in the Summons, Conviction, rant of Distress or other Proceedings relating thereto; nor such Party be deemed a Trespasser ab initio, on account d Irregularity which shall be afterwards done by the Party distri ing, but the Person aggrieved by such Irregularity shall and recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage (if any) in an tion upon the Case; but no Plaintiff shall recover in any Ad for such Irregularity as aforesaid, if Tender of sufficient Anna shall have been made by or on Behalf of the Party distraining fore such Action brought.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Ad shall be prosecuted against any Person for any Thing done my suance of this Act, such Person may plead the General Issue. give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trid be had thereupon, and that the same was done by Authority of the Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant, or the Plat tiff shall become nonsuit, or discontinue his or her Action of Issue joined, or if, upon Demurrer or otherwise, Judgment 🛤 be given against the Plaintiff, the Defendant shall recover Doub Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant hath by Law in other Cases; and though a Verdict shall be gire for the Plaintiff in any such Action, such Plaintiff shall not have Costs against the Defendant, unless the Judge before whom the Trial shall be shall certify his Approbation of the Action, and the Verdict obtained thereupon.

Officers re-LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Matters and Thin d to per-

which by this Act the Sheriff of any County is required or authorized form certain to do and perform, shall, in those Districts, Cities, Towns, Liberties or Places where the Sheriff hath no Jurisdiction, be done and performed by the Bailiff or Pailiff, or other like Officer or Officer. formed by the Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other like Officer or Officers, County Treahaving or exercising within their respective Districts, Cities, Towns surer has no and Liberties, Duties analogous to the Duties of the Sheriff of a Jurisdiction County; and that all Matters and Things which by this Act the or Authority. Treasurer of any County is required or authorized to do and perform, shall, in those Places where the County Treasurer hath no Authority, be done and performed by the Officer or Officers having and exercising within such Places, Duties analogous to those of a County Treasurer; and that all Matters and Things which by this Act the Clerk of the Peace of any County, Riding or Division is required or authorized to do and perform, shall, in those Places where the Clerk of the Peace of the County hath no Authority, be done and performed by the Town Clerk or other like Officer having and exercising within such Places Duties analogous to those of the Clerk of the Peace of any County.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits and Venue, where Prosecutions to be commenced against any Person for any Thing laid. done in pursuance of this Act, shall be laid and tried in the County where the Facts were committed, and shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not otherwise.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act Proviso for contained shall extend to the Royal Hospital of Bethlehem and certain Prisons, Prison of Bridewell, nor to the King's Bench or Fleet Prison, or to Ships for Conthe Prison of the Marshalsea or Palace Courts, the General Penitentiary at Milbank, nor to the Penitentiary at Gloucester; nor to any Ships or Vessels provided in any Port or navigable River for the Reception and Employment of Convicts sentenced to Transportation; nor to exempt any such Convicts from any Punishment or Discipline to which they were liable by Law before the passing of this Act.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That where any Prison is Proviso situate on Lands of the King's Majesty, in Right of His Royal where Prisons Crown, or of His Duchy of Lancaster, or of the Duchy of Cornwall, such Lands, with their Appurtenances, shall remain for ever unalienable, so long as they shall be used for the Purpose of such Prison.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the Commenceeveral Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, shall com- ment of Act. nence and take Effect from and after the First Day of September Ine thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and not sooner.

built on Crown Land, &c.

## SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

#### SCHEDULE (A.)

IST of DISTRICTS, CITIES, Towns and PLACES in ENGLAND and WALES, to which this Act shall extend, in addition to Counties at large.

Kingston upon Hull.

ristol. anterbury. hester.

Leicester. Litchfield. Lincoln.

Norwich. Nottingham. Portsmouth. Worcester. York.

Exeter. iloucester.

loventry.

Liverpool. Newcastle upon Tyne.

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SCHE-

C. 64.

# SCHEDULI FORM of Annual Retain

	FORM of Annual Reta																	
Number of Prisoners the Prison is capable of containing in se. parate Sleeping Cells.	Number of Prisoners the Prison is capable of containing where to more than One Prisoner sleeps in One Cell.	Tot Nu ber Pr	tal m- of ri-	Nu ber De tor	m- of		m- of sde-	Nu ber Feld	m. of	Number of Prisoners committed 2 in the Course of the Year.	Nu ber Tr P	of ied ri- iers.	No bea U tri	im- r of ied ri- ners.	Nur ber Pr sone abo 1' Yea	of i- ers ve 7	Number of Prisoner under 17 Years Age	i r
Number of I	Number of Is capable more than in One Ce	Mich. 18	Mich. 18	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Femule.	Number of Prisoners c	Male.	Female,	Male.	Female.	Male.	Pemale.	Made.	
										Note								
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22. —	Number o Yards,														00171	and	l Airis	8
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26. –	- Hours of	Labo	our	and	of 1	Exer	cise	?										1
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28,	- Whether t																	# 1
29. –	- What Du																	~
30. –	- Attendand provide					on, s	nd	whe	ther	sepan	ate ]	Buile	ling	s or	Ар	artm	enti al	-
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<b>32.</b> –	- Reasons f	or P	unis	hme	nts	by S	olit	ary (	Con	fineme	at, b	y W	hip	ping	or I	1004	?	Ĺ
33	_ ) H	ate h	nis o ong	r be	r Na	une, or sh	Ag e be	e an en i	d fo n C	r what onfiner	Off		e cor	nmit	ned?			1
34	- General (	)bser	rvati	ons.														

of Prisoners at 150 me.	son	mbe ers v	or of who is mmi	ave	Pri	soners ployed.	mployed. 5	f	unis or O wit	hmen ffence hin Prison	s	No. c ry C of men	of Solita ells and Apart- ts below ound.	Cases an	18. of Sick d Deat	ne b.
Greatest Number of Prisoners at One Time.	Once.	Twice.	Three Times.	Four and more.	Hard Labour.	Employment, not being hard Labour.	Prisoners not employed.	Whippings.	In Irons.	Solitary Confine-	Other Punishments,	Solitary Cells.	Apartments below Ground.	Cases of Sickness in the Year.	Greatest Number of Sick at one Time.	
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### SCHEDULE (C.)

FORM of MORTGAGE and Charge upon the County Rate for securing the Money borrowed.

We, A. B., One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and Chairman of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace holden at the Day of for the County, &c. of [as the Case may be], C. D. and E. F. Faculties Two other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and

E. F., Esquires, Two other of His Majesty's Justices of the Pear acting for the said County, &c., and assembled in the said County in pursuance of the Powers to us given by an Act passed in the Very of the Reign of His Majesty King George the

in pursuance of the Powers to us given by an Act passed in the Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled, &c. [insert the Title of this Act] do hereby, in open Court, mortgage and charge all the Rates to be raised within the said County, &c. [as the Case shall be] under the Description of County Rates, by the Laws now in being, with the Payment of the Sum of which G. H., of

hath proposed and agreed to lend, and hath now actually advanced and paid towards defraying the Expences of building repairing, &c. [as the Case shall be] the Gaol, Bridewell or House of Correction at [as the Case shall be] for the said County, &c.: And we do hereby confirm the same unto the said G. H, his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, for securing the Payment of the Sum of and Interest for the same after the Rate of per Centum per Annual and do order the Treasurer for the said County, &c. or other Perset [as the Case shall be] to pay the Interest of the said Sum of Half yearly, as the same shall be Direction.

until the Principal shall be discharged, pursuant to the Directions of the said Act.

#### CAP. LXV.

An Act to extend Two Acts of His late Majesty, for Distribution of Prize Money, to all Cases of Capture that have been made by Foreign Ships or Land Forces in Conjunction with His Majesty's Ships or Land Forces.

[10th July 1823.]

47 G.3. sess.1. c. 47. WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third intituled An Act to authorize the Payment of Prize Money arising from Captures made by Ships of His Sicilian Majesty in Conjunt tion with British Ships, to the Sicilian Envoy, for the Use of the Officers and Men of such Ships; and also the Payment of Money arising out of Proceeds of Prizes or Captures made by any other Ships or Vessels belonging to Foreign States in Conjunction with His Majesty's Ships; and another Act was passed in the Forty eighth Year of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for the tending the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, so far as respects the Payment of Prize Money arising by Captures made by Foreign in Conjunction with British Ships, to Captures made by the Land Forces of Foreign States in Conjunction with the British: And whereas it is expedited.

48 G.3. c.100.

ent that the Provisions of the said Act should be extended to all ' like Cases of Capture, as therein described, occurring previous ' to the Termination of the late War, not therein provided for:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, extended to all and by the Authority of the same, That the Provisions of the said Captures. Acts shall be extended to all Cases of Capture, as therein described, that may have been made by Foreign Ships or Land Forces in Conjunction with His Majesty's Ships or Land Forces, in the several Wars in which His Majesty was engaged, between the Time of the passing of the said Acts and the Termination of the late War; and that all Matters and Things contained in the said Acts shall be so extended, in as full a Manner as if they had been herein severally expressed.

### CAP. LXVI.

An Act to authorize, in certain Cases, the Reduction of the Duties payable in *Ireland*, and the Alteration of the Duties and Drawbacks on the Importation and Exportation of Goods between Great Britain and Ireland.

[10th *July* 1823.]

WHEREAS by the several Acts made in the Parliament of 39 & 40 G.s. Great Britain and in the Parliament of Ireland for the 40G.3. c.88. ' Union of Great Britain, and by the Seventh Article of the said (I.) 'Union as set forth in the said Acts respectively, it was amongst other Things provided, that in regulating the Taxes in each ' Country, no Article in Ireland should be made liable to any new or additional Duty by which the whole Amount of Duty pay-' able thereon would exceed the Amount which would be payable ' in England on the like Article: And Whereas it may happen ' that some Article or Articles have been or may be inadvertently made or become liable to a Duty or Duties in Ireland exceeding ' the Amount payable upon or in respect of the like Article or ' Articles in England, contrary to the Intent of the said Acts, ' and of the said Article of the said Union:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority When it shall of the same, That at any Time after the passing of this Act, when appear that the ever it shall appear to the Lord High Treasurer or to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Article in Ireland Reland, that any Duty or Duties of any Nature the Duty payor Kind whatever has or have been, or has or have become pay- able on the like able upon or in respect of any Article or Articles in Ireland ex- Article in Engceeding the whole Amount of the Duty payable at the same Time upon or in respect of the like Article or Articles in England, it may frame Regulations for its shall and may be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or Com- Reduction. missioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to take any such Steps and Proceedings, and to make any such Order, Rule or Regulation, or Orders, Rules or Regulations, and to frame or cause to be framed any such Table or Tables, or Schedule or LI4 Schedules,

Schedules, and generally to do all such Acts, Matters and Things whatever, as to such Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall seem fitting. necessary and expedient for reducing the Duty or Duties upon or in respect of any such Article or Articles to any Amount not exceeding the Rate or Amount of Duty payable on the like Article or Articles in England, and for the levying and collecting of such reduced Duty or Duties in lieu and instead of such higher Duty or Duties formerly payable upon such Article or Articles in Inland; and the reduced Duty or Duties, or Sum or Sums, mentioned in any such Order or Regulation, or set forth in any such Table or Schedule, shall be deemed and taken to be the proper Duy or Duties payable or which ought to have been paid in Ireland upon or in respect of any such Article or Articles, and shall be levied and paid in like Manner as the former Duty or Duties on the like Article or Articles under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

**39 & 40 G.3.** c.67. Art.6.

Treasury may make such Regulations for remitting or re-ducing Duties, or for allowing or increasing Drawbacks, as shall place His Majesty's Subjects in G.B. and Ireland on the same Footing, according to the Sixth Article of Union.

' II. And Whereas by the Sixth Article of the said Union between Great Britain and Ireland, it is provided, that His Majesty's Subjects of Great Britain and Ireland shall be on the same ' Footing as to Encouragements and Bounties on the like Articles, being the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of either County respectively: And Whereas it may happen that certain Duties may be payable and certain Drawbacks may be allowable under the several Acts in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, in respect of certain Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the said Countries respectively, or of the Materials of which such Goods are composed, or of certain Articles necessary for the manufacturing of such Goods, in one of the said Countries and not in the other, or such Duties may be higher or such Draw. backs may be lower in Amount in one Country than the Duties or Drawbacks in respect of the like Goods, Materials or Articles in the other of the said Countries;' Be it enacted, That at any Time after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury or any Three of them, in any such Case, to take such Steps and to make such Orders, Rules and Regulations, and to form such Schedules or Tables, and generally to do all such Acts, Matters and Things for the remitting or reducing any Duty, or for the allowing or increasing any Drawbacks on such Goods, Materials or Articles as aforesaid, in either Country, as to such Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury shall seem fitting necessary and expedient for carrying into effect the said recited Article of the Union according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof.

#### CAP. LXVII.

An Act to declare valid certain Marriages that have been solemnized at St. Petersburgh since the Abolition of the British Factory there. [10th July 1823.]

WHEREAS the British Factory at St. Petersburgh was, by the Manifesto of the Emperor of Russia, declared to be abolished from and after the Twentieth Day of June in the Yes.

One thousand eight hundred and seven: And Whereas divers ' Marriages of Subjects of this Realm resident at St. Petersburgh ' have, since the said Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight ' hundred and seven been solemnized there by the Chaplain of ' the Russia Company in the Chapel of the said Company, and ' in private Houses, before Witnesses, according to the religious ' Ceremonies of the Church of England: And Whereas it is ' expedient to declare the Validity of such Marriages, in order ' that no Doubts or Disquietude may hereafter arise thereupon: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be declared and enacted; And be it declared and enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Marriages Marriages of (both or one of the Parties thereto being Subjects or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject of British Subject or a Subject this Realm) that have, since the said Twentieth Day of June One jects solemnised thousand eight hundred and seven, been solemnized, or that shall at Saint Petersburgh the colonying of the Petersburgh the colonying declared hereafter be solemnized at St. Petersburgh by the Chaplain to valid the said Russia Company, or by a Minister of the Church of England officiating instead of such Chaplain, in the Chapel of the said Russia Company, or in any other Place, before Witnesses, shall be as good and valid in Law, and so deemed in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and in the Dominions thereunto belonging, as if the same had been solemnized before the Abolition of the said Factory.

Marriages of

## CAP. LXVIII.

An Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Land Tax Commissioners, and for appointing additional Commissioners, and indemnifying such Persons as have acted without due Authority in Execution of the Acts therein recited. [10th *July* 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the First and Second Years 1826.4. of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for c-123. appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions and Offices in England, and an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety

eight: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Third Year \$ 6.4. c. 14. of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Land Tax Commissioners, and for appointing additional Commissioners, and indemnifying

such Persons as have acted without due Authority in Execution of the Acts therein recited; and there may be occasion to appoint other Persons to put in Execution the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great

Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight; and also an Act of this Session of Parliament, Ante, c.S. ' intituled An Act for continuing to His Majesty for One Year

certain Duties on Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, Foreign Spirits and Sweets.

522

The Persons herein named

missioners.

appointed Com-

' Estates, in England; and for receiving the Contributions of A ' sons receiving Pensions and holding Offices; for the Service ' the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty three!' therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; And it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and wint Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the thority of the same, That the several and respective Persons had after named shall and may and are hereby empowered and rized to put in Execution the said Acts, and all the Ch Powers, Matters and Things whatsoever therein contains Commissioners in and for the several and respective Countie Places of Great Britain hereinafter severally and respectively tioned and expressed, as if they had been named with the Commissioners in the said Act passed in the First and 8 Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or in the said the last Session of Parliament, and properly described t

4° GEO. IV.

' Sweets, in Great Britain; and on Pensions, Offices and Person

(that is to say), [Here follow the Names of the Commissioners for English Scotland.

Mistakes in spelling the Names of Commissioners not to vitiate Appointment.

And no Mistake in the Spelling of the Christian or Sun any Person, or of any Place mentioned in the said Act of the and Second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, said Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, or this shall be construed to vitiate the Appointment of such Per be a Commissioner, so that the Person or Place mention designated therein to common Intent and Understanding, subject any Person so designated to any Pains, Penalty feiture, for his acting in the Execution of the Acts berein tioned.

Commissioners to have the Qualifications required by 38 G.S. c.5.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted. That the several sons appointed by the said Acts of the First and Second Ye the Reign of His present Majesty, or the said Act passed last Session of Parliament, or this Act, shall severally have Qualifications required by an Act passed in the Thirty Year of His late Majesty's Reign, intituled Art Act for gr an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Is for the Service of the Year One Thousand seven hundred ninety eight; and also of an Act of the same Session of liament, intituled An Act to alter and amend so much of a passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled 'An Ad granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be rain Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand ' hundred and ninety eight,' as relates to the Qualification of missioners, and shall be subject to the several Penalties and feitures contained in the said Acts respectively. III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where

38 G.S. c.48.

Provision where Qualifications consist of Personal Estate.

any City, Liberty or Place, the Qualification shall consist of I sonal Estate, it shall be lawful for any Person having a Person Estate of the Value required by the said Acts, or either of the to act as such Commissioner in all Cases where such Person all have been taxed, and shall have paid for such Personal Little by and upon the last Assessment then made for such City, Liberty or Place, by virtue of any Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions, Offices and Personal Estates in England, passed before the making of such Assessments; any Thing in the said Acts or either of them contained to the contrary not-

withstanding.
'IV. And Whereas several Persons may have acted as Commissioners for executing the said Acts, without having been properly named as Commissioners by the said Act made in the First and Second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, initialed An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions and Offices in England, and an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His late Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight, or by the said Act made in the Third Year of the Poisson of His present Majesty, intituled An Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An ' Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Land Tax Com-' missioners, and indemnifying such Persons as have acted without due Authority in Execution of the Acts therein recited, and others, ' named in former Acts of Parliament to be Commissioners, may ' have omitted in the said Acts of the First and Second and Third 'Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and may have acted as aforesaid before Notice of such Omission: And Whereas it Persons having is expedient that such Persons should be indemnified for such acted as Com-' acting, and that all Acts by them done should be confirmed and missioners ' made valid;' Be it therefore enacted, That all Acts done by under 10x10.2. any such Persons in the Execution of the said Acts, or of any c.14, without other Acts to be executed by such Commissioners, shall be and having been are hereby declared to be valid; and that all personal Actions and properly suits, Indictments, Informations and all Prosecutions and Proceedings whatsoever, which have been or shall be prosecuted or Acts done by commenced against any Person or Persons for or by reason of them valid. such acting, are declared to be void by virtue of this Act, and shall be quashed and determined; and if any Action or Suit shall be prosecuted or commenced against any Person or Persons for or by reason of such acting, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence.

' V. And Whereas by the said Act of the First and Second In what case In-Years of the Reign of His present Majesty it was provided, that spectors or Sur-' no Person who should have held the Office of Inspector or Sur-veyors not disveyor of Assessed Taxes should, from and after the passing of acting as Comthe said Act, be capable of acting as such Commissioner, al-missioners only 'though such Person might be named in the said Act as such for Districts in 'Commissioner;' Be it further enacted, That nothing contained which they exe in the hereinbefore recited Act shall extend to incapacitate or cuted Office of Inspector, &c. disqualify any Person who shall have held the said Office of Inspector or Surveyor of Assessed Taxes from acting as a Commissioner of the Land Tax in any other District or Division than that in which he shall have executed the said Office of Inspector or Surveyor of Assessed Taxes, if such Person shall in other respects be duly qualified to act as such Commissioner, and shall actually

c. 14. without .

C. 68, 69.

actually and bona fide have resigned the said Office of Inspects or Surveyor of Assessed Taxes, and also acted as such Commissioner previously to the passing of the said Act of the Hu and Second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty.

#### CAP. LXIX.

An Act to repeal certain Duties of Customs in Great Brital and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; to grant certain Bounties on Salted Provisions and Silk Manufactures of ported; and to make more effectual Regulations for a lecting the Duties of Customs.

[11th July 185]

59 G.3. c.52

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty ninth Year the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Th ' intituled An Act to repeal the several Duties of Customs the ' able in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lies the certain Duties of Customs, and certain Drawbacks in re ' thereof, were granted and made payable in Great Britan: 'Whereas it is expedient to repeal the Duties and Dan ' upon certain Goods enumerated in the Tables annexed ' Act, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, and on the other Articles: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most cellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the L Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Paris assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred twenty three, the several Duties of Customs payable to His jesty, His Heirs and Successors, under or by virtue of the recited Act, and the Tables (A.) and (B.) thereto annexed, the Importation into *Great Britain* of any of the Articles merated in the Tables marked (A.) and (B) annexed to the and the respective Drawbacks allowed upon the Exportation for Great Britain of the said Articles (except as hereinafter vided), and the Duties on the Exportation from Great Bri of Coals and Cinders and Culm of the Produce or Manufacture Great Britain, payable under the Table marked (C.) annexed the said recited Act, shall cease and determine; and that in and after the passing of this Act the Duties on Slate and Sol of the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise from Port or Place within Great Britain to any other Port or Page 1 therein, payable under the Table marked (D.) annexed to the said Act, shall cease and determine; save and except in all Com and so far as shall relate to the recovering, allowing or pay any Arrears of the said Duties and Drawbacks respectively, or any Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respective which may remain unpaid or not allowed, or which shall have been incurred at any Time on or before the Time when such Do ties shall respectively cease and determine.

Certain Duties of Customs under 59 G.S.
c. 59. Schedules (A.) and (B.);
Export Duties on Coals under Schedule (C.);
and Duties on Siste and Stone Coastwise under Schedule (D.) of that Act repealed.

New Duties of Import on certain Articles specified in Schedules (A.) and (B.) of this Act, and on Ez-

imported or brought into Great Britain, the several Duties of port of Coals of Customs as the same are respectively inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the said Tables; and upon Coals, Cinders and and on Slate Culm, the Produce and Manufacture of Great Britain exported from Great Britain, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in No Drawback Great Britain to any other Port therein, the several Duties of Cus- of Duties of toms as the same are respectively inserted, described and set forth Schedules (A.) in Figures in the Table to this Act annexed, marked (C.); and that from and after the passing of this Act, the several Duties of (Exception.) Customs inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the Table marked (D.) annexed to this Act, shall be paid upon Slate, the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain to any other Port therein; and that all Matters and Things in the said Tables contained shall be deemed Part of this Act; and that no Drawbacks shall be allowed or given on the Exportation of any of the Articles specified and set forth in the Tables marked (A.) and (B.) in respect of the Duties imposed on such Articles by this Act, (except as hereinafter mentioned); any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Schedule (C.), Schedule (D.)

' III. And for ascertaining the Degrees of specific Gravity or ' Strength, according to which the Duty on the Juice of Lemons, Limes and Oranges, imposed by Table (A.) annexed to this Act, Citrometer for ' shall be collected and paid;' Be it enacted, That such Degrees ascertaining the of such specific Gravity or Strength shall be ascertained by a Glass Strength of Citrometer, which shall be graduated in Degrees in such Manner Lemon Juice. that Distilled Water being assumed as Unity, at the Temperature of Sixty Degrees by Fahrenheit's Thermometer, every Degree of the Scale of such Citrometer shall be denoted by a Variation of Four One thousandth Parts of the specific Gravity of such Water.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That upon the Ex- Drawback on

portation from Great Britain (except to Ireland) of any Foreign Rice Rice or Paddy which shall have been cleaned in Great Britain, exported. and which shall have paid the Duties payable on the Importation thereof under this Act, and the Tables thereto annexed, there shall be allowed and paid for every Hundred Weight thereof, a Drawback equal in Amount to the Duty paid on every Four Bushels of the Rough Rice or Paddy from which the same shall have been cleaned.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That such Drawback Conditions on upon such Rice so exported, shall be paid and allowed upon such Foreign Rough Rice or Paddy only as shall have been or shall be Drawback warehoused upon its first Importation into any Part of Great Bri- obtained. tain, and as shall be taken out of Warehouse upon Payment of the Duty due upon the Importation of the same, for the sole and express Purpose of being cleaned, and as shall be returned so cleaned into the Warehouse from which it shall have been taken within One Calendar Month from the Time when the Duty shall be paid thereon, and as shall remain in such Warehouse until the same shall be duly exported, and as shall be so exported, and from such Warehouse: Provided also, that the Owner or Proprietor of Oath of identity such Rice, at the Time of re-warehousing such Rice, when cleaned, of Rice. shall make Oath before the Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port

Port where the same shall be warehoused (and which Oath the said Officer is hereby authorized and required to administer,) the the said Rice is the same which was so taken from the said Warehouse for the Purpose of undergoing the Process of cleaning, and

the Duty paid thereon as aforesaid.

Former Drawbacks allowed on Goods having paid former Duties.

VI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the Drawback granted, allowed and made payable on the Exportation of any of the Articles specified in the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to this Ad annexed, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force inmediately before the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, shall remain and continue payable with respect to such Goods, Wares and Merchandize as shall have paid the Duties imposed on the Importation thereof, under any Act of Acts in force before the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and which shall be exported after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; any Thing in this Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Goods imported may be warehoused, and Duty paid on taking out for Home Consumption.

VII. Provided also, and be it enacted. That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to compel the Proprietor or Proprietors of Goods, Wares or Merchandize specfied in Tables (A.) and (B.) to this Act annexed, to pay the Duties thereon upon the Importation or Landing of such Goods, Ware or Merchandize in Great Britain, in any Case where such Goods Wares or Merchandize may or might by Law be warehoused a otherwise secured without Payment of Duty, or in any Case where the Whole or any Part of the Duties on such Goods, Wares or Merchandize are or may be permitted to be secured by Bond or otherwise; but that in all such Cases the Duties specified in the Tables (A.) and (B.) to this Act annexed may be secured by Bond or otherwise, in such Manner and under such Rules, Regulations Restrictions and Conditions as are or may be contained in any Act or Acts for that Purpose, except where it is otherwise provided by this Act: Provided also, that in case the Importer or Proprietor of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize specified in Tables (A.) and (B.) to this Act annexed, which shall have been lodged in Warehouses or otherwise secured at any Time on or immediately before the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and on which the Duties due on the Importation thereof shall not have been paid, shall be desirous of taking any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize out of such Warehouse, or from any Place wherein the same shall be secured, for the Purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain, then and in such case the Duties imposed by this Act shall be payable thereon notwithstanding such Goods, Wares or Merchandize may have been imported and warehoused before the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, except where it is otherwise provided by this Act.

In what Case Duty payable on Goods warehoused before 10th Oct. 1823,

> VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Goods of the Manufacture of the East Indies, Persia or China, liable to the Payment of any Duties under this Act, or any Act or Acts in force at the Time of the passing of this Act, and which may have been or may be lodged or secured without Payment of Duty in any Ware, house at any Port in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland,

East India Goods, &c. may be exported from Warehouse to British Colonies, &c. in Ireland, under the Provisions of any Act or Acts in force for that Vessels not less Purpose, shall and may be delivered out of any such Warehouse for the Purpose of being exported, and shall and may be exported from and out of such Warehouse to any British Colony, Plantation, Territory or Dominion, in Vessels of the Burthen of not less than One hundred Tons, without Payment of any Duties of Customs or Excise whatever.

' IX. And Whereas by the Laws now in force Coral Beads imported into Great Britain from any Place within the Limits of the Charter of the United Company of Merchants of England ' trading to the East Indies may be lodged and secured in Ware-'houses without Payment of Duty, and may be exported directly from such Warehouses: And Whereas it is expedient to allow ' such Coral Beads to be removed from such Warehouses Coast-' wise by Sea, or by Inland Navigation, or by Land Carriage, to any Port in Great Britain to which any East India Goods may be legally removed for the Purpose of Exportation; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall Coral Beads and may be lawful for the proper Officer or Officers of His Ma- may be removed jesty's Customs to grant Permission for the Removal of any such from London Coral Beads Coastwise by Sea or Inland Navigation, or by Land Warehouses to Carriage, from any Warehouse or Warehouses in the Port of B. for Export-London in which such Coral Beads shall have been lodged or ation. secured, to any other Port in Great Britain to which any East India Goods may by Law be legally removed for the Purpose of Exportation therefrom, due Entry being first made with such Officer or Officers of the Beads so to be removed.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any Coral Coral Beads Beads which shall be so removed under the Authority of this Act not duly delishall not be well and truly delivered, without Alteration or Diminution, into the Custody and Possession of the Collector and Value. Comptroller at the Port to which the same are entered to be removed, within Three Calendar Months next after the Time when such Coral Beads shall be so removed from the Warehouse or Warehouses in London, all such Coral Beads so removed shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs; and the Owner, Proprietor or other Person at whose Instance such Coral Beads shall have been removed, and every Person into whose Hands such Coral Beads or any Parts thereof shall knowingly come, or who shall knowingly harbour, keep or conceal such Coral Beads, or any Part thereof, or who shall knowingly permit or suffer the same to be harboured, kept or concealed, shall forfeit Treble the Value thereof.

XI. And be it further enacted, That before any Sugar imported Conditions of into Great Britain, as being the Produce of any British Colony, Plantation or Territory in the East Indies, shall be admitted to Entry on Payment of the Duty imposed on such Sugar by this lonies, &c. in Act, and the Table marked (B.) thereto annexed, the Master or East Indies. other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which any such Sugar shall be imported, shall produce and deliver to the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port of Importation, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port or Place in the East Indies where such Sugar shall have

than 100 Tons,

Importation of Sugar from British Co-

been

Certificate of Oath by Shipper of Growth of Sugar.

Oath by Master of Identity of Sugar.

If no Certificate or Oath, Sugar charged as herein mentioned.

Bonds, &c. for the Payment of 5a. per Cwt. being Part of the Duty on East India Sugar of the Description herein mentioned to be cancelled,

Portion of Duties on East India Sugar suspended.

Duties on East India Sugar, continued.

been taken on board; or if no such Collector or other Ch Officer of the Customs shall be residing at such Port or Pa then a Certificate shall be produced under the Hand and San the Principal Officer of such Port or Place, or of the Jan Commercial Resident of the District, testifying that Out 1 been made before him, (who is hereby authorized and requin administer such Oath and to grant such Certificate), by the Si of such Sugar, that the same was really and bona fide the Gran Produce or Manufacture of such British Colony, Plantain Territory; and the Master or other Person having or taking Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel in which such \$ shall be imported into Great Britain or Ireland respectively, make Oath before the Collector or other Chief Officer at the of Importation, (who is hereby authorized and required to nister the same), that the Sugar so imported is the same at tioned and referred to in the said Certificate; and on Fai such Certificate being produced, and Proof on Oath as a being made, such Sugar shall be deemed and taken to Growth, Produce or Manufacture of some Place in the Esti not being a British Colony, Plantation or Territory, and charged with the Duty imposed by this Act, and the Take (B.) thereto annexed, on such Sugar of Foreign Growth, In or Manufacture.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in 110 where at any Time previous to the passing of this Act any of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any British Col Plantation or Territory in the East Indies, (such Sugar being sidered as clayed, or otherwise refined so as to be equal to Quality of clayed, and being subject and liable under any le Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act Duty of Two Pounds Five Shillings for every Hundred We thereof), shall have been imported into any Part of the Uni Kingdom, and any Bond shall have been given or entered a or any Deposit shall have been made for securing the Paymen Five Shillings per Hundred Weight, Part of the said Duty us any such Act, and being the Amount of the Increase of Duy such Sugar under any such Act, every such Bond shall from after the passing of this Act be and become and is hereby declar to be void, and shall be cancelled, and the Amount of every Deposit shall be restored and repaid under the Directions of Commissioners of the Customs; and no Payment of the said creased Duty of Five Shillings shall be required for or on account of any such Sugar in respect of which any such Bond shall be been given or any such Deposit made; any thing in any such !

or Acts to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. XIII. And be it further enacted, That a Proportion of it Duties by this Act granted on Sugar, the Produce of the El Indies, shall and may from time to time be suspended, in such at the like Manner as any Duties of Customs payable on such Sugar at any Time before the passing of this Act may be suspended under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Duties imposed an made payable on such Sugar by this Act shall continue in force

until and upon the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four.

' XV. And Whereas by an Act passed in the First and Second 1&2 G.4. c.37. Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to Sch. (A.) ' repeal the Duties of Customs on the Importation into Great Britain of certain Sorts of Wood and Timber, and certain Drawbacks or 'Allowances in respect of such Duties, and to grant other Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof; and by the Table (A.) thereto annexed, it is provided that Staves of the Growth and Produc-' tion of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and im-' ported directly from thence, above Three Inches in Thickness or above Seven Inches in Breadth, and not exceeding Sixty three Inches in Length, shall be deemed Clap Boards, and be charged with Duty accordingly; and above Three Inches in ' Thickness or above Seven Inches in Breadth, and exceeding 'Sixty three Inches in Length, shall be deemed Pipe Boards, and be charged with Duty accordingly: And Whereas it is expedient to alter the said Dimensions in the said Act and Table specified;' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Alterations of Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty Dimensions of three, Staves of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, deemed Clap above Three Inches and Half of an Inch in Thickness, or above Boards and Seven Inches in Breadth, and not exceeding Sixty three Inches Pipe Boards, in Length, shall be deemed Clap Boards, and be charged with under 1 & 2G.4. Duty accordingly; and above Three Inches and Half of an Inch c.37. Sch. (A.) in Thickness, or above Seven Inches in Breadth, and exceeding Sixty three Inches in Length, shall be deemed Pipe Boards, and

shall be charged with Duty accordingly. ' XVI. And Whereas by the said recited Act passed in the said ' First and Second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, 'and by Table (A.) annexed thereto, certain Drawbacks of the Duties imposed by the said Act are allowed on Fir Timber being Eight Inches square and not exceeding Ten Inches square, of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, ' which shall have been used or employed in any of the Mines of 'Tin, Lead or Copper, in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall: And Whereas it is expedient to alter the said Dimensions in the said Act and Table specified;' Be it therefore enacted, That Drawback alfrom and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight lowed by 1 & hundred and twenty three, the Drawbacks in the said last recited <sup>2</sup>G.4. c.37.

Act and Table mentioned and specified shall be allowed on Fir Timber Timber, or any Wood chargeable as Fir Timber, being Five Inches therein mensquare and not exceeding Ten Inches square, of the Growth of tioned, extend-Norway, and imported directly from thence, which shall be used ed to Timber or employed in any of the Mines of Tin, Lead or Copper, in the herein de-Counties of Devon and Cornwall, under the like Conditions and scribed. Regulations as the Drawbacks on Timber of the Dimensions mentioned and specified in the said Act and Table were paid and

allowed.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Wood for Ship Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it building of shall be lawful to import into the United Kingdom of Great Bri-South Wales, tain and Ireland any Wood fit for Ship building, the Growth or &c. may be 4 GEO. IV. M m Produce

Plantation

imported Duty

Produce of the Colony of New South Wales, or any of the Sel tlements or Dependencies thereof, or Norfolk Island or Van De man's Land, and imported directly from the said Places, during the Period of Ten Years from the First day of January One the aand eight hundred and twenty three, without Payment of Subsidy, Custom or other Duty whatever for the same, produe Entry shall be made thereof, and such Wood shall be landed in the Presence of the proper Officer or Officers # 1 Port of Importation.

12 G.S. c.50. and 52 G.S. c. 18. for Import Duty on Oak Bark, repealed.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the ing of this Act, an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Re His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Assence or against the Manufacture of Leather, by lowering the Dung able upon the Importation of Oak Bark, when the Price of Bark shall exceed a certain Rate, for a limited Time; and Act made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His Majesty, for making perpetual the said recited Act of the Tu Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, or so much of the Acts as shall be in force at the Time of the passing of the shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

Terms on which Wine may be imported in Packages herein described, as well for Sale as private Use.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty shall and may be lawful to import into Great Britain and whatever as well for Sale as for private Use, in Packages 5 which shall contain at least Three Dozen reputed Quart Bot Flasks, or Six Dozen reputed Pint Bottles or Flasks, on Pa of the same Duties, as well of Customs as Excise, as French is or shall be subject to, in such Manner, and under and an ing to such and the like Rules, Regulations, Conditions strictions, and subject to such and the like Penalties and feitures, as are provided and enacted in any Act or Acts of liament with respect to French Wine so imported into

Drawback allowed on Exportation of Wine in Quantities herein mentioned.

Britain, so far as the same are applicable thereto. XX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the I Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs and Excise payable allowable by any Act or Acts in force immediately before the Tenth of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty upon the Exportation of any Wine, shall cease and determine in lieu and instead thereof there shall be paid and allowed, the Exportation of any Wine from Great Britain, a Drawba the full Duties of Customs and Excise which shall have been upon the Importation thereof into Great Britain: Provided at that such Drawback shall be paid and allowed under the k Regulations, Conditions and Restrictions, and subject to the Penalties and Forfeitures, as former Drawbacks upon Wine, shall only be allowed and paid on Wine which shall be expe from Great Britain in Packages each containing not less Three Dozen reputed Quart Bottles or Flasks, or Six De reputed Pint Bottles or Flasks; any Law, Custom or Usage w contrary notwithstanding.

Tobacco may imported be-

XXI, And be it further enacted, That from and after the Total be exported and Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three shall and may be lawful to carry and export from Greet British

Ireland, and from Ireland to Great Britain, and to import into tween G.B. and Ireland from Great Britain, and into Great Britain from Ireland, Ireland in Ships any Tobacco, either manufactured or unmanufactured, in any Ship of 70 Tons and upwards. or Vessel of the Burthen of Seventy Tons or upwards, any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain or Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; subject nevertheless to all such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are imposed upon such Importation and Exportation respectively, in Vessels of the Tonnage in which such Tobacco may be exported or imported, under any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act; Provided always, that if any such Tobacco shall be so If exported or exported or imported in a Vessel of less Burthen than Seventy imported in Tons according to the Rules of Admeasurement prescribed by Vessels of Law, all such Tobacco, and also the Ship, Vessel and Boat, with their Materials and Furniture, shall be forfeited, and shall and may Penalty. be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Importation of Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it Foreign Goods shall and may be lawful to export from Great Britain to Ireland, between G.B. and from Ireland to Great Britain respectively, any Goods, Wares under Coast or Merchandize liable to Duties on the Importation thereof from Regulations. Foreign Parts, and to import the same into either Country from the other, subject and liable to such Rules, Regulations, Conditions, Restrictions and Provisions, as such Goods are subject and liable to when removed and carried Coastwise from one Port in Great Britain to another Port in the same, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain immediately before the passing of this Act; and any Ship or Vessel in which such Goods. Wares or Merchandize shall be conveyed from one Country to the other, shall to all Intents and Purposes whatever be deemed and taken to be a Coasting Ship or Vessel, and shall be liable to the Payment of such Duties only, and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions only, as Coasting Vessels are now by Law subject and liable to.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Goods, Certain Goods Wares and Merchandize which, at any Time before the said Tenth imported into Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, Oct. 10. 1823, shall have been or shall be imported into Ireland, and which at to continue the Time of such Importation shall have been or shall be subject liable to such to Duties lower than the Duties payable on the Importation of Duties on Imthe like Articles into Great Britain, shall, after the said Tenth portation into Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, G.B. &c. remain and continue liable to such Duties on Importation into Great Britain, and shall be entitled to such Drawbacks on Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain, and shall be imported and exported under all such Rules and Regulations as were applicable to such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, under any Act or Acts in force immediately before the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and as if this present Act had not been passed.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the pass- Exportation of ing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Per- Tobacco Pipe sons to export Tobacco Pipe Clay from any Port in Great Britain, Clay allowed.

M m 2 or

or in the Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man to an Place whatever, any Prohibition or Penalty, or any Clause, Matt or Thing whatever, contained in any Act or Acts in force man diately before the passing of this Act, to the contrary therest any wise notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That before any Blobb

Conditions under which Blubber, Oil, &c. may be admitted to Entry as of the Fishery of the British Colonies.

Train Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fins, the Produce of Fat Creatures living in the Sea, imported into Great Britain, shall admitted to Entry on Payment of the Duty imposed on a Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale E as being taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjection usually residing in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, and ported from any British Colony, Island, Plantation, Settlement Territory, the Master or other Person having or taking the Ch or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall imported, shall produce and deliver to the Collector or other Officer of the Customs, at the Port of Importation, a Certific under the Hand and Seal of the Governor or Deputy Gott of such British Colony, Island, Plantation, Settlement or Ten or of the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs Port or Place in such British Colony, Island, Plantation, ment or Territory where such Train Oil, Blubber, Spermann Head Matter or Whale Fins shall have been taken on board; no such Governor or Deputy Governor, or Collector or other Officer of the Customs, shall be residing there, then a Certain shall be produced under the Hand and Seal of the Naval 0 or other Principal Officer of such Port or Place, or of One of Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the District; or if there be no such Naval Officer, or other Principal Officer or Justice the Peace, then a Certificate shall be produced of Two principal Inhabitants at the Place of Shipment, testifying that Oath been made before him or them (who is and are hereby authori and required to administer such Oath and to grant such Certification by the Shipper of such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, He Matter or Whale Fins, that the same was really and bond file! Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, actually can and taken wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on A Fishery, and usually residing in some Part of His Majesty's minions; and the Master or other Person having or taking ! Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the Blud Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fins shall

Certificate of Oath by Shipper of Produce of Oil, &c. by Governor of Colony, Naval Officer, &c.

Oath by Master of Identity of Oil, &c.

If no Certificate or Oath, Oil, &c. charged as herein mentioned.

imported into any Part of the United Kingdom, shall make 0 before the Collector or other Chief Officer at the Port of lup tation, that the Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matt or Whale Fins so imported is the same as mentioned and retern to in the said Certificate; and the Importer or Importers, Consignees of such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil Head Matter or Whale Fins, shall also make Oath before the Co lector or Comptroller or other proper Officer of the Customs the Time of Entry, that to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief the Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter Whale Fins so imported was actually caught and taken by Britis Subjects usually residing in some Part of His Majesty's Dominion and on Failure of such Certificates being produced, and Proof

Oath as aforesaid being made, such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter and Whale Fins shall be deemed and taken to be of Foreign Fishing, and shall be charged with the Duty by

Law imposed upon such Articles of Foreign Fishing.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful upon Blubber may the Return of any Ship or Vessel from the Greenland Seas or be boiled into Davis's Straits with any Blubber, being the Produce of Whales or Oil under Inother Creatures living in the Sea, caught and taken in the said Officers and Fishery, for the Importers or Proprietors thereof to cause the same entered, &c. to be boiled into Oil at the Port of Importation in the United Kingdom, under the Care and Inspection of the proper Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs, and such Oil so produced shall afterwards be admitted to Entry and the Duties paid thereon accordingly; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that in case any Blubber shall have Proviso for been so imported in any Ship or Vessel employed in the said Blubber im-Fishery, and shall have been boiled into Oil before the said ported before Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, such Oil shall be admitted to Entry, and the Duty shall be charged thereon, according to the Regulations and Directions of

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That so long as any Bounties Duties on shall be paid or payable for the Support and Encouragement of Blubber, &c. taken at New-foundland or for the Support and Encouragement or the Fisheries carried on in the Greenland Seas and Davis's Straits, foundland or for the Support and Encouragement of the Southern Whale Labrador Coast Fisheries, the several Duties of Customs payable under this Act, suspended. and the Tables thereto annexed, on the Importation into Great Britain of Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter and Whale Fins, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, shall not be charged or payable on any Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fins, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland and Parts adjacent, or taken and caught on the Labrador Coast and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects residing at and carrying on such Fishery from that Island, or from the Labrador Coast; but the Payment of such Duties on such Articles so taken and caught shall be and the same is hereby suspended during the Continuance of such Bounties: Provided always, that such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter and Whale Fins, so taken and caught, shall be duly entered and landed, and shall be subject in every respect to all the Regulations required by Law; and that the In what case several Duties hereby suspended shall revive and become payable revived. from and after the Time when such Bounties shall cease, in such and the like Manner as if the said Suspension of Duty had not taken place.

\* XXVIII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Tenth Year of 10 G.1, c.10. the Reign of King George the First, among other Things, for § 2.

 prohibiting the Importation of Chocolate ready made, and Cocoa Paste, it is among other Things enacted, that no Chocolate ready

made, or Cocoa Paste, shall be imported or brought into Great

Britain from any Port or Ports beyond the Seas, upon pain of

' forfeiting all such Chocolate ready made and Cocoa Paste: And 4 G.2. c.14. Whereas by an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of \$12.

' King George the Second, intituled An Act to prevent Frauds in M m 3

the Revenue of Excise with respect to Starch, Coffee, Tos and Chocolate, it is among other Things enacted, that if any Person or Persons shall import any Cocoa Nut Shells or Husks, without the Nuts thereunto belonging, it shall and may be lawful for so

51 G.3. c.58.

534

§ 2.

' Officers of the Customs or Excise or Inland Duties to seize and ' secure the same: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty in ' Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Th among other Things to prohibit the Importation of Foreign Car colate into Ireland, it is among other Things enacted, that during ' such Time as the Importation of Foreign Chocolate shall be per ' hibited in Great Britain, it shall not be lawful for any Person ' Persons to import into Ireland any Chocolate whatever, exce of the Manufacture of Great Britain, under Penalty of Forles ' thereof: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Prohibiti ' should no longer continue in force, with regard to Choose ' ready made, and Cocoa Paste, the Produce of the British R ' tations or Possessions, or any Cocoa Nut Shells or Husks wit ' the Nuts:' Be it therefore enacted, That from and state said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and three, so much and such Parts of the said several recited M relates or relate to the Importation of Chocolate ready in

Prohibition on Importation of Chocolate ready made, &c. repealed.

Pease may be imported for Seed on Payment of Duty.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after a Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twent three, it shall and may be lawful for any Person to import Perfor Seed into any Part of the United Kingdom, on Payment the Duty specified in the Table (A.) to this Act annexed, whaten the Average Prices of British Corn may be, and although the portation of such Pease and Foreign Corn may be prohibited any Act or Acts relating to the Importation of Corn; any this contained in any such Act or Acts to the contrary in any win notwithstanding.

Cocoa Paste of the British Plantations or Possessions, or in Cocoa Nut Shells or Husks without the Nuts, shall be and

same is and are hereby repealed.

Admission of Oil Seeds. XXX. And be it further enacted, That at any Time after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twent three, it shall and may be lawful to import into any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Seeds of any Secommonly made use of for the Purpose of extracting Oil therefrom, although the Price of middling British Rape Seed shall bless than Seventeen Pounds Ten Shillings per Last, and whatever the Price of such British Rape Seed may be: any Thing in any Act or Acts in force immediately before the said Testh Day and October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; subject nevertheless to the Payment of such Duties of Customs as shall be payable on such Seeds so imported at the Time of such Importation.

Bounty on Camlets of Mohair Yarn under 1 & 2G.4. c.91. § 2. repealed. XXXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twesty three, the Bounty of Allowance made payable on the Expertation of Camlets made in any Part of the United Kingdom, of Mohar Yarn mixed with Worsted, under and by virtue of an Act made in the First and Second Years of the Reign of His present Majerty, intituled An Act to grant certain Bounties on the Espectation of

Stuffs made of Silk mixed with Mohair, and of Stuffs made of Mohair mixed with Worsted, the Manufacture of Great Britain and Ireland, shall be and the same is hereby repealed: Provided al- Bounties to ways, that the Bounties granted, allowed and made payable by the continue in resaid Act, shall remain and continue payable under the Regulations Camlets. contained in or referred to by the said recited Act, upon such Camlets which shall be exported at any Time within Three Calendar Months after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight

hundred and twenty three.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid to Bounties on any Person or Persons, who, at any Time after the Fifth Day of factures expluy One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, shall really ported accordance. and bond fide export, from any Part of the United Kingdom of ing to Sche-Great Britain and Ireland by way of Merchandise contain Sill. Great Britain and Ireland by way of Merchandize, certain Silk dule (E.) Manufactures made in any Part of the said United Kingdom, the several Bounties or Allowances mentioned, specified and set forth in the Table marked (E.) to this Act annexed, in lieu of all former Bounties or Allowances on any Silk Manufactures, under any Act or Acts in force immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three; and such Former Boun-former Bounties and Allowances shall, from and after the said ties to coses. Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, wholly cease and determine; and such Bounties and Allowances under this Act shall be allowed and paid in such and the like Manner, and under such and the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are prescribed or imposed by the several Laws in force at the Time of the passing of this Act, for granting Allowances on the Exportation of Silk Manu-

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Bounty on Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty Export or Salted Prothree, upon the Exportation from Great Britain to any Place exvisions. cept Ireland, and upon the Exportation from Ireland to any Place except Great Britain, of any Beef, Pork, Tongues, Ham or Bacon, salted in Great Britain or Ireland, there shall be paid and allowed an Allowance or Bounty of One Shilling for each and every One hundred Pounds Weight thereof, until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty five; and that such Bounty or Allowance shall be paid and allowed under the Rules and Regulations of any Act or Acts in force granting an Allowance or Bounty on Articles of the like Nature in Great Britain or Ireland respectively before the Twenty sixth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty two.

XXXIV. And Whereas some of the Duties imposed upon the Importation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize into Great Britain, are under the Management in part of the Commissioners

- of Customs, and in part of the Commissioners of Excise, and some other Import Duties are under the Management of the
- Commissioners of Excise: And Whereas for the Convenience of
- 'Trade, and for the better and more economical Collection of the
- Revenue, it may be found expedient that all Import Duties
- ' should be placed under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs, or that such Duties as have heretofore been under
- the Management in part of the Commissioners of Customs, and Mm 4

Certain Import
Duties may by
Order in Council be placed
under Management of Commissioners of
Customs or
Excise.

' in part of the Commissioners of Excise, should be wholly man either by the Commissioners of Customs, or by the Commi ' of Excise;' Be it therefore enacted, That at any Time after passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Melby His Order in Council, to declare and direct that all such it as aforesaid, or any of them, may be placed under the sole Ma ment of the Commissioners of Customs, or under the sole M ment of the Commissioners of Excise, as shall be express directed in such Order, and for a Time to be mentioned in Order; and such Order in Council shall be published in the don Gazette; and such Duties shall, during the Time mention such His Majesty's Order in Council, become and be placed by the council. either under the sole Management of the Commissioners of toms, or under the sole Management of the Commissioners Excise, as shall be directed in such Order in Council; Drawbacks allowed by Law upon the Exportation of any An liable to such Duties, shall be allowed and made payable the Direction of the Commissioners so named in such On Council, any Act or Acts, or any Law, Custom or Usage contrary notwithstanding; and the Insertion in the London of any such Order in Council shall be good and sufficient in all Cases that such Order was made, and was of the Pupu Effect published and contained in such Gazette, without pro or giving any other Evidence of any such Order in Council. XXXV. And be it further enacted, That during the Times

tioned in any such Order in Council as aforesaid, when any

Duties as aforesaid shall be placed under the sole Management

Former Acts in force as to Duties,

> of the Commissioners of Customs, or under the sole Manager of the Commissioners of Excise, as the Case may be, all and gular Powers and Authorities, and Rules and Regulations, as wise relating to such Duties, or to the Importation, Entering Landing, Warehousing, Exportation or Bonding of the Goods Commodities in respect of which such Duties shall be payable contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or exercised wi any Usage or Custom in force at or immediately before the sing of this Act, or granted to and exercised by the Commi sioners and Officers of Customs, or by the Commissioners Officers of Excise respectively, shall, for and during the Ta mentioned in any such Order in Council as aforesaid, be execut exercised and put in force for the securing and collecting Duties by the Commissioners and Officers of Customs, or by Commissioners and Officers of Excise, as the Case may be, und whose Management such Duties shall be placed by such Onl in Council, as if all and singular such Powers and Authorities is been originally given and granted to the Commissioners, und the Management of whom such Duties shall be placed by six Order in Council as aforesaid; and that all Fines, Penalties at Forfeitures imposed by any such Act or Acts of Parliament, respect of any Matter or Thing to be done, or refused or neg lected to be done, by any Person or Persons in any wise relating to such Duties, or to the Importation, Entering, Landing. Wife housing, Exportation or Bonding of such Goods, without, or under or contrary to the Warrant, Order, Approbation or Permission 0 the Commissioners or Officers of Customs or Excise respectively

and Penaltics.

ander whose Management and Collection such Duties were placed before the making of such Order in Council, shall, during the Time mentioned in such Order in Council, be incurred, lost and forfeited, and shall and may be sued for, recovered, levied, mitigated and applied upon the like Act or Acts being done, or refused or neglected to be done, without, or under, or contrary to the Warrant, Order, Approbation or Permission of the Commissioners or Officers of Customs, or Commissioners or Officers of Excise, as the Case may be, under the Management of whom such Duties shall be placed by such Order in Council as aforesaid, in like Manner to all Intents and Purposes whatever, as if all such Powers, Authorities, Rules, Regulations, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures were specified and set forth, and inserted, contained and repeated in this present Act; any thing in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in any wise notwith-

standing

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the No Drawback Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty allowed on three, no Drawback whatever shall be paid or payable upon any Goods, Wares or Merchandize entered or shipped for Exportation from any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ire-Drawback. land, in any Case where such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be unmerchantable by reason of Damage or Decay, and shall thereby become and shall be of less Value for Home Consumption than the Amount of the Drawback payable or allowable by Law in respect thereof, or in respect of Goods, Wares or Merchandize of the Denomination under which such Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall be entered for Exportation; any Thing in this Act or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding: And if upon Examination by the proper Officers Claiming of Customs of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize entered or Drawback on shipped for Exportation on which any Drawback shall be claimed, unmerchantsuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be found to be so sole Goods. unmerchantable and of less Value for Home Consumption than the Amount of the Drawback claimed thereon, or payable or allowable as aforesaid; then and in every such Case, all such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, with the Packages containing the same, shall be forfeited, and the Owner or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or the Person who shall cause the same to be entered for Exportation, shall for each such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, or Treble the Penalty. Amount of the Drawback so claimed, at the Election of His Majesty's Attorney General, or of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise for the Time being.

' XXXVII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Tenth Year 10 G.3. c.43. of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, in- \$6. tituled An Act for repealing the Duties upon Bast or Straw, Chip, Cane and Horsehair Hats and Bonnets, and upon certain Mate-' rials for making the same, imported into this Kingdom, and for

granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent Importation of such Goods, it is among other Things enacted, that no Bast or Straw, Chip, Cane or Horsehair Hats or Bonnets, or any Platting or Manufactures ' therein mentioned, to be used in or proper for making such

Goods not equal in Value to Amount of

C. 69.

repealed.

Hats or Bonnets may be imported into any Port of G.B.

13&14 C.2. c.11. §2.

Collector may require Masters of Vessels arriving from Parts beyond Sess to answer Questions as to Voyage and Cargo, and to produce Bill of Lading, &c. Refusal or producing false Bill of Lading, &c.\*

Penalty 100l.

13&14C.2. c.11. § 4. 'Hats or Bonnets, shall be imported or brought into any Port of Great Britain, except into the Port of London, upon any Pre' tence whatever: And Whereas it is expedient to allow its 'Importation of the Articles herein before enumerated into so 'Port of Great Britain;' Be it therefore enacted, That from so after the passing of this Act, so much of the said recited Act confines the Importation of the said Articles into the Port of London shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and the said Articles shall and may be imported into any Port in Great Britan under and subject to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions. Penalties and Forfeitures, as are required by the said recited act upon the Importation of such Articles into the Port of London.

'XXXVIII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirteent's

' and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second

' intituled An Act for preventing Frauds and regulating Abum " ' His Majesty's Customs, it is amongst other Things enacted, the ' the Master or Purser of any Ship or Vessel arriving from Part ' beyond the Seas shall make a just and true Entry upon Osth of the Burthen, Contents and Lading of every such Ship or Vessel with the particular Marks, Numbers, Qualities and Contents of every Parcel of Goods therein laden, to the best of his Know ' ledge, also when and in what Port she took in her Lading, of what Country built, how manned, who was Master during the 'Voyage, and who are the Owners thereof: And Whereas # " expedient to make further and other Provisions for carry ' into Effect the Purposes of the said recited Act;' Be it there fore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October Om thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it shall be lawful in the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port where any such Ship or Vessel shall arrive, and he is herely authorized and empowered, in Cases where he shall deen s necessary so to do, to call upon the Captain, Master, Purser of other Person (so making any such Oath as aforesaid,) to answer all such Questions relating to his Voyage, and to the Care laden on board his Vessel, as shall be demanded of him, or b produce any Bill or Bills of Lading, or a true Copy thereof, for the Whole or any and every Part of the Cargo laden on board is said Ship or Vessel; and in case of Refusal to answer such Que tions, or to produce such Bill or Bills of Lading, or such Copy or if the Bill of Lading or Copy so produced shall be a false of Lading or Copy, or if any Bill of Lading shall be signed or uttered by such Captain, Master, Owner or other Person, and the Goods expressed in the same shall not have been bond fide shipped on board the said Ship or Vessel, or if the Bill of Lading shall me have been signed by the said Captain, Master, Purser or other Person, or the Copy made or received, previous to his leaving the Country from which he shall have arrived, then and in every such Case such Captain, Master, Purser or other Person, shall forfell and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

\* XXXIX. And Whereas by the said recited Act, passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Officers of His Majesty's Customs are authorised and empowered to enter on board any Ship or Vessel arrival from Foreign Parts beyond the Seas, and from thence to bing

Shore all Goods for which the Duties are not paid or commeded for within Twenty Days after the Entry of the Ship Vesel, and to secure the same in His Majesty's Warehouse i the Duties thereon are fully paid: And Whereas it frestly happens that the Officers of the Customs or Excise, med on board such Ships or Vessels for the Security of the enue, are detained on account of a few Packages only of Cargo of such Ship or Vessel being left on board, whereby iderable Expence is unnecessarily incurred;' Be it therefore d, That in all Cases where the Cargo of any Ship or Vessel Afew Packages ig in any Port in Great Britain, from Parts beyond the remaining on shall have been discharged, with the Exception only of a board may be landed and ackages, it shall and may be lawful for the proper Officer or warehoused, is of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, where that Revenue though Twenty terned, and he and they is and are hereby authorized and Days not exvered to bring on Shore all such remaining Packages and pired. posit the same in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Port of tation, for the Security of the Duties thereon, although ty Days may not have expired from the Entry of such Ship wel.

L And Whereas it is expedient to make further Provisions Goods landed respect to Goods landed in Great Britain on Bills of Sight, on Bills of hof View or Sufferance; Be it therefore enacted, That from Sight, &c. Imand the or Surferance: Be it therefore enacted, That from after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred feet Entry and pay Duty within the landed in Great Britain on Bills of Sight, Bills of View or Three Days, nance, the Importer or Importers, Owner or Owners, or Con- and in case of tor Consignees, or his or their Agent or Agents, at whose Non-payment, tee or Request such Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall warehoused, landed, shall make, and he and they is and are hereby and if Duty not red to make, perfect Entry of all such Goods, Wares and paid in One bandize, with the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs Month, Goods ixcise, where that Revenue is concerned, appointed for that to be sold. ore, and to pay all Duties which may be due and payable the Importation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, Three Days next after the landing thereof; and in case of Payment of all such Duties, it shall and may be lawful for Moper Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, where Revenue is concerned, and he and they is and are hereby anized and required to convey all such Goods, Wares and chandize to and to deposit the same in His Majesty's Wareeat the Port of Importation, there to remain for the space he Calendar Month; and if the Importer or Importers, or er or Owners, or Consignee or Consignees of such Goods, and Merchandize, or his or their Agent or Agents, shall le or neglect to enter such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, to pay the full Duties thereon, together with the Charges of chouse Rent, on or before the Expiration of such Calendar th, all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall be sold er the Direction of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, re that Revenue is concerned, and the Produce thereof shall upplied towards Payment of the Duties and Charges of Warese Rent thereon; and the Overplus, if any, shall be paid to

the Proprietor of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, or ob Person authorized to receive the same.

Warehouse Rent to be payable on Goods lodged in the King's Warehouses. XLI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the pass of this Act, whenever any Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be been or shall be lodged or secured in any of His Major Warehouses in Great Britain, for Security of the Duties them it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customi Excise, where that Revenue is concerned, and they are house authorized and empowered, to charge and demand and ware Warehouse Rent for such Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall mu in such Warehouses, at and after such and the same Rate of or may be payable for Goods, Wares and Merchandize of the Nature, when warehoused and secured in any other Warehouse which such Goods, Wares and Merchandize are or may be Law allowed to be warehoused and secured without Page of Duty.

XIII And he it further enacted That in case the same that the same that the same that the same Rate of Duty.

If Duties on perishable Goods not paid in One Month, or in other Cases within Three Months, such Goods to be sold. XLII. And be it further enacted, That in case the payable on any Goods, Wares and Merchandize warehouse his Majesty's Warehouse for Security of the Duties them not have been or shall not be paid within One Calendar in case such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be of able Nature, or otherwise within Three Calendar Mosthater the Day when such Goods, Wares and Merchandize have been or shall be first lodged and secured in such houses, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissional Customs, and they are hereby required to order such Gwares and Merchandize to be publicly sold by Auction; and such Sale, the Produce thereof shall be first applied to

How Produce applied.

Charges thereon; and the Overplus, if any, shall be read and paid to the Proprietor or other Person lawfully author to receive the same.

'XLIII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty of Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the

intituled An Act for the further Regulation of the Collection

Payment of the Duties and of the Warehouse Rent and all

43 G.3. c.128. § 1.

the Duties of Customs in Great Britain, in certain Case, among other Things enacted, that it shall not be lawful for Person or Persons whatsoever, to lade or put off, or cause laden or put off from any Quay, Wharf or other Place of into any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Boat or Bottom, any Got Wares or Merchandize whatsoever, with Intent to export same to Parts beyond the Seas, until such Person or Parts shall deliver or cause to be delivered, by themselves or Agent the Country William of the Seas of State of

same to Parts beyond the Seas, until such Person of Parts shall deliver or cause to be delivered, by themselves or Agent the Comptrolling Searchers of His Majesty's Customs of the control one of them, a true and correct Copy in Writing of the Coct or Entry, together with the Indorsement thereon, for all Goods, Wares and Merchandize so intended to be expansed And Whereas it is expedient to make further Provision of the Coct

Goods brought to any Quay for Exportation not agreeing with the Indorsement on Cocquet. respect to such Goods; Be it enacted. That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and treat three, if any Goods, Wares or Merchandize intended to be ported from Great Britain and liable to the Payment of a Duty on the Exportation thereof, shall be so laden or put of from

my Quay, Wharf or other Place on Land, into any Ship, Vessel, lighter, Boat or Bottom, or shall be brought to any Quay, Wharf or other Place in Great Britain, for the Purpose of being shipped or Exportation, and upon Examination of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize by the proper Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs, such Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall be found 10t to agree with the Indorsement upon the Cocquet or the Copy of the Cocquet delivered to the proper Officers for the Shipment of such Goods, that then and in every such Case the whole of the Goods contained in any Package not so agreeing with the Indorsenent upon the Cocquet or Copy of the Cocquet as aforesaid, shall Forfeited. De forfeited and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs.

' XLIV. And for preventing Frauds upon His Majesty's Revenue on the Importation of manufactured Goods which pay Duty according to the Value thereof, by importing some Part of a manufactured Article at one Port, and the remaining Part of such Article at another Port, or by importing such Parts at different Times at the same Port, and placing a small Value upon such Goods in consequence of their being in an imperfect State; Be it enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October Importation of One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it shall not be Parts of manulawful to import any distinct or separate Part of any Article of factured Goods Foreign Manufacture into the United Kingdom of Great Britain prohibited. and Ireland, not accompanied by the other Part, or all the other Parts of such Article, so as to be complete and perfect, and any such distinct or separate Part of any Article of Foreign Manufacture which shall be brought into the United Kingdom, not accompanied by the other Part, or all the other Parts of the same Article, so as to be complete and perfect, shall be forfeited, Forfeited. and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs.

'XLV. And Whereas it is expedient for the Convenience of ' Trade, and the Ease and Accommodation of Merchants, that the ' Oaths now required by Law to be taken with respect to the ' Import and Export of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize, 'should be administered by One only of the proper Officers of the Customs, and that the Signature of One Officer to certain ' Documents should be sufficient in Law:' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand Oaths may be eight hundred and twenty three, in all Cases where any Oath is administered, by any Act or Acts in force required to be taken, relating to and certain Dothe Import, Export or carrying Coastwise of any Goods, Wares cuments signed by One Officer only. the Collector or other proper Officer of the Customs; and that the Signature of the Collector or other proper Officer of the Customs to any Document relating to the entering or clearing of any Ships or Vessels, or relating to the Import, Export or carrying Coastwise of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize (save and except such Documents as relate to the Registry of Ships, or to the Payment or Receipt of Money), shall be deemed sufficient, and such Documents (except as aforesaid) shall be as good and valid to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same had been signed by Two or more Officers of Customs; any

Thing

Agents for transacting

Business at the

Custom House

to be licensed

C. 69.

Thing in any Act or Acts, or any Custom or Usage to the or

trary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XLVI. And Whereas it is expedient for the better Second of the Revenue, and of the Merchants and Traders, to establish Regulations for restraining improper Persons from acting Agents for transacting Business at the Custom House in Lon Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Expinion One Calendar Month next after the passing of this Act, it is not be lawful for any Person to act as an Agent for transact any Business at the said Custom House, which shall relate to to be licensed by Commission-ers of Customs. Entry or Clearance of any Ship or Ships, or to the clearing any Goods or Baggage, or the passing of any Entry what upon which any Revenue of Customs shall be due or pay unless such Persons shall be authorized so to do by Lie under the Hands and Seals of the Commissioners of Ca for the Time being; and it shall be lawful for the said C sioners, or any Two of them, and they are hereby authors empowered to grant any such Licence to any Person or R who may require the same; and in such Cases it shall be Surety required for the said Commissioners to require a Bond to be given Person to whom such Licence shall be granted for the of acting as such Agent respectively, with One sufficient in the Sum of One thousand Pounds, conditioned for the and incorrupt Conduct of every such Person, and of is a acting for him as herein provided, and to deliver up such Li if the same shall be revoked within Seven Days after the of such Revocation.

Bond with for 1000l.

Persons certified by Lord Mayor, &c. may be licensed as Agents without Sureties.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Commissioners of Customs shall and they are hereby author and required to grant any such Licence, without such Bom Surety as aforesaid, to any Person being One of the Brokers of the City of London, upon the Production by my Person of a Certificate signed by the Lord Mayor, or by proper Officer of the Court of Aldermen of the said City, t such Person is a fit and proper Person to be licensed as # Agent.

Proviso as to Clerks in Custom House. 51 G.S. c. 71.

XLVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing her contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize Commissioners of the Customs to grant any Licence to any Oli or Clerk in the Custom House at London to act as such Agent. to prevent any Officer or Clerk in the Long Room of the # Custom House from passing Entries under the Authority of Act made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His late Majel intituled An Act for the Abolition and Regulation of certain Of in the Customs, without any such Licence as is required this Act.

Treasury may

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful f revoke Licence. the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Two them for the Time being, by any Order in Writing under the Hands, to revoke any Licence granted in pursuance of this Ac to any Person or Persons to transact Business at the said Catol House, whenever it shall appear to the said Commissioners et pedient so to do.

. And be it further enacted, That after the said Commis- After Notice of and His Majesty's Treasury shall by any such Order have Revocation, aled any such Licence, a Copy of the Order of Revocation Licence to be le delivered to the Person to whom such Licence was void. ted, or shall be left at his usual Dwelling House or Place of , or Counting House; and from and after the Delivery or is of a Copy of such Order as aforesaid, the Licence granted sch Person shall be and the same is hereby declared to be and void.

And be it further enacted, That if any Person not being Agents acting sed to transact Business in Manner hereinbefore recited and without Litrized by this Act, or whose Licence shall be revoked, or cence. flicensed shall be in Partnership with any Person or Persons shall not be licensed as aforesaid, shall act as an Agent in acting such Business at the said Custom House, every such Penalty 1001. n shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hun-Pounds.

L Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Proviso for mutained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent
Merchants' and
Merchants' and
Brokers' Clerks
acting for such
Merchants or
Merchants or
Merchants or
Merchants or ats or Brokers in Copartnership, duly authorized by such Brokers. at or Merchants, or Broker or Brokers, from acting for Machant or Merchants, or Broker or Brokers; but it shall for such Clerk to act for such Merchant or Merchants, her or Brokers, in transacting any Business for or on of his Employer at the Custom House: Provided always, Restriction. such Clerk shall be allowed to act only for the Merchant or mants, or Broker or Brokers in Copartnership, in whose be he shall actually be engaged, and for whom he shall be wized to act, by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, not for any other Merchant or Merchants, or Broker or ten, unless such Clerk shall be duly licensed so to do under Authority of this Act.

LIII. And Whereas it has happened that Persons acting as gents have frequently made and attested Declarations as to Value of Goods without any lawful Authority for so doing, the great Injury of the Importers or Proprietors of such Wares and Merchandize, and to the Prejudice of the wenue; For Remedy whereof be it enacted, That if at any Agents deafter the passing of this Act, any Person or Persons shall claring Value he and attest any Declaration of the Value of any Goods, without Authoma or Merchandize imported, not being the Importer or Protior or Consignee of the Goods, Wares and Merchandize menhed in such Declaration, or not having proper and sufficient thonty from the real Importer or Importers, or Proprietor or Prietors, or Consignee or Consignees of such Goods, Wares and archandize, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One Penalty 1001. dred Pounds.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Broker, Officers may reor Clerk shall make any Application to any Officer or fuse to act unthere of the Customs to transact any Business relating to the less Authority for Clearance of any Ship or Ships, or to Goods, Wares or produced.

Minimalize imported or exported, or to the Revenue of Customs

thereon.

thereon, and such Officer or Officers shall have any Doubt when such Broker, Agent or Clerk has any Authority from the M chant or Merchants, or other Person or Persons in whose h or on whose Behalf any such Broker, Agent or Clerk shall a such Application, it shall be lawful for such Officer or Offi and he and they is and are hereby authorized to require my Broker, Agent or Clerk respectively, to produce to such a a written Authority from the Merchant or other Person in w Name or whose Behalf any such Application shall be made; in Default of the Production of such written Authority, it be lawful for such Officer or Officers to refuse to transact such Business relating to the Entry or Clearance of any Ships, or to such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or the Res of Customs thereon, or to do any Act, Matter or Thing req to be done by any such Officer in the Execution of his Day respect to such Ship or Ships, or to such Goods, Wars Merchandize, or the Revenue of Customs thereon; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in any vi withstanding.

No Clerk of licensed Agent to act without producing a written Authority.

LV. And be it further enacted. That it shall not be la any Clerk or other Person in the Service or Employ of any or Agent who shall be licensed under the Authority of it to act for such Broker or Agent without a written Appe from such Broker or Agent for such Purpose, nor unless \$ Appointment shall by such Clerk be produced to the Com sioners of Customs, and shall be allowed and sanctioned Signature of such Commissioners, or any one or more of for the Time being.

Duties to be paid into Exchequer, and carried to Consolidated Fund.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies by the Duties imposed by this Act (the necessary Charge raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from the time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Excheque. shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and shall be priated in like Manner and to the like Services as the Dutes this Act repealed would have been if this Act had not passed

Hereditary Revenue of Scotland.

LVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in I Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to affect alter the Hereditary Revenue of His Majesty, His Heirs and S cessors in Scotland, or other Revenues there granted to His jesty King George the Second, during his Life, and reserved His late Majesty King George the Third, during his Life, by Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His said late Major and reserved to His present Majesty, during his Life, by and made in the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, initial An Act for the Support of His Majesty's Household, and of Honour and Dignity of the Crown of the United Kingdom of Gn Britain and Ireland; but the same, and the Civil List Establishme payable out of the same, shall continue to be paid in like Manner! heretofore; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary there in any wise notwithstanding.

1 G.4. c.1.

and paid.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties and Draw How Duties are to be levied backs imposed and allowed by this Act, according as they a hereby or may hereafter be made and become Duties of Custon or Excise, shall and may be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered and allowed, in such and the like Manner as former Duties and Drawbacks of Customs or Excise upon Goods, Wares or Merchandize in general, were or might have been managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered and allowed, and under and subject to all such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Modes of inflicting and recovering the same, is any such or the like Goods, Wares or Merchandize were particularly subject and liable to by any Act or Acts of Parliament n force on or immediately before the passing of this Act.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Penalties and Recovery of forfeitures in this Act mentioned shall and may be prosecuted, Penalties. letermined, recovered, levied, mitigated and disposed of by such Ways, Means and Methods, as any Penalties or Forfeitures may now be prosecuted, determined, recovered, levied, mitigated and lisposed, by any Act or Acts relating to the Revenue of the Customs or Excise, where that Revenue is concerned, in Great

Britain.

LX. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit Limitation of shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons Actions. for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid in Where laid. the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant in every such Action or Suit General Issue. may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy Treble Costs. or the same as any Defendant had in other Cases to recover Costs oy Law.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act con- Proviso for tained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to affect. Rights of the alter, lessen, diminish or prejudice the Rights, Privileges, Liberties, City of London. Franchises, Powers or Authorities of the Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens of the said City of London, or of the Lord Mayor of he said City for the Time being, or the Office of Paccage and Scavage, or of Gauger of Wines and other gaugable Articles, or he Duties, Fees, Profits or Emoluments incident thereto, belongng to the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, or in respect of the Admission, Government and Regulation of the Brokers

vithin the said City and the Liberties thereof.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, Act may be iltered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this altered, &c. resent Session of Parliament.

## TABLES to which this Act refers.

## TABLE (A.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on certain Goods, War and Merchandize IMPORTED into Great Britain from Foreign Parts (exce Goods, Wares and Merchandize of the Growth, Produce or Manufacts of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Compa of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and Goods import from His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, and the Terms and Dependencies thereof).

TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	_ _	D	uty.
Boracic Acid, the lb	i	æ. 0	
Borax or Tincal, viz.		U	v
refined, the lb.	- 1	0	0
unrefined, the lb.	-	ŏ	-
Bronze, viz. all Works of Art, made of Bronze, the cwt.	- !	i	
Buck Wheat, the Quarter, containing Eight Bushels (until an	a l	. •	Ĭ
upon 25th March 1824)	-	0	ΙÔ
from and after 25th March 1824	_	0	
Bugles of all Sorts, the lb		ŏ	
Camphor, viz.	- !	ŭ	_
refined, the lb.	_	0	0
unrefined, the lb.		ŏ	
Chocolate and Cocoa Paste of the British Plantations, the lb.			ì
Cobalt, the lb	_	ŏ	i
Cocoa Nut Husks and Shells, the lb		ō	Ċ
Ginger, preserved, the Produce of the British Plantations i	.	٠	٠
America, the lb	_	0	(
Gum, viz.	-	·	•
Animi, the lb		0	(
	- }	0	ì
Copal, the lb	- 1	v	•
Cake Lac	- 1		
T TO 1001 0.1 TT 1	ı	10	,
	-	IO	١
Lac Lake)	- 1		
Seed Lac for every 100% of the Value -	-	5	(
	ı	20	(
Shell Lac, for every 100% of the Value -	-	ZU	•
Hides, viz.	- 1		
Horse, Mare, Gelding, Buffalo, Bull, Cow or Ox Hide	8		
in the Hair, not tanned, awed, curried o	r		
in any way dressed,	- 1		
· dry,		^	
imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.		0	1
imported in a Ship not British built, th	e		.,
cwt	-	0	11
wet,		_	
imported in a British built Ship, the cwt		0	ō
imported in a Ship not British built, the	e	_	_
cwt	- 1	0	7

	1		
TABLE $(A.)$ — INWARDS.		Dut	<b>y</b> .
lides, viz. Horse, &c. — continued.	P	8.	d.
the Produce of and imported from the West	<b>  ~</b> :	••	۳.
Coast of Africa, not exceeding 14 lb. Weight	1		
each Hide, the cwt.	١ ,		
- Muscovy or Russia Hides, tanned or coloured, the Hide		. 2	4
	0	15	0
ice of Lemons, Limes or Oranges, from and after the 5th January 1824, viz.			
raw, the Gallon, for every Degree of specific			
Gravity or Strength		_	
	U	U	03
	_	_	
of specific Gravity or Strength	0	0	03
For the Rules and Regulations by which the Degrees			
of such specific Gravity or Strength shall be ascertained,			- 1
See the Act to which this Table is annexed.			1
ad, riz.			- 1
- Chromate of Lead, the lb	0	2	0
idder, the cwt	0	12	0
Root, the cwt	0	5	0
aps, plain or coloured, each Map or Part thereof	0	Ŏ	6
- in Books half bound, or in any way bound, the ewt.	6	10	ŏ
- n Books unbound, the cwt	5	ō.	
lamalade, the Produce of the British Plantations in America,	•	•	١
the lb	0	0	6
edals (not of Gold or Silver), for every 100% of the Value -	5	ŏ	ŏ l
its, viz. Castor Nuts, the lb.	0	Ö	4
Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, viz.	U	U	*
- Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea,			1
taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects			ł
usually residing in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions,			ļ
			1
and imported directly from any British Colony, Island, Plantation, Settlement or Territory, in a British built			- 1
Ship of Versal armed presinted and resistant accord			
Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated and registered accord-	_		. 1
ing to Law, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	0	13	4
the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea,			- 1
of Foreign Fishing, the Tun, containing 252 Gal-			- 1
lons	22	3	4
- Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of			- 1
Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught			- 1
wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any			- 1
Part of His Majesty's Dominions, and imported directly			
from any British Colony, Island, Plantation, Settlement or			- 1
Territory, in a British built Ship or Vessel, owned, navi-			- 1
gated and registered according to Law, the Tun, con-			- 1
taining 252 Gallons	1	0	0
- Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of	_		
Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, of Foreign Fishing,			
the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	33	5	0
pper, viz.	55	_	١
Capsicum or Chillies, the lb.	0	2	6
Cayenne, the lb.	ŏ	2	6
Guinea Pepper, the lb.	ŏ	2	6
Long Pepper, the lb.	ŏ	2	6
N n 2	-	_	٠,١
M II Z			

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	Duty.
	£. 1.
Platting of Bast, Chip, Cane or Horse hair, the lb	1 0
Prints and Drawings, viz.	
plain, each	0 0
coloured, each	0 0
in Books half bound, or in any way bound, the cwt	6 10
in Books, unbound, the cwt.	5 0
Rice, viz.	
the Produce of, and imported directly from any British	
Colony, Plantation, Territory or Dominion,	
rough, and in the Husk or Paddy, the Bushel -	0 0
- not being the Produce of, and imported directly from any	
British Colony, Plantation, Territory or Dominion, and	
Rice the Produce of any other Country or Place,	
rough, and in the Husk or Paddy, the Bushel -	0 9
For the Allowances on the Exportation of Clean Rice	
produced from such rough Rice, See the Act to which	
this Table is annexed.	l
Sago or Sago Powder, the cwt	110
Seed, viz.	l
Acorns, the Bushel	0 1
Burnet Seed, the cwt	1 (
Carraway Seed, the cwt	1 10
- Castor Seed, the lb	0 (
Castor Seed, the lb	0
Grass Seeds of all Sorts, the cwt	1 (
- Hemp Seed, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels (until 5th	1
April 1824)	1
after 5th April 1824	9
the Produce of, and imported from the British	
Colonies or Plantations in America, the	Ì
Quarter, containing 8 Bushels	0
Leek Seed, the lb.	0
- Lucern Seed, the cwt	1
Mustard Seed, the Bushel	0
— Onion Seed, the lb.	0
Parsley Seed, the lb.	0
- Pease, when prohibited to be imported as Corn, the Bushel	0
Shrub or Tree Seed, not otherwise enumerated or described,	1
the lb	0
Trefoil Seed, the cwt	1
- All Seeds (except Flax Seed and Linseed) not before	1
enumerated or otherwise charged with Duty, commonly	
made use of for the Purpose of extracting Oil there-	
from, the Last, containing 10 Quarters, each Quarter	l
containing 8 Bushels	10
Segars manufactured from Tobacco, (Note — Also liable to	-
Duties of Excise,) the lb	0.1
Shells of Mother of Pearl, for every 100%. of the Value -	5
Skins, viz.	
- Calves' Skins and Kip Skins, in the Hair, not tanned, tawed,	

	TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	D	uty.	
	Skins, viz. Calves' Skins, &c. — continued.	₽.	8. (	d.
cwt.	imported in a British built Ship, the cwt	0	4	8
imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt the Produce of and imported from the West Coast of Africa, not exceeding 7 lbs. Weight each Skin, the cwt the Produce of and imported from the West Coast of Africa, not exceeding 7 lbs. Weight each Skin, twiz undressed, the Skin undressed, or shaved, the Skin undressed, the 100 Skins undressed, the 100 Skins the Produce of the British Subjects, the Skin exceeding in Weight 14 lbs scall limit 15 lbs exceeding in Weight 14 lbs scall limit 15 lbs exceeding in Weight 14 lbs scall limit 15 lbs exceeding in Weight 14 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall limit 15 lbs scall		0	14	0
imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  the Produce of and imported from the West Coast of Africa, not exceeding 7 lbs. Weight each Skin, the cwt.  Deer Skins, viz.  Indian, half-dressed, the Skin  undressed, or shaved, the Skin  undressed, or shaved, the Skin  undressed, the 100 Skins  Lamb Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins  Seal Skins, Skins of Seals taken in any Foreign Fishery, by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin  Seal Skins, Skins of Seals taken in any Foreign Fishery, by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin  Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14 lbs.  exceeding in Weight 14 lbs.  exceeding in Weight 14 lbs. each, for every 100l. of the Value  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value  Spirits, viz.  Whiskey the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Gallon  Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot  Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stonemal Paving Stones), the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.			_	
Cost of Africa, not exceeding 7 lbs. Weight each Skin, the cwt.  Deer Skins, viz.  Lamb Skins, undressed, or shaved, the Skin  Lamb Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins  Nutria Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins  Seal Skins, Skins of Seals taken in any Foreign Fishery, by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin  Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14lbs.  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Spirits, viz.  Mhiskey the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Gallon  Stone, viz.  Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot  Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stoneand Paving Stones), the cwt.  Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note—Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.		0	2	4
Coast of Africa, not exceeding 7 lbs. Weight each Skin, the cwt.  Deer Skins, viz.  Indian, half-dressed, the Skin  undressed, or shaved, the Skin  Lamb Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins  Nutria Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins  Seal Skins, Skins of Seals taken in any Foreign Fishery, by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin  Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14lbs.  Exceeding in Weight 14lbs.  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Spirits, viz.  Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot  Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stoneand Paving Stones), the cwt.  Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.	•	0	7	0
each Skin, the cwt.  Deer Skins, viz.  Lamb Skins, undressed, the Skin  Lamb Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins  Seal Skins, Skins of Seals taken in any Foreign Fishery, by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin  Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14lbs.  exceeding in Weight 14lbs.  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Specimens in America, the Gallon  Stone, viz.  Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot  Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stoneand Paving Stones), the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.				
Lamb Skins, undressed, the Skin  Lamb Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins  Nutria Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins  Seal Skins, Skins of Seals taken in any Foreign Fishery, by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin  Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14lbs. exceeding in Weight 14lbsexceeding in Weight 14lbs		0	2	4
Lamb Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins  Nutria Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins  Seal Skins, Skins of Seals taken in any Foreign Fishery, by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin  Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14lbs. exceeding in Weight 14lbsexceeding in Weight 14lbs	— Deer Skins, viz.	1		
— Lamb Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins — Nutria Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins — Seal Skins, Skins of Seals taken in any Foreign Fishery, by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin  Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14lbs. — exceeding in Weight 14lbs. — exceeding in Weight 14lbs. — exceeding in Weight 14lbs. — exceeding in Weight 14lbs. — exceeding in Weight 14lbs. — Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Spirits, viz. — Whiskey the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Gallon  Stone, viz. — Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot — Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stoneand Paving Stones), the cwt. — Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt. — Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb. — Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Topy, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act, — imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. — imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. — imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. — imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt. — imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.	Indian, half-dressed, the Skin	0	0	8
		-	-	4
Seal Skins, Skins of Seals taken in any Foreign Fishery, by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin  Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14lbs.  exceeding in Weight 14lbs exceeding in Weight 14lbs. each, for every 100l. of the Value  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value  Spirits, vis.  Whiskey the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Gallon  Stone, viz.  Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot  Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stoneand Paving Stones), the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100l. of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,				0
by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin  Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14 lbs.  exceeding in Weight 14 lbs exc		0	12	6
Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14lbs.  - exceeding in Weight 14lbs. each, for every 100l. of the Value  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value  Spirits, vis.		_		_
sted or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14lbs.  - exceeding in Stores in Stores of Colonies of Plantage 19		U	I	6
Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14 lbs.  - exceeding in Weight 14 lbs. each, for every 100% of the Value  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Spirits, viz.  - Whiskey the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Gallon  Stone, viz.  - Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot  - Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stoneand Paving Stones), the cwt.  Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succeeds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.	opecimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enumerated an described and absorbed and a state of the control of th			
exceeding in Weight 14 lbs. each, for every 100l. of the Value  Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value  Spirits, vis.  Whiskey the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Gallon  Stone, viz.  Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot  Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stoneand Paving Stones), the cwt.  Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100l. of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.				
Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value Spirits, viz.  — Whiskey the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Gallon 0 1 9 5 5 0 0 1 9 5 5 0 0 1 9 5 0 0 1 9 5 0 0 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9		F	ree.	
Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value Spirits, viz.  Whiskey the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Gallon 0 1 3 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 5 5 6 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6		_	Λ	Λ
ated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Spirits, vis.  Whiskey the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Gallon  Stone, viz.  Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot  Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stone and Paving Stones), the cwt.  Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.		3	U	U
Whiskey the Produce of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Gallon  Stone, viz.  Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot  Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stone and Paving Stones), the cwt.  Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.	ated or described, for every 100% of the Value	5	0	0
ations in America, the Gallon  Stone, viz.  Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot  Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stone and Paving Stones), the cwt.  Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.	Spirits, viz.	ĺ		
Stone, viz.  — Marble Blocks, the Solid Foot — Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stoneand Paving Stones), the cwt. — Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value — Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt. — 100 0 6  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels — 0 10 0  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act, — imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. — if of Hemp, — imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. — imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  — 0 0 6  Turmerick, the lb.		_	_	_
		0	1	3
Marble in any way manufactured (except Grave Stoneand Paving Stones), the cwt.  Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,		_		^
and Paving Stones), the cwt.  Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.		0	3	U
Stone to be used for the Purpose of Lithography, the cwt.  Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.  O 3 0  0 0 6  0 0 0  0	and Poving Stones) the cert	1	Q	Λ
Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.  O 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		"	3	U
Succades, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.		0	Q	Λ
the lb.  Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.		"	3	U
Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value  Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.		n	O	6
Tamarinds, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		l -	_	ŏ
the lb.  Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.  Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.			•	•
Tapioca or Tapioca Powder, the cwt 1 10 Compares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels 0 10 Compares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels 0 10 Compares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels 0 10 Compares, the lb		0	.0	6
Tares, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels  Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  O 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		1 .		ŏ
Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Also liable to Duties of Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  O 12  O 0  O 0  O 0  O 0  O 0  O 0  O 0  O		1	-	ŏ
Excise,) the lb.  Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  if of Hemp,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.  Indicate the passing of this Act,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.		_		-
imported in a British built Ship, the cwt if of Hemp, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb 0 0 6		0	12	0
imported in a British built Ship, the cwt if of Hemp, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  Turmerick, the lb 0 0 6	Tow, if of Flax, from the passing of this Act,	1		
if of Hemp,	imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.	0	0	5
imported in a British built Ship, the cwt 0 9 6 imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt 0 10 7  Turmerick, the lb 0 0	imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt	0	0	8
Turmerick, the lb 0 10				
Turmerick, the lb 0 0		1		6
		1		4
N n 3		0	0	4
	N n 3	ļ		

C. 69.

### TABLE (B.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on certain Goods, we and Merchandize, being of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Put within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of the Charts of England trading to the East Indies, imported into Great Britain and on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into Great Britain in His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope and the Territories Dependencies thereof.

TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.							Duty.
Argol, the cwt.  Boraic Acid, the lb.  Borax, or Tincal, viz.  refined, the lb.  unrefined, the lb.  Camphor, viz.  refined, the lb.  unrefined, the lb.	- - -	-	-	· · ·		€. 0 0 0	s. d. 4 9 0 4 0 6

TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.		Dut	<b>y.</b>
	£.	. s.	d.
Chocolate or Cocoa Paste of the British Possessions, the lb	0	1	9
Cocoa Nut Husks and Shells, the lb.	0	. 0	4
Ginger, viz. preserved, the lb.	0	0	6
Gum, viz.		•	
Animi, the lb.	0	0	6
Copal, the lb.	0	0	6
—— Lac, viz.	İ		
- Cake Lac,			
Lac Dye, for every 100% of the Value	10	0	0
Lac Lake,)			
- Seed Lac, for every 100% of the Value	5	0	0
Suck lac,	_	v	U
Shell Lac, for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0
Hides, viz.			
— Horse, Mare, Gelding, Buffalo, Bull, Cow or Ox Hides,			
in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried or in any way			
dressed, the cwt.	0	4	8
Iron, in Bars and unwrought, the Produce or Manufacture of			
any British Colony, Plantation or Territory in the East Indies,			
the Ton of 20 cwt.	1	0	0
Madder or Munjeet, viz.	_		
Madder, the cwt.	0	12	0
Root, the cwt.	0	5	0
Maps, plain or coloured, each Map or Part thereof	0	0	6
—— in Books half bound, or in any way bound, the cwt.		10	0
in Books unbound, the cwt.	5	0	0
Marmalade, the lb.	0	0	6
Medals, not of Gold or Silver, for every 100% of the Value	5	0	0
Nuts, viz. Castor Nuts, the lb.	0	0	4
Oil, Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil and Head Matter, viz.			
Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea,			
taken and caught by the Crew of a British built Ship or			
Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually			
residing in Great Britain, Ireland or the Islands of			
Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, registered and			
navigated according to Law, and imported in any such	_	_	_
Shipping, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	0	5	6
Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea,			
taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects			
usually residing in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions,			
and imported directly from the Cape of Good Hope or			
from any British Colony, Settlement or Territory within			
the Limits of the East India Company's Charter, in a			
British built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated and regis-			
tered according to Law, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	0	13	4
— Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea,	00	0	
	22	3	4
of Foreign Fishing, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -			
of Foreign Fishing, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons - Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of	•		- 1
of Foreign Fishing, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons  Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by	•		
of Foreign Fishing, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons - Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of	•		

TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	Duty.
Oil, Blubber, &c. — continued.	£. s. d
Britain, Ireland or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alder-	
ney, Sark or Man, navigated and registered according	
to Law, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	0-8
— Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of	
Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught	i
wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any	i
	i
Part of His Majesty's Dominions, and imported directly	Ì
from the Cape of Good Hope or from any British Colony,	1
Settlement or Territory within the Limits of the East	1
India Company's Charter, in a British built Ship or	1
Vessel, owned, navigated and registered according to	
Law, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	1 0
- Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, the Produce of	1
Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, of Foreign Fishing,	1
the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	33 5
Pepper, viz.	<b>,</b>
Capsicum or Chillies, the lb	0 1 0
Cayenne, the lb	0 1
	0 1
Gunea Pepper, the lb	0 9
Prints and Drawings, viz.	
—— plain, each	0 0
	0 0
in Books half bound, or in any way bound, the cwt.	6 10
in Books unbound, the cwt.	5 0
Rice, vis.	1 "
— the Produce of any of the British Territories in the East	j
Indies, if rough and in the Husk or Paddy, the Bushel -	100
the Produce of any other Country or Place, if rough and	
in the Husk or Paddy, the Bushel	0 2
	1 10
Sago, or Sago Powder, the cwt.	1 10
Seed, viz.	1 0 0
Castor Seed, the lb.	0 0
Segars manufactured from Tobacco, the lb.	0 12
Note Segars are also liable to Duties of Excise.	1
Shells of Mother of Pearl, for every 100l. of the Value	5 0
Skins, viz.	1
Calves' Skins and Kip Skins, in the Hair, not tanned,	
tawed, curried or in any way dressed, the cwt.	0 4
Lamb Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	0 14
- Seal Skins, Skins of Seals, taken in any Foreign Fishery	1
by Persons not being British Subjects, the Skin	0 1
Sheep Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins	0 2
Soap, viz.	1
hard, the cwt.	1 8
	1 1 3 (
Specimens of Minerals, Fossils or Ores, not particularly enume-	1
rated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty,	j
each Specimen not exceeding in Weight 14 lbs.	Free.
	1
exceeding in Weight 14 lbs. each, for every 100%.	501

TABLE (B.)—INWARDS.	Duty.		
	£.	5.	d.
Specimens illustrative of Natural History, not otherwise enume-			
rated or described, for every 100% of the Value -	5	0	0
Succades, the lb	0	0	6
Sugar, not being Sugar Candy nor refined,			
the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any British			
Colony, Plantation or Territory in the East Indies,			
the cwt	2	0	0
the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of China, Java,			
the Eastern Islands or any other Country or Place in			
the East Indies, the cwt	3	3	0
Tallow, the cwt.	0	3	2
Tamarinds, the lb	0	Ō	6
Tapioca, or Tapioca Powder, the cwt		10	Ò
Tobacco, manufactured, (Note — Tobacco is also liable to Duties	_		•
of Excise,) the lb.	n	12	(
Furmerick, the lb.	ŏ	ō	4
Wax, viz. Bees' Wax, unmanufactured, the Produce of and im-		v	-
ported from any British Colony, Plantation or Territory,	İ		
the cwt	2	6	(
Whale Fins, viz.	_	U	•
taken and caught by the Crew of a British built			
Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's	ł		
Subjects would need by 1118 Majesty's	1		
Subjects usually residing in Great Britain,	ł		
Ireland or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey,	i		
Alderney, Sark or Man, navigated and registered	ļ		
according to Law, and imported in any such	_		
Shipping, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	2	7	(
taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Sub-			
jects usually residing in any Part of His Ma-	1		
jesty's Dominions, and imported directly from			
the Cape of Good Hope, or from any British			
Colony, Settlement or Territory within the			
Limits of the East India Company's Charter, in	1		
a British built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated	1		
and registered according to Law, the Ton,			
containing 20 cwt	3	3	
of Foreign Fishing, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	95		
Wood, viz.	"	_	
Beef Wood, unmanufactured, imported from New South			
Wales, the Ton, containing 20 cwt	0	5	
unmanufactured, of the Produce of New South Wales,	1		
or the Settlements and Dependencies thereof, Norfolk			
	1		
Island, or Van Dieman's Land, not being particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with	1		
CHURCESTER OF RESCRIPER BOT STREETWISE COSTRES WITH	1		
Duty, for every 100% of the Value.	5	6	

# TABLE (C.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Coals, Cinders a Culm, the Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, exported from Gre Britain.

Britain.	
TABLE (C.)—OUTWARDS.	Duty.
Coals and Cinders, usually sold by Measure; viz.  —— exported to the Isle of Man, the Chaldron, Winchester	£. i.
Measure	0 1
exported to any British Colony, Settlement or Plantation,	0 1
the Chaldron, Winchester Measure	0 2
exported to any other Place,	• •
in a British built Ship, the Chaldron, Newcastle	]
Measure	0 17
in a Ship not British built, the Chaldron, Newcastle	
Measure	1 10
Goals exported in certain Quantities from the Ports of New-	l
castle and Swansea to the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey	į
and Alderney, the Chaldron, Newcastle Measure	0 12 4
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions	
under which Coals may be so exported, See 6 G. 3.	l
c. 40.	
Coals and Cinders usually sold by Weight, viz.	
- exported to the Isle of Man, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0 1
exported to any British Colony, Settlement, or Plantation,	١.,
the Ton, containing 20 cwt	0 1
exported to any other Place,	١.,.
in a British built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0 5
in a Ship not British built, the Ton, containing	0 10
20 cwt.  Any Coals which shall have been screened through a Riddle	0 10
or Screen, the Bars of which not being in any Part	
thereof more than Three eighth Parts of an Inch asunder,	
shall, on Exportation from any Part of Great Britain,	
be subject and liable to such and the like Duties, and	
no other, as are or may be charged and payable on Culm	
exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts.	
For the Rules, Regulations and Conditions under	
which such Coals can only be exported on Payment of	
the Duty on Culm, See 56 G. 3. c. 127.	
Culm, viz.	
exported to the Isle of Man, the Chaldron, Winchester	
Measure	0 0
exported to any British Colony, Settlement or Plantation,	
the Chaldron, Winchester Measure	0 1
exported to any other Place,	
in a British built Ship, the Chaldron, Newcastle	
Measure	0 4 6
in a Ship not British built, the Chaldron, Newcastle	
Measure	0 8 0
and further, for every 100% of the true and real Value	
of all such Coals and Cinders and Culm so exported.	0 10 0

## TABLE (D.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Slate, of the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain, to any other Port therein.

TABLE (D.) — COASTWISE.	TABLE (D.) — COASTWISE. Duty.		
Slates delivered by Tale, viz.  Doubles, not exceeding 13 Inches in Length, or 7 Inches	£	. 8.	d.
in Breadth, the 1000  Ladies, exceeding 13 Inches in Length and 7 Inches in Breadth, and not exceeding 16 Inches in Length and 8	0	6	0
Inches in Breadth, the 1000  Countesses, exceeding 16 Inches in Length and 8 Inches in Breadth, and not exceeding 20 Inches in Length and		13	0
10 Inches in Breadth, the 1000  Duchesses, exceeding 20 Inches in Length and 10 Inches in Breadth, and not exceeding 24 Inches in Length and	1	2	6
12 Inches in Breadth, the 1000 Slates delivered by Weight, viz.	1	15	6
Queen or Size Rag Slates, the Ton, containing 20 cwt	0	13	0
	0	15	6
——————————————————————————————————————	0	13	0
Block Slates, the Ton, containing 20 cwt	0	14	6
- Westmorland Rag Slates, the Ton, containing 20 cwt Slate or Slates, not otherwise enumerated or described,	0	14	6
for every 100% of the Value thereof	25	0	0

## TABLE (E.)

A TABLE of the BOUNTIES and ALLOWANCES payable on Silk Manufactures made in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, when exported by way of Merchandize from any Part of the said United Kingdom.

TABLE (E.) BOUNTIES.	В	ount	<b>y</b> .
Ribbons of Silk only, or of Silk mixed with Gold or Silver, if not wholly or not in Part composed of Spun	£.	s.	d.
Silk, the lb if wholly or in Part composed of Spun Silk,	0	10	0
the lb.  Silk Lace, and Stuffs of Silk only, or of Silk mixed with Gold	0	6	8
and Silver,  if not wholly or not in Part composed of Spun			
Silk, the lb	0	12	0
the lb.	0	6	8
Silk Stockings, Silk Gloves and other Articles of Silk Hosiery, if not wholly or not in Part composed of			
Spun Silk, the lb.  or if Stockings with Cotton Feet and	0	7	6
· Tops, or either of them, the lb if wholly or in Part composed of Spun	0	3	9
Silk, the lb.	0	4	0

A.D. 182

C. 69, 70.

TABLE (E.) BOUNTIES.	Box	uty	ŀ
Silk Stockings, &c. — continued.	£.	٤,	ì
Tops, or either of them, the lb	0		
Stockings of Silk and Cotton mixed, the lb	0	3	1
Silk Fringes, Silk Trimmings, Silk Lacing, Stitching or Sewing			4
Silk, the lb	0	Ļ	1
Ribbons and Stuffs (except Bombazines) of Silk mixed with			
Incle, Cotton Wool, Worsted, Grogram Yarn,			
Mohair Yarn, or either or all of them,			
if Two Third Parts of both the Warp and the			
Shoot be Silk, the lb	0	ł	1
· if the Whole of the Warp or the Whole of the			
Shoot be Silk, the lb	0	1	j
if Two Third Parts of the Warp or Two Third	ì		è
Parts of the Shoot be Silk, the lb.	0	1	1
Bombazines, the lb	0	ı	1
Silk Lace and Ribbons, and Stuffs of Silk only, or of Silk mixed	`		1
with Gold or Silver, ornamented with Embroidery, Tambour,	1		3
Needle Work, Lace or Fringe, provided the Ornaments on			1
or attached to such Lace, Ribbons and Stuffs respectively			•
are of Incle Cotton, Worsted or either or all of them, the lb.	0	ŧ	į

### CAP. LXX.

An Act for the better Administration of Justice in the Side of the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*.

[1 lth July 18 WHEREAS it hath appeared, by Reports made to the most Excellent Majesty from the Commissioners app ' ed by His Majesty upon an Address of the Knights, Com ' and Burgesses, in Parliament assembled, to inquire into the ' ties and Emoluments of the Officers, Clerks and Ministell Justice in all Temporal and Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland, ' the several Ministerial Officers of the Equity Side of His ' jesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland require Regulations ensuring the more easy, cheap and expeditious Admini ' tion of Justice in the said Court: And Whereas some of Regulations may be carried into effect by General Orders of ' said Court; but certain other Regulations are required ' cannot be carried into effect without the Aid of Parlian 'And Whereas it is expedient that the Fees to be taken by said several Officers of the said Court should be ascertained ' regulated by Law:' May it therefore please Your Majesty it may be enacted; And be it enacted by the King's most Exo lent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lander The Officers of Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Paris ment assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, it shall and man b lawful for the several Officers in, of or belonging to the si Court, mentioned and described in the several Tables to this M annexed, to ask, demand, have, receive, take and accept. for #

the Court of Exchequer empowered to take the Fecs specified in Tables annexed.

by reason, and on account of the several Acts, Matters and Things to be done in or concerning the Business of their several and respective Offices, or of the several Services to be performed touching or concerning such Offices, the several Fees, Payments and Sum and Sums of Money in the said Tables hereunto annexed respectively mentioned, and none other or greater Fees or Sums of Money whatever; and that no Officer or Attendant of the said Court, nor any Deputy or Clerk of any such Officer, nor any Person acting in any of the said Offices of the said Court, or doing any Part of the Business thereof, mentioned in the said Tables or either of them, shall ask, demand or receive, from any of the Suitors of the said Court, or from any Person or Persons whomsoever on their Behalf, any Fee or Sum or Sums of Money whatever, on account of, or for the Performance of, or under pretence of performing any Act, Matter or Thing whatsoever, in anywise relating to the Business of the said Court, not mentioned in the said Tables, or some or one of them, as payable for or in respect of such Act, Matter or Business, except under the Provisions of this Act, any Law, Usage or Custom at any Time heretofore made, used or exercised, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; and that the said Tables, and all Directions, Matters and Things contained therein, shall be taken as Part of this Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may Fees may be be lawful for the said Court from time to time to vary and alter altered or new the Amount of any of the Fees aforesaid, by decreasing or increasing the same, or to abolish any of the said Fees altogether; the Court. and also to direct and authorize the Payment of any new or additional Fee to the several Officers and Persons in the said Tables mentioned, or any of them, or to any other Persons, for or in respect of any Matters or Things mentioned in the said Tables, or any of them, or of any other Matter or Things to be done in the Execution of the Duty of the Office of such Officers or Persons respectively; and all such Fees, the Amount whereof shall be so altered, and also such new or additional Fees which shall be so made payable, and also any Order for the Abolition of any Fee, shall be specified and set forth in a Table or Tables to be made by order of the said Court, and signed by Three at least of the Barons thereof, and such Order shall specify the Grounds and Reasons upon which such Fees shall have been altered, abolished or made payable respectively; and a Copy of every Such Orders to such Order, signed as aforesaid, shall be transmitted by the Chief be transmitted Baron of the said Court to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief to Lord Lieutenant, who Governor or Governors of Ireland, who shall cause Copies of the shall cause same to be laid before both Houses of Parliament, immediately Copies thereof after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament; to be laid before and thereupon every such Fee shall be and be deemed and taken Parliament. to be a legal Fee according to the Terms of such Order, and payable and receivable as such from and after the last Day of such Session of Parliament, as if the same had been included in any of the Tables annexed to this Act.

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be Court may alter lawful for the said Court to make any such Order or Orders of the Course of Prosaid Court, for the altering or discharging any Course of Pro- ceedings in ceedings

Stamp Duties applied to Process so altered. C. 70.

ceedings in Suits pending or to be brought at the Equity Side of the said Court, and to direct that such Process shall issue, and in such Manner and Course in all such Suits as to the said Coun shall appear fit and expedient, in the same Manner and with the same Force and Effect in all respects as if this Act had not passed; and that no Clause, Matter or Thing contained in any Ad or Acts from time to time in force in Ireland, for the granting or regulating the Payment of any Stamp Duty, or any Process in any Suit at the Equity Side of the said Court, shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent, alter or affect the Course of any of such Proceedings, or the issuing of any such Process, or to Warrant or authorize the Receipt of any greater Fee, by the Alteration of the Number of Words in any Sheet of Proceeding; and that the several Stamp Duties from time to time imposed or payable on any such Proceeding or Process shall be paid and payable upon the same as altered by the said Court, or upon such Proceeding or Process as shall be substituted for any which may be abolished, such Process or Proceeding being by such Order declared to be so substituted.

Deputies or Clerks taking Fees contrary to Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer at the Equity Side of the said Court, mentioned in the said Tables, or either of them, shall at any Time after the Commencement of this Act ask or demand, or shall have, take, accept or receive from any Suita. Solicitor or other Person whomsoever, save and except only from the Principal Officer by and under whom any such Deputy of Clerk, or other Person, shall be immediately employed, any Gift. Fee, Reward or Remuneration, for or by reason, or on account, or under pretext of any Service of their own, or of any Person of Persons employed by or under them respectively, in any of the Offices of the said Court, or if any such Deputy or Clerk, or other Person, shall ask or demand, or shall have, take, receive or sc. cept any Gift, Fee or Reward, Gratuity or Remuneration, for or by reason, or on account, or under pretext of the Services of their Principals or Employers, or for or by reason, or on account or under pretext of any Matter or Thing whatever, done in and about the Business of their respective Offices, other than and except only such Fees and Sums of Money as shall from time to time be lawful, under the Provisions of this Act, every Deputy. Clerk or other Person so offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty 1001. Principals in Offices taking Fees contrary to Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall hold any of the said Offices mentioned and described in any of the Tables to this Act annexed shall by himself, or by his Deputy or by any Clerk or Person authorized on his Behalf, wilfully and knowingly ask, demand, have, take, receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any Gift, Fee, Reward, Gratuity or Remuneration, for or by reason, or on account, or under pretext of any Service in any of the Offices in the said Tables specified, other than and except only such Fees and Sums of Money as shall from time to time be lawful under the Provisions of this Act, or shall wilfully and knowingly ask, demand, have, take or receive or accept. directly or indirectly, any Gift, Fee, Reward, Gratuity or Remuneration, for or by reason, or on account, or under pretext of any Service in any way concerning or relating to the Business of

of the said respective Offices, not then allowed to be taken the Provisions of this Act, every such Person so offending if for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One Penalty 1001. sed Pounds, and shall also forfeit and lose all and every Loss of Office, see and Offices in or under the said Court, which such Person and Incapacity. I hold or be possessed of at the Time of such Offence, and I for ever after be incapable and incapacitated from holding Dice in or under the said Court.

1. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Third Outh of Office tof the Michaelmas Term next after the passing of this Act, by Officers of Court of Exmon whatsoever shall in anywise act in the Business of any
confices or Places in the Equity Side of the said Court of chequer. squer, mentioned in the Tables to this Act annexed, or f them; or shall do any Act relating to the Business of any Office, whether as a Principal or Deputy, or a Clerk, until Person shall have taken and subscribed, before the Chief or her Baron of the said Court, an Oath in the Form following; to say,

LB. do solemnly swear, That I will, to the best of my Oath. nowledge, Skill and Judgment, execute and perform such **e Duties** of the Office of Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, as I shall By execute, and that I will well and faithfully pay every sty or Clerk, whom I shall or may at any Time employ in Part of the Business of the said Office, such Salaries and wances as they shall from time to time be respectively end to by Law, or such additional Sum as I shall contract or be to pay them respectively; and that I will not by myself, y any Deputy or Clerk, or other Person or Persons, ask or and, or have, take, accept or receive any Gift, Fee, Reward, tuity or Remuneration whatever, other than such as shall at Time of receiving the same be authorized and allowed by Tables which shall be then in force, or under the Provisions ome Act of Parliament; and that I will in all Things relating by said Office conduct myself according to the Rules and ulations which shall from time to time be in force for the rulation of such Office, and of the Business thereof.

any Officer, Deputy, Clerk or other Person, who shall at any Acting without Lany Officer, Deputy, Clerk or other rerson, who shall at any parter the Third Day of the said Michaelmas Term personally having taken Oath.

Any Matters relating to the Business of any such Office Penalty 201. e said Court, without having taken and subscribed such Oath per Day. bresaid, shall for every Day on which he shall so act forfeit Sum of Twenty Pounds.

' So help me GOD.'

II. And be it further enacted, That every Officer at the Equity Officers to affix of the said Court of Exchequer shall, on or before the Third in their Offices. of the Michaelmas Term next after the passing of this Act, every Officer of the said Court who shall be hereafter apted, within Three Calendar Months after he shall have taken Dath of Office required by this Act, affix or cause to be affixed Sung up in his Office a Table of all such Fees as it shall be lawful to receive pursuant to the Directions of this Act, in haid Office, in respect of the Business thereof; and if at any

And so upon any Alteration or Addition of Fees.

Penalty 201.
per Day.
Officers every
Five Years to
deliver to Chief
Remembrancer, on
Oath, a Table
of Fees taken
in his Office
during the preceding Five
Years.

Chief Remembrancer to check such Tables, and if correct to file them, and transmit Copies to Privy Council.

Time any of such Fees shall be altered or abolished, or any affect or Fees authorized according to the Directions of this in respect of the Business of such Office, then and in every Case such Officer shall, within One Week from the Time of Change, alter such Table so kept in his Office pursuant and cording to such Change, and to the Order for making the and such Table shall at all Times be written or printed in and legible Characters, and shall be framed and glazed, so are preserved from being erased or altered in any other his save as aforesaid, and shall be always kept affixed or hungs such Manner that the same shall be accessible to and legible all Persons resorting to such Office; and in case such Table not be so affixed or hung up, and continually kept so frame glazed and legible in the said Office, such Officer shall, for Day on which such Table shall not be so kept and legible as said in such Office, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer at the Side of the said Court of Exchequer shall, in every Fire that is to say, in Michaelmas Term One thousand eight and twenty eight, and in like Manner on some Day in Ma Term One thousand eight hundred and thirty three, Michaelmas Term in every Fifth Year succeeding, deliver Chief Remembrancer of the said Court, in open Court, and Schedule, under the Hand and Seal of such Officer resp specifying and setting forth the Rate of all Fees charged ceived in the Office of such Officer at any Time during Five then next immediately preceding, and paid to or received by Officer, or any his Deputy or Clerk, or other Person what directly or indirectly, for the Benefit of such Officer, or his D or Clerks respectively; and every such Officer shall, at the of the Delivery of such Table, make Oath to the Truth to in open Court, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief. Oath shall be written at the Foot of such Table, and shall signed by such Officer.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Chief Remembra of the said Court shall, upon the Receipt of such Tables, fully examine the same and the several Fees therein states set forth, and shall compare the same with the several Fees tained in the Tables to this Act annexed, and with such Orde the said Court as may have altered the said Fees, or any of or may have added any new or other Fees; and in case it appear to such Chief Remembrancer, upon Examination, the Fee or Fees contained in the said Table shall exceed in A the Fee allowed to be taken according to the Tables to the annexed, or any Orders of the said Court for altering the or shall not be included in or allowed by such Tables or Or respectively, the said Chief Remembrancer shall file all Tables of Fees to which on Examination no Objection shall 49 or which shall be approved of by the said Court, and shall train a Copy of every such Table of Fees so filed, signed by such C Remembrancer, to the Clerk of His Majesty's Privy Counc Ireland, on or before the Thirty first Day of December next ensi every such Michaelmas Term in which the same shall have b delivered as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Chief Remem- Remembrancer brancer of the said Court shall, on or before the Thirty first Day of December next after every such Michaelmas Term, in each Fifth Year, transmit to the Clerk of His Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland a List of all Officers of the said Court who shall have to return Table neglected or omitted to deliver the Tables required by this of Fees. Act, for the Five Years preceding such Michaelmas Term; and if any Officer shall omit or neglect to deliver such Table as is required by this Act, or if the Chief Remembrancer shall neglect or omit to transmit to the Privy Council Copies of the Tables so delivered as aforesaid, by the Officers of the said Court, or any of them, or shall neglect or omit to transmit a List of such Officers so neglecting to deliver in such Tables, every such Officer and Chief Remembrancer so making Default shall forfeit Penalty 2001. the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Officers dis-Day of August next after the passing of this Act, it shall not be abled from lawful for any Person who now holds or shall hereafter hold any practising as of the Offices of the said Court, mentioned and specified in any of Attornies. the Tables to this Act annexed, or who now is or shall hereafter be appointed a Deputy or Clerk to any Person who now holds or shall hereafter hold any such Office, to act or practise, either in his own Name or in the Name of any other Person or Persons, as an Attorney or Solicitor, in any of the Courts of Law or Equity in Ireland; and every such Officer or Person who shall directly or indirectly, by himself, or any other Person in Partnership with or in trust for him, act as such Attorney or Solicitor, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall for every Time he shall so act forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Officers of the said Officers to keep Court of Exchequer who shall be entitled to any Fees under the Writing Clerks. Provisions of this Act shall employ in their respective Offices a sufficient Number of Writing Clerks to make Copies of Bills, Pleadings, Affidavits, Orders, Decrees and other Things belonging to their respective Offices, and required by or on Behalf of the Suitors of the said Court, and to do and perform all other Business requisite to be done and performed in such respective Offices, so that the Business of any Suitor of the said Court shall not be unnecessarily delayed therein; and such Officer shall pay Pay of such to every such Writing Clerk for all Copies made by such Writing Clerks. Clerk after the Rate of not less than One Penny Halfpenny for every Office Sheet, consisting of Seventy two Words of every such Copy made by such Clerk, and for a Part or Portion of any Office Sheet; and it shall not be lawful for any such Officer to cause or Officers not to direct, or knowingly permit any such Copy, or any Part thereof, permit Copies to be made in any other Place or by any other Person, than in to be made out the proper Office of such Officer, and by a Writing Clerk employed in such Office, and paid exclusively by such Officer after the Rate aforesaid, at least; and every such Officer shall be re- Responsible for sponsible for the Accuracy of every Copy so made in his Office, Accuracy of and for the same being duly compared with the Original from Copies. which it shall be made; and every such Officer who shall cause or direct, or knowingly permit any Copy to be made contrary to this Act, or who shall not pay the Writing Clerk for writing the 4 GEO. IV.

Penalty 2001.

C. 70.

Penalty 201. In case of want of Room, Court may make annual Order for permitting Copies to be

made out of

the Office.

same, according to the Rate by this Act directed at the least, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if at any Time or Times it shall be ascertained by Affidavit or otherwise, to the Satisfaction of the Court, that any Officer of the said Court had not in his Office sufficient Room for the reasonable Accomm tion of himself, his Deputies and Assistants, and of a sufficient Number of Clerks to do and perform the Business so require! be done in such Office as aforesaid, then and in every such C it shall and may be lawful to and for such Court to make an Or declaring that the same has been so proved, and that it shall lawful for such Officer to cause, direct or permit any such Ca or any Part thereof, to be made in any Place and by any Per whatever; and that for every Copy or Part of a Copy which be so made in any other Place than the said Office, such in ascertaining and charging his Fees in respect thereof, shall out of the Fees usually payable on such Copies or Parts of Co One Penny Halfpenny for every Office Sheet thereof; and such Order shall be good and valid, and shall be a sufficient tification in all respects to any Person acting in pursuance for One Year from the Date thereof, unless sooner rescind shall and may be renewed from time to time, until by rea new Buildings or new Arrangements, or otherwise, sufficient shall have been obtained for the Purposes in that Behalf said; and the Residue only of the Fees to which such 0 would then be lawfully entitled in case such Copying had regularly done in his Office, which shall remain after such De tion as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be the lawful or Fee of such Officer in such Case.

What shall be deemed lawful Fees for Copy of Pleadings,

Solicitors may prepare Copies of Decrees, Affidavits, &c. and mark Fees thereon;

and Drafts of Decrees, &c.

In Copies, &c. Fraction of a Sheet, &c. may be charged as a whole Sheet.

XIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall may be lawful for any Attorney or Solicitor of the said Cour prepare, for the Attestation of the proper Officers of the Court, Engrossments and Copies of all or any such Decr Reports, Accounts, Affidavits and other Matters or Things such Attorney or Solicitor shall have occasion to file; and every such Officer shall compare and attest such Copy, and s in such Case deduct and allow, out of the Fee payable 10 s Officer for such attested Copy, the Sum of One Penny Halfper for every Office Sheet thereof, and shall mark the Fees on st Documents, pursuant to this Act, as if such Copy had been pared by such Officer; and further, that it shall and may be as for any Attorney or Solicitor of the said Court to prepare Dra of Decrees and all other Documents, in like Manner as Attornies or Solicitors of the said Court have heretofore b accustomed to do.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in all Copies, English ments, Exemplifications or Extracts of any Rules, Pleadings, crees or other Matters chargeable according to the Length there whether the Charge for the same shall be computed according the Sheet, the Skin, the Roll or the Side, a Fraction of a She Skin, Roll or Side respectively, of any such Copy, Engresme Exemplification or Extract, may be charged for by any Officer an entire Sheet, Skin, Roll or Side; provided that on each such Copy, Engrossment, Exemplification or Extract respectively, the

shall be charged only One such Fraction of a Sheet, Skin, Roll

or Side respectively.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Copies of Accounts In Copies, and Schedules whatsoever issued from any Office at the Equity Sums, Dates Side of the said Court, the Charge or Fee whereupon is or are and Numbers or shall or may be lawfully computed according to the Contents, to be expressed all Sums of Money, and Dates of the Year and Days of the all Sums of Money, and Dates of the Year and Days of the charged as such Month, and Numbers, shall be expressed in Figures, and shall be charged as if the same were expressed in Figures and not in Words, in Manner and according to the Directions following; (that is to say,) One Pound, or any Number of Pounds, shall be charged as One Word; One Shilling, or any Number of Shillings, shall be charged as One Word; One or more Penny or Pence, whether with or without any Fraction of a Penny, shall be charged as One Word; every Fraction of a Penny not joined with any Penny or Pence shall be charged as One Word, whether the same shall occur singly or shall be combined in any Mode or Form. whatsoever; and any definite Number whatever shall be charged as One Word and no more.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Back of all Charge of Fees Copies, Engrossments, Exemplifications and Writings which shall to be endorsed be issued from any Office at the Equity Side of the said Court, or by any Officer at the Equity Side of the said Court, there shall be endorsed and written by the said Officer, or his sufficient Deputy or Clerk, the full Amount of all Office Fees charged on such Copy, Engrossment, Exemplification or Writing respectively, and the Rate of such Fees, and the mode of Charge according to which such Fees shall be computed, and the Number of Sheets, Skins or Sides on which such Fees shall be charged or calculated; and upon any Taxation of Costs between Party and Party, or between Attorney and Client, such Copy, Engrossment, Exemplification or Writing shall be produced before the Taxing Officer in all Cases where it shall appear to him practicable; and No Allowance it shall not be lawful for the Taxing Officer to allow any Charge of Charge not of any Solicitor or Attorney, with respect to any such Document endorsed so produced upon which the Amount and Rates of Fees shall not be so endorsed, but that all and every such Charge shall be struck out of the Bills of such Solicitor or Attorney by such Taxing Officer.

on Copies and

XVIII. And for the Removal of Doubts as to the Extent of ' the Duty of the Taxing Officer at the Equity Side of the said ' Court,' Be it further enacted, That upon all Taxations of Bills Taxing Officers of Costs, whether between Party and Party or between Attorney and Client, it shall be the bounden Duty of the Taxing Officer, whether he shall be required so to do or not, and whether any Objection shall have been made or not, to examine and ascertain by all reasonable Methods, that each and every Charge in any Bill of Costs contained, (whether such shall be a Fee for Counsel, Solicitor or Officer of Court, or Stamp Duty, or any other Disbursement whatsoever, or any Charge for Business done by the Person charging the same,) is the proper Charge which, under the Circumstances of the Case, ought to be made; and that upon all and determine such Taxation the Taxing Officer shall determine upon all Charges thereon. made by any Officer of the said Court of Exchequer, and allow all

to examine into Justice of Charges on Bills of Costs:



such as shall appear to him made according to the true Right of

such Officer respectively.

Proviso for Taxing Officer taxing Bills of Costs for Business previous to Michaelmas 1823. XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent the Taxa Officer of said Court from taxing all Bills of Costs for Business done previous to the First Day of Michaelmas Term One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, according to the Rules and Bigulations by which any Bill of Costs were taxable at or immediately previous to the Day of passing this Act.

'XX. And Whereas the Office of Chief Remembrancer of the said Court of Exchequer is now vested in the Most Honoral

\* Richard Marquess Wellesley and the Right Honourable Will
\* Lord Maryborough, for and during the Life of and for the B

' fit of the said Marquess Wellesley, and the said Office has a granted in Reversion to Richard Wellesley Esquire, during

Life: And Whereas the Duties of the said Office have he

fore been performed by a Deputy, and by certain Clerks under him, entitled the Register, the Clerk in Register's

that the Duties heretofore appertaining to the said Office.

that the Duties heretofore appertaining to the said Offices.
Remembrancer should in future be performed by the Remembrancer, and certain other Officers, as hereinafter.

Grants of Office of Chief Remembrancer, heretofore made to the said ard Marquess Wellesley and William Lord Maryborough, so the said Richard Wellesley Esquire, shall, from and after the

ing of this Act, absolutely cease and determine; and that said Richard Marquess Wellesley and Richard Wellesley sat sively shall receive such Compensation as hereinafter profifer the Loss by them sustained by reason of this Act:

for the Loss by them sustained by reason of this Act; that Anthony Richard Blake, Barrister at Law, the present De Chief Remembrancer of the said Court, shall, from and s

the passing of this Act, become and be Chief Remembrance the said Court, and shall hold the said Office during his good haviour, and that it shall be his Office and Duty to receive

such References, on Matters of Account, and on all other Mattand Things on the Equity Side of the said Court, and to repthereupon to the said Court, as shall be ordered by the Court, and to perform all such other Duties heretofore appert

ing to the said Office of Chief Remembrancer as have hereto been performed by the Deputy Chief Remembrancer of the Court for the Time being, save as hereinafter provided.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That for the Performance the several Duties heretofore appertaining to the said Office Chief Remembrancer, which have heretofore been performed the said Officers or Clerks called the Register, the Clerk in Register's Office, the Secondary and the Filazer, there shall be the Equity Side of the said Court a Register, an Assistant Register, a Filazer and a Secondary; and that Francis Harris Biddulph, the Person at present performing the Duties of Register.

in the said Chief Remembrancer's Department, shall be the Rigister at the Equity Side of the said Court; and that Georgianes Baldwin, the Person at present performing the Duties Clerk in the Register's Office in the said Department, shall be the

Register, Astistant Register, Secondary and Filazer appointed.

The present Deputy appointed Chief

Remembrancer.

Assistant Register; and that James Cathrew, the Person at present performing the Duties of Secondary in the same Department, shall be the Secondary at the Equity Side of the same Court; and that Richard Eames, the Person at present performing the Duties of Deputy Filazer in the said Department, shall be the Filazer at the Equity Side of the said Court; and that the said several Officers shall hold their said several Offices during good Behaviour, and shall perform the several Duties mentioned and allotted

to them respectively in the Tables to this Act annexed.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Duties of Chief said Chief Remembrancer shall at all Times superintend the Con-Remembrancer. duct and Proceedings of the several Officers at the Equity Side of the said Court, and shall inspect their several and respective Offices, and all Records, Books, Accounts, Papers and Documents therein respectively, and shall hear and receive all Complaints which may be made to him of or concerning any Neglect, Delay or Misconduct in any of the said Offices respectively, and shall inquire into the same, and shall admonish such Officers respectively when he shall find reason so to do; and in any Case which he shall deem of sufficient Importance, shall report the Facts specially to the Court; and it is hereby declared to be the Duty of all the subordinate Officers and their Clerks to submit themselves quietly and respectfully to such Superintendence and Admonition as aforesaid.

XXIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That from and after Documents to the Commencement of this Act, it shall not be necessary for the be signed by Chief Remembrancer to sign or attest any Document whatever, Officers issuing issuing from the Office of the Register, Assistant Register, them. Secondary or Filazer, or any other or either of them, but that . every such Document shall be signed or attested by the Officer

issuing the same.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That upon the said Office of On Vacancy of Chief Remembrancer becoming vacant at any future Time, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by any Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, to grant the said Office of Chief Remembrancer of the said Court of Exchequer in Majesty may grant the same.

Ireland unto any Person being a practising Barrister at Law, of Tan Years' standing at the least and who shall during that Poriod Ten Years' standing at the least, and who shall during that Period have actually practised as such in some one of His Majesty's Courts at Dublin or Westminster, to hold the said Office during his good Behaviour; and that upon any of the said Offices of Register, Assistant Register, Secondary or Filazer becoming vacant at any future Time, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, to appoint a proper Person to such Office, to hold the same during his good Behaviour.

' XXV. And in order to ascertain the Amount of the annual ' Compensation which ought to be made to the said Marquess

" Wellesley during his Life, and to the said Richard Wellesley in

Remainder during his Life, for the Loss sustained by them by Compensation reason of this Act; Be it further enacted, That the Chief for the present Justice of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in Ireland for the Time being, the Master of the Rolls in Ireland for the Time being and the Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas in Ireland for the Remembrancer to be ascertained.

C. 70.

on the average Amount of the Salary, Fees, &c. for Seven Years, &c.

for the Time being, or any Two of them, shall, upon the Application of the said Marquess Wellesley and Richard Wellesley respectively, or of the said Marquess Wellesley or Richard Wellesley alone, make Inquiry into and ascertain the average annual Amount of the Salary, Fees and Emoluments of or appertaining to the said Office of Chief Remembrancer for the Seven Years ending the First of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty two, excluding therefrom all such Emoluments and Fees as shall appear to have arisen from any new Fees, or from any Increase of Fees introduced by or subsequently to the Appointment of the present Holders of the said Office, or to have arisen from computing the Contents of Office Sheets at Seventy two Words instead of Ninety Words each, or from any other Fees which may have been demanded or received contrary to the Provisions of any Act of Parliament, or otherwise contrary to Law; and for those Purposes it shall be lawful for the said Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, the said Master of the Rolls and the said Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, or any Two of them, and he or they are hereby authorized, empowered and required, by all such Ways or Means as to him and them shall seem fit and proper, to ascertain the same, and to examine such Persons or Witnesses as they shall think proper to require, to gether with all such Accounts, Books and Vouchers as they shall call for, and they shall thereupon certify under their Hands and Seals, or under the Hands and Seals of Two of them, the average Amount of the yearly Income of the said Office so reduced by the Exclusion of such Emoluments and Income as aforesaid, for the said Period of Seven Years, distinguishing the Gross Income from the Net Income, and stating the Particulars of the Disbursements out of the Gross Income, which constitute the Difference between the Gross and the Net Income, so far as they can ascertain the same; and the said Certificate shall contain a Statement of the particular Fees, Profits and Emoluments of which such Averages shall have been taken as aforesaid, and also of the Fees, Profits and Emoluments heretofore received, which shall be excluded from such Averages; and the said Certificate shall be filed in the Office of the Auditor General in Dublin Castle, and shall remain there as a Record, and a Copy thereof shall be transmitted to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor of Governors of Ireland, who shall cause Copies of the same to be laid before both Houses of Parliament, immediately after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament, and the said Certificate shall be final and conclusive from and after the last Day of such Session of Parliament, unless Parliament shall otherwise provide: Provided always, that from and after the bing of the said Certificate there shall be issued and paid to the said Marquess Wellesley or his Assigns during his Life, and after his Decease to the said Richard Wellesley, and his Assigns during his Life, yearly and every Year, out of and charged upon the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain and Ireland, after Payment of all Sums previously charged upon the same Fund, (unless Parliament shall otherwise provide,) a Sum equal to the Sum which shall be so ascertained by such Certificate to be the net annual average Amount of the Income and Emoluments of the said Office of

Average Amount to be certified.

Certificate filed as of Record.

After filing of Certificate, the annual Amount of Average to be issued out of Consolidated Fund :

Chief Remembrancer, in full Compensation for the same; such and paid Quarannual Sum to be paid and payable by Four Quarterly Payments terly. in each and every Year, on every Twenty fifth Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of September and Twenty fifth Day of December; the First Payment thereof to be made on the First of the said Days as shall first happen after the passing of this Act, + are in Proportion only to the Time which shall immediately next happen after the passing of this Act, and also such Proportion of any such Quarterly Payment as at the Times of the Decease of the said Marquess Wellesley or Richard Wellesley shall be due from the Quarter Day next preceding the Time of such Decease.

' XXVI. And Whereas some Delay may occur in ascertaining ' the Amount of the annual Income of the said Office of Chief ' Remembrancer, and procuring such Certificate as hereinbefore ' directed;' Be it therefore enacted, That in the Meantime and Until Certifiuntil such Certificate shall be obtained and filed as aforesaid, it cate Treasury to shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's order such Sum Treasury to order that there shall be issued and be paid and payon account of
Compensation
able to the said Richard Marquess Wellesley, and his Assigns, to be awarded and in the Event of the Death of the said Marquess, to the said to Chief Re-Richard Wellesley and his Assigns, such annual Sum or Sums of membrancer as Money on account of the Compensation to be thereafter awarded shall appear to said Chief Remembrancer as to them shall appear to be just just; and reasonable, but not exceeding the net average Amount of the Income and Emoluments of the said Office, as reported by the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Duties, Salaries and Emoluments of the Officers, Clerks and Ministers of Justice in all Temporal and Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland, for Three Years, ending the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty; such annual Sum to be paid and payable and paid Quarto the said Richard Marquess Wellesley and his Assigns, or in the terly. Event of his Death, to the said Richard Wellesley or his Assigns, by Four Quarterly Payments in each and every Year, free and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, on every Twenty fifth Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of September and Twenty fifth Day of December, the First Payment thereof on account as aforesaid to be made on the First of said Days which shall next happen after the Commencement of this Act, and in Proportion to the Time which shall immediately next happen after the Commencement of this Act; such Payment (if any) to be credited on the Foot of such annual Income as it shall appear by said Certificate, when filed as aforesaid, that said Richard Marquess Wellesley or Richard Wellesley is entitled to; and in case the Sum or Sums so to be paid as aforesaid Proviso where shall exceed the Sum to which they or either of them shall appear such Sums shall by said Certificate to be entitled to, then and in such Case such exceed Certifi-Excess or Overplus shall be deducted from the Quarterly Payment cate. which shall next happen after the filing of said Certificate.

' XXVII. And Whereas the said Commissioners so appointed ' as aforesaid have recommended that the Duty of Taxation at ' the Equity Side of the said Court of Exchequer should cease to ' be performed by the Chief Remembrancer of the said Court, ' and that the said Chief Remembrancer should receive certain

+ Siz.

' stated Fees for the Performance of his remaining Date ' that the Duty of Taxation should in future be performed. distinct Taxing Officer, to be appointed for that Purpo ' that such Taxing Officer should be paid by a Salary, a ' Fees; but it is deemed more expedient that the mid I 'Taxation should continue to be performed as heretofore ' Chief Remembrancer, and that in lieu of the Fees recu ' for him by the said Commissioners, and also in lieu of all ' heretofore payable to him, for or in respect of the said B ' Taxation, or for or in respect of any other Duty ap to the said Office of Chief Remembrancer of the said Co ' said Chief Remembrancer shall receive a clear Salary of T

A Salary of 3000l. per Annum to the Chief Remembrancer, and Fees abolished.

' thousand Pounds per Annum:' (a) Be it therefore enacted, from and after the First Day of August next it shall not be for the Chief Remembrancer of the said Court to have, receive, or to ask, demand or require, any Fee, Reward, E ment or Sum of Money whatsoever, from any Suitor of the Court of Exchequer, or from any Solicitor or Attorney or Person whomsoever, acting on Behalf of any Suitor of the Court, for any Matter or Thing done or performed, or requ be done or performed by any such Chief Remembrance Execution of his Duty as such, either in Cases where such Remembrancer has heretofore received or been entitled to Fees, or in any other Case whatever, any Law, Usage or Co to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; but all such R Rewards and Emoluments shall, from and after the First Day August next, entirely cease and determine. (a) [Irish Curra See § 28. post.]

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after

The above Sum to be issued out of Consolidated Fund.

Commencement of this Act there shall be issued, and paid payable during his good Behaviour, to the said Chief Reme brancer of the said Court for the Time being, out of and charg and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of the United Ki dom of Great Britain and Ireland, after paying and reserving ficient to pay all such Sum and Sums of Money as have be directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid of such Consolidated Fund, but with Preference to all other Preference ments which shall or may be hereafter charged upon or payable out of the said Fund, the annual Sum of Three thousand Pound Irish Currency; (b) every such annual Sum to be issued in party suance of this Act shall from time to time from thenceforth payable and paid Quarterly, free and clear from all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, on every Twenty fifth Day of Morely Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty ninth Day of September and Twenty fifth Day of December, the First Payment thereof to be made on the First of the said Quarterly Days which shall imme diately next follow the Commencement of this Act, and is Proportion only to the Time which shall have then elapsed from (b) [See Section 27. ante.] the Commencement of this Act.

Tax free, and paid Quarterly.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any Person holding or who shall hold the Office of Chief Remembrancer in Ireland shall, during the Course of any Quarter, resign or quit his said Office, or shall die, then the Perportionate Part son so resigning or quitting, or the Executors or Administrator,

If Chief Remembrancer resign, &c. in the Course of a Quarter, a pro-

such Person so dying (as the Case may be) shall be entitled of Salary alsuch proportionate Part of such Salary as shall have accrued lowed. ring such Part of the said Quarter as such Person shall have ecuted the said Office; and every Chief Remembrancer to be reafter appointed shall, on the Quarter Day next after his Apintment, be entitled to have and receive out of the said Conso-Lated Fund such Proportion of such Salary as shall have arisen >m the Date of the Letters Patent of his Appointment.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That in all References or Mat- In Business rs before the said Chief Remembrancer, in which it has been before Chief Reretofore customary to issue Summonses for the Parties to atnd, the said Chief Remembrancer shall continue to issue Sumonses from time to time, and shall not in any Case, or under any
to be issued. retence whatever, proceed on any such Reference or Matter, iless a Summons for the Meeting at which such Proceeding shall required shall have been signed by him, and shall be produced efore him at the Meeting for proceeding on such Reference or

XXXI. And Whereas Delays and Adjournments of Meetings on References and Proceedings in the said Office of Chief Remembrancer frequently take place for the Accommodation and Convenience, or through the Negligence and Nonattendance of one of the Parties concerned in such Reference or Proceeding; and it is unreasonable and unjust that the Party attending and prepared to proceed should pay the Expence of Meetings so rendered Nugatory by the Nonattendance of the opposite Party, even though the Party so attending should, by a final Decree or otherwise, be ordered to pay the several Costs of the Cause; Be it therefore enacted, That at any and every Meeting which In Meetings hall be had before the said Chief Remembrancer upon any Sumnons issued in Manner aforesaid, he shall on the Back of the summons for such Meeting, to be produced to him according to he Directions of this Act, indorse or cause to be indorsed, and hall sign such Order, as under the Circumstances of the Case Order as to hall to him seem fit, as to the Payment of the Costs of such Meeting, and as to the Person or Persons by whom the Costs of shall be prosuch Meeting shall be paid, as between Party or Party, or whether ing Officer. such Costs shall abide the Rule, Order or Decree, as to the Paynent of Costs, which may be made on the Hearing of the Cause, or whether such Costs shall be paid by the Complainant or Delendant, or other Party in the Cause or Matter, independent of any General Order or Decree which may be pronounced by the Court as to the general Costs of such Cause or Matter, or whether, as between Solicitor and Client, the Costs of such Meeting in the said Office, so as aforesaid rendered nugatory, shall constitute a fair and reasonable Charge against the Client; and every such Summons, with such Order so thereon indorsed, and signed by the said Chief Remembrancer, shall, on the Taxation of such Costs, be produced to the Taxing Officer when taxing such Costs, who shall allow or disallow the Costs in respect thereof accordingly, either as between Party and Party, or as between Solicitor and Client, or otherwise, according to the Order so as aforesaid indorsed on the Back of such Summons; and in no Case shall the No Sums al-Officer, upon the Taxation of any Bill of Costs, allow any Sum or lowed if Sum-

before Chief brancer, he is Summons his

Sums

mons not produced. Sums as and for the Expences of any such Meeting or Proceeding, unless the Summons on which Meeting was had be produced before such Officer at the Time of such Taxation.

Proviso for Fees for Business previous to Aug. 1, 1829.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further effacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend to prevent the said Chief Remembrancer, or any other Officer at the Equity Side of the said Court of Exchequer, from taking or receiving or recovering all such Fees as shall be legally and bond fide due to any such Officer, for any Business done or for any Services performed in the Execution of the Duty of his Office at any Time previous to the First Day of August next.

Two Chief Examiners instead of Four to do the Duty.

'XXXIII. And Whereas there are at present Four Examiners at the Equity Side of the said Court of Exchequer; Be it enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act there shall be but Two Chief Examiners at the Equity Side of the said Court, who shall perform the several Duties mentioned and specified for them in the Tables in that Behalf hereto annexed; and that the said Two Examiners shall be appointed by the Chief Baron of the said Court by Deed, to be by him duly executed and enrolled in the said Court.

Appointment.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Two First Examiners to be appointed under the Provisions of this Act shall be appointed from among the Four present Examiners of the said Court.

Court to report to Lord Lieutenant Compensation to the Two Examiners not appointed. XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the said Court shall report to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, whether in their Opinion any and what Compensation ought to be made to the Two Examiners of the said Court who shall not be so appointed, or either of them or to any present Officer or Officers at the Equity Side of the said Court, and on what Ground, for any Loss which may be sustained by such Officer or Officers in consequence of this Act, or the Provisions therein contained, a Copy of which Report shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament immediately after the Commencement of the then next Sessions of Parliament.

All Officers to execute the Duty in Person, except in Case of Sickness, &c. How and by whom Deputies appointed in such Cases.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act the said Chief Remembrancer, and every other Officer of the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, shall respectively execute the Duty of his Office in Person, except only in case of Sickness, or necessary Absence; and that m any such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Chief Remembrancer or other Officer, by Deputation in Writing under his Hand and Seal, by and with the Consent in Writing of the Chief Baron, or in his Absence then of the next senior Baron of the said Court then in Dublin, to appoint a Deputy to execute the Duties of such Chief Remembrancer or other Officer during such Period as shall be specified in such Deputation; and the Name of such Deputy, and also the Occasion for appointing him, and the Approbation of such Chief or other Baron, and the Time for which such Appointment is to continue, shall be specified and set forth in such Deputation; and such Deputation shall be signed or indorsed by such Chief or other Baron; and the Period mentioned in such Deputation may be prolonged if necessary by such Officer, with the Approbation of such Chief or other Baron, by re Indorsement of the said Officer, and of the said Chief or other aron, upon such Deputation.

XXXVII. And be it enacted, That from and after the Com- Chief Rememnencement of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the several brancer, Reofficers hereinafter named, and the said Officers are hereby fully gister, Seconduthorized, empowered and directed, to take Affidavits or Affirmary and Filaser tions, Answers, Examinations or other Matters whatever, to take Affidavits, e put in on Oath in the Equity Side of the said Court of Ex- &c. hequer, and relating to the Business thereof, and to administer he necessary Oaths and Affirmations for that Purpose; that is to ay, the Chief Remembrancer, the Register, the Secondary and he Filazer; and all such Answers, Oaths, Affidavits or Affirmations, shall be of the same Force, Validity and Effect, and shall and may be filed, used and acted upon respectively, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same and been sworn or affirmed before the said Court, or all or any of the Barons thereof.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be His Majesty lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Letters empowered to Patent under the Great Seal of *Ireland*, to give and grant unto allow Chief any Person who may or shall have executed the Office of Chief Remembrancer an Annuity Remembrancer of the said Court for the Term of Twenty Years, after a Length or to any Person having executed the said Office for any shorter of Service, &c. Period not less than Ten Years, or who shall, after his Appointment to any such Office, have become afflicted with any permanent Infirmity, disabling him from the due Execution of his Office, and who shall be desirous of resigning the same, an Annuity or yearly Sum of Money, not exceeding the Sum of One thousand 1500l. five hundred Pounds Irish Currency, in case he shall have served in such Office Twenty Years, and not exceeding One thousand 1000L Pounds in case he shall have served for such shorter Period; and an Annuity, not exceeding Two thousand Pounds, in case he 2000l. shall have served in such Office Twenty five Years; and an Annuity, not exceeding Two thousand five hundred Pounds, in case 25001. I. C. he shall have served in such Office for Thirty Years or more; in in the several which Letters Patent the Cause or Ground for making thereof Cases herein mentioned shall be distinctly stated and specified; and the Annuity or yearly Sum so granted shall be paid accordingly out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, by even and equal Quarterly Payments, on the Fifth Day of January, Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of July and Tenth Day of October in every Year, from the Period of which he shall resign his said Office, for and during the Term of his natural Life, without any Deduction for Fees, or Poundage, or otherwise.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no In what Case Allowance shall in any Case be made under this Act to any Chief retired Allow-Remembrancer, by way of retired Salary or Pension, unless such ance. Chief Remembrancer shall have served in the same Office during the full Term of Ten Years.

XL. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That Before Reevery such Chief Remembrancer, being desirous to resign his signation, Office, shall, before he resigns, take and subscribe the following Chief Remembrancer to Oath before the Chief or some other Baron of the said Court:

take the follow-' I A. B. ing

Oath.

A.B. do solemly swear, That I neither have received nor will receive directly or indirectly, by myself or by any one in trust for me, any Sum or Sums of Money, Gift, Promise or ' Engagement as a Consideration, Inducement or Reward for my ' Resignation of the Office of Chief Remembrancer of His Ma-' jesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland. So help me GOD.

Court may remove any Officer (except Chief Remembrancer) for Misconduct.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Exchequer, upon Complaint duly made, and after full Enquiry into the alleged Grounds thereof, by Affidavit or otherwise, as the said Court shall think fit, to remove my Officer of the said Court, except the Chief Remembrancer of the said Court, from his Office, for any Offence or Misconduct therein which such Court shall deem deserving of such Punishment, and thereupon such Officer shall cease to hold or be entitled to such Office.

When an Examination of Witnesses is necessary to be taken before Chief Remem. brancer, Court may order him to appoint a Person for that Purpose, who shall be under the Control of

the Court.

' XLII. And Whereas several Abuses and Inconveniences to ' the Suitors had arisen from the Practice of the said Court re- lative to the Examination of Witnesses under Commissions issuing out of the said Court to Commissioners for that Purpose, and it ' is expedient that all such Abuses and Inconveniences should be ' corrected and a better System introduced:' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, in all Cases where it may be necessary that an Examination of Witnessa should take place, either in chief in any Cause, or in aid of any Enquiry or Account ordered or directed to be made or taken before the Chief Remembrancer of the said Court, other than the Examinations of Witnesses before the Examinators of the said Court, an Order shall be made by the said Court for referring it to the said Chief Remembrancer of the said Court, according to the usual Practice of the said Court in such Case, to approve of and appoint one fit and proper Person to act as Examiner in all such Cases so referred; and such Person so to be approved of and appointed by such Chief Remembrancer shall, so far as the same is practicable, be totally unconnected with either or any of the Parties interested in such Cause; and such Person so approved of and appointed shall be, and shall be taken as, and shall be considered to be an Officer of the said Court of Exchequer, and shall be subject to such summary Interference and Control of the said Court as any other Officer of the said Court in this Act particularly mentioned; and a Commission shall issue to such Person so as aforesaid appointed, authorizing and empowering him to proceed in the Examination of all such Witnesses as may be necessary, in the same Manner and according to the same Forms as are at present established (save and except in Cases where such established Practice is altered by this Act) touching and concerning the Examination of Witnesses under Commissions to examine Witnesses issuing out of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland at any Time before the Commencement of this Act; and every Person so approved of and appointed a Commissioner to examine Witnesses under the Provisions of this Act, before he shall exercise any of the Duties of such Commissioner, shall take and subscribe, before the Chief or other Baron of the said Court, or other Person duly authorized to administer the same, the following Oath; and such Oath shall be annexed to the

The Person appointed Examiner of Witnesses shall take the following

aid Commissioner, and shall be returned with the said Commission b the said Court, to be there filed and recorded; (that is to say,)

A.B. do swear, That I will, according to the best of my Oath. Skill and Knowledge, truly and faithfully perform the Duty of a Commissioner to examine Witnesses pursuant to the Powers vested in me by the annexed Commission; and that I will truly, faithfully and without Partiality to any or either of the Parties in this Cause, take and write down the Examinations and Depositions of all and every Witness and Witnesses who shall be produced before and examined by me upon the Interrogatories filed for that Purpose; and that until Publication in the said Cause shall duly pass, I will not publish, disclose or make known any Part of the Purport or Contents of any Deposition of any Witness to be taken by me; and further, that I will fairly and truly enter and set down in Writing, in the Dominical of such Examination, the Hours of the Day, on each Day that I shall be employed as such Commissioner, at which I shall respectively commence and conclude the Examination of the Witnesses under such Commission, as also the real and true Cause ' or Causes of my not commencing such Examination at or before ' Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon if such should be the Case, and also of my not continuing such Examination 'till Three o'Clock in the Afternoon if such should be the Case, as also by whose Delay or Default, so far as I can judge, such Examin-' ation was not commenced and continued (as the Case may be) from Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon till Three in the After-' So help me GOD.' ' noon.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That no Witness who shall Witness reside more than Thirty Miles from the City of *Dublin* shall in any residing more Case be obliged to leave his or her House in order to be examined than 30 Miles before any Chief Examiner or Assistant, or Examiner to the Chief Remembrancer; but that all such Witnesses who shall reside or ed by a Combe in Ireland, and more than Thirty Miles from the City of missioner. Dublin, shall and may be examined before a Commissioner so to be appointed unless such Witness, and also the Party producing such Witness, shall choose that he or they should be examined in *Dublin* before One of the Chief Examiners, or before the Clerk or Examiner appointed by the Chief Remembrancer to examine in aid of Enquiries or Accounts to be taken before him; and it shall be lawful for every such Commissioner to cross examine any Witness produced before him, in case he shall be required so to do by any Person against whom the direct Examinations of such Witnesses shall have been taken; and it shall be lawful for every Com- Fee and Exmissioner so to be appointed to receive such Fees and Allowances pences of Comfor the Execution of his Duty in the Examination of Witnesses, and for the Expences of such Commissioner in travelling, and they shall respectively be subject to such other Rules and Regulations as shall be for that Purpose from time to time authorized, directed and made by any Order or Orders of the said Court of Exchequer.

XLIV. And be it enacted, That no such Examiner shall in No Examiner any Case appoint a Deputy, unless and until the Occasion for such to appoint a Appointment, and also the Person to be appointed, shall have been Deputy, unless approved

missioners.

approved of by the Court, &c.

and that nothing shall be considered by the Court as a fit Occur for such Appointment, but Inability in the Principal to a either from Sickness or from unavoidable Business; and a der shall be regularly entered in the Registrar's Office; such Appointment shall continue for any longer Time the be allowed or directed by such Order, either by fixing a p Time, or by some general Words, or by Reference to so ter capable of being distinctly ascertained, or in such other ner as the Court shall think proper; and if any such Appoint shall be made otherwise than as aforesaid, or for any Period than as aforesaid, then and in every such Case such Examiner making such Appointment, and also such Dep he shall presume to act therein, shall be deemed guilty of tempt of the Court, and be punished accordingly.

approved of by the Court, upon a Petition verified by Affilia

Offence deemed a Contempt of Court.

Examiner to take Examination himself.

Clerks having Access to De positions to take the following

Oath.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That every Examiner, Examiner and Commission Examiner shall take down the tions of all Witnesses, on their Examination, with his over and that no Clerk shall be present at any such Examina that every Clerk who shall be employed before Publication to have any Access to any Deposition or Depositions, fore he shall act in the Execution of such Office, and he is required to take and subscribe the following Oath before aminer by whom such Clerk shall respectively be so em such Examiners, Deputy Examiner and Commission Exam hereby empowered and required to administer the said Oat

I C. D. do swear, That, according to the best of my Still Knowledge, I will truly and faithfully execute and ex ' the Office of a Copying Clerk in the Office of A. B., one Examiners of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in In whereunto I am admitted, so long as I shall continue to ' the said Office; and that I will also well and faithfully pro and keep such of the King's Records wherewith I shall be trusted, or whereunto I shall have access, and that I will publish, disclose or make known to any Person or Person whatsoever the Particulars, or the Purport or Contents of Deposition or Depositions copied or read by me in the E ' tion of my said Office, or to which I shall have access the until Publication thereof respectively shall duly pass. So help me G

Chief Remembrancer empowered to appoint Clerks and Examiners, who shall be enrolled in Court.

membrancer in the Court of Exchequer respectively, under 'Orders or Decrees of the said Court, and that such Examin should be had before the said Chief Remembrancer or his C or Examiner respectively; Be it therefore enacted, The shall and may be lawful to and for the Chief Remembrance the said Court to appoint, by Instrument under Hand and S any Person whom he shall think proper to be his Clerk Examiner during his Pleasure; and such Instrument being rolled in the said Court of Exchequer, such Person shall be sa Assistant and Examiner accordingly, and shall as such be

'XLVI. And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should ' made for the Examination of Witnesses in aid of the State of Accounts or other Enquiries depending before the Chief of the said Court; and that from and after the Commenceent of this Act no Person shall be or be deemed or taken or onsidered to be, to any Purpose whatsoever, the Clerk and Exminer of the said Chief Remembrancer, but under and by virtue f such Appointment so enrolled.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That every such Clerk and Clerks and Ex-Examiner of the Chief Remembrancer, before he shall act as such aminers to take n the Examination of any Witness, shall take the following Oath the following efore the Chief Remembrancer by whom he shall be appointed,

or before any Baron of the said Court.

A. B. do swear, That I will, according to the best of my Skill Oath. and Knowledge, truly and faithfully execute and exercise the Office of Clerk and Examiner of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, so long as I shall continue to hold the said Office; and that I will well and faithfully preserve and keep all such Records, Interrogatories, Depositions, Deeds, Documents and Instruments whatsoever, wherewith I shall be entrusted, or whereto I shall have access under or by virtue of ' my said Office; and that I will not publish, disclose or make ' known to any Person whatsoever the Particulars, Purport or ' Contents of any Deposition or Depositions taken, copied or ' read by me in the Execution of my said Office, or to which I ' shall have access thereby, until Publication thereof respectively ' So help me GOD.' ' shall duly pass.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where an In what case Examination shall be directed by the said Court of Exchequer, Chief Rememupon, under or in aid of any Account, Enquiry or other Matter whatsoever, which shall at any Time be depending before the Chief Remembrancer of the said Court, it shall and may be lawful examine Witto and for such Chief Remembrancer, if he shall think proper, nesses. and if he shall not so think proper, then to and for such his Clerk and Examiner, if such Chief Remembrancer shall think fit, without any Commission whatsoever, to examine all Witnesses who shall be produced before him touching any Matter as to which such Examination of Witnesses shall have been so directed, or arising thereout, and to take down in Writing the Depositions of all such Witnesses in the Manner and Form usual in such

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the pass- Chief Rememing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Chief Remembrancer brancer not to of the said Court to accept of any Sum of Money, or Security for accept of Con-Money, or to stipulate for or receive any Share or Proportion of Appointment the Profits of the said Offices, or receive any other valuable Con- of Clerk or sideration whatsoever, as and for a Consideration for the Appoint- Examiner. ment of any Person whatsoever to the Office or Place of Clerk or Examiner to said Chief Remembrancer.

L. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Com- 5001. Irish, mencement of this Act there shall be issued and paid and pay-out of Consoliable out of, and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated dated Fund Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland (after to Accountant paying and reserving sufficient to pay all such Sum and Sums of General, and to Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Par-his Clerk 100l. liament to be paid out of the said Consolidated Fund, but with Quarterly. Preference

A.D. 1823.

Preference to all other Payments which shall or may be hereafter charged upon or payable out of the said Fund,) the annual Sum of Five hundred Pounds Irish Currency; and which Sum of Money so to be issued shall from time to time be applied in Payment of the following Sums; that is to say, to the Accountant General of the said Court the annual Sum of Four hundred Pounds, for and in lieu of any Salary to which he is by Law entitled; and to his Clerk the Sum of One hundred Pounds; which Salaries shall commence from the First of August next, and shall be payable by equal Quarterly Payments, free and clear of all Deductions whatsoever, for Pells, Poundage or otherwise, on the Twenty ninth Day of September, Twenty fifth Day of December, Twenty fifth Day of March and Twenty fourth Day of June in every Year.

Accountant General allowed certain Fees for Copies of Accounts.

C. 70.

No Fee for Business in the Accountant General's Office.

Extortion and Penalty 501.

Court may appoint a Broker for Sales and Purchases of Stock.

LI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Conmencement of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the said Accountant General, by himself or his Clerks, to ask, demand and receive, for all Copies of all Accounts extracted from the Books of the said Accountant General, the Sum of Two Pence for every Line on the Debtor Side of such Account, and the like Sun of Two Pence for every Line on the Creditor Side of such Account. if the said Account shall consist of Forty Lines, or any less Number, on each Side of the said Account; and if the said Account shall consist of any greater Number of Lines than Forty on each Side of the said Account, then the Sum of One Pound and m more; and that from and after the Commencement of this Act it shall not be lawful for the said Accountant General or any Clerk or other Person in his Office, to ask, demand or receive any Fee for any Certificate of any Balance of Stock or Cash on any Account in the Books of the said Accountant General, nor for any other Business, Matter or Thing whatsoever in or relating to the Office of the said Accountant General; and if any Clerk or other Person belonging to or employed in, or who shall hereafter belong to or be employed in the Office of such Accountant General. shall take any other Fee or Reward on account of any Business. Matter or Thing whatsoever in or relating to the Office of Accountant General, or do the Duty of any Clerk therein, every such Person shall be deemed guilty of Extortion, and shall and may be prosecuted for the same by Indictment or Information; or upon Complaint thereof made to the said Court of Exchequer, shall be punished for the same as for a Contempt of the said Court, and shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

LII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Exchequer from time to time, at their Will and Pleasure, to appoint a Broker or Brokers, by whom all Sales and Purchases of Stock with the Privity of the Accountant General of the said Court shall be made, and to remove such Broker or Brokers at their Will and Pleasure; and such Broker shall be entitled to receive the usual Commission of Brokerage on any such Sale and Purchase; and whenever such Commission or Brokerage shall amount to One Guinea, or any greater Sum. then and in any such Case such Broker shall thereout pay the Stamp Duty of Half a Guinea, to be charged on the Approbation of such Sale or Purchase by the Chief Remembrancer.

LIII. And

LIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Com- Office of Clerk mencement of this Act, the Office of Clerk of the Reports of the of the Reports said Court of Exchequer shall be and the same is hereby abolished; abolished. and that all Matters and Things which are now by Law required to be done and performed by the Clerk of the Reports in the said Court, shall be done and performed by the Registrar at the Equity Side of the said Court; any Law, Usage or Custom to the con-

trary in anywise notwithstanding.

LIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Proviso for Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to limit, Action against abridge, bar, prejudice or defeat any Action or Indictment, or any Remedy or Proceeding whatsoever, which at any Time heretofore for Misconduct in Office. may or might have been brought, found, had or taken against any Officer, Deputy or Clerk in or under the said Court, of, for or in respect of any Misconduct in Office which may have accrued or taken place, or which may take place at any Time before the Commencement of this Act; but that all such Actions, Indictments, Remedies and Proceedings for any such Misconduct, may be brought, found, had or taken, as if this Act had never been made.

LV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Penalties Penalties how and Penalty to be incurred and forfeited in pursuance or by virtue recovered and of this Act, or any of the Matters herein contained, shall and may applied. be sued for and recovered by any Person who will sue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at the Four Courts Dublin, and not elsewhere, in which no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparlance, shall be allowed; and that One Moiety of every such Penalty shall be for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and One Moiety thereof to the Use of the Person or Persons who shall sue for the same.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the several Commence-Provisions therein contained, shall commence and take Effect from ment of Act. the First Day of August next, except in such Cases where any other Period is mentioned for the Commencement of any of the

Provisions thereof.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, Act may be altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this pre-this Session. sent Session of Parliament.

altered, &c.

#### TABLES to which this Act refers.

No. 1. — TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Chief Clerk and Examiner to the Chief Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, or any other Person employed in his Office, to demand or accept for or on account of any Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the said Office.

	æ.	š.	d.
1. For examining and taking down in Writing the Depositions of			
the First Witness in any Cause or Matter, in answer to the			
First Interrogatory in each Set of Interrogatories on which		•	
he shall be examined	U	3	8
2. For like to every other Interrogatory which shall be exhibited	_	0	2
at the Desire of the Party to such Witness -	U	Z	Z

4 GEO. IV.

		_		_
	£			ď,
3. For examining and taking down in Writing the Deposition of				
the Second and each other Witness who shall be examined	1			
in such Cause or Matter, in answer to each Interrogatory		_	_	
which shall be exhibited to such Witness -		0	2	¥
4. For examining a Witness when the Examiner shall be re-	1	1	۵	6
quired to go out of his Office for the Purpose		1	I	3
<ol><li>For each Sheet, consisting of Seventy two Words, of Copies of such Depositions and of Interrogatories, when required,</li></ol>	١			
and attesting same as true Copies	. 1	0	٥	6
6. For preparing the fair Copy or Transcript of the Draft of	٤Ì	•	•	•
each Report prepared by the Chief Remembrancer for				
his Signature, for each Sheet containing Seventy two	۱.			
Words, reckoning however the Year when expressed by	7			
Figures as One Word, and any Number of Pounds ex	-			ė
pressed by Figures as One Word, and the like as t	0			ı
Shillings and as to Pence	-	0	0	ŧ
7. For Copies of Charges, Discharges and all other Document	8			ì
which shall be required from the Office of the Chief Re	<u>'-</u>			ţ
membrancer or his Examiner, for each Sheet containing				٩
Seventy two Words, calculating Figures as above expressed	-	0	Ω	Ì
8. Making Search for any Papers which have been more tha	-	v	۰	I
Three Years in the Office, and of which no Copy shall b	-			1
required	-	0	3	Ĭ
9. For any Certificate for which no Fee is otherwise provided	-	0	2	ŧ
The shove Fees shall be apportioned between the said Chief	_1.	nel·	and	1

The above Fees shall be apportioned between the said Chief Clerk and aminer, and any other Clerk or Clerks in the said Office, in such Manner & Chief Remembrancer shall direct.

No. 2. — TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Regist Assistant Register of the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ird or any Clerk or other Person in their Employment, to demand or accept or on account of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the ness of the said Office; and which shall be apportioned between the Manner following; the said Register to receive Three Fifths, and the Assistant Register to receive the remaining Two Fifths of the Entire of several Fees.

1	· •	1 6	
	1. For drawing, entering and signing every Order upon Debate,		. *
	if not exceeding One Side or Sheet containing Seventy	1	
	two Words	0	9
ŀ	2. If it exceeds One Side or Sheet, for every Side or Sheet		
1	after, of Seventy two Words each	0	0
	Any One Fraction of a Sheet to be charged as an entire	1	
	Sheet, but not more than One Fraction to be charged	l	
1	for any One Document.		
	3. For drawing, entering and signing every Order upon hearing	)	
	of a Cause	0	6
	4. If it exceeds One Side or Sheet of Seventy two Words, for		
-	every Side or Sheet of Seventy two Words -	0	0
•	•		

	£.	s.	d.
For drawing, entering and signing every Decretal Order -		12	
If it exceeds One Side or Sheet of Seventy two Words, for			
every such Side or Sheet after the First	0	0	10
For drawing, entering and signing every final Dismiss	0	9	2
If it exceeds One Side or Sheet of Seventy two Words, for	_	_	
each Side or Sheet after	0	0	10
. For enrolling every Final Decree and every Final Dismiss,			
for each Roll of Ten Sheets or Seventy two Words each -	0	13	4
. For drawing, entering and signing every Order upon a			- 1
Petition	0	2	6
If it exceed One Side or Sheet of Seventy two Words, for			- 1
every such Side or Sheet after	0	0	10
For drawing, entering and signing every Order for an At-			i
tachment, Dedimus, Commission to examine Witnesses, to			
rejoin, for an Injunction, for Publication, to dissolve an			i
Injunction, for a Serjeant at Arms, for hearing a Cause,			- 1
Duces tecum or any Rule of Course, or Side Bar or			- [
Attornies' Rule	O.	2	6
No Allowance as for a Second Side to be made for any			- 1
such.			
For entering, filing and furnishing attested Copies of any			- 1
Report, Certificate, Exception, Account, Submission,			
Award, Commission of Partition, Judge's Certificate or			
Order of the Lords	0	3	6
If the Copy exceeds One Side or Sheet of Seventy two			ļ
Words, for every such Side or Sheet after the First, the			
Year where expressed in the Document by Figures to be			ı
calculated as One Word, the Number of Pounds expressed			
One Item to be reckoned as One Word, and the same	_	_	_
as to Shillings and Pence	0	0	10
For receiving and filing every Affidavit, and furnishing	ł		
Copy thereof to the Party filing the same, for the First	١.	_	
Sheet of Seventy two Words	0	2	- 1
Each subsequent Sheet	0	_	10
For every Copy of Notes on hearing	0	6	8
If it exceeds One Side or Sheet of Seventy two Words, for	٦	_	
every such Side or Sheet after	0	U	10

he Register and Assistant Register shall perform all such Duties at the ity Side of the said Court as have heretofore been performed in the Chief aembrancer's Office by the Officers or Clerks called the Register and the k in the Register's Office, except that they shall not be charged with the tody of the Deposition of Witnesses; and they shall also perform any other by or Duties which the Court shall require of them as Duties which ought to the Office of Register of said Court; and the Register and Asant Register shall each keep a Clerk, to be approved of by the Chief Renbrancer, who shall fix the Salaries of such Clerks respectively.

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s. 3.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Second at the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, or any Clerk other Person in his Employment, to demand or accept, for or on account any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the Business of Second of the said Court.

- D	£. s.
1. For making out and entering every Writ of Subpœna to	0 0
2. For Ditto every Subpæna to rejoin, Subpæna to hear	" "
Judgment and Subpæna ad testificandum	0 5
3. For Ditto every Subpœna for Costs	0 5
4. For Ditto every other Subpæna	0 7
5. For making out and entering every Writ of Dedimus potestatem to take an Answer or Answers, or to examine Witnesses, Commission to empower Arbitrators to examine,	
Commission of Partition or Perambulation, and each other Commission which shall issue pursuant to special Order - 6. For Ditto every Writ of Attachment, whether directed to	0 7
the Sheriff of Pursuivant, and whether for Want of Appearance or Answer, or pursuant to Order of Court  7. For Ditto every Proclamation of Rebellion, Commission of	0 5 1
Rebellion, and Serjeant at Arms, each	0 7
8. For Ditto every Writ of Sequestration	0 11
9. For Ditto every Writ of Injunction	0 7
10. For Ditto every Writ of Scire facias on a Decree	0 7
11. For Ditto every Writ of Assistance	0 5
12. For Ditto every Writ of Extendi facias or Levari facias -	0 12
13. For entering and filing every Recognizance entered into in any Cause, and giving Certificate of Enrolment thereof -	D 15 I
14. For filing and entering every other Recognizance, except Sheriff's Recognizance, and every Bond to the Crown, each	0 2
15. For Ditto every Sheriff's Recognizance, the Fee prescribed by Statute	0 3
16. For preparing and furnishing an attested Copy of any Recognizance filed in the Office, when required -	06
17. For making Search for Recognizances or Crown Bonds entered into or executed by any particular Person, and giving Abstracts, if required, of the Recognizances or Bonds, if any appearing on Record entered into by such Person, or making Search for any particular Recognizance, of which a Copy shall not be required by the Person	
desiring to have such Search made  When a Search and Certificate is required of a certain Recognizance or a Crown Bond being filed or not being filed:	0 \$7
18. For making such Search, and furnishing Certificate thereof 19. For a Search, and furnishing a negative Certificate, as re- quired by the Statute with respect to Judgments in the Law Courts and Recognizances in the Court of Chancery, for Recognizances or Crown Bonds entered into or acknow-	0 5
ledged by any particular Person, and filed in the Office, where there shall be no Abstract, or but One Abstract	0 6

CO Test and bull be made that O Alexandra Coult To C	æ.	s.	d.
20. If there shall be more than One Abstract, a further Fee for each Abstract after the First, of	0	1	0
21. For preparing and entering Vacate of Recognizance acknow-		_	
ledged in any Cause, and giving Certificate thereof - 22. For the like of any other Recognizance, and for cancelling	0	6	8
and giving up Crown Bonds, and filing such Consents and			
other Documents as may be necessary to warrant the	_	_	
vacating or cancelling thereof  23. For enrolling Indentures of Apprenticeship to Attornies,	0	2	0
as required by the Statute, the Fee thereby prescribed, of	0	1	0
24. For preparing and issuing every Writ of Scire facias upon		_	
a Recognizance or Crown Bond  25. For filing Writ and Return, and also for filing any Pleading	0	8	8
founded thereon	0	3	4
26. For entering every Rule to plead on Proceedings on such	_		ا ۽
Recognizances or Bonds, and every other Rule or Order 27. For the Copy of every such Order when required, be it long	0	2	0
or short	0	2	0
28. For enrolling Judgment on Scire facias, for each Roll con-	_	•	!
sisting of Ten Sheets of Seventy two Words, each 29. For entering and enrolling every Custodiam, for each Roll	0	13	4
as above	0	13	4
30. For entering and enrolling every Order for a Custodiam, for			
each Roll as above	1	13 2	9
32. For attending, swearing and the passing of every Sheriff's	_	_	١
Account, and giving Constat of Debet (the Fee allowed by		•	
Statute)  33. For receiving, entering and reading Petitions of Reduce-	0	3	*
ment, and entering and making out Orders thereon	0	8	6
34. For entering every Appearance, besides the Fee given by	0	^	
the Stamp Act	U	0	6
Office	0	1	6
36. For attested Copies of such Pleadings, per Sheet of Seventy	0	^	
37. For filing every Petition, Affidavit or other Document, fur-	U	0	61
nishing a Copy thereof to the Party filing the same, for		_	
the First Sheet of Seventy two Words	0	2	10
39. For every Search which any Person shall require to have	U	U	10
made for any Record or other Document, for which no			1
Fee is hereinbefore provided, Searches in the Rule Books and Attachment Books for the last Three Years, or for			- 1
every Document of which, when found, a Copy shall be			ł
required	0	2	6
40. For every Certificate for which no Fee is hereinbefore provided	0	2	6
41. For attending in any Court with any Record or Pleading	1 7	10	ŏ
÷ ·	1		

The Secondary shall perform all such Duties at the Equity and Revenue Sides of the Court of Exchequer, as have heretofore been performed in the P p 3 Chief

C. 70.

Chief Remembrancer's Office by the Secondary, or Clerk in the Secondary's Office; and he shall also perform any other Duty or Duties which the Court shall require of him, as Duties which ought to appertain to the Ofice of Secondary of said Court; and he shall keep a Clerk, to be approved of by the Chief Remembrancer, who shall fix the Salary of such Clerk.

-TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Filezer at the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, or any Clerk or other Pr son in his Employment, to demand or accept for or on account of any Matte or Thing done in or concerning the Business of the said Office.

	£. s. L
1. For filing and entering every Bill, Answer, Replication, Re-	
joinder and each other Equity Pleading -	0 1 6
2. For amending Bill, Answer or other Pleading, pursuant to	
Order	0 2 6
3. For attested Copies of Pleadings, for each Sheet of Seventy	
two Words	0 0 5
In Cases of Schedules annexed to Pleadings, the Year	1
when expressed by Figures to be reckoned as One	1 [
Word, and any Number of Pounds expressed by	
Figures to be reckoned as One Word, and the like	i '
as to Shillings and as to Pence.	ĺ
4. For comparing and re-attesting Copies of Pleadings, when	
required for the Purpose of Proof, for every Twenty Sheets	l
of Seventy two Words each which such Copy shall contain	0 1 0
5. For every Search for Pleadings, and taking down, for the	
Inspection of the Party requiring same, the Document	
sought for, when found	0 2 6
6. For every other such +, save and except Searches in the Bill	
Books for the preceding Ten Years	021
7. For every Search for and furnishing Certificate of the Plead-	
ings filed in any Cause, with the Period of filing same, and	İ
the Length thereof; also that any particular Pleading has	
or has not been filed; and also a Certificate of the Names	
of Parties in any Cause, or any other Certificate required	
by any Party	0 2 1
8. For receiving and entering any Appearance, besides the Fee	
given by Stamp Act	0 0 1
9. For attending in any Court+ with any Record or Pleading -	0 10
† SSc.	_

The Filazer shall perform all such Duties at the Equity Side of the Court as have heretofore been performed in the Chief Remembrance's of by the Officers or Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer; and he shall be supported by the Officers of Clerks called the Filazer and Deputy Filazer. also perform any other Duty or Duties which the Court shall require of he as Duties which ought to appertain to the Office of Filazer of said Court; # he shall keep a Clerk, to be approved of by the Chief Remembrancer, who is fix the Salary of such Clerk.

5.—TABLE of all the FEES which it shall be lawful for the Examiners in hief at the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, or any Clerk or other terson employed by them or in their Offices respectively, to demand or accept r or on account of any Act, Matter or Thing done in or concerning the usiness of the Examiner's Office.

	æ.	s.	d.
. For the First Witness examined in a Cause (whether upon	l		- 1
one Interrogatory, or upon several Interrogatories) in the	ŀ		- 1
Examiner's Office, or by either of the Persons holding the			_
Situation of Chief Examiner	0	3	8
. For every other Witness examined in like Manner in the	_	_	
same Cause	0	2	2
For the Copy of all such Depositions as are taken by the Examiners in Chief in Person, to be paid by the Party	i		- 1
lodging the Interrogatory or Interrogatories, for each	l		l l
Sheet of Seventy two Words	0	Λ	10
For all other Copies of Interrogatories and Depositions re-	ľ	U	۱ ۲۰
quired by any Person out of the Office, for each Sheet of	ŀ		1
Seventy two Words	0	0	61
For every Search within Twelve Months for any Document	Ĭ	·	2
or Documents, of which there shall not be a Copy or			
Copies required by the Person desiring to have such Search			- 1
made	∵0	2	6
For looking into every Term before	0	0	4
L For every Deed or other Document which shall be exhibited			- 5
to a Witness on his Examination by or before the Exa-			- 1
miners in Chief, or either of them, and for certifying the			L
same as having been so exhibited	0	2	0
For every Certificate which the Officer shall be required to	_	_	_
give	0	2	6
). For swearing and examining every Witness where the Officer			- 1
shall, under the Authority of the Court, go out of his	^	16	8
Office for the Purpose  If the Officer shall be required to go beyond the Limits'	U	10	°
of the Circular Road, Dublin, the Charge for such			- 1
Examination to be such as shall be expressed in the			ı
Order.			- 1
10. For comparing with Originals and reattesting the Copies			- 1
of any Depositions which shall be required to be made use			1
of in any Court of Common Law, or on an Appeal, for			- {
each Book or Deposition	0	6	8

The Examiners shall perform all such Duties at the Equity Side of the lart of Exchequer as have heretofore been performed by the Examiners to the lef and other Barons, and shall have the Custody of the Depositions of all linesses examined or cross examined in any Matter or Cause pending at the uity Side of the said Court, whether taken before them or any Commissioner Commissioners appointed under or by virtue of the Provisions of this Act, otherwise; save such Depositions as shall be taken upon any Reference to Chief Remembrancer, the said Chief Remembrancer being to have the large and Custody of all Depositions so taken.

## CAP. LXXI.

An Act for defraying the Charge of Retiring Pay, Pensions and other Expences of that Nature, of His Majesty's Forces serving in *India*; for establishing the Pensions of the Bishop, Archdeacons and Judges; for regulating Ordinations; and for establishing a Court of Judicature at *Bombay*.

THEREAS by an Act made and passed in the Thirty third

[11th July 1823.]

39 G.S. c.52.

Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the 'Third, intituled An Act for continuing in the East India Company, for a further Term, the Possession of the British Territoria in India, together with their exclusive Trade, under certain Linitations; for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories and the better Administration of Justice within the same; for appropriating to certain Uses the Revenue and Profits of the said Company; and for making Provision for the good Order and Government of the Towns of Calcutta, Madres and Bombay; it is enacted, that all Sums issued by the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces for and on account of His Majesty's Forces serving in *India*, or for raising and supplying Recruits for the same, shall be repaid by the said United Company, and that the actual Expences only which are incurred for the Support and Maintenance of the said Troops shall be borne and defrayed by the said United Company: And Whereas, by another Act made and passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for continuing in the East India Company, for a further Term, the Possession of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges; for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories and the better Administration of Justice within the same; and for regulating the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter; it is enacted, that for and during the Continuance of the Possession and Government of the said Territorial Acquisitions and Revenues in said United Company, the Rents, Revenues and Profits arising from the said Territorial Acquisitions, after de-' fraying the Charges and Expences of collecting the same, should

be applied and disposed of to and for the Uses and Purposes and in the Order of Preference thereinafter expressed, and to or for no other Use or Purpose or in any other Manner whatsoere, any Act or Acts of Parliament then in force to the contrary notwithstanding; and in the first Place in defraying all the Charges and Expences of raising and maintaining the Force, as well European as Native Military, Artillery and Marine on the Establishments in the East Indies and Parts aforesaid, and of maintaining the Forts and Garrisons there, and providing Warlike and Naval Stores; but no Provision has been made for the Charge incurred for Retiring Pay and Pensions and other Expences of that Nature, arising in respect of His Majesty's Forces serving in India; and the said United Company in Consideration thereof have agreed to pay, for those Purposes, the annual

55G.3. c.155. § 55.

Sixty thousand Pounds, to commence from the Thirtieth dors! One thousand eight hundred and twenty two, out Cerritorial Revenues in the East Indies, as hereinafter d; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spid Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament ed, and by the Authority of the same, That over and above In addition to and Sums of Money now payable by the said United Com- the Sum now respect of His Majesty's Forces serving in the East Indies, payable, the hall Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds, to commence from the E. I. C. to pay al Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds, to commence from the rtieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and in Satisfaction two, shall be paid out of the Rents, Revenues and Profits of Retiring from the said Territorial Acquisitions, in full Discharge Psy, Pensions Saction of all Claims upon the said Company for Retiring or other Allow ances in respections and other Expences of that Nature, granted or payances in respective Majesty or by Authority of Parliament or otherwise, in India. e of any of the Forces of His Majesty which have served, Paid quarterly serving or which hereafter may serve in the East Indies; tal Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds to be payable by the ted Company out of any Money in their Treasury applithe Territorial Charges in the East Indies, by even Quarments, on the Thirtieth Day of July, the Thirtieth Day the Thirtieth Day of January and the Thirtieth Day of Nevery Year, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, remain at the Disposal of Parliament; and such Paybill be charged upon and borne by the Rents, Revenues the Territorial Acquisitions, in the same as the Charges and Expences of raising and maintaining d Forces are now charged and borne.

L And Whereas by the said Act of the Fifty third Year of 53 G.3. c. 155. Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third, § 54. wision was made for granting certain Pensions to the Bishop Calcutta, and the Archdeacons of Calcutta, Madras and Bomrespectively, who should have exercised in the East Indies Parts in the said Act mentioned, for Fifteen Years, the Office Offices of Bishop or Archdeacon; and it is expedient to the Period during which such Bishops and Archdeacons excively are required to hold their said Offices before such ions could be granted to them respectively, and to make her Provisions respecting such Pensions; Be it enacted, That repealed. mech of the said Act as relates to such Pensions shall be and une is hereby repealed.

L And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Pensions to is Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Manner in the said Bishop and mentioned, to grant to any such Bishop who shall have exer- Archdeacons. In the East Indies or Parts aforesaid, for Ten Years, the e of Bishop or Archdeacon, and to any such Archdeacon who have exercised in the East Indies or Parts aforesaid, for Ten s, the Office of Archdeacon, Pensions not exceeding such respectively as His Majesty by the said Act of the Fifty M Year of the Reign of His late Majesty is empowered to mt to any such Bishop or Archdeacon.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Per- Chaplains ap. residing any Time in the East Indies or Parts aforesaid, as pointed Arch

One descons to be

C. 71.

One of the Chaplains of the said United Company, shall have been or shall be appointed to the Office of such Archdeacon as aforesaid, and shall have resided in the East Indies or Parts aforesaid as such Archdeacon Seven Years, the Period of Residence of such Person as Chaplain shall be accounted and taken as and for a Residence as such Archdeacon, in the Proportion of Three Years Residence as such Chaplain to Two Years Residence as such Archdeacon: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prejudice the Right of any Person being or having been a Chaplain of the said United Company, to any Benefit he may be entitled to as under or by virtue of any Regulation now in force or hereafter to be made by the said United Company or their Court of Directors, nor to prejudice or affect the Right of the said United Company or their Court of Directors, to make, repeal, vary or alter any Regulation or Regulations respecting the Chaplains of the said United Company, or the Pay or Allowances, Pensions or Retirements of such Chaplains which the said United Company or their Court of Directors may now lawfully make, repeal, vary or alter.

Residence and Expence of Visitations of Bishop to be defrayed by Company. Proviso. 'V. And Whereas it is proper that a suitable House of Residence should be provided for the said Bishop, and that the Expences of his Visitations should be defrayed by the said Company; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby required to provide a suitable House at Calcutta for the Residence of the said Bishop, and that the Expence of the Visitations to be made by the said Bishop from time to time shall be defrayed by the said Company, out of the Revenues of the British Territories in India: Provided always, that no greater Sum on account of providing such House, or of such Visitations, be at any Time issued, that shall from time to time be defined and settled by the Court of Directors of the said Company with the Approbation of the Commissioners for the Affairs of India, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

'VI. And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Bishop of

Bishop of Caloutta may admit Persons to Holy Orders.

' Calcutta, in conferring Holy Orders, is subject to the several · Provisions and Limitations established by the Laws of this Realm or Canons Ecclesiastical, as to the Titles of the Persons to be ordained, and as to the Oaths and Subscriptions to be by such ' Persons taken and made;' Be it further declared and enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Bishop of Calcutta for the Time being to admit into the Holy Orders of Deacon and Priest respectively any Person whom he shall, upon Examination, deem duly qualified, specially for the Purpose of taking upon himself the Cure of Souls or officiating in any Spiritual Capacity within the Limits of the said Diocese of Calcutta and residing therein; and that a Declaration of such Purpose, and a written Engagement to perform the same, under the Hand of such Person, being deposited in the Hands of such Bishop, shall be held to be a sufficient Title with a view to such Ordination; and that in every such Case, it shall be distinctly stated in the Letters of Ordination of every Person so admitted to Holy Orders, that he has been ordained for the Cure of Souls within the Limits of the said Diocese of Calcutta only; and that unless such Person shall be a British Subject

Subject of or belonging to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, he shall not be required to take and make the Oaths and Subscriptions which Persons ordained in England are required to take and make: Provided always, that nothing herein contained Proviso for shall be construed to repeal or affect the Provisions of an Act 53 G.S. c.155. passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty and for Letters King George the Third, intituled An Act for continuing in the East India Company, for a further Term, the Possession of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges; for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; and for regulating the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, or any Letters Patent issued by His late Majesty, or by His present Majesty, their Heirs and Successors, in virtue of the said Act or of their lawful Prerogative.

' VII. And Whereas His late Majesty King George the Second Letters Patent did, by His Letters Patent bearing Date at Westminster the Jan. 26. 26G.2.

' Eighth Day of January in the Twenty sixth Year of His Reign, grant unto the United Company of Merchants of England trading

to the East Indies His Royal Charter, thereby, amongst other Things, constituting and establishing Courts of Civil, Criminal

and Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction at the United Company's respective Settlements at Madraspatnam, Bombay or the Island of Bom-

bay, and Fort William in Bengal: And Whereas the said Charter,

' in as far as it respects the Administration of Justice at Bombay, has been altered and changed by virtue of an Act passed in the

Thirty seventh Year of His late Majesty King George the Third, 37 G.3. c.142. intituled An Act for the better Administration of Justice at Cal-

cutta, Madras and Bombay; and for preventing British Subjects

from being concerned in Loans to Native Princes in India; and

by Letters Patent granted by His said late Majesty King George

the Third, and bearing Date at Westminster on the Twentieth Day of February in the Thirty eighth Year of His Reign, amongst

other Things, for the Establishment of a Court called "The Court of the Recorder of Bombay:" And Whereas the said Charter of the Eighth Day of January in the Twenty sixth

Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, so

far as it respects the Administration of Justice at Fort William

' in Bengal, has been altered and changed by virtue of an Act ' passed in the Thirteenth Year of His said late Majesty King

George the Third, intituled An Act for establishing certain Re- 13 G.S. c.68.

' gulations for the better Management of the Affairs of the East India Company, as well in India as in Europe, and by divers

subsequent Statutes: And Whereas the said lastmentioned Char-

ter, so far as it respects the Administration of Justice at Madras,

has been altered or changed by virtue of the said Act of the

Thirty seventh Year of His said late Majesty King George the

Third, and also by an Act of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years 39 & 40 G.s.

of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for establishing certain c.79.

Regulations for the Government of the British Territories in India, and the better Administration of Justice within the same: And Whereas it may be expedient, for the better Administration of

· Justice in the said Settlement of Bombay, that a Supreme Court

of Judicature should be established at Bombay, in the

of Judicature at Bombay established,

' Form and with the same Powers and Authorities as that subsisting by virtue of the several Acts before mentioned at Supreme Court ' William in Bengal:' Be it therefore enacted, That it shall may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successor Charter or Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great By to erect and establish a Supreme Court of Judicature at Be aforesaid, to consist of such and the like Number of Person be named from time to time by His Majesty, His Heirs and cessors, with full Power to exercise such Civil, Criminal, miralty and Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, both as to Native British Subjects, and to be invested with such Powers and thorities, Privileges and Immunities, for the better Administ of the same, and subject to the same Limitations, Restriction Controul, within the said Town and Island of Bombay, at Limits thereof, and the Territories subordinate thereto, and the Territories which now are or hereafter may be subject dependent upon the said Government of Bombay, as the preme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, by any Law now in force and unrepealed doth consist of, with, or subject to, within the said Fort William, or the subject to or dependent on the Government thereof: It always, that the Governor and Council at Bombay, and the vernor General at Fort William aforesaid, shall enjoy the Exemption and no other, from the Authority of the said & Court of Judicature to be there erected, as is enjoyed by the Governor General and Council at Fort William aforesaid Time being, from the Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court

Proviso for Exemptions.

Records of Mayor's Court at Bombay to be delivered over to Supreme Court.

37 G.S. c.142.

such Supreme Court of Judicature at Bombay as aforesis the Records, Muniments and Proceedings whatsoever, of an longing to the late Mayor's Court at Bombay, or to the late of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, which were said Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of His said late jesty King George the Third directed to be delivered over, served and deposited in the new Courts erected by virtue said Act, and all Records, Muniments and Proceedings whatse of and belonging to the said Court of the Recorder of Bo or to any of the Courts established under and by virtue of the Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of Ital late Majesty King George the Third, shall from, and immed after such Supreme Court of Judicature, as His Majesty is best empowered to erect, shall be established at Bombay, be delive over to be preserved and deposited for safe Custody in the Supreme Court of Judicature to be erected at Bombay, to white all Parties concerned shall and may have resort and recourse up Application to the said Court.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if His Majesty, His

or Successors, shall grant such Charter as aforesaid, and

dicature there already by Law established.

So much of Charter and 37 G.S. c. 142. as relate to Court of Recorder

IX. And be it further enacted, That so much of the Charl granted by His said late Majesty King George the Third, erecting the Court of the Recorder of Bombay, as relates to Appointment of such Recorder and the erecting of such Cou of Judicature at Bombay, in case a new Charter shall be grant

C. 71.

by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and shall be openly published at Bombay, from and immediately after such Publication shall cease and determine, and be absolutely void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and all Powers and Authorities granted Repealed. by the said Act of the Thirty seventh Year of His said late Majesty King George the Third, to the said Court of the Recorder at Bombay, shall cease and determine and be no longer exercised by the said Court, but the same shall and may be exercised by the Supreme Court of Judicature to be erected by virtue of this Act, in the Manner and to the Extent hereinbefore directed.

X. And be it further enacted, That when the said Supreme Salaries to Court of Judicature which His Majesty is hereby empowered to Chief Justice erect shall be erected, the Court of Directors of the said United and each of the Company shall and they are hereby required to direct and cause to be paid certain and established Salaries to the Chief Justice and each of the Judges of such Supreme Court of Judicature at Bombay, as shall be by the new Charter established; that is to say, to the Chief Justice Fifty two thousand two hundred Bombay Rupees by the Year; and to each of the Puisne Judges of the How Payable. said Supreme Court of Judicature at Bombay, Forty three thousand five hundred Bombay Rupees by the Year; and that such Salaries shall be paid and payable to each and every of them respectively out of the Territorial Revenues of the said Settlement of Bombay.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the said Salaries of such Salaries to be Chief Justice and Judges shall commence and take place from in lieu of all and after their respectively taking upon them the Execution of Fees. their Office as aforesaid, and that all such Salaries shall be in lieu of all Fees of Office, Perquisites, Emoluments and Advantages whatsoever; and that no Fees of Office, Perquisites, Emoluments or Advantages whatsoever, shall be accepted, received or taken in any Manner or on any Account or Pretence whatsoever, other than such Salaries or Allowances as are in and by this Act directed to be paid.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said Court of Direc- Defraying tors shall and they are hereby required to pay and advance to every Person who shall be appointed Chief Justice of the said Su- Equipment and preme Court to be erected in pursuance of this Act, and who shall be resident in the United Kingdom at the Time of his Appointment, the Sum of One thousand two hundred Pounds, and to every Person who shall be appointed Puisne Judge of the said Court, and who shall be resident in the United Kingdom at the Time of his Appointment, the Sum of One thousand Pounds, for the Purpose of defraying the Expences of their Equipment and

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when Salary to cease either of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature, which on Judge's His Majesty is hereby empowered to erect at Bombay, shall re- leaving India. spectively leave *India*, the Salary payable under and by virtue of this Act to any such Judge shall cease and be no longer paid; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said \$76.3. c.142.

Acts of the Thirty seventh and of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth c.79. § 8.

Voyage of Chief

Years repealed.

Years of His late Majesty King George the Third, as relates the Time during which the Chief Justices, Judges and Record of the Courts therein mentioned are required to reside in Im before any Allowances can lawfully be made to them upon I tirement, or which limits the Amount in the Whole to be paid account of such Allowances, shall be and the same is here

Pensions to Chief Justices and Judges of Fort William, Madras, Bombay and Prince of Wales's Island on Resignation. What Residence entitled to Allowance.

repealed. XV. And be it further enacted, That if either of the Ch

Allowances limited.

Justices or Puisne Judges of the said Supreme Court of Ju cature of Fort William, or of the said Supreme Court of Judican at Madras, or of the said Supreme Court of Judicature to erected at Bombay, or the Recorder of the Court of Judican of Prince of Wales's Island, shall resign his Office in consequen of Age, Infirmity or other Cause, to be approved by His Majes His Heirs or Successors, it shall and may be lawful for His ! jesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Warrants under the \$ Manual, to direct and authorize an Allowance to be made of the Revenues of the British Territories in India to such Justice, Judge or Recorder so resigning: Provided always ... it shall not be lawful for His Majesty to direct any such to be made to any Person who shall not have resided in limit Ten Years, either as Chief Justice or Puisne Judge of One di said Supreme Courts, or as Recorder of Bombay: and that it a not be lawful for His Majesty to direct any larger Allowance to made to any Chief Justice of any of the said Supreme Court retiring as aforesaid, than the Amount hereafter limited for t Allowance to be made to the Puisne Judges of such Courts? spectively, unless he shall have holden the Office of such Ch Justice during Five Years of such his Residence in India as in said; nor if he shall have holden the said Office of Chief Just during such Five Years of such his Residence in India as aforesi shall it be lawful to direct any larger Allowance to be made the Chief Justice of the said Supreme Court of Fort William, the the Sum of Two thousand Pounds Sterling per Annum, nor either of the Chief Justices of the said Supreme Courts of Medr. or Bombay, than the Sum of One thousand six hundred Pours Sterling per Annum; and that it shall not be lawful for His M: jesty to direct any Allowance to be made to either of the Pure Judges of the said Court of Fort William; so retiring as aforesi than the Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds Sterling Annum; nor to either of the Puisne Judges of the said Suprem Courts at Madras and Bombay, than the Sum of One thousand two hundred Pounds Sterling per Annum; and that it shall not be lawful for His Majesty to direct any Allowances to be made to the Recorder of the said Court of Judicature of Prince of Walni Island, unless he shall have resided in the East Indies as such Recorder Ten Years, nor in that Case any larger Allowance than the Sum of One thousand Pounds Sterling per Annum.

Time of Judge's acting as Recorder of Prince of Wales's Island, to be reckoned as Part of his

XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Person having for any Time resided in the East Indies as Recorder of the said Court of Judicature of Prince of Wales's Island, shall have been or shall be appointed to the Office of Chief Justice of Puisne Judge of either of the said Supreme Courts of Fort William, Madras or Bombay, the Period of Residence of such Person

C. 71.

East Indies, as such Recorder of the said Court of Judica- Service as a Prince of Wales's Island, shall be accounted and taken as Judge. Residence in India as a Puisne Judge of such Courts wely, in the Proportion of Three Years' Residence as such her to Two Years' Residence as such Puisne Judge; and such Person shall have resided in the East Indies as such der, or as such Chief Justice or Puisne Judge for Ten Years, l and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Sucin Manner hereinbefore mentioned, to direct such Allowbe made to such Person as might lawfully be directed such Person had resided the whole of such Time as such

ustice or Puisne Judge as aforesaid.

And be it further declared and enacted, That it hath Courts at and shall be lawful for the Supreme Court of JudiMadras, within Fort Saint George and the Town of Bombay to
and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate

Powers as the and within the Territories which now are or hereafter Court at Fort embject to or dependent upon the Government of Madras; William in at shall be lawful for the said Supreme Court of Judica-Bengal. Bombay, to be created by virtue of this Act, within the and Island of Bombay and the Limits thereof, and the subordinate thereto, and within the Territories which ter hereafter may be subject to or dependent upon the remment of Bombay; and the said Supreme Courts reby are hereby required, within the same respectively, to scute, perform and fulfil all such Acts, Authorities, Duties, and Things whatsoever, as the said Supreme Court of Fort is or may be lawfully authorized, empowered or directed execute, perform and fulfil within Fort William in Bengal aid, or the Places subject to or dependent upon the Goent thereof.

TM. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing Provise for Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to Pensions at any Warrant which may have been granted by His Majesty present paid. se the passing of this Act, in virtue of any Act now in force, Payment of a Pension to any Person who has resigned the of Chief Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court of Judiest Fort William in Bengal or at Madras, nor to affect the of His Majesty to grant such Warrants in favour of any on now exercising the Office of Chief Justice or Judge; and by such Warrant and Warrants shall be obligatory on the Company, in like Manner and under the same Restrictions Provisions as if this Act had not passed.

56 G.S. c.98.

From Oct. 10. 1823. existing

Duties of Cus-

toms in Ireland,

on Articles spe-

cified in Tables

(A.) and (B.), and Drawbacks

thereon, re-

(Exception.)

pealed.

C. 72.

## CAP. LXXII.

An Act to repeal the several Duties and Drawbacks of Custo chargeable and allowable in Ireland, on the Important and Exportation of certain Foreign and Colonial Goo Wares and Merchandize, and to grant other Duties Drawbacks in lieu thereof, equal to the Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof, equal to the Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof, backs chargeable and allowable thereon in Great Britain

「1 1th *July* 18⊈ WHEREAS for the further carrying into Effect the Pro

the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the Per ' ments of Great Britain and Ireland respectively, and also

Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom in the sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George

sions and Purposes contained in the Two several Acts

• Third, for uniting and consolidating into one Fund all the Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland, and providing

Application thereof to the general Services of the United of dom; it hath become expedient that equal Duties should be

' posed on the Importation of certain Articles into both [s

from Foreign Parts and that equal Drawbacks should be also upon the Exportation to Foreign Parts of all such Articles

both Countries; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most cellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the La Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parlis

assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and s the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred twenty three, all and singular the Duties of Customs payable

His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Virtue of any Ac Acts in force in Ireland on or immediately before the Tenth of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, 4

the Importation into Ireland of the Foreign or Colonial Goo Wares or Merchandize, (that is to say) Goods, Wares or Merch dize not being the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of G

Britain, mentioned, specified and set forth in the Tables to this ! annexed marked (A.) and (B.), and the respective Drawbacks lowed upon the Exportation of any such Goods, Wares or Mo

chandize from Ireland, shall cease and determine, except s Duties of Customs as have been granted or imposed on any of

said Articles for any local Purposes in Ireland, by any Act Acts of Parliament; and which Duties are appropriated to 50 local Purposes by the several Acts by which the said Duties

granted or imposed or regulated, and save and except in all (a) relating to the recovering or allowing any Arrears of the said D ties and Drawbacks respectively, which may remain unpaid or o

allowed on the said Tenth Day of October One thousand etc. hundred and twenty three, or relating to any Fines, Penalties Forfeitures in respect thereof, which shall have been incurred

any Time before the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three. II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tent

New Duties and Drawbacks Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three,

lieu and instead of the several Duties of Customs hereby made of Customs to cease and determine, there shall be raised, levied, collected made payable and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon the Importation into Ireland of the several Foreign or Colonial Goods, Tables (A.) Wares and Merchandize; (that is to say), Goods, Wares and and (B.) equal Merchandize not being the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of to those in G.B. Great Britain, mentioned, specified and set forth in the Tables (A.) and as set forth and (R.) to this Act appeared. Duties of Customs equal in Amount in Tables. and (B.) to this Act annexed, Duties of Customs equal in Amount to the Duties charged and payable upon the Importation of the like Goods, Wares and Merchandize into Great Britain; and that upon the Exportation from Ireland of certain of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize to Foreign Parts, there shall be allowed and given Drawbacks equal in Amount to the Drawbacks allowed on the Exportation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize from Great Britain, under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain; and that such Duties shall be raised, levied, collected and paid upon and in respect of the several Articles enumerated in the Tables to this Act annexed marked (A.) and (B.), imported or brought into Ireland, and according to the several Amounts of such Duties respectively inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the said Tables; and that such Drawbacks shall be paid and allowed according to the several Amounts thereof respectively inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the said Tables, any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the said Tables, and all Matters and Things therein contained, shall be deemed Part of this Act.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Duties and Act, or the Tables thereto annexed, mentioned, specified or con- Drawbacks on tained, shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or alter the Amount of the Duties payable on Barilla or on Salt, or on any Sorts of Wood imported into Ireland, payable under any Act main.

Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, but or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act; but that the Duties payable on such Barilla, Salt and Wood under any such Act or Acts, and all Drawbacks in respect of such Duties, and all Rules and Regulations applicable to such Duties and Drawbacks, shall remain and continue in force to all Intents

and Purposes, as if this Act had not been had or made.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth No Counter-Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, no vailing Duty or Duty whatever shall be charged or payable, nor shall any Draw- Drawback on back be allowed or allowable in Great Britain or Ireland resport of Goods, pectively, upon the Importation into or Exportation from either having paid Country to the others of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, subject to Duties of Customs under this Act, or subject to Duties or Ireland, or of like Amount on Importation into Great Britain, upon which manufactured the Duties so due and payable shall have been paid in the Country having paid into which such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall have been such Duty. first imported, and from which Country such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be exported to the other; nor upon the Importation or Exportation of any Articles composed in the whole or in part of any Material which shall have paid any such Duty; any thing contained in the said Acts of Union, or in any other Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, or 4 G20. IV. Qq

from Materials

A:D. 1:

any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in any

notwithstanding.

C. 72.

Proviso for Goods imported into Ireland before Commencement of Act at lower Duties than in G. B. and exported to G.B.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Goods. W and Merchandize which, at any Time before the said Tenth of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, have been or shall be imported into Ireland, and which a Time of such Importation shall have been or shall be subje Duties lower than the Duties payable on the Importation the like Articles into Great Britain, shall, after the said ! Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty t remain and continue liable to such Duties on Importation Great Britain, and shall be entitled to such Drawbacks on portation from Ireland to Great Britain, and shall be imple and exported under all such Rules and Regulations as wen plicable to such Goods, Wares and Merchandize under any or Acts in force immediately before the said Tenth Day of On One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and sif

present Act had not been had or made.

Trade between G. B. and Ireland to be a Coasting Trade from Day mentioned in Warrant of Treasury for that Purpose.

VI. And be it further enacted, That at any Time passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Law Treasurer, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Item the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or and of them, by any Warrant or Order in Writing, signed by them, and published in the London and Dublin Gazettes, we and declare, that from a Day to be named in such Warnel Order the Trade between Great Britain and Ireland shall be and deemed to be a Coasting Trade, and from and after the mentioned in such Warrant or Order, such Trade shall be become a Coasting Trade accordingly; and all Ships and Vanin which Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be transport carried and conveyed from any Port in Great Britain to any! in Ireland, or from any Port in Ireland to any Port in Great Bri respectively, shall be deemed and taken and held to be Com Ships and Vessels to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, sa nevertheless to such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and ditions, and to such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are here provided and contained.

Entry to be made of Goods exported from either Country to the other. Penalty 1001. Goods liable to Duty, not duly entered, forfeited.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no 9 Wares or Merchandize shall be laden on board any Ship or to be transported, carried or conveyed from any Port in Britain to any Port in Ireland, or from any Port in Ireland Port in Great Britain, until due Entry of such Ship or shall have been made at the Custom House at the Port of La under a Penalty of One hundred Pounds, to be paid by the M or other Person having the Charge or Command of such Vessel; and if any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, subject Duty of Customs or Excise in either Country, or prohibited be exported from either Country to Foreign Parts, shall be on board any Ship or Vessel for the Purpose of being co from one Country to the other, before such Goods, Ward Merchandize shall have been duly entered at the Custom Ho or if the same shall be shipped without a proper Clearance. the Presence or Authority of a proper Officer, all such field

Wares or Merchandize shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Customs.

VIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That within Twenty four Entry to be Hours after the Arrival of any Ship or Vessel in any Port of made on Arrival Great Britain from any Port in Ireland, or in any Port in Ireland of Ships from from any Port in Great Britain, and before any Goods, Wares or the other.

Merchandize be unshipped, the Master shall make due Entry of such Ship or Vessel, upon Oath, at the Custom House at the Port of Arrival, under the Penalty of One hundred Pounds, to be paid by the Master or other Persons having the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel; and if any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, subject to Duty of Customs or Excise in either Country, or prohibited to be imported into either Country from Foreign Parts, shall be unladen from any such Ship or Vessel before the same shall have been duly entered at the Custom House, or without the Presence or Authority of a proper Officer, such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Penalty. Officer of the Customs.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Orders for refor the Commissioners of Customs, by and with the Consent and gulating En-Approbation of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of tries, &c. made the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, from time to by Customs, time to make such Rules and Orders as shall be necessary for bation of Treaascertaining the Form and Manner of the Entries of all Ships and sury, and pub-Vessels, and of all Goods, Wares and Merchandize, Inwards and lished in the Outwards, between Great Britain and Ireland, and the Regulations, Gazettes. Restrictions and Conditions under which all such Ships and Vessels shall and may be entered and cleared, and such Goods Wares and Merchandize shall and may be entered and shipped or landed, and exported or imported into either of the said Countries from the other; and such Rules and Orders, when approved of and signed by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three of them, shall be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, for the regulating such Ship and Vessel, and Goods, Wares and Merchandize, and the Importation and Exportation thereof between the said Countries, and shall be published in the London and Dublin Gazettes, and shall be in force and commence and take effect from such Time as shall be mentioned in such Approbation of the Commissioners of the Treasury.

X. Provided also, and be it enacted, That upon any Re-im-Goods liable to portation into Ireland from any Place or Country other than Great Duty on Re-Britain, of any Foreign or Colonial Goods, Wares or Merchandize, importation. which shall have been previously exported from Ireland, the like Duties shall be due and chargeable upon such Goods, Wares and Merchandize as are by this Act granted upon the First Importation into Ireland of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Duty payable

Duties by this Act granted on the Importation into Ireland of the on Goods not Goods, Wares and Merchandize mentioned and set forth in this entered, or on Act, and the Tables marked (A.) and (B.) thereto annexed, shall has not been the charged and payable on all such Goods Wares and March be charged and payable on all such Goods, Wares and Merchan-paid before. dize as shall not have been entered on or before the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, or

on which the Duties due and payable on the Importation there shall not have been paid before the said Tenth Day of Osta One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, notwithstand such Goods, Wares or Merchandize may have been imported i Ireland before the said Tenth Day of October One thousand e

hundred and twenty three.

Goods imported may be warehoused, and Duty paid on taking out for Home Consumption.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing is Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to con the Proprietor or Proprietors of Goods, Wares or Merchand specified in Tables (A.) and (B.) to this Act annexed, to page Duties thereon, upon the Importation or landing of such G Wares or Merchandize in Ireland, in any Case where such G Wares or Merchandize may or might by Law be warehou otherwise secured without Payment of Duty, or in any Case the Whole or any Part of the Duties on such Goods, Wa Merchandize are or may be permitted to be secured by otherwise; but that in all such Cases, the Duties specifical Tables (A.) and (B.) to this Act annexed may be secured or otherwise, in such Manner, and under such Rules, Ra Restrictions and Conditions, as are or may be contain Act or Acts for that Purpose, except where it is other vided by this Act: Provided also, that in case the in Proprietor of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, spec Tables (A.) and (B.) to this Act annexed, which shall he lodged in Warehouses, or otherwise secured, at any Time immediately before the said Tenth Day of October One the eight hundred and twenty three, and on which the Duties the Importation thereof shall not have been paid, shall be de of taking any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize out of Warehouse, or from any Place wherein the same shall be see for the Purpose of being used or consumed in Ireland, then in such Case the Duties imposed by this Act shall be per thereon, notwithstanding such Goods, Wares or Merchandize have been imported and warehoused before the said Tenth of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three.

Charging Foreign Spirits with Duty in proportion to their Strength.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Rum, Brandy, Aqua Vitæ and Strong Waters, which shall be brought at ported into Ireland, and for which any Duties shall be per under this Act, or the Tables thereto annexed, and which sh found to be above the Strength of Proof, shall be charged and shall pay the Duties payable thereon, according to Tables: Provided always, that where any such Rum, Bri Spirits, Aqua Vitæ or Strong Waters, shall be fairly and regimported, and no Artifice, Means or Contrivance shall be employed, either by sweetening the same, or otherwise, when the Officers of the Revenue may be deceived or imposed in respect of the true Strength thereof, then and in such C but not otherwise, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers to charge such Rum, Brandy, Spirits, Aqua Vite Strong Waters, with Duty as Single Spirits, and also with a full Duty in proportion to the Degree of Strength in which such shall be above Proof, and such Rum, Brandy, Spirits, Aqua and Strong Waters, shall be liable to the Payment of such D

so charged, and no more, accordingly; any thing in this Act or the Tables thereto annexed, or in any other Act or Acts, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

'XIV. And for ascertaining the Degrees of specific Gravity or Strength according to which the Duty on the Juice of Lemons, Limes and Oranges imposed by Table (A.) annexed to this Act, shall be calculated and paid, Be it enacted, That such Degrees Degree of Graof specific Gravity or Strength shall be ascertained by a Glass vity of Lemon, Citrometer, which shall be graduated in Degrees in such Manner Lime and that distilled Water being assumed as Unity at the Temperature of Sixty Degrees by Fahrenheit's Thermometer, every Degree of a graduated the Scale of such Citrometer shall be denoted by a Variation of Citrometer. Four One thousandth Parts of the specific Gravity of such Water.

' XV. And Whereas it is expedient to allow the Importation of Importation 'any Sort of Wine whatever in Bottles or Flasks, as well for Sale of Wine in Packages, as for private Use, in Packages containing at least Six Dozen Duty as Fr. ' reputed Quart Bottles or Flasks, upon Payment of the like Duty ' as is now by Law payable on French Wine;' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it shall and may be lawful to import into Ireland any Wine whatever, as well for Sale as for private Use, in Packages each of which shall contain at least Six Dozen reputed Quart Bottles or Flasks, on Payment of the same

Duties as French Wine is now subject to.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Where Ships Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty navigated with three, every Master of any Ship or Vessel belonging in the Whole Sails, Duty or in any Part to any of His Majesty's Subjects, navigated with shall be paid any Foreign made Sail or Sails, or who shall have any Foreign on such Sails. made Sail or Sails on board his Ship or Vessel, shall, at the Time of making his Entry or Report of such Ship or Vessel at the Custom House of any Port in Ireland where such Ship or Vessel shall be entered, make an Entry and Report upon Oath of all and every Foreign made Sail and Sails used in or being on board any such Ship or Vessel, and the Master of such Ship or Vessel shall, before such Ship or Vessel shall be cleared by the Officers of the Customs Inwards, where such Ship or Vessel makes any Discharge of her Lading, pay to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the like and the same Duties as are charged upon all Foreign made Sails imported by way of Merchandize, in the Tables to this Act annexed; and in default, the said Sails shall be forfeited, and shall Penalty. and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs in Ireland; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any For ascertain-Duty is by this Act imposed on the Goods, Wares or Merchan-dize specified and mentioned in the Table marked (A.) annexed Goods paying Duty ad vato this Act, imported into *Ireland*, according to the Value thereof, loren, by Desuch Value shall be taken and estimated upon the Declaration of claration of the Importer or Proprietor of such Goods, or his known Agent or Importer.

Factor, in Manner and Form following; (that is to say,)

I A. B. do hereby declare, That the Goods mentioned in this Entry, and contained in the Packages, [here specifying the

Duty as French

C. 72.

' several Packages, and describing the several Marks and Number ' as the Case may be, are of the Growth, Production or Man ' facture [as the Case may be] of I am the Importer or Proprietor thereof, [or, that I am de ' authorized by the Importer or Proprietor thereof, as the C ' may be,] and I do enter the same at the Value of Witness my Hand the A. B. The abo ' Declaration, signed the Day of ' Presence of C. D. (Officer of the Customs.)' Which Declaration shall be written upon the Warrant or Entry

Officer may detain such Goods, if not truly valued, paying to lmporter his Valuation, and 10 per Cent. thereon;

such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, and shall be subscribed the Hand of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, or his la Agent or Factor; and if upon View and Examination of Goods, Wares or Merchandize by the proper Officer or Off of the Customs, it shall appear to him or them that such G Wares or Merchandize are not valued according to the m real Value thereof, then it shall and may be lawful for the Officer or Officers of the Customs to detain such Goods in Merchandize, and to cause the same to be conveyed in Majesty's Warehouse, or otherwise properly secured a

within Eight Days from the landing thereof, in case the Wares or Merchandize shall have been imported into the Police Dublin, and within Fifteen Days from the landing thereof, in the Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall have been imported any other Port in Ireland; and it shall be lawful for the C missioners of the Customs for the Time being to direct the lector of the Port within which such Goods, Wares, or Merch dize may have been entered, to pay, out of any Money in

of Importation, and to take such Goods, Wares or Merd for the Use and Benefit of His Majesty, His Heirs or Succession

Hands arising from the Revenue of Customs, to the Imported Proprietor of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, the And of the Value thereof as so declared, together with an Addi of Ten Pounds per Centum thereon, and also the Duties paid the Importation of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, but \*

out any further Allowance, either on account of Freight or other Charge or Expence whatever, which Payment shall be a within Fifteen Days after the said Goods, Wares or Merchant shall have been so taken as aforesaid.

Such Goods sold by Commissioners of Customs.

and Import

Duties that

have been paid.

How Produce of Sale disposed of.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That such Payment 80 11 to the Importer or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares or Merch dize, shall be in full Satisfaction for the same, to all Intents Purposes; and it shall and may be lawful for the Commission of His Majesty's Customs for the Time being, to cause the Goods, Wares or Merchandize to be fairly and publicly sold the best Advantage; and in case there shall be any Overplus maining from the Produce of such Sale, after deducting the Val so ascertained as aforesaid, together with the Addition of I Pounds per Centum thereon, and of the Duties paid on the la

portation, and also the Charges arising from the warehousing sale of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, then and in su Case the said Commissioners shall and may order one Moiets

such Overplus to be paid to the Officer or Officers of the Customs concerned in the View and Examination of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, as an Encouragement for the faithful Discharge of his or their Duty, and the other Moiety of such Overplus, together with the Value of the Goods so ascertained as aforesaid, with the Addition of Ten Pounds per Centum, and also of the Duties paid or payable on the Importation thereof, shall be paid for the Use of His Majesty, to the Collector of His Majesty's Customs in that Port within which the said Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall have been sold; but in case it shall so happen that the Produce of such Sale, after deducting the Charges arising from warehousing, securing or sale of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, shall not exceed the Value of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize so ascertained as aforesaid, with the Addition of Ten Pounds per Centum thereon, and the Duties paid on the Importation thereof, that then and in such Case the whole Produce of the Sale of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, after deducting the Charges arising from the warehousing, securing and Sale thereof, shall be paid for the Use of His Majesty, into the Hands of the Collector of His Majesty's Customs in that Port within which the said Goods shall have been sold, any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons Agents deshall make and attest any such Declaration as aforesaid, not being claring Value the Importer or Proprietor or Consignee of the Goods, Wares without Authority Marshanding martinged in such Declaration or not having rity. and Merchandize mentioned in such Declaration, or not having proper and sufficient Authority from the real Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, or Consignee or Consignees, of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by any Penalty 100l. Person who will sue for the same, by Action of Debt or on the Case, or Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin, in which no Essoign or Wager of Law, nor

more than One Imparlance shall be allowed.

XX. And be it further enacted, That so long as any Bounties Duties on shall be paid or payable for the Support and Encouragement of Blubber, &c. the Fisheries carried on in the Greenland Seas and Davis's Streights, taken at Newor for the Support and Encouragement of the Southern Whale foundland or Labrador Coast Fisheries, the several Duties of Customs payable under this Act, suspended. and the Tables thereto annexed, on the Importation into Ireland of Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter and Whale Fins, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, shall not be charged or payable on any Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fins, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland, and Parts adjacent, or taken and caught on the Labrador Coast, and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects residing at and carrying on such Fishery from that Island, or from the Labrador Coast, but the Payment of such Duties on such Articles so taken and caught shall be and the same is hereby suspended during the Continuance of such Bounties: Provided always, that such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter and Whale Fins, so taken and caught, shall be duly entered and landed, and shall be subject in

In what case revived. every respect to all the Regulations required by Law; and the several Duties hereby suspended shall revive and been payable from and after the Time when such Bounties shall can in such and the like Manner as if the said Suspension of I had not taken place.

On what Conditions Blubber, Oil, &c. may be admitted to Entry as of Fishery of British Colonies.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That before any Blul Train Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fins, the Produce of Fi Creatures living in the Sea, imported into Ireland, shall be mitted to Entry on Payment of the Duty imposed on such Blul Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fins, as taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually ing in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, and imported any British Colony, Island, Plantation, Settlement or Territhe Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or mand of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be impashall produce and deliver to the Collector or other Chief Office.

the Customs at the Port of Importation, a Certificate under Hand and Seal of the Governor or Deputy Governor of such a Colony, Island, Plantation, Settlement or Territory, or of the lector or other Chief Officer of the Customs of the Port in such British Colony, Island, Plantation, Settlement at tory, where such Train Oil, Blubber, Spermaceti Oil, Health

or Whale Fins, shall have been taken on board; and if a Governor or Deputy Governor or Collector, or other Chief

of the Customs, shall be residing there, then a Certificate of produced under the Hand and Seal of the Naval Officer, or principal Officer of such Port or Place, or of One of His Maj Justices of the Peace for the District; or if there shall be not set of the Peace for the District.

Certificate of Oath of Shipper of Produce of Oil, &c.

Distinces of the Peace for the District; or if there shall be no Naval Officer, or other Principal Officer or Justice of the Produce of Oil, &c.

The Place of Shipper of Produce of Two principal Inhab at the Place of Shipment, testifying that Oath hath been before him or them (who is and are hereby auth Oath and Shipper or the Oath and are hereby auth Oath and Shipper of Produce of Shipper of Produce of Two principal Inhab at the Place of Shipper of Produce of Two principal Inhab at the Place for the District; or if there shall be no Naval Officer, or other Principal Officer or Justice of the Pace for the District; or if there shall be no Naval Officer, or other Principal Officer or Justice of the Pace for the District; or if there shall be no Naval Officer, or other Principal Officer or Justice of the Pace for the District; or if there shall be no Naval Officer, or other Principal Officer or Justice of the Pace for the Pace for the District; or if there shall be no Naval Officer, or other Principal Officer or Justice of the Pace for the P

to administer such Oath, and to grant such Certificate) be Shipper of such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head wor Whale Fins, that the same was really and bond fide the Proof Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, actually caught and

of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, actually caught and wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery, usually residing in some Part of His Majesty's Dominions the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or mand of the Ship or Vessel in which the Blubber, Train Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fins, shall be imposed.

into any Part of the United Kingdom, shall make Oath be the Collector or other Chief Officer, at the Port of Importathat the Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter Whale Fins so imported, is the same as mentioned and refere

to in the said Certificate; and the Importer or Importers, Consignee or Consignees, of such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil Head Matter or Whale Fins, shall also make Oath before the Collector or Comptroller, or other proper Officer of the Custom at the Time of Entry, that to the best of his or their Knowledge

and Belief the Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matte or Whale Fins so imported, was actually caught and taken b British Subjects, usually residing in some Part of His Majesty Dominions

Oath by Master of Identity of Oil, &c.

Dominions; and on failure of such Certificates being produced, If no such Oath and Proof on Oath as aforesaid being made, such Blubber, Train and Certificate, Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter and Whale Fins, shall be deemed and taken to be of Foreign Fishing, and shall be charged Fishing. with the Duty by Law imposed upon such Articles of Foreign

XXII. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall ap- Suspension of pear by Notices in the London or Dublin Gazette, in Manner directed by Law, that the Average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar of the British Plantations (ascertained and taken in Manner Prices are prescribed by Law in Great Britain), for any Period required by below the Rates Law, shall be below Forty nine Shillings the Hundred Weight, herein menthen and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Lord High Trea-tioned. surer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them for the Time being, and they are hereby authorized to suspend, until a new Average shall be published in the said Gazette, according to Law, the Payment of One Shilling in the Hundred Weight, Part of the Duty on Sugar of the British Plantations granted by this Act and the Table marked (A.) thereunto annexed; and if such Average Price shall be below Forty sight Shillings of the said Duties respectively. eight Shillings, then Two Shillings of the said Duties respectively; and if such Average Price shall be below Forty seven Shillings, then Three Shillings of such Duties respectively; and to continue such Suspension from time to time, if the Case shall so require, according to the Averages published as aforesaid.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That before any Sugar im- Before Sugar ported as being the Produce of any British Colony, Plantation or of British Territory in the East Indies, shall be admitted to Entry on PaySettlements in
India is adIndia is adment of the Duty imposed on such Sugar by this Act and the mitted to Entry, Table marked (B.) thereto annexed, the Master or other Person Master to dehaving or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel liver to Colin which any such Sugar shall be imported, shall produce and lector a Certideliver to the Collector or other Chief Offier of the Customs at ficate of Produce, and make the Port of Importation in *Ireland*, a Certificate under the Hand Oathof Identity and Seal of the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs of Sugar. at the Port or Place in the East Indies where such Sugar shall have been taken on board, or if no such Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs shall be residing at such Port or Place, then a Certificate shall be produced under the Hand and Seal of the Principal Officer of such Port or Place, or of the Judge or Commercial Resident of the District, testifying that Oath had been made before him (who is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath and to grant such Certificate) by the Shipper of such Sugar, that the same was really and bond fide the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of such British Colony, Plantation or Territory; and the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel in which such Sugar shall be imported into Great Britain or Ireland respectively, shall make Oath before the Collector or other Chief Officer at the Port of Importation (who is hereby authorized and required to administer the same), that the Sugar so imported is the same as mentioned and referred to in the said Certificate; and on failure of such Certificate being produced, and Proof on Oath If no such

Oil, &c. taken to be of Foreign

Proportion of Duty on Sugar, when Average

as Outh or Certi-

ficate, Sugar taken to be Foreign. as aforesaid being made, such Sugar shall be deemed and all to be the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of some Place in East Indies not being a British Colony, Plantation or Territa and shall be charged with the Duty imposed by this Act, and Table marked (B.) thereto annexed, on such Sugar of Fore Growth, Produce or Manufacture.

Duties on East India Sugar may be suspended.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That a Proportion of Duties by this Act granted on Sugar, the Produce of the Indies, shall and may from time to time be suspended in such the like Manner as any Duties of Customs payable on such at any Time before the passing of this Act may be suspended or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force immediately be the passing of this Act.

Continuance of Duties. XXV. And be it further enacted, That the Duties imposed made payable on such Sugar by this Act shall continue in until and upon the First Day of July One thousand eight had and twenty four.

Foreign manufactured Tobacco may be imported. XXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred twenty three, it shall and may be lawful to import in be any Foreign manufactured Tobacco, upon Payment of the imposed in the Tables marked (A.) and (B.) to this Act and any Act or Acts to the contrary thereof in anywist not standing.

No Allowance on Currents, &c. for Damage.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Alloward Abatement shall at any Time be made out of or from the D by this Act and the Tables thereto annexed imposed upon Currants, Figs or Raisins, for or on account or in respect of Damage which such Currants, Figs or Raisins may have such in any Voyage or otherwise; any Law, Custom or Usage to contrary in anywise notherwise that the Damage which shall be a such as the Damage which we have the Damage with the same and the sam

Former Drawbacks allowed on Goods having paid former Duties.

contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the Dibacks granted, allowed and made payable on the Exportant any of the Articles specified in the Schedules (A.) and (B.) to Act annexed, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in immediately before the Tenth Day of October One thousand hundred and twenty three, shall remain and continue payable respect to such Goods, Wares and Merchandize as shall have the Duties imposed on the Importation thereof, under any Act in force before the said Tenth Day of October, One the sand eight hundred and twenty three, and which shall be expent any Time after the said Tenth Day of October One thouseight hundred and twenty three; any Thing in this Act to contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Drawback of Duties allowed on Exportation of Wine in Packages containing Three Dozen Quart or Six Dozen Pint Bottles.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and wet three, the Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs payable allowable by any Act or Acts in force immediately before said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred at twenty three, upon the Exportation from Ireland of any Winshall cease and determine, and in lieu and instead thereof the shall be paid and allowed, upon the Exportation of any Winshall be paid and allowed, upon the Exportation of any Winshall be paid and allowed, upon the Exportation of any Winshall be paid and allowed, upon the Exportation of any Winshall be paid and allowed, upon the Exportation of any Winshall be paid and allowed, upon the Exportation of any Winshall be paid and allowed.

paid upon the Importation thereof into Ireland: Provided always, that such Drawback shall be paid and allowed under the Rules, Regulations, Conditions, Restrictions, and subject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures as former Drawbacks upon Wine, and shall only be allowed and paid on Bottled Wine which shall be exported from Ireland in Packages, each containing not less than Three Dozen reputed Quart Bottles or Flasks, or Six Dozen reputed Pint Bottles or Flasks; any Law, Custom or Usage to the

contrary notwithstanding.

XXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or discontinue any Drawback of the Duties of Customs on any Sort of Wine intended for the Use of Admirals, Captains and Marines. other Commissioned Officers, serving in any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or for the Use of Commissioned Officers of the Royal Marines, or of Persons acting as such, for their Consumption on board of such of His Majesty's Ships as they shall serve in, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland on or immediately before the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three: Provided always, that all the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, relating to any such Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs on such Wine, shall be duly observed and enforced in relation thereto.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the For regulating Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, the Drawback mentioned, specified and set forth in the East India Silk Table marked (B.) to this Act annexed, in respect of Thrown Silk thrown in Ireexported from Ireland, which shall be thrown in Ireland from a land. larger Quantity of Raw Silk imported into any Part of the United Kingdom from any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, shall not be paid or allowed, unless Oath be first made before the Collector of the Customs at the Port of Exportation, by the Throwster of such Thrown Silk, that the said Thrown Silk was produced solely from Raw Silk which had been so imported into Ireland, and for which the Duties of Customs had been duly paid, and that the same was duly exported; the proper Officer of Customs also certifying the shipping thereof, and all such other Requisites being duly performed, as are necessary to be done and performed with regard to Raw Silk exported from Ireland.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That upon the Exportation from Ireland (except to Great Britain) of any Foreign Rice or Paddy which shall have been cleaned in Ireland, and which shall have paid the Duties payable on the Importation thereof under this Act and the Tables thereto annexed, there shall be allowed and paid for every Hundred Weight thereof a Drawback equal in Amount to the Duty paid on every Four Bushels of the Rough Rice or Paddy from which the same shall have been cleaned.

Proviso for Drawback on Wine for the Navy and

Drawback on

Drawback on Exportation of Foreign Rice.

Conditions on which Drawback on such Rice shall be obtained.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That such Du back upon Rice so exported shall be paid and allowed upon a Foreign Rough Rice or Paddy only as shall have been or be warehoused upon its first Importation into any Part of Ire and as shall be taken out of Warehouse upon Payment of Duty due upon the Importation of the same for the sole and press Purpose of being cleaned, and as shall be returned cleaned into the Warehouse from which it shall have been t within One Calendar Month from the Time when the Duty be paid thereon, and as shall remain in such Warehouse until same shall be duly exported, and as shall be so exported such Warehouse: Provided also, that the Owner or Propriet such Rice, at the Time of rewarehousing such Rice when de shall make Oath before the Chief Officer of the Customs Port where the same shall be warehoused (and which Out said Officer is hereby authorized and required to administer, the said Rice is the same which was so taken from the Warehouse for the Purpose of undergoing the Process of ing, and the Duty paid thereon as aforesaid.

XXXIV. And Whereas it is expedient to grant was

'XXXIV. And Whereas it is expedient to grant was prietors of Mines in Ireland Advantages respecting the used in such Mines, similar to those granted in respect of in the County of Cornwall in Great Britain; Be it then enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October thousand eight hundred and twenty three, for all Coals was

shall be consumed in Fire or Steam Engines used for drawing Ores, dead Stuff or Rubbish, or for stamping pulverising Ores, or for any other Purposes, in Mines of Confin, Lead, Zinc, Arsenic or other Metal, in any Part of Irand for all Coals used in roasting, calcining, smelting or reference.

and for all Coals used in roasting, calcining, smelling of leany Copper, Tin, Lead, Zinc, Arsenic or other Metal, or at their Ores in any Part of *Ireland*, and for which all the D payable by Law shall be fully paid and satisfied, a Drawback be allowed and paid of One Shilling and Nine Pence per Tong

all Coals, the Produce of Great Britain, imported into Irda and upon all Coals imported into Ireland from Foreign Page 1

Drawback shall be allowed and paid of the whole of the D

paid on the Importation thereof.

Proof on Oath of Payment of Duty, &c. previously to receiving Drawback.

Drawback on Coals used in

Mines, 1s. 9d.

Coals, and the

whole Duties on all other Coals.

on British

XXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That before ment of any Drawback shall be made upon any Coals so use consumed as aforesaid in Ireland, Proof shall be made upon 0 either by some one of the Proprietors or Adventurers in a Mine or Work, or by some managing Agent of such Mine Work, before the Collector or Comptroller of the Customs (which could be an administer) of the Port at which such Coals were imported administer) of the Port at which such Coals were imported Ireland, that such Proprietor, Adventurer or Agent verily lieves that all Duties upon such Coals have been actually pland that such Coals were bond fide used and consumed in sa a Manner as to entitle them to the Drawback under the risions of this Act, and the Amount of such Drawback shall paid by such Collector or Comptroller accordingly to the Person making Proof as aforesaid.

· XXXVI. And

4 XXXVI. And Whereas some of the Duties imposed upon the Importation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize into Ireand, are under the Management in Part of the Commissioners of Customs, and in Part of the Commissioners of Excise, and some other Import Duties are under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise: And Whereas, for the Convenience of Trade and for the better and more economical Collection of the Revenue, it may be found expedient that all Import Duties should be placed under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs, or that such Duties as have heretofore been under the Management in Part of the Commissioners of the Customs, and in Part of the Commissioners of Excise, should be wholly managed, either by the Commissioners of the Customs or by the Commissioners of Excise: Be it therefore enacted, Certain Import That at any Time after the passing of this Act it shall and may be Duties may, by lawful for His Majesty, by His Order in Council, to declare and Order in Coundirect that all such Duties as aforesaid, or any of them, may be cil, be placed placed under the sole Management of the Commissioners of under the sole Customs, or under the sole Management of the Commissioners of Management of Customs or Excise, as shall be expressed and directed in such Order, and Excise; for a Time to be mentioned in such Order; and such Order in Council shall be published in the Dublin Gazette, and such Duties shall during the Time mentioned in such His Majesty's Order in Council become and be placed under the sole Management of the Commissioners of the Customs, or under the sole Management of the Commissioners of Excise, as shall be directed in such Order in Council; and all Drawbacks allowed by Law upon so as to Drawthe Exportation of any Articles liable to such Duties shall be al- backs. lowed and made payable, under the Direction of the Commissioners so named in such Order in Council, any Act or Acts, or any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and the Insertion in the Dublin Gazette of any such Order in Council shall be good and sufficient Evidence in all Cases that Evidence of such Order was made, and was of the Purport and Effect pub- Order having lished and contained in such Gazette, without producing or giving been made. any other Evidence of any such Order in Council.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That during the Time Existing mentioned in any such Order in Council aforesaid, when any such Powers relating Duties as aforesaid shall be placed under the sole Management to any such Of the Commissioners of Customs, or under the sole Management exercised by the of the Commissioners of Excise, as the Case may be, all and sin-Commissioners gular the Powers and Authorities, and Rules and Regulations in under whose any wise relating to such such Duties, or to the Importation, Management Entering, Landing, Warehousing, taking an Account of, Removal, they shall be Delivery, Exportation or Bonding of the Goods or Commodities, placed. in respect of which such Duties shall be payable, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or exercised under any Usage or Custom in force at or immediately before the passing of this Act, or granted to and exercised by the Commissioners and Officers of Customs, or by the Commissioners and Officers of Excise respectively, shall, for and during the Time mentioned in any such Order in Council as aforesaid, be executed, exercised and put in force for the securing and collecting such Duties by the Com-

How Fines, &c. sued for, &c.

missioners and Officers of Customs, or by the Commissioners and Officers of Excise, as the Case may be, under whose Management such Duties shall be placed by such Order in Council, as if all and singular such Powers and Authorities had been originally given and granted to the Commissioners, under the Management of whom such Duties shall be placed by such Order in Council as aforesaid; and that all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by any such Act or Acts of Parliament, in respect of any Matter or Thing to be done, or refused or neglected to be done by any Person or Persons in any wise relating to such Duties, or to the Importation, Entering, Landing, Warehousing, taking an Account of, Removal, Delivery, Exportation or Bonding of such Goods, without or under or contrary to the Warrant, Order, Approbation or Permission of the Commissioners or Officers of Customs or Excise respectively, under whose Management and Collection such Duties were placed before the making of such Order in Council, shall, during the Time mentioned in such Order in Council, be incurred, lost and forfeited, and shall and may be sued for, recovered, levied, mitigated and applied, upon the like Act or Acts being done, or refused or neglected to be done, without or under or contrary to the Warrant, Order, Approbation or Permission of the Commissioners or Officers of Customs, or the Commissioners or Officers of Excise, as the Case may be, under the Management of whom such Duties shall be placed by such Order in Council as aforesaid, in like Manner, to all Intents and Pwposes whatsoever, as if all such Powers, Authorities, Rules, Regulations, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures were specified and set forth, and inserted, contained and repeated in this present Act; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Warrants for may be under the Hands and Seals of Commissioners, &c. although not the same who gave the Judgment.

executing

Judgments

' XXXVIII. And Whereas, until further Provisions shall be ' made for regulating the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of 'Customs and Excise, it is expedient to make Provision for the ' issuing of Warrants of the Commissioners of Customs and Port ' Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and of their respective Sub Commissioners, for levy-' ing any Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures;' Be it therefore enacted. That from and after the passing of this Act any and every Adjudication, Judgment or Sentence of any competent Number of the said Commissioners respectively, or of any competent Number of their respective Sub Commissioners, which shall have been or shall be made or pronounced, shall and may be executed, and shall be deemed and held to have been duly executed, by virtue of any Warrant or Warrants under the Hands and Seals of any competent Number of Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, or of any competent Number of their Sub Commissioners respectively for the Time being, although the Commissioners or Sub Commissioners setting their Hands and Seals to such Warrant or Warrants, were not or shall not be the particular Commissioners or Sub Commissioners by whom such Adjudication, Judgment or Sentence shall have been or shall be made or pronounced, or although such Commissioners or Sub Commissioners so setting their Hands and Seals to any such Warrant or Warrants

were not or shall not be Commissioners or Sub Commissioners at the particular time or times when such Adjudication, Judgment or Sentence was or shall be made or pronounced; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Duties and Draw- Duties payable backs by this Act and the Tables thereto annexed, granted, in British Curallowed and made payable, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable, according to the Amount thereof in British Currency, and according to the British Weights and Measures of of Customs, and the several Articles, and shall be under the Management of the carried to Con-Commissioners of the Customs for the Time being; and that all solidated Fund. Monies arising from the Duties imposed by this Act (the necessary Charges of receiving and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same Manner as the Duties hereby repealed were directed to be appropriated and applied by any Act or Acts in force immediately before the said Tenth Day of October One Thousand eight hundred and twenty three.

rency, under Management of

XL. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where Duties Duties paid in are imposed, or Drawbacks are allowed by this Act, upon any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, according to the Weight, Tale, Gauge, Measure or Value thereof, the same shall in every Case be understood and deemed and taken to apply in the same Proportion, and after the same Rate, to any greater or less Quantity or Value.

Proportion to

XLI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That so much of Application of the Duties by this Act imposed on Linseed Oil and Cocoa Nuts imported, as shall remain after deducting the Hereditary Duties thereon, shall be paid and issued by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being to the Trustees for encouraging the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of Ireland, to be by them applied towards encouraging the raising of Flax Seed in Ireland; and that all Duties paid to, and all Sums granted to the Trustees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures, shall be exempted from the Payment of all Fees.

Duties on Linseed Oil, &c.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties of Customs Duties of Cusgranted by this Act shall and may be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, received, answered, paid, allowed and recovered, in such and the like Manner as the Duties on the said toms. Goods, Wares and Merchandizes hereby repealed were or might have been managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, received, answered, paid, allowed and recovered, and under such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, as such Goods, Wares and Merchandize are or may be subject and liable to, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made or to be made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof; and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, and as to all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents

toms to be Laws of Cusand Purposes, as if they were at large repeated and re-enact in this Act.

All Clauses in former Acts not repealed or altered, extended to this Act. and continued. 45G.S. c.18,

C. 72.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Clauses, P. visions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, Penalties a Forfeitures contained in an Act made in the Forty fifth Year the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled Act for granting unto His Majesty, until the Twenty fifth De March One thousand eight hundred and six, certain Rates and Di and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wara Merchandize imported into and exported from Ireland, in lin former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties, and in other Act or Acts relating to the Revenues of Customs in Iral which were in force immediately before the passing of this I and which are not expressly altered or repealed, or other provided for by this present Act, and which relate to the portation or Exportation of any Goods, Wares or Merchand or which relate to the Payment or Application of any Day, any Allowance of Drawback, on or in respect of any Ga Wares or Merchandize, mentioned and specified in the cited Acts or any of them, shall be and continue in force and same shall be altered or repealed; and the same shallks and put in Execution with respect to the Duties and Du by this Act granted and allowed, as fully and effectually, Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all such Clauses, Pro Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions, Pensitive Forfeitures, were fully repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Act may be altered, &c. this Session.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be per in this present Session of Parliament.

## TABLES to which this Act refers.

## TABLE (A.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into Ireland from Foreign Parts, (except Goods, Wares and Merchandize of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and Goods imported from His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, and the Territories and Dependencies thereof); and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize.

TARY TO (A.) ANNIA PRO		Brit	ish C	urrenc	у.	
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	. 1	Duty		Dra	wbe	:k.
A.	£.	8.	d.	æ.	8.	d.
Acacia, the lb	0	2	0	0	1	4
Acetous Acid, See Vinegar.		_		۔ . ا	_	_
Acorus, the lb.	_	0			0	6
Adianthum, the lb	0	_	8	0	0	5
Agaric, the cwt.	1	18	0	ł		
Agates, or Cornelians, viz.				l		
polished or otherwise manufactured, for		_	_	1		
every 100% of the Value	60	0	0	l	_	
rough or unmanufactured, for every 100%.			•			
of the Value	20	0	0	1	-	
Beads, See Beads.				1		
Alderney, Island of, See Guernsey.						
Ale, See Beer.				1		
Alkali, not being Barilla, viz.				l		
any Article containing Soda or Mineral Al-				1		
kali, whereof Mineral Alkali				1		
is the most valuable Part,				1		
(such Alkali not being other-						
wise particularly charged				1		
with Duty)				1		
if not containing a greater Pro-				l		
portion of such Alkali						
than 20 per centum,				-		
imported in a British built	_				ہے	4
ship, the cwt	0	11	4	0	5	8
imported in a Ship not	۱ _		_		5	8
British built, the cwt	0	12	0	0	5	5
if containing more than 20 per	l					
Centum, and not ex-				1		
ceeding 25 per Centum of such Alkali,				1		
imported in a British built						_
ship, the cwt	<u>ا</u>	15	0	0	7	É
imported in a Ship not			•	1	•	•
British built, the cwt		15	8			
4 Ggo. IV. R r	, ,	. 10	-	•		

C.72.

	:	Briti	ery Cr	итекту.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	D	uty.		Drawbaci
Alkali — any Article containing Soda, &c. contin.	£.	s.	d.	<b>£</b> . ⊾
if containing more than 20 per			- 1	
Centum, and not ex-			- 1	
ceeding 30 per Centum			- 1	
of such Alkali,			1	
imported in a British built			1	ł
imported in a Dittibut butte	Λ	18	4	0 9
Ship, the cwt.	•		-	"
imported in a Ship not	^	19	0	0 9
British built, the cwt	U	19	U	" "
if containing more than 30 per				1
Centum, and not ex-				ì
ceeding 40 per Centum				1
of such Alkali,				1
imported in a British built				1
Ship, the cwt	1	3	4	0 11
imported in a Ship not				1
Describ built the out	1	4	0	011
British built, the cwt.	-	-	_	
if containing more than 40 per				1
Centum of such Alkali,				1
imported in a British built	١.	••	^	0.15
Ship, the cwt	1	10	0	0 15
imported in a Ship not	l .		_	١
British built, the cwt		10		0 15
Alkanet Root, the lb	0	0	10	0 0
Alkermes, Confection of, the oz.	0	1	8	-
Almond Paste, for every 100% of the Value	60	0	0	-
Almonds, viz.	l			1
Bitter, the cwt.	1	11	8	1 1 8
	4	15	0	4 4
Jordan, the cwt.	2		_	
of any other Sort, the cwt.	-	•	٠	1 -
Oil of, See Oil.	1			1
Aloes, viz.	lo	1	3	0
Hepatica, or Barbadoes Aloes, the lb	"		9	١ ' '
Socotorina, imported directly from the	١ ۵			0
Place of their Growth, the lb.	0	2	6	10
imported not directly from				ł
the Place of their Growth,	1		_	1
the lb	0	3		
of any other Sort, the lb		0		
Alum, the cwt.		17		-
Roch, the cwt.	1 0	11	. 8	] -
	1			1
Amber, viz.	1			1
Beads, See Beads.	1			1
Oil of, See Oil.	.   0	) 1	8	0 1
Rough, the lb.		, 1	. 0	"
	1			1 _
not otherwise enumerated or described		) (	0 (	
for every 1001. of the Value -	60			
not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value  Ambergris, the oz.  Ambra Liquida, the lb.	·   (		0	

TARIF (A) INWADDO	В	ritish	Currency.	
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	Du	ity.	Drawbe	ck.
America, United States of.  Note. — Upon the Importation into any Part of Ireland, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any of the Territories of the United States of America, direct from the said Territories, in any Ship or Vessel built in the Countries belonging to the said States, or any of them, or taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the Government, or any of the Inhabitants of the said States, having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the Government of the said States, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty there, such Ship or Vessel being owned by the Subjects of the said States, or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said States, no higher or other Duties shall be charged or paid than such as are charged and payable upon Goods, Wares and Merchandize of the like Denomination or Description, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any of the Territories of the United States of America, and being imported in British built Ships or Vessels navigated and registered according to Law, See 59 Geo. 3. c. 54. which Act is to continue in force so long as the Convention between His late Majesty and the United States of America shall continue in force.  Ammi, or Amios Seed, See Seed.  Ammoniac, viz.  Gum, See Gum Ammoniac.  Sal, See Sal Ammoniac.	e.	. d.	L. s.	d.
Anacardium, See Cashew Nuts. Anchovies, See Fish. Angelica, the lb. Angusturæ Cortex, See Bark.	0 0	10	0 0	6
Animi Gum, See Gum. Anniseed, See Seed. Oil of, See Oil. Annotto, or Rocou, viz. Flag, the lb. Roll or any other Sort, not otherwise	0 0	5		
Y	0 1	0		.
Crude, the cwt.	0 15	0	_	

		Briti	ah C	птенсу.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	r	oty.		Drawback.
Antimony, continued.  Regulus of Antimony, the cwt.	€.	s. 0	d. 0	£. s. 4
Apples, the Bushel	0	4	0	-
dried, the Bushel	0	7	0	_
Aquafortis, the cwt Arabic, Gum, See Gum.	U	47	•	_
Archelia, See Orchal.				
Argol, the cwt.	0	4	9	- 1
Aristolochia, the lb.	0	0	10	00
Armenian Bole, Armenic Bole, See Bole Armenic.				
Arquebusade Water, See Spirits.	_	_	_	1
Arrow Root or Powder, the lb.	0	0	2	-
Arsenic, viz. White, the cwt.	0	14	3	-
of any other Sort, the cwt	_	18	_	-
Asafætida, imported directly from the Place of its				1 4
Growth, the lb	0	0	10	00
imported not directly from the Place	0	1	3	001
of its Growth, the lb.	0	_	_	001
Asarum Root, the lb., Ashes, viz.	•	•	·	
Pearl and Pot, imported in a British built				
Ship, the cwt	0	11	2	-
imported in a Ship not Bri-	_		_	l
tish built, the cwt.	0	12	0	_
of the British Plantations in				
America, and imported directly from thence, the				Ì
cwt	0	1	8	-
Soap and Wood, the cwt.	0	1	8	-
not otherwise enumerated or described, for				ļ
every 100% of the Value	20	0	0	-
For the Drawback on Ashes used in bleach-				,
ing Linen, See 54 Geo. 3. c. 129. § 23.	o	٥	10	00
Asphaltum, the lb.	3	6		-
Attar of Roses, See Otto of Roses.	•	_		1
Auripigmentum, See Orpiment.	ĺ			
				]
В.	٥	16	۸	_
Bacon or Hams, the cwt.	7	16	U	
Badger Skins, See Skins. Balaustia, the lb.	o	0	10	-
Balls, viz. Washing Balls, the lb	ŏ	ì		-
Balm of Gilead, See Balsam.	1			
Balsam, viz.	_	_	_	0 0 10
Canada, the lb.	0			0 1 4
Copaiba or Capivi, the lb.	0	2	0.	
	1			l

TABLE (A). — INWARDS.				Currency.	
	Ι	Outy		Drawb	ack.
	£.	8.	d.	£. s.	. d.
Riga, the lb.	0	1	0		•
and further, as Foreign Spirits, for	_				
every Gallon British Content - Balm of Gilead, Balsam of Peru, of Tolu,	1	10	6 <del>3</del>	_	•
and all Balsams not otherwise enume-					
rated or described, the lb	0	1	6	_	
Bandstring Twist, the Dozen Knots, each Knot	•	*	•		
containing 32 Yards	0	5	0		•
Barbadoes Tar, See Tar.					
Bark, viz.		_	_		i
Angustura Bark, the lb.	0	2	O	0 1	. 4
Cascarilla Bark, See Eleutheria Bark, in Bark.					
— Cinchona Bark, See Peruvian Bark, in Bark.					
Clove Bark, the lb	O	0	10	0 0	6
Cork Tree Bark, See Oak Bark, in Bark.	-	_			
— Eleutheria or Cascarilla Bark, the lb.	0	2	0	0 1	
Guaiacum Bark, the cwt.	1	8	0	0 18	8
Jesuits' Bark, See Peruvian Bark, in Bark.	^	_			
- Oak Bark, the cwt Oak Bark, Solid Vegetable Extract from Oak	0	0	8	-	•
Bark, See Extract.					
Black Oak, or Quercitron Bark,					
for the Purpose of dying, im-					
ported from any Country not in					
Europe, in Casks containing					
not less than 150 lbs. net, the	_	_			
cwt	0	2	0		•
every 100% of the					
~	20	0	o	_	
Peruvian or Jesuits' Bark, the lb	ō	2	ŏ	0 1	4
Extract or Preparation of, See				i	
Extract.					
Red Mangrove Bark, imported in Casks con-		_			
taining not less than 150 lbs. net, the cwt.	0	0	8		•
otherwise imported, for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0		_
- Sassafræs Bark, the lb.	0	ŏ	8	0 0	) 5
Simarouba Bark, the lb.	ŏ	ĭ	ŏ	ŏ	
Winter's Bark, the lb	Ŏ	Ō	8	o c	
Bark not otherwise enumerated or described,					
being for the Use of Dyers or of Tanners,					
and for no other Use or Purpose what-	۵۸	^	^		
ever, for every 100l. of the Value  Bark not particularly enumerated or describ-	20	0	0		•
ed, nor otherwise charged with Duty,					
,,		_	_	ì	;
whether pulverized or not, the lb.	. 0	2	0	_	•

		Britis	P C	итевсу.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	D	uty.		Drawback.
Barley, Hulled, See Pearl Barley. Barras, Dutch, See Canvas, in Linen. Basins of Marble, See Marble, in Stone. Basket Rods, the Bundle, not exceeding Three Feet in Circumference at the Band Baskets, for every 100% of the Value Bask Ropes, the cwt.  Or Straw Hats or Bonnets, See Hats.  Platting, or other Manufacture of Bast or Straw, for making Hats or Bonnets, See Platting.	0 50	3 0 10	20	£. s. d
Bay Berries, See Berries. Bay, Oil of, See Oil. Bay Yarn, See Woollen Yarn, in Yarn. Bdellium, imported directly from the Place of its  Growth, the lb.  imported not directly from the Place of	0	_	8	011
its Growth, the lb Beads, viz.	0	2	6	"
Amber Beads, the lb			10 6	-
scribed, for every 100% of the Value -Beans, See Corn.	50	0	0	-
	0	U	10	
— Mum, the Barrel containing 32 Gallons British Content	8	2	2	-
Spruce Beer, the Barrel containing 32 Gallons British Content	3	7	0	-
or Ale of all other Sorts, the Barrel containing 32 Gallons British Content	2	14	0	-
Belvidere Raisins, See Raisins.  Benjamin, or Benzoin, the lb.  Benzoin, See Benjamin.  Bergamot, Essence of, See Essence.  Berries, viz.	0	2	0	0 1
Bay, the cwt	0	11	1	-
Juniper, the cwt.  Yellow, for Dyers Use, the cwt.	1 0	. 11	6	1

		Bri	tish (	Currency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	1	Duty		Drawback.
Berries, continued.	æ.	8.	d.	£. s. d.
Berries for Dyers Use, not otherwise enu-				
merated or described, the cwt	1	3	9	-
Berries not for Dyers Use, not otherwise				
enumerated or described, for every 100l.				
of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	<del></del>
Bezoar Stones, the oz.	0	2	6	
Bigg or Bear, See Corn.				
Birds, viz. Singing Birds, the Dozen	0	8	0	
Bitumen Judaicum, the lb		0	10	0 0 6
Blacking, the cwt	3	12	0	_
Black Latten, See Latten.				,
Black Lead, See Lead.	_	_	ا ـِ	
Bladders, the Dozen	0	0	6	<u> </u>
Blocks of Marble, See Marble Blocks, in Stone.				
Blubber, See Train Oil, in Oil.	_	_		·
Bole Armenic, or Armenian Bole, the cwt.	0	8	0	0 5 4
Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish,				
except Whale Fins, for every 100l. of the	_	_		
Value	1	0	0	· —
Bonnets, See Hats.				
Books, printed or manuscripts, viz.	_			•
half bound, or in any way bound, the cwt.		10	0	_
unbound, the cwt.	5	0	0	_
Boracic Acid, the lb	0	0	4	_
Borax or Tincal, viz.	_	_		
refined, the lb	0	0	6	_
unrefined, the lb.	0	0	3	. —
Botargo, See Fish.				-
Bottles, viz.	^	۵	o	
of Earth or Stone, the Dozen	0	3	2	
and further, for every	•	E	^	
cwt.	0	5	0	·
of Glass covered with Wicker, the Dozen	1	2	0	<u> </u>
Quarts		Z	9	
and further, for every	6	6	0	
cwt. of Green or Common Glass, full or empty,	U	U	J	
not of less Content than One Pint, and				
not or less Content than One Tint, and not being Phials, the Dozen Quarts	0	8	0	
not being Phiais, the Dozen Quarts - and further, for every	3	0	•	
cwt.	0	8	2	
of Glass, not otherwise enumerated or		_	_	
described, for every 100l. of the Value	80	0	0	
aescribed, for every root, or the value		•	•	· .
cwt	6	6	• 0	<b>-</b>
Note Flasks in which Wine or Oil is im-	ĺ	_	-	ł
ported are not subject to Duty.				
Boxes of all Sorts, for every 100% of the Value	50	0	0	<b>!</b> —
		_	-	
Brandy, See Spirits. R r 4	•			•
AV + Z				

TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.  Grass, viz.  Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value  Powder of, for Japanning, See Powder.  Wire, See Wire.  Brazil, See Portugal.  Bricks or Clinkers, the 1,000  Brimstone, viz.  rough, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  in Rolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  in Rolls, imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Flour, imported in a British built	£ 50	Outy.  0 2 15 0	d. 0	E. s. d
Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value  Powder of, for Japanning, See Powder.  Wire, See Wire.  Brazil, See Portugal.  Bricks or Clinkers, the 1,000  Brimstone, viz.  rough, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Rolls, imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Flour, imported in a British built	50 1 0 0	0 2 15 15	6	£. s. e
Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value  Powder of, for Japanning, See Powder.  Wire, See Wire.  Brazil, See Portugal.  Bricks or Clinkers, the 1,000  Brimstone, viz.  rough, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Rolls, imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Flour, imported in a British built	50 1 0 0	0 2 15 15	6	-
or described, for every 1001. of the Value  Powder of, for Japanning, See Powder.  Wire, See Wire.  Brazil, See Portugal.  Bricks or Clinkers, the 1,000  Brimstone, viz.  rough, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Rolls, imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Flour, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  in Flour, imported in a British built	1 0 0	2 15 15	6	-
Value Powder of, for Japanning, See Powder. Wire, See Wire. Brazil, See Portugal. Bricks or Clinkers, the 1,000 Brimstone, viz. rough, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt. in Rolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt. in Flour, imported in a British built	1 0 0	2 15 15	6	-
Wire, See Wire.  Brazil, See Portugal.  Bricks or Clinkers, the 1,000  Brimstone, viz.  rough, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  in Rolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  in Rolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  in Flour, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.	0	1 <i>5</i>	0	-
Brazil, See Portugal.  Bricks or Clinkers, the 1,000  Brimstone, viz.  rough, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Rolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a British built	0	1 <i>5</i>	0	-
Bricks or Clinkers, the 1,000  Brimstone, viz.  rough, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Rolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a British built	0	1 <i>5</i>	0	-
rough, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt in Rolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt in Flour, imported in a British built	0	1 <i>5</i>	0	-
rough, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt in Rolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt in Flour, imported in a British built	0	15	_	-
the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  - in Flour, imported in a British built	0	15	_	-
built, the cwt.  in Rolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Flour, imported in a British built	0	15	10	
in Rolls, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt	1	_	10	i
the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.  in Flour, imported in a British built		Q		
imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt in Flour, imported in a British built		Q		[
built, the cwt.  in Flour, imported in a British built	1		0	-
in Flour, imported in a British built	1	_	_	)
in riour, imported in a Distinct built		0	8	-
Ship, the cwt	1	3	9	1 _
imported in a Ship not British	•	3	9	-
built, the cwt	1	5	0	_
The Duty paid on rough Brimstone may be	-			1
repaid on such as is consumed in making				
Oil of Vitriol, Aquafortis or Nitrous Acid,	ļ			}
See 46 Geo. 3. c. 87. § 70.				1
Bristles, viz.				
dressed, imported in a British built Ship, the Dozen lbs.	_	10	^	
imported in a Ship not British	U	12	0	1 -
built, the Dozen lbs.	0	13	0	l _
rough or undressed, imported in a British	•	20	J	
built Ship, the Dozen lbs	0	3	7	_
in a Ship not British			-	
built, the Dozen lbs.	0	_	0	-
Bronze, all Works of Art made of Bronze, the cwt.	1	0	0	_
Property See Powder.				}
Bruges Thread, See Thread. Buck or Deer Skins, See Skins.	l			
Buck Wheat, the Quarter containing Eight Bushels				
(until and upon the 25th				
March 1824, inclusive)	0	10	0	_
from and after the 25th	-		_	1
March 1824, containing				
Eight Bushels	0	14	0	-
Buffalo Hides, See Hides.				}
Horns, See Horns.				1
——— Tails, See Tails. Bugles, viz.	1			1
Great, the lb.	0	4.	^	
Small or Seed, the lb.	n	T.	Ž	1 =

free.

andles, via.

- Wax, the lb.

Cane Hats or Boonets, See Hats.

Candlewick, the cwt.

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		Bri	tish (	Эштевсу.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Dut	y.	Drawback.
Cane, continued.		?. <b>s</b> .	d.	£. s. d.
— Platting, or other Manufacture of Cane, to make Hats or Bonnets, See Platting.				
Canella Alba, the lb	0	0	8	0 0 5
Canes, viz.	١.	_	_	
Rattans, the 1,000	1		0	l —
Reed Canes, the 1,000 - Walking, for every 100% of the Value -	50	_	_	<u> </u>
Cantharides, the lb.	0	_	_	0 2 4
Canvas, See Linen.	"		·	
Caoutchouc, or Elastic Gum, the lb	0	. 0	5	<b> </b>
Cape of Good Hope. For the Duties and Draw-	İ			1
backs on Goods, Wares and Merchandize	1			1 1
imported from the Settlement of the Cape	İ			1 1
of Good Hope, and the Territories and De-	1			-1
pendencies thereof, See Table (B.)	_		_	1 1
Capers, the lb.		_	-	0 2 4
Capita Papaverum, the 1,000 -	"	, 3	6	034
Caps, viz.  Cotton, for every 100% of the Value	50	0	0	l _
- Worsted, for every 100% of the Value -	50	_	_	_
Capsicum, See Pepper.		_	•	İ
Carraway, Oil of, See Oil.				1
Seeds, See Seed.	1			l
Cardamoms, the lb	0	2	0	0 1 4
Extract or Preparation of, See Extract.	١.			1
Cards, viz. Playing Cards, the Dozen Packs	4	0	0	l —
Cariophillorum Cortex, See Clove Bark, in Bark.	1			i
Oleum, See Oil of Cloves.	1		i	Ī
Carmenia Wool, See Goat Hair, in Hair.	0	4	o	
Carmine, the oz	"	7	٠ ا	
of Turkey, under Four Yards Square, the	1			Í
Carpet	1	10	0	
Four Yards Square, and not			-	
exceeding Six Yards Square,	}		- 1	
the Carpet	5	10	0	-
exceeding Six Yards Square,	_		_ [	
the Carpet	8	15	0	
not otherwise enumerated or described,		_		
for every 100% of the Value	50	0	0	
Carrabe, See Succinum. Carriages of all Sorts, for every 1001. of the Value	50	0	0	_
Commat Board .	30	v	۷	_
Carthamus Seed, See Seed.			- 1	
Carui Oleum, See Oil of Carraway.	1		[	
Cascarilla Cortex, See Eleutheria Bark, in Bark.	ļ			
Cashew Gum, See Gum.			- 1	
Nuts, See Nuts.	1 .		- 1	
Casks, empty, for every 100%. of the Value -	50	0	0.	_

Lignea, the lb 0 2 6 — Oil of, See Oil.  Cast Iron, See Iron.  Castor, the lb 0 5 0 0 3 — Oil of, See Oil.  — Oil of, See Oil.  — Seed, See Seed.  Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt 0 2 6 — Catechu, See Terra Japonica.  Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	d. 6
Cassia, viz.  Buds, the lb.  Fistula, the lb.  Lignea, the lb.  Oil of, See Oil.  Cast Iron, See Iron.  Castor, the lb.  Seed, See Seed.  Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt.  Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	d. 6
—— Buds, the lb 0 2 6 —  Fistula, the lb 0 0 10 0 0 0 —  Lignea, the lb 0 2 6 —  Oil of, See Oil.  Cast Iron, See Iron.  Castor, the lb 0 5 0 0 3 —  Oil of, See Oil.  —— Oil of, See Oil.  —— Seed, See Seed.  Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt 0 2 6 —  Catechu, See Terra Japonica.  Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	6
—— Buds, the lb 0 2 6 —  Fistula, the lb 0 0 10 0 0 0 —  Lignea, the lb 0 2 6 —  Oil of, See Oil.  Cast Iron, See Iron.  Castor, the lb 0 5 0 0 3 —  Oil of, See Oil.  —— Oil of, See Oil.  —— Seed, See Seed.  Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt 0 2 6 —  Catechu, See Terra Japonica.  Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	
Lignea, the lb 0 2 6 — Oil of, See Oil.  Cast Iron, See Iron.  Castor, the lb 0 5 0 0 3 — Oil of, See Oil.  Seed, See Seed.  Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt 0 2 6 — Catechu, See Terra Japonica.  Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	
Cast Iron, See Iron. Castor, the lb. Oil of, See Oil. Seed, See Oil. Seed, See Seed. Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt. Catechu, See Terra Japonica. Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	
Cast Iron, See Iron. Castor, the lb. Oil of, See Oil. Seed, See Seed. Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt. Catechu, See Terra Japonica. Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	
Castor, the lb.  Oil of, See Oil.  Seed, See Seed. Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt.  Catechu, See Terra Japonica. Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	
Oil of, See Oil.  Seed, See Seed. Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt 0 2 6 Catechu, See Terra Japonica. Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	
Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt 0 2 6 Catechu, See Terra Japonica. Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	4
Casts of Busts, Statutes, or Figures, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt 0 2 6 Catechu, See Terra Japonica. Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	
enumerated or described, the cwt 0 2 6 Catechu, See Terra Japonica. Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	
Catechu, See Terra Japonica. Catlings, Harpstrings, or Lutestrings, the Gross,	
I same to the contract of the	
containing Twelve Dozen Knots - 0 6 4 -	
Cat Skins, See Skins.	
Caviare, See Fish.	
Cayenne Pepper, See Pepper.	
Chalk, viz.  ———————————————————————————————————	
not otherwise enumerated or described,	
for every 100% of the value 40 0 0 —	
unmanufactured, and not otherwise enu-	
merated or described, for every 100% of	
the Value 20 0 0 —	
Charts, See Maps.	
Cheese, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. 0 10 6 -	
imported in a Ship not British built, the	
Chamical O'! Gra O'!	
Chemical Oil, See Oil.	
Cherries, the cwt 0 18 8 — dried, the lb 0 0 8 —	
Chesnuts, See Nuts.	
Chillies, See Pepper.	
Chimney Pieces of Marble or Stone, sculptured,	
See Chimney Pieces, in Stone.	
China Root, the lb 0 1 3 0 0 1	0
China Ware or Porcelain, not otherwise enumera-	
ted or described, for every 100% of the	
Value 75 0 0 —	
Chip Hats or Bonnets, See Hats.	
Chip, Manufactures of, to make Hats or Bonnets,	
See Platting. Chocolate and Cocoa Paste of the British Planta-	
tions, the lb 0 1 9	
Chromate of Lead, See Lead.	
Cider, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons, British	
Content 29 14 6 -	
Cinders, the Ton, containing 20 cwt 2 0 0 —	
Cinnabaris Nativa, the lb 0 2 0 0 1	4
Cinnamon, the lb 0 3 6 0 3	2

		Briti	ap C	итеку.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	D	uty.		Drawbed.
Cinnamon, continued.	æ.	<b>s</b> .	d.	£. s. 6
the Produce of and imported from any			İ	
British Colony or Plantation, the lb.	0	2	6	0 2
Cinnamoni Oleum, See Oil of Cinnamon.				
Citrat of Lime, the lb	0	1	6	_
Citron preserved with Salt, for every 1001. of the			_	
Value	20	0	0	_
Sugar, See Succades.				
Citron Water, See Spirits.			^	{
Civet, the oz	0	*	9	-
Clinkers, See Bricks.	EA	^	0	_
Clocks, for every 100l. of the Value -	50	0	v	-
Cloths, Woollen, See Wool, Articles made of. Clover Seed, See Seed.				
Cloves, the lb	0	3	0	011
the Produce of and imported from any		•	U	
British Colony or Plantation, the lb.	0	2	0	019
—— Oil of, See Oil.		_	•	1
Coals, the Ton, containing 20 cwt	2	0	0	l –
Cobalt, the lb	ō	ì	0	_
Coculus Indicus, imported directly from the Place				)
of its Growth, the lb	0	2	6	_
imported not directly from the				l
Place of its Growth, the lb	0	3	9	_
Extract, or Preparation of, See*  Extract.				
Cochineal, the lb	0	2	6	_
Dust, the lb	0	0	5	-
Cocoa Nuts, for every 100% of the Value -	20	0	0	_
Cocoa Nuts, viz. of the Growth or Produce of				
any British Colony or Plantation,	_	_	ار	ı
the lb	_	Ĭ	0	_
of any other Country or Place, the lb.	0			
Cocoa Nut Husks, or Cocoa Shells, the lb.	0	0	4	_
Codilla of Flax, subject to Duty as Flax, for which			1	
See Flax.  of Hemp, subject to Duty as Hemp, for				
which See Hemp.			- 1	•
Coffee, viz. the Produce of any British Colony or				
Plantation in America, or of His Ma-			- 1	
jesty's Dominions in Africa, the lb.	0	1	0	_
of any other Country, the lb.	_	2	6	
Coin, viz.			- 1	
— of Copper, See Copper.	į			
- Foreign, of Gold or Silver, See Bullion.			- 1	
	1		- 1	
Cole Seed, See Seed.				
			ŀ	

						_
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Briti	ish C	urrency	٠.	
(A.) — INWARDS.	]	Duty	•	Draw	bac	k.
dequintide, or Colocynth, imported directly from the Place of its	æ	. 8.	d.	£. i	<b>5.</b>	d.
Growth, the lb imported not directly	0	1	8	0	1	1
from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	2	6	9	1	8
lours for Painters, See Painters Colours.	0	2	0	e	1	
mfits, the lb	Ŏ	2	6	•	-	•
afection of Alkermes, See Alkermes. atmervæ Radix, See Radix.						
paiba or Capivi Balsam, See Balsam. sal Gum, See Gum. oper, viz.						
- Ore, the cwt Old, fit only to be remanufactured, the	1	1	0	_	-	
cwt	1	9	2	-	_	
in Plates, and Copper Coin, the cwt unwrought, viz.	3	. 0	0	-		
in Bricks or Pigs, Rose Copper, and all Cast Copper,						
the cwt	2	14	2	_	_	
part wrought, viz.						
Bars, Rods, or Ingots, ham- mered or raised, the cwt.	3	15	6	_	⊶.	
<ul> <li>Wire, See Wire.</li> <li>Manufactures of Copper, not otherwise enumerated or described, and Copper</li> </ul>						
Plates engraved, for every 100L of the Value	50	0.	0	_	_	
operas; viz.		•	•			
Blue, the cwt.	0		0	-	_	
White, the cwt.	0	12	0		_	
oral; viz.			-			
Bends, See Bends.	١,	,	_			
in Fragments, the lb whole, polished, the lb	0.	1 12	0	-	_	
• • • uppolished, the lb. • •	ŏ	5	6		_	
ordage, tarred or untarred, whether in use or	-	-	-			
vuletwise (standing or running bigging in Use			_	ĺ		
excepted), the cwt.  ordial Waters, See Spirits.  oriander Send Can Send	1	1	6.	-	_	
oriander Seed, See Seed. ork, imported in a Beitish built Ship, the cwt.	. 0	8.	0	.	_	
imported in a Ship not British built, the		_	•	1		
Corks, ready made, the lb-	0		9	:	<u>~</u>	•

<b></b>		Br	itish (	Currency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Dut	Drawback.	
Corn. For the Duties payable on Foreign Corn when admitted for Home Consumption, See the Act of 3 Geo. 4. cap. 60.	4	2. 4	. d.	£. s. d.
Cornu Cervi Calcinatum, the lb Cortex, See Bark.	0	•	8 (	-
Costus, the lb Cotton; viz.	O	) ]	l 0	0 0 8
Cotton, Viz. Caps, See Caps.				{
Manufactures of Cotton, or of any other Article mixed with Cotton, being che-				
quered or striped, or printed, painted, stained, or dyed after the Manufacture,				
or in the Thread or Yarn before the Ma-				1
nufacture, and not being particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise				
charged with Duty, for every 100% of the	75	0	0	
- Manufactures of Cotton, not otherwise	"	•	, ,	-
enumerated or described, for every 100%.	50	O	0	l _
Stockings, See Stockings.	30	·		_
Thread, See Thread. Wool, or Waste of Cotton Wool, See Wool.				ł
—— Yarn, See Yarn.				
Couhage, the lb Cow or Ox Hair, See Hair.	0	1	3	0 0 1
— Hides, See Buffalo Hides, in Hides.				l
Horns, See Horns.				ł
—— Tails, See Buffalo Tails, in Tails. Cowitch, See Couhage.				
Crabs Eyes, See Cancrorum Oculi.				
Cranberries, the Gallon - The Duty on Cranberries, being the Produce	0	1	3	_
of and imported directly from the Island of				
Newfoundland, is suspended until the 5th			į	
Day of July 1824, See the Act 59 Geo. 3.			- 1	
c. 83.	40	^	اما	
Crayons, for every 100% of the Value Cream of Tartar, the cwt	40 0	15	0	_
Crystal; viz.	•	13		
Beads, See Beads.			- 1	
rough, for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0	-
cut, or in any way manufactured, for every 100% of the Value	60	0	0	_
Cubebs, the lb	ő	2	ŏ	-
Cucumbers; viz. pickled, the Gallon, British Content	0	2	6	
preserved in Salt and Water, for	J	*		_
every 100l. of the Value Culm, the Ton, containing 20 cwt	20 2	0	0	_
ommitted and the same of the s	<b>3</b>	U	U I	

TADID (A) THE CO.		Bri	tish (	Currency.					
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.				Duty			y. Draw		
ummin Seed, See Seed.  urants, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.  imported in a Ship not British built, the	2	. s. 4	d. 4	<b>₽</b> .	<b>s</b> . 0	<b>d</b> .			
Note.—No Allowance of the Duty on Currants to be made on account of Damage.	2	7	6	2	0	ò			
See the Act to which this Table is annexed.  tile Shells, the 1000 -  der, See Cider.  orus, Turpentine of, See Turpentine.	0	12	6		_				
D.  Tabling, Towelling, or Napkining, See Linen.		•							
res, the cwt.  res Skins, See Skins.  raisins, See Raisins.  relict.—Foreign Liquors, Derelict, Jetsam, Flotsam, Lagan, or Wreck, brought or coming into Ireland, are subject to the same Duties and entitled to the same Drawbacks as Li-	4	10	3	4	0	0			
quors of the like Kind regularly imported. agrydium, See Scammony. amonds, Duty-free. aper Tabling, Towelling, or Napkining, See Linen. ce, the Pair		6	2	•					
mity, See Cotton Manufactures.	0	1	0	0-	0	8			
og Fish Skins, See Skins.  og Stones, See Stones.  lown, imported in a British built Ship, the lb.  imported in a Ship not British built, the lb.  longon's Blood, See Sanguis Draconis.	0	1	<b>3 5</b>	-	_	,			
Drawings, See Prints.  Drigs, on which specific Duties are payable according to the Quantity, See the several Articles in alphabetical Course.  not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 1001. of the Value  Duck, See Sail Cloth, in Linen.  Dust, perfumed, See Hair Powder.  Dutch Barras, See Canvas, in Linen.	<i>5</i> 0	o	0						
E. Lathenware, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value - Lat Country Linen, See German Linen, in Linen.	75	0	0	-	-				

		Briti	urrency.		
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Duty.			Drawback.	
East Indian Goods. For the Duties and Drawbacks on Goods imported from Places within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or from the Cape of Good Hope, See Table (B.)	£.	<b>3.</b>	d.	<b>.2. s. š.</b>	
Eels, See Fish. Eggs, the 120 Elastic Gum, See Caoutchouc. Elbing Canvas, See Canvas, in Linen. Elemi Gum, See Gum. Elephants Teeth, viz.	0	0	10	_	
not exceeding the Weight of 21lbs. each Tooth, the cwt.	2	0	0	-	
exceeding the Weight of 21lbs.		0	0		
each Tooth, the cwt.  Eleutheria Cortex, See Bark.  Elk Hair, See Cow Hair, in Hair.  — Skins, See Skins.  Emeralds, See Jewels.	7	Ū	υ,	-	
Emery Stones, See Stone. Enamel, the lb. Enulæ Campanæ Radix, See Radix. Eringii Radix, See Radix. Ermine Skins, See Skins.	9	7	2	_ '	
Essence, viz.  of Bergamot, or of Lemon, the lb. of Spruce, for every 100l. of the Value not otherwise enumerated or described,	0 20	40	6 0	=	
the lb.	0	4	6	_	
Euphorbium, the lb	0	0	8	0 0 5	
Coculus Indicus Grains, viz.  - Guinea Grains, - of Paradise Liquorice Nux Vomica Oak Bark, Solid Vegetable Extract from Oak Bark, or other Vegetable Substances, to be used for the Purpose of Tanning	75	0	0	_	
Leather, and for no other Purpose whatever, the cwt.  Opium Popper wire  Extract or Preparation of, for	0	9	0	-	
Pepper, viz.  - Guinea Pepper  every 100% of the Value	75	0	0	_	
Peruvian, or Jesuits Bark, Entract or Propagation of, the lb.	0	5	0	1	

		·						02	
TABLE (A.)—II	NWARDS	L			B	ritish	Currency		
		-		1	Du	ty.	Drawba		
tract, continued. — Quasia, Extract or	Preparat	tion of	for	-	€	. d.	£. s.		
- Radix Rhataniæ, Ex	Alue	_		75	5 0	0	-		
- Vitriol, Extract or Pro	_	_		0	5	0	-		
tract or Preparation of an particularly enumerated otherwise charged with 1	y Article	not b	eing	75	6 0	0	-		
of the Value	•	-	-	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	-		
Raisins, See Raisins. her Beds, See Feathers for Note.—The Duty on Fes according to the Quantained therein. hers, viz.	ther Beds tity of Fe	athers (	:on-						
— for Beds, imported in the cwt.	-	-	1	4	8	8			
imported in built, the	e cwt.	not Bri	tish -	4	15	0			
Ostrich, dressed, the undressed, not otherwise enum	the lb.	describ	ed,	2 1	1 <i>5</i> 0	6 0	_		
viz dressed, fo Value undressed,	for ever	-	-	50	0	0	_		
the Value Seed, See Seed.  Rugreek Seed, See Seed.	е	-	-	20	. 0	0	_	l	
mported in a British bui- imported in a Ship not B  Note.— No Allowance to be made on accou- the Act to which this	ritish buil of the Du int of De	it, the c ity on I	wt.	1	1 3	6	0 19 0 19	0	
th, viz.									
Anchovies, the lb.  Botargo, the lb.  Cavier, the cwt.	•	-	-	0	1	0	_		
Lobsters. Duty free	-	•	-	0 13	12 1	0	_		
Stock Fish the 190			-	0	1 5	6	_		
long British Content	xceeding -	Five G	al-	0	7	6	. —	1	
Turbots, Duty free. 4 Gro. IV.	S s		1			1		1	

· · · · ·	British Carre						
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	Duty.			Drawback.			
Fish, continued.  — Fresh Fish, of British taking, and imported in British built Ships or Vessels, Duty free.  — Cured Fish, of British taking and curing, Duty free.  For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions, under which any such Fish may be imported Duty free, See 45 G.3. cap. 18. sec. 20, 21.	£	· s.	d.	£. s.d.			
Fisher Skins, See Skins. Fishing Nets, Old, See Rags. Fish Oil, See Train Oil, in Oil. Fitches Skins, See Skins. Flanders Tiles, See Tiles. Flannel, See Wool, Articles made of. Flasks, See Bottles.							
Flax, or Tow of Flax, from and after the passing of this Act, viz.  dressed, imported in a British built Ship, the							
cwt imported in a Ship not British built,	10	14	6	-			
the cwt	11	3	6	-			
built Ship, the cwt	0	0	5	-			
the cwt Flax Seed, See Seed.	0	0	8	-			
Flint Stones for Potters, See Stones. Flock Paper, See Paper. Flocks, the cwt. Floss Silk, See Waste Silk, in Silk. Flotsam, See Derelict.	0	19	0	_			
Flour, See Corn. Flower Roots, for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0	-			
Flowers, Artificial, not made of Silk, for every 100%. of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	_			
Forest Seed, See Seed.  Fossils, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value Specimens of, See Specimens.	20	0	0	-			
Fox Skins, See Skins.  Tails, Frames for Pictures, Prints or Drawings, for every 100%. of the Value  Frankincense, See Olibanum.	50	0	0	_			
Frankincense, See Onbandin. French Beans, See Beans. Furriers Waste, for every 100% of the Value Furs, See Skins. Fustic, See Wood.	20	0	0	-			

	British (			Currency.				
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Duty.			TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.  Duty. Drawn				
	æ	?. s.	d.	£. s. d.				
<b>G.</b>								
Galangal, imported directly from the Place of its			+					
Growth, the lb.	0	0	6	0 0 4				
imported not directly from the Place of	_	_						
its Growth, the lb.	0	0	9	006				
Galbanum, imported directly from the Place of its	^							
Growth, the lb.	0	1	4	0 0 10				
imported not directly from the Place of	•	2	0					
its Growth, the lb   Galley Tiles, See Tiles.	0	Z	v	0 1 3				
Galls, the cwt	Δ	11	2					
Gamboge, the lb.	ő	1	8	0 1 1				
Garden Seed, See Seed.	v	1	3	UII				
Garnets, viz.								
	1	10	0					
rough, the lb.		10	ŏ	_				
Gauze of Thread, for every 100% of the Value -		Õ	ŏ	_				
Geldings, See Horses.	<b>5</b> 0	U						
Gem Sal, See Sal.								
Geneva, See Spirits.								
Gentian, the lb.	0	0	6	0 0 4				
German Linen, See Linen.	•	•		0 0 1				
Gilt Wire, See Wire.			- 1					
Ginger, the cwt	2	13	ol					
the Produce of the British Plantations,								
Colonies or Settlements in America, or								
the West Coast of Africa, the cwt.	1	3	0	1 0 0				
preserved, the lb.	0	3	2	-				
of the British Plantations in								
America, the lb.	0	0	6					
Ginseng, the lb	0	1	6	0 1 0				
Glass, viz.			- 1					
Beads, See Beads.			1					
Bottles, See Bottles.			į					
Crown, German, Sheet or any Kind of Win-								
dow Glass, not being Plate Glass, the cwt.	11	_	0	•				
- Flint Glass, the cwt	12	9	0					
Plate Glass, for every Square Foot Superfi-	_	_	_					
cial Measure	0	6	7					
and further, for every cwt	6	6	0	_				
— Glass Manufactures, not otherwise enumer-		_	i					
ated or described, for every	00	^	اہر					
100% of the Value	80	0	0					
and further, for every cwt	6	6	0	_				
Glasses for Watches, See Watch Glasses.	^							
	0	4	9					
Glovers Clippings, fit only to make Glue, the cwt.	-	10	~ 1	_				
	-	12	0	-				

	British Curr					
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.  Duty.					
Goat, continued.  — Wool, See Goat Hair, in Hair.  Gold Coin, See Bullion.  — Leaves, See Leaves.  — Plate, See Plate.	₽.	5.	d.	£. z. ż.		
Goose Quills, See Quills. Grain, See Corn. Grains, viz. Guinea Grains, the lb	0	2	0	-		
Grains, in Extract.  of Paradise, the lb. Extract, or Preparation of, See Grains, in Extract.	0	2	0	_		
Granilla, the lb. Grapes, for every 100l. of the Value  Rape of, See Rape of Grapes.	0 50	0	10 0	_		
Grave Stones, See Stone. Grease, the cwt. Greaves for Dogs, the cwt. Grogram Yarn, See Yarn. Guiaiacum Cortex, See Bark.	0	1 2	8	=		
Guernsey, Island of.  For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions, under which Goods, Wares and Merchandize of the Growth, Production and Manufacture of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark or Alderney (Salt excepted), may be imported from those Islands by the Inhabitants thereof, without Payment of any Duty, except such Duty as shall be payable for the like Goods of the Growth, Production and Manufacture of Great Britain, See 45 Geo. 3. cap. 18. sec. 18.  But Foreign Goods, having been lawfully imported into the said Islands, and Foreign Goods and Commodities in part or fully manufactured in either of them, or any Salt whatever imported into Ireland from any of the said Islands, shall not be exempt from Payment of all such Customs, Duties and Impositions as are payable for the like Goods when imported from any Foreign Nation or Country of which they are the Growth, Product or Manufacture, See 45 Geo. 3. cap. 18. sec. 19.  Guinea Grains, See Grains.  Pepper, See Pepper.				-		

TARIF /A \ TAME ANDS		Curren	cy.			
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	Duty. Dra					ack.
um, viz.	1		. d.	2	. 8.	7
- Ammoniac, imported directly from the Place	-			-	•	***
of its Growth, the lb.	l o	) ]	3	0	٥	10
imported not directly from the	.			"	U	10
Place of its Growth, the lb	lo	1	10	0	1	9
Animi, the lb.	l o			"		9
- Arabic, the cwt	-	12	_		_	
- Cake Lac, See Lac, in Gum.	1		•	1		
— Cashew, the cwt	0	7	6	0	5	0
— Copal, the lb	0				_	Ŭ
— Elemi, the lb	lo	Ó		0	0	5
- Guaiacum, the lb	O	1	10	Ŏ	ĭ	2
— Juniper, See Gum Sandarach.					-	-
- Kino, or Gum Rubrum Astringens, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0
— Lac, viz.					-	·
Cake Lac	1			ł		
Lac Dye for every 100% of the Value	10	0	0	1 .		
Tac Lake	l		_	j		
Seed Lac for every 100% of the Value	_	_		1		
Stick Lac \ \ \text{10r every 100t. of the value}	5	0	0	ļ ·	_	
Shell Lac, for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0	Ι.		
- Opopanax, imported directly from the Place				l		•
of its Growth, the lb	0	3	6	0	2	4
imported not directly from the				-	_	•
Place of its Growth, the lb	0	5	3	0	3	6
Rubrum Astringens, See Gum Kino.	-	_			•	٠
Sagapenum, imported directly from the Place						
of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	10	0	0	6
imported not directly from the					•	•
Place of its Growth, the lb	0	1	3	0	0	9
- Sandarach or Juniper, the cwt		19	0		12	8
Sarcocolla, imported directly from the Place			-	.		
of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	10	0	0	6
imported not directly from the	_	-		•	•	•
Place of its Growth, the lb	0	1	3	0	0	9
Seed Lac, See Lac, in Gum.	_	_		•	•	•
Senegal the cut	0	12	0	_	_	
— Shell Lac. ) o z	_		1			
Shell Lac, See Lac, in Gum.			- 1			
Tacamahaca, the lb.	0	2	0	0	1	4
Tragacanth, imported directly from the Place	•	_	- 1	•	-	*
of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8
imported not directly from the	_	-	-	•	•	-
Place of its Growth, the lb	0	1	6	0	1	0
— Gum not particularly enumerated or de-	-	_	-	•	-	_
scribed, or otherwise charged with						
Duty, for every 100% of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	o i	_	_	
Gunpowder, the cwt	3	ŏ	ŏ	٠	_	
Gutting Canvas, See Canvas, in Linen.	-	-	-			
Gypsum, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.		11	8	-	_	
albame, and continue accumulation			•			

		British Currency.											
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	VARDS. Duty. Dra	Duty.	A.) — INWARDS.  Duty. Dra				D8. Duty. Draw	Duty. Drawb	Duty. D				
Typsum, continued.	₽.	5.	d.	£. s. 6									
the Produce of, and imported from any													
British Colony, Plantation or Settlement	•			1									
in America, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	1	3	<b> </b>									
н.	<u> </u>												
Hair, viz.				[									
— Camel's Hair, the lb	0	I	8	<b> </b>									
Cow, Ox, Bull or Elk Hair, the cwt.	0	18	4	_									
— Goats Hair, or Turkey Goats Wool, the lb.	0	0	6	<b>I</b> –									
- Hats made of Hair, See Hats.													
Horse Hair, for every 100% of the value -	20	0	0	_									
— Human Hair, the lb	0	5	0	_									
Hair, not otherwise enumerated or describ-				}									
ed, for every 100l. of the Value -	20	0	0	_									
Hair Powder, the cwt	9	15	0	_									
perfumed, or Perfumed Dust, the				1									
cwt	13	13	0	-									
Iams, See Bacon.													
Hare Skins, See Skins.				1									
Wool, See Wool.				1									
Harp Strings, See Catlings.				1									
Hart Horns, See Horns.	l			i									
Hats, viz.	1			ſ									
Bast, Chip, Cane or Horse Hair Hats or	l			1									
Bonnets, each Hat or Bon-	ŀ			i									
net not exceeding 22 inches	1			1									
in Diameter, the Dozen -	1	0	0	<u> </u>									
each Hat or Bonnet exceed-	-	-	•	-									
ing 22 Inches in Diameter,				1									
the Dozen	2	0	0	I _									
Straw Hats or Bonnets, each Hat or Bonnet		_	•	!									
not exceeding 22 Inches in	İ			1									
Diameter, the Dozen -	3	8	0	I									
each Hat or Bonnet exceed-	٦	•	•	-									
ing 22 Inches in Diameter,				l									
the Dozen	6	16	0										
made of or mixed with Felt, Hair, Wool or	, J	10		_									
Beaver, the Hat	n	10	6										
Hay, the Load, containing 36 Trusses, each Truss	, J	40	٦	_									
being 56 lbs	1	4	o										
Head Matter, See Train Oil, in Oil.	-	T	٠,	_									
Heath for Brushes, the cwt.	0	9	2										
Helebore, the lb.	0	0	6	0 0									
	U	U	0	UU									
Hemp, viz.													
——— dressed, imported in a British built Ship,	A.	1 6											
	*	15	0										
imported in a Ship not British	5	^	_										
built, the cwt.													

TARIF (A ) INWARDS	E	iritish (	Currency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Du	ty.	Drawback.
emp, continued.	₽. 8	. d.	£. s. d.
- rough or undressed, or any other Vege-	<b></b>		<b></b>
table Substance of the Na-			1
ture and Quality of undressed			
Hemp, and applicable to the		İ	
same Purposes,			i
imported in a British built Ship,			
the cwt	0 9	9 2	
imported in a Ship not British	•	_	-
built, the cwt	0 10	4	
the Produce of the British Plant-	· - ·	•	
ations in America, the Ton,			
containing 20 cwt	0 8	3 0	
- Seed, See Seed.	•	, 0	
Oil, See Oil.		1	
sen Canvas, See Canvas, in Linen.			
des, viz.			
- Horse, Mare, Gelding, Buffalo, Bull, Cow			
or Ox Hides in the Hair, not			
tanned, tawed, curried or in any			
way dressed, viz.			
dry,			
imported in a British built Ship,			
the cwt	^ 4		
imported in a Ship not British	0 4	8	
	0.14		1
built, the cwt	0 14	. 0	
wet, imported in a British built Ship,			
	^ ′		
the cwt	0 9	2 4	_
imported in a Ship not British	^ -		
built, the cwt	0 7	7 0	_
the Produce of, and imported from the			
West Coast of Africa, not exceeding			
14 lbs. Weight each Hide, the cwt		2 4	_
tanned and not otherwise dressed, the lb.	0	1 0	
Tails, See Tails.			
Elk, See Skins.			
Losh Hides, the lb.	0	1 8	_
Muscovy or Russia Hides, tanned or co-			
loured, the Hide	0 13	5 0	_
Hides or Pieces of Hides, raw or undress-			ļ
ed, not particularly enumerated or de-			l
scribed, nor otherwise charged with			1
Duty, imported from any British Colony			
or Plantation in America, for every 100%.			1
of the Value	5 l'	7 6	-
Hides or Pieces of Hides, raw or undress-			1
ed, not particularly enumerated or de-			ł
,, paraneum y commercian es es es l			1
scribed, nor otherwise charged with	20		1

TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Britisk Com			
IABLE (A.) — IN WALLES	Duty.			Dozwiad	
Hides, continued.	æ.	5.	d.	£. s.	
Hides or Pieces of Hides, tanned, tawed,				}	
curried or in any way dressed, not par-				ł	
ticularly enumerated or described, or	į			1	
otherwise charged with Duty, for every		_			
100% of the Value	75	.0	0	1 <b>–</b>	
Hog's Lard, See Lard.	_	_	_		
Hones, the 100	1	3	0	-	
Honey, the cwt.		15		-	
Hoofs of Cattle, for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0	i -	
Hoops, viz.	_	_	_	1	
of Iron, the cwt.	1	3	_	-	
of Wood, the 1000		15		-	
Hops, the cwt.	8	11	0	-	
Horns, Horn Tips and Pieces of Horn, not other-	_	_		1.	
wise charged with Duty, the cwt	0	5	0	· -	
Horse Hair, See Hair.				1	
Hats or Bonnets, See Hats.				1	
Hides, See Hides.				i	
Horses, Mares or Geldings, each	6	13	0	_	
Hulled Barley, See Pearl Barley.				1	
Human Hair, See Hair.				•	
Hungary Water, See Spirits.				1	
Husks or Knubs of Silk, See Knubs, in Silk.				ł	
Husse Skins, See Skins.				ļ	
I & J.					
Jalap, the lb.	0	2	0	0 1	
Japonica Terra, See Terra.		_	•	"	
Iceland Moss, See Lichen Islandicus, in Moss.				1	
Jersey, Island of, See Guernsey.				1	
Jessamine Oil, See Oil.				1	
Jesuits Bark, See Peruvian Bark, in Bark.				1	
Jet, the lb	0	2	0	l _	
— Beads, See Beads.	•	_	•	Ì	
Jetsam, See Derelict.				ł	
Jewels, Emeralds, Rubies and all other Precious				1	
Stones (except Diamonds), not other-				ĺ	
wise enumerated or described, not set				ł	
or in any Way manufactured, for every				l	
100% of the Value	20	0	0	_	
set or in any way manufactured, for every		•			
100% of the Value	50	0	0		
Jews' Pitch, See Bitumen Judaicum.		•	١ -		
India Rubbers, See Caoutchouc.			- }		
Indigo, the lb	0	0	5		
Ink for Printers, the cwt.	ì	ĭ	ŏ	_	
Inkle, viz.	•	•	٦		
unwrought, the lb.	. 0	0 1	اما		
	. •	· ·			
wrought, the lb.	0	5	2	_	

pecacuannæ Radix, See Radix. is Root, See Orrice Root. on, viz.  — in Bars or unwrought,  the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, and imported from thence, the Ton containing 20 cwt.  — in Bars or unwrought,  the Produce of any other Country,		Due	. d.	Drawback.
is Root, See Orrice Root. on, viz.  — in Bars or unwrought,  the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, and imported from thence, the Ton containing 20 cwt.  — in Bars or unwrought,  the Produce of any other Country,		. 8.	. d.	£. s. d.
- in Bars or unwrought, the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, and imported from thence, the Ton containing 20 cwt in Bars or unwrought, the Produce of any other Country,	1			
the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, and imported from thence, the Ton containing 20 cwt.  - in Bars or unwrought,  the Produce of any other Country,	1			
Plantation in America, and imported from thence, the Ton containing 20 cwt.  — in Bars or unwrought,  the Produce of any other Country,	1			ĺ
ported from thence, the Ton containing 20 cwt in Bars or unwrought, the Produce of any other Country,	1			ľ
taining 20 cwt	1			
the Produce of any other Country,		2	2	_
		_	-	
imported in a British built				
Ship, the Ton containing				
20 cwt	6	10	0	
imported in a Ship not British			1	
built, the Ton containing			Ī	
20 cwt.	7	18	4	
- slit or hammered into Rods, and Iron drawn			- 1	
or hammered less than 3 of an Inch square,			- [	
· imported in a British built Ship,			!	
the cwt.	1	0	0	
imported in a Ship not British built,			- 1	
the cwt.	1	1	6	
- Cast, for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0	· <del></del>
- Hoops, See Hoops.				
- old broken, and old Cast Iron, the Ton con-				
taining 20 cwt.	0	17	6	_
Ore, the Ton containing 20 cwt.		8	9	. —
- Pig Iron, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	17	6	_
the Produce of and imported from			-	
the British Plantations in Ame-	_	_	_ }	
rica, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	8	0	_
- Wire, See Wire.			- 1	
- Wrought, not otherwise enumerated or de-		_		
scribed, for every 100% of the Value	50	0	0	
inglass, the cwt.	2	7	6	
the Produce of and imported from the	_			
British Plantations in America, the cwt.	O	15	10	-
the Ofth Dep of Language, from and after				
the 25th Day of January 1824, viz.				
raw, the Gallon, for every Degree of Spe-	_	_	-	
cific Gravity or Strength	0	0	ᅄ	
concentrated, for every Degree of specific	^	^		
Gravity or Strength, the gallon - For the Rules and other Regulations	0	0	O	
			Į	_
by which the Degrees of such spe-			- 1	•
cific Gravity or Strength shall be			ł	
ascertained, See the Act to which this Table is annexed.			ŀ	
uniper Berries, See Berries.			- 1	
Gum, See Gum Sandarach.				

				British Currence					British Curre		
TABLE (A.)—INWARD	<b>8.</b>		1	Duty. Drawl							
Juniper, continued. ————————————————————————————————————			£.		. d.	£. 2 a					
K. Kelp, <i>See</i> Alkali. Kidney Beans, <i>See</i> Beans.											
Kid Skins, See Skins. Kino Gum, See Gum. Knubs of Silk, See Knubs, in Silk.											
L.		1									
Lac, See Lac, in Gum. Lace, viz.											
<ul> <li>Silk Lace, for every 100l. of t</li> <li>- Plain, being Net or Te</li> </ul>			40	0	0	-					
Square Yard - Thread Lace, viz.	•	-	0	2	0	_					
under 5s. the Y the Yard	•	-	0	2	6	_					
in Value, the	Yard		0	4	0	_					
in Value, the	Yard	-	0	4	9	_					
of 15s. and under in Value, the	Yard	- [	0	6	9	_					
of 20s. and under in Value, the	Yard	- [	0	8	4	_					
of 25s. the Yard upwards, for											
the Value Lagan, See Derelict.	•	-	40	0	0	_					
Lake Lac, See Lac, in Gum. Lamb Skins, See Skins.	1				ĺ						
Lambs Wool, See Sheeps Wool, in \ Lamp Black, the cwt.	V 00J. -	-	3	6	6	_					
Lapis, viz.  Calaminaris, the cwt.	-	-	0	8	0						
— Lazuli, the lb Tutiæ, the lb	-	- }	0	3	2	_					
Lard, the cwt.	-	•	0	0	8	_					
Latten, viz.	•	-		8	0	_					
Black, the cwt. Shaven, the cwt.	-	-	1 2	8 10	0	_					
Lavender Flowers, the lb.	•	-	0	0	10	_					
Oil of, See Oil. Water, See Spirits. Lawns, See Linen.											
Lawns, See Linen. Lazuli Lapis, See Lapis.					i						

TABLE (A) INMANDO	Bri	British Currency.				
TABLE (A). — INWARDS.	Duty.		Drawback.	<del>-</del>		
	£. s.	d.	₽. s. d	<u>.</u>		
ad, viz.			ı			
— Black, the cwt.	0 4	0	_			
- Chromate of Lead, the lb.	0 2	0	_			
— Ore, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	1 16	0				
- Pig, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0	0				
— Red, the cwt.	0 8	4	_			
- White, the cwt.	0 10	4				
af Metal, See Metal.						
ather, any Article made of Leather, or any						
Manufacture whereof Leather is the most						
valuable Part, not otherwise enumerated or						
described, for every 100% of the Value	<i>75</i> 0	0				
aves of Gold, the 100 Leaves	0 3	0				
aves of Roses, the lb.	0 0	10				
es of Wines, See Wine Lees.						
mons, imported in a British built Ship, the 1,000	1 5	0	_			
imported in a Ship not British built, the						
1,000	1 7	6	_			
- Essence of, See Essence of Bergamot.	_ •	-				
- Juice of, See Juice.						
—— Peel of, the lb.	0 0	5	•			
- preserved in Salt and Water, for every		_				
100% of the Value	20 0	0				
in Sugar, See Succades.		•				
ntiles, the Bushel	0 0	10				
copard Skins, See Skins.	•					
exia Raisins, See Raisins.						
ichen Islandicus, See Moss.						
ignum, viz.		- 1				
Quassia, See Quassia.						
ime Stones, See Stone.						
limes, Juice of, See Juice.						
imonum Cortex, See Lemons, Peel of.						
Sal, See Sal.						
inen, viz.						
Cambrics and Lawns, commonly called	1					
French Lawns, plain, the Piece		- 1				
not exceeding 8 Yards in Length,						
and not exceeding 7-8ths of a		- 1				
Yard in Breadth	0 9	6	0 4 (	)		
more, the Piece, payable on the	0 3	١	V + (	•		
first Entry thereof, whether						
to be secured in Warehouses		- 1				
or not	0 2	0				
exceeding 8 Yards in Length, or		٠,				
exceeding 7-8ths of a Yard in						
Breadth, the Piece, and in that		Ì				
Proportion for a greater or less						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0 12	0	0 5	)		
Quantity	0 12	•	, , ,	•		

	British	Сштепсу.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Duty.	Drawback.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d
inen, — Cambrics and Lawns, continued.	ļ	Ĭ
more, the Piece, payable on	İ	1
the first Entry thereof,	j	Į.
whether to be secured in	ł	ł
Warehouses or not -	026	_
Canvas, viz.	ł	ľ
Hessen Canvas, or Dutch Barras,	1	1
imported in a British built		į
Ship, the 120 Ells -	2 13 1	1 2 4
more, the 120 Ells, pay-		İ
able on the first Entry		1
thereof, whether to be		Í
secured in Warehouses		Į.
or not	0 11 2	l _
imported in a Ship not Bri-		Į
tish built, the 120 Ells	2 15 6	1 2 4
more, the 120 Ells, pay-		1
able on the first Entry		1
thereof, whether to be		i
secured in Warehouses		I
or not	0 11 8	i
	011 8	_
Packing Canvas, Guttings, Spruce,		ł
Elbing or Queensborough		į
Canvas,		ì
imported in a British built		!
Ship, the 120 Ells -	1 15 8	0 15 0
more, the 120 Ells, pay-		1
able on the first Entry		l
thereof, whether to		ŀ
be secured in Ware-		İ
houses or not -	076	<b>!</b> —
imported in a Ship not Bri-		
tish built, the 120 Ells	1 17 4	0 15 0
more, the 120 Ells, pay-	_	
able on the first Entry		
thereof, whether to		
be secured in Ware-	I	
houses or not -	0 7 10	_
— Damask Tabling, of the Manufacture of		_
the Kingdom of the United	1	
Netherlands, viz.	- 1	
not exceeding 1 Ell 1 in Breadth,	f	
the Yard	0 10 0	0 4 9
more, the Yard, payable on the	0 10 0	U <b>T</b> 2
first Entry thereof, whether	1	i
to be secured in Warehouses	1	
or not	0 2 0	- 1
exceeding 1 Ell 1, and under 2	0 2 0	
Ells in Breadth, the Yard -		
- I Dreadin, the lard	01161	0 4 10

TABLE (A) YWWANNA	British	Currency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Duty.	Drawback.
en, — Damask Tabling, &c. continued.  more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
or not of the Breadth of 2 Ells, and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the	0 2 6	. <del>-</del>
Yard	0 13 1	0 5 6
or not	0 2 9	
of the Breadth of 3 Ells, or up- wards, the Yard	0.10.0	000
more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses	0 19 0	080
— Damask Tabling, of the Manufacture of Silesia, or of any other Place, not otherwise enumerated or	0 4 0	_
described, the square Yard - more, the square Yard, pay- able on the first Entry thereof, whether to be se- cured in Warehouses or	0 2 6	0 1 0
not	0 0 6	_
— Damask Towelling and Napkining, of the Manufacture of the Kingdom of the United Netherlands, the Yard	0 4 0	0 1 8
more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in		
Warehouses or not  Damask Towelling and Napkining, of the Manufacture of Silesia, or of any other Place, not otherwise enumerated or described, the	0 0 10	<del>-</del>
Yard	0 1 3	0 0 6
whether to be secured in Warehouses or not  Diaper Tabling of the Manufacture of the Kingdom of the United Nether- lands, viz.	0 0 3	-
not exceeding 1 Ell in Breadth, the Yard	0 5 2	0 2 2

AD.1823

C. 72.

TABLE (A) INWADIS		Bri	ish C	urrenc	<b>y</b> •
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	I	Juty	r.	Des	wbed
Linen, - Diaper Tabling, &c. continued.	æ	. s.	d.	æ.	. s. (
more, the Yard, payable on the				Į	
first Entry thereof, whether				1	
to be secured in Warehouses				l	
or not	0	1	1	1	_
exceeding 1 Ell 1, and under 2 Ells	_	_	_	1	
in Breadth, the Yard	0	6	0	0	Z
more, the Yard, payable on the				1	
first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses				į .	
or not	0	1	3	1	_
- of the Breadth of 2 Ells, and under	. •	•	3		_
3 Ells, in Breadth, the Yard	0	6	4.	1 0	2
more, the Yard, payable on the		•	-	-	_
first Entry thereof, whether				l	
to be secured in Warehouses				1	
or not	0	1	4	1	_
of the Breadth of 3 Ells or up-				}	
wards, the Yard	0	9	1	0	3
more, the Yard, payable on the				l	
first Entry thereof, whether				1	
to be secured in Warehouses				1	
or not	O	1	11	l	-
Diaper Tabling of the Manufacture of				<u> </u>	
Silesia, or of any other Place, not				ł	
otherwise enumerated or describ-	0	0		١.	
ed, the Yard more, the Yard, payable on the	U	Z	11	0	1
first Entry thereof, whether				1	
to be secured in Warehouses					
or not	0	0	7	ł	
Diaper Towelling and Napkining, of the		•	•	Ì	
Manufacture of the Kingdom of					
the United Netherlands, the Yard	0	2	1	0	0
more, the Yard, payable on the			- [		-
first Entry thereof, whether					
to be secured in Warehouses					
or not	0	0	5		
——— Diaper Towelling and Napkining, of the			- 1		
Manufacture of Silesia, or of any			1		
other Place, not otherwise enu-	_			_	_
merated or described, the Yard	U	1	3	0	O
more, the Yard, payable on the first Entry thereof, whether			- 1		
to be secured in Warehouses			- 1		
or not	0	0	3		
Drillings and Pack Duck, viz.	·	J	-	-	
imported in a British built Ship,					
the 120 Ells	4	11	1	1 1	8
	*		- 1		3

THAT P (A ) INWADING	British (	Arrency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Duty.	Drawback.
men, — Drillings and Pack Duck, continued.  more, the 120 Ells, payable  on the first Entry thereof,	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
whether to be secured in Warehouses or not imported in a Ship not British	0 19 2	-
built, the 120 Ells - more, the 120 Ells, payable	4 15 0	1 18 4
on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Warehouses or not	100	
German, Switzerland, East Country (except Russia), and Silesia Cloth, plain, vix.		
not exceeding 31½ Inches in Breadth, imported in a British built		
Ship, the 120 Ells more, the 120 Ells, pay- able on the first Entry	2 18 3	1 4 6
thereof, whether to be secured in Ware- houses or not	0 12 8	
imported in a Ship not British built, the 120 Ells -	3 0 4	1 4 6
more, the 120 Ells, pay- able on the first Entry thereof, whether to		
be secured in Ware- houses or not - - exceeding 31 Inches, and not	0 12 8	-
exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,  imported in a British built		
Ship, the 120 Ells more, the 120 Ells, pay- able on the first Entry	6 2 9	2 11 8
thereof, whether to be secured in Ware- houses or not	1 5 10	
built, the 120 Ells more, the 120 Ells, pay-	6 6 8	2 11 8
able on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Ware-		
houses or not  - exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth, - imported in a British built	1 6 8	_
Ship, the 120 Ells	9 8 9	3 19 6

		Bri	tish C	urrenc	<b>y</b> -	ı
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Dut	y.	Draw	·	
Linen, - German, &c. continued.	£	. 8.	d.	£.	s.	4
more, the 120 Elis, pay-						1
able on the first Entry	•			1		1
thereof, whether to				ļ		J
be secured in Ware-				i		- 1
houses or not	1	19	9	} .	_	- 1
imported in a Ship not Bri-	_			l		- \$
tish built, the 120 Ells -	9	14	9	3	19	4
more, the 120 Ells, pay-				ł		- 1
able on the first Entry				)		- 1
thereof, whether to				1		+
be secured in Ware-	_		_	•		I.
houses or not	2	1	0	1	_	- 1
Hinderlands, Brown, under 22½ Inches in Breadth,						1
imported in a British built				1		- 1
Ship, the 120 Ells -	1	13	3	0	14	đ
more, the 120 Ells, pay-				i		- 1
able on the first Entry				1		J
thereof, whether to				1		1
be secured in Ware-	_			1		- 1
houses or not -	0	7	0	1	_	- 1
imported in a Ship not Bri-				İ		1
tish built, the 120 Ells -	. 1	14	10	0	14	4
more the 120 Ells pay-				1		- 1
able on the first Entry				1		- 1
thereof, whether to				i		- {
be secured in Ware-	_	_		l		1
houses or not	0	7	4	ł	_	- 1
Lawns, viz.				•		ı
Silesia, and all other Lawns, plain,				į		ı
(except Cambrics and				l		- [
French Lawns), not				I		1
bleached in the Kingdom				ł		- 1
of the United Nether-				1		- 1
lands the Piece not ex-				1		- 1
ceeding 8 Yards in	_	_	_			. 1
Length	0	6	4	0	2	8
more, the Piece, pay-						
able on the first En-				ł		ŗ
try, thereof, whether				ŀ		'
to be secured in	_	_				
Warehouses or not -	0	1	4		_	
Silesia, and all other Lawns, plain,						
(except Cambrics and						i
French Lawns), bleached						
in the Kingdom of the						
United Netherlands, the						1
Piece, not exceeding 8 Yards in Length	^	~	., 1	_	_	
zatus in Length -	U	7	11	0	3	7

TABLE (A )_ INWARDS		B	ritish	Curre	псу	
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	1	Dut	y.	Dr	awb	eck.
en, - German, &c. continued.		2.	. d.		. s.	
- Lawns, Silesia, more, the Piece, pay-	-			=		d
able on the first En-	1			1		
try thereof, who	1			1		
ther to be secured in Warehouses or not	_		_	ł		
Linen, of the Manufacture of the King-	10	1	8	1	_	
dom of the United Netherlands.				1		
plain, not otherwise enumera-						
ted or described, viz.						
not exceeding 1 Ell 1 in				1		
Breadth, the Ell	0	2	11	0	1	2
more, the Ell, payable	1			ı		_
on the first Entry thereof, whether to	i			1		
be secured in Ware-				[		
houses or not	0	0	7			
exceeding 1 Ell L and un-		v	•	1	_	
der 2 Ells in Breadth.				ł		
the Ell	0	3	2	0	1	4
more, the Ell, pay-			_	1	_	_
able on the first Entry thereof, whether to						
be secured in Ware-						
houses or not	0	0	0			
of the Breadth of 2 Rils, and under	U	U	8	٠ ا	_	
3 Els in Breadth, the Ell	0	3	7	0	1	6
more the Ell, payable on the			•		•	v
first Entry thereof, whether						
to be secured in Warehouses	_					
- of the Breadth of 3 Ells or up-	0	0	9		-	
wards, the Ell	0	_	اما	_	_	_
more, the Ell, payable on the	U	5	2	0	2	2
first Entry thereof, whether						
to be secured in Warehouses			- 1			
or not	0	1	1	_	_	
Pack Duck, See Drillings in Linen.  Russia Linen, plain, viz.			- 1			
Towelling and Napkining of the			- 1			
Manufacture of Russia,			- 1			
not exceeding 221 Inches in			- 1			
Dreadth.	•		- 1			•,
imported in a British built						
onip the 120 Ells -	1 1	1	5	0 1	3	2
more, the 120 Ells pay-						
able on the first Entry						
thereof, whether to						
he secured in Warn						
be secured in Ware- houses or not 4 Geo. IV. T t	0	6	,			

C.72.

	1	Bri	tinh (	Запевсу.	
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	1	Duty		Deswhe	rci.
Linen, - Sail Cloth, &c. continued.	æ.		d.	£. s.	
imported in a Ship not British bailt, the 120 Ells	5	13	1	<b>\</b>	
exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,	١	15	•	-	•
imported in a British built Ship, the 120 Elis -		19	۵		
imperted in a Ship not Bri-	ľ	19	3	-	•
tish built, the 120 Ells -	9		0	_	-
Sails, for every 100% of the Value  Note. — Foreign made Sails on board any	104	9	2	-	-
Ship or Vessel belonging to any of His	•			ļ	
Majesty's Subjects, whether in use or	l			1	
not, are to be charged with the like	ĺ			1	
Duties as Foreign made Sails, imported by way of Merchandize, See the Act to	l			1	:
which this Schedule is annexed.	f			1	:
Linen, not being chequered or striped, or	1			Ì	:
not being printed, painted, stained, or	i			1	1
dyed, after the Manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the Manufacture.				1	i
and not being otherwise enumerated or				f	ł
described, for every 100% of the Value	63	6	8	26 13	3
more, for every 100l. of the Value,				1	4
payable, on the first Entry thereof, whether to be secured in Ware-	1	-			1
houses or not	13	6	8	_	_ {
Linen, chequered or striped, or printed,	i				i
painted, stained, or dyed, after the Manu- facture, or in the Thread or Yarn before	ŀ			j	4
the Manufacture, not being prohibited to				İ	1
be imported into, nor worn nor used in	l			]	1
Ireland, and not being otherwise enu-				1	ı
merated or described, for every 1001. of the Value	172	10	0		ł
German and Russia Linen, chequered or		10	U	1 -	Ţ
striped, the Thread or Yarn of which the				j	
same is made being coloured, stained,				l	J
or dyed, before the Manufacture ex- ported to any Island under the Domi-				ĺ	ı
nion of His Majesty in the West Indies,				İ	ı
in which Description the Bahama					
Islands, and the Bermudas or Somers					
Islands are included, for every 1001. of the Value					ł
inen Yarn, See Yarn.				117 10	1
Linn Boards See Boards, in Wood.				ł	ı
Linseed, See Seed.	^	^	_		1
Cakes, the cwt Oil, See Oil.	0	U	2	_	ı
				ı	

TARES (A)		British Currency.				
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Duty	<i>,</i> .	Drav	wbe	ck.
	æ.		d.	£.	s.	d
pari Raisins, See Raisins.						
quorice Juice, or Succus Liquoritie, the cwt	5	15	0	[ ,		
Powder, the cwt.	5	10	0	Ι,		
Root, the cwt.	3	3	4		_	
Extract or Preparation of, See Extract.	•	_	_			
wors. Foreign Liquors - Derelict, Jetsam,						
Flotsam, Lagan, or Wreck, brought or coming			•			
ato Ireland, are subject to the same Duties,			i			
and entitled to the same Drawbacks as Liquors						
of the like Kind regularly imported.			į			
harge of Gold or Silver, the cwt	0	2	٥			
mus, the cwt.	ŏ	4	ň	_		
erwort, See Lichen Islandicus, in Moss.	•	•	٦	•		
sters, See Fish.						
ag Pepper, See Pepper.			- 1			
h Hides, See Hides.			Į			
pern Seed, See Seed.						
pines, the cwt.	0	5	0			
testrings, See Catlings.	v	3	٦	•		
eceremize, nec caminge						
м.						
scaroni, as Vermicelli, See Vermicelli.			- 1			
	^			_		^
ace, the lb.	0	7	6	U	*	U
— the Produce of and imported from any Bri-	^			_		_
tish Colony or Plantation, the lb.	0	3	6	0	3	2
— Oil of, See Oil.	^	10	ا ۾			
adder, the cwt.		12	0	. •	-	
Madder Root, the cwt.	0	5	0	•	_	
angrove Bark, See Bark.	_		ا ۾	_	_	
anna, the lb	0	1	8	0	0	10
anuscripts, See Books.						
laps, plain or coloured, each Map or Part	_	_	_			
thereof	0	0	6	•		
in Books, See Books.						
farble, See Stone.						
farbles for Children, See Toys.				,		
fares, See Horses						
Hides, See Horse Hides, in Hides.						
darjoram, Oil of, See Oil.	_		_			
farmalade, the lb.	0	1	3	٠ ١	_	
of the British Plantations in America,				1		
the lb	0	0	6	'		
Martin Skins, } See Skins.				1		
Tails, \( \int \text{ Dec Daims.} \)						
lastic, imported directly from the Place of its				1	_	_
Growth, the lb.	0	1	4	0	0	10
imported not directly from the Place of its						
Growth, the lb	0	2	0	0	1	9

	.	Bri	tish (	currency.
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.		Duty	<b>7-</b>	Drawback.
Mats, viz.	æ.	5.	d.	<b>£</b> . s. d
of Russia, imported in a British built Ship,	١.	_	_	Ì
the 100 imported in a Ship not British	1	3	9	_
built, the 100 -	1	5	0	_
not otherwise enumerated or described, for	-	•		]
every 100% of the Value	50	0	0	_
Matting, for every 100% of the Value	50	_	_	-
Mattresses, for every 100l. of the Value -	50	0	0	-
Maw Seed, See Seed.	_	_	c	ł
Mead, or Metheglin, the Gallon British Content - Meal, See Corn.	0	5	6	-
Medals, viz.	l			1
of Gold or Silver - Duty free.	ĺ			I
of any other Sort, for every 100l. of the				l
Value	5	0	0	1 -
Medlars, the Bushel	0	_		-
Melasses, the cwt.	1	3	9	-
the Produce of, and imported from the				
British Plantations in America, the	0	10	^	ł
Melting Pots for Goldsmiths, See Pots.		10	0	-
Mercury, prepared, for every 100% of the Value	50	0	0	_
Metal, viz.			·	•
Bell Metal, the cwt	1	0	0	_
Leaf Metal (except of Leaf Gold) the				
Packet, containing 250 Leaves -	0	0	8	<b>,</b> –
Metheglin, See Mead.		_	_	
Mill Boards, the cwt.	3	8	2	_
Millet Seed, See Seed.				i
Mill Stones, See Stone. Mineral Water, See Water.				l
Minerals not otherwise enumerated or described,				I
for every 100l. of the Value	20	0	0	-
———— Specimens of, See Specimens.				
Mink Skins, See Skins.				l
Mohair Yarn, See Camel Yarn, in Yarn.				ŀ
Molasses, See Melasses.				
Mole Skins, See Skins.	0	2		
Morels, the lb		4	9	_
Moss, viz.  Lichen Islandicus or Liverwort, the lb.	0	0	8	_
Rock, for Dyers Use, the Ton containing	•	-	٠	
20 cwt	1	15	0	_
not otherwise enumerated or described, for			ı	
every 100% of the Value	20	0	0	_
Mother of Pearl Shells, See Shells.	_	_		
Mules, each	5	0	0	_

<b>5</b> 4 <b>5</b> 5 <b>6</b> 44 • •		_			Bri	tish (	Currer	юy.	
TABLE (A.) — 1	INWARDS	3.		I	Juty.	•	Dr	awb	ck.
nk, the oz. squash Skins, See Skins.	•	•	-	<b>£</b> .		<i>d</i> . 0	<b>£</b> .	<i>s.</i> 3	d. 4
mard Seed, See Seed. yrth, imported directly f Growth, the lb. — imported not directl Growth, the lb.	-	•	-	0	1 2	8	0	1	1
prile Wax, See Wax.  N. pkining, See Linen.  rdus Celtica, the cwt.		_		1	0	0	0	13	4
Indica, See Spikena tron, See Alkali. St Boves, See Boxes. ats Tongues, See Tongue roli Oil, See Oil of Orang St, viz. old Fishing Nets,	s. ge Flower. fit only	for mal	ing	•				10	
Paper or Pasteboard, atmegs, the lb.		•	-	0	3	6	0	3	2
British Colony of Oil of, See Oil. utra Skins, See Skins.	nd importe or Plantatio	ed from on, the l	any	0	2	6	0	2	3
uts, viz.				_	_		_	_	
— Cashew Nuts, the lb.	-	-	- [	0	2	0	0	1	4
— Castor Nuts, the lb.	-	-	-	0	0	4		_	
	ted direct e of their	- ly from Growth,	the the	0	4	0			
	ted not d Place of th			0	U	10		_	
the		-	-	0	1	3			
- Small Nuts, the Bushe		-	-1	Ō	4	0		_	
- Walnuts, the Bushel	-	•	-	0	4	0		_	
<ul> <li>Nuts not otherwise enu</li> </ul>	imerated o	r descril	bed,						
for every 100% of the	e Value	•	-	20	0	0		-	
Nux Vomica, the Ib.  Extract, or Preparation	n of, See I	- Extract.		0	2	6			
Oak Rook G . Thank									
Oak Bark, See Bark. Oakum, the cwt.	•	-	-	0	4	9		_	
Onimeal, See Corn.				^	c	•			
Ochre, or Oaker, the cwt.	t 4	-	- 1	U	О	9	1		

TARIF (A) INTERARMO			Br	itish (	Sarrency.		
TABLE (A.)— INWARD'S				1	Duty	·	Drawbeck.
Oculi Cancrorum, See Cancr	orum O	culi.		æ.	. 4.	d.	£. s. d
Oil, viz. — of Almonds, the lb.	_		_	0	0	01	1
- of Amber, or Succinum,	he lh	_	_	o	5		_
- of Anniseed, the lb.	aic 10.	_	_	0	4	-	_
— of Bay, the lb	-	-	_	o	ō		_
of Cajaputa, the oz.		<u>.</u>	_	ŏ	ĭ		
— of Carraway, the lb.	٠.	-	_	ŏ	2		
— of Cassia, the oz.	-	-	_	ŏ	5	_	
— of Castor, the lb	-	-	_	ŏ	ĭ	_	1 =
Chemical Oil not otherwi	se enum	erated o	r de		-	•	_
scribed, the lb.	•			0	4	0	i
- of Cinnamon, the oz.		_		ŏ	5	_	. –
— of Cloves, the oz.	•	_	_ [	ŏ	2	_	_
— of Cocoa Nut, the cwt.	_	_	_ [	ŏ	2	-	, –
— of Fennel, the lb.	_	_	- [	ŏ	4	_	_
- Fish Oil, See Train Oil, in	Oil	•	- 1	U	7	U	_
- of Hemp Seed, the Tun	containi	na 050	Car.				1
lons, British Content	-	ug 202	Car-	<b>3</b> 3		^	ł
of Jessamine, the lb.	-	•	-		5	0	_
— of Janiper, the lb.	•	•	-	0	4	0	I -
- of Lavender, the lb.	•	•	-	0	2	0	_
- of Linseed, the Tun con		ara a		0	4	0	-
British Content	raming.	Zor Gai	ions,		_	_	]
of Mace, the oz.	•	•	-	<b>55</b>	5	0	<b>!</b> –
of Marjoram, the lb.	-	•	- 1	0	2	6	_
of Mutmore the or	-	-	-	0	4	0	_
- of Nutmegs, the oz.	Alab B	1. (1)	., -	0	2	6	<b> </b>
- Olives, imported in a Bri	tish Dui	it Snip,	the				ł
Tun containing	252 Ga	llons, Br	itish		_		Ì
Content	•	• • • •		15	13	0	_
imported in a Sh	ip not	British b	wilt,				
the Tun contain	ing 252	Gallons,	Bri-				
tish Content		•	-	16	13	0	_
- of Orange Flower or Nero	di, the	Z.	-	0	2	0	-
of Palm, the cwt.	. •	-	- [	0	2	6	_
- Perfumed Oil, not other	wise en	umerated	or			ŀ	
described, the lb.	-	•	-1	0	4	0	
- of Pine, the lb.	-	•	- }	0	0	8	
- of Rape Seed, the Tun con	ntaining	252 Gall	ons,			- }	
British Content	•	•	-	33	5	0	
- of Rhodium, the oz.	•	•	-	0	5	0	
- Rock Oil, the lb.	-	•	-	0	0 1	lo l	
- of Rosemary, the lb.	-	-	-	Ŏ	4	o l	
<ul> <li>of Roses, See Otto of Ros</li> </ul>	es.		1	-	_		-
<ul> <li>of Rosewood, the oz.</li> </ul>	-	-	- 1	0	5	0	
- Salad Oil, See Oil of Olive	26.		- 1	•	-	1	
- of Sandal Wood, the oz.	-	-	- 1	0	2	6	_
<ul> <li>of Sassafras, the lb.</li> </ul>	-			ŏ	2	6	
- Seal Oil, See Train Oil, in				v	4	<b>u</b> 1	

		O, 72	• 01
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS		British (	Currency.
	1	Duty.	Drawback.
seed Oil, not otherwise enumerated or	de-	s. d.	£. s. d.
scribed, the Tun containing 252 Gallo British Content  of Spermaceti, See Train Oil, in Oil.	ns, - 33	<b>5</b> 0	_
of Spike, the lb. of Succinum, See Oil of Amber.	- 0	4 0	_
of Thyme, the lb. Train Oil, Blubber, Spermaceti Oil, and He Matter, viz.	1	4 0	· <b>–</b>
Blubber, the Produce of Fish Creatures living in the Sea, tak and caught by the Crew of a F tish built Ship or Vessel, who owned by His Majesty's Subje usually residing in Great Brits Ireland or the Islands of Guerns Jersey, Alderney, Sark or M	cen Bri- blly cts uin, ey, an,		
registered and navigated acco- ing to Law, and imported in a such Shipping, the Tun conta- ing 252 Gallons, British Conte- 	any in- nt O or ken	<b>5</b> 6	_
jesty's Subjects usually residing any Part of His Majesty's I minions, and imported direct from any British Colony, Isla Plantation, Settlement or Testory, in a British built Ship Vessel, owned, navigated, and	ing Do- tly nd, rri- or re-		
gistered according to Law, to Tun containing 252 Gallons, E tish Content  For the Suspension of the Do on Blubber, imported direct from the Island of Newfour land, or the Coast of Lab dor, until the 5th of J	Bri- - O uty tly nd- ora-	19 4	_
1824, See the Act to wh this Table is annexed. For the Conditions, Regulational Restrictions, under whe Blubber may be admitted Entry as British taken a caught, on Payment of Das before mentioned (as Case may be.) See the 45 Geo. 3. c. 18. sec. 22,	ich ons ich to and uty the Act		

	British C	втевсу.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Duty.	Drawback.
Oil — Train Oil, Blubber, &c. — continued.  24, and the Act to which this Table is annexed.  Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea of	£. s. d.	e€. ε. d.
Foreign Fishing, the Tun containing 252 Gallons, British Content For the Conditions and Regulations, according to which the Quantity of Oil contained in Blubber, imported from the Greenland Seas or Davis's Streights, is to be ascer-	22 3 4	-
tained, See the Act to which this Table is annexed.  Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, or Head Matter, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crew of a British built Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Tun containing 252 Gallons, British Content  Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, or Head Matter, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's subjects usually residing in any Part of His Majesty's Domi-	083	
nions, and imported directly from any British Colony, Island, Plantation, Settlement or Territory, in a British built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated and registered according to Law, the Tun containing 252 Gallons, British Content  For the Suspension of the Duty on Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, imported directly from the Island of Newfoundland, or the Coast of Labrador, until the 5th July 1824, See the Act to which this Table is annexed. For the Conditions, Regulations	1 0 0	

TARIF (A) INWARDS		British Currency.							
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Duty		Drawback.					
il—Train Oil, &c. continued.  and Restrictions, under which Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, may be admitted to Entry as British taken and caught, on Payment of Duty as before mentioned (as the Case may be), See the Act 45 Geo. 3. c. 18. sec. 22, 23, 24, and the Act to which this Table is annexed.  - Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, or Head Matter, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, of Experient Fish	£.	8.	d.	£. s. d.					
in the Sea, of Foreign Fishing, the Tun containing 252 Gallons, British Content of Turpentine, the lb. of Vitriol, the lb. Walnut Oil, the lb. Whale Oil, See Train Oli, in Oil.	33 0 0 0	5 0 0	0 8 6 6	=					
Oil not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100% of the Value - ker, See Ochre.  libanum, imported directly from the Place of its	<i>5</i> 0	0	0						
Growth, the cwt	2	7	6	1 11 8					
of its Growth, the cwt.  Nives, the Gallon, British Content  Oil of, See Oil.	3 0	11 2	3 6	2 7 6					
Jaion Seed, See Seed. Onions, the Bushel Open Tapes, See Tapes.	0	3	0	-					
Opium, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. imported not directly from the Place of	0	9	0	0 6 0					
its Growth, the lb.  Extract or Preparation of, See Extract.  Opopanax Gum, See Gum.  Orange Flower Oil, See Oil.	0	13	6	090					
Water, the Gallon, British Content	0	3	2	_					
Oranges, imported in a British built Ship, the 1,000 imported in a Ship not British built, the	1	5	0	_					
1,000 Juice of, See Juice.	1	7	6	_					
Peel of, the lb.  Orchal, Orchelia, or Archelia, the cwt.  Orchelia, See Orchal.  Ordinary Oil of Olives, See Oil.	0	0 16	6	=					

MARIA (A.) INWARD		Brit	ish C	urrency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	1	Outy	-	Drawback.
Ore, viz.	£.	. s.	d.	£. s. d.
—— Copper, See Copper.				ł
Gold, See Bullion.	1			}
—— Iron, See Iron.				1
— Lead, See Lead.	1			
—— Platina. See Platina.	1			1
- Silver, See Bullion.	İ			1
- not otherwise enumerated or described, for				1
every 100l. of the Value	20	0	0	-
—— Specimens of, See Specimens.	ŀ			1 1
Orpiment, the cwt	1	8	6	! - {
Orrice, or Iris Root, the cwt	1	8	6	-
Orsedew, the lb.	0	1	3	-
Ostrich Feathers, See Feathers.	l			1 1
Wool, See Wool.	Į .			1 1
Otter Skins, See Skins.	1			1 1
Otto, or Attar, or Oil of Roses, the oz.	0	6	0	1 - 1
Ounce Skins, See Skins.	ł	-	_	1 1
Outnal Thread, See Thread.				} <u> </u>
Ox Hair, See Cow Hair, in Hair.				1 1
- Hides, See Buffalo Hides, in Hides.	1			} {
- Horns, See Horns.				1 1
- Tails, See Buffalo Tails, in Tails.	1			1 1
Oysters, See Fish.				) i
P				1
Pack Duck, See Drillings in Linen.				i
— Thread, See Thread.				
Packing Canvas, See Canvas, in Linen.				1 1
Paddy. See Rice.				
Painted Paper, See Paper.				
Painters' Colours, not otherwise enumerated or				l .
described, for every 100% of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	Í
Paintings on Glass, for every 100% of the Value -	80	ŏ	ŏ	_
and further, for every cwt. of glass	6	6	ŏ	_
Palm Oil, See Oil.	U	O	U	_
Panthers Skins, See Skins.				
				i
Pantiles, See Tiles.			ĺ	1
Paper, viz.				
Brown Paper made of old Rope or Cord-				:
age only, without separating or extract-			l	
ing the Pitch or Tar therefrom, and			I	
without any Mixture of other Materials	^		!	
therewith, the lb.	0	0	10	-
printed, painted, or stained Paper, or Pa-			- 1	
per Hangings, or Flock Paper, the Yard	_		_	
Square	0	1	7	
Waste Paper, or Paper of any other Sort,			- 1	
not particularly enumerated or des-				,
cribed, nor otherwise charged with	_		_ 1	
Duty, the lb	0	1	7	

		Bri	tish (	Currency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Duty		Drawback.
tradise, Grains of, See Grains.		ε.		£. c. d.
erchment, the Dozen Sheets		10	0	-
asteboards, the cwt	3	8	2	_
aving Stones, See Stones.				
— Tiles, See Tiles.				
earl Ashes, See Ashes.				
earl Barley, the cwt	0	17	6	-
earls, for every 100%. of the Value -	5	0	0	_
ears, the Bushel	0	7	6	
- dried, the Bushel	0	10	0	_
es, See Corn and Seed.				
'ebbie Stones, See Stones.				
ellitory, the lb.	0	0	6	0 0 4
elts, See Skins.	آ ا	_	-	
encils, for every 100l. of the Value -	50	0	0	_
— of Slate, See Slate Pencils.		-	-	
ens, for every 100% of the Value -	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	_
cony Seed, See Piony Seed, in Seed.		_	_	
epper, viz.	l			ļ
Cayenne Pepper, and Guinea Pepper,	l .			}
the lb.	0	2	6	l _
	۱ŏ		6	
Capsicum or Chillies, the lb.	١ŏ	_	6	1 _
erfumed Dust, See Hair Powder.	١٧	4	U	1 -
Oil, See Oil.				İ
Perry the Type containing Off College Pritish	1			ł
Perry, the Tun containing 252 Gallons, British		10	^	
Content Perusian Bark in Bark	34	18	0	_
Peruvianus Cortex, See Peruvian Bark, in Bark.	1			
Fickles of all Sorts, not otherwise enumerated or	٦	_	_	
described, the Gallon, British Content -	0	5	0	
Picture Frames, See Frames.				1
Fictures, viz.	_ ا	_	_	1
under Two Feet Square, the Picture -	8	8	0	1 -
of Two Feet Square, and under Four	_ ا		_	1
Feet Square, the Picture	6	16	0	_
of Four Feet Square, or upwards, the	١	_	_	1
Picture	10	4	0	_
Pig Iron, See Iron.	1			1
Lead. See Lead.	1			t
Pill Boxes, See Boxes.	1			!
l'imento, viz.	1			
of the British Plantations, the lb.	0	_	10	0 0 9
not of the British Plantations, the lb	0	1	3	_
Tine Oil, See Oil.	1			
I Me Koot, the lb.	0	0	10	0 0 6
17100V OF Pagny Sood See Seed	1			ł
by y a comy occu, occ occu.	1			1 .
Piony or Peony Seed, See Seed. Pistachio Nuts, See Nuts.	1			
Pitch, viz.				Į.
" Machio Nuts. See Nuts.	o	0	10	_

654

	<del>,</del> .					
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	British Currency.					
	Duty.	Danbeck.				
Pitch, continued.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
the Produce of any British Colony or Plan-	2. 5.	·				
tation, the cwt.	0 0 9	_				
Burgundy Pitch, the cwt.	0 14 3	i i				
Jew's Pitch, See Bitumen Judaicum.		1				
Plain Tiles, See Tiles.	I	ì				
Plants, Shrubs, and Trees alive, Duty free.	İ	ļ.				
Plaster of Paris, the cwt Plate, viz.	026	·				
battered, fit only to be remanufactured, See						
Bullion.		1				
of Gold, the oz. Troy	3 16 9					
of Silver Gilt, the oz. Troy	3 16 9 0 6 4	1				
part Gilt, the oz. Troy -	0 6 0	₹				
ungilt, the oz. Troy	0 4 6	,				
Plated Wire, See Gilt Wire, in Wire.	• - •	i				
Plate Glass, See Glass.						
Platina, the oz.	0 1 0					
Ore of, for every 100% of the Value	5 O O	_				
Platting, or other Manufactures to be used in or		· •				
proper for making Hats or Bonnets, viz.						
of Bast, Chip, Cane, or Horse Hair,		1				
of Straw, the lb.	1 0 0	_				
Playing Cards, See Cards.	0 17 0	-				
Plums dried, the lb.	0 1 3					
Polishing Rushes, for every 100% of the Value -	0 1 3 20 0 0					
Stones, See Stones.	0	_				
Polonia Wool, See Wool.		[				
Pomatum, for every 100% of the Value -	50 O O	_				
Pomegranates, the 1,000	1 10 0	· — I				
Pennics Heads See Conice Pennics	0 15 O	!				
Poppies Heads, See Capita Papaverum. Porcelain, See China Ware.		ļ į				
Portugal, Territories and Dominions of the Crown		} (				
of.						
Note Goods, Wares, and Merchandize,	1	} :				
being of the Growth, Produce, or Ma-		'				
nufacture of any of the Territories or	-					
Dominions of the Crown of Portugal,	1	1				
imported directly from any of the said						
Territories or Dominions, in a Ship or	i	1				
Vessel built in any of the said Territories	į.	i				
or Dominions, or taken by any Ship or	j	}				
Vessel of War belonging to the Portu-	]	ļ				
guese Government, or by any Ship or Vessel belonging to any of the Subjects	ł					
of the Territories or Dominions afore-	l l					
said, having Commissions and Letters of	1	;				
Marque and Reprisals from the Portu-	}	?				
4 ,	1					

MARIN (A) TYPE AND A	British	Currency.		
TABLE (A). — INWARDS.	Duty.	Drawback.		
guese Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the said Government, such Ship or Vessel being owned by Subjects of the said Government, and navigated with a Master and Three fourths of the Mariners at least Subjects of the said Government, may be entered and landed on Payment of such Duties of Customs, and no higher, as are payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the like Denomination or Description, upon their Importation from any other Foreign Country in British built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated, and registered according to Law; and in Cases where different Duties are imposed upon any Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the like Denomination or Description so imported from different Foreign Countries, then upon Payment of the lowest Duties which by Law are required to be paid on the Importation in British built Ships or Vessels of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize from any Foreign Country; and on the Exportation of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, the same Drawbacks shall be paid or allowed as on other Goods of the like Description; when exported; and on the Exportation of Goods of the like Description; when exported to any of the Islands, Plantations, or Colonies belonging to the Crown of Great Britain in America. See 51 Geo. 3. cap. 47. which Act is to be in force during the Continuance of the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, concluded between His late Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal, signed at Rio de Janerio, the 19th of February 1810.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
Potatoes, the cwt	0 2 0	-		
Melting Pots for Goldsmiths, the 100 of Stone, for every 100% of the Value	0 3 2 50 0 0	_		

					Bri	tish C	urrency.	
TABLE (A.) — INW	ARDS.				Duty		Drawl	eck.
				R	. s.	d.	£.	s. d.
Pottery, See Earthenware				l			l	
Powder, viz.								
- of Brass for Japanning,	the lb.			0			-	-
of Bronze, for every 10	xx. of	the Va	lue -	50	0	0	-	-
Gunpowder, See in G. Hair Powder, See in H.				ì				
Powder not otherwise es	, numaw	stad or	doe-	١.				
cribed, that will serve	for the	seme	llese i				1	
as Starch, the cwt.	-0. 147	-		9	10	0	1 _	_
Precious Stones, See Jewels.	••	-	- 1			_	1	
Printers' Ink, See Ink for Printe	rs.		j				1	
Prints and Drawings, viz.			1				l	
Plain, each.	-	-	-	0	0	1	_	-
Coloured, each -	•	•	-	0	0	2	-	-
- in Books, See Books.				,			l	
Prunelle, Sal, See Sal.							l	
Prunelloes, the lb.	-	•	-	0	1	3	-	-
Prunes, imported in a British bu	ilt Sbij	p, the c	cwt.	1	7	6	-	-
imported in a Ship not	British	built,	the	_	_		1	
cwt	-	-		1	8	6	-	-
Puddings, See Sausages.							1	
Pumice Stone, See Stone.		W7_4					1	
Pyrmont Water, See Mineral Wa	iter, in	water	•					
Q.				0	1~			
Quassia, the cwt.	• • •	E	1	ð	17	6	-	•
Extract or Preparation			in 1					
Quercitron, or Black Oak Bark, Quern Stones, See Stone.	DOG DI	M.V.	1			ı		
Quicksilver, the lb.	-	_	_ [	0	1	8	0 1	1
Quills, viz.	-	_		•	•	١	•	
Goose Quills, the 1,000		_	_ [	0	2	6	_	
Swan Quills, the 1,000		•	_		12	- 1		
Quinces, the 100		-	-	Õ	4	ŏ	_	
Quince Seed, See Seed.								
R.						- 1		
Racoon Skins, See Skins.			Ì			- 1		
Radix, viz.	_	_	_1	0	1	8	0 1	1
Contrayervæ, the lb. Enulæ Campanæ, the cw		-	- [	Ö		6	0 9	
Eringii, the lb.	-	-	_[	ŏ	0	6	0 0	
		-	-	ŏ	4	o l	0 2	8.
Inecacuenna, the lh		-		ŏ	2	ŏ	0 1	4
——— Ipecacuanna, the lb.		-			_	- 1		ı
Ipecacuanna, the lb. Rhataniæ, the lb.	- eparati	on of-	See			- 1		'
Ipecacuanna, the lb. Rhataniæ, the lb Extract or Pro-	- eparati	on of,	See					į
Ipecacuanna, the lb. Rhataniæ, the lb Extract or Pro- Extract.	- eparati -	on of,	See		1	9	0 1	2
Ipecacuanna, the lb. Rhataniæ, the lb Extract or Pro-		-	See	0	1	9 9	0 l 0 l	2 2

TABLE (A.) - INWARDS.	British Currency.						
(A.) — INWARDS.	Duty,			E	)raw	nck	
gs, viz.  - Old Rags, Old Ropes or Junk, or Old Fishing Nets, fit only for making Paper or Pasteboard, the Ton containing 20 cwt.		€	s. d.	a	e. s	. d	-
imported in a British built Ship imported in a Ship not British built Woollen Rags, fit only for the Purpose of Manure, the Ton containing 20 cwt imported in a British built	1 1	6			-		
Ship	0	18	0	1	_		
tish built tish built	0	15	0		_		
Denis or Lexia, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt	1	0	٥	0	18	0	
British built, the owt	1	1	0	0	18	0	
of the Sun, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.	2	2	6	,	18	0	1
imported in a Ship not British		_	v	•	10	U	ı
built, the cwt.  of any other Sort, imported in a British	2	8	6	1	18	0	I
built Ship, the cwt	1	2	0.	1	0	0	I
Note: No. 11 imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt.	1	8	0	1	0	۵	I
to be made on account of Damage. See	•		•	•	v	v	
Cakes, the cwt.  Seed, See Seed.	0	0	2		_		۱
- seed Oil. See Oil							ĺ
of Grapes, the Tun containing 252 Gallons, British Content tana, See Cordial Water, in Spirits. ttans, See Canes.  Linen Yarn, See Yarn.	11	1	8				
d Lead, See Load							
-Mangrove Bark, See BarkWool, See Wool. ad Canes, See Canes.							
in Deer Tongues, See Tongues. cunett, the Gallon, British Content tina Jalanus at h. B.	_	_					
tana Jalappee, the lb.	0	0 6	6 9	ο.	_	_	
	v			0	7	Ÿ	
Oil of Sec Oil	0 1	4	3	0	9	6	
GEO. IV. U u			Ţ			d	

**A.D.** 1823

C. 72.

		Brit	ista Ca	irrency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Duty.			Drawback.
Rhubarb, the lb	£.	s. 4	d. 0	£. s. d. 0 2 \$
Rice, viz.  the Produce of, and imported directly from any British Colony, Plantation, Territory or Dominion,  not being rough and in the Husk,				
the cwt	0	5	0	
rough and in the Husk, or Paddy, the Bushel not being the Produce of, and imported directly from any British Colony, Plantation, Territory or Dominion, and Rice the Produce of any other Country or Place,	0	0	73	-
not being rough and in the Husk, the cwt.	0	15	0	
rough and in the Husk, or Paddy, the Bushel	0	2	6	1
For the Allowance on the Exportation of clean Rice produced from such rough Rice, See the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.  Riga Balsam, See Balsam. Roch Allum, See Allum. Rock Moss, See Moss.  Oil, See Oil. Rocou, See Annotto. Ropes of Bast, See Bast Ropes.  New, See Cordage.  Old, See Rags. Rose Copper, See Copper. Rosemary, Oil of, See Oil. Roses, Leaves of, See Leaves.  Oil of, See Otto of Roses.  Oil of, See Oil. Rosin, or Colophonia,		-		
imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt. the Produce of any of the Dominions or	0	<b>4</b> <b>5</b>	9 6	_
Plantations belonging to the Crown of Great Britain, the cwt.  Rubies, See Jewels.  Rum, See Spirits.  Russia Linen, See Linen.  Mats, See Mats.  Rye, See Corn.	0	3	2	_
S. Sabadilla Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.				

TARID /A \				British Currency.					
TABLE (A.) —	TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.				Duty.			rawi	ack
I 01				d	?. s.	. d.	2	. s.	d
le Skins, See Skins.				l			1		
charum Saturni, the lb.	-	-	-	0	0	10	0	0	•
ower, the cwt.	-	-	-	0	8	9	1	_	
on, the lb.	-	-	-	0	7	6	0	5	C
penum Gum, See Gun	3.			ŀ			1		
, or Sago Powder, the	cwt.	•		1	10	0	1	_	
Cloth, or Sail Duck, S	see Sail Clo	oth, in L	inen.				1		
h See Linen.									
tiz.							l		
Ammoniac, the lb.	•	-	-	0	0	6		_	
Gem, the cwt.	-	-	-	0	8	0			
monum, the lb.	-		<b>-</b> ]	0	4	9	1		
runelle, the lb.	-	•	- 1	0	0	6	l	_	
accini, the lb.	-	•	-	0	3	2			
Oil, See Oil of Oliver	i.						İ		
, or Salop, imported d	lirectly fro	m the P	lace						
of its G	rowth, the	lb	- 1	0	1	3	0	0	10
imported	not direct	ly from	the						
Place of	its Growt	h, the lb		0	1	10	0	1	3
For the Duty payable	e on Salt i	mported	into						
Ireland, See 3 G.	4. c. 99.	_							
etre, the cwt.	-	-	-	0	0	6			
Boxes, See Boxes.			ı						•
al Wood, Oil of, See O	il.		- 1			- 1			•
arach Gum, See Gum.			- 1			ł			
us Draconis, imported	directly fro	om the P	lace			1			
of its (	Growth, th	e lb	1	0	1	8	0	1	1
imported	not direct	ly from	the			ļ			
Place	of its Grov	rth, the	lb.	0	2	6	0	1	8
ocolla Gum. See Gum.		•	í				-	_	_
, Island of, See Guerns	ey.		- 1			- 1			
aparilla, the lb	•	-	-	0	1	3	0	0	10
tairas, the cwt.	•	-	-	Ŏ	6	4	Ξ,	_	
- Bark, See Bark.			- 1	-	•	- 1			
— Oil of, See Oil.			- 1			- 1			
iders, viz.			l			1			
- Red, the Ton, con	ntaining 20	) cwt.	-	0	15	0			
- White or Yellow,	the lb.		-	ŏ	ō i			_	
wes, or Puddings, the l	b.	_	- 1	ŏ	ĭ	3		_	
eboards, the cwt	_	_	_[	ş	8	2		_	
amony, imported directly	v from the	Place of	ite	A	J	-	•	_	
Growth, the li	, 140m me ).			0	6	4	0	<b>A</b> .	9
imported not dis		the Di	ace	U	J	*	U	*	Z
of its Growth	the lh	· mc il		0	9	6	^	e .	A.
a, See Squills.	, cite 10.	-	-	U	3	١	0	6	4
Turpentine of, See Tur	nontino		- 1			- 1			
ptured Marble, See Ston	hennue.		- 1			- 1			
Cow, Sea Home or C.	o Marea	Tooth	ha			1			
Cow, Sea Horse, or Se	er Mouse	reem,	me	3	4.	۱		_	
•	TT 0	-	-	3	78	v	-	_	

		Ī		Britis	ab Cu	итеосу.
TABLE (A.) — INWARI	08.	-	D	Drawbaci		
			₽.	s. ·	d.	£. s.
Sealing Wax, See Wax.		ı		,	- 1	
Seal Oil, See Train Oil, in Oil.		1			١	
Skins, See Skins.		1				
Seed, viz.			_		_	į
Acorns, the Bushel	-	-	0	1	0	_
Ammi, or Amios Seed, the lb.	. <del>-</del>	-	0	0		_
Anniseed, the cwt.	-	-1	3	0	_	1 _
Burnet Seed, the cwt.	-	-	l	0	. 0	\ _
Canary Seed, the cwt.	-	- 1	3	_	Ö	_
Carraway Seed, the cwt.	-	-		10 0	9	l _
—— Carrot Seed, the lb.	-	- [	0	Ö	6	_
Carthamus Seed, the lb.		- 1	0	0	4	1 _
Castor Seed, the lb.	o . 1	- [	U	U	7	
Cevadilla Seed, See Sabadilla	Seea.	- 1		^	0	۱ _
Clover Seed, the cwt.	-	-	1	0	0	1 _
Cole Seed, the Last -	-	- 1	10	0	0	_
Coriander Seed, the cwt.	-	-	_	15	_	ا
Cummin Seed, the cwt.	-	-1	I	0	0	1 =
Fennel Seed, the lb.	•	- 1	0	0	9	1 _
Fenugreek Seed, the cwt.	-	-	0	9	6 5	
—— Flax Seed, the Bushel -	-	- 1	0	_	0	
Forest Seed, the lb.		ا ت	0	I	U	1
Garden Seed, not particular	ly enumera	rea				I
or described, nor otherwise	e cnargea w	itn	^	•	^	۱ _
Duty, the lb.		-	ō	1	0	1
Grass Seed of all Sorts, the	wt.	اء	1	0	0	
- Hemp Seed, the Quarter,	containing					1
Bushels, unti	l 25th Ma	ren		^	Λ	1 _
1824, inclusiv	'e -		1	0	0	
from and afte	r 25th Ma	rcn				l
1824, the Qu	arter, cont	BID-		^	^	_
ing 8 Bushels			2	0	0	1
the Produce of,	and impor	tea				1
from the Brit	Lish Colonie	or				i
Plantations in	America,	tne	_	,	Λ	_
Quarter, cont	aining 8 Bus	neis	0		_	
Linseed, the Bushel -	-	-	0			1 -
Leek Seed, the lb	~	-	0		_	_
Lucerne Seed, the cwt.	•	-	1			
Maw Seed, the cwt.	-	-	3		0	1 -
Millet Seed, the cwt	-	-	0		6	1 -
Mustard Seed, the Bushel	-	-	0	8	0	1 -
Onion Seed, the lb.	-	-	0		-	
Parsley Seed, the lb		, -	0	0	1	1
Peas, when prohibited to	be importe	1 88	۱ -		c	1 -
Corn, the Bushel -	•	-	1 0	_		
Piony, or Peony Seed, the	<b>b.</b> -	-	9		_	
Quince Seed, the lb	•	-	1.0	_	_	
Rape Seed, the Last	-	-	10	0	0	1

	-	Brit	ish C	arrency.	
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	I	uty.		Drawbacl	k.
Seed, continued.  —— Sabadilla, or Cevadilla Seed, the lb.  —— Shrub or Tree Seed, not otherwise enumerated, the lb.	<b>£</b> .	s. 1	d. 0 0	£. s. d	<i>r</i> .
Trefoil Seed, the cwt. Worm Seed, imported directly from the	1	0	0		
Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	6		0
Place of its Growth, the lb.  —— All Seeds not before enumerated, nor charged with Duty, commonly made use of for the Purpose of extracting Oil therefrom, the Last containing 10 Quarters, each Quarter	0	2	3	0 1 (	6
containing 8 Bushels  — All other Seed not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with	10	0	0	_	
Duty, for every 100% of the Value - Seed Lac, See Lac, in Gum.  —— Oil, See Oil.	<b>5</b> 0	0	.0		
Segars, manufactured of Tobacco, the lb Sena, imported directly from the Place of its		16	0	_	
Growth, the lb. imported not directly from the Place of its	0	1	3	0 0 1	3
Growth, the lb.  Senegal Gum, See Gum.  Senekæ Radix, Serpentariæ Radix, Shaven Latten, See Latten.  Shaving for Hats, See Platting.  Sheep Skins, See Skins.  Wool, See Wool.	0	•		0 1	
Shells of Mother of Pearl, for every 1001. of the Value - Shell Lac, See Lac, in Gum.	5	0	0	-	
Ships to be broken up, with their Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture (except Sails), for every 100%. of the Value  Shrubs, See Plants.	50	0	0	_	
Shumach, See Sumach. Sienna Terra, See Terra. Silesia Lawns, See Lawns, in Linen. Linen, See German Linen, in Linen.					
Silk, viz.  Knubs or Husks of Silks, the lb	0	4	0	0 1	8
Net, or Tulle, See Lace Raw Silk, the lb Thrown Silk, dyed, the lb not dyed, the lb	9	5	6	0 2 0 19 0 6	9 2 2
Waste or Floss Silk, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb. U u 3	0		0	0 1	8

		Brit	ish C	arrency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	T	Duty.		Drawback.
Silk Worm Gut, for every 100l. of the Value - Silver Coin, See Bullion. Silver Plate, See Plate Wire, See Wire. Simarouba Cortex, See Bark.	£. 20	<b>s.</b> 0	d. 0	£. s. d
Singing Birds, See Birds. Sisters Thread, See Thread. Skates for Sliding, for every 100l. of the Value -	<b>5</b> 0	0	0	_
Skins and Furs, viz.  Badger Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	1	6	0 1 (
Bear Skins, undressed, the Skin  undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in America, the	0	•	6	_
Skin	0	2	6	<b> </b> - '
Beayer Skins, undressed, the Skin  undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in America,	0	0	8	-
the Skin  Buck, or Deer Skins, See Deer Skins.  Calabar Skins, See Squirrel Skins.  Calves Skins and Kip Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried or in any Way dressed,	0	0	4	-
dry, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.	0	4	8	_ ;
imported in a Ship not British built, the cwt	0	14	0	_
wet, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British	0	2	4	_
built, the cwt.  the Produce of and imported from the West Coast of Africa, not ex- ceeding 7 lbs. Weight each Skin,	0	7	0	_
the cwt tanned, and not otherwise dressed,	0	2	4	_
the lb  Cat Skins, undressed, the Skin  undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in America, the	0	0	0 6	_
Skin Coney Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	0 0	0 1 0	3 0 4	_

		Brit	ish C	Currency.			
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	Duty.			Drawback.			
Skin, — Deer Skins, &c. continued.  undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in America,	æ.	s.	d.	£. s. d.			
the Skin Indian, half dressed, the Skin	0	0	2 8	· = ·			
undressed or shaved, the Skin	0	0	4				
Dog Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed or in any way dressed, imported in a British built Ship,							
the Dozen Skins imported in a Ship not British	0	0	10	_			
built, the Dozen Skins  Dog Fish Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins  Elk Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried or in any way dressed,	0	5 5	6 2	Ξ			
the Skin British	0	1	0	_			
built, the Skin  Ermine Skins, undressed, the Skin  Fisher's Skins, undressed, the Skin  undressed, imported from	0 0 0	2 0 1	0 8 0	0 0 7			
any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in America, the Skin  Fitches Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins  Fox Skins, undressed, the Skin	0 0 0	0 3 0	6 2 8	0 2 10			
British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in America, the	0	0	4				
- Tails, undressed, for every 1001. of the	20	0	0				
Value Goat Skins, viz raw or undressed, imported in a British built	20	U	U	_			
Ship, the Dozen Skins - imported in a Ship not Bri-	0	2	10	_			
tish built, the Dozen Skins	0 2 0 0 0 2		6 7	0 1 8			

		Bri	ish Currency.						
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	Duty.			S. Duty.			E (A.)—INWARDS.  Duty.		Drawback
Skins, continued.	£.	8.	d.	£					
Lamb Skins, viz.									
undressed, in the Wool, the				İ					
100 Skins	0	14	0	-					
tanned, or tawed, the 100	_	_	_	1					
Skins	2	0	0	-					
dressed in Oil, the 100 Skins - Leopard Skins, undressed, the Skin -	4	0	0	0 -					
Leopard Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	9 6	6 0	0 9					
Martin Skins, undressed, the Skin	Ö	0	6						
undressed, imported from any	U	v	U	l –					
British Colony, Plantation				1					
or Settlement in America,				i					
the Skin	0	0	3	_					
Tails, undressed, the 100 Tails -	-	16		0 15					
- Mink Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	4	_					
undressed, imported from any									
British Colony, Plantation				1					
or Settlement in America,			_	1					
the Skin	O	0	2	-					
dressed, the Skin	0	2	0	1 ~ ~					
Mole Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins	0	0	6	0 0					
- Musquash Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	_	12	6	-					
Nutria Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins Otter Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	12 1	6 6	_					
* undressed, imported from any	v	1	0	_					
British Colony, Plantation				ļ					
or Settlement in America,				}					
the Skin	0	1	0	_					
— Ounce Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	7	6	_					
— Panther Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	9	6	-					
- Pelts of Goats, undressed, the Dozen				1					
Pelts	0	3	Ø	-					
dressed, the Dozen Pelts	0	6	0	_					
- of all other Sorts, undressed, the 100	_		_						
Pelts	-	17	0						
Racoon Skins, undressed, the Skin undressed, imported from any	0	0	2	_					
British Colony, Plantation									
or Settlement, in America,			- 1						
the Skin	0	0	1	_					
— Sable Skins, undressed, the Skin	ŏ	8	4	0 7					
Tails, or Tips of Sable, undressed, the	·	Ü	•						
Piece	0	1	3	0 1 1					
- Seal Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed	_								
or in any Way dressed,			- 1						
imported in a British built			- 1						
Ship, the Skin -	0	0	3	_					
imported in a Ship not	_	_	_ }						
British built, the Skin -	0	1	3						

				<del></del>	<del></del>
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Brit	ish C	urrency.	
THOUS (A.)—INWARDS.		Duty	·	Drawback	$\overline{\cdot}$
Skins, - Seal Skins, &c. continued.	æ		. d.	£. s. d	
of British taking, and im-	ł				٠
ported directly from	l _	_			
Newfoundland, the Skin — Skins of Scals taken in any Foreign Fishery,	0	0	1		
by Persons not being British Subjects,	ĺ		- 1		
the Skin	0	0	6		
- Sheep Skins, undressed, in the Wool, the		·	Ĭ	_	
Dozen Skins	0	2	3		
tanned or tawed, the 100 Skins	2	0	0	-	
dressed in Oil, the 100 Skins -	4	0	0		
— Squirrel, or Calabar Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	^	11	ام	0.10	. 1
tawed, the 100	U	11	6	0 10 4	•
Skins	0	17	6	-	Į
Tails undressed, for every		-•		_	1
100l. of the Value -	20	0	0		1
— Swan Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	2	3		
Tiger Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	9	6	086	3
Weasel Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins     Wolf Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	4	9	0 4 9	3
• undressed, imported from any	U	2	0		Ī
British Colony, Plantation or			ı		
Settlement in America, the					1
Skin	0	1	0		-
tawed, the Skin		17	6		-
- Wolverings, undressed, the Skin	0	1	0	-	١
undressed, imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or					-
Settlement in America, the			- 1		1
Skin	0	0	6		
- Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs,	•	•	١	_	ĺ
raw or undressed, not particularly enumer-			- 1		-
ated or described, nor otherwise charged			I		-
with Duty, for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0		
Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs, tanned, tawed, curried or in any Way			- 1		
dressed, not particularly enumerated or					1
described, nor otherwise charged with			l		ı
Duty, for every 100% of the Value	75	0	0	_	- 1
The Duty on Skins marked *, being the	• -	_	_		١
Produce of and imported directly			1		1
from the Island of Newfoundland, is					
suspended until the 5th July 1824, See the Act 59 G. 3. c. 83.			1		
State, See Stone.					
Pencils, for every 100% of the Velue	20	0	0	_	
Tables of 7		•	~		
Sales in Frames. See Stone.			1		
Slick Stones,			- 1		

		British Currency.			
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Duty.			Drawback.	
•	æ.	. s.	d.	£. s. L	
Smalts, the lb	0	0	9	_	
Smyrna Raisins, See Raisins.					
Snake Root, See Radix Serpentariæ.					
Snuff, the lb	0	6	0	_	
Soap, viz.				ł	
Ashes, See Ashes.				ł	
—— Hard, the cwt	_	10	0		
Soft, the cwt.		11	3	_	
Soapers' Waste, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	3	2	_	
Socotorina Aloes, See Aloes.				l	
Soda, See Alkali.					
Spa Ware, for every 100% of the Value -	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	<b>–</b>	
Water, See Mineral Water, in Water.					
Spanish Wool, See Wool.					
Specimens of such Minerals, Fossils or Ores,				1	
which are not particularly enumer-				1	
ated or described, nor otherwise				ł	
charged with Duty, each Specimen		_			
not exceeding in Weight 14 lbs	F	ree.	•	-	
exceeding in Weight 14lbs. each, for					
every 100% of the Value -	5	0	0	-	
illustrative of Natural History, not					
otherwise enumerated or described,					
for every 100% of the Value	5	0	0		
Spelter, the cwt	1	8	6	-	
Spermaceti, viz.					
Candles, See Candles.			- 1		
Fine, the lb	0	1	6		
———— Oil, See Train Oil, in Oil.					
Spike, Oil of, See Oil.			Í		
Spikenard, or Nardus Indica, the lb	0	2	9	0 1 10	
Spirits, viz.			ı		
Arquebusade Water, Hungary Water, La-					
vender Water, or			- }		
Usquebaugh, the			- 1		
Gallon, British Con-			- 1		
tent, single -	1	2	63		
the Gallon, British			7		
Content, if above			- 1		
Proof -	1	16	01		
Brandy, imported in a British built Ship,		_	•		
the Gallon, British Content	0	18	103		
if above Proof, the Gallon, Bri-	-		•		
	1	12	43	<b>-</b> - j	
tish Content	_		-	!	
			- 1	1	
imported in a Ship not British	•		- 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	n	19	03	_	
imported in a Ship not British built, the Gallon, British	0	19	03	-	

	British (			Currency.			
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Duty.			Drawbac			
pirits, continued.	£.	8.	d.	æ.	3.	d	
Citron Water, the Gallon, British Content	1	7	94			٠.	
if above (Proof, the Gallon,	_	٠	•				
British Content -	2	1	33				
Geneva, imported in a British built Ship,	_	_	- •				
the Gallon, British Content	0	18	101		_		
if above Proof, the Gallon,			•				
British Content -	1	12	43		_		
imported in a Ship not British			-				
built, the Gallon, British			ļ				
Content	0	19	03				
if above Proof, the Gallon,	_		•				
British Content	1	12	61				
- Hungary Water, ? See Arquebusade	_		- •				
- Lavender Water, Water.							
- Rum, the Produce of any British Colony			ł				
or Plantation in America,							
the Gallon, British Content	0	11	71				
if above Proof, the Gallon,							
British Content -	1	1	3				
of any other Sort, the Gallon, British							
Content	0	18	63		_		
if above Proof, the Gallon,	-		•				
British Content -	1	12	03		_		
- Usquebaugh, See Arquebusade Water.	_		•				
- Whiskey, the Produce of any British			- 1				
Colony or Plantation in							
America, the Gallon, Bri-			1				
tish Content, single -	0	11	71				
the Gallon, British Content,			-1				
if above Proof	1	1	3		_		
- Spirits and Cordial or Strong Waters, not			- 1				
particularly enumerated or			1				
described, nor otherwise							
charged with Duty, the							
Gallon, British Content,							
single	1	2	63				
the Gallon, British Content,			7				
if above Proof	1	16	03		_		
Foreign Liquors — Derelict, Jestsam, Flot-			7				
sam, Lagan or Wreck, brought or coming							
into Ireland, are subject to the same							
Duties, and entitled to the same Draw-							
backs as Liquors of the like Kind regu-	ı		- 1				
larly imported.							
Sponge, imported directly from the Place of its							
Growth, the lb	0	2	0	0	1	4	
	ı		i				
	1						
imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.  Spruce Beer, See Beer.	0	3	0	0	2	0	

		Brit	ish C	штевсу.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Duty.			Drawback.
Spruce, continued.	æ.	s.	d.	£. s. d.
Essence of, See Essence.				
Canvas, See Canvas, in Linen.		_	_	
Squills, dried, the cwt	1	Õ	0	_
not dried, the cwt	U	5	0	_
Squirrel Skins, See Skins. Stag Horns, See Horns.				
Stained Paper, See Paper.				l ·
Starch, the cwt	9	10	0	l · _
Statuary, ) See Sculptured			-	
Statues of Marble or Stone Marble, in				1
sculptured, Stone.				
Stavesacre, the cwt	1	8	0	0 18 8
Steel, or any Manufacture of Steel, not otherwise				}
enumerated or described, for every 100%				
of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	-
Wire, See Wire.				
Stibium, See Antimony.				l
Stick Lac, See Lac, in Gum.				
Sticks, viz. Walking Sticks, for every 100% of the	50	Λ	^	]
Value	<b>5</b> 0	0	0	-
Stock Fish, See Fish. Stockings, viz.				1
of Cotton for every 100l. of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	l _
of Thread or Worsted, for every 100l.	-	v	v	
of the Value	50	0	0	_
Stone. viz.	-	•	-	
Burrs for Mill Stones, the 100 -	3	16	0	_
See Note under the Head of Guernsey.				]
— Dog Stones, not exceeding 4 Feet in Dia-				ļ
meter, above 6 and under 12 Inches in				ļ
Thickness, the Pair	6	3	6	_
Emery Stones, the cwt.	0	2	0	-
Filtering Stones, for every 100% of the	=0	_	_	
Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	_
Flint Stones for Potters, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	2	6	
Grave Stones of Marble, polished, each not	U	4	U	
containing more				
than Two Feet				
square, the Foot				
square, superfi-				
cial Measure -	0	2	6	
unpolished, the				
Foot square, su-			-	
perficial Mea-				
sure	0	0	10	
not of Marble, polished or un-			1	
polished, the Foot square,	_	_	_	
superficial Measure -	U	U	6	

		Brit	ish C	urrency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Œ	uty.		Drawback.
Stone, continued.  Lime Stone, for every 100% of the Value  Marble, in any Way manufactured, (except Grave Stones and Paving Stones, each not containing more than 2 Feet square,)	£. 20	0	0	£. s. d.
the cwt.  Marble Blocks, the solid Foot  Marble Busts, Chimney Pieces, sculptured, Statues, Marble Paving Stones, polished, each not containing more than Two Feet square, the Foot square, superficial	0	5 5	0	_
Measure - rough, the Foot square, superfi-	0	0	10	-
cial Measure - Mill Stones, above 4 Feet in Diameter, or if 12 Inches in Thickness or upwards, the	0	0	6	_
Pair Paving Stones, not of Marble, the 100	11	8	0	-
Feet square, superficial Measure See Note under the Head of Guernsey.	0	12	0	-
Pebble Stones, the Ton containing 20 cwt. Polishing Stones, for every 100% of the	0	13	6	-
Value Pumice Stones, the Ton containing 20 cwt. Quern Stones, under 3 Feet in Diameter, and not exceeding 6 In-		0 1 <b>3</b>	_	=
ches in Thickness, the Pair	0	8	9	_
the Pair  Rag Stones, for every 100l. of the Value  Sculptured Marble and Statuary, See Marble in any Way manufactured.  Note. — If any Statue, Group of Figures, or other Stone or Marble  Ornament carved out of the same  Block, shall exceed One Ton Weight, the Duty to be charged thereon shall be estimated at the Rate payable for One Ton Weight, and no more.		17 0		_

	Г				
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		British Curren			
		Duty	•	Drawl	ack.
Stone, continued.	æ.		d.	£.	s. d.
Slate, the Produce of the Islands of Guern- sey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney or					
Man, and imported from those	l			1	
Islands respectively, for every		_	_	l	
100% of the Value of any other Country, not otherwise	26	8	0		-
enumerated or described, for				<b>!</b>	
every 100% of the Value -	66	10	0	} -	-
Slates in Frames, the Dozen	0	_	0	-	-
Slick Stones, the 100 Statuary, See Sculptured Marble.	0	8	0	1 -	_
Stone, sculptured, See Sculptured Marble.					
Stone to be used for the Purpose of Litho-	[				
graphy, the cwt.	0	_	0	1 -	_
Whetstones, the 100	0	8	9	.	_
Stones not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with	i			ł	
Duty, for every 100% of the Value -	66	10	0		_
——— Stone Bottles, See Bottles.				ľ	
Storax or Styrax, viz.	1			ł	
Calamita, imported directly from the Place	_	0			1 4
of its Growth, the lb imported not directly from the	0	2	0	0	1 1
Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	3	0	0	2 0
- Liquida, imported directly from the Place		_	•		
of its Growth, the lb.	0	3	4	0	2 9
imported not directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb	_	_	^		9 4
in the Tear or Gum, imported directly from	0	5	0	0	J 7
the Place of its					
Growth, the lb.	0	8	4	0	56
imported not directly					
from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	_	10	6	0	8 4
Straw Hats or Bonnets, See Hats.	U	12	٥		, .
Platting, See Platting.					
Stuffs of all Sorts, made of or mixed with Wool,					
for every 100% of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	_	•
Sturgeon, See Fish. Styrax, See Storax.			- 1		
Succades, the lb.	0	3	2		
of the British Plantations in America,	•	_	-		
the lb	0	0	6	-	
Succini Sal, See Sal.	_			0 1	1
Succinum, the lb.  Oil of, See Oil of Amber, in Oil.	0	1	8	ניט	1
Succus Liquoritia, See Liquorice Juice.			- 1		ļ
lugar, Brown or Muscovado, viz.					
not of the British Plantations, the cwt.	3	3	0	-	,

	:	Briti	sh C	urrency.
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	D	uty.		Drawback.
Sugar, Brown, &c. continued.  of the British Plantations, the cwt.  Whenever it shall appear by Notice in The London Gazette that the Average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar of the British Plantations shall be below 49s. the cwt., it shall be lawful for the Lords of His Majesty's Treasury to suspend, until a new Average shall be published, 1s. the cwt., Part of the Duty on Sugar of the British Plantations; and if the Average Price shall be below 48s., 2s. the cwt. of such Duty; and if the Average Price shall be below 47s., then 3s. the cwt. of such Duty, and to continue from time to time if the Case shall so require, according to the Average Price so published. See the Act to which	<b>L</b> . 1	s. 10	d. 0	£. <u>s</u> . d.
the Table is annexed. ———Refined, the cwt.	8	8	0	_
Sugar Candy, viz.			_	
Brown, the cwt.	5 8	12 8	0	_
Sulphur Impressions, for every 100% of the Value	5		ŏ	_
— Vivum, See Brimstone.			-	
Sumach, the cwt. Sun, Raisins of the, See Raisins. Swan Quills, See Quills. Skins, See Skins. Sweep Washers Dirt, containing Bullion, See Bullion. Switzerland Linen, See German Linen, in Linen.	0	1	7	_
Tables of Marble, polished, See Marble, in Stone.  ———————————————————————————————————				
Tails, viz.  Buffalo, Bull, Cow or Ox Tails, the 100  Fox Tails,  Martin Tails,  Sable Tails,	0	6	0	_
Squirrel or Calabar Tails,	0	0	8	_
Tallow, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt.	0	3	2	-
imported in a Ship not British built, the	٥	4.	0	_
——— Candles, See Candles.		-	-	İ
Tamarinds, the lb.	0	0	8	_
of the British Plantations in America,	10	0	6	1

4° GEO. IV.

		итевсу.		
TABLE (A.)—INWARDS.	1	Outy.	.	Drawbeck
Tapes, viz.	æ.		d.	2. 5. 0
Open for every 100l. of the Value	50	0	0	_
— Worsted, for every 100l. of the Value -	<b>5</b> 0	0	0	_
Tapestry, not of Silk, for every 1001. of the Value	<b>50</b>	0	0	_
Tapioca, or Tapioca Powder, the cwt.	1	10	0	_
Tar, viz.				i
imported in a British built Ship, the Last				
containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not ex-				Į.
ceeding 311 Gallous, British Content -	1	1	6	_
- imported in a Ship not British built, the Last				
containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not ex-				l
ceeding 311 Gallons, British Content -	1	3	0	l –
the Produce of any British Colony or Plant-		-	-	1
ation, the Last containing 12 Barrels, each				1
Barrel not exceeding 314 Gallons, British				l
Content	0	19	6	_
Barbadoes Tar, the lb	Ŏ	ō	5	_
Tares, the Quarter containing 8 Bushels -		10		i _
Tarras, the Bushel	ŏ	ĭ	3	۱ _
Tartar, Cream of, See Cream of Tartar.	•	_	•	1
Tea, See Table (B.)				l
Teasles, the 1000	0	1	8	_
Teeth, viz.		_	•	I
Elephants' Teeth, See in E.				•
Sea Cow, Sea Horse or Sea Morse Teeth,				l
See in S.				!
Telescopes, for every 100l. of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	O	
Terra, viz.	-	·	•	-
Japonica or Catecha, the lb	0	0	10	l _
Sienna, the cwt.		11	8	
Umbra, the cwt	-	12	Ö	_
Verde, the cwt	_	16	ŏ	
Thread, viz.	v	10	U	_
Bruges Thread, the Dozen lbs	1	10	6	_
Cotton Throad for every 100% of the	ı	10	U	-
Cotton Thread, for every 100l. of the	EΩ	^	^	1
	<i>5</i> 0	_ :	0	_
Outnal Thread, the Dozen lbs.		10	6	_
Pack Thread, the cwt.	_	10	6	_
Sisters Thread, the lb.	0	.8	4	_
Whited Brown Thread, the Dozen lbs.	1	16	6	_
not otherwise enumerated or described,	FA	_		
for every 100l. of the Value -	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	_
Stockings, See Stockings.				
Thrown Silk, See Silk.				
Thyme, Oil of, See Oil.		_	_ [	
Ticking, for every 100% of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	_
Ticks, for every 100% of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	_
Titles of all Sorts for anomy 100/ of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	_
Tiles of all Sorts, for every 100% of the Value Tin, the cwt.	5	9	8	

				•		07.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Bri	tish (	Curren	 су.	
		Duty	7.	Dra	wbac	ck.
bacco, unmanufactured, of the Value duction of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations, Islands or Territories in America or the West Indies, or of the United States of America, or of any	50	. s. 0 0	d. 0	_	8.	
of the Territories or Dominions of the Emperor of Russia, or of the Ottoman or Turkish Empire, the lb.  of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the Plantations or Dominions	0	1	0	-	_	
of Spain or Portugal, the lb.  manufactured, the lb.  Note. — Tobacco is subject to a further Duty,	0		0	~	_	
acco Pipes, for every 100% of the Value gues, the Dozen	50 0	_	0		-	
will or Turnsole, the cwt.	50 0 0	0 10	0	_	- -	
th Stones, for every 100% of the Value, if of Flax, See Flax. if of Hemp,	20	0 (	0	_	-	
- imported in a British built Ship,						
the cwt in a Ship not British	. 0	9 6	3		•	
built the are	0 1	Δ 4				
parth Gum, See Gum.		0 0			•	
sch of Venice, the lb.		3 6		-		
mith, imported directly from the Place of ita	0	<i>5</i> 6		_		1
imported not directly from the Place of	0	<b>2</b> 6		0 1	8	
its Growth, the lb. bots, See Fish. ley Carpets, See Carpets.	0 :	<b>9</b>		2	6	
menck, the lh	0 (	0 4		_		
nery, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100%. of the Value nsole, See Tornsal. pentine, viz.	50 C	0				
Common, the cwt. of Venice, Scio or Cyprus, the lb. of Germany or any other Place not	0 4 0 0	10	0	<u>_</u>	6	
4 Gro. IV. X x			,		1	

4° GEO. IV.

TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		B	ritish	Currency.	
		Dut		Drawbacl	k.
ashing Balls, See Balls.			. d.	£. s.	_
aste, viz.	-			<b>2. 3.</b> (	a.
Cotton Waste, See Cotton Wool, in Wool.  Silk Waste, See in Silk.	1				
atches, of Gold, Silver or other Metal, for every	1				
100% of the Value				]	
atch Glasses, for every 100% of the Value	50			-	
and further, for every own	80	_	_	_	
	6	6	0	_	
-Arquebusade,	1			1	
— Citron,	l				
Cordial, See Spirits.	l			i	- 1
Hungary, Lavender,					- 1
- Mineral or Notated Wassell To	1			[	1
- Mineral or Natural Water, the Dozen Bot-	1		1		I
tles or Flasks, each Bottle or Flask not exceeding Three Pints	1				
Strong Water, See Spirits.	0	4	0	_	- 1
y viz.					- 1
- Bees Wax, unmanufactured, the cwt.		_			
the Produce of and imported	3	6	6	_	- 1
from any British Colony,					
Plantation or Territory,					- 1
the cwt.	2	6	6		- 1
- White or manufactured, the cwt.	6	3	6	_	
"If wax, the ib.	Ō	ĭ	ŏ		- 1
- Sealing Wax, for every 100% of the Value - Candles, See Candles.	<i>5</i> 0	0	0		1
ase Sking See Sking			ĺ		- [
au, the cwt.	_	_			1.
ale Fins, viz.	0	2	9	-	-1
taken and caught by the Crew of a			- 1		-
British built Ship or Vessel wholly			- 1		-1
owned by His Majesty's Subjects,			- 1		1
usually residing in Great Britain			- 1		1
ireland or the Islands of Guernsey.			- 1		1
Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, re-			- 1		1
gistered and navigated according					1
to Law, and imported in any such			1		1
Shipping, the Ton containing 20 cwt.					1
taken and caught wholly by II's M.	2	7	6	-	
taken and caught wholly by His Ma- jesty's Subjects usually residing in			- 1		1
any Part of His Majesty's Domi-			-		1
nions, and imported directly from	•		- 1		1
any British Colony, Island, Plant-					1
ation, Settlement or Territory, in a			, [		
british built Ship or Vessel, owned.					
navigated and registered according			1		1
to Law, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	3	3	4		1
X x 2			•		-

	В	ritis	a Cw	певсу.	
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	Du	ty.		Drawbac	ch.
Whale Fins, continued.  For the Suspension of the Duty on Whale Fins imported directly from the Island of Newfoundland or the Coast of Labrador, until the 5th July 1824, See the Act to which this Table is annexed.  of Foreign Fishing, the Ton containing 20 cwt.  Note. — For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Whale Fins may be admitted to Entry as of	£.		<del></del>		
British Fishing, See the Act to which this Table is annexed.  Whale Oil, See Train Oil, in Oil.  Wheat, See Corn.  —— Flour, See Corn.  Whetstones, See Stone.  Whipcord, the lb.  Whited Brown Thread, See Thread.  White Lead, See Lead.  Wick Yarn, See Yarn.  Wine, viz.  —— the Produce of His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope or the Territories.	O	1	0	-	
or Dependencies thereof, imported directly from thence, in a British built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons British Content in a Ship not British built, the Tun containing 252 Gallons British Content For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Cape Wine must be imported and admitted to Entry, See the Act 54 G. 3. c. 77.		17 18	_	29 8	
Wine, viz.  French Wine,  Tun containing 252 Gallons British Content  imported in a British built Ship, the  Tun containing 252 Gallons British Content  imported in a Ship not British built,  the Tun containing 252 Gallons  British Content  German Wine,  Hungary Wine,	144				-

Wine, continued.  Madeira Wine,  imported in a British built Ship, the	Duty	d.	Drawback.
— Madeira Wine,	s€. s.	d.	
			s€. s. d.
Tun containing 252 Gallons British Content	96 12	0	_
the Tun containing 252 Gallons British Content Portugal Wine,	99 15	0	
imported in a British built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	05 11	•	
British Content imported in a Ship not British built, the Tun containing 252	95 11	0	_
Gallons British Content  Note. — Wine of the Produce of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, imported into Ireland directly from any of the said Territories or Dominions, in a Ship or Vessel built therein, or taken by any Ship or Vessel of War belonging to the Portuguese Government, or by any Ship or Vessel belonging to any of the Subjects of the Territories or Dominions aforesaid, having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the Portuguese Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the said Government, such Ship or Vessel so importing being owned by Subjects of the said Government, and navigated with a Master and Three fourths of the Mariners at least Subjects thereof, may be entered and landed on Payment of such Duties of Customs, and no higher, as are payable on such Wine when imported into Ireland in a British built Ship. See 51 G.3. c. 47., which Act is to be in force during the Continuance of the Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation concluded between His late Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal, signed at Rio de Janeiro, the 19th February 1810.  Rhenish, German, and Hungary Wine,	98 14	0	-
the Tun containing 252 Gallons,	118 13	o	_

A.D. 1823.

		Brit	tish C	ептенсу.	
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	I	Duty.	.	Deswhe	ĸĖ.
Wine,—Rhenish, German, &c. Wine, continued imported in a Ship not British	£.	8.	d.	£	ď.
built, the Tun containing 252 Gallons, British Content Spanish Wine, and Wine not otherwise enumerated or described,	122	17	0	_	
imported in a British built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons imported in a Ship not British built,	95	11	0	-	
the Tun containing 252 Gallons  Note.—For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, under which a Drawback shall be allowed of all the Duties of Customs on certain Quantities of Wine, in certain Proportions, intended for the Use of Admirals, Captains, and other Commissioned Officers employed in His Majesty's Service, for their actual Consumption on board such Ships as they shall serve in, or for the Use of Commissioned Officers of the Royal Marines, or of Persons acting as such, for their Consumption on board such of His Majesty's Ships as they shall serve in, See 54 G. 3. c. 129. s. 20.  Note.—For the Conditions under which a Drawback can only be allowed on the Exportation of any Wine from Ireland, See the Act to which the Table is annexed.  Wine Lees, subject to the same Duty as Wine, but no Drawback is allowed on the Lees of Wine exported.  Winteranus Cortex, See Winters Bark, in Bark.	98	14	0		
Wire, viz.  Brass or Copper, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt.  Gilt or Plated, for every 100% of the Value  Iron, not otherwise enumerated or described,	<i>.5</i> 0	14 0	0	_	
the cwt.  Latten, the cwt.  Silver, for every 100% of the Value  Steel, the lb.  Woad, the cwt.  Wood, all Sorts of. For the several Duties and Drawbacks, See Acts now in force relating	5 5 50 0 0	18 9 0 1 6	9 3 0 10 6	= = =	I
Drawbacks, See Acts now in force relating thereto. Wolf Skins, See Skins. Wolverings, See Skins.					

		Brit	ish (	Currency.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.	I	uty.		Drawback.
	£.	s.	d.	£. s. d.
ool, viz. Beaver Wool, the lb.	0	1	7	-
cut and combed, the lb	Ō	4	9	-
- Bison or Buffalo Wool, the Produce of and	•			
imported directly from any British				
Colony, the lb	0	0	4	•
the Produce of and imported from	_	-	-	
any Foreign Country, the lb	0	0	6	
- Carmenia Wool, See Goat Hair, in Hair.			-	
— Coney Wool, the lb	0	0	6	
- Cotton Wool, or Waste of Cotton Wool, viz.		_		
the Produce of any British Colony or				
Plantation in America, and import-	•			
ed directly from thence, Duty free.				1
the Produce of any British Colony				
or Plantation in America, not				
being imported directly from				1
thence, and Cotton Wool or				}
Waste of Cotton Wool, the	1			!
Produce of any other Country				1
or Place,				
if imported in a British built				1
Ship, for every 100l. of the				ł
Value	6	0	0	
if imported in a Ship not Bri-	•	•	•	
tish built, for every 100%. of				1
the Value	12	0	0	1
- Goat's Wool, See Goat Hair, in Hair.		•	v	
- Hare's Wool, the cwt	1	1	10	
- Lamb's Wool, See Sheep's Wool.	•	•		<u> </u>
Ostrich Wool, the lb	0	0	6	I
- Polonia Wool, the lb	ŏ	ŏ	6	_
Red Wool, the lb.	ŏ	ŏ	6	
— Sheep or Lamb's Wool, viz.	•	v	U	_
the Produce of any Foreign Coun-				1
try, the lb	0	0	6	l
the Produce of and imported di-		U	U	_
rootly from one British Colony				1
rectly from any British Colony				1
or Territory,				1
until the 5th January 1826,	_	•	٥	İ
inclusive, the lb	0	0	3	-
from and after the 5th Jan-	_	^	c	1
uary, 1826, the lb.	0	0	6	-
Turkey Goat's Wool, See Goat Hair, in Hair.	ŀ			
All Articles made of or mixed with Wool,	1			1
not particularly enumerated or described,	1			1
nor otherwise charged with Duty, for		^	^	
weller St. C. St. C. St. C.	50	0	0	_
Woollen Stuffs, See Stuffs.	ł			İ
Worm Seed, See Seed.	ı			•

	1	Br	itish (	Detremey.
TABLE (A.) — INWARDS.		Dut		Drawback.
Worsted Caps, See Caps.  ———————————————————————————————————	£.	s.	d.	£. s. d.
Yarn, viz.  Cable Yarn, the cwt. Camel or Mohair Yarn, the lb. Cotton Yarn, the lb. Raw Linen Yarn,	1 0 0	1 0 1 1	6 10 5 7	- - -
imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British built,	o	1	0	-
the cwt.  Wick Yarn, the cwt.  Worsted Yarn, being of Two or more	1 4	0 8	0 8	=
Threads, twisted or thrown, the lb.  Yarn of any other Sort not particularly enumerated or described, nor otherwise	0	1	7	-
charged with Duty, for every 100% of the Value - Yellow Berries, See Berries.	50	0	o	-
Z. Zaffre, the lb	0	^	4	
Zedoaria, imported directly from the Place of its	0	•	7	0 0 10
Growth, the lb imported not directly from the Place of		L	3	
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, being either in part or wholly manufactured, and not being enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used in Ireland, except Salt, and Wood of all Sorts, liable to the Duties and Drawbacks under the Acts now in force, for every 100% of the Value  Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, not being either in part or wholly manufactured, and not being enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used in Ireland, except Barilla, Salt, and Wood of all Sorts, liable to the Duties and Drawbacks under the Acts now in force,	50	0	0	_ :
for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0	_

## TABLE (B.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, being of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, imported into Ireland; and on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize imported into Ireland from His Majesty's Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, and the Territories and Dependencies thereof; or imported through Great Britain, having been so imported; and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize.

		Bri	tish (	Curren	cy.				
TABLE (B.)—INWARDS.	Duty.			Duty. D			Drawbac		
<b>A.</b>	£	. s.	d.	æ.	. s.	d.			
Acorus, the lb	0	0	10	0	0	6			
Agates or Cornelians, viz.  ———————————————————————————————————									
every 100% of the Value	60	0	0		_				
rough or unmanufactured, for every 100l.	w	v	·						
of the Value	20	0	0		_				
Alkali, not being Barilla, viz.		•	•						
any Article containing Soda or Mineral Alkali, whereof Mineral Alkali is the most valuable Part, (such Alkali not being otherwise particularly charged with Duty),  if not containing a greater Proportion of such Alkali than 20 per Centum,  imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship	o	11	4	0	5	. 8			
not British built, the cwt if containing more than 20 per Centum, and not exceeding 25 per Centum, of such Alkali,	0	12	0	0	5	8			
imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. imported in a Ship not British built, the	0	15	0	0	7	6			
cwt	0	15	8	0	7	6			

British Carret						
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	Duty.			Drawback.		
Alkali,—Articles containing Soda, &c. continued.  if containing more than 25 per Centum, and not exceeding 30 per Centum, of such Alkali,	æ.	<b>s.</b>	d.	£. ; d		
imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. imported in a Ship not British built, the		18		0 9		
cwt if containing more than 30 per Centum, and not exceeding 40 per Centum, of such Alkali, imported in a British	0	19	0	0 9		
built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship not British built, the	1					
cwt if containing more than 40 per Centum of such Alkali, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt imported in a Ship		10	0			
not British built, the cwt Alkermes, Confection of, the oz	1 0	10	_	1		
Almonds, viz.  Bitter, the cwt.  of any other Sort, the cwt.	0 2	15 7		0 14		
Aloes, viz.  Socotorina, the lb.  of any other Sort, the lb.  Alum, the cwt.  Roch Alum, the cwt.  Amber, viz.		_	9	0 1 0 0		
Beads or other Manufactures of Amber, the lb. Rough, the lb. Ambergris, the oz. Ammoniac Gum, See Gum Ammoniac. Sal, See Sal Ammoniac.	0 0		8			
Anacardium, the lb.  Animi Gum, See Gum.  Anniseed, See Seed.  Oil of, See Oil.	0	2	0	0 1		

			•	<u> </u>		
TADI P /D \ INWADDO		Bri	tish (	Currency.	_	
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.		Duty	 7•	Drawback.		
	æ		d.	£. s. d		
motto or Rocou, viz.				1	-	
Flag, the lb.	. 0	0	5	<u> </u>		
Roll, or any other Sort, not otherwise	<u>,  </u>			1		
enumerated or described, the lb.	·   0	_	0	l —		
quafortis, the cwt	-  0	14	3	-		
rabic Gum, See Gum.	Ì			Ì		
rangoes or Arango Beads, for every 100% of the		_	_	1		
Value	.   31	_	-	-		
rgol, the cwt.	-  0	4	9	<b>–</b>		
rrack, See Spirits.			2	l		
row Root or Powder, the lb.	-   0	0	Z	_		
white, the cwt.		14	3			
of any other Sort, the cwt.	_	18		=		
afætida, the lb.	Ö		10	000	6	
	"			" " '	•	
В.				ł		
Isam, viz. Artificial or Natural, the lb.	. 0	4	6	<b>-</b>		
rk, viz.	1					
- Angustura Bark, the lb	. 0	2	0	0 1 4	4	
- Clove Bark, the lb	.  0	0	10	006	5	
- Jesuit's Bark, See Peruvian Bark.	1					
- Peruvian or Jesuit's Bark, the lb.	. 0	2	0	0 1 4	ŀ	
- Bark not otherwise enumerated or described,		_	_			
if for Medicinal Use, the lb.	0	2	0			
if not for Medicinal Use, for every		_	_			
100l. of the Value	20		0		,	
dellium, the lb	0	1	8	0 1 1	L	
Amber Beads, See Amber.				1		
- Arango Beads, See Arangoes.						
— Coral Beads, the lb.		15	10			
Crystal Beads, the 1,000	ĭ	8	6	_		
-Beads not otherwise enumerated or de-	-	Ū	•			
scribed, for every 100% of the Value	50	0	0			
ees Wax, See Wax.						
mjamin or Benzoin, the lb.	0	2	0	0 1 4	•	
ezoar Stones, the oz.	0	2	6	_		
ones of Cattle, and other Animals, and of Fish,	1 .					
except Whale Fins, for every 100% of the	1					
Value	1	0	0			
ooks, Printed, or Manuscripts, viz.						
Half bound, or in any way bound,	1_	• •				
the cwt.	1 -	10	0			
Unbound, the cwt.	5	0	0			
oracic Acid, the lb.	0	0	4			
orax or Tincal, viz.	0	0	6	_		
refined, the lb.	0	0	3			
unrefined, the lb.	1 0	U	5			

MARKE (B) Trees Anno		Brit	ish C	птепсу.
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	τ	oty.	,	Drawbec
	æ.	s.	d.	£. :.
Bottles, viz.				
of Earth or Stone, the Dozen -	0	3	2	_
and further, for every cwt	0	5	0	_
of Glass, covered with Wicker, the Dozen				
Quarts	1	2	0	_
and further, for every cwt	6		Ŏ	l _
of Green or Common Glass, full or empty,	_	Ĭ.	•	}
not of less Content than One		•		Ì
Pint, and not being Phials, the				Į.
Dozen Quarts	0	8	0	
and further, for every cwt	Ö	_		_
of Glass not otherwise enumerated or de-	U	0	Z	_
ominad for arrow 1007 of the				1 _
scribed, for every 100% of the		_	_	-
Value	80		_	-
and further, for every cwt	6	6	0	-
Note Flasks in which Wine or Oil is im-				1
ported are not subject to Duty.				1
Brandy, See Spirits.				1
Bullion and Foreign Coin of Gold or Silver, Duty				1
free.				1
				1
<b>C.</b>				
Cajaputa, Oil of, See Oil.				
Cake Lac, See Lac, in Gum.				1
Calaminaris Lapis, See Lapis.				
Calamus Aromaticus, the lb	0	Δ	10	0 0
Calicoes, viz.	U	U	10	100
Plain White Colleges for every 100/ of				
Plain White Calicoes, for every 100%. of	~=		_	i
the Value	67	10	0	! -
* Drawback to be allowed on the Ex-	,			1
portation of such of the said				
Calicoes which shall have been				:
printed, painted, stained or dyed				i
in Ireland, for every 100% of the				1
Value	-		-	*45 0
White, flowered or stitched, for every				] 
100l. of the Value	37	10	0	_
Calves Skins, See Skins.			_	
Cambogium, See Gamboge.				l
Camels Hair, See Hair.				i
Camphor, viz.				1
refined, the lb.	Λ	Λ	10	
unrefined the lb	Ň	Ö	10	-
unrefined, the lb.	0	0	5	_
	0	2	6	_
			_ [	
Canes, viz.	_		$\sim$	
Canes, viz.  Bamboo, the 1,000	1	14	0	_
Candles, of Wax, the lb.  Canes, viz.  Bamboo, the 1,000  Rattans (not Ground Rattans,) the 1,000  Reed Canes, the 1,000	1 1 1	0	0	_

TABLE (D) INTERPO	}	Brit	ish C	Currency.		
TABLE (B.)—INWARDS.	1	Duty		Drawbee	ck.	
nes, continued.	æ.	8.	d.	£. s.	d	
- Walking Canes or Sticks, mounted, painted,					_	
inlaid or otherwise ornamented or manu-	ł					
factured, for every 100% of the Value	50	0	0	_		
Wanghees, Jumboo, Ground Rattans, Dra-						
gon's Blood, and other Walking Canes or						
Sticks, the 1,000	4	0	0			
ntharides, the lb.	0	3	6	0 2	4	
outchouc or Elastic Gum, the lb.	0	0	5	_		
pita Papaverum, the 1.000	0	3	6	0 2	4	
ps of Cotton, for every 100%, of the Value	67	10	0	_	•	
psicum, or Chillies, See Pepper.	,					
rdamoms, the lb.	0	2	0	0 1	4	
menia Wool, See Goat Hair, in Hair.				· -	•	
rmine, the oz.	0	-4	-0	_		
pets of Persia, the Yard square -	`2	10	0	_		
shew Gum, See Gum.			_			
ssia Buds, the lb	0	2	6			
- Fistula, the lb.	Ŏ	_	10	0 0	(	
- Lignea, the lb.	ŏ	2	6	V _	•	
- Oil of, See Oil.	Ĭ	-	٠ ا	_		
stor, Oil of, See Oil.	i					
stor Seed, See Seed.		•				
sts of Busts, Statues or Figures, the cwt.	0	2	6			
ttechu, See Terra Japonica.	U	2	٥	_		
yenne Pepper, See Pepper.						
harts, See Maps.	•		i			
hemical Oil, See Oil.			1			
hillies, See Capsicum, in Pepper.						
hina Root, the lb.	0	1	3	0 0	14	
hina Ware, or Porcelain, for every 100% of the	U	•	3	UU	11	
Value	75	0	0			
hocolate, or Cocoa Paste, of the British Posses-	13	U	١	_		
sions, the lb.	0	1	9			
Cinabaris Nativa, the lb.	Ö	2	0	~ -		
Cinamon, the lb.	0	2 2	6	0 1	4	
Oil of, See Oil.	U	Z	O	0 2		
Citrat of Lime, the lb.	_	•	اہ			
Cloves, the lb.	0	1	6		_	
Oil of Con Oil	0	2	0	0 1	9	
Oil of, See Oil.	_	•				
Coculus Indicus, the lb.	0	2	6			
Cochineal, the lb.	0		10	_		
Dust, the lb.	0	0	21	_		
Coco Nuts, for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0	_		
Cocco New Oil of, See Oil.	۔ ا	_				
Cocca Nuts, the lb.	0	1	6	_		
Cocoa Nut Husks, or Cocoa Shells, the lb.	0	0	4	_		
Coffee, the lb. Com, Foreign, of Gold or Silver, See Bullion.	0	1	6	_		

		Bri	tish C	errency.			
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	Duty.			Duty.			Drawback.
Coloquintida, or Colocynth, the lb Colours for Painters, See Painters' Colours.	æ. 0		<i>d</i> . 8	£. L L. 0 1 1			
Columbo Root, the lb. Contrayervæ Radix, See Radix. Copal Gum, See Gum.	0	2	0	0 1 4			
Copper, viz.  Ore, the cwt.  Old, fit only to be re-manufactured, the	o	1	0	-			
cwt	0	9	2	_			
Copper in Bricks or Pigs, Rose Copper, and all cast Copper, the cwt	0	9	2	_			
Copper in Plates, and Copper Coin, the cwt.	0	15	0	_			
part wrought, viz. Bars, Rods or Ingots, hammered or raised, the cwt.	1	11	3	} –			
Manufactures of Copper not otherwise enumerated or described, Copper enamelled, and Copper Plates engraved, for every 100% of the Value	50	0	0				
Coral, viz.  Beads, See Beads.	30	U	U	_			
in Fragments, the lb whole, polished, the lb unpolished, the lb	0	12	0	<u>-</u>			
Coriander Seed, See Seed. Cortex Cariophylloides, See Clove Bark, in Bark.  ———————————————————————————————————	U	5	6	-			
Costus, the lb Cotton, viz.	0	1	0	0 0 8			
Articles manufactured of Cotton Wool, or of any Mixture thereof, not particularly enumerated or described, for every 100.							
of the Value See Thread Wool, See Wool.	67	10	0	-			
—— Yarn, See Yarn. Couhage, the lb. Cowries, for every 100% of the Value	0 51	1 5	3 0	0 0 10			
Crystal Beads, See Beads. Cubebs, the lb. Cummin Seed, See Seed.	0	2	0	-			
D. Diagrydium, See Scammony. Diamonds, Duty free.							

		Briti	sh C	urrency.
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.		Duty.		Drawback.
Plain White Dimity, for every 100% of the Value  * Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of such of the said Dimity which shall have been printed,		<b>s</b> . 10	<b>d</b> .	£. s. d.
painted, stained or dyed in Ireland, for every 100% of the Value  log Skins, See Skins.  Drawings, See Prints.  Drugs, on which Specific Duties are payable according to the Quantity, See the several Articles in Alphabetical Course,  not particularly enumerated or described,	•		•	<b>*4</b> 5 0 0
nor otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100% of the Value  E.  arthenware, See China Ware.	50	0	0	_
bony, See Wood. lastic Gum, See Caoutchouc. lemi Gum, See Gum. lephant's Teeth, viz. not exceeding the Weight of 21 lbs. each Tooth, the cwt. exceeding the Weight of 21 lbs. each Tooth, the cwt. Elk Skins, See Skins. Emeralds, See Jewels.	2 4	•	0	 
Extract, viz.  Solid Vegetable Extract from Oak Bark or other Vegetable Substances, to be used for the Purpose of tanning Leather, and for no other Purpose whatever, the cwt.  the Produce of New South Wales and Settlements or Dependencies thereof, until 1st January 1833, Duty free. See 3 G. 4. c. 96.  F.	o	3	0	
Ostrich Feathers, dressed, the lb.  not otherwise enumerated or described,	1 -	15 .:0	_	=
- dressed, for every 100% of the Value	50	0	Ó	-

MARKE 47 1		Bri	ish C	currency.
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	1	Duty	٠.	Drawback.
Feathers, continued.	æ.	<b>s</b> .	ď	£. L 6
undressed, for every 100% of the				
Value	20	0	0	-
Fennel, Oil of, See Oil. Flax, rough or dressed, the cwt.	_	_	_	
Flock Paper, See Paper.	0	U	5	-
Floss Silk, See Waste Silk, in Silk.				ļ
Forest Seed, See Seed.				Ĭ
Fossils, Specimens of, See Specimens.				ļ
Frankincense, See Olibanum.				
Furs, See Skins.				1
<b>G.</b>				1
Galangal, the lb		0	6	
Galbanum, the lb		1	4	
Galls, the cwt			2	-
Gamboge, the lb	0	1	8	0 1
Garden Seed, <i>See</i> Seed. Garnets, viz.				
cut the lb	,	10	^	
cut, the lb		10 10		_
Gem Sal, See Sal.	U	10	U	-
Geneva, See Spirits.				
Singer, the cwt	1	3	0	10
preserved, the lb	0		6	ì
inseng, the lb	0		6	0 1
Glass, viz.				
——— Bottles, See Bottles.			i	
Crown, German Sheet or any Kind of Win-				
dow Glass, not being Plate Glass, the cwt.  —— Flint Glass, the cwt.	11 12	9	0	_
Plate Glass, for every square Foot super-	12	3	0	_
ficial Measure	0	6	7	_
and further, for every cwt	6	6	ó	_
Glass Manufactures, not otherwise enumer-	_	-	-	
ated or described, for every 100%.				
of the Value	80		0	_
and further, for every cwt	6	6	0	
Foat Hair, See Hair.			- 1	
old Coin, See Bullion. —— Plate, See Plate.				
Franilla, the lb.	0	^	ا ے	
rum, viz.	0	0	5	-
Ammoniac, the lb.	0	1	9	0 0 10
Animi, the lb.			6	
— Arabic, the cwt			ŏ	_
— Cashew, the cwt.			6	0 5 0
— Copal, the lb.			6	
— Elemi, the lb.	0	0	8	0 0 5
Guaiacum, the lb.	0	1 1		0 1 2

TARER / A \ INWARDE		Br	itish (	Currency.			
TABLE (6.) — INWARDS.	1	Duty	·.	Drawback.			
Gum, continued.		. s.	d.	£. s.	d.		
Kino, or Gum Rubrum Astringens, the lb	0	1	6	0 1	0		
—— Lac, viz.							
- Cake Lac,	3.0	^	_	i			
- Lac Dye, for every 100% of the Value - Lac Lake,	10	0	0				
- Seed Lac.)	1						
- Seed Lac, for every 100% of the Value	5	0	0	-			
Shell Lac, for every 100% of the Value	20	0	0	_			
— Opoponax, the lb	0	3	6	0 2	4		
—— Sagapenum, the lb	0		10	0 0	6		
—— Sandarach, or Juniper, the cwt.	0	19	0	0 12	8		
Sarcocolla, the lb.	0	-	10	0 0	6		
—— Senegal, the cwt.	_	12	0	<u> </u>			
Tacamahaca, the lb.	0	2 1	0	0 1	4		
Tragacanth, the lb. Gum not otherwise enumerated or described,	U	1	0	0 0	8		
for every 100l. of the Value -	50	0	0				
ioi every 1000 or and varied	00	Ū					
н.							
Hair, viz.							
Camel's Hair, the lb.	0	1	8				
Goat, or Carmenia Wool, the lb	0	Ō	6	_			
— Human Hair, the lb	0	5	0				
Articles manufactured of Hair or any Mix-							
ture thereof, not particularly enumerated							
or described, for every 100l. of the Value	67	10	0				
Hemp, rough or undressed, or any other Vegetable							
Substance of the Nature and Quality of							
undressed Hemp, and applicable to the same Purposes, the Ton containing							
20 cwt	0	8	0				
Hides, viz.		O		_			
Horse, Mare, Gelding, Buffalo, Bull, Cow			- 1				
or Ox Hides in the Hair, not tan-			į.				
ned, tawed or in any way dressed,			1				
the cwt.	0	4	8	_			
tanned and not otherwise dressed,			_				
the ib.	0	1	0	_			
Hides or Pieces of Hides, raw or undress-			1				
ed, not particularly enumerated or de- scribed, nor otherwise charged with			- 1				
Scribed, nor otherwise charged with	an	0	1				
Duty, for every 100l. of the Value - Hides or Pieces of Hides, tanned, tawed or	20	U	٧				
in any way dressed, not particularly			]				
enumerated or described, nor otherwise			1				
charged with Duty, for every 100%. of							
the Value	75	0	0				
4 Gro. IV. Y y	, , ,			•			

690



•		Briti	British Currency.		
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	D	uty.	1	Drawback.	
Horns, Horn Tips and Pieces of Horns, not otherwise charged with Duty, the cwt.  Horses, Mares or Geldings, each Human Hair, See Hair. Husks of Silk, See Knubs, in Silk. Husse Skins, See Skins.	0	5 13	0	£. s. d	
I. & J.  Japanned Ware, for every 1001. of the Value  Jesuit's Bark, See Peruvian Bark, in Bark.  Jewels, Emeralds, Rubies and all other Precious  Stones (except Diamonds), not otherwise enumerated or described,  not set or in any way manufactured, for	62	10	0	-	
every 100% of the Value  set or in any way manufactured, for every	20	0	0	-	
100% of the Value Indigo, the lb	<i>5</i> 0			,	
Iron in Bars and unwrought, the Produce or Ma- nufacture of any British Colony, Plant- ation or Territory in the East Indies, the Ton containing 20 cwt.  Juniper Gum, See Gum Sandarach.	0	0	1		
K. Kelp, See Alkali. Kino Gum, See Gum. Knubs of Silk, See Knubs, in Silk.					
L.					
Lac, See Gum.  Lacquered Ware, for every 100% of the Value  Lamb's Wool, See Sheep's Wool, in Wool.  Lapis, viz.	62	10	0	-	
Calaminaris, the cwt. Lazuli, the lb. Tutiæ, the lb. Lazuli Lapis, See Lapis.	0 0 0	8 3 0	0 2 8	-	
Lead, viz. White Lead, the cwt.  Leather, any Article made of Leather, or any Manufacture whereof Leather is the most	0	10	4	-	
valuable Part, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100% of the Value Leopard Skins, See Skins. Linseed, Oil of, See Oil. Long Pepper, See Pepper.	75	0	0	-	

		1	Brit	ish (	Curren	cy.	
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.			Duty	•	Dra	wbe	ck.
,	<del></del>	æ.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d
М.		1					
e, the l <b>b</b>	-	0	3	6	0	3	2
- Oil of, See Oil.		1			ł		
der, the cwt	•	0	12	0	l	_	
- Madder Root or Munjeet, the cwt.	-	0	5	0	1	_	
goes, the Gallon British Content -	-	0	5	0	i		
na, the lb.	-	0	1	3	0	0	10
s, plain or coloured, each Map or Cha	rt, or				l		
Part thereof	•	0	0	6	1	_	
in Books, See Books.				_	ł		
tin Skins, See Skins.			•		l		
malade, the lb	_	0	0	6	1	_	
tich, the lb.		Ŏ	ĭ	4	0	0	10
als, viz.	-		-	-		_	
of Gold or Silver, Duty free.					1		
als of any other Sort, for every 100%.	of the				1		
Value		n	5	0	1	_	
isses, the cwt.	_	-	10	ŏ	1		
rals, Specimens of, See Specimens.	_		•	v	1		
her of Pearl Shells, rough, for every 10	W of				1		
the Value	. UI	5	0	0			
jeet, See Madder.	•	3	U	v	Ì		
k, the oz.		0	5	^		e	
lins, viz.	-	U	3	ð	١	9	7
Plain, for every 100% of the Value		37	10	0	1		
• Drawback to be allowed on the	. T-	31	10	U	1	_	
portation of such of the said M					1		
					1		
which shall have been printed,							
ed or dyed in Ireland, for every	100%				•20	^	_
of the Value	07 .	-	•	•	-20	U	U
Flowered or Stitched, for every 10	10 . 10	0=		_	l		
the Value	-	37		0	_	一	
Tria War C. TTT	-	0	1	8	0	1	1
rtle Wax, See Wax.	i				l		
<b>&gt;</b> 7							
N.				_	1		
nquin Cloths, for every 100% of the Value	-	37	10	0	İ	_	
Drawback to be allowed on the Ex	porta-						
tion of such of the said Nanquin					1		
which shall have been printed, pa	inted,				[		
stained or dyed in Ireland, for	every					_	_
100% of the Value	-	-	•		*20	Ō	U
tron, See Alkali.					1		
roli Oil, See Oil of Orange Flower.						_	_
mucks, the lb.	-	.0	2	6	0	7	3
Oil of, See Oil.		1		•	1		
ora, dix.		1			1		
Cashew, See Anacardium.		}					
Y y 2		1			1		

	)	Briti	y C	итеку.
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	1	Duty.	Drawback.	
Nuts, continued.	æ.	5.	d.	£. s. d
Castor Nuts, the lb	10	0	4	_
Nux Vomica, the lb.	0	2	6	· —
ο,	1			
Oaker, See Ochre.	ł			Į.
Ochre, or Oaker, the cwt.	0	6	9	l –
Oil, viz.	ì			•
of Anniseed, the lb	0	4	0	<u> </u>
Blubber, See Train Oil.	1			[
of Cajaputa, the oz	0	1	0	_
of Cassia, the oz	0	5	0	} <u> </u>
of Castor, the lb	10	1	3	_
Chemical Oil, not otherwise enumerated or	1			ł
described, the lb.	0	4	0	
— of Cinnamon, the oz.	O	5	ŏ	_
of Cloves, the oz.	ŏ	2	ŏ	_
of Cocoa Nuts, the cwt.	Ŏ	2	6	l _
of Fennel, the lb.	ŏ	4	ŏ	
of Linseed, the Tun containing 252 Gallons,		-	U	
British Content	33	=	•	1 .
	1 -	5	0	
of Mace, the oz.	0	2	6	
of Nutmegs, the oz.	0	_	6	-
of Orange Flower or Neroli, the oz.	0		0	_
— of Palm, the cwt.	0	2	6	_
_ of Roses, See Otto of Roses.	1			I
of Rosewood, the oz.	0	_	0	-
of Sandalwood, the oz	<b>∀</b> 0	2	6	_
Train Oil and Blubber, viz.	1			l .
Blubber, the Produce of Fish or	1			<b>ķ</b>
Creatures living in the Sea,	_			1
taken and caught by the Crew of				İ
a British built Ship or Vessel,	1			j
wholly owned by His Majesty's				ı
Subjects usually residing in Great				1
Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of				1
Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark,				ł
or Man, registered and navigat-				į.
ed according to Law, and im-	.			į.
ported in any such Shipping, the	. [			1
Tun containing 252 Gallons, Bri-				ł
tish Content		_		l
Blubber, the Produce of Fish; or	0	5	.6	_
Construe living in the See taken	i			1
Creatures living in the Sea, taken				1
and caught wholly by His Ma				1
jesty's Subjects, usually residing				1
in any Part of His Majesty's Do-	'			1
minions, and imported directly	1			
from the Cane of Good Hone or	'1			
from the Cape of Good Hope, or from any British Colony, Posses-	1			

	British (	turrency.			
TABLE (B.)—INWARDS.	Duty. Drawbaci				
"—Train Oil and Blubber, continued. sion, Settlement, or Territory within the Limits of the East India Company's Charter, in a British built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated, and registered accord- ing to Law, the Tun containing 252 Gallons, British Content For the Conditions, Regula- tions, and Restrictions, under which Blubber may be ad- mitted to Entry, as British taken and caught, on Pay-	£. 4. d.	£. s. d.			
ment of Duty as before mentioned (as the Case may be), See the Act to which this Table is annexed.  Blubber, the Produce of Fish, or Creatures living in the Sea, of Foreign Fishing, the Tun containing 252 Gallons, British Content  Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, or Head Matter, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crew of a British built Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Tun containing 252 Gallons, British Content  Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, or Head Matter, the Produce of Fish, or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by his Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, and imported directly from the Cape of Good Hope, or from any British Colony, Possession, Settlement, or Territory within the Limits of the East India Company's Charter, in a British built Ship or Vessel, ewned, aavigated, and registered accord-	22 3 4				

694

4° GEO. IV.

698

		D				
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	Duty.			Drawback.		
		Juty.	.	Diaw	DEC	K.
er, continued.	æ.	s.	d.	æ.	s,	d.
- of any other Sort, not particularly enu-			i			
merated or described, nor otherwise	_	_	_ 1			
charged with Duty, the lb	ō	1	7	-	_	
rls, for every 100% of the Value -	5	0	0	7	-	
per, vix.	0	2	6	_	_	
Capsicum or Chillies, the lb.	v	2	١		_	
Long Pepper, Guinea Pepper, Cayenne Pepper, and Pepper of all other Sorts,			1			
the lb.	0	2	6	_	_	
kles of all Sorts, not otherwise enumerated or						
described, the Gallon, British Content	0	5	0	•	-	
tures, viz.	_	_	_			
—— under 2 Feet square, the Picture	3	8	0	-	_	
—— of 2 Feet square, and under 4 Feet square,		10	اہ			
the Picture		16	0	-	_	
of 4 Feet square or upwards, the Picture	10	4	١	_		
nts, Shrubs, and Trees alive—Duty free.	l		1			
te, viz.  — battered, fit only to be re-manufactured,	1		- 1			
See Bullion.	1					
— of Gold, the oz. Troy	3	16	9	-	_	
_ of Silver, gilt, the oz. Troy	0	6	4	-	-	
part gilt, the oz. Troy	0	6	0	•	_	
ungilt, the oz. Troy	0	_	6		_	
tina, the oz.	0		0	•	_	
— Ore of, for every 100% of the Value	5	0	0	-	_	
rcelain, See China Ware.						
ecious Stones, See Jewels.	1		•			
ints and Drawings, viz.	0	0	1	١.	_	
— plain, each	ŏ		2			
coloured, each in Books, See Books.	"		_			
— III DOURS, DEC DOURG.	1					
· <b>Q.</b>	1					_
Quicksilver, the lb.	0	1	8	0	1	1
•	1			1		
R.	1_		^	_	,	,
Radix Contrayervæ, the lb.	0		8	0	9	0
Raisms of all Sorts, the cwt.	0	10	0		J	U
Rattans, See Canes.	1			1		
Reed Canes, See Canes.	0	2	6	0	1	8
Rhubarb, the lb	"	_	-	ļ -	-	
Rice, viz.  the Produce of any of the British Territories				1		
in the East Indies,	1			1		
not being rough, and in the Husk,	1	_	_	]		
the cwt • •	0	5	0	} '		
if rough, and in the Husk or Paddy,	1 -		P7 1	ł	_	
the Bushel	1 0	0	7 🕏	1		
Y y 4						

4º GEO. IV.

TABLE (W. Viver A. D. C.	British Currency.	
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	Duty.	Deswhaci
Rice, continued.	£. s. c	L. E. s. c
- the Produce of any other Country or Place,		
not being rough and in the Husk,		į
the cwt	0 15	0 -
if rough, and in the Husk or Paddy, the Bushel		
For the Allowance on the Exportation	UZ	6   -
of clean Rice, produced from such		Į.
rough Rice, See the Act to which this		
Table is annexed.		i
Roch Alum, See Alum.		İ
Rosewood, Oil of, See Oil.		•
Rubies, See Jewels.		}
Rum, See Spirits.		Į.
· ·		1
Safflower, the cwt.		_
Saffron, the lb.		9   -
	0 7	6 0 5
Sagapenum Gum, See Gum.		_
Sago, or Sago Powder, the cwt Sago Powder, See Sago.	1 10	0   -
		1
Sal, viz.		_
— Ammoniac, the lb		6 –
		2
Salep, or Salop, the lb	0 1 5	3 0 01
Saltpetre, the cwt.		. 1
	006	·   -
Sandalwood, Oil of, See Oil. Sandarach Gum, See Gum.		!
Sanguis Draconis, the lb.		1
Sarcocolla Gum, See Gum.	0 1 8	0 1
Sarrafiae the cust		j
Sassafras, the cwt	064	·
Saunders, viz.	01	1
Red, the Ton containing 20 cwt. White or Yellow, the lb.	0 15 0	
cammony or Diagrydium, the lb.	0 0 10	I .
bea Cow, Sea Horse, or Sea Morse Teeth, the cwt.	0.6 4	1
Seal Skins, See Skins.	3 4 0	1 —
eed, viz.		}
Anniseed, the cwt.		1
Castor Seed, the lb.	3 0 0	_
Coriander Seed, the cwt.	0 0 4	-
Cummin Seed, the cwt.	0 15 0	
— Flax Seed, the Bushel		-
- Forest Sond for one 100/ of the Value	0 0 5 25 0 0	-
Garden Seed, for every 100s. of the value -	20 U U	-
or described, the lb.	0 1 0	
Linseed, the Bushel	0 1 0 0 5	_
Worm Seed, the lb.	0 1 6	0 1 0
	~ 1 O	1 5 7 0

TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	British (	Currency.
TABLE (B.)—INWARDS	Duty.	Drawback.
Seed, continued.  Seed not particularly enumerated, or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty,	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
for every 100% of the Value Seed Lac, See Lac, in Gum.	<i>5</i> 0 0 0	_
Segars, manufactured of Tobacco, the lb.	0 13 0	<b>—</b>
Senna, the lb Senegal Gum, See Gum.	0 1 3	0 0 10
Shawls, manufactured of Hair or Cotton Wool, or any Mixture thereof, for every 100l. of the Value  Sheep's Wool, See Wool.	67 10 0	_
Shell Lac, See Lac, in Gum. Shells of Mother of Pearl, for every 100% of the Value	500	_
Shrubs, See Plants. Silk, viz.  Knubs or Husks of Silk, the lb	0 5 9	0 1 6
Raw Silk, viz.  - the Produce of any of the British Territories in the East Indies,		
the lb.	0 4 0	-
the East Indies, the lb.  Drawback on the expertation of Silk thrown in Ireland from a larger Quantity of Silk imported raw, viz.	0 5 6	-
if from raw Silk, the produce of any of the British Territories in the East Indies, the lb		*0 4 0
if from raw Silk, the Produce of any other Part of the East Indies, For the Conditions under which such Draw-		0 5 6
back can only be allowed, See the Act to which this Table is annexed.  Thrown Silk, the lb.	0 14 8	0 6 2
— Waste or Floss Silk, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb.	0 8 9	0 1 6
Silver Coin, Foreign, See Bullion. ——Plate, See Plate.		
Skins, viz.  Calves and Kip Skins, in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried or in any way dressed,	•	-
the cwt.  Dog Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed	0 4 8	· —
or in any way dressed, the Dozen Skins  —— Elk Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed or	0 0 10	_
in any way dressed, the Skin	0 1 0	I —

MARKE (B) INWARDS	British	British Currency.		
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	Duty.	Drawback.		
Skins, continued.	£. s. d	. , — –		
Goat Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins -	0 2 10			
— Husse Skins, undressed, the Skin Lamb Skins, undressed, the 100	0 0 6	1		
Leopard Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0 14 0	1		
— Martin Skins, undressed, the Skin	0 9 6			
Seal Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed	0 1 3	·   -		
or in any way dressed, the Skin	0 0 3			
Skins of Seals taken in any Foreign Fishery				
by Persons not being British Subjects,				
the Skin	0 1 6	;		
Sheep Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins -	0 2 9	3     —		
Squirrel Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins -	0 11 6	:   -		
Tyger Skins, undressed, the Skin	0 9 6	;     —		
Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs,	1	1		
raw or undressed, not particularly enu-	ļ	1		
merated or described, nor otherwise	1	j.		
charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	0000	1		
Skins and Furs or Pieces of Skins and Furs,	20 O O	'   -		
tanned, tawed or in any way dressed, not	į	1		
particularly enumerated or described, nor		1		
otherwise charged with Duty, for every		1		
100% of the Value	75 O O			
Snuff, the lb	0 6 0			
Soap, viz.		1		
	1 10 o	_		
Soft, the cwt.	1 5 0	-		
Socotorina Aloes, See Aloes.		1		
Specimens of such Minerals, Fossils or Ores		1		
which are not particularly enume-		ı		
rated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, each Specimen not		1		
exceeding in Weight 14 lbs. (free)		ł		
exceeding in Weight 14 lbs. each, for	_	-		
every 100% of the Value	5 0 O	_		
illustrative of Natural History, not		_		
otherwise enumerated or described,				
for every 100% of the Value	5 O O	_		
Spikenard, the lb	0 2 9	0 1 10		
Spirits, viz.				
Arrack or Spirits, not otherwise enume-	}			
rated or described,	j			
the Gallon British Con-				
tent, single	0 17 61	_		
the Gallon British Con-	7 6 43			
tent, if above Proof - Brandy, the Gallon British Content, single	0 17 44			
the Gallon British Content, single	0 17 44	_		
above Proof	1 9 2			
	- 0 -9			

				<del></del>	
	British Cur			nrency.	
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.				Drawback.	
irits, continued.	₽.	s.	d.	£. s. d.	
— Geneva, the Gallon British Content, single		17	41		
the Gallon British Content, if above Proof	1	9	21	-	
Rum, the Gallon British Content, single the Gallon British Content, if above	0	16	8 <del>3</del>	<b>-</b>	
Proof	1	8	6 <del>1</del>		
of Good Hope, its Territories or Dependencies, imported directly from thence,					
the Gallon British Content, single	0	16	81	-	
the Gallon British Content, if above Proof	1	8	6 <u>}</u>	-	
uille, dried, the cwt	1	0	0	-	
— not dried, the cwt	0	5	0		
uirrel Skins, See Skins. ck Lac, See Lac, in Gum.					
ckings of Cotton, for every 100% of the Value	67	10	0	-	
rax, or Styrax, viz.	_	۵	^		
—— Calamita, the lb.	0	2	0 4	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
—— Liquida, the lb.	0	8	4	0 5 6	
in the Tear or Gum, the lb.	Ö	ő	6	-	
gar, viz.					
Refined, the cwt.	8	8	0		
- Candy, viz Brown, the cwt.	5	12	0	_	
White, the cwt	8	8	0		
not being Sugar Candy, nor refined, the					
Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any British Colony, Plantation or Ter-	l				
ritory in the East Indies, the cwt	2	0	0		
- the Growth, Produce or Manufacture					
of China, Java, the Eastern Islands	1			1	
or any other Country or Place in the East Indies, the cwt.	9	5	0	_	
East Indies, the Cwt.		•			
T.					
Talc, the lb.	0		8	_	
Fallow, the cwt.	0		2 6		
Tamarinds, the lb.	1		0	=	
Tapioca, or Tapioca Powder, the cwt. Tea. having been sold by the United Company of		10	v	-	
Merchants of England trading to the East In-	1			1	
dies, for every 100%, of the Value of all such	_				
Tea sold at or under 2s. the lb.	96	0	0	-	
above 2s. the lb., for every 100% of	100	0	0	1 -	
the Value Terra Japonica, or Catechu, the lb.	100	_		_	
I TELIS JSDOMCS, Or Careerin, mo in.	•				

mant n (n ) ***********	British Currency.				
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS,	Duty.			(B.) — INWARDS, Duty. Drawback.	
Thread, viz. Cotton Thread, for every 100% of the		s.	d.	R. a d	
Value		10	0 3	_	
Tobacco, unmanufactured, the lb. Tobacco is also subject to Duty of Excise.	0	1	0	-	
Tobacco, manufactured, the lb. Tortoise Shell, viz.	0	16	0	-	
Manufactures of, for every 100% of the Value	<i>5</i> 0	0	0	_	
Tragacanth Gum, See Gum. Trees, See Plants.	0	4	a	_	
Turbith, the lb.  Turmerick, the lb.  Turpentine, Oil of, See Oil.  Tutis Lapis, See Lapis.  Tyger Skins, See Skins.	0	2 0	6	0 1 5	
V. Vermicelli, the lb Vermillion, the lb	0	0 2	8	0 1 4	
Walking Canes, Sticks, Wanghee Canes,					
Waste, viz.  Cotton Waste, See Cotton Wool, in Wool.  Silk Waste, See Waste, in Silk.  Wax, viz.					
Bees Wax, unmanufactured, the cwt the Produce of, and imported from any	3	6	6	_	
British Colony, Plantation or Territory, the cwt.  - White or manufactured, the cwt.  - Candles, See Candles.	<b>2</b> 6	6 3	6	_	
Whale Fins, viz.  taken and caught by the Crew of a  British built Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Ton containing 20 cwt.		<b>-</b> 7	6		

TABLE (B) INWADING		British Currency.			
TABLE (B.) — INWARDS.	Duty.		,.	Drawback.	
hale Fins, continued.  taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, and imported directly from the Cape of Good Hope, or from any British Colony, Possession, Settlement or Territory within the Limits of the East India Company's Charter, in a British built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated and regis-	£.	s.	d.	£. s. d.	
tered according to Law, the Ton containing 20 cwt.  For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Whale Fins may be admitted to Entry, as of British Fishing, See Act 45 G. 3. c. 18.  of Foreign Fishing, the Ton, contain-	3	3	4	_	
ing 20 cwt.  lood, for the several Duties on Wood of all Sorts, See Acts now in force relating thereto.  line, for the Duties and Drawbacks thereon, See Wine in Table (A.) Inwards.  lood, viz.	95	0	0	<del>-</del>	
Cotton Wool, or Waste of Cotton Wool, for every 100% of the Value  Sheep or Lambs Wool, the lb.  the Produce of New South Wales, and Settlements and Dependen-	6	0	0	=	
cies thereof, until the 5th January 1833 inclusive, the lb the Produce of, and imported from any other British Colony or Territory,	0	0	1	-	
until 5th January 1826 inclusive, the lb.	0	0	3	· ,	
from and after 5th January 1826, the lb	0	0	6		
Yarn, viz. Cotton Yarn, the lb.	0	1	8		
Zedoaria, the lb	0	1	3	0 0.10	
Goods, Wares and Merchandize, being either in part or wholly manufactured, not being enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used		٠,		·	

	British (	Surrency.
TABLE (B.)— INWARDS.	Duty.	Drawteck
Goods, &c. continued. in Ireland (except Wood of all Sorts, liable to the Duties under the Acts now	£. s. d.	£. s. d
in force), for every 100% of the Value Goods, Wares and Merchandize, not being either in part or wholly manufactured, nor otherwise enumerated or described, nor otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used in Ireland (except Barilla and Wood of all Sorts liable to the Duties under the Acts now	50 0 0	_
in force), for every 100% of the Value  Note. — For the Manner in which the Value is to be ascertained of such Goods imported into Ireland, which had been imported into Great Britain by the United Com- pany of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, on which the Duties are charged in this Table according to the Value, See 45 G. 3. c. 18.	20 0 0	

### CAP. LXXIII.

An Act to facilitate the Recovery of Damages for Malician Injuries to Property in Ireland. [11th July 1893]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland:

29 G.2. (I.)

- Second, intituled An Act to prevent unlawful Combination:
  Tenants, Colliers, Miners and others, and the sending of Threes ing Letters without Names, or with fictitious Names substituted thereto, and the Malicious Destruction of Carriages; and for the more effectual Punishment of wicked Persons who shall malicious set fire to Houses or Outhouses, or to Stacks of Hay, Corn, Strator Turf, or to Ships or Boats; it is amongst other things provided, that when any Felony shall be committed against the Act, and any One of the Offenders shall be apprehended set lawfully convicted of such Felony at the next Assizes to be held for the County where such Felony was committed, set Barony, nor any Inhabitant thereof, shall in any Case be subject
- 56 G.3. €.55. § 19.
- Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to amend an Act;
  the Parliament of Ireland in the Fortieth Year of His press

or liable to make any Satisfaction to the Party injured for the Damages he shall have thereby sustained: And Whereas by s

\* Majesty's Reign, for granting the Sum of Five hundred thoused \* Pounds for promoting Inland Navigation, and for other Purposes \* therein mentioned, and to enlarge the Powers vested in the Dira-

rs of all Works relating to Inland Navigation in Ireland; it is nong other things provided, that in case the Person or Persons. any of them, who shall have committed any such Injury or smage as in the said Act is mentioned, shall be convicted of ch Offence, then and in such Case no Sum of Money shall be sed or levied in pursuance of any Presentment of any Grand ry under the said recited Act: And Whereas the said recited ovisoes may operate to prevent the Conviction of such Offenrs:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent esty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritand Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assem-I, and by the Authority of the same, That the said several repealed, and visces in the said several recited Acts shall be and the same Baronies liable hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this to make Satisfaction for t, any Barony and any Inhabitant thereof shall be subject and Damages susbe to make Satisfaction under the said first recited (to the tained, and Preount in the said Act mentioned), to any Party injured, for any sentments of mages sustained by any Felony committed contrary to the said leaded. recited Act; and that any Sum or Sums of Money which shall levied. e been or shall be presented by any Grand Jury under the said recited Act, for the repairing or making good any Loss, Inor Damage, shall be raised and levied in pursuance of such sentment, although in any Case, under either of the said recited respectively, the Person or Persons who shall have committed such Felony or Injury or Damage, or any of such Person or nons, shall have been or shall be convicted of such Offence; thing in the said recited Acts or either of them contained to contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

# CAP. LXXIV.

Act for vesting in Commissioners the Bridges now building over the Menai Straits and the River Conway, and the Harbours of Howth and Holyhead, and the Road from Dubin to Howth; and for the further Improvement of the Road from London to Holyhead. [11th July 1829.]

Recited Acts (except such as shall be repealed or varied by this Act) extended to this Act. § 1. Appointment of Commissioners. § 2. Powers of Commissioners under 55 G. 3. c. 152. to cease. § 3. Electing additional Commissioners. § 4. New Commissioners in Cases of Death, Resignation, &c. § 5. In Defult of Appointment by the surviving Commissioners, the Treasury may fill up Vacancies. § 6. Commissioners not to act where personally interested; may act as Justices of Peace. § 7. Meetings of Commissioners. § 8. Summoning Meetings. § 9.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Three Com-Three or more of the said Commissioners to execute the Provisions missioners may this act; but that no Act shall be done at any Meeting, unless act, but no Act the First Lord of the Treasury, the Secretary of State for the Home Department, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Postmaster General, the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of mentioned be Irdaud, or the First Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests. and Land Revenues, for the Time being, or One of them, shall be present

C. 74.

present at such Meeting, except where it shall be otherwise directed by this Act.

" Meetings of Five or more Commissioners may be held at other " Places than London and Westminster, if specially authorized. " § 11. Vesting the Road from Dublin to Howth in the Commis-sioners. § 12. Portion of Tolls to be paid over to Commissioners. " § 13. In case Default made in Payment, Commissioners may " take Possession of Toll Houses. § 14. Commissioners under " this Act may apply the Monies to be paid to them by the Com-" missioners under 50 G. 3. c. 93.—§ 15. The Road from Dublin " to Annesley Bridge vested in Commissioners. § 16. Roads to " be maintained under Powers of former Acts, which Commis-" sioners under this Act may execute. § 17. Protecting the Sea " Beach near Howth Harbour. § 18. 50 G. S. c. 72. so far as re-" lates to the vesting the Harbour of Howth in the Corporation " for repairing the Port of Dublin repealed. § 19. Howth Har-" bour to be made over to and vested in the Commissioners. § 20. " Power to sell Lands vested in the Commissioners under 50 G.3. " c. 93.—§ 21. 56 G. 3. c. 84. appointing a Harbour Master for " Holyhead repealed. § 22. Commissioners for repairing Holy-" head Harbour discharged from the Repair, and the Harbour " vested in the Commissioners under this Act. § 23. Commissioners " for Howth Harbour under recited Act 50 G.3. c.72., and the " Commissioners for Holyhead Harbour under recited Act 50 G.3. " c. 93. and 55 G. 3. c. 152., shall present an Account to the Trea-" sury of the Money in their Possession and of the Lands vested " in them, &c. § 24. And the whole shall be delivered over by " those Commissioners to the Commissioners under this Act. § 25. " Lighthouse at Holyhead vested in Commissioners. § 26. Vesting " the Road from the Drawbridge to the Graving Dock in the "Commissioners. § 27. For the Security of Rights of Way, &c. " § 28. Proviso for the Right of conveying Water to the Inner " Boat Harbour. § 29. Power to sell Lands at Holyhead not " wanted for the Purposes of this Act. § 30. Duties to be levied " in Holyhead Harbour; and applied to Support of the Harbour and Lighthouse, and paying Salaries of Harbour Master and " other Officers. § 31. One Arrival and Departure to be con-" sidered as One Voyage. § 32. Regulations for recovering Rates. Mode of ascertaining the Tonnage of Vessels. § 34. " Persons obstructing Collector in measuring Ships, &c. Penalty " 51.- \$ 35. Penalties on Persons eluding Payment of the Du-" ties. § 36. Appointment of Harbour Master and Officers. § 37. " Power of Harbour Masters. Masters of Ships not observing Di-" rections, Penalty not exceeding 51. and Expences. Obstructing " Moorings, Penalty not exceeding 51.—§ 38. Gunpowder on " board certain Ships to be landed under the Regulations herein " mentioned. Owners, &c. to sign Declaration of having no Gua-" powder on board; refusing so to do, or having Gunpowder, " Penalty not exceeding 201.; refusing Officers to search, Penalty " 201.— 9 39. Combustibles not to remain on the Quays, or on " the Decks of Vessels, longer than 24 Hours, and during that "Time to be guarded. Penalty not exceeding 20s.—§ 40. " to discharge Cannon, Guns or Fire Arms within the Har-"bours. Penalty not exceeding 51.—§ 41. Graving or breaming

" Ships, except at appointed Places, Penalty not exceeding 51 .-§ 42. Regulations as to Ships using the dry or graving Dock at Holyhead. Penalty not exceeding 10%.—§ 43. Rates for using the dry or graving Dock. § 44. Damage done to Quays, &c. of the Harbours of Howth and Holyhead shall be made good " by the Master of the Vessel. How recoverable. § 45. Persons " not to lay Timber in the Harbours. Penalty. § 46. Ballast, " Rubbish, &c. not to be thrown into the Harbours. Penalty not " exceeding 501.—§ 47. Unloosing Ships' Ropes, &c. Penalty not exceeding 101.—§ 48. Commissioners to provide Boats, Warps, " &c. § 49. Power to Commissioners to make Bye Laws. Copies " of the Bye Laws to be fixed in some conspicuous Place near the " Harbour. § 50. Power for Commissioners to appoint Constables " to act for Howth and Holyhead Harbours. Oath. § 51. Con-" stables to detain suspected Persons. § 52. Commissioners to " build a Cage or Place of Confinement at Holyhead. § 53. Magi-" strates of the County and City of Dublin to act for Howth. § 54.

" Application of Harbour Penalties. § 55.

LVI. And be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained Exemptions of shall extend or be construed to extend to Ships, Vessels or Boats belonging to or employed in the Service of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or in the Service of the Customs or Excise, or Post Office, using the said Harbour, or to any of the Officers or Persons employed therein respectively, or in the Preventive Service, or in the Service of the Admiralty, Ordnance or Navy Board; or to any Naval or Ordnance Stores, or other Matters imported into or exported from the said Harbour for the Use of the Navy or Army; or to any Yachts or Pleasure Boats or other Vessel belonging to and of Yachts, His Majesty or any of the Royal Family; nevertheless the Captain Pleasure Boats, or Master of every such Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall be answerable &c. for all Damage done by such Ship, Vessel or Boat, or by the Mariners or others on board the same, to the Harbour, Wharfs or Works, or the Machinery or Tackle connected therewith, or to the Shipping therein, with full Costs of Suit,

His Majesty's Ships;

" So much of 59 G. 3. c. 48. as directs when the Bridge is built " over the Menai Straits, the Roads and Bridges shall be de-" livered over by the Commissioners, repealed. § 57. Menai Bridge " vested in the Commissioners under this Act. § 58.—55 G. 3. c. 152. " 59 G.3. cc. 30. 48. relating to the Bridge to remain in force, and " Powers thereof to be executed by the Commissioners. § 59. " 59 G. 3. c. 48. recited. Two Years allowed for building the Menai Bridge from passing this Act. § 60. Ships passing Menai Straits while Ironwork erecting, Penalty 1001. — § 61. Grant for additional Sum for completing Menai Bridge, 108,4981. 18s.— Additional Rate of Postage granted by 59 G. 3. c. 48. continued. § 63. 1 & 2 G. 4. c. 35. as to the vesting of Conway Bridge, repealed. § 64. Conway Bridge vested in Commissioners. § 65.—55 G. 3. c. 152. 1 & 2 G. 4. c. 30. relating to Conway Bridge to remain in force, and Powers thereof to be executed " by the Commissioners. § 66.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Tolls of Conlawful for the said Commissioners hereby appointed, to erect and way Bridge. set up, or cause to be erected and set up, One or more Gate or 4 GEO. IV.

Gates, Turnpike or Turnpikes, in, upon or across, or within One hundred Yards of the said Bridge over the River Conney, together with Toll Houses, and proper and necessary Buildings, Convenences and Fences near to each Gate or Turnpike; and that the respective Tolls following may be demanded and taken by such Person or Persons as the said last mentioned Commissioners shall from time to time appoint, at each of the said Gates or Turnpikes. for each and every Time of passing over the said Bridge; that B to say,

For every Stage Coach and Mail Coach, any Sum not exceeding

Seven Shillings and Sixpence:

For every Post Chaise licensed to carry Persons from Stage to Stage, any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings:

For every other Coach, Landau, Berlin, Barouche and Charwith Four Wheels, any Sum not exceeding Fifteen Shilling:

For every Chaise, Chair or Gig with Two Wheels, any Sun 1st

exceeding Two Shillings:
For every Waggon, Wain, Caravan or other such Carriage will
Shillings: Four Wheels, any Sum not exceeding Four Shillings:

For every Cart or other such Carriage with Two Wheels, any Sur

not exceeding Two Shillings:
For every Horse, Mule or Ass not drawing any Carriage, any Sar not exceeding Two Pence:

For every Foot Passenger, One Penny:

For every Drove of Oxen, Cows or Neat Cattle, any Sum notes ceeding One Shilling and Eight Pence per Score; and w.

proportion for any greater or less Number:
For every Drove of Hogs, Calves, Sheep or Lambs, any See 18 exceeding Ten Pence per Score; and so in proportion fact. greater or less Number.

" Exemption to the King and Royal Family. § 68. Power to lower "Tolls of Conway and Menai Bridges. § 69. Exemption of In-"in favour of Sir Thomas Mostyn. § 70. Application of the To." of Conway Bridge. § 71. Appointing Toll Collectors. Sir Recovery of Bridge Tolls. § 73. For settling Disputes concerns " ing Tolls. § 74. Collector not putting up his Name on the Irus " of the Toll Houses, and offending in the several Particular " herein mentioned, Penalty not exceeding 51.- § 75. Con? " sition may be made by the Commissioners with the Inhabita" " of Anglesea, Carnarvon and Denbigh for the Passage of Met-" and Conway Bridges. § 76. Tolls to be taken but once a Day " except for Stage Coaches, Carriages or Caravans. § 77. " much of recited Act 59 G. 3. c. 48. as relates to constructing " Swivel Bridge repealed. Commissioners may form an Embanic "ment on Stanley Sands. § 78. Satisfaction shall be made to "Owners of Lands adjoining the Stanley Sands for Damage sur tained by them. § 79. If any Surplus remain after building " Conway Bridge, a Road to be made from Aber to Conway " § 80. Commissioners under this Act to exercise all the Powers

" under 55 G. 3. c. 152. 1 G. 4. c. 70. and 1 & 2 G. 4. c. 35-151 " Commissioners empowered to take down Houses, &c. described

" in the Schedule. § 82. Misnomer or wrong Descriptions in the " Schedule not to prevent the Execution of this Act. § 83. Com-

missione.

missioners may cause Roads to be surveyed and Plans laid before Trustees § 84. Reports to be made to the Commissioners of the State of the Roads, by Persons appointed by them to sur-Power for Trustees to contract with the vey the same. § 85. Commissioners to repair the Roads by the Year. § 86. No new Plantations to be made within Fifty Feet of the Centre of the Road. § 87. Provision for Payment of the Interest of 4000l. and 8000/. advanced by Exchequer Bill Commissioners. 57G. 3. c. 34. 57 G. 3. c. 124. 1 G. 4. c. 60. - § 88. Trustees of the Stonebridge and Birmingham Roads, and the Trustees of Bilston Roads, discharged from Payment of the said Sums of 4000l. and 8000l. 89. The said Sums to be applied under the Powers of 1&2G.4. c. 30.—§ 90. The New Road at St. Albans to be supported for Two Years by the Commissioners, and then to be The New Road at St. Albans to be made over to the St. Albans Trust. § 91.

MCII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Power to for the said Trustees of the Saint Albans Trust, and they are the Trustees eby authorized and required, when and as soon as the said new of St. Albans ad, commencing at or near The Peaken Inn, shall be comted and opened to the Public, to cause a Toll Gate or Gates, or for Bars, and Toll House or Houses, to be erected and set up or by the Side of such Part or Parts of the said last mentioned Road as to them shall seem most convenient; and it shall and y be lawful for the said last mentioned Trustees, and they are eby authorized, empowered and required, when and as soon as h Toll Gate or Gates, or Bar or Bars, and Toll House or Houses, ll be completed, to take, demand and collect of the Person or nons attending any Horses, Cattle or Carriages passing along said last mentioned new Road, and through the said Toll Gate Bar, before any Horse, Beast, Cattle or Carriage shall be per-ted to pass through the same, the Tolls following; that is to

revery Horse, Mule or other Cattle, drawing any Coach, Landan, Hearse, Chariot, Gig, Waggon, Cart or other Carriage of any Description, any Sum not exceeding the Sum of One Penny Halfpenny:

it every Horse, Mule or Ass, laden or unladen, and not drawing,

any Sum not exceeding the Sum of One Halfpenny:

or every Drove of Oxen or other Neat Cattle, any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pence per Score, and so in proportion for any greater or less Number:

" every Drove of Calves, Hogs, Sheep or Lambs, any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Five Pence per Score, and so in proportion for any greater or less Number.

Tolls to be paid but once a Day, except for Stage Coaches and Caravans. § 93. Tolls to be increased and afterwards reduced. 94. Trustees of St. Albans Trust to execute an Assignment to the Commissioners for the Issue of Exchequer Bills of the Tolls, as a Security for Repayment of 10,000% with Interest at 4. per Cent. per Annum. § 95. Application of the Money arising by the Tolls. § 96. Tolls may be levied by the Trustees of St. Albans Trust on the new Line of Road as other Tolls. § 97, Commissioners may erect Toll Gates and levy Toll if Trustees " neglect. Z z 2

C. 74.

" neglect. § 98. For stopping up certain Roads and Footpaths. The Road from Hadley to Mims not to be proceeded in. **" § 99.** Kingsbury Lane to be widened by the Commissioners. § 101. For selling Land not wanted by the Commissioners. § 102. "Trustees of the District of the Wolverhampton Trust to continue the additional Tolls. § 103. Trustees of the Wolverhampton Trust to execute to the Commissioners for the Issue of Ex-" chequer Bills a further Charge on the additional Tolls for pay-" ing off certain Sums advanced. § 104. Trustees of the Hockliffe " and Stratford Road to continue the additional Tolls. § 105. "Trustees of the Hockliffe and Stratford Road to execute to the " Commissioners for the Issue of Exchequer Bills a further Charge " on the additional Tolls for paying off a certain Sum advanced. 4 § 106. Trustees of Wolverhampton Road, or of Hockliffe and " Stratford Road, neglecting to continue Tolls, the Commissioners " shall take Possession of Gates, and levy the same. § 107. Alter-" ing Interest on the 4000l. and 8000l. advanced, from 5l. per " Cent. per Annum, to 31. per Cent. per Annum. § 108. New " Road at Stowe to be repaired for Two Years by Commissioners, " and then made over to Trustees of the Stratford and Dunchurch Trust. 3 G. 4. c. xci. \$ 109. Improvements at Barnet and " Prickler's Hills. § 110. In case Act under which Trustees are " appointed should expire, Commissioners to collect the Tolls. " § 111. New Line of Road from Irishman's Bridge to Whitehurst " Gate. 41 G. 3. c. 88.—4 112. Sale of the old Road by the Com-" missioners. § 113. New Cut to be made to avoid Tallypoot " Hill; and the old Road from Bangor to Aber to be stopped up. " 30 G. 3.—§ 114. Tolls not to be taken on the Road from " Bangor to Conway, except on the Road leading to Bishop's " Mill on the Road to Capel Cerig. § 115. Appointment of Trea-" surer, Clerk and other Officers by Commissioners. § 116. Officers to continue. § 117. Officers to give Security and Account. § 118. Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures. § 119. For securing transient Offenders. § 120. Proceedings not to be quashed for want of Form. § 121. Persons aggreeved may approximately appro " peal to the Quarter Sessions. § 122. Limitation of Actions. " General Issue. Treble Costs. § 123.

Reports to be sande-of the State of the Harbours, Bridges and Roads, CXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners by this Act appointed shall, on or before the Twenty fourth Day of June in every Year, report in Writing to His Majesty, and to both Houses of Parliament, their Proceedings, and the State and Condition and Repair of the said Harbours of Howth and Holyhead, and of the said Bridges over the Menai Straits and over the River Conway respectively, and of the several Roads hereby placed under their Superintendance, and of all new Works and Improvements carrying on in or upon the said Harbours, Bridges and Roads, or any of them, and present an Account of the Money advanced to and expended by the said Commissioners on each of the said Harbours, Bridges and Roads, in the Year ending the Fifth Day of April then last past, together with any Observations they may think proper.

4 Public Act. § 125.

### CAP. LXXV.

In Act for enabling His Majesty to inclose Part of Kew Green, and for dividing and extinguishing Rights of Common over certain Lands in the Parish of Kew, in the County of Surrey. [11th July 1823.]

WHEREAS His Majesty is seised in Right of His Crown of the Manor of Sheene, otherwise West Sheene, otherwise Richmond, in the County of Surrey: And Whereas the West End of the Common called Kew Green, Part of the Waste of the said Manor, divides a Messuage and Grounds belonging to His Majesty on the North Side thereof, from other Grounds belonging to His Majesty on the South and West Sides thereof: And Whereas the Inclosure and Addition of so much of the said Waste as divides the said Grounds, and of the Road from the mid Common to the Ferry called Brentford Ferry, would be a great Improvement to the said Property of His Majesty: And Whereas His Majesty hath been graciously pleased to signify His Royal Intention of causing to be made (in lieu of the said Road to the Ferry) a Road from Kew Bridge Westward along he Side of the Footpath in Front of the Houses on the North Side of the said Common called Kew Green, and thence Northvard, a Footpath and Road to the Towing Path of the River Thames, and from thence Westward a raised Footpath and Road o Brentford Ferry; and also of causing to be made a Footpath along the Eastern End of the remaining Part of Kew Green sforesaid; and of causing the present Roads along the remaining sides of Kew Green to be put in good State and Condition; and also of causing the said Roads and Footpaths, and all other the Highways and Footpaths in the said Parish of Kew, to be for ever hereafter kept in good Repair: And Whereas His Majesty and William Selwyn Esquire, and other Persons, are Owners of certain Meadow Lands in the said Parish of Kew, adjoining the Towing Path of the River Thames, and containing Nineteen Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, or thereabouts: And Whereas John Haverfield Esquire, and other Persons, are Occupiers of Estates in the said Parish of Kew, and respectively are or claim to be entitled to Rights of Common of Pasturage over the said Meadow Lands during Half of every Year: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Forty first Year of the Reign 41G.3.c.109. of His late Majesty, intituled An Act for consolidating in One Act certain Provisions usually inserted in Acts of Inclosure, and for facilitating the Mode of proving the several Facts usually required on the passing of such Acts: And Whereas an Act was passed in the First and Second Years of the Reign of His present 1&2 G.4. c.23. Majesty, intituled An Act to amend the Laws respecting the inclosing of Open Fields, Pastures, Moors and Waste Lands in England: And Whereas the said Meadow Lands are in their present State incapable of any considerable Improvement, and it would be advantageous to the several Persons interested therein if the same were divided, and specific Shares allotted to the several Proprietors thereof, and if the Persons entitled to Rights of Com-' mon during Half the Year over the same were in lieu thereof to  $\mathbf{Z} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{S}$ 

have the same Rights of Common at all Times of the Year over

His Majesty may inclose Part of Kew Green; a Part thereof: But inasmuch as the several Purposes aforesaid cannot be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament; May it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Asthority of the same, That from and immediately after the said Roads and Footpaths, in lieu of the said present Road to Breatfers Ferry, shall be made as hereinafter is mentioned. His Majesty. His Heirs and Successors, shall and may, at His and Their own Com and Charges, inclose and continue inclosed, freed and dischared of and from all Common Rights of what Nature or Kind seems, all that Piece or Parcel of Land, Part of the said Waste or Common called Kew Green, and the Road from thence to His Majesty's Palace and Brentford Ferry, and the Waste Ground adjoining thereto, bounded at the East End thereof by a straight Line drawn from the North East Corner of the Messuage belonging to His Ma jesty, lately in the Occupation of Barbara Meyer Widow, to Entrance into the Royal Gardens on the opposite Side of the Common, as the same hath been marked by a Stone Dwarf We with an Iron Railing, lately erected by His Majesty; on the North Side thereof by Messuages and Grounds lately in the Occupation of the said Barbara Meyer and Robert Hunter Esquire, and me belonging to His Majesty, and on Part by the said intended for path next the Towing Path, extending from the said Iron Rain at the South East Corner of the said Ground lately in the 0 pation of the said Barbara Meyer, Westward, to the South Corner of the said Ground lately in the Occupation of the Robert Hunter; then proceeding Northward to the North West Corner of the said last mentioned Ground, and running from the Westward along the South Side of the said intended Footpath the said Ferry, and bounded at the West End and on the South Side thereof by Walls and other Erections inclosing the Palett and Royal Gardens belonging to His Majesty, and Ways or Etrances into the same, extending from the Ferry aforesaid, n = irregular Line, to the South East Corner of the said Iron Ruling: and also to cause to be discontinued the Road through that last of the said Common hereinbefore authorized to be inclosed, and from thence to His Majesty's Palace and the said Ferry called Brentford Ferry; and it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons at any Time after the said Roads and Footpaths shall & raised and completed, to make use of the said Road or any last thereof, on Foot or otherwise; any Right, Claim, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

and shut up the present Road to the Ferry.

His Majesty to cause a Foot-way to be made to the Ferry, and Roads to be made round Kew Green, and all the Highways

\[ \text{Footpaths} \)
Parish

II. Provided always, That the King's most Excellent Majesty shall, at His and their own proper Costs and Charges, cause to be made, in lieu of the said Road to Brentford Ferry, the Roads and Footpaths hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say,) a good and substantial Road for Carriages from the End of Kew Bridge, Westward, along the Side of the Footpath in Front of the House on the North Side of Kew Green aforesaid, to the North eastward of the said Stone Dwarf Wall and Iron Railing, and a good and substantial Road and Path for Carriages and Persons on Foot, con-

tinued from the End of the said last mentioned Road, and the to be kept in Footpath by the Side of which it shall be made, Northward, along the East Side of the said Grounds of His Majesty, to the Towing Path of the River Thames, and a good and substantial raised Foot-path and Road for Carriages by the Side thereof, continued from the End of the said last mentioned Road, Westward, along or on the Side of the said Towing Path, to Brentford Ferry aforesaid; and shall also cause to be made a good and substantial Footpath along the Eastern End of the remaining Part of Kew Green aforesaid, by the Side of the said Stone Dwarf Wall and Iron Railing, and shall also cause the present Road on the North Side of Kew Green aforesaid, Eastward from Kew Bridge, and the present Roads along the West and Southern Sides of Kew Green aforesaid, to be put in good and substantial State and Condition; and that His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or any Person or Persons claiming by, from or under or in Trust for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, who shall for the time being respectively hold, occupy, possess or enjoy the Gardens and Grounds belonging to His Majesty at Kew, do and shall keep the said Roads and Footpaths aforesaid, and all other the Highways and Footpaths in the said Parish of Kew, in such good and sufficient Repair as that the said Footpaths and all other Footpaths shall be convenient at all Times hereafter for Passengers on Foot, and that the said Roads and all other Highways shall at all Times hereafter be convenient for Passengers on Foot or on Horseback, and for the passing and repassing of Carriages.

III. And be it further enacted, That Thomas Crawter the elder, Commissioner of Cobham, in the said County of Surrey, Land Surveyor, shall be appointed. and is hereby appointed the sole Commissioner for dividing, allotting and inclosing the said Meadow Lands, and for putting this Act in Execution, subject to the Rules, Orders, Directions and Regulations of the said recited Acts, which shall be applied and taken as Part of this Act, except only in Cases where the same

are hereby varied or altered.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if the said Thomas Crawter, Power to elect or any Commissioner to be appointed in his Stead, shall die or re- a future Comfuse to act, or become incapable of acting as a Commissioner in missioner. the Execution of this Act, it shall be lawful for the major Part in Value (such Value to be ascertained by the Poors Rate Assessment) of the Owners of or Persons interested in the said Meadow Lands, within Twenty Days next after such Death, Refusal or Incapacity shall be known, at a public Meeting to be called for that Purpose by any Two of the said Owners or Persons interested, (of which Meeting Ten Days' previous Notice shall be given in the Church of Kew aforesaid, and inserted in One of the Newspapers published in the County of Surrey, or as soon after as conveniently may be, by Writing under their Hands, to appoint a proper Person (not interested in the said Division) to be a Commissioner in the Room of the said Thomas Crawter, and in the Room of any Commissioner so appointed in his Stead, who shall die, or refuse to act, or become incapable of acting as aforesaid; and every such future Commissioner so to be appointed shall have the like Powers and Authorities for putting in Execution this Act and the said recited Acts, as if he had been named a Commissioner in and by this Act. Zz4

Appointment of a Surveyor.

V. And be it further enacted, That Thomas Crawter the younger of Cobham aforesaid, Land Surveyor, shall be and he is hereby appointed Surveyor for making such Survey, Admeasurement or Phan, and for reducing the same into Writing, and specifying and setting forth such Particulars as are in that Behalf required, under and by virtue of the said first recited Act; and in case the said Thomas Crawter the younger shall die, or refuse or neglect to act, or be the become incapable of acting, the said Commissioner is hereby should be and required forthwith to appoint such Surveyor in the Stead, and so from time to time, as often as any Surveyor for the Purposes of this Act shall die, or refuse to act, or be or become incapable of acting; and no Person shall act as such Surveyor with he shall have taken and subscribed the Oath or Affirmation following; that is to say,

Oath of Surveyor. A. B. do swear [or, being One of the People called Qualents do solemnly affirm,] That I will faithfully, impartially and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Ability, execute and perform the Duties incumbent on me as a Surveyor, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled [here insert the Title of this Act], according to Equity and good Conscience, and without Partiality, Favors or Affection, Prejudice or Malice, to any Person or Person whomsoever.

Which Oath or Affirmation the said Commissioner is hereby at thorized and required to administer; and the said Oath or Affait ation, so taken and subscribed by such Surveyor or Surveyor shall be annexed to the Award of the said Commissioner.

Notice of the Commissioner's Attendance on the principal Door of Kew Church.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioner shall cause Notice to be given upon some Sunday immediately before. Divine Service, by Writing to be affixed upon the principal Door of the Church of Kew aforesaid, of the Time and Place of his first and every subsequent Attendance for the Execution of this Act. Ten Days at least before any such Attendance, and the said Commissioner may adjourn such Attendance from time to time as he shall see Occasion; and in case he shall not be present at the Time and Place appointed for such Attendance, it shall be lawful for my Person who shall act as Clerk to the said Commissioner to adjourn the same to any future Day: Provided always, that all Attendances of the said Commissioner by virtue of this Act shall be given at some convenient Place in the said Parish of Kew.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all other Notices neces-

sary to be given by the said Commissioner shall be given by

Advertisement, to be inserted in The County Herald, or in some

other Newspaper usually circulated in the Neighbourhood of the

Meetings in l'arish of Kew.

Other Notices in The County Herald Newspaper.

Commissioner to determine Differences; said Inclosure.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Dispute or Difference shall arise between any of the Parties interested in the said Meadow Lands concerning their respective Rights or Interest

therein, or any Allotment to be made in lieu thereof, or any other Matter or Thing relating to the Division hereby directed to be made, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioner, and he is hereby required to examine into and determine the same: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall authorize the said

but not Questions of Title.

Com-

Commissioner to determine the Title to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments whatsoever.

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in Rights of Posthis Act contained shall extend to enable the said Commissioner session not to be to determine any Right between any Parties, contrary to the determined by Possession of any such Parties; but if the said Commissioner Commissioner. shall be of Opinion against the Right of the Person or Persons so in Possession, he shall forbear to make any Determination thereupon, until the Possession shall have been given up or recovered from such Person or Persons by Ejectment or other due Course of Law.

X. And be it further enacted, That whenever the said Commis- Power to Comsioner shall, upon Determination of any Claim or Objection to be missioner to delivered to him in pursuance of this or the said first recited Act, assess Costa. see cause to award any Costs, it shall be lawful for him, upon Application made for that Purpose, to settle, assess and award such Costs as he shall think reasonable, to be paid to the Party or Parties in whose Favour any Determination shall be made by the Party or Parties whose Claim or Objection shall be thereby rejected; and in case such Costs shall not be paid on Demand, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioner, and he is hereby required by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, directed to any Person whomsoever, to cause such Costs to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party neglecting or refusing to pay the same, rendering the Overplus (if any) upon Demand to the Party whose Goods and Chattels shall have been so distrained and sold, after deducting the Charges attending such Distress and Sale.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case Power to try! any Person or Corporation claiming to be interested in the said Claims at Law. Meadow Land shall be dissatisfied with any Determination of the said Commissioner, concerning any Rights or Interests in or over the same, and shall, by Writing under his or her Hand, or the Hand of his or her Agent, or under their Common Seal respectively, signify the same to the said Commissioner within Three Calendar Months next after any such Determination shall have been made, and signified by Writing under the Hand of the said Commissioner, to the Person or Corporation against whom the same shall have been so made, or his, her or their Agent or Attorney, it shall be lawful for the Person or Corporation so dissatisfied with such Determination, to have the Subject thereof tried at Law, by an Action to be brought by him, her or them, against any Person or Persons, or Corporation, in whose Favour such Determination shall have been made, or against the said Commissioner, upon a feigned Issue, to be settled by the proper Officer of the Court where such Action shall be brought, in case the Parties differ about the same, such Action to be brought within Three Calendar Months next after any such Determination shall have been made, and Notice thereof given as before directed; and the Defendant or Notice of Defendants in such Action is and are hereby required to name an Action. Attorney or Attornies who shall appear thereto, or file Common Bail, and accept One or more Issue or Issues, by which the Matter of such Determination of the said Commissioner may be tried, and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall thereupon proceed in

C. 75.

such Action so as to have the same tried and determined at First or Second Assizes, to be holden for the said Country Surrey, next after the Commencement of the said Action; and Verdict of the Jury on such Trial shall be binding and cond upon all the Parties interested therein, unless the Court whe such Action shall be brought shall set aside such Verdict, order a new Trial to be had thereupon, which it shall be set for the Court to do, as is usual in other Cases; and also sufficient Cause shewn to put off the Trial of such Issue, and after such Verdict shall have been given, and finel July obtained thereon, the said Commissioner shall, and he's i required to act in Conformity thereto, and to allow or de the Claim or Claims thereby determined, according to the B of such Trial or Trials; provided that all such Determination the said Commissioner as shall not be objected to as afores in respect of which the dissatisfied Party shall not cause Action at Law to be brought and proceeded in as aforesaid, be absolutely final and conclusive.

Determination of Commissioner not objected to, final.

Parties dying, no Abatement.

In case of the Death of Parties before Actions brought, the same to be carried on and defended in . their Names.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any or either of Parties in any Action to be brought in pursuance of this shall die pending the same, such Action shall not abate by thereof, but be proceeded in as if no such Event had happen

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if Person or Persons in whose favour any such Determination aforesaid shall have been made, and against whom any Action or Actions might have been brought if living, before any such Action or Actions shall have been brough before the Expiration of the Time hereinbefore limited for ing such Action or Actions, it shall be lawful for the Pers Corporation who might have brought such Action or Action bring the same, within the Time so limited as aforesaid, such Person or Persons as if actually living, and to serve the to the said Commissioner with Process for commencing Action or Actions, in the same Manner as the Party or P might have been served therewith if living; and it shall there be incumbent on the Heir or Heirs, or other Person or Pa who shall claim the Benefit of such Determination as afores appear and defend such Action or Actions in the Name or Name the Person or Persons so dead, and Proceedings shall be therein as if such Person or Persons had been actually living, the Right of all Parties shall be equally bound and conclude the Event of such Action or Actions.

The Meadow Lands to be allotted among the Owners according to their Shares.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commission shall set out, divide and allot the said Meadow Lands unto amongst His Majesty and the several other Persons who, at Time of such Allotment, shall be Owners of any Parts, Shard Lots thereof, according to their several Shares, Parts, Lots Interests therein, in such Proportions and Allotments, to settled and ascertained by such Ways and Means as to the Commissioner shall seem most equitable and proper, and to held in Severalty in lieu of the Shares, Parts or Lots, and Interes

to which they are now respectively entitled of and in the same XV. And be it further enacted, That all Lands which shall allotted by virtue of this or the said first recited Act shall

Allotments to be of the same Tenure.

held under the same Tenure, Rents, Customs and Services as the Lands in lieu of which such Allotments shall be made were respectively held before the passing of this Act, or would have been held in case this Act had not been made.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioner Allotment of shall, after setting out the said Allotments, set out, allot and award such Part or Parts of the Allotment or Allotments of the said Meadow Lands which shall be made to His Majesty as aforesaid, for the Enjoyment of such Right of Common of Pasturage Times of the over the same at all Times of the Year, by the Persons who, if Year. this Act had not been made, would have been entitled to such Rights during Half the Year over all the said Meadow Lands, as the said Commissioner shall adjudge to afford a fair Equivalent and Compensation for such Rights of Common as such Persons are now entitled to over all the said Meadow Lands; and the Persons who would for the Time being respectively have been entitled to Right or Common over the said Meadow Lands during half the Year, if this Act had not been passed, shall, in full Satisfaction of such Rights, have and enjoy exclusively, and at all Times of the Year, such and the like Rights of Common for such and the like Cattle, and under such and the like Regulations and Restrictions (as far as Circumstances will permit) as they respectively are now entitled to over the said Meadow Lands during Half the Year; and from and after the Execution of the Award by the said Commissioner, all such Rights of Common over all the Parts of the said Waste and Common, and of the other Parts of the said Meadow Lands to be inclosed and divided as aforesaid, shall cease and be for ever extinguished.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioner Value of Disshall also award and determine the Amount or Value in Money charge from of the Discharge from the said Right of Common during Half the Common Right Year, of every Allotment to be made of the said Meadow Land of Allotment to every Person except His Majesty; and such Amount or Value King, shall be paid by the Person or Persons entitled to such Allotment respectively to His Majesty, His Successors or Assigns, and the Receipt of any One of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, shall be an effectual Dis-

charge for the same respectively.

XVIII. And be it further enacted. That in case the Person of If Default is Persons to whom any Allotment shall have been made shall made in Payneglect or refuse to pay the Sum of Money so awarded to be paid ment to the by him or them to His Majesty, His Successors or Assigns as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, for the Space of Two Calendar the Commis-Months next after the Execution of the Award of the Commis-sioner shall sell sioner, then and in such Case the said Commissioner shall and he the Allotment, is hereby required to sell the Allotment in respect of which or a sufficient such Sum of Money ought to have been paid, or a sufficient Part to pay the thereof, by Public Auction or Private Contract, and out of the Money which shall be produced by such Sale to retain all the Costs and Expences attending such Sale, and pay the said Sum of Money, or so much thereof in Payment of which Default shall have been made as aforesaid, unto His Majesty, His Successors or Assigns, in Manner aforesaid; and the Residue or Surplus, if any, of such Money, shall be paid to the Person or Persons to

C. 75.

whom such Allotment shall have been made; and the said Conmissioner shall and he is hereby empowered to convey such Allotment, or such Part thereof as shall be sold, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, by a Deed under his Hand and Sed, to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, his or their Heirs and Assigns, or as he or they shall direct, at the Expence of such Purchaser or Purchasers, and the Receipt of the said Commissioner on the Back of such Deed respectively shall effectually discharge the Purchaser or Purchasers from seeing to the Application of the Purchase Money, or being answerable for the same

Commissioner may direct Ditches to be made.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioner may set out and direct such new Duties and Watercourses to be made, of such Depth and Breadth, and in such situation and Direction as the Commissioner shall think proper, in, through a upon the Land hereby directed to be divided and inclosed, a any Part or Parts thereof; and the said Commissioner shall, and he is hereby directed, by his Award, to direct by whom and a whose Expence, and at what Time and in what Manner the present Ditches or any such Ditches and Watercourses shall be thereafter repaired, scoured and maintained.

Commissioner to direct when Fences are to be made.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioner for the Time being shall, and he is hereby required, by the Award to be executed by him, to direct and declare within what Time, and how and in what Manner, the Fences for dividing and inclosing the several Allotments to be set out and inclosed under and by virtue of this Act shall be made, and by whom the same shall for ever there after be kept in Repair.

Wills and Settlements not to be affected.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to revoke, make void, alter or prejudice any Settlement, Will, Mortgage or Deed, or other Instrument whatsoever, or to prejudice any Person or Persons having any Right to or Claim of Dower, Jointure, Portion, Debt, Charge or Incumbrance whatsoever, in, out of, upon or affecting any Lands or Hereditaments which shall be divided and allotted in pursuance of this Act or the said first recited Act, but that the seven Lands so to be allotted shall from and after the making of such Allotments be, remain and be held and enjoyed, and the seven Persons to whom the same shall be allotted shall from henceforth stand and be seised and possessed thereof respectively, to such and the same Uses, and for such and the same Estates, and with such and the same Powers and Authorities for making Lesses of otherwise, and subject to the same Wills, Limitations, Conditions, Settlements, Uses, Trusts, Powers, Provisoes, Debts, Charges and Incumbrances as the several Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, in respect or in lieu whereof such Allotments shall be respectively made, were and stood severally limited, or subject and liable unto, at the Time of making such Allotments respectively.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Award to be made by the said Commissioner under the Authority of this Act and the said first recited Act, together with a proper Map or Plan of the said Meadow Land thereto annexed, shall, within Tweltt Calendar Months after the Execution thereof, be delivered w the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Surrey, who is County,

Award with l'lan of Meadow Land to be deposited among the Records of the

hereby required to deposit and keep the same among the Records of the said County, so that Recourse may be had thereto by any Person or Persons interested in the Premises, for the Reception whereof the Sum of Three Pounds Three Shillings shall be paid and no more, and for Inspection and Perusal whereof the Sum of One Shilling and no more shall be paid; and the said Award shall from and after the Delivery thereof to the said Clerk of the Peace be deemed and taken to be enrolled, according to the Directions and within the Meaning of the said first recited Act: and a Copy of the said Award, fairly transcribed in a Book, with and a Copy 3 proper Map or Plan of the Allotments, shall within the Time thereof depositaforesaid be deposited in the Church of Kew aforesaid, and there be kent in a Tin Roy to be provided for that Direction of Kew. be kept in a Tin Box to be provided for that Purpose; and the said Award and Copy thereof, as well as any other Copy of the said Award, or any Part or Parts thereof, which shall be attested by the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, (for every Sheet of which Copy, containing Seventy two Words, Four Pence and no more shall be paid,) shall from time to time and at all times thereafter be admitted and allowed as legal Evidence of the Matters and Things therein contained in all Courts whatsoever.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioner for the Allowance to Time being shall be allowed and paid the Sum of Three Pounds the Commisand Three Shillings and no more, for every Day which he shall sioner, &c. ravel or be employed, and actually attend in any Business relating to the Execution of the Powers and Authorities hereby in him reposed, which Sum shall include all his Expences; and that the Surveyor appointed by the said Commissioner shall be paid such Sum or Sums of Money for his Pains, Trouble, Expences and Attendances on the said Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, as the Commissioner shall think just and reasonable.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, shall quarter Sessions, hink himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Thing lone or omitted to be done in pursuance of the said recited Acts or this Act, (other than and except as to such Claims, Matters and Things as shall be ascertained, settled, tried or determined by the Verdict of a Jury, under the Power and Authority hereinbefore contained, or where by any of the Provisions of the said recited Acts or this Act the Determinations, Orders, Acts or Proceedings of the said Commissioner are declared or directed to be final or conclusive,) then and in every such Case he, she or they may appeal to the Justices at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held for the said County of Surrey, within Four Calendar Months next after the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, on giving to the said Commissioner, and to the Party or Parties concerned, Ten Days' Notice in Notice. Writing of such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof; and the Justices (not interested in the Premises), at the said General Quarter Sessions, are hereby required to hear and determine the Matter of every such Appeal, and to make such Order, and award such Costs and Damages as to them in their Discretion Costs. shall seem reasonable, and by their Order or Warrant to levy the Costs and Damages which shall be so awarded, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties liable to

Determination final.

C.75.

pay the same, rendering the Overplus (if any), upon Demand, the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels, after deducing the reasonable Charges of such Warrant, Distress and Sal and the Determination of such Justices shall be final and or clusive to all Parties concerned, and shall not be removed removable by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsom into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminss, elsewhere; but in case such Appeal shall appear to the a Justices to be frivolous, vexatious or without sufficient Foundation the said Justices shall award such Costs to be paid by Appellant or Appellants as to the said Justices in their Discretis shall seem reasonable, and to be levied in Manner aforesis.

Costs by Appellans.

Auditor of the Commissioner's Accounts.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the Accounts of Commissioner for the Time being, containing a true States of all Sums received and expended, or due to him for his a Trouble and Expences, shall, at least once in every Year of the passing of this Act, until such Accounts shall be fallowed, together with the Vouchers relating to the same, examined and audited by one of His Majesty's Justices of Peace for the said County of Surrey, and the Balance by stated in the Book of Accounts to be kept in the Office of Clerk to the said Commissioner, and that no Charge or Its such Accounts shall be binding on the Parties concerned, or valid in Law, unless the same shall be duly allowed by the Auditor.

For paying the Expences of this Act.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Costs, Cand Expences of the said Commissioner, and the Allowand be made to him, and all other incidental Expences attached the obtaining and passing of this Act, and of the valuing, saing, planning, measuring, dividing and allotting the Lands Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, of preparing the Award of the said Commissioner, and all Charges and Expences of carrying this Act and the said recited Act into Execution, shall be paid by His Majesty, Successors or Assigns.

General Saving. XXVII. Saving always, to all and every other Person or sons, and Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiste, his, her and their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Admittrators, (except His Majesty, and the several Persons to the any Allotment or Allotments shall be made in pursuance of said first recited Act or this Act, or who shall be entitled Rights of Common upon the Allotment or Allotments to awarded for the Enjoyment of such Rights, for in respect of Rights or Interests as are hereby meant and intended to be been and destroyed and extinguished, and all Persons respective claiming under them, or in Remainder after them), all such Biggestate, Title and Interest as they, every or any of them could might have had and enjoyed of, in, to or in respect of the Land Interest as they directed to be divided and inclosed, in case this Act had not been passed.

Public Act

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

CAP

# CAP. LXXVI.

An Act for amending the Laws respecting the Solemnization of Marriages in England. [18th *July* 1823.]

THEREAS it is expedient to amend the Laws respecting the Solemnization of Marriages in England; Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of November next ensuing the passing of this Act, so much of an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of King George 26 G.2. c.38. the Second, intituled An Act for the better preventing of Clan-destine Marriages, as was in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and also an Act passed in the present Session of 4G.4. c.17. Parliament, intituled An Act to repeal certain Provisions of an Act passed in the Third Year of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to amend certain Provisions of the Twenty sixth of George the Second, for the better preventing of Clandestine Marriages; shall be and the same are hereby repealed; save and except repealed. as to any Acts, Matters or Things done under the Provisions of Exceptions. the said recited Acts, or either of them, before the said First Day of November, as to which the said recited Acts shall respectively be of the same Force and Effect as if this Act had not been made; save also and except so far as the said recited Acts, or either of them, repeal any former Act, or any Clause, Matter or Thing therein contained.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Banns, where, Day of November all Banns of Matrimony shall be published in when and how an audible Manner in the Parish Church, or in some Public Marriage to be Chapel, in which Chapel Banns of Matrimony may now or may solemnized hereafter be lawfully published, of or belonging to such Parish where Banns or Chapelry wherein the Persons to be married shall dwell, published. according to the Form of Words prescribed by the Rubrick prefixed to the Office of Matrimony in the Book of Common Prayer, upon Three Sundays preceding the Solemnization of Marriage, during the Time of Morning Service, or of Evening Service, (if there shall be no Morning Service in such Church or Chapel upon the Sunday upon which such Banns shall be so published,) immediately after the Second Lesson; and whensoever it shall happen that the Persons to be married shall dwell in divers Parishes or Chapelries, the Banns shall in like Manner be published in the Church or in any such Chapel as aforesaid belonging to such Parish or Chapelry wherein each of the said Persons shall dwell; and that all other the Rules prescribed by the said Rubrick concerning the Publication of Banns and the Solemnization of Matrimony, and not hereby altered, shall be duly observed; and that in all Cases where Banns shall have been published, the Marriage shall be solemnized in one of the Parish Churches or Chapels where such Banns shall have been published, and in no other Place whatsoever.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Bishop of the Diocese, Bishop, with with the Consent of the Patron and the Incumbent of the Church Consent of of the Parish in which any public Chapel, having a Chapelry Patron and In-

thereunto cumbent, may

authorize Publication of Banns in any Public Chapel.

720

thereunto annexed, may be situated, or of any Chapel situated in an Extra parochial Place, signified to him under their Hands and Seals respectively, may authorize, by Writing under his Hand and Seal, the Publication of Banns and the Solemnization of Marriages in such Chapel for Persons residing within such Chapelry or Extra parochial Place respectively; and such Consent, together with such written Authority, shall be registered in the Registry of the Diocese.

A.D. 1823.

Notice to be placed in such Chapel.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in every Chapel in respect of which such Authority shall be given as aforesaid, there shall be placed in some conspicuous Part of the Interior of such Chapel a Notice in the Words following: "Banns may be published and Marriages solemnized in this Chapel."

**Provisions** relative to Marriage Registers extended to Chapels so authorized as aforesaid.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Provisions now in force, or which may hereafter be established by Law, relative to providing and keeping Marriage Registers in any Parish Churches, shall extend and be construed to extend to any Chapel in which the Publication of Banns and Solemnization of Marriages shall be so authorized as aforesaid, in the same Manner as if the same were a Parish Church; and every thing required by Law to be done relative thereto by the Churchwardens of any Parish Church shall be done by the Chapelwarden or other Officer exercising analogous Duties in such Chapel.

Book to be provided for the Registration of Banns, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That on or before the said First Day of November, and from time to time afterwards as there shall be Occasion, the Churchwardens and Chapelwardens of Churches and Chapels wherein Marriages are solemnized, shall provide a proper Book of substantial Paper, marked and ruled respectively in Manner directed for the Register Book of Marriages; and the Banns shall be published from the said Register Book of Banns by the officiating Minister, and not from loose Papers, and after Publication shall be signed by the officiating Minister, or by some Person under his Direction.

Notice of Names and Place and Time of Abode of Parties to be given to Minister.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That no Parson, Vicar, Minister or Curate shall be obliged to publish the Banns of Matrimony between any Persons whatsoever, unless the Persons to be married shall, Seven Days at the least before the Time required for the first Publication of such Banns respectively, deliver or cause to be delivered to such Parson, Vicar, Minister or Curate, a Notice in Writing, dated on the Day on which the same shall be so delivered, of their true Christian Names and Surnames, and of the House or Houses of their respective Abodes within such Parish or Chapelry as aforesaid, and of the Time during which they have dwelt, inhabited or lodged in such House or Houses respectively.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Parson, Minister, Vicar or Curate, solemnizing Marriages after the First Day of November next, between Persons both or one of whom shall be under the Age of Twenty one Years, after Banns published, shall be punishable by Ecclesiastical Censures for solemnizing such Marriages without Consent of Parents or Guardians, unless such Parson, Minister, Vicar or Curate shall have Notice of the Dissent of such Parents or Guardians; and in case such Parents or Guardians, or one of them,

How far Ministers not punishable for marrying Minors without Concent; in what case Publication of Banns void.

them, shall openly and publicly declare or cause to be declared, in the Church or Chapel where the Banns shall be so published, at the Time of such Publication, his, her or their Dissent to such Marriage, such Publication of Banns shall be absolutely void.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever a Marriage shall In what case not be had within Three Months after the complete Publication Republication of Banns, no Minister shall proceed to the Solemnization of the cossary. same until the Banns shall have been republished on Three several Sundays, in the Form and Manner prescribed in this Act, unless by Licence duly obtained according to the Provisions of this Act.

X. And it is hereby further enacted, That no Licence of Licences to Marriage shall, from and after the said First Day of November, be granted by any Archbishop, Bishop, or other Ordinary or Person having Authority to grant such Licences, to solemnize any Marian wherein One Party reriage in any other Church or Chapel than in the Parish Church sided for 15 or in some Public Chapel of or belonging to the Parish or Days before Chapelry within which the usual Place of Abode of One of the Persons to be married shall have been for the Space of Fifteen

Days immediately before the granting of such Licence.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Caveat be entered Where Caveat against the Grant of any Licence for a Marriage, such Caveat entered no Libeing duly signed by or on the Behalf of the Person who enters the same, together with his Place of Paridona and the Country till Matter the same, together with his Place of Residence and the Ground of Objection on which his Caveat is founded, no Licence shall Judge. issue till the said Caveat, or a true Copy thereof, be transmitted to the Judge out of whose Office the Licence is to issue, and until the Judge has certified to the Register that he has examined into the Matter of the Caveat, and is satisfied that it ought not to obstruct the Grant of the Licence for the said Marriage, or until the Caveat be withdrawn by the Party who entered the same.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Parishes, where Parishes where there shall be no Parish Church or Chapel be- no Church o onging thereto, or none wherein Divine Service shall be usually Extra parosolemnized every Sunday, and all Extra parochial Places whatever, chial Places, naving no Public Chapel wherein Banus may be lawfully published, deemed to shall be deemed and taken to belong to any Parish or Chapelry belong to any next adjoining, for the Purposes of this Act only; and where adjoining Banns shall be published in any Church or Chapel of any Parish, &c. or Chapelry adjoining to any such Parish or Chapelry where there hall be no Church or Chapel, or none wherein Divine Service hall be solemnized as aforesaid, or to any Extra parochial Place s aforesaid, the Parson, Vicar, Minister or Curate publishing uch Banns shall, in Writing under his Hand, certify the Pub-ication thereof in the same Manner as if either of the Persons to e married had dwelt in such adjoining Parish or Chapelry.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, Where hat if the Church of any Parish, or Chapel of any Chapelry, Churches are herein Marriages have been usually solemnized, be demolished demolished or order to be rebuilt, or be under Repair, and on such Account under Repair e disused for public Service, it shall be lawful for the Ranns to be e disused for public Service, it shall be lawful for the Banns to proclaimed in e proclaimed in a Church or Chapel of any adjoining Parish or a Church or hapelry in which Banns are usually proclaimed, or in any Place Chapel of an ithin the Limits of the Parish or Chapelry which shall be licensed adjoining y the Bishop of the Diocese for the Performance of Divine Ser-

of Banns ne-

Parish, &c.

4 GEO. IV.

325.

Proviso for former Marriages so solemnised.

Oath to be taken before the Surrogate as to certain Particulars before Licence is granted.

Bond not to be required before granting Licence.

Who are to give Consent if Parties are under Age.

If the Father of Minor be non compos Mentis, or if Guardians or Mother of Minor be non compos Mentis, or beyond Sca,

vice during the Repair or rebuilding of the Church as aforesaid and where no such Place shall be so licensed, then, during sad Period as aforesaid, the Marriage may be solemnized in the adjoining Church or Chapel wherein the Banns have been proclaimed and all Marriages heretofore solemnized in other Places the said Parishes or Chapelries than the said Churches or Chapelries than the said Churches or Chapelries to be rebuilt, shall not be liable to have their Validity question that account, nor shall the Ministers who have so solemnized the same be liable to any Ecclesiastical Censure, or to any other Proceeding or Penalty whatsoever.

XIV. And be it further enacted, for avoiding all Frank-t Collusion in obtaining of Licences for Marriage, That before such Licence be granted, One of the Parties shall person swear before the Surrogate or other Person having Authority grant the same, that he or she believeth that there is no Impedit of Kindred or Alliance, or of any other lawful Cause, nor Suit commenced in any Ecclesiastical Court, to bar or hinder proceeding of the said Matrimony according to the Tenor as said Licence; and that One of the said Parties hath, for Space of Fifteen Days immediately preceding such Licence, his or her usual Place of Abode within the Parish or Chapwithin which such Marriage is to be solemnized; and where of the Parties, not being a Widower or Widow, shall be to the Age of Twenty one Years, that the Consent of the Parties

Persons whose Consent to such Marriage is required under Provisions of this Act has been obtained thereto: Provided at that if there shall be no such Person or Persons having Authority to give such Consent, then upon Oath made to that Effect by Party requiring such Licence, it shall be lawful to grant to gra

Licence notwithstanding the Want of any such Consent. XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it not be required of any Person applying for any such Licence give any Caution or Security, by Bond or otherwise, before Licence is granted; any Thing in any Act or Canon to the strary thereof notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it turther enacted, That in case the Father Fathers of the Parties to be married, or of One of them, so age as aforesaid, shall be non compos Mentis, or the Guardian Guardians, Mother or Mothers, or any of them whose Consent made necessary as aforesaid to the Marriage of such Party Parties, shall be non compos Mentis, or in Parts beyond the second control of the control of the second control of the sec

or shall unreasonably or from undue Motives refuse or withhold &c. Parties his, her or their Consent to a proper Marriage, then it shall and may apply to may be lawful for any Person desirous of marrying, in any of the Lord Chanbefore mentioned Cases, to apply by Petition to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or the Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the Time being, Master of the Rolls or Vice Chancellor of England, who is and are respectively hereby empowered to proceed upon such Petition in a summary Way; and in case the Marriage proposed shall upon Examination appear to be proper, the said Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal for the Time being, Master of the Rolls or Vice Chancellor, shall judicially declare the same to be so; and such judicial Declaration shall be deemed and taken to be as good and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the Father, Guardian or Guardians, or Mother of the Person so petitioning had consented to such Marriage.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That from and Surrogate to after the said First Day of November no Surrogate hereafter to take Oath of be deputed by any Ecclesiastical Judge who hath Power to grant Office. Licences, shall grant any such Licence until he hath taken an Oath before the said Judge, or before a Commissioner appointed by Commission under the Seal of the said Judge, which Commission the said Judge is hereby authorized to issue, faithfully to execute his Office according to Law, to the best of his Knowledge, and hath given Security by his Bond in the Sum of One hundred Pounds to the Bishop of the Diocese for the due and faithful Execution of his said Office.

XIX. And be it also enacted, That whenever a Marriage shall In what case not be had within Three Months after the Grant of a Licence by new Licence to any Archbishop, Bishop, or any Ordinary or Person having Autho- be obtained. rity to grant such Licence, no Minister shall proceed to the Solemnization of such Marriage until a new Licence shall have been obtained, unless by Banns duly published according to the Provisions of this Act.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing Right of Archhereinbefore contained shall be construed to extend to deprive bishop of Canthe Archbishop of Canterbury and his Successors, and his and Special Litheir proper Officers, of the Right which hath hitherto been used, cences, as under n virtue of a certain Statute made in the Twenty fifth Year of 25 H.S. c. 21. the Reign of the late King Henry the Eighth, intituled ' An Act concerning Peter Pence and Dispensations,' of granting Special Licences to marry at any convenient Time or Place.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall, from Persons unduly nd after the said First Day of November, solemnize Matrimony solemnizing n any other Place than a Church or such Public Chapel wherein Marriage in the sanns may be lawfully published, or at any other Time than etween the Hours of Eight and Twelve in the Forenoon, unless y Special Licence from the Archbishop of Canterbury, or shall olemnize Matrimony without due Publication of Banns, unless sicence of Marriage be first had and obtained from some Person r Persons having Authority to grant the same; or if any Person, alsely pretending to be in Holy Orders, shall solemnize Matri-nony according to the Rites of the Church of England; every Person knowingly and wilfully so offending, and being lawfully 3 A 2

mentioned.

Transportation.

Limitation of Prosecution.

Marriage void where Persons wilfully marry in any other Place than a Church, &c.

When Marriage solemniscd between Parties under Age contrary to this Act, by false the guilty Party to forfeit all Property accruing from the Marriage.

Suit by Information in Chancery or Exchequer.

Order of Cou thereon.

convicted thereof, shall be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Space of Fourteen Years, according to the Laws in force for Transportation of Felons: Provided that all Prosecutions for such Felony shall be canmenced within the Space of Three Years after the Offence committed.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if Persons shall knowingly and wilfully intermarry in any Place than a Church, or such Public Chapel wherein Ba be lawfully published, unless by Special Licence as a or shall knowingly and wilfully intermarry without due Publ of Banns, or Licence from a Person or Persons having As to grant the same, first had and obtained, or shall knowin wilfully consent to or acquiesce in the Solemnization of such riage by any Person not being in Holy Orders, the Marrie such Persons shall be null and void to all Intents and Persons whatsoever.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any valid Mari solemnized by Licence shall, after the said First Day of Nov next, be procured by a Party to such Marriage to be soles between Persons, one or both of whom shall be under the of Twenty one Years, not being a Widower or Widow, co Oath or Fraud, to the Provisions of this Act, by Means of such Party 1 swearing as to any Matter or Matters to which such Pa hereinbefore required personally to swear, such Party w and knowingly so swearing; or if any valid Marriage by ! shall, after the said First Day of November next, be process a Party thereto to be solemnized by Banns between Perso or both of whom shall be under the Age of Twenty one not being a Widower or Widow, such Party knowing that Person as aforesaid under the Age of Twenty one Years Parent or Guardian then living, and that such Marriage was without the Consent of such Parent or Guardian, and ka that Banns had not been duly published according to the visions of this Act, and having knowingly caused or procured undue Publication of Banns, then and in every such Case it be lawful for His Majesty's Attorney General (or for His M Solicitor General in case of the Vacancy of the Office of ney General) by Information in the Nature of an English B the Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer, at the Relati a Parent or Guardian of the Minor, whose Consent has not given to such Marriage, and who shall be responsible for any C incurred in such Suit, such Parent or Guardian previously Oath as is hereinafter required, to sue for a Forfeiture Estate, Right, Title and Interest in any Property which accrued or shall accrue to the Party so offending by force of Marriage; and such Court shall have Power in such Sax declare such Forfeiture, and thereupon to order and direct all such Estate, Right, Title and Interest in any Property as then have accrued, or shall thereafter accrue to such of Party, by force of such Marriage, shall be secured under Direction of such Court for the Benefit of the innocent Party. of the Issue of the Marriage, or of any of them, in such Mas as the said Court shall think fit, for the Purpose of prevent

the offending Party from deriving any Interest in Real or Personal Estate, or pecuniary Benefits from such Marriage; and if both the Parties so contracting Marriage shall, in the Judgment of the Court, be guilty of any such Offence as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Court to settle and secure such Property, or any Part thereof, immediately for the Benefit of the Issue of the Marriage, subject to such Provisions for the offending Parties, by Way of Maintenance or otherwise, as the said Court, under the particular Circumstances of the Case, shall think reasonable, Regard being had to the Benefit of the Issue of the Marriage during the Lives of their Parents, and of the Issue of the Parties respectively by any future Marriage, or of the Parties themselves, in case either of them shall survive the other; Provided also, that Before Informno such Information as aforesaid shall be filed, unless it shall be ation filed, the made out to the Satisfaction of the Attorney or Solicitor General Case to be before he files the same, by Oath or Oaths sworn before One of made out to the Masters in Ordinary in Chancery, or before One of the Barons General or of the Exchequer, and which they are hereby respectively em- solicitor Ge powered to administer, that the valid Marriage to be complained neral on Outh. of in such Information hath been solemnized in such Manner and under such Circumstances, as in the Judgment of the said Attorney or Solicitor General are sufficient to authorize the filing the Information under the Provisions of this Act, and that such Marriage has been solemnized without the Consent of the Party or Parties at whose Relation such Information is proposed to be filed, or of any other Parent or Guardian of the Minor married, to the Knowledge or Belief of the Relator or Relators so making Oath; and that such Relator or Relators had not known or discovered that such Marriage had been solemnized more than Three Months previous to his or their Application to the Attorney or Solicitor General.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Agreements, That all Agreements, Settlements and Deeds, entered into or Settlements, executed by the Parties to any Marriage, in consequence of or &c. previous to in relation to which Marriage such Information as aforesaid shall such Marriages be filed, or by either of the said Parties, before and in contemplation of such Marriage, or after such Marriage, for the Benefit of the Parties or either of them, or their Issue, so far as the same shall be contrary to or inconsistent with the Provisions of such Security and Settlement as shall be made by or under the Direction of such Court as aforesaid, under the Authority of this Act, shall be absolutely void, and have no Force or Effect.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Information to original Information to be filed for the Purpose of obtaining a be filed within Declaration of any such Forfeiture as aforesaid, shall be filed One Year. within One Year after the Solemnization of the Marriage by which such Forfeiture shall have been incurred, and shall be prosecuted with due Diligence; and in case any Person or neces- Proceedings sary Party to any such Information shall abscond, or be or con- where Parties tinue out of England, it shall be lawful for the Court in which such abscord or are Information shall be filed to order such Person to appear to such Abroad. Information, and answer the same, within such Time as to such Court shall seem fit; and to cause such Order to be served on such Person at any Place out of England, or to cause such Order

to be inserted in the London Gazette, and such other British or

Foreign Newspapers as to such Court shall seem proper; and in Default of such Person appearing and answering such Information within the Time to be limited as aforesaid, to order such Information to be taken as confessed by such Person, and to proceed to make such Decree or Order upon such Information as such Court might have made if such Person had appeared to and answered such Information: Provided always, that in case the Person & whose Relation any such Suit shall have been instituted shall de pending such Suit, it shall be lawful for the Court of Chancery, if such Court shall see fit, to appoint a proper Person or proper

Persons at whose Relation such Suit may be continued.

Proviso for Death of Relator.

Proof of actual Residence of Parties not necessary to Validity of Marriage, whether after Banns or by Licence

Marriage not compelled by reason of Contract.

Marriages to be in the Presence of Two Witnesses, and to be registered:

and signed, &c.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That she the Solemnization of any Marriage under a Publication of Busical it shall not be necessary in support of such Marriage to give any Proof of the actual Dwelling of the Parties in the respect Parishes or Chapelries wherein the Banns of Matrimony published; or where the Marriage is by Licence, it shall not be necessary to give any Proof that the usual Place of Abode of of the Parties, for the Space of Fifteen Days as aforesaid, in the Parish or Chapelry where the Marriage was solemniz nor shall any Evidence in either of the said Cases be recent to prove the contrary in any Suit touching the Validity of su Marriage.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in no Case whatse shall any Suit or Proceedings be had in any Ecclesiastical Co in order to compel a Celebration of any Marriage in Facie Edit by reason of any Contract of Matrimony whatsoever, whether Verba de præsenti, or per Verba de futuro, any Law or Unge the contrary notwithstanding.

' XXVIII. And, in order to preserve the Evidence of Marriage ' and to make the Proof thereof more certain and easy, and the Direction of Ministers in the Celebration of Marriages ' registering thereof,' Be it enacted, That from and after said First Day of November all Marriages shall be solemand in the Presence of Two or more credible Witnesses, beids the Minister who shall celebrate the same; and that immediately after the Celebration of every Marriage an Entry thereof be made in the Register Book provided and kept for that Parpose as by Law is now directed, or as shall be hereafter directed; in which Entry or Register it shall be expressed that the 🗯 Marriage was celebrated by Banns or Licence, and if both either of the Parties married by Licence be under Age. # being a Widower or Widow, with Consent of the Parents Guardians, as the Case shall be; and such Entry shall be signed by the Minister with his proper Addition, and also by the Parts married, and attested by such Two Witnesses; which Entry shall be made in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say,

' A. B. of { the this } Parish, and C. D. of { the this } Parish. were married in this { Church Chapel } by | Banus, | with Con-Licence,

· sert

Form.

sent of { Parents, } this

in the Year Day of ' By me J.J. Rector. Vicar. Curate.

This Marriage was solemnized between us  $\begin{cases} A. B. \\ C. D. \end{cases}$ 

' In the Presence of  $\begin{cases} E. F. \\ G. H. \end{cases}$ 

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Making a false That if any Person shall, from and after the said First Day of Entry, November, with Intent to elude the Force of this Act, knowingly and wilfully insert or cause to be inserted in the Register Book of such Parish or Chapelry as aforesaid any false Entry of any Matter or Thing relating to any Marriage; or falsely make, alter, forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely making. altered, forged or counterfeited, or act or assist in falsely making, altering, forging or counterfeiting any such Entry in such Register; or falsely make, alter, forge or counterfeit, or cause or or Licence; procure to be falsely made, altered, forged or counterfeited, or assist in falsely making, altering, forging or counterfeiting any such Licence of Marriage as aforesaid; or utter or publish as true any such false, altered, forged or counterfeited Register as aforesaid, or a Copy thereof, or any such false, altered, forged or counterfeited Licence of Marriage, knowing such Register or Licence of Marriage respectively to be false, altered, forged or counterfeited; or if any Person shall, from and after or of destroying the said First Day of November, wilfully destroy, or cause or such Register; procure to be destroyed any Register Book of Marriages, or any Part of such Register Book, with Intent to avoid any Marriage, or to subject any Person to any of the Penalties of this Act; every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, Transportation. shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer the Punishment of Transportation for Life, according to the Laws in force for the Transportation of Felons.

XXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act, or Proviso for the any Thing therein contained, shall not extend to the Marriages Royal Family.

of any of the Royal Family.

XXXI. Provided likewise, and be it further enacted, That And for Marnothing in this Act contained shall extend to any Marriages riages of amongst the People called Quakers, or amongst the Persons Quakers and professing the Jewish Religion, where both the Parties to any Jews. such Marriage shall be of the People called Quakers, or Persons

professing the Jewish Religion respectively.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That Two printed Copies Two printed of this Act shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing Copies of Act of this Act, be provided by His Majesty's Printer, and trans-sent to Mimitted to the Officiating Ministers of the several Parishes and nisters. Chapelries in England respectively; One of which Copies shall be deposited and kept with the Book containing the Marriage Register of such Parish or Chapelry, in the Chest or Box provided for the Custody of the same.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall extend Act only to only to that Part of the United Kingdom called England.

CAP. England,

II. And

#### CAP. LXXVII.

An Act to authorize His Majesty, under certain Circumstances, to regulate the Duties and Drawbacks on Goods imported or exported in Foreign Vessels; and to exempt certain Foreign Vessels from Pilotage. [18th July 1823.]

WHEREAS it is the Practice in many Cases, as well in Foreign Countries as in the United Kingdom, to charge ' higher Duties, and to grant smaller Drawbacks, Bounties and Allowances, upon Goods, Wares or Merchandize, when imported or exported in Ships or Vessels not belonging to the Country ' in which such Duties are charged, or Drawbacks, Bounties or Allowances are granted, than are charged or granted when ' imported or exported in Ships or Vessels belonging to such 'Country: And Whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered to allow the Importation or Exportation of any Goods, Wares and Merchandize, in Foreign Vessels, upon Payment of the like Duties, and with the like Drawbacks, Bounties and Allowances, as are now by Law paid or granted ' upon similar Goods, Wares and Merchandize, when imported or exported in British Vessels from or to those Countries in which no other Duties are charged, or other Drawbacks, Bounties or Allowances granted, upon the Importation or Exportation of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize into or from such Country in British Vessels, than are charged or granted upon such Goods when imported into or exported from such Countries in Foreign · Vessels: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order or Orders in Council, to be published from time to time in the London Gazette, to authorize the Importation into or Exportation from the United Kingdom, or from any other of His Majesty's Dominions, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize which may be legally imported or exported in Foreign Vessels, upon Payment of such and the like Duties only, and with the like Drawbacks, Bounties and Allowances, as are charged or granted upon similar Goods, Wares or Merchandize, when imported or exported in British Vessels; provided always, that before any such Order or Orders shall be issued, satisfactory Proof shall have been laid before His Majesty and His Privy Council, that Goods, Wares and Merchandize, imported into or exported from the Foreign Country in whose favour such Remission of Duties, or such Drawbacks, Bounties or Allowances shall be granted, are charged with the same Duties, and are allowed the same Drawbacks, Bounties or Allowances, when imported into or exported from such Foreign Country in British Vessels, as are levied or allowed on similar Goods, Wares and Merchandize, when imported or exported in Vessels of such Country.

His Majesty may, by Order in Council, authorize the Importation and Exportation of Goods in Foreign Vessels, on Payment of same Duties, &c. as British Vessels, and Proof of Charge thereof.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Additional to and for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Orders in Council as aforesaid, whenever it shall be deemed expedient, to levy and charge vessels belongany additional Duty or Duties of Customs, or to withhold the ing to Coun-Payment of any Drawbacks, Bounties or Allowances, upon any tries where Goods, Wares or Merchandize, imported into or exported from higher Duties the United Kingdom, or imported into or exported from any of Goods imported His Majesty's Dominions, in Vessels belonging to any Foreign in British Ves-Country, in which higher Duties shall have been levied, or smaller sels, than when Drawbacks, Bounties or Allowances granted upon Goods, Wares imported in or Merchandize, when imported into or exported from such Foreign Country in *British* Vessels, than are levied or granted upon similar Goods, Wares and Merchandize, when imported or exported in Vessels of such Country; provided always, that such additional or countervailing Duties so to be imposed, and Drawbacks, Bounties or Allowances so to be withheld as aforesaid, shall not be of greater Amount than may be deemed fairly to countervail the Difference of Duty, Drawback, Bounty or Allowance paid or granted on Goods, Wares or Merchandize imported into or exported from such Foreign Country in British Vessels, more or less than the Duties, Drawbacks, Bounties or Allowances there charged or granted upon similar Goods, Wares or Merchandize imported into or exported from such Foreign Country in Vessels of such Country.

III. And be it further enacted, That such additional or coun- Duties to be tervailing Duties of Customs shall be levied, recovered and ap-levied as other plied, in such and the like Manner as any other Duties of Customs Duties.

are now by Law levied, recovered or applied.

IV. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by any Order or Orders in Council as aforesaid, is hereby empowered to remove, or again imposed. to impose, any such additional or countervailing Duty of Customs, or to renew or withhold such Drawbacks, Bounties or Allowances, whenever it shall be deemed expedient so to do.

' V. And Whereas it might tend to the Advantage of British ' Vessels arriving in Foreign Ports, if Power was given to His ' Majesty to exempt Foreign Vessels of less Burthen than Sixty ' Tons from the Obligation of taking on board Pilots to conduct them into or from the Ports of the United Kingdom, in all Cases in which British Vessels of less Burthen than Sixty Tons are 'not required by Law to take Pilots;' Be it therefore enacted,
That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be Foreign Vessels lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy of less Burthen Council, or by any Order or Orders in Council, in all such Cases than Sixty Tons as aforesaid, to exempt Foreign Vessels, being of less Burthen not obliged to than Sixty Tens, from taking on board a Pilot to conduct them into or from any of the Ports of the United Kingdom; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That a Copy of every Order in Orders in Council which may be issued under the Authority of this Act Council to be shall be laid before Parliament as soon after the issuing thereof laid before Paras may be practicable, if Parliament shall be sitting, and if it shall liament. not then be sitting, within Thirty Days after the Meeting thereof.

CAP.

# CAP. LXXVIII.

An Act to grant additional Stamp Duties on certain Proceedings in the Court of Chancery and in the Equity Side the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*. [18th July 1823.

THEREAS under and by virtue of certain Acts of the present Session of Parliament, for the better Admini tration of Justice in the Court of Chancery and in the Equal Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, divers Sums of Me ' ney will become annually payable out of the Consolidated For of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Si ' laries to Masters in Ordinary in the Court of Chancery, and ' the Chief Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer in Indon ' in lieu of all Fees, and for certain Allowances to such Mass ' and to such Chief Remembrancer resigning or retiring for their Offices; and it is reasonable, in order to meet the ' Charges, that certain Duties of Stamps hereinafter special ' should be granted and paid for, upon and in respect of sen Proceedings in the Office of such Masters, and of such Chi Remembrancer, heretofore liable to the Payment of certain ' Fees:' Be it enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majes by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assemble and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the piration of Ten Days next after the passing of this Act there be granted, raised, levied, collected and paid in Ireland unto Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and in respect of several Instruments, Articles, Matters and Things mention enumerated and described in the Schedule to this Act annexe the several Sums of Monies and Duties as they are respective inserted, described and set forth in Words and Figures in the Schedule, and in every Part thereof, over and above and a dition to any Stamp Duties or other Duties payable by Lav is upon or in respect of the said several Matters and Things or " of them respectively; and that the said Schedule, and ere Clause, Regulation, Matter and Thing therein respectively con tained, shall be and be deemed, taken and considered as Part a this Act.

The Stamp Duties specified in Schedule annexed to be paid.

Duties under Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland. 56 G.3. c.56. II. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners of Stamp in Ireland, and shall be and be deemed and construed to Stamp Duties; and that the several Duties, Penalties, Clauset as Matters contained in this Act, shall be subject to the serent Rules, Regulations and Provisions contained in an Act passed in Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Green the Third, intituled An Act to repeat the several Stamp Duties in Ireland, and also several Acts for the Collection and Management of the said Duties, and to grant new Stamp Duties in lieu thereof and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and management of the said Duties, so far as the same shall be respectively applicable, and save as hereinafter is otherwise expressly provided.

Duties to be paid in British arrency. III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties by this Ari granted and made payable shall be paid and payable according 12

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to the Amount thereof in British Currency, except a Duty of Ten Exception. Pence in the said Schedule inserted, which shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in Irish Currency.

IV. And be it further enacted, That separate and particular Separate Marks Types, Marks and Stamps shall be kept and used for denoting to distinguish Duties as apand marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper the several and respective Duties granted by this Act, as applicable to the several several Pro Proceedings in the Schedule to this Act annexed, in the Court of ceedings; Chancery and in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer: Stamps to have and that each and every of such Types Market of Stamps to have and that each and every of such Types, Marks and Stamps shall the Words have marked or expressed thereon the Words "Chancery Fund" "Cancery Fund" and and "Exchequer Fund" respectively, exclusive of and besides "Exchequer such other Words or such Marks, Figures or Devices as may Fund" respect-be deemed necessary for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parch- ively, &c. ment or Paper the said several and respective Stamp Duties payable thereon respectively; and that such Types, Marks and Stamps shall be the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps for the stamping and impressing of all Vellum, Parchment and Paper, to denote the Payment of the Stamp Duties so granted by this Act, as applicable to such Proceedings in the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer respectively; and that such Types, Marks and Stamps shall not be used or deemed to denote any Stamps save those granted by this Act; and that if at any Time there shall not be any such Type, Mark or Stamp denoting precisely any of the Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be so payable, or if it shall for any other Reason be thought fit and expedient so to do, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps to direct that Two or more of such Types, Marks or Stamps, the Duties denoted whereby shall in the whole amount to the Stamp Duties so payable respectively, shall be used on the same Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper for denoting such Duties, or, at their Discretion, to cause to be provided new Types, Marks or Stamps for denoting such Duties or any of them, and to cause all Vellum, Parchment as Paper chargeable with such Duties to be stamped or marked with the same; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to direct that such Devices, Stamps or Marks shall be used as may express the Amount of the Duty either directly in Words and Figures, or in any other Manner whatsoever, whereby the same shall or may be sufficiently denoted, at their Discretion.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Devices, Types, Stamps Stamps for deor Marks used or to be used for denoting on Vellum, Parchment noting Duties and Paper the Payment of any of the Stamp Duties granted by this Act, which shall be payable from time to time, may be discontinued, changed, varied or altered from time to time, and new or other Devices, Types, Stamps or Marks may be used in lieu of the Devices, Types, Stamps or Marks so discontinued, as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, Notice thereof. or the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland for the Time being, shall think fit: provided that whenever any of the Devices, Types, Stamps or Marks aforesaid, shall be changed, varied or altered, then and in every such Case public Notice of every such Change,

C. 78.

Stamps not marked as herein mentioned to be of no Effect. VI. And be it further enacted, That such Types, Marks or Stamps, having the Words "Chancery Fund" or "Exchequer Fund" respectively impressed thereon, together with such other Words, Figures and Devices as before mentioned, shall be the only proper Types, Marks and Stamps for denoting the several Duties granted by this Act; and that all Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked with such Types, Stamps or Marks shall be of no other Effect than if the said Matters respectively had been written or printed on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped, although any other Stamps or Stamp may be impressed thereon of the Amount by Law required, or of any greater Amount; and all Persons who shall so write or print any such Article, Matter or Thing respectively on any Paper, Vellum or Parchment having any such improper Stamp or Stamps thereon, shall incur and suffer such Penalty as they would be liable to in case such Article, Matter or Thing respectively had been written or printed on Paper, Parchment or Vellum not marked or stamped. VII. And be it further enacted, That all Matters and Things

Part of the Writing to be on the Stamp, &c. VII. And be it further enacted, That all Matters and Things in respect whereof any of the said Stamp Duties shall be payable by this Act, shall be written or printed, or written and printed in such Manner (and if printed or written in part or entirely before being stamped, shall be so stamped) that some Part of the Writing or Printing thereof shall be on the Stamps or Marks which shall be placed on the Vellum or Parchment or Paper thereof; and such Writing or Printing shall from thence be continued in the usual Form of writing, printing or engrossing Deeds or Writings, so that no blank Space shall be left, whereby such Stamps might be made applicable to any other Deed or Instrument whatsoever, upon pain that any Person who shall so write, engross or print or stamp, or caused to be written, engrossed or printed or stamped any such Writing, Matter or Thing, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty 101.

Instruments not having by Accident, &c. the proper Stamp, if brought to the Stamp Office in Dublin within 60 Days, shall be properly stamped.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That when any Instrument, Article, Matter or Thing charged with a Duty by this Act, marked with any Type, Device or Mark authorized by this Act, shall have been engrossed or written on Parchment, Vellum or Paper not duly stamped with the proper Amount of Duty, and it shall satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners of Stamps, upon Oath or Affirmation or otherwise, that the same hath happened either by Accident or Inadvertency, or from urgent Necessity or unavoidable Circumstances, and without any Intention in any Party to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, of the Duty chargeable upon such Instruments, then and in every of the said Cases, if such Instrument shall within Sixty Days from the Preparation or first Execution thereof be brought to the Stamp Office in the City of Dublin to be stamped, and the Duty chargeable upon such Instrument shall be paid, it shall and may be lawful for such Commissioners, if they shall think proper so to do, to remit remit any Penalty payable on stamping such Instrument, or any Part thereof so executed without being stamped, and to cause such Instrument to be stamped with the proper Stamp; and every Person concerned in engrossing any such Instrument or executing the same, shall be thereupon exempt from all Penalties on account

IX. And be it further enacted, That upon Proof on Oath or Where Instrusolemn Affirmation (if by a Quaker) made before the said Com- ments are not missioners or any of them, or before any Inferior Officer by them in that Behalf appointed, (and which Oath or Affirmation such Purposes in-Officer is hereby empowered to administer), to the Satisfaction tended, whereby of such Commissioner or Officer, that any Deed or Instrument, Loss would be Article, Matter or Thing written or printed upon any stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper marked and stamped as required Parties, Commissioners commissi by this Act, with the appropriate Stamp for any of the Duties powered to give granted by this Act hath not been executed or signed by any appropriate Party or Parties, or that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper hath Stamps in lieu not been used for any of the Purposes for which the same was or of those so bewere intended, or that any Form of any Instrument whatever, printed with Blanks to be filled up according to each Case, hath by the Death of any Party, Repeal of any Act of Parliament, or other Event or Fatality, become unfit for the Purpose intended, and the Person making such Affidavit or Affirmation hath not, nor hath any other Person on his Account, received, and that such Person will not receive any Money or other Consideration for the Stamp thereupon, and that the said Stamp or Stamps is or are really and truly the Property of the Person making such Affidavit, and have or hath been paid for by such Person to the full Amount of the Duty thereon, and that such Person will be a Loser to such Amount unless such Person shall receive other Stamps in lieu thereof, and upon the Person or Persons who should produce such Proof delivering such stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper as aforesaid, and delivering at the same Time a like Quantity of Vellum, Parchment or Paper to be stamped, then and in every such Case the said Commissioners shall cause the same to be stamped or marked with such appropriate Stamps, to denote the several and respective Duties granted by this Act, which shall be stamped, marked or impressed on the stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper so then delivered in, or to denote any of the other Duties granted by this Act which may be required, the Person so requiring the same first paying the Difference of Amount in that Behalf (if any): Provided always, that such stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper Conditions. so delivered in shall be brought to the Commissioners of Stamps at the Stamp Office in Dublin, within Six Calendar Months next after such Deed or Instrument shall have been engrossed or written, or such blank Form shall have been rendered unfit for the Purpose intended, if the same shall belong to any Person or Persons resident in Dublin, or within Ten Miles of the Castle of Dublin, or within Twelve Calendar Months if the same respectively shall belong to Persons resident elsewhere: Provided also, that the said Commissioners, or any Officer under their Authority, shall not be required or obliged to impress on any Paper, Parchment or Vellum so brought, any Stamp or Mark which shall then

missioners en come unfit for

be confined to Paper having the Water Mark of the said Stamp

Separate Accounts to be kept of the Duties.

Fund.

734

Money paid into Exchequer, and carried to Consolidated

Accounts shall also be kept at the Exchequer of Sums received on account of Duties and of Salaries paid to Masters in Chancery and to Chief Re-

membrancer of

the Exchequer.

Accounts to be transmitted to Chief Secretary of Ireland, to be laid before Parliament.

X. And be it further enacted, That separate and distinct Ac counts shall be kept by the Commissioners of Stamps, and by an under their Directions, of all Sums which shall from time to time be received by, from or under the said respective Duties so made payable by this Act; and Copies of such Accounts shall free time to time, that is to say, on the First Monday in every ( lendar Month, and as much oftener as the Nature of the Con shall admit of, be furnished to the Receiver General of Stan Duties; and such Receiver General, as speedily as possible after receiving every such Account, shall, out of the Mosey in his Hands, or out of the first Money that shall come to his hand pay into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Dublin what shall remain of all and every Sum and Sums appearing thereby have been so received on account of the said Duties respectively and all and every Sum and Sums so paid into the Receipt of the said Exchequer shall be carried to and made Part of the Com lidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and In land, until Provision shall be otherwise made by Parliament. XI. And be it further enacted, That separate and dis

Accounts shall be kept at the Receipt of His Majesty's

chequer in Dublin, of all and every Sum and Sums so paid a

the Receipt of the said Exchequer on account of the said Del

granted by this Act, and also of all Salaries and Allowatt which shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund to the Man in Ordinary in the said Court of Chancery, and to the Chief membrancer of the said Court of Exchequer from time to in for the Time being, and to any such Masters, or any such O Remembrancer, who shall have resigned their Offices respective under or by virtue of the said Acts of this present Session Parliament for the better Administration of Justice in the of Chancery and in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchet in Ireland; and that such Accounts, as also the Accounts this Act required to be kept by the Commissioners of Stamps all Sums received on account of the Duties made payable by Act, shall be transmitted by the proper Officer in the said Recei of Exchequer, and by the Secretary to the said Commissioner of Stamps, to the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Les tenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, within Fourteen Days next after the Fifth Day of January One these sand eight hundred and twenty four, and in like manner willing Fourteen Days next after the Fifth Day of January in every see ceeding Year, and shall be laid before both Houses of Parisment within One Month after such Fifth Day of January Parliament shall be then sitting, or otherwise within Fourteen Days after the then next Meeting of Parliament.

### SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE of the DUTIES of STAMPS which are to be paid and payable for and in respect of the First Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper upon which the several Instruments, Matters and Things herein mentioned, relating to the Business of the Office of any Master in the Court of Chancery, or relating to the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, shall be respectively written or printed, and which Duties shall be payable over and above any other Duties payable by Law on the like Proceedings.

Application, Application or Deposition. — Taken in any	æ.	€.	d.
Cause in Court	0	Λ	10
——— Foreign, and not in a Cause in Court	ő	2	6
Answer. — Which shall be sworn by any Defendant, for each	~	_	Ÿ
Defendant so sworn	lo	1	0
Any Schedule to such Answer, for each Defendant sworn	•	-	•
to such Schedule	0	1	0
DEDIMUS. — On the Return thereof	ŏ	2	6
INTERROGATORIES AND DEPOSITIONS. — On the Return thereof	Ö	2	6
Summons. — On every Summons which shall actually issue on a		_	•
Reference, or any other Proceedings	O	13	0
CERTIFICATES. — On every Certificate, except Certificates at			_
the Foot of Bills of Costs	0	6	6
On every Certificate at the Foot of any Bill of Costs,		_	•
where the Amount, as furnished or claimed by such Bill,			
shall not exceed the Sum of 501.	0	10	6
Where such Amount shall exceed the Sum of 501., for	_		_
every Sum of 10l., or fractional Part of 10l. above 50l., an	·		
additional Sum of	0	3	0
RECOGNIZANCE Any Recognizance taken or acknowledged,	ľ	•	•
for each Cognizor	lo	6	6
INROLLING DEEDS Any Fiat or Acknowledgment for inroll-	Ĭ	_	_
ing any Deed	0	6	6
REPORTS. — Any Report under Interlocutory Order	li	ī	Ŏ
- Under Decretal Order, pronounced in a short Cause -	2	2	ō
Under Decretal Order, pronounced in a long Cause -	3	3	0
Notices Any Notice, Advertisement or Posting to sell Lands	•	_	_
pursuant to any Decree, or to set Lands pursuant to any	}		
Order or Decree	1	1	0
LEASES AND DEEDS Any Lease, and any Counterpart thereof,	_		
where the usual printed Form will suffice	0	5	0
Any other Deed where the usual printed Form will		_	
suffice	0	10	0
Any Lease, and any Counterpart thereof, where the Con-	1		
tract is of so special a Nature that a special Conveyance			
shall be prepared and engrossed	1	1	0
Any other Contract of such special Nature -	2	2	0
Any Deed executed by any Master in Chancery, or by	Ì		
the Chief Remembrancer in the Court of Exchequer, in	1		
the Name of any Party in a Cause refusing or declining			
to execute such Deed, or residing out of the Jurisdiction	l		
of the Court of Chancery or Exchequer respectively, for			

Leases and Deeds - continued.	£.	8.	d.
each Person so declining or refusing, or residing beyond such Jurisdiction Any Deed of any other Sort where any Master in Chan-	0	5	0
cery, or the Chief Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, shall be required to execute  Any Answer signed by any Master in Chancery, or by such	2	2	0
Chief Remembrancer as Guardian of any Minor, or by any Master as Committee of the Estate of any Lunatic - Any Approbation, signed by any Master, or by such Chief Re-		10	
membrancer, for the Sale or Transfer of Stock -		10 11	
Any Commission of Lunacy Any Petition signed and approved of by any Master, or by such Chief Remembrancer as Guardian of any Minor, or by any Master as Committee of any Lunatic	0	6	6

#### CAP. LXXIX.

An Act for building additional Places of Worship in the Highlands and Islands of Scotland. [18th July 1823.]

WHEREAS in the Highlands and Islands of Scotland many of the Parishes are so extensive that it is impossible for ' many of the Inhabitants to attend Divine Service at the Parish 6 Church; and it is also impossible for the Ministers serving the ' Cure thereof to visit the more distant Inhabitants of such Pa-' rishes: And Whereas it is necessary that these Evils should be ' remedied by providing and erecting additional Places for the ' Celebration of Divine Service, according to the Form of the ' Church of Scotland as by Law established, in such Parishes:' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland to issue, for the Purposes of this Act, Precepts from time to time upon the Receiver General of Scotland, for the Payment, out of any Public Money then in his Hands, of the Sum or Sums specified in such Precepts, in the Manner therein directed, not exceeding the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds in any one Year, and not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds.

Court of Exchequer in Scotland may issue, 10,000l. per Annum, or 50,000l. in the Whole.

His Majesty may appoint Commissioners to meet in London or Westminster. II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by a Commission under His Royal Sign Manual, to nominate, constitute and appoint such Persons as His Majesty shall deem fit to be His Commissioners for carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act, and to order in such Appointment that any Three or more of such Commissioners may act in the Execution of the Powers of this Act; and such Commissioners are hereby directed to meet from time to time in London or Westminster, for the Purposes of this Act, and at all such Meetings in case of an Equality of Voices the Chairman shall have a casting Vote.

A Secretary, III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to appoint a Secretary and Clerk, and

to employ such Surveyors and other fit Persons, and to do every Salaries to be such Act, Matter and Thing as such Commissioners shall deem approved by necessary and think proper for the Purpose of enabling them to execute the Powers given to them by this Act, and may assign and pay to all such Persons such reasonable Salaries and Rewards for their Services as shall be approved by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury + of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

† Sic.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Treasury to for the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or direct Applimore of them for the Time being, and they are respectively cation of Money, which authorized to direct to be issued and advanced all such Sums of shall be issued Money as shall appear to them to be necessary, to such Person or out of any Persons, in such Manner and in such Proportions as the said Monies in the Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act, or any Five Hands of Reof them respectively, shall, by Writing under their Hands, from ceiver General time to time desire, and as shall be approved of by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being; and such Monies may and shall be issued out of any Monies then in the Hands of the Receiver General of Scotland, upon an Order to that Effect by the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, pursuant to such Authority; which Sums to be issued and advanced shall be applied to the Payment of Allowances and Rewards as aforesaid, and in defraying all necessary Charges and Expences in or about the Execution of this Act, without other Accounts than before the said Barons of the Court of Exchequer; and which Money so to be issued shall not be subject to any Tax, Duty, Rate or Assessment whatever imposed by Authority of Parliament; but that an Account of the Account to be said Charges and Expences, so long as the said Commission shall laid before Parremain in force, shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament on liament. or before the Twenty fifth Day of March in each Year, if Parliament shall be then sitting, but if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then within Fourteen Days after the Commencement of the then next Session of Parliament.

V. And be it further enacted, That at any Time after the Heritors pospassing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Two or sessed of Land more Heritors possessed of Land each to the Amount of One herein menhundred Pounds Scots of valued Rent in any Parish in the Highlands of Scotland to apply to the Commissioners acting apply: lands or Islands of Scotland, to apply to the Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act, stating the Circumstances and Situation of the Parish in respect of its Place or Places of Religious Worship, and submitting to the said Commissioners what it may appear to them to be proper to be done in this Behalf.

VI. And be it further enacted, That upon receiving any such Notice to In-

Application the said Commissioners shall direct Notice thereof to cumbent, who be given to the Incumbent of the Parish from whence such Application shall come, who shall cause such Notice to be read from Parishioners. the Precentor's Desk, after the Morning Service, on the First Sunday after the same shall be received by him, and shall also cause a Copy thereof to be affixed on the Door of the Parish

Church.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expir- Commissioners ation of a certain Time to be specified in such Notice it shall and to determine 4 GEO. IV. 3 B

may whether an ad-

should be provided.

ditional Church may be lawful for the said Commissioners to inquire into the Circumstances of the Case, and to settle and determine whether an additional Place of Religious Worship should be provided in such Parish; and if they shall so settle and determine, to ascertain and settle the proper Situation for, with Access to, and the Size and Description of the Building which shall be erected or purchased and fitted up, pursuant to this Act, as an additional Place of Religious Worship, to be and become an Assistant Church in such Parish, for the Use and Convenience of the Inhabitants thereof, and of any adjoining Parish or Parishes, with a Churchyard or Place of Burial, if such shall be deemed necessary, and of the Dwelling House, with such Offices and Appurtenances as it may be proposed, or as the said Commissioners may think it proper should be afforded to the Minister to be appointed pursuant to this Act to officiate at such Assistant Church. VIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any

Application for an additional such Assistant Church and Dwelling House, with Offices, shall in Church to specify Particulars as to Ground, &c.

proposed to be erected, or to be purchased and fitted up pursua to this Act, it shall be set forth in the Application to the Commissioners hereinbefore directed how and in what Man Ground for the Scite thereof, and also Ground sufficient for a Churchyard or Place of Burial, where such shall be deemed need sary, with Access thereto, and also Ground for a Garden for t Minister, if not less than Half a Scotch Acre can be provided secured, and whether such Ground is to be given and gran without valuable Consideration, or is proposed to be paid for of the Money granted by this Act: Provided always, that is last Case the Sum proposed to be paid shall be specified; if it shall be proposed that any Building already erected shall appropriated and fitted up as an Assistant Church pursuant this Act, it shall in like Manner be specified in such Applicat whether the same is to be given and granted without value Consideration, or whether it is to be purchased, and in this h

Proviso for specifying Sum.

Heirs of Entail may grant Land for such Purpose, with or without Consideration.

Conveyances to be made in Form following.

for any Heir of Entail in Scotland, with or without valuable C sideration, to give and grant irrevocably to the said Commis such Land or Heritage as may be necessary for all or say these Purposes, without being subject to or incurring any feiture or Irritancy under any Deed of Entail by virtue of wh he or she may hold the same, any Law or Practice to the o trary notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be

Case the Price proposed shall be specified.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Conveyances or As ances which shall be made of any Lands and Heritages for Purposes of this Act, shall be made according to the following Form, or as near thereto as the Circumstances of the Case admit:

Form.

( I (or, we) (or, we) of do hereby grant, dispersion and convey to the Commissioners acting in the Execution of an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His ' Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled [here set forth the Title of this Act], all [describing the Premises to be conveyed] and all my Right, Title and Interest to and in the same and every Part thereof, to hold to the said Commissioners or such · Person

Person or Persons as they shall appoint, to be devoted for ever o the Purposes specified in and by virtue and according to the rue Intent and Meaning of the said Act passed in the Fourth ear of the Reign of His present Majesty. In witness whereof, have set my Hand to these Presents, written by [insert the iame and Description of the Writer | this Day of in the Year of our Lord

efore these Witnesses [insert Names and Description of Witesses, who will also subscribe as Witnesses].'

d all such Conveyances and Assurances shall be registered Conveyances hin Sixty Days of the Date thereof in the general or particular to be registered. gister of Sasines, and shall thereupon be valid and effectual Law to all Intents and Purposes, and shall be a complete Bar all other Rights, Titles, Trusts and Interests and Incumbrances in or upon the same whatsoever; and no Stamp Duty shall be NoStamp Duty. id for or in respect of any such Conveyances or Assurances,

Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Size and Description Size and Dethe Building for any such Assistant Church, and of a Dwelling scription of use for the Minister, with Offices as aforesaid, and the Manner which and the Person of Persons by when the care shall be settled by which, and the Person or Persons by whom the same shall be the Commisecuted and completed, or purchased and fitted up as directed sioners. this Act, shall be ascertained and settled by the said Comscioners acting in the Execution of this Act, together with the pence thereof, and of enclosing the same, the total Amount ereof, including the Price to be paid for the Ground or Premises ere the same shall be paid out of the Money hereby granted, ill not exceed the Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds any one Case.

XII. And be it further enacted, That after the Erection or Church to be rchase of any such Church, Building or Premises shall have completed, and en determined upon by the said Commissioners, the same shall Barons of the completed and appropriated for the Purposes of this Act in Scotland to ch Manner as shall be directed by them; and upon receiving issue Precept Order under the Hands of the said Commissioners, or any for the Money. hree of them, it shall and may be lawful for the Barons of the schequer in Scotland to issue their Precept or Precepts to the ecciver General of Scotland, directing him to pay in such Manner shall be directed in any such Precept or Precepts the Sum or ums therein specified, and the said Receiver General shall thereon pay every such Sum out of any Public Money then in his ands, and the same shall be allowed in his Accounts.

Ill. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners Minister's ng in the Execution of this Act, upon being satisfied in respect Stipend not to the Completion of any Church with a Dwelling House and mises for the Minister, according to the Directions given by pursuant to this Act, shall ascertain and fix the Stipend yearly. th shall be paid and payable to the Minister to be nominated appointed to officiate at such Church from the Date of his pointment, not exceeding the Sum of One hundred Pounds Annum in any Parish, and shall certify the same under their ands to the said Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland, whereand thereafter the said Barons shall issue their Precepts for Payment of such Stipend half yearly at such Two Terms in 3 B 2

exceed 100l. per Ann. to be paid half

the Year during the Lifetime of the Person entitled to the same, and in such Manner as shall have been fixed and determined by the Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act, which they are hereby authorized to do.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners

Commissioners to certify to Secretary of State the Completion of Church, &c.

His Majesty.

shall certify to His Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department the Completion of such Church and Premises, and the Amount of the Stipend to be paid and payable to the Minister officiating thereat, and the Manner in which they propose that the same should be paid to such Minister by the Receiver General of Scotland, out of any Public Money which may be in his Hands Presentation in at the Time or Times of such Payment; and it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, thereupon, and in any Case where a Vacancy shall happen thereafter, to nominate and appoint a fit Person to be the Minister of such Church, with the Right to the Stipend thereof, in the same Manner that His Majesty or any of his Predecessors has granted a Presentation to the Minister of any Parish Church in Scotland, the Patronage of which is in the Crown.

On receiving Presentation Minister to officiate. and deemed Assistant to Minister of the Parish.

XV. And be it further enacted, That upon receiving such Presentation the Person therein nominated shall be admitted as the Minister to officiate at such Church, in the same Manner and according to the Form prescribed for the Admission of any Person as a Minister of a Parish Church in Scotland; and every Person so admitted as the Minister of such Church shall be deemed and taken to be an Assistant Minister to the Minister of the Parish in which such Church shall be situated, and in respect of such Minister shall be and remain in the same Situation as an Assistant Minister now is in respect of the Minister of any Parish in Scotland, of whom he is the Assistant, save and except that he must perform the Duties of a Minister of the Gospel at the Church to which he is appointed by virtue of this Act. XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the

Churches not to exceed 40.

Minister to appoint Elders, not to exceed Seven.

Collections received at Church and applied to Poor.

A Precentor appointed. Salary.

Forty. XVII. And be it further enacted, That every Person, admitted a Minister to any Church by virtue of this Act, shall have Power and Authority, and he is hereby directed and required, to choose and appoint from among his Congregation any Number of fit Persons he may think proper, not exceeding Seven, to be the Elders of such Church; and the Elders so appointed may resign or be removed, and Vacancies shall be supplied in the Manner in which Resignations and Removals take place or Vacancies are supplied among Elders in the Case of Parish Churches in Scotland.

Number of Churches with Assistant Ministers to be established under the Provisions of this Act shall not at any Time exceed

XVIII. And be it further enacted. That the Minister and Elders of any such Church shall be and they are hereby enabled to receive Collections at the Door thereof, and to receive voluntary Donations or charitable Contributions, and to apply the same for the Relief of the Poor of the Congregation frequenting such Church.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Minister admitted to any such Church to appoint a fit Person to officiate as Precentor therein, with a Salary not exceedļ.

ing Five Pounds per Annum, and also a fit Person to be the Also a Beadle. Beadle of such Church, with a Salary not exceeding Three Salary. Pounds per Annum, which Salaries shall be paid and payable to such Precentor and Beadle respectively, in the same Way and Manner that the Stipend to the Minister shall by the said Barons

be directed to be paid.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the whole Area of every Appropriation such Church shall be set apart for free Seats for all Persons fre. of the Seats in quenting the same, save and except a Portion thereof to be fixed the Church. before the opening of such Church, not exceeding One fifth of the same, which shall be appropriated for Pews to be let from time to time as the Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act shall direct, the Rents whereof shall be paid to the Receiver General of Scotland, and shall form a Fund for the maintaining in repair such Churches and Dwelling Places and Premises belonging thereto, to be issued by the said Receiver General for such Repairs, upon the Precept or Precepts of the said Barons, who are hereby empowered to make all Regulations, and give all Directions which to them may seem necessary to ensure the letting of such Pews, the collecting the Rents thereof, and the Application of the same for the Purposes aforesaid, as also for ascertaining from time to time the Nature and Extent of the Repairs necessary, and the Manner in which the same should be performed.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners Commissioners

acting in the Execution of this Act shall once in every Year report to report yearly their Proceedings under this Act in Writing to both Houses of to Parliament. Parliament, with such Observations as they shall think proper.

#### CAP. LXXX.

An Act to consolidate and amend the several Laws now in force with respect to Trade from and to Places within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company, and to make further Provisions with respect to such Trade; and to amend an Act of the present Session of Parliament, for the registering of Vessels, so far as it relates to Vessels registered in India. [18th July 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of 53 G.S. c.155. the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, \$6-

- intituled An Act for continuing in the East India Company, for a further Term, the Possession of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges, for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories and the better Administration of Justice within the same, and for regulat-' ing the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the said ' Company's Charter: And Whereas by the said Act it was enacted, that it should be lawful for any of His Majesty's Sub-' jects, in common with the said United Company, to export, in ' Ships navigated according to Law, from any Port or Ports within ' the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to all Ports ' and Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter,
- ' save and except the Dominions of the Emperor of China, any Goods, Wares and Merchandize which could then or might at

§ 22.

95 G.8. €.92.

§ 20.

54 G.S. c.S4.

57 G.S. c.36.

C.80.

' any Time or Times thereafter be legally exported; and also, in common with the said Company, to import, in Ships navigated ' as aforesaid, from any Port or Ports within the Limits aforesaid, save and except as aforesaid, into the said United Kingdom, ' any Goods, Wares and Merchandize, the Produce and Massfacture of any of the Countries within the said Limits, which could then or might at any Time or Times thereafter be legally ' imposted; and in the said Act were contained several Provisors, 'Restrictions and Limitations for the Regulation of the Trade authorized by the said Act to be carried on by His Majesty's ' Subjects, and also for the Disposition in the United Kingdom of all Articles manufactured of Silk, Hair or Cotton Weel, ' any Mixture thereof, imported under the Authority of the wid ' Act, from any Port or Place within the Limits of the said Conpany's Charter; and it was by the said Act enacted, that it should and might be lawful for any Ship or Vessel fitted and clearing out conformably to an Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for the further encouraging and regulating the Southern Whale Fisheria, to sail and pass, for the Purpose aforesaid, in all the Session the Eastward of the Cape of Good Hope, and in all the Sem ! the Westward of the Streights of Magellan, subject to seven Provisoes in the said Act contained; and it was also enacted by ' the said Act, that nothing therein contained should extend # ' be construed to extend to prevent the making, during the ' further Term thereby granted to the said Company, such further Provisions, by Authority of Parliament, as might from times ' time be deemed necessary for enabling His Majesty's Subjects to carry on Trade and Traffic, directly or circuitously, as well between all Ports and Places situate without the Limits of the ' said Company's Charter, and all Ports and Places (except the Dominions of the Emperor of China) situate within those Limit, as between the said United Kingdom and all the last mentioned ' Ports and Places, except as aforesaid, but without Prejudice to any of the Restrictions or Provisions therein contained, as to the Resort to and Residence of any Persons in the East had and Ports aforesaid: And Whereas an Act was passed in the ' Fifty fourth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled As ' Act for the further Regulation of the Trade to and from the Place ' within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company: ' And another Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His said 55 G.S. €.116. ' late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to make further Regula-' tions for the Registry of Ships built in India: And Wheres ' another Act was passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His late ' Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to regulate the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company, and certain Possessions of His Majesty in the Medi-' terranean: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Second 1&2G.4. c.65. Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Ad for the further Regulation of Trade to and from Places within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company (except the Double

' nions of the Emperor of China), and Ports or Places beyond the Limits of the said Charter, belonging to any State or Country in Amity with His Majesty; by which several Acts Provision has been made for enabling, as well His Majesty's Subjects gene-

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rally as the said United Company, to carry on Trade and Traffic, directly and circuitously, under certain Restrictions, with the " East Indies and other Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An 59 G.3. c. 12: Act to permit Vessels under a certain Tonnage to trade between the United Kingdom and New South Wales: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal some, and to comprise in One Act of Parliament others of the hereinbefore recited Provisions of the said Act of the Fifty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, and all the Provisions of the said Acts of the Fifty fourth, Fifty fifth, Fifty seventh and Fifty ninth Years of His said late Majesty's Reign, and of the said Act of the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and to make further Provision for the Trade and Traffic of the said Company, and of His Majesty's Subjects generally, from, to and between the Ports and Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, and all Countries belonging to His Majesty, or at Amity with him; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of 58 G.S. c. 154 the said Act of the Fifty third Year of His said late Majesty's and all the Reign, as authorizes His Majesty's Subjects to carry on Trade other recited and Traffic to and from the Ports and Places within the Limits of Acts, repeale the said Company's Charter, with all the Provisions, Restrictions and Limitations in the same Act contained, for the Regulation of such Trade, and for the Disposition in the United Kingdom of all Articles manufactured of Silk, Hair or Cotton Wool, or any Mixture thereof, imported under the Authority of the said last mentioned Act from any Port or Place within the Limits of the said Company's Charter; and that the Whole of the said Acts, passed in the Fifty fourth, Fifty fifth, Fifty seventh and Fifty ninth Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty, and the said Act passed in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, be and the same are hereby repealed, except as to such Exception. Voyages and Adventures as shall have been actually commenced under the Authority of the same Acts or any of them; and except as to any Suits or Actions which may have been commenced and are now depending relative to the Provisions hereby repealed or any of them.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Trade may be of His Majesty's Subjects, in Ships or Vessels registered and navigated according to Law, to carry on Trade and Traffic in any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, except Tea, as well directly as circuitously, between all Ports and Places belonging either to within East His Majesty, or to any Prince, State or Country at Amity with India Com-His Majesty, and all Ports and Places whatsoever situate within pany's Charte the Limits of the Charter of the Company, except the Dominions of the Emperor of China; and also from Port to Port and from Place to Place within the same Limits, except the said Dominions of the Emperor of China, under such Rules and Restrictions as are hereinafter mentioned; any thing in any Act or Acts of

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British Vesse with all Place except China

Parliament,

Parliament, or in any Charter of the said Company, to the contrary

Company may earry on any lawful Trade.

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notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said United Company to carry on any Trade and Traffic which His Majesty's other Subjects may carry on under the Authority of this Act; any thing in any Charter of the said Company, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Act not to permit Trade without the Limits of the Company's Charter, which cannot now legally be carried on.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to permit the Importation into the United Kingdom, or into any Colony or Possession of His Majesty without the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company, of any Goods, Wares and Merchandize, the Produce of Countries without such Limits, which cannot now be legally imported from such Countries respectively into the United Kingdom, or into such Colonies or Possessions of His Majesty, nor to permit the Exportation from the United Kingdom, or from such Colonies or Possessions, to any Countries without such Limits, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, which cannot now be legally carried from the United Kingdom, or from such Colonies or Possessions to such Countries.

**Military Stores** not to be carried without a special Licence.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to carry any Military Stores to any Place upon the Continent of Asia, between the River Indus and the Town of Malacca on the Peninsula of Malacca inclusive, or to the said Company's Factory of Bencoolen, in the Island of Sumatra, or its Dependencies, save only the said United Company, or such as shall obtain their special Leave and Licence in Writing, or a special Leave and Licence in Writing under their Authority for that Purpose.

Vessels not to proceed to any Port between the Indus and Malacca, until admitted to Entry in India.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted. That it shall not be lawful for any Ship or Vessel, other than a Ship or Vessel of the said Company, to proceed from any Port or Place without the Limits of the said Company's Charter, to any Port or Place on the Continent of Asia, between the River Indus and the Town of Malacca inclusive, other than the said Company's principal Settlements of Fort William, Fort Saint George, Bombay and Prince of Wales' Island, until after such Ship or Vessel shall have been admitted to Entry at some One of the said Four principal Settlements, without a special Licence in Writing from the Court of Directors of the said United Company; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

In what Case Application for Leave to go to minor Ports referred to Commissioners for Affairs of India.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Application shall be made to the said Court of Directors for a Licence, specially authorizing any Ship or Vessel to proceed to any Place or Places upon the Continent of Asia, from the River Indus to the said Town of Malacca inclusive, other than the said Four principal Settlements, the said Court of Directors shall, within Fourteen Days from the Receipt thereof, unless they shall think fit to comply therewith, transmit the same to the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India, together with any Representation which the said Court may think proper to make upon the Subject of such Application; and in case the said Board of Commissioners shall think fit to direct the said Court of Directors to issue such Licence, the said Court of Directors shall and they are hereby required forthwith to issue the same, upon such Terms and Conditions as the said Board of Commissioners shall from time to time think fit: Provided always, that in. Proviso. all Cases in which the said Board of Commissioners shall direct the said Court of Directors to issue any such Licence, which they shall have declined to issue without such Direction, the special Circumstances inducing them to give such Directions shall be recorded in the Books of the said Board.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall Additional be lawful for the said Court of Directors of the East India
Company, with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners

Malacca, &c. for the Affairs of *India*, to declare that any other Port or Place, may be conor Ports or Places on the Continent of *India*, between the *Indus* sidered as prinand the Town of Malacca, or in any Island in the East Indian Seas, cipal Settleunder the Government of the said Company or of His Majesty, ments. shall be considered, for the Purposes of this Act only, as One of the principal Settlements of the said Company, and such Port or

Place, or Ports or Places, shall be so considered accordingly.

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing Act not to perherein contained shall authorize any of His Majesty's Subjects, mit Trade with other than the said Company, or Persons properly licensed by Chin Tea. Emperor of China, or to export or import from or to any Ports or Places within or without the Limits of the said Company's Charter, any Tea, or in any Manner to trade or traffic in Tea.

X. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful Goods only to to import any Goods, Wares or Merchandize from any Port or be imported Place within the Limits aforesaid, into any Port of the United into Ports having Warehouses Kingdom, except only such as shall be provided with Warehouses, or Docks. together with wet Docks or Basins, or such other Securities as shall in the Judgment of the said Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, be fit and proper for the Deposit and safe Custody of all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, as well as for the Collection of all Duties payable thereon, and shall have been duly declared so to be, by the Order of His Majesty in Council in Great Britain, or by Order of the Lord Lieutenant in Council in Ireland: Provided always, that Copies of all such Proviso. Orders in Council, to be issued as aforesaid, shall have been published Three Times at least in the London or Dublin Gazette, as the Case may be; and Copies of all such Orders shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament in the Session next after the issuing of the same respectively.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall not List of Persons be lawful for any Ship or Vessel engaged in Trade under the and Arms on Authority of this Act, other than the Ships of the said United board delivered Company, to clear out from any Port or Place belonging to His to Collector, &c. Majesty, or to any Prince, State or Country in Amity with His Majesty, where any Consul or Vice Consul of His Majesty shall be resident, for any Port or Place under the Government of His Majesty or of the said Company, situate more to the Northward than Eleven Degrees of South Latitude, and between the Sixty fourth and the One hundred and fiftieth Degrees of East Longitude

China, or in

Longitude from London, until the Master or other Person baring

C. 80.

What such Lists are to specify.

the Command of such Ship or Vessel shall have made out a exhibited to the Collector of the Customs, or other Person de appointed, or to His Majesty's Consul or Vice Consul resident such Port or Place of Clearance (as the Case may be), a sea and perfect List in such Form as has been settled in virtual former Acts, or shall from time to time be settled by the C of Directors of the said Company, with the Approbation of Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India, specifying setting forth the Names, Capacities and Descriptions of all Re embarked or intended to be embarked on board sack & Vessel, and all Arms on board or intended to be put on board same; and when and as soon as any such Vessel shall been admitted to Entry at any such Port or Place within Limits aforesaid, the Master and other Person having the Company of the Compan mand of such Ship or Vessel shall in like Manner make of exhibit to the principal Officer of the Customs or other P thereunto authorized, a true and perfect List, in Form settled as aforesaid, specifying the Names, Capacities a scriptions of all Persons on board, or who shall have been on such Ship or Vessel from the Time of the sailing thereof a Time of Arrival, and of all Arms on board, or which shall of that Time have been on board such Ship or Vessel, and the Times and Places at which such of the said Persons as may died or left such Ship or Vessel, or such of the said Arms have been disposed of, have been disposed of. XII. And be it further enacted, That so much of the

38 G.S. c.57. **§§** 5, 6.

42G.3. c.18. 14

43 G.3. c.90.

51 G.S. c.34. **§** 5.

repealed. Regulations as to Ships clearing out under 35 G.S. c.92.

Goods imported into Malta or Gibraltar may be re-exported.

of the Fifty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, much of an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of Hat late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for the further ence the Southern Whale Fisheries; and an Act passed in the second Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled for continuing the Premiums allowed to Ships employed in enlarging the Limits of the Southern Whale Fisheries; and passed in the Forty third Year of His said late Majesty's intituled An Act for enlarging the Limits of the Southern Fishery; and an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for continuing the Pro allowed to Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery, other Act or Acts as regulates the Limits within which S Vessels fitting and clearing out conformably to the said Act d Thirty fifth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, for encount and regulating the Southern Whale Fisheries, may sail and shall be and the same are hereby repealed; but Ships and Vi clearing out conformably to the said Act of the Thirty fifth of His said late Majesty's Reign shall be subject to such and same Restrictions as the Ships and Vessels of His Majesty's jects generally engaged in Trade under the Authority of this are hereby made subject to.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Goods and Co modities imported under the Authority of this Act into the in of Malta or its Dependencies, or into the Port of Gibralian, free any Ports or Places within the Limits of the said Compa Charter, may be re-exported from the said Island, Port or Place

C. 80.

to the United Kingdom, and imported into any of the Ports where such Goods and Commodities may be lawfully imported, in like Manner and subject to all such Regulations and Provisions, as if such Goods and Commodities were imported directly from the Place of their Growth, Production or Manufacture; any thing in an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for the Encouragement of Navigation 3 G.4. c.43. and Commerce, by regulating the Importation of Goods and Mer-chandize, so far as relates to the Countries or Places from whence and the Ships in which such Importation shall be made, or in any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon the Importation of any Goods, Wares and Merchandize, the Produce or Manufacture of any Country within the Limits of the America and the West Indies. Company's Charter, into His Majesty's Possessions in America and the West Indies, from any Port or Place, not being a Port or Place in the United Kingdom, the same Duties which are or Place in the United Kingdom, the same Duties which are payable on such Goods, Wares and Merchandize respectively, if imported into such Possessions from the United Kingdom; and the same shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and received under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England, and shall be applied and appropriated in such and the like Manner and Form, and by such and the like Rules, Ways, Means and Methods respectively, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as the Duties authorized by an Act passed in the last Session

Majesty's Possessions in America and the West Indies, and other

XIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Duties of Cus-

Parts of the World, are or may be raised, levied, collected, paid, recovered, applied and appropriated.

of Parliament, intituled An Act to regulate the Trade between His 3 G.4. c.45.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall in anywise affect the Power vested in His Majesty in Council, by an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to continue, the Cape of until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty Good Hope five, an Act of the Fifty seventh Year of His late Majesty, for and the regulating the Trade and Commerce to and from the Cape of Mauritius.

Good Hope, and for regulating the Trade of the Island of Mauritius: And that nothing hereinbefore contained shall extend or be Proviso for construed to extend to affect the Regulations, Restrictions and 54 G.3. c.36. Provisions contained in an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into Great Britain from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to establish further Regulations for the better Security of the Revenue on Goods so imported; and to alter the Periods of making up and presenting certain Accounts of the said Company to Parliament; to continue in force until the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen; or in an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An 54G.s. c. 10s. Act to grant, until the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight

hundred and nineteen, certain Duties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into Ireland from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and establish further Regulations for the better Security of the Revenue on Goods so imported; or in another Act, passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His

55 G.S. c. 10.

ported; or in another Act, passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to make further Provisions respecting the Duties payable upon East India Goods, and to allow Bond to be given for Payment of such Duties upon such Goods when imported by private Traders; or in another Act, passed in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to continue, until the First Day of July One

59 G.S. c.SS.

thousand eight hundred and twenty one, several Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty, respecting the Duties of Customs payable on Merchandize imported into Great Britain from any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies; or in another Act, passed in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to repeal the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and to

59 G.3. c.52.

1 & 2 G.4. c.106. the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to repeal the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; or in another Act, passed in the First and Second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to continue, until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, several Acts of His late Majesty respecting the Duties of Customs payable on Merchandize imported into Great Britain and Ireland from any Place within the Limits of the East India Company's Charter, and to increase the Duties payable on the Importation of Sugar from the East Indies, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty three in Great Britain, and until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty four in Ireland.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing

Not to repeal Provisions of 53 G.3. c.155. § 38. as to Resort of Persons to India,

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal any of the Provisions of the said first recited Act of the Fifty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, concerning the Resort of Persons to the East Indies, or other Places within the Limits of the Company's Charter, or to permit any Persons engaged in Trade under the Authority of this Act to reside at any Place on the Continent of Asia between the River Indus and the Town of Malacca, or at the said Company's Factory of Bencoolen or its Dependencies, without Permission duly obtained, in Conformity to the Provisions of the said Act, of the said Company.

Not to affect Provisions for preventing clandestine Trade under 33 G.3. c.52. XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared. That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or affect any of the Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Matters or Things contained in an Act of the said Parliament of Great Britain, passed in the Thirty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for continuing in the East India Company for a further Term the Possession of the English Territories in India, together with their exclusive Trade, under certain Limitations; for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; for appropriating to certain Uses the Revenues.

ind Profits of the said Company; and for making Provision he good Order and Government of the Towns of Calcutta, 28, and Bombay; or in an Act of the Parliament of Ireland, d in the said Thirty third Year of His said late Majesty's 33 G.s. (I.) , inituled An Act for regulating the Trade of Ireland to and the East Indies, under certain Conditions and Provisions, for se therein mentioned; for the Purpose of restraining clandesnd illicit Trade into and from the East Indies and Parts within Limits of the said Company's Charter; or in the said Act e Fifty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign relative 53 G.S. c.155. ch clandestine and illicit Trade; but that the same shall be What Ships ed to be and continue in force, and to apply to all Ships the said Acts Vessels of His Majesty's Subjects, other than the Ships of the shall apply to. Company, sailing or being found within the Limits of the Company's Charter, and not having complied with the ctions of this Act, and to all and every Persons and Person shall be found on board the same, or shall have been conveyed ard the same into any Place within the said Limits, and also and every Person and Persons who shall be found at any on the Continent of Asia between the River Indus and the 1 of Malacca, or at the said Company's Factory of Bencoolen Dependencies, or at any Place within the Dominions of the aror of China, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the Act of the Fifty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign,

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Commander Commanders her Officer of any Ship or Vessel engaged in Trade under of Vessels unluthority of this Act shall knowingly and wilfully take on lawfully taking d, or connive at the taking on board any Person or Persons, board or giving shibit any false or incomplete List of the Persons embarked false Lists of tended to be embarked on board of his Vessel, contrary to Passengers. rue Intent and Meaning of the said Act of the Fifty third of His said late Majesty's Reign, or of this Act, every Commander or Officer who shall offend therein shall incur forfeit for every Offence One hundred Pounds, to be recovered Penalty 1001. ach and the same Manner as the Penalties imposed by the Acts of the Fifty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, either of them, are thereby made recoverable; One Half t of which Penalty shall belong to such Person or Persons shall inform or sue for the same, and the other Half Part to said United Company; and if the said United Company shall m or sue for the same, then the whole of the said Penalty ll belong to the said Company.

XIX. And Whereas by an Act passed in the present Session Parliament, intituled An Act for the registering of Vessels, tovision is made for registering Ships and Vessels in Terriories, Countries, Islands and Places under the Government of he East India Company; Be it further enacted, That all Ships Ships registered d Vessels so registered shall have all the Rights and Privileges in India pur-Trade which Ships and Vessels registered in any other Possesof His Majesty have by virtue of the said Act or of any other Privileges to av in that Behalf, and shall be subject to such and the like which other legulations and Provisions as such Ships and Vessels registered Vessels are entitled by that other Possessions of His Majesty are subject to, and to none other,

other, save as hereinafter provided with respect to the Crew of such Ships and Vessels.

Natives of India not to be British Mariners within the Meaning of 34 G.S. c.68.

Lascars and

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Asia Sailors, Lascars or Natives of any of the Territories, County Islands or Places within the Limits of the Charter of the India Company, although born in Territories, Countries, like or Places under the Government of His Majesty, or of the India Company, shall at any Time be deemed or takes to British Sailors, Seamen or Mariners, within the Intent and Ma of an Act passed in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of late Majesty, intituled An Act for the further Encourge British Mariners, and for other Purposes therein mentione any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Nasi of British Ships by Subjects of His Majesty, for the Purp entitling any Ship or Vessel to be deemed to be a British navigated according to Law, and to have the Privileges and a vantages of British Ships having the Master and Three feet of the Mariners British Subjects; any Thing in the said re Act of the Thirty fourth Year aforesaid, or in any other Ad Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, to the contrary note standing; provided also, that it shall be lawful for His Maj by His Royal Proclamation, upon or after the Commencement any Hostilities, to permit all Merchant Ships or any other to Vessels, and all Privateers, to be manned wholly, or in any

How far Merchants' Ships and Privateers may be manned with Lascars, &c.

Proportions as shall be specified in any such Proclamation, such Asiatic Sailors, Lascars or Natives aforesaid, for and d such Periods as shall be specified in any such Proclamatical aforesaid. ' XXI. And Whereas Lascars and other Natives of the ' are not deemed to be equal in Strength and Use to Europa

other Seamen, and the requiring the Proportion of Three fa

of British Sea Tonnage of any

of British Seamen in Ships having as Part of the Crew La ' and Natives of the East would compel such Ships to carry ' larger Number of British Seamen than other Ships, or to en 'a smaller Number of Lascars and Natives of the East ' would be sufficient to make a proper Crew;' Be it there enacted, That any Ship or Vessel duly registered, manufi Part with Lascars or Natives of India, which shall be command by a British Master, and navigated by Four British Seams as Part of the Crew, for every Hundred Tons of her register Burthen, and so in proportion for any Part of a Hundred I shall be deemed, construed and taken to be navigated according to Law as to the Crew of any such Ship or Vessel, although Number of such British Seamen shall not be equal to the P portion of Three fourths of the whole Crew of such Ship or Vesse any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws the contrary notwithstanding. ' XXII. And Whereas it may not always be possible to proceed

the due Proportion of British Seamen at Ports in India 16 'Vessels sailing from India;' Be it therefore enacted, That shall be lawful for any of the Governments of the Ess ladi Company in India, or for any Governor or Lieutenant Governo of any Colony, Territory or Island belonging to His Majest within the Limits of the said Charter, and they and he are here!

In Cases where in India a sufficient Number of British Seamen cannot be obtained, Go-

A Proportion

Ship sufficient.

men to the

required, on Application made by the Owner or Commander of vernors may any Ship or Vessel, and after having ascertained by due Inquiry that a sufficient Number of *British* Seamen cannot be procured for the Crew of any Ship or Vessel sailing from *India*, within Ten Days from such Application, to certify the same, and license such Ship or Vessel to sail and carry on her Voyage with a less Proportion of British Seamen than required by Law; and every such Ship, having on board such Licence, and the Proportion of British Seamen therein specified, shall be deemed to be navigated according to Law, notwithstanding such Deficiency of British Seamen.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing Provise as to in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to require any Number employed beof British Seamen to be on board as Part of the Crew or Mariners tween Port and of any Ship or Vessel employed in Trade only between Ports and Places within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, including the Cape of Good Hope.

British Seamen

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First 54 G.S. c. 134. Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, all the [\$ 2, 3. Provisions contained in an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to continue until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and to amend several Acts for altering Importations from and Exportations to the Places within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company, in Ships not of British built, and for the better Maintenance and Care of Lascars and other Asiatic Seamen arriving in this Kingdom, relative to Asiatic Sailors, Lascars or Natives of any Territories, Countries or Places within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, shall be and are hereby repealed; save and except as to the Recovery of repealed. any Sum or Sums of Money which have become or may become Exception. due on any Bond or Bonds which may have been or ought to have been entered into before the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, or of any Sum or Sums of Money which have otherwise become or may become due by virtue of the said Act, before the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, all which Sums of Money shall and may be recovered in the same Manner as if this Act had not been passed; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Governor of lawful to and for the Governor General of Fort William in Bengal, Fort William in Council, and he is hereby required, as soon as may be, to make, ordain and publish, and from time to time, as Occasion may require, to repeal and alter, and newly to make, ordain and publish. But and Bandalian to be absented by Motters. lish, such Rules and Regulations, to be observed by Masters, trading under Officers and Owners of Ships and Vessels trading under the this Act. Authority of this Act, the Crews of which Ships or Vessels shall be wholly or in part composed of Asiatic Sailors, Lascars or Natives of any of the Territories, Countries, Islands or Places within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, for the due Supply of Provisions, Clothing and other necessary Accommodation of such Asiatic Sailors, Lascars and Natives afore-

said.

C. 80.

said, whilst they shall be on board such Ships or Vessels, and whilst absent from the Countries or Places to which they shall respectively belong, and until they shall be carried back to the Places to which they may belong, or from whence they may have been brought, and for the Conveyance back of such Asiatic Sailors, Lascars or Natives as aforesaid, within a reasonable Time to be fixed by such Rules or Regulations.

Rules and Regulations to be observed as if they had formed Part of this Act.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all such Rules and Regulations, until they shall be repealed or altered, shall be observed and performed according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof, in like Manner as if they had been herein inserted and had formed Part of this Act; and a Copy of all and every such Rules and Regulations, signed and authenticated as such by the Secretary for the Time being of the Government of Bengal, or by the Secretary for the Time being of the said United Company, shall be deemed and received and taken, in and by all Courts, Justices and other Persons, as full, sufficient and conclusive Evidence of such Rules and Regulations.

Masters of Vessels to make out List of every Lascar, &c. on board, before such Ship shall be admitted to Entry.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having the Command of every Ship or Vessel trading under the Authority of this Act, which from and after the passing of this Act shall arrive at any Port in the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, and which shall have on board, or which during any Part of her Voyage shall have had on board, either as Part of her Crew or in any other Character, or for any other Reason, any Asiatic Sailor, Lascar or Native of any of the Territories, Countries, Islands or Places within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, before such Ship or Vessel shall be admitted to Entry, shall make out and exhibit to the principal Officers of the Customs, or other Person thereunto lawfully authorized, a true and perfect List and Description of every such Asiatic Sailor, Lascar or Native aforesaid, which shall then be, or who during any Part of her Voyage shall have been on board such Ship or Vessel, with a true Account and Statement what shall have become of every such Asiatic Sailor, Lascar and Native aforesaid, who may have been and shall not then be on board.

Breach of Regulations relative to Lascars, &c.

Penalty

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That for every Breach or Non-observance of any Rule or Regulation to be made in pursuance of this Act, in relation to Asiatic Sailors, Lascars or Natives aforesaid, which shall have happened or taken place, and for every Omission to make out and exhibit such List, Description, Account or Statement of and respecting all such Asiatic Sailors, Lascars or Natives aforesaid, as herein is required, the Master or Commander, and all and every the Owners and Owner of the Ship or Vessel on board which any such Asiatic Sailor, Lascar or Native aforesaid shall be or shall have been, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Asiatic Sailor, Lascar or Native aforesaid, in respect of whom such Breach, Non-observance, Omission or Defect shall have happened or taken place, to be recovered against the Master, Commander and Owners jointly or severally, by Bill, Plaint, Information or Action, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the East Indies or elsewhere; to be commenced in the County or Presidency or Place where any such Offender may happen to be.

or by Conviction in a summary Way before Two Justices of Pesce in the United Kingdom, or in the East Indies, of the inty or Presidency where any such Offender may happen to be; of which Sum and Sums so to be forfeited, One third Part how applied. eof shall go, belong and be paid to the Person or Persons shall inform or sue for the same, and the other Two third is thereof shall be paid to such Person or Persons as the Court ustices before whom the same shall be recovered shall award, e applied in Payment or Reimbursement of any Expence h may have been incurred by or for the Use of the Asiatic m, Lascar or Native aforesaid, or the respective Asiatic Sailors, an or Natives aforesaid, in respect of whom such Forfeiture befeitures shall have been recovered, or in such other Manner, his or their Maintenance, Return Home or Benefit, as the pt or Justices before whom the same shall be recovered shall

XIX. And for the more easy and speedy Conviction of the Form of Conaders under this Act, be it further enacted, That the Justices victions. e Peace before whom any Person or Persons shall be convicted by Offence under this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction e drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any other n of Words to the like Effect, as the Case may happen;

E it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord A.B. [the Offender or fenders] is [or are] convicted before us, Two of His Majesty's suces of the Peace for [the County or Presidency, as the Case y be] by virtue of an Act made in the Fourth Year of the ign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled [setting th the Title of this Act] of having [here state the Offence or fences] which Offence [or Offences, as the Case may be] has, Confession of the Offender [or Offenders, or the Oath of One more credible Witness or Witnesses, as the Case may be]; for ich said Offence [or Offences, as the Case may be] we do adge that the said Offender [or Offenders] hath [or have] forited and do pay the Sum of [the Amount forfeited]; One third in whereof we do order and direct to be paid to [the In-<sup>(rag)</sup>, and the other Two thirds thereof to C.D. and E.F. vel Persons as the said Justices shall direct], to be applied [in d Manner as the Case may require] pursuant to the Proviof the said Act. Given under our Hands and Seals the ly and Year first above written.'

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money of Recovery of hany Person shall be so convicted as aforesaid, shall and may Distress. tried by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Imprisonment. nder; and that for Want of sufficient Distress every such nder may be committed to Prison in the Common Gaol or be of Correction, for the Space of Three Calendar Months. XXI. And Whereas it may happen that Asiatic Sailors, Lasmand Natives aforesaid, may refuse to accept the Maintenance be provided for them under the Rules and Regulations before Forested for them there in the Ships or Vessels which may engaged for that Purpose; Be it therefore enacted, That if Lascars, &c. 4 GEO, IV. 3 C any

Vagrancy to be shipped on board of Vessel be und to the Place from whence brought,

any such Asiatic Sailor, Lascar or Native aforesaid, shall at any Time be convicted of an Act of Vagrancy under any of the Laws in force in the United Kingdom respecting Vagrants, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justice or Justices or Magintuses before whom such Conviction shall take place, to order and dimentional that he shall be shipped on board any Ship or Vessel bound to the Place, or as near as may be to the Place to which he shall have been brought, and the shall have been brought, and the mander of which shall be willing to take Charge of him in state which have being returned thereto, at the Expence of the Person shall be mentioned, or of any other Person being otherwise willing to the fray the same; and it shall and may be lawful for the Commentary the same; and it shall and may be lawful for the Commentary that is hereby required, to keep and detain him as board his Ship for the Voyage for which he shall be shipped.

Proceedings not quashed for Want of Form, &c.

Limitation of

Where brought.

General Issue.

If Action brought after Time limited, &c.

Treble Costs.

Company to supply all Necessaries for distressed Lascars, &c. brought to this Country, and may recover Expence from Owners.

XXXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Conviction, Order or Proceeding to be made or had by or before a Justices of the Peace or other Magistrate, by virtue of this has shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form, and that the Order of such Justices or other Magistrates shall be final, and that Proceedings of any such Justices or other Magistrates in pull ance of this Act shall be removable by Certiorari or otherwise.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any I done in pursuance of this Act, then and in every such Case Action or Suit shall be commenced or prosecuted within Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and same and every such Action or Suit shall be brought in County or Place where the Cause of Action shall have arises, not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and at Trial thereof give this Act and the special Matter in Evid and if the Matter or Thing complained of shall appear to been done under the Authority and in Execution of this Act, any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the Time for bringing the same, or be brought and laid in any other Co or Place than as aforementioned, then the Jury shall find for Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff shall become suit, or discontinue his or her Action after the Defendant have appeared, or have a Verdict against him or her, or if, Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff, Defendant shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the Remedy for Recovery thereof as any Defendant or Defend hath or have in any Cases of Law.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Asiatic Salah Lascar or Native of any of the Territories, Countries, Island Places within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, having been brought to the United Kingdom on bond of Ship or Vessel not being a Ship of War in the Service of His Majesty, shall from and after the passing of this Act be found with the United Kingdom in Distress for Want of Food, Clothing to other Necessaries, it shall be lawful for the said United Company to supply necessary and reasonable Relief to such Persons, and to

maintain them until they shall be sent on board some Ship bound for some Place within the Limits aforesaid; and also to pay, defray and advance the Money necessary to procure such Persons proper and sufficient Passage to their Homes or Places from which they were brought; and all such Sums as the said Company shall pay for or on account of such Relief or Maintenance or Passage Home, shall constitute and become a joint and several Debt due to the said Company from the Commander, Owner or Owners of such Ship, on board whereof such Person or Persons shall have been brought into the said United Kingdom, and shall be recoverable as so much Money paid to and for the Use of such Owner or Owners in any of the Courts of the said United Kingdom, or in the East Indies, if the Owner shall reside there, in which Actions or Suits for the Recovery of Debts may be sued or prosecuted; and in all such Actions and Suits, where the said Company shall recover, they shall be entitled to receive full Costs Full Costs. of Suit.

## CAP. LXXXI.

An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws for punishing Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the East India Company; and to authorize Soldiers and Sailors in the East Indies to send and receive Letters at a reduced Rate of Postage. [18th July 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty seventh Year 27 G.2. c.9.
of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of His late Majorty Fine Communication of the Reion of His late Majorty Fine Communication of His late Majorty Fine Commu of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies; and for the Punishment of Offences committed in the East Indies, or at the Island of Saint · Helens; and another Act was passed in the First Year of the Helens; and another Act was passed in the First Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An 1G.3. c.14.

Act to extend the Provisions relating to the holding of Courts martial, and to the Punishment of Offences committed in the East Indies, contained in the Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of His late Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and for the Punishment of Offences committed in the East Indies, or at the Island of Saint Helens," to the said Com-East Indies, or at the Island of Saint Helena," to the said Come pany's Settlement of Fort Marlborough, and to such other Principal Settlements wherever the said Company may be hereafter empowered to hold Courts of Judicature; since the passing of which Acts the Territories under the Government of the said Com. pany, and the Forces maintained by the said Company for 4 the Safety and Protection of the same, have greatly increased, in consequence whereof further Provisions have become necessary; and it being requisite for the retaining of such Forces in 4 their Duty, that an exact Discipline be observed, and that 4 Soldiers who shall mutiny, or stir up Sedition, or shall desert the said Company's Service, be brought to a more exemplary 4 and speedy Punishment than the usual Forms of the Law do 3 C 2 'allow:

Mutiny, Desertion, &c.

Punishment for 'allow:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person who is or shall be commissioned or in Pay as an Officer, or who is or shall be enlisted or in Pay as a Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier in the Service of the said Company, at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, shall begin, excite, cause or join in any Mutiny or Sedition, in the Land or Marine Forces of His Majesty, or of the said Company, or shall not use his utmost Endeavours to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall misbehave himself before the Enemy; or shall shamefully abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard committed to his Charge, or which he shall be commanded to defend, or shall compel the Governor or Commanding Officer of any Garrison, Fortress or Post to deliver up to the Enemy or to abandon the same; or shall speak Words or use any other Means to induce such Governor or Commanding Officer or others to misbehave before the Enemy, or shamefully to abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard committed to their respective Charge, and which he or they shall be commanded to defend; or shall leave his Post before relieved; or shall be found aleeping on his Post; or shall hold Correspondence with or give Advice. or Intelligence to any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, or the said Company, either by Letters, Messages, Signs or Tokens, in any Manner or Way whatsoever; or shall treat or enter upon any Terms with such Rebel or Enemy, without the Licence of the said United Company, or of the said United Company's Governor General in Council, or Governor in Council at any of their Presidencies, or without the Licence of the General or Chief Commander; or shall strike or use any Violence against his Superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his Superior Officer; or shall desert the said Company's Service; all and every Person and Persons so offending in any of the Matters before mentioned, whether such Offence shall be committed within the Dominions of His Majesty, or the Possessions or Territories which are or may be under the Government of the said Company, or in Foreign Parts, upon Land or upon the Sea, within or without the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishments as by a Court martial shall be awarded.

Persons accused of Capital Crimes 120 Miles from the Presidencies | may be tried by Court martial; and if found guilty punish-

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the General or other Officer commanding in Chief the Forces of or belonging to the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort Saint George, and Bombay respectively, for the Time being, having Authority to appoint Courts martial, to appoint General Courts martial, and to issue his Warrant to any General or other Officer, having the Command of a Body of Troops of His Majesty or of the said Company, empowering them respectively to appoint General Courts martial as occasion may require, to be holden within the Territories of any Foreign State, or in any Country under the Protection of His Majesty or the said United Company,

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or at any Place other than Prince of Wales Island, in the Territories under the Government of the said United Company, and situated above One hundred and twenty Miles from the said Presidencies respectively, for the Trial of any Person under his Command accused of having committed wilful Murder, Theft, Robbery, Rape or any other Crime which is Capital by the Laws of England, or of having used Violence, or committed any Offence against the Person or Property of any Subject of His Majesty, or any other Person entitled to His Majesty's Protection, or to the Protection of the respective Governments of the East India Company, or of any State in Alliance with the said Company, within the Territories of any foreign State, or in any Country under the Protection of His Majesty or the said United Company, or at any Place other than Prince of Wales Island, in the Territories under the Government of the said United Company situate above One hundred and twenty Miles from the said Presidencies respectively; and the Persons accused, if found guilty, shall suffer Death, or be liable to Transportation for Life or for a Term of Years, or to such other Punishments, according to the Nature and Degree of their respective Offences, as by the Sentence of any such General Court martial shall be awarded: Provided always, that any Person so tried shall not be liable to be tried for the same

Offence by any other Court whatsoever. [See Sect. 17. post.]
III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person liable to Person liable be tried by a Court martial for any such Offence alleged to have to be tried by been committed within the Territories of any Foreign State, or in any Country under the Protection of His Majesty or the said may be apprehended and United Company, or at any Place, other than Prince of Wales delivered over to his Regi-United Company situate above One hundred and twenty Miles ment. from the said Presidencies of Fort William, Fort St. George, and Bombay respectively, and for which no Proceeding shall have been commenced in any ordinary Court of competent Civil or Criminal Jurisdiction, shall be apprehended by the Authority of or brought before any Magistrate for any such Offence, it shall and may be lawful for such Magistrate, and he is hereby required to deliver over such accused Person to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Corps or Detachment to which such accused Person shall belong, or to the Commanding Officer of the nearest Military Station, for the Purpose of his being tried by a Court martial for such Offence, as herein before is provided in that

Bebalf.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all and every Sentences not Case wherein a Sentence of Death or Transportation shall be pro- to be executed nounced for any such Capital Offence, committed at any Place till confirmed situate above One hundred and twenty Miles from the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort Saint George, and Bombay respectively, approved by and being within the Territories under the Government of the said Governor of United Company, such Sentence shall not be carried into Exe- Presidency. cution until confirmed by the General or other Officer commanding at the Presidency, with the Concurrence of the Governor General in Council or Governor in Council of the Presidency in the Territories subordinate to which such Offenders shall have been tried.

Deserters enlisting in other Corps.

V. And be it declared and enacted, That no Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall desert the said Company's Service shall be exempt from the Pains and Penalties imposed by this Act for such Offence, by again enlisting into His Majesty's or the said Company's Service; but any such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall, notwithstanding such subsequent Enlistment, be deemed to have deserted, and shall in like Manner suffer Death, or such other Punishments as by a Court martial shall be awarded.

Punishments.

' VI. And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether Soldiers who of Right belong to the Corps from which they have deserted, ' may be proceeded against and tried for deserting any other ' Corps in which they may afterwards have enlisted, or from the said Company's Service, if they shall not after such sub-sequent enlisting have been placed in any Corps, or for my Crime committed by them whilst serving therein; Be it therefore

And, while in such Corps, can be punished for Crimes committed therein.

enacted, That every such Soldier shall be liable to be tried by a Court martial, and be punishable in like Manner as if he had originally enlisted in, and of Right belonged to the Regiment, Corps, Troop, Company, Detachment or Party in which he shall be at the Time of any subsequent Desertion, or committing my Offence, notwithstanding it shall have been discovered or known that he had previously belonged to any other Regiment, Corps, Troop, Company, Detachment or Party, and had not been discharged therefrom: Provided always, that if such Persons shall be claimed by such other Regiment, Corps, Troop, Company, Detachment or Party, and proceeded against as a Deserter therefrom, his subsequent Desertion from any one or more Corps in which he may have unwarrantably enlisted, may (unless he shall have been already tried for the same) be given in Evidence as an Aggravation of his Crime; previous Notice being always given to such Deserter of the Fact or Facts intended to be produced as Evidence

VII. And be it further enacted and declared, That in case of

Proviso where claimed by other Corps.

Transportation for Desertion.

upon his Trial.

any Non commissioned Officer or Soldier tried and convicted of Desertion, wheresoever the Court martial which shall pass Sentence upon such Trial shall not think the Offence deserving of Capital Punishment, such Court martial may, instead of swarding a Corporal Punishment, adjudge the Offender, according to the Nature of his Offence, if they shall think fit, to be transported as a Felon for Life, or for a certain Term of Years; and if such Non commissioned Officer or Soldier, having been adjudged to Unduly return- be transported as a Felon, shall afterwards, without Leave from the Governor or Commanding Officer of the Place to which he shall have been transported, return into or be found at large without Leave as aforesaid, or other lawful Cause, within any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, or any of the Possessions or Territories which are or may be under the Government of the said United Company, other than the Place to which he shall have been transported, before the Expiration of the Term limited by such Sentence, and shall be convicted thereof in the ordinary Course of Law, every such Person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without the Benefit of Clergy. VIII. Pro-

ing, Death.

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VIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in all Cases, Power to Com wherein a Capital Punishment shall have been awarded by a Court mander in Chief martial, it shall be lawful for the Officer commanding in Chief at the Presidency to which the Offender shall belong dency to which the Forces at the Presidency to which the Offender shall belong, dency to which and having Power to appoint or authorize the Appointment of belong, of comsuch Court martial, instead of causing such Sentence to be carried muting Death into Execution, to order the Offender to be transported as a Felon to Transportfor Life, or for a certain Term of Years, as to the said Officer ation. commanding in Chief may seem meet; and if the Person so transported in pursuance of such Order shall afterwards, without Leave from the Governor or Commanding Officer of the Place to which he shall have been transported, return into or be found at large without Leave as aforesaid, or other lawful Cause, within any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, or any of the Possessions or Territories which are or may be under the Government of the said Company, other than the Place to which he shall have been transported, before the Expiration of the Term limited by such Order, and shall be duly convicted thereof, he shall suffer Death.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Deserters may General Court martial to sentence any Non commissioned Officer be sentenced by or Soldier, convicted of Desertion by such Court, to general Court martial Service as a Soldier; and that the General or Commander of the Forces at the Presidency to which the said Offender shall belong, may thereupon direct, that such Service shall be in any Regiment or Regiments or Corps of the said Company, and in any Country or Place or Places out of the Possessions of the Territories under the Government of the said Company or otherwise, as he may

turning, Death.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any If Deserter be Non commissioned Officer or Soldier in any Regiment or Corps of a limited Serthe said Company's Forces, so convicted of Desertion, shall viceman, be appear to have enlisted for a limited Term of Years, it shall be taken to serve lawful for such Court to sentence any such Non-commissioned for Life, &c. Officer or Soldier so enlisted in any Regiment or Corps of the said Company's Forces, to serve for Life as a Soldier, or for any Number of Years beyond the Period for which such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall have enlisted in the Regiment in which he so enlisted, or generally in any Regiment or Corps which the General or Commander of the Forces at the Presidency where such Offender shall be tried shall please to direct; and any Noncommissioned Officer or Soldier may in any Case, in addition to any Service, he further adjudged to forfeit all Benefit or Advan- and to forfeit tage as to Increase of Pay, or as to Pension or Discharge, which increase of Pay, Pension, Pay, Pension, might otherwise have accrued to such Non-commissioned Officer or Discharge, or Soldier from the Length or Nature of his Service; and such Forfeiture may, in such Cases of Desertion, be adjudged in

addition to any other Punishment, if the Court should think fit.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any A Mark on General Court martial, before which any Non-commissioned Officer Deserters. or Soldier shall be tried and convicted of Desertion, to direct, if it shall so think fit, in addition to any other Punishment such Court may award for such Desertion, that such Deserter be marked on the Left Side, Two Inches below the Armpit, with the Letter (D.), such Letter not to be less than Half an Inch long,

and to be marked upon the Skin with Ink or Gunpowder, or other Preparation, so as to be visible and conspicuous, and not liable to be obliterated.

Notice to Judge, &c. of the Award, &c. of Transport. ation.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any Sentence of Transportation passed by any Court martial in the East Indies, or in the other Possessions or Territories which are or may be under the Government of the said Company beyond the Seas or in Foreign Parts, is to be carried into Exe-

Proceedings by such Judge thereon.

cution, or Mercy shall be extended to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of any Court martial spox Condition of Transportation, the same shall be notified in Writing by the Officer commanding in Chief, or in the Absence of the Officer commanding in Chief, then by the Adjutant General for the Time being, to some Judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature of the Presidency under which such Offender shall serve: and thereupon such Judge shall make an Order for the Tranportation of such Offender, upon the Terms and for the Time which shall be specified in such Notification, and shall also make such other Order or Orders, and do all such other Acts consequent upon the same, as any such Judge is authorized to make or do with respect to Offenders ordered to be transported by Sentence of the Criminal Courts of India; and the Governor in Council of such Presidency, or Governors of such Settlement. Island, Territory or Country respectively, shall and they are hereby required to take Order for the Transportation of all sade Offenders accordingly; and all such Orders and Acts shall be obeyed and done in respect to such Offenders, and shall have the like Consequence, as in Cases of Persons convicted of Cruse and sentenced to be transported, or receiving Pardon on Condition of Transportation; and every Person so ordered to be transported shall be subject respectively to all and every the Provision and Provisions made by Law and now in force concerning Persons convicted of any Crime and sentenced to be transported, or receiving Pardon on Condition of Transportation.

In what case Offenders subject to the Law of Escape of Felons, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender under Sentence of Death by a Court martial as aforesaid shall obtain any such conditional Remission of such Sentence as aforesaid, all and every the Laws now in force touching the Escape of Felons under Sentence of Death, shall apply to such Offender, and to all Person aiding, abetting or assisting in any Escape or intended Escape of any such Offender or contriving any such Escape, from the Time when such Order shall be made by such Judge as aforsaid, and during all the several Proceedings which shall be had for the Purposes aforesaid.

Power to suspend Proceed- · ings.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor General or Governor in Council of any of the said Company's Presidencies in India, to suspend the Proceedings of any Court martial which may at any Time be holden upon any Person belonging to such Presidencies respectively.

Warrant to hold Courts martial; none lower than a Field Officer can convene, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty may from time to time grant a Commission or Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, unto the Court of Directors of the said United Company, who by virtue of such Commission or Warrant shall have Power, under the Seal of the said United Company, to authorize Ξ

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and empower their Governor General in Council, and Governor in Council for the Time being, at the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort Saint George and Bombay respectively, and their Governors and Council for the Time being at the said Island of Saint Helena, from time to time to appoint Courts martial, and to authorize and empower the General or other Officer commanding any Body of the Forces employed in the said Company's Service to appoint General Courts martial, as well as to authorize any Officer under their respective Commands, not below the Degree of a Field Officer, to convene General Courts martial as occasion may require, for the Trial of Offences committed by any of their Forces under their several Commands, whether the same shall have been so committed before or after such General Officer shall have taken upon himself such Command; all which Courts martial shall be constituted and shall regulate their Proceedings according to the several Provisions hereinafter specified.

XVI. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted, None tried a That no Officer or Soldier, being acquitted or convicted of any Second Time Offence, shall be liable to be tried a Second Time by the same or for the same any other Court martial for the same Offence, unless in the Case in case of Apof an Appeal from a Regimental to a General Court martial; and that no Sentence given by any Court martial, and signed by the Soldiers liable President thereof, shall be liable to be revised more than once: to ordinary Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend Proceedings of or be construed to exempt any Officer or Soldier whatsoever from Law, &c. being proceeded against by the ordinary Course of Law, unless such Officer or Soldier shall have been tried by a Court martial in Manner herein before provided in respect of Offences committed within the Territories of any Foreign State, or in any Country under the Protection of His Majesty or the said United Company or at any Place in the Territories of the said United Company situate above One hundred and twenty Miles from the said Presidencies of Fort William, Fort Saint George and Bombay respectively.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Non Persons accommissioned Officer or Soldier shall be accused of any Capital cused of Capital Crime or of any Violence or Offence against the Person, Estate Crimes, &c. or Property of any of His Majesty's Subjects or any other Person to be delivered entitled to His Majesty's Protection or to the Protection of the Magistrate. respective Governments of the East India Company, or of any State in Alliance with the said Company, which is punishable by the known Laws of the Land, the Commanding Officer or Officers of every Regiment, Troop, Company or Party, is and are hereby required to use his and their utmost endeavours to deliver over such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate, and shall also be aiding and assisting to the Officers of Justice in the seizing and apprehending such Offender, in order to bring him to Trial; and if any such Commanding Officer shall wilfully neglect or refuse, upon Application made to him for that Purpose, to deliver over any such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate or to be aiding or assisting to the Officers of Justice in apprehending such Offender, every such Officer so offending, and being thereof con-victed upon any Information or Indictment in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in India, shall be deemed and taken to be cashiered,

Offence, unless

to the Civil

After such Trial Persons can only be cashiered by a Court martial.

cashiered, and shall be utterly disabled to have or to hold an Civil or Military Office or Employment in the said United Con pany's Service in the East Indies, provided a Certificate of the said Conviction be transmitted to the Judge Advocate General the Army to which such Offender shall belong: Provided always that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construe extend, to require the Delivery over to the Civil Magistra any such Person accused of any Offence, who shall have I tried for such Offence by any Court martial in manner h before provided, in respect of Offences committed within Territories of any Foreign State or in any Country under the tection of His Majesty or the said United Company, at Place in or out of the Territories of the said United Co situate above One hundred and twenty Miles from the sidencies of Fort William, Fort Saint George and Bom pectively, (a) or against whom any effectual Proceeding shall been taken or ordered to be taken, for the Purpose of bis such Person to Trial by such Court martial as aforesaid: vided also, that no Person or Persons, being acquitted or cs ed of any Capital Crime, Violence or Offence, by the Civili gistrate, shall be liable to be punished by a Court martial fat same, otherwise than by cashiering. (a) [See Sect. 2. entc.]

Officers, &c. imprisoned for criminal Offence, to receive no Pay; but if acquitted to receive Arrears of Pay.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Officer, New missioned Officer or Soldier, who shall be arrested and com to Prison upon a Charge of any Criminal Offence, shall be es to receive any Part of his Pay from the Day of such Comm till the Day of Return to the Regiment, Troop, Company w tachment to which he shall belong or which he shall be or to join; provided that if he shall be acquitted of the Offen which he was committed, he shall upon his Return to his C be entitled to receive all Arrears of Pay which were growing during the Time of his Confinement; but if he shall be conhe shall forfeit all Right to any Pay from the Day of he C mitment during the Time of his Confinement, as well under original Commitment, as under any Commitment consequent such Conviction, and until the Day of his Return to the Region Troop, Company or Detachment to which he shall belong or which he shall be ordered to join.

Constitution of General Courts martial.

XIX. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That General Courts martial held under the Authority of this Act consist of Thirteen or Nine Commissioned Officers, as the may require; except the same shall be holden upon any Offi or Non commissioned Officer or Private Soldier of the said Com pany's Forces which shall be serving in any Place out of H Majesty's Dominions or of the Possessions or Territories are or may be under the Government of the said Company, which Cases any General Court martial may consist of any No ber not less than Seven; and except the same shall be holden Sumatra or at Prince of Wales Island or at Singapore, at which Places such General Court martial may conflist of any Number not less than Five, of whom none shad be under the Degree of Commissioned Officer; nor shall the President of any General Court martial be the Officer commanding in Chief or Governor of the Garrison where the Offence shall be tried, nor moder the Degree

Degree of a Field Officer, unless where a Field Officer cannot be had, nor in any Case whatsoever under the Degree of a Captain.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall Constitution of be lawful for any General or other Officer commanding any Station, Court martial or commanding any Detachment, Brigade, Division or distinct of Three Offi-Party belonging to any Army of the said Company, which may at out of His Maany Time be serving in any Place out of His Majesty's Dominions, jesty's Domior of the Possessions or Territories which are or may be under nions or out of the Government of the said Company, or of the Territories of the Possessions those States in Alliance with the said Company, in which the said of the East Company's Forces are permanently stationed, upon Complaint made to him of any Crime or Crimes, Offence or Offences, done or committed against the Property or Person of any Inhabitant of or Resident in any such Place, by any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, or other Person serving with or belonging to the Company's Army, being under the immediate Command of any such General or other Officer, to summon and cause to assemble General Courts martial, which shall consist of not less than Three Officers at the least, for the Purpose of trying any such Person or Persons accused or suspected of having committed any such Crime or Crimes, or Offence or Offences as aforesaid, notwithstanding such General or other Officer shall not have received any Warrant or Warrants, empowering such General or other Officers to summon or assemble Courts martial; and every such Court martial shall have Power to try any such Person or Persons so accused or suspected as aforesaid, and to adjudge any such Person or Persons to suffer any such Punishments as shall be prescribed for any Crime or Crimes, Offence or Offences, with which any such Person or Persons shall be charged before such Court martial: Provided always, that no Sentence of any such Court martial shall be executed until the General commanding in Chief the Army in the Field of which the Division, Brigade, Detachment or Party to which any Person so tried, convicted and adjudged to suffer Punishment shall belong, shall have approved and confirmed the same: Provided also, that every such Court martial shall have Proviso for such and the same Powers for summoning and examining Wit- Power to sumnesses as any other Court martial; and that Witnesses guilty of mon and exa-Perjury on Examination before them, being Persons amenable to this Act, shall be subject and liable to the same Penalties and Punishments as any Witnesses examined before any other Court martial are or shall be by any Law or Usage in force in relation to any other Court martial.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Ge- Number of neral Court martial for the Trial of any Officer, (except the same Members of shall be holden in any Place out of His Majesty's Dominions, and General Courts out of the Possessions or Territories which are or may be under the Government of the said United Company, or on Sumatra, or at Prince of Wales Island, or at Singapore), shall consist of less than Thirteen Members.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Ge- Number of neral Court martial, consisting of any less Number than Thirteen
Commissioned Officers, unless holden in any Place out of His
Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Possessions or Territories which are or may be under the Government of the said United

Members of
General Court
martial to pass
Sentence of
Death. Company,

mine Witnesses.

Company, or on Sumatra, or at Prince of Wales Island or Singapore, shall sentence any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier to Loss of Life or Limb or Transportation.

Corporal or other Punish ment for Immoralities.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such General Courts martial, by their Sentence or Judgment, to inflict Imprisonment, solitary or otherwise, or corporal Punishments, not extending to Life or Limb, as such Court shall think fit, on any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, for Immoralities, Misbehaviour or Neglect of Duty; or to adjudge a Forfeiture of all Benefit or Advantage as to Increase of Psy, or as to Pension, which might otherwise have accrued to such Non commissioned Officer or Soldier, from the Length or Nature of his Service.

Imprisonment may be inflicted.

Such Offenders to forfeit their Pay.

Oath to Witnesses.

Members of General Courts mertial and Judge Advocate SWOFD.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General or other Court martial to sentence any Non commissioned Officer or Soldier to Imprisonment in a Fortress or Garrison, or other suitable Place of safe Custody.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Non commission Officer or Soldier sentenced to Imprisonment by any Gener Court martial shall forfeit all Right to any Pay or Allows from the Day of his Commitment during the Time of such h prisonment.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all General and other Courts martial shall have Powers and Authority, and are here required to administer an Oath, or in case of Natives of India, Oath or solemn Declaration, as Circumstances may require, every Witness, in order to the Examination or Trial of any of the Offences that shall come before them.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That at General Courts martial to be held by virtue of this Act, eve Member, before any Proceedings be had before such Court, a take the following Oaths upon the Holy Evangelists, before the Judge Advocate or his Deputy, who are hereby authorized Wi administer the same, that is to say,

YOU shall well and truly try and determine, according to your Evidence, in the Matter now before you.

So help you GOD. A.B. do swear, That I will duly administer Justice according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of the ' Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the United Company of ' Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and according ' to an Act of Parliament now in force for the Punishment of ' Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of ' the said United Company, without Partiality, Favour or Affec-' tion; and if any Doubt shall arise, which is not explained by the said Articles or Act of Parliament, according to my Conscience. the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War in like ' Cases: And I do further swear, that I will not divulge the Sertence of the Court until it shall be approved by the General or ' Commander in Chief, or the Person or Persons by whose War-' rant or Authority the Court martial is held; neither will I, upon any Account, at any Time whatsoever, disclose or discover the ' Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court martial.

unless required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness by a Court

of Justice or a Court martial, in a due Course of Law.

' So help me GOD.'

And as soon as the said Oaths shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, an Oath in the following Words:

do swear, That I will not, upon any Account, at any Time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of this Court martial, unless

required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness by a Court of

Justice or Court martial, in due Course of Law.

' So help me GOD.'

And no Sentence of Death shall be given against any Offender in Concurrence in such Case by any General Court martial, unless Nine Officers present shall concur therein (except such General Court martial shall be holden in any Place out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Possessions or Territories which are or may be under the Government of the said United Company, or be holden on Sumatra or Prince of Wales Island or Singapore as aforesaid; and in all Cases where a Court martial shall consist of more Officers than Thirteen, and also in any Place out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Possessions or Territories which are or may be under the Government of the said United Company, or on Sumatra or Prince of Wales Island or Singapore, when the same shall consist of a less Number of Officers, then such Judgment shall pass by the Concurrence of Two thirds at the least of the Officers present; and no Proceeding or Trial shall be had upon Hours of Trial, any Offence, but between the Hours of Six in the Morning and &c. Four in the Afternoon, except in Cases which require an immediate Example: Provided always, that all Witnesses duly sum- Witnesses primoned by the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, vileged from shall, during their necessary Attendance in such Courts, and in going to and returning from the same, be privileged from Arrest, in like manner as Witnesses attending any of His Majesty's Courts of Law are privileged; and that if any such Witness shall be unduly arrested, he shall be discharged from such Arrest by the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued by which such Witness was arrested; or if the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued be not sitting, then by any Judge or any Court of Law, according as the Case shall require, upon its being made appear to such Court or Judge, by Affidavit in a summary Way, that such Witness was arrested in going to or returning from or attending upon such Court martial; and that all Witnesses so duly summoned as Witnesses not aforesaid, who shall not attend on such Courts, shall be liable to attending, be attached in the Courts of Law, upon Complaint made to such attached. Judge or Court, in like Manner as if such Witness had neglected to attend on a Trial in any Criminal Proceeding in that Court.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That at Oaths to be all Courts martial other than General Courts martial, which shall be held by virtue of this Act, or of any Articles of War established by His Majesty in pursuance thereof, every Member assisting at being General such Court, before any Proceedings be had before it, shall take the Courts martialfollowing

following Oaths on the Holy Evangelists (which Oaths shall and may be administered by the President of the Court to other Members thereof, and to the President by any Member having first taken the said Oaths); that is to say,

YOU shall well and truly try and determine, according to your Evidence, in the Matter now before you.

'So help you GOD.'

A. B. do swear, That I will duly administer Justice according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of the Forces of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and according to an Act of Parliament now in Force, for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the said United Company, without Partiality, Favour or Affection; and if any Doubt shall arise, which is not explained by the said Articles or Act of Parliament, according to my Conscience, the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War in like Cases.

'So help me GOD.'

Rank of Pre-

And the President of every such Court martial (not being under the Rank of a Captain) shall be appointed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Detachment or Brigade, or the Governor or Commander of the Garrison, Fort, Castle or Barrack, directing such Court martial.

'XXIX. And Whereas it may be expedient that Officers of His 'Majesty's Land Forces, when employed in Conjunction with Officers in the Service of the United Company, should in certain 'Cases be associated for the Purpose of holding Courts martial; Be it enacted and declared, That when and as often as there may be occasion, it shall and may be lawful for Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces, and of the Forces in the Service of the United Company, to sit in Conjunction at Courts martial, and proceed in the

King's and Company's Officers on Courts martial.

Conjunction of

Proviso for Mutiny Act then existing.

Trial of any Officer and Soldier, in like Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if such Courts martial were composed of Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces, or of Officers in the Service of the said United Company only, with this Distinction, that upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier of His Majesty's Land Forces, Regard shall be had to the Regulations and Provisions made in pursuance of the Act which shall exist at the Time for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion in His Majesty's Forces: and the Oaths administered to the several Members of the Courts martial shall be in the Terms by that Act prescribed; and upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier in the Service of the said United Company, regard shall be had to the Regulations and Provisions made by or in pursuance of this Act; and the Oaths administered to the several Members of the Court martial shall be in the Terms prescribed by this Act, notwithstanding any Officer in the Service of the said

Appointment of Courts martial to be in the Officer commanding His Majesty's Forces. United Company may also have a Commission from His Majesty. XXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That when and so long as any of His Majesty's Forces shall be employed to act within or under the Authority of any of the said Company's Presidencies in the East Indies, the Power of appointing Courts martial or authorizing the Appointment of Courts martial for the Trial of any Officer or Soldier of the said Company of or belonging to such Presidency, shall be in the Officer for the Time being command.

ing in Chief such of His Majesty's Forces as shall be employed within or under the Authority of such Presidency.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Party tried Persons tried by any General Court martial within the Presidencies of Bengal, may have Copy Madras or Bembay, shall be entitled to a Copy of the Sentence of Sentence and Proceedings of such Court martial, upon Demand thereof made Proceedings. by himself or by any other Person or Persons on his Behalf (he or they paying reasonably for the same), at any Time not sooner than Six Months after such Sentences; and in case of Trial by any General Court martial in the Company's other Possessions beyond the Seas or in Foreign Parts, at any Time not sooner than Twelve Months after the Sentence given by such Court martial, whether any such Sentence be approved or not; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding,

XXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Judge Original of Advocate, or Person officiating as such at any General Court mar- Proceedings tial, do and is hereby required to transmit, with as much Expedito be transtion as the Opportunity of Time and Distance of Place can admit, mitted to Judge the original Proceedings and Sentence of such Court martial, to the Advocate Ge-Judge Advocate General of the Army in which such Court martial neral. shall be held; and the said original Proceedings and Sentences are to be carefully kept and preserved in his Office, to the End that Persons entitled thereto may be enabled, upon Application to such Office, to obtain Copies thereof according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

XXXIII. And be it forther enacted, That it shall and may be The King to lawful to and for His Majesty from time to time to form, make and make Articles establish Articles of War for the better Government of the said of War. United Company's Forces, and the same from time to time to vary, alter and amend; which Articles of War shall be judicially taken Notice of by all Judges, and in all Courts whatsoever.

XXXIV. And for the more effectual Notification thereof to the several Judges and Persons hereinafter mentioned; Be it further enacted, That Copies of all such Articles of War, printed by the Copy to the King's Printer, shall from time to time, as soon as conveniently Judges, &c. may be after the same shall have been made and established by His Majesty, be transmitted by His Majesty's Secretary at War for the Time being, signed with his own Hand and Name, to the Judges of His Majesty's Superior Courts at Westminster, Dublin, Edinburgh and in India respectively; and also to the Governors of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations and Territories within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That for bringing Offenders Officers authoagainst such Articles of War to Justice, it shall be lawful for His rised to con-Majesty to grant His Royal Commission or Warrant to the Persons vene Courts and in the Manner herein mentioned and expressed, for convening and authorizing others to convene Courts martial, with Power to try, hear and determine any Crimes or Offences by such Articles of War, and to inflict Penalties by Sentence or Judgment of the same, as well in the Possessions or Territories which are or may be under the Government of the Company, as elsewhere, where the Troops of the Company are or may be employed: Provided always, For what that no Person shall by such Articles of War be subject to any Crimes no Punishment extending to Life or Limb, within the Dominions of Judgment of His Life or Limb.

A.D. 1822

Offenders may be tried in Places other than where the Offences have been committed.

His Majesty, or the Possessions or Territories which are or be under the Government of the said United Company for Crime committed within One hundred and twenty Miles' Dies from either of the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras or Box which is not expressed to be so punishable by this Act. XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, The

any Officer or Soldier, or any other Person subject to the Pa sion of this Act, at any Place out of the Presidencies of Be Madras or Bombay, commit any of the Offences for which he be liable to be tried by a Court martial by virtue of this Act, shall, after the Commission of any such Offence, go or lesses any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, or to any Station or Public the Possessions or Territories under the Government of the Company or elsewhere, in the Course of Service abroad, or or be brought within the said Presidencies or either of them, fore he be tried by a Court martial for such Offence, such 0 or Soldier shall be liable to be tried for the same at such Station or Part of His Majesty's Dominions, or the Possessi Territories which are or may be under the Government of the Company or elsewhere, in the same Manner as if the Offence been committed where such Trial shall take place.

**How Court** martial for Trial of Company's Officers and Soldiers, may be composed.

' XXXVII. And Whereas it may sometimes happen that ' cers in the Service of the said United Company cannot com ently be had to compose the Whole or Part of a Court a for the Trial of Offenders liable to be tried by Court marti ' virtue of this Act;' Be it further enacted, That in any such any Officer or Soldier, or Persons subject to the Provisions of Act, may and shall be tried by a General Court martial con of Officers in His Majesty's Service alone: Provided always, in every such Case the Officer convening such Court martial specify in his Warrant that no Officer in the Service of the Company could conveniently be had.

Musters. Giving false Certificates, Penalty 400 Sicca Rupee cashiered and Incapacity.

XXXVIII. And for preventing of Fraud and Deceit in the I tering of Soldiers, be it further enacted, That if any Perce make or give, or procure to be made or given, any false of true Certificate, whereby to excuse any Soldier for his Absence from any Muster, or any other Service which he ought to att or perform, upon Pretence of such Soldier being employed some other Duty of the Regiment, or being Sick, in Prison or Furlough, then every such Person so making, giving or procur such Certificate, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum Four hundred Sicca Rupees, and shall be forthwith cashiered displaced from his Office, and shall be thereby utterly disable to have or hold any Military Office or Employment in the Series of the Company in the East Indies; and no Certificate shall escuse the Absence of any Soldier but for the Reasons above mettioned, or One of them.

False Musters.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Officer that shall make any false or untrue Muster of Man or Horse, or vitingly or willingly allow or sign the Muster Roll wherein such false Muster is contained, or any Duplicate thereof, and almerery Officer who shall directly or indirectly take or cause to be taken any Sum or Sums of Money, or any other Gratuity, on or for the mustering any Regiment, Troop or Company, or on or for the sgring of any Muster Rolls, or any Duplicate thereof, upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by Two Witnesses before a General Court martial, to be thereupon called (which is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath), shall for such Offence be forthwith cashiered, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or Cashiered, and hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment in the said Com- Incapacity. pany's Service in the East Indies.

XL. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer shall know- Mustering by ingly muster any Person by a wrong Name, upon Conviction wrong Names. thereof before a General Court martial, the said Officer shall be Punishment. subject to such Penalties as are directed and inflicted by this Act

upon those who shall make false Musters.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That every Paymaster or other Officers, Com-Commissioned Officer of the Company's Forces, or any Store- missaries, &c. keeper or Commissary, or Deputy or Assistant Commissary, or other Person employed in the Commissariat Department, or in any &c. Manner in the Care or Distribution of Money, Provisions, Forage or Stores belonging to the said United Company, or for the said United Company's Forces, or for the Use of His Majesty's Troops, or other Forces serving with the said United Company's Forces in India, or who shall embezzle or fraudulently misapply, or cause to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or shall knowingly or wilfully permit or suffer any Money, Provisions, Forage, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition or other such Military Stores to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or to be spoiled or damaged, may be tried for the same by and before a General Court martial; and it shall be lawful for any Court martial to adjudge any such Paymaster or other Commissioned Officer, Storekeeper or Commissary, or Deputy or Assistant Commissary or other Person, to be transported as a Felon for Life, or for any certain Term of Years, or to suffer such Punishment of Fine, Imprisonment, Dis- Punishment; missal from the Company's Service and Incapacity of serving the Company in any Office, Civil or Military, as any such Court shall think fit, according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence; and every such Officer or Person shall, in addition to any other and to make Punishments, make good at his own Expence the Loss and Da- good the Loss. mage sustained which shall have been ascertained by such Court martial; and the Loss and Damage so ascertained as aforesaid, may be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at the Presidency where such Offender shall be resident, or in any other Court of Law having Jurisdiction, where any Person adjudged by a Court martial to have incurred any such Penalties, or to make good any such Losses or Damages, shall be resident, after the said Judgment shall be confirmed and made known; and after the said Sum shall be recovered and levied, the same shall Application be applied and disposed of as the Government of the Presidency thereof. shall direct and appoint, in case the same shall be recovered within any of the said Presidencies, and if not, then as the Government of the Presidency to which the Offender shall have belonged at the Time of his Offence shall direct and appoint.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That every Non-commissioned Non-commis-Officer who shall be convicted at a General or Regimental Court sioned Officers martial of having embezzled or misapplied any Money with which embezzling. he may have been entrusted for the Payment to the Men under

Punishment.

Paymasters making Deductions or reseiving Fees.

Officers detaining Pay and Allowances, Penalty 800 Sicca Rupees, and Punishment.

Proviso.

Officers, &c. of Artillery, Engineers, &c. liable to this Act.

Recruits concealing Infirmities.

Punishment.

his Command, shall be reduced to serve in the Ranks as a Private Soldier, and be put under Stoppages until the Money be made good, and suffer such Corporal Punishment (not extending to Life or Limb) as the Court martial shall think fit.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That no Paymaster or other Person shall receive any Fees, or make any Deductions whatso-ever, out of the Pay or Allowances which shall be due to may Officer or Soldier in the Company's Army (without his Consent be obtained thereto), other than the usual Deductions, as shall be from time to time required to be made according to the Regulations of the Service.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Paymaster shall unlawfully detain or withhold for the Space of On Month the Pay and Allowances of any Officer or Officers (Cloth and all other just Allowances being deducted) after such Pay Allowances shall be by him or them received; or if any Office having received the Soldiers' Pay and Allowances, shall refuse pay each Non-commissioned Officer and Soldier. his or their w spective Pay and Allowances, when they shall become due a payable, according to the several Rates established by the Rep lations of the Service, then upon Proof thereof before a Co martial as aforesaid, to be for that Purpose duly held and S moned, every such Paymaster or Officer so offending shall be d charged from his Employment, and shall forfeit to the Information upon Conviction before the said Court, Eight hundred Sicca pees, and be liable to such further Punishment as shall by Court martial be awarded: Provided always, that it shall and be lawful for the Governor General in Council, or the Governor in Council at the said Presidencies respectively, to give Ording for withholding the Pay of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Soldier for any Officer, Non-commissioned O or Soldier, for any Period during which such Officer, Non-co missioned Officer or Soldier shall be absent without Leave.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That all Officers and Persons serving and hired to be employed, or who shall serve and be bired to be employed in the Artillery, and in the several Trains of Artillery, and in the Department of the Engineers, and all Officers serving or who shall serve in the Corps of Engineers, and all Officers and Persons serving or who shall serve as Military Surveyors or Draftsmen, or in the Corps of Sappers and Miners of Pioneers, and all Persons who now are or shall be under the Ordnance, and all Apothecaries, Veterinary Surgeons, Medical Storekeepers, Hospital Stewards and others serving on the Medical Establishment of the Army, licensed Sutlers and Followers, shall be at all Times subject to all the Penalties and Punishments meationed in this Act, and shall in all respects whatsoever be holder to be within the Intent and Meaning of every Part of this Act. XLVI. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall enlist into the Company's Forces, and who shall be discovered to be incapable of active Service, by reason of any Infirmity which shall have been concealed by such Person, or not declared before the Justice of the Peace at the Time of his Attestation, and mentioned at the Foot thereof, may be transferred into any Garrison. or Veteran or Invalid Battalion, or into His Majesty's or Company's Marine Forces, notwithstanding he shall have been culisted

for any particular Regiment, and shall be entitled to receive such Portion or Residue of Bounty only as shall be allowed by the said Company, by any Regulation made in that Behalf, in lieu and instead of the Bounty upon which such Man shall have been enlisted; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Rules or Regulations relating to Soldiers, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That all Officers and Soldiers who shall be enlisted in or transferred to the Service of the ation, Officers United Company, and all Officers in the said Company's Service and Soldiers who may proceed in charge of, or be appointed to do Duty with subject to Musuch enlisted or transferred Officers and Soldiers, shall, from and after their Embarkation to go abroad to such Place whereto they shall be sent in the Service of the said Company, be and hereby are adjudged to be, during their Passage, subject to all the Provisions and Regulations of this Act, and to all such Provisions and Regulations as Officers and Soldiers in the Pay of the said United Company shall from time to time be subject to at the Garrison or Place to which such Officers and Soldiers shall be sent.

' XLVIII. And forasmuch as it may happen that Offences may ' be committed by the said Officers and Men after their Embark-' ation, and before their Arrival at their Place of Destination ' abroad, which neverthe less cannot be tried and punished during ' their Passage in such Manner as such Offences ought to be tried ' and punished;' Be it therefore enacted, That in every such Case Offences preevery such Officer or Soldier shall and may, after his Arrival at his vious to Arrival Place of Destination abroad, be tried and punished for every Of- at Destination, fence committed after his Embarkation and before his Arrival, in Cognizable after the same Manner as he would have been liable to be tried and punished if such Offence had been committed in any Place where the Offender could have been tried by any Court martial held under the Authority of this Act.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money due Debts due by by deceased Officers and Soldiers in respect of any Military deceased Offi-Clothing, Appointments and Equipment, or in respect of any Quar- cers, &c. conters, or of any Mess or Regimental Accounts, and all Sums of mental Debts, Money due to any Agent or Paymaster, or Quartermaster, or any to be paid in other Officer upon any such Accounts, or on account of any Ad- Preference to vance made for any such Purpose, shall be deemed and taken to others. be Regimental Debts, and shall be paid out of any Arrears of Pay or Allowances, or out of any Prize or Bounty Money, or the Equipage, Goods, Chattels and Effects of any Officer or Soldier dying while in the Service of the said United Company, in preference to any other Debts, Claims or Demands whatsoever, upon the Estate and Effects of such Officer or Soldier; and if any Doubt shall arise, as to whether any Claim or Demand made in relation to any Officer or Soldier is a Regimental Debt or not, such Question shall be decided and concluded by the Order or Certificate of the Military Secretary to the Government of the Presidency to which such Officer or Soldier shall have belonged; and all such Payments shall be good and valid in Law; and every Person who shall make any such Payment out of any such Arrears of Pay, Effects or Proceeds as aforesaid, under the Provisions of this Act, or in pursuance of any such Order or Certificate of such Military Secretary, or into whose Hands any such Money shall come, shall 3 D 2

After Emberktiny Act.

be and are hereby indemnified for and in respect of such Payments, and all other Acts, Matters and Things done in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, or of the Order or Certificate of the said Military Secretary, in relation to the Distribution of such Assets; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Surplus to be paid to Person entitled.

772

L. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such Military Secretary to cause all Surplus which may remain, after satisfying such Regimental Debts as aforesaid, to be paid to the Person or Persons entitled thereto.

Regimental
Debts to be
paid without
Probate of
Will, &c. being
obtained.

LI. And be it further enacted, That all such Regimental Debts shall and may be paid without any Probate of any Will being obtained, or any Letters of Administration, or any Confirmation of Testament, or Letters Testamentary or Dative, being taken out by any Person and the Surplus only of such Among of Pay of All

Surplus only deemed Personal Estate, and may be distributed without Probate, &c. up to the Amount herein mentioned.

any Person, and the Surplus only of such Arrears of Pay or Allowances, Prize or Bounty Money, Equipage, Goods and Chattels, or the Proceeds thereof, shall be deemed the Personal Estate of the Deceased, for the Payment of any Duty in respect of my Probate, or of any Letters of Administration, or Confirmation of Testament, or Letters Testamentary or Dative, or for the Purpose of Distribution as Personal Estate; and it shall be lawful for the said Military Secretary to order and direct the Payment or Distribution of any such Surplus, in any Case in which the same shall not exceed Two hundred Sicca Rupees, without any Probate, or Letters of Administration, or Confirmation of Testament, or Letters Testamentary or Dative, or Payment of any Duty of Stamps, or upon Legacies or otherwise; and it shall also be lawful for any Paymaster or other Person to issue any Sum not exceeding the Value of Two hundred Sicca Rupees, which may be due to any Officer deceased, or to the Widow or Relative of any Officer deceased, or to the Representative or Representatives of any such Officer's Widow or Relative in like Manner, without any Probate or Letters of Administration, or Confirmation of Testament, or Letters Testamentary or Dative, or Payment of any Duty of Stamps, or upon Legacies or otherwise, the same to be paid to the Person who shall be notified by the said Military Secretary 25 aforesaid as being entitled thereto; and all such Payments respectively shall be as valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been made by or to any Executor or Administrator, or under the Authority of any Probate, or Letters of Administration, or Confirmation of Testament, Letters Testamentary or Dative; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Soldiers entitled to Discharge sent Home free of Expence, &c. Marching Money.

LII. And be it further enacted, That every Soldier entitled to his Discharge under any Orders or any Regulations made by the said Company, or upon the Expiration of any Period for which he shall have engaged to serve, shall be sent to Great Britain or Ireland free of Expence, and be entitled on his Return to have and receive Marching Money from the Place of his being landed to the Parish or Place in which he shall have been originally enlisted, at the Rate and Reckoning per Diem fixed for victualling Soldiers in His Majesty's Service on the March.

How far such Persons subject to this Act.

LIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every such Soldier entitled to and claiming his Discharge, and to be sent

to Great Britain or Ireland, shall, until his Arrival and Debarkation in Great Britain or Ireland, be subject to the Provision of this Act, and the Articles of War framed or to be framed by His Majesty for the better Government of the Company's Forces.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall A Person acvoluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Deserter from knowledging any Regiment or Corps of the said Company's Forces, or who himself to be upon being apprehended for Desertion or any other Offence shall, in the Presence of the Magistrate or of the Commanding Officer of the Place, confess himself to be a Deserter Commanding Officer enlisted. of the Place, confess himself to be a Deserter from any such Regiment or Corps, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted, and to be a Soldier, and shall be liable to serve in any such Regiment or Battalion or Corps of the said Company's Forces, as the Commander of the Forces of the said Company shall think fit to appoint, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Soldier or not.

' LV. And to prevent, as far as may be, any unjust or fraudulent ' Arrests that may be made upon Soldiers, whereby the said United ' Company may be deprived of their Services,' it is hereby further enacted. That no Person who is or shall be listed, or who shall list No Soldier and enter himself in the Company's Service as a Soldier, shall be liable to Proliable to be taken out of the Company's Service, by any Process cess, except for or Execution whatever, other than for some Criminal Matter, unless for a real Debt or other just Cause of Action, and unless real Debt before the taking out of such Process or Execution (not being for amounting to a Criminal Matter) the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein, or some other 200 Sicca Person or Persons on his or their Behalf, shall make Affidavit be- Rupees. fore One or more Judge or Judges of the Court of Record, or other Court out of which such Process or Execution shall issue, or before some Person authorized to take Affidavits in such Courts, that to his or their Knowledge the original Sum justly due and owing to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs from the Defendant or Defendants, in the Action or Cause of Action on which such Process shall issue, or the original Debt for which such Execution shall be sued out, amounts to the Value of Two hundred Sicca Rupees at the least, over and above all Costs of Suit in the same Action, or in any other Action on which the same shall be granted; a Memorandum of which Oath shall be marked on the Back of such Process or Writ, for which Memorandum or Oath no Fee shall be taken; and if any Person shall nevertheless be arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for One or more Judge or Judges of such Court, upon Complaint thereof made by the Party himself, or by any of his superior Officers, to examine into the same by the Oath of the Parties or otherwise, and by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to discharge such Soldier so arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, without paying any Fee or Fees, upon due Proof made before him or them that such Soldier so arrested was legally enlisted as a Soldier in the Company's Service, and arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, and also to award to the Party so complaining such Costs as such Judge or Judges shall Costs. think reasonable, for the Recovery whereof he shall have the like Remedy that the Person who takes out the said Execution might have had for his Costs, or the Plaintiff in the like Action might

have had for the Recovery of his Costs, in case Judgment had been given for him with Costs against the Defendant in the said Action.

LVI. And to the End that honest Creditors, who aim only at the Recovery of their just Debts due to them from Persons en-' tering into and enlisting in the Company's Service, may not be ' hindered from suing for the same, but on the contrary may be ' assisted and forwarded in their Suits, and instead of an Arrest, which may at once hurt the Service and occasion great Expence and Delay to themselves, may be enabled to proceed in a more easy and cheap Method; Be it further enacted, That it may and shall be lawful to and for any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, upon Notice first given in Writing of the Cause of Action to such Person or Persons so entered, or left at his or their last Place of Residence before such Listing, to file a Common Appearance in any Action to be brought for or upon account of any Debt whatsoever, so as to entitle such Plaintiff to proceed therein to Judgment and Outlawry, and to have an Execution thereupon other than against the Body or Bodies of him or them so listed as aforesaid; this Act, or any thing herein, or any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Civil Action may file a Common Appearance.

Plaintiff in

Where Troops are serving beyond the Jurisdiction of the Courts of Requests, Actions of Debt not exceeding 400 Sicca Rupees shall be cognizable before a Military Court.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Places where the said Company's Forces now are or may be employed, or where any Body of His Majesty's Forces may be serving with the Forces of the said Company, situate beyond the Jurisdiction of the Court of Requests established at the Cities of Colcusta, Medra and Bombay respectively, Actions of Debt and all personal Actions against such Officers, Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers, Persons licensed to act as Sutlers to any Corps or Detachment or at any Station or Cantonment, or other Persons amenable to the Provisions of this Act, or resident within the Limits of a Military Cantonment, shall be cognizable before a Court of Requests conposed of Military Officers, and not elsewhere; provided the Value in question shall not exceed Four hundred Sicca Rupees, and that the Defendant was a Person of the above Description when the Cause of Action arose; which Court the Commanding Officer of any Station or Cantonment is hereby authorized and empowered to convene, and the said Court shall in all practicable Cases cossist of Five Commissioned Officers, and in no Instance of less than Three, and the President thereof shall not be under the Rank of a Captain; and every Member assisting at any such Court, before any Proceedings to be had before it, shall take the following Oath upon the Holy Evangelists; which Oath shall be administered by the President of the Court to the other Members thereof, and to the President by any Member having first taken the said Osth: (that is to say,)

swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to the Evidence, in the Matter that shall be brought before me. ' So help me GOD.'

examined on Oath.

٤.

Witnesses to be And every Witness before any such Court shall be examined on Oath, which such Courts are hereby authorized to administer, or if Natives of the East Indies, on Oath or solemn Declaration, & the Circumstances of the Case may require; and it shall be competent

petent for such Courts, upon finding any Debt or Damage due, Powers of uch either to award Execution thereof generally, or to direct that Court. the Whole or any Part thereof shall be stopped and paid over to the Creditor out of any Pay or public Money which may be coming to the Debtor in the current or any future Month; and in case the Execution shall be awarded generally, the Debt, if not paid forthwith, shall be levied by Seizure and public Sale of such of the Debtor's Goods as may be found within the Camp, Garrison or Cantonment, under a written Order of the Commanding Officer, grounded on the Judgment of the Court, and the Goods of the Debtor, if found within the Limits of the Company's Garrison or Cantonment to which the Debtor shall belong at any subsequent Time, shall be liable to be seized and sold in Satisfaction of any Remainder of such Debt or Damages; and if sufficient Goods shall not be found within the Limits of the Camp, Garrison or Cantonment, then any public Money, or any Sum not exceeding the Half Pay accruing to the Debtor, shall be stopped in Liquidation of such Debt or Damage; and if such Debtor shall not receive Pay as an Officer or Soldier, or from any public Department, but be a Sutler, Servant or Follower, he shall be arrested by like Order of the Commanding Officer, and imprisoned in some convenient Place within the Military Boundaries, for the Space of Two Months, unless the Debt be sooner paid: Provided always, that from and after the Time limited for the Commencement of this Act, so much of an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the 53 G.3. c.155. Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An \$ 106. Act for continuing in the East India Company for a further Term the Possession of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges, for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories and the better Administration of Justice within the same, and for regulating the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, as gives to Magistrates the Cognizances of Debts due from Officers or Soldiers, being British Subjects, to the Natives of India resident without the Jurisdiction of the Courts of Requests therein repealed. mentioned, shall be and the same is hereby repealed accordingly.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That from the Commence- Soldiers conment of this Act, no Soldier being arrested or confined for Debt fined for Debt in any Prison, Gaol or other Place, shall be entitled to any Part not to receive of his Pay or Allowances, from the Day of such Arrest or Con- Pay. finement until the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment to which he shall belong, or shall be

ordered to join.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That every Soldier who shall Soldiers taken be taken Prisoner by the Enemy shall forfeit all Right or Claim Prisoner Pay. to Pay and Allowance during the Period of his remaining a Prisoner, and until he shall again return to the Company's Service: Provided always, that upon the Return of every Soldier to the Proviso for Company's Service, due Inquiry shall be made as to the Conduct Return. of such Soldier in relation to his being made Prisoner, and during the Period of his so remaining a Prisoner, and before Return to Service, by some General or Regimental or Garrison or other Court martial, which shall be constituted under any Article of War made by His Majesty, for the Purpose of investigating such 3 D 4

On proving that they were unavoidably taken Prisoners may recover Arrears of Pay. C. 81.

Persons and Civil Officers employed in the Commissariat and Ordnance liable to this Act.

Troops in Places in Possession of the Company, or occupied by Persons subject to the Company, liable to the Articles of War.

Proviso for 53G.3. c.1*55.* as to Native Troops.

Native Troops subject to Articles of War of Presidency to which they belong.

Cases; and every Soldier who shall prove to the Satisfaction of the Court, by Oath of himself or others, or in such Manner as such Court shall require (and which Oath every such Court is hereby authorized to administer), that he was fairly and unavoidably taken Prisoner in the Course of Service, without any wilful Neglect of Duty on his Part, and that he hath not served with or under or in any Manner aided or assisted the Enemy, and that he hath returned as soon as possible to the Company's Service, shall be thereupon entitled to receive either the whole of any such Arrears of Pay or Allowances, or a Proportion thereof, as shall be adjudged by any such Court.

LX. And be it declared and enacted, That all Officers and Persons who are or shall be commissioned or employed in the Commissariat Department or as Storekeepers, and all Civil Officers who are or shall be employed by or act under the Ordnance, and who are or shall be placed under the Command of any General or other Officer, shall be to all Intents and Purposes liable to the Provisions of this Act, and to the same Rules and Articles of War, and the same Penalties and Punishments, as in case of the Company's other Forces.

LXI. And Whereas great Mischief and Inconvenience may ' arise if it should be doubted whether Troops in Pay raised or ' serving in any of the Possessions or Territories which are or may

' be under the Government of the said United Company, or Places ' which are or may be occupied by Persons subject to the Govern-' ment of the said Company, or by any Forces of the said Com-

pany, are, while under the Command of any Officer having a Commission immediately from the Government of any of the ' Presidencies of the said Company, liable to the Rules and Articles of War, and the same Penalties and Punishments as the Com-

pany's other Forces are subject to;' To prevent such Mischief, and remove all Doubts, be it declared and enacted, That all Officers and Soldiers of any Troops being mustered and in Pay, which have been or are or shall be raised or serving as aforesaid, shall at all Times and in all Places be liable to Martial Law and Discipline, and to the same Trials, Penalties and Punishments, in like Manner,

to all Intents and Purposes, as the Company's other Forces. LXIL Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall in any Manner impeach or affect any Matters enacted or declared respecting Officers or Soldiers being Natives of the East Indies, or other Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, contained in the said Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His late Majesty, but that all such Matters shall be of the same Force, in respect of such Native Officers and

Soldiers, as if this Act had not been made.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Portion of such Native Troops shall be serving in any Country or Place out of the Possessions or Territories which are or may be under the Government of the said United Company, whether such be the Dominions of His Majesty or elsewhere, on the Trial of all Offences committed by any Native Officer or Soldier or Follower, Reference shall be had to the Articles of War framed by the Government of the Presidency to which such Native Officer, Soldier or Follower, shall

shall belong, and to the established Usages mentioned and confirmed in the said last recited Act.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That any Person wilfully and False Swearing. knowingly giving false Testimony on Oath or solemn Declaration, in any Case wherein an Oath or solemn Declaration is required to be made by this Act, shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and being thereof duly convicted shall be liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Laws now in force any Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to; and Perjury. every Commissioned Officer convicted before a General Court martial of Perjury shall be cashiered; and every Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, or other Person amenable to the Provisions of this Act, found guilty thereof, shall be punished at the Discretion of a General or Regimental Court martial.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Action, Bill, In Action for Plaint or Suit, shall be brought against any Person or Persons, for executing Act. any Act, Matter or Thing to be acted or done in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Person or Persons sued as aforesaid to plead thereto the General Issue, that General Issue. he or they are not guilty, and to give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence on any Trial to be held thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear so to have been done, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Verdict shall pass with the said Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein become nonsuited, or suffer any Discontinuance thereof, that in every such Case the Justice or Justices, or such other Judge before whom the said Matter shall be tried, shall by force and virtue of this Act allow unto the Defendant or Defendants his or their Treble Costs, which he or they shall have sustained Treble Costs. by reason of their wrongful Vexation in Defence of the said Action or Suit, for which the said Defendant or Defendants shall have the like Remedy as in other Cases where the Costs by the Laws of the Realm are given to Defendants.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Bill, Plaint, Such Actions Action or Suit against any Person or Persons for any Act, Matter brought before or Thing to be acted or done in pursuance of this Act, or against Courts of Reany Member or Minister of a Court martial, in respect of any Sentence of such Court, or of any Thing done by virtue or in pursuance of such Sentence, shall be brought into the Court of Record at the Presidency under which such Person is serving, or in the Court of Record at Westminster. in the Courts of Record at Westminster, and in no other Court whatsoever.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall Concealing harbour, conceal or assist any Deserter from the Company's Ser- Deserters, vice, knowing him to be such, the Person so offending shall forfeit Penalty 160 for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred and sixty Sicca Rupees, and upon Conviction, by the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, the said Penalty of One hundred and sixty Sicca Rupees shall be levied by Warrant under the Hand of such Justice of the Peace, by Distress and Sale of Goods and Chattels of the Offender; one Moiety of the said Penalty to be paid to the Informer, and the other Moiety to be paid to the Government of the Presidency

under which such Offender is resident; and a Report of the

A.D. 1823

Report of Penalty to the Government.

If Penalty not paid,

Imprisonment.

Unduly receiving Arms, Clothes, &c.

Penalty 40 Sicca Rupees. Unduly receiving Grain, &c.

Penalty 40 Sicca Rupees. Penalties how levied and applied.

Penalty being adjudged shall be made to the Government by the Justice of the Peace by whom the same shall have been imposed and in case any such Offender, who shall be convicted as aforest of harbouring, concealing or assisting any such Deserter, shall to have sufficient Goods and Chattels whereon Distress may be mui to the Value of the Penalty awarded against him or her for we Offence, or shall not pay such Penalty within Four Days after sec Conviction, then and in such Case such Justice of the Peace sha and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, counit stall Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Ball of Mainprize for the Space of Six Months: Provided also, that is Person shall knowingly detain, buy or exchange, or others receive from any Soldier or Deserter, or any other Person up any Account or Pretence whatsoever, any Arms, Clothes. Capital other Furniture belonging to the said Company, or furnished a provided for the Use of any Troops or Forces serving with Forces of the said Company, or any Meat, Drink, Beer or established Provision, provided under any Regulations relating thereto, or a such Articles belonging to any Soldier or Deserter as are general deemed Regimental Necessaries, according to the Custom of Army, being provided for the Soldier and paid for by Deduction out of his Pay, or cause the Colour of any such Clothes to changed, the Person so offending shall forfeit for every such fence the Sum of Forty Sicca Rupees; and if any Person shall is or receive any Grain, Hay, Straw or other Forage, provided for " Use of any Horse or Horses belonging to the Company's State from any Trooper or other Soldier, knowing him to be sall shall move, procure, counsel, solicit or entice any Trooper or dis Soldier, knowing him to be such, to sell or otherwise dispose --such Grain, Hay, Straw or other Forage as aforesaid, the Perry offending shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of For Sicca Rupees; and upon Conviction by the Oath of One or recredible Witness or Witnesses, before any of His Majesty's Jurice of the Peace, the said respective Penalties of Forty Sico Repres and Forty Sicca Rupees, shall be levied by Warrant under the Hand of such Justice of the Peace, by Distress and Sale of Good and Chattels of the Offender; One Moiety of the said first men tioned Penalty of Forty Sicca Rupees to be paid to the Information and one Moiety of the said last mentioned Penalty of Forty Skil Rupees to be paid to the Informer, and the Residue of the respective Penalties to be paid to the Government of the Pas dency under which such Offender shall be resident; and in the any such Offender who shall be convicted as aforesaid of have knowingly received any Arms, Clothes, Caps or other Furning belonging to the Company, or any such Meat, Drink, Reer it other Provisions, or any such Articles generally deemed Rec mental Necessaries, or of having caused the Colour of such Clothes to be changed, or of having bought or received in Grain, Hay, Straw or other Forage, provided for the Use of 15. Horse or Horses belonging to the Company's Service, from and Trooper or other Soldier, knowing him to be such, or of having moved, procured, counselled, solicited or enticed any Trooper other Soldier, knowing him to be such, to sell or otherwise depose of any such Grain, Hay, Straw or other Forage as aforesaid, contrary to the Intent of this Act, shall not have sufficient Goods If Penalties and Chattels whereon Distress may be made to the Value of the not paid, Penalties recovered against him or her for such Offence, or shall not pay such Penalties upon such Conviction, or give sufficient Security for Payment thereof, within the Space of Four Days from such Conviction, then and in such Case such Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, either commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail Imprisonment. or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or cause such Offender to be publicly or privately whipped, at the Discretion of

such Justice.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persuading Persons shall, in any Part of the Territories which are or may be Soldiers to under the Government of the said Company, directly or indirectly persuade or procure any Soldier or Soldiers in the Service of the said Company to desert or leave such Service as aforesaid, every such Person or Persons so offending as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for every such Offence forfeit to the said Company, or to any other Person or Persons who shall sue for the Sicca Rupee same, the Sum of eight hundred Sicca Rupees; and if it shall If not paid, happen that any such Offender so convicted as aforesaid hath not any Goods and Chattels, Lands or Tenements, to the Value of Eight hundred Sicca Rupees, to pay and satisfy, or if, from the Circumstances and Heinousness of the Crime, it shall appear to the Court before which the said Conviction shall be made as aforesaid, that any such Forfeiture is not sufficient Punishment for such Offence, it shall be lawful for such Court to commit any such Offender to Imprisonment. Prison, there to remain for any Time not exceeding Twelve Months, without Bail or Mainprize.

Penalty 800 Sicca Rupees.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties by this Act Penalties how imposed for persuading or procuring any Soldier to desert, may recoverable. and shall be sued for and be recoverable in His Majesty's Court of Record at the Presidency under which such Offender shall be

LXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Limitation of Action shall be brought or Prosecution carried on by virtue of Actions. this Act, for the Penalties aforesaid, unless the same be commenced within Six Months after the Offence is committed.

' LXXI. And in order to prevent all Doubts that may arise in relation to punishing Crimes and Offences committed against the ' said Act, made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His ' late Majesty King George the Second, and against any of the ' Articles of War made and established by virtue of the same;' Be it further enacted, That all Crimes and Offences which have been Offences against committed against the said last mentioned Act, or against any of 27G.2. c.9. the Articles of War made and established by virtue of the same, shall and may be inquired of, heard, tried, determined, adjudged and punished, before and by the like Courts, Persons, Powers, Authorities, Ways, Means and Methods, as the like Crimes and How punished. Offences committed against this Act may be inquired of, heard, tried, determined, adjudged and punished; and every Warrant for holding any Court Martial, under the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Second, shall

Such Offences not liable to Cognizance if committed Three Years before, unless the Offender had absented himself, &c.

remain in full Force, notwithstanding the Repeal of such he and Proceedings of any Court Martial upon any Trial began uni the Authority of such former Act, shall not be discontinued the Repeal of the same; but it shall be lawful to proceed to Jul ment upon any such Trial, and to carry such Judgment it Execution, in like Manner as if the Proceedings had been on menced under the Authority of this Act: Provided always, that Person shall be liable to be tried and punished for any Office against the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of the Regar King George the Second, or this Act, or the Articles of War a or to be made by virtue of the same Acts, or either of then, will shall appear to have been committed more than Three Yembel the issuing of the Commission or Warrant for such Trial; meet Person accused, by reason of his having absented himself. some other manifest Impediment, shall not have been amen to Justice within that Period, in which Case such Person shall liable to be tried under such Commission or Warrant, to be in at any Time not exceeding Two Years after the Impediment have ceased; or unless the Conduct of the Person accused have been submitted to the Consideration of the Court of Dira by the Governor General, or Governor in Council of the dency to which such Person shall belong, in which Cae Person shall be liable to be tried under such Commission Warrant, to be issued at any Time not exceeding Five I after his Offence shall have been committed.

Regulations and Orders, though not provided for by former Acts, to be in force till this Act be published. 27 G.2. c. 9.

LXXII. And be it further enacted and declared, That all a lations and Orders made respecting the Administration of by Courts martial, or in any Manner respecting the Govern Economy or Discipline of Officers or Soldiers and Followers Army of the said United Company, although not expressly profor in the said Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year Majesty King George the Second, intituled An Act for Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Series ? United Company of Merchants of England trading to the E Indies, and for the Punishment of Offences committed in the E Indies, or at the Island of Saint Helena, and acted upon by Governments or Military Authorities at the several Presidences Fort William, Fort Saint George and Bombay, are and shall be all Intents or Purposes valid, and shall continue valid until Act shall be published and in force; and all Acts or Proceeding done or had under such Orders or Regulations are hereby rate and confirmed.

46G.S. c.92.

LXXIII. And Whereas by a certain Act passed in the Forist
Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the This
intituled An Act to amend Three Acts, made in the Thirty in
Forty first and Forty second Years of His present Majesty.
Iding to the Conveyance of Letters and Packets by the Pair
Seamen employed in His Majesty's Navy and Non-commission.

§ 7. 9.

Officers in the Army, within any Part of His Majesty's Dominion whilst actually employed in His Majesty's Service, were such rized to send and receive by the Post, on their Private Concert only, Single Letters, upon Payment of One Penny for cat Letter, under the several Restrictions in the said Act contained And Whereas it is expedient to extend the Provisions of the SI

t to Seamen in the Navy, and to Non-commissioned Officers the East Indies, and at the Island of Saint Helena, and also the Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers actually emred in the Service of the East India Company, subject to Modifications as are hereinafter contained; Be it theremacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall Seamen emhay be lawful to and for every Seaman employed in His ployed in the ky's Navy, within any Part of the East Indies, or at the Island Navy in the East Indies or int Helena, and to and for every Serjeant, Corporal, Drum-St. Helena, and Trumpeter, Fifer and Private Soldier in His Majesty's Regular Non-commissional Officers a, Militia, Fencible Regiments, Artillery or Royal Marines, sioned Officers actually employed in His Majesty's Service in the East and Privates or at the Island of Saint Helena; and also to and for every either in His Corporal, Drug Aber 11 Corporal, Property of the History of the His in the Service of the said Company, whilst actually em- Forces or in the Service of the said Company, and not otherwise, East India rive Single Letters by the Post, on his own private Concerns free from all Postage, except the Sum of One Penny for receive and lingle Letter, to be paid upon putting the same into any Post send Single in Great Britain or Ireland; provided that the several Re- Letters free ns and Restrictions contained in the hereinbefore recited from Postage. all have been complied with; and likewise to send by the Exception. n his own private Concerns alone, Single Letters, upon Payby the Party receiving the same, of the Sum of Two Pence Sea Postage of each such Letter, and of the aforesaid Sum of One Penny for the Inland Postage of each such making in the whole the Sum of Three Pence for each Letter; provided that if any such Letter shall be delivered One of His Majesty's Post Offices in Great Britain or Ireland of all Expence to His Majesty or the Revenue of the Post , such Letter shall be chargeable with the inland Postage of Penny as aforesaid, and to no other Charge; provided also, the several Regulations and Restrictions contained in the hereinbefore recited Act shall have been complied with.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall com- Commenceare and take Effect from and after the First Day of February ment of Act. thousand eight hundred and twenty four, except where any her Commencement is particularly directed; and that from and 27G.2. c.9. er such Day, all Powers and Provisions contained in the said repealed. at of the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty ng George the Second shall cease and determine, and that the Exception. d Act shall be and is hereby repealed, except so far as is hereinfore provided in that Behalf; and the whole of the said Act of 1G.3. c.14. First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the repealed.

fird shall be and is hereby repealed.

# CAP. LXXXII.

An Act to authorize for One Year, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, the temporary Removal of Convicts from the General Penitentiary.

[18th July 1823.]

56G.S. c. 6S. 59G.S. c.136.

WHEREAS by virtue of Two Acts, passed in the Fifty sixth and Fifty ninth Years of His late Majesty's Reign, divers ' Convicts are now confined in the General Penitentiary for Convicts at Millbank, in the County of Middlesex, and it may be ' expedient under present Circumstances to change the Place of ' Confinement of some of such Convicts for a Time, and after-' wards to remove the same Convicts back again to the said ' Penitentiary;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, by any Order or Orders notified in Writing by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to order the Governor of the said Penitentiary to remove any of the Convicts now confined, or who, during the Continuance of this Act, shall be confined in the said Penitentiary, to some other Place or Places of Confinement to be provided for that Purpose, and to be named in such Order or Orders, and there to keep the Convicts, so ordered to be removed, until Determination of the Periods for which they ought to be respectively confined, or until His Majesty's Pleasure shall be further signified; and that it shall and may also be lawful for His Majesty, at any Time or Times during the Continuance of this Act, by any Order or Orders notified in like Manner, to order any such Convicts to be removed back again to the said Penitentiary, there to be kept during the Residue of the Periods for which they ought to be respectively

His Majesty, by Order notified by One of the Principal Secretaries of State, may order the Governor of the Penitentiary to remove the Convicts confined there to some other Place of Confinement named in such Order.

The Place of Confinement so used shall be deemed Part of the Penitentiary.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Place of Confinement so to be provided as aforesaid shall be deemed in Law to be Part and Parcel of the said Penitentiary, during such Time so any of the said Convicts shall be therein confined, and that Confinement therein shall be attended with all the same Consequences, as well with regard to the Convicts as to the Governor and all other Persons, as if suffered within the Walls of the said Penitentiary, and that the same Pains and Penalties shall attach upon all Persons offending against any Enactments, Bye Laws, Rules, Orders or Regulations affecting Convicts confined under the Provisions of this Act, as if the same Convicts were at the Time of committing such Offences actually confined within the said Walls; provided nevertheless, that it shall and may be lawful for the superintending Committee of the said Penitentiary, with the Approbation of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to alter any of the Bye Laws, Rules, Orders or Regulations of the said Penitentiary in favour of the Convicts to be confined under the Provisions of this Act, and with the like Approbation to ap-

Power to Committee to alter Bye Laws, &c. in favour of Convicts. point a competent Number of Persons to take the Custody and Care of such Convicts in such temporary Places of Confinement.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in Continuance of force for One Year, and from thence to the End of the then next Act. Session of Parliament.

#### CAP. LXXXIII.

An Act for the better Protection of the Property of Merchants and others, who may hereafter enter into Contracts or Agreements in relation to Goods, Wares or Merchandizes intrusted to Factors or Agents. [18th July 1823.]

WHEREAS it has been found that the Law, as it now stands, relating to Goods shipped in the Names of Persons ' who are not the actual Proprietors thereof, and to the Deposit or Pledge of Goods, affords great Facility to Fraud, produces frequent Litigation, and proves, in its Effects, highly injurious to the Interests of Commerce in general; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, Persons in any Person or Persons intrusted, for the Purpose of Sale, with whose Names any Goods, Ware or Merchandize, and by whom such Goods, Shall be shipped, shall be shipped, in his, her or their own be deemed the Name or Names, or in whose Name or Names any Goods, Wares Owners, so as or Merchandize shall be shipped by any other Person or Persons, to entitle Conshall be deemed and taken to be the true Owner or Owners thereof, signees to a so far as to entitle the Consignee or Consignees of such Goods, as herein men-Wares and Merchandize to a Lien thereon, in respect of any tioned. Money or negociable Security or Securities advanced or given by such Consignee or Consignees to or for the Use of the Person or Persons in whose Name or Names such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be shipped, or in respect of any Money or negociable Security or Securities received by him, her or them to the Use of such Consignee or Consignees, in the like Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if such Person or Persons was or were the true Owner or Owners of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize; provided such Consignee or Consignees shall not have Notice, by the Bill of Lading for the Delivery of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize or otherwise, at or before the Time of any Advance of such Money or negociable Security, or of such Receipt of Money or negociable Security, in respect of which such Lien is claimed, that such Person or Persons so shipping in his, her or their own Name or Names, or in whose Name or Names any Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be shipped by any Person or Persons, is or are not the actual and bond fide Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize so shipped as aforesaid, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding: Provided also, that the Person or Persons in whose Name or Names any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize are so shipped as aforesaid, shall be taken for the Purposes of this Act to have been intrusted therewith,

unless the contrary thereof shall appear or be shewn in Evidence by any Person disputing such Fact.

Any Person may take Goods or Bill of Lading in Deposit from Consignee; but shall not acquire any further Right than Consignee possessed.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate. to accept and take any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or the Bill or Bills of Lading for the Delivery thereof, in Deposit or Pledge, from any Consignee or Consignees thereof; but then and in that Case such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall acquire no further or other Right, Title or Interest, in or upon or to the said Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or any Bill of Lading for the Delivery thereof, than was possessed, or could or might have been enforced by the said Consignee or Consignees at the Time of such Deposit or Pledge as a Security as aforesaid; but such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall and may acquire, possess and enforce such Right, Title or Interest, as was possessed, and might have been enforced, by such Consignee or Consignees, at the Time of such Deposit or Pledge as aforesaid; any Rule of Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Right of Owner to follow his Goods while in the Hands of his Agent, or of his Assignees in case of Bank-ruptcy, or to recover them from Assignees, &c. upon paying his Advances secured upon them, &c.

III. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be deemed, construed or taken to deprive or prevent the true Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, from demanding and recovering the same from his, her or their Factor or Factors, Agent or Agents, before the same shall have been so deposited or pledged, or from the Assignee or Assignees of such Factor or Factors, Agent or Agents, in the Event of his, her or their Bankruptcy; nor to prevent any such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, from demanding or recovering of and from any Person or Persons, or of or from the Assignees of any Person or Persons in case of his or her Bankruptcy, or of or from any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, so consigned, deposited or pledged, upon Repayment of the Money, or on Restoration of the negociable Security or Securities, or on Payment of a Sum of Money equal to the Amount of such Security or Securities, for which Money or negociable Security or Securities such Person or Persons, his, her or their Assignee or Assignees, or such Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, may be entitled to any Lien upon such Goods, Wares or Merchandize; nor to prevent the said Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, from recovering of and from such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, any Balance or Sum of Money remaining in his, her or their Hands, as the Produce of the Sale of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, after deducting thereout the Amount of the Money or negociable Security or Securities so advanced or given upon the Security thereof as aforesaid: Provided always, that in case of the Bankruptcy of such Factor or Agent, the Owner of the Goods so pledged and redeemed as aforesaid shall be held to have discharged pro tanto the Debt due by him to the Bankrupt's Estate.

Proviso as to Bankruptcy of Factor.

#### CAP. LXXXIV.

An Act to repeal the Laws for regulating Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to Foreign Parts, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof.

[18th July 1823.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Regulations established by various Acts for carrying Passengers from the United ' Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to Foreign Parts should ' be repealed, and other Regulations substituted;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August 48 G.S. c. 56. One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for regulating Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Settlements abroad, or to Foreign Parts, with respect to the Number of such Passengers; and also an Act passed in the Fifty third Year 53 G.3. c. 36. of the Reign of His said late Majesty for amending the said Act of the said Forty third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign; and 56 G.s. c.ss. also an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for regulating the carrying of Passengers to and from the Island of Newfoundland and Coast of Labrador; and also an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign 56G.s. c.114. of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to regulate the Conveyance of Passengers from the United Kingdom to the United States of America in British Vessels; and also an Act passed in the Fifty 57 G.s. c. 10. seventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An severally re-Act to regulate the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United pealed. Kingdom to certain of His Majesty's Colonies in North America,

shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day Foreign Vessel of August One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, no Foreign sailing out of Ship or Vessel carrying any Passenger or Passengers shall sail from Europe, &c. any Port or Place in the United Kingdom, to or for any Port or Place out of Europe, and not being within the Streights of Gibraltar, with more Persons on board including the Moster and County the Mercin menwith more Persons on board, including the Master and Crew, than tioned, without One (whether Children or Adults) for every Five Tons Burthen of Permission. such Ship or Vessel, (unless special Permission shall be given for that Purpose by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or any Three or more of them, under such Regulations and Conditions as may appear to them expedient,) under Penalty of Fifty Penalty. Pounds for every Person exceeding such Proportion, to be paid by the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or

Command of such Ship or Vessel.

III. And he it further enacted, That no British Ship or Vessel British Vessels carrying any Passenger or Passengers shall sail from any Port or Place out of Place in the United Kingdom, to or for any Port or Place out of Europe, and not being within the Streights of Gibraltar, with more Persons on board, including the Master and Crew, than One (whether Children or Adults) for every Five Tons of her Burthen, out a Licence without a Licence under the Hands and Seals of the Commissioners.

4 GEO. IV.

A.D. 1823.

Penalty.

Restriction as to Licence.

C. 84.

sioners of His Majesty's Customs, under the Penalty of Fifty Pouds for every Person exceeding such Proportion, to be paid by the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel: Provided always, that no such Licence shall be granted for any Ship or Vessel to carry any greater Number of Persons, including the Master and Crew, than in the Proportion of One Adult Person (or of Two Children under Fourier Years of Age, or of Three Children under Seven Years of Age for every Two Tons of the Burthen of such Ship or Vessel: Provided also, that no such Licence shall be granted for any Sup or Vessel which shall not have Two Decks (a), nor unless the Hegit between such Decks shall be Five Feet Six Inches at least.

Number of Persons permitted to be taken on board of Vessels laden with Goods for Exportation.

(a) [See Sect. 5. post.]

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any British or Foreign Ship or Vessel, laden with Good and Merchandize for Exportation, which shall sail from any Pc or Place in the United Kingdom to or for any Port or Place of Europe, and not being within the Streights of Gibraltar. to receive or take on board a greater Number of Persons, including the Master and Crew, than in the Proportion of One Adult Person of Two Children under Fourteen Years of Age, or of Three Chil dren under Seven Years of Age, for every Two Tons of state Merchant Ship or Vessel remaining unladen with Goods and Michandize, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds, to be paid by Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Communication of such Ship or Vessel.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every integral

Penalty 50l.

Apportionment of Space for Passengers.

Space below the Deck of every Ship or Vessel which shall have but One Deck (b), or between the Decks of any Ship or Vive having more Decks than One, such Space being unoccupied s.1 Goods or Merchandize, or with Stores, Provisions, Water or Bi: gage, and being Six Feet in Length, Two Feet Six Inches of Breadth, and being of the whole of the Height between Decks. or being Five Feet Six Inches in Height if there be only On. Deck, shall be deemed to be and shall be equivalent to Two Total of such Ship or Vessel remaining unladen; and that in every such Ship or Vessel, whether laden with Goods or Merchandize for Evportation or not, One such integral Space shall be separately apportioned as the Room or Birth for every adult Passenger, or ir every Two Children under Fourteen Years of Age, or for Ten: Children under Seven Years of Age respectively: Provided ways, that if One Bed be placed over another, so that each sleet ing Place shall not have the whole Height between Decks, or the full Height of Five Feet Six Inches if there be only One Deck such further adjoining Space in Width, and not being less the Five Feet Six Inches in Height, shall be given, as shall make the whole equal to Two such Spaces, or Four Tons to every Two (b) [See Sect. 3. ante.]

Proviso.

Tonnage deemed to be according to Registry.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every British Ship or Vessel shall be deemed and taken to be of such Tonnage or Burthen as is described and set forth in the respective Certificate of the Registry of each and every such Ship or Vessel, granted in pursuance of the several Acts now in force, or hereafter to be made

in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, relating to such Certificates; and the Tonnage of every Foreign Vessel or Vessels shall be ascertained by Admeasurement, in the Mode and Manner prescribed and directed by any Act now in force, or hereafter to be made, respecting the Admeasurement of British Ships or Vessels

for the Purpose of being registered.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Per- List of Persons son having or taking the Charge or Command of such British Ship or Vessel, having more Persons on board, including the Master Collector of the and Crew, than One for every Five Tons of the Burthen of such Customs. Ship or Vessel, previously to his leaving the Port from whence he shall be bound, shall and he is hereby required to deliver to the Collector and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs at such Port, a List containing the full Number of the Crew, and also the Number of the Passengers, with their Names, Ages and Descriptions, and the Places to which they are to be respectively conveyed, for the Purpose of being registered at such Port.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no British Ship or Vessel Bond to be shall be cleared out, unless the Owner or Owners, or the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command thereof, shall have given Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with Two sufficient Sureties, such Bond to be without Stamp, and &c. to be taken by and left in the Hands of the Collector or Comptroller, or other proper Officer of the Customs, in the Port or Place from whence such Ship or Vessel shall be cleared out, in an Amount equal to the Sum of Twenty Pounds for each Passenger on board such Ship or Vessel, with Condition that such Ship or Vessel is seaworthy, and properly stored with Water and Provisions, and having a Surgeon, with a Medicine Chest properly stored with Medicines, as therein provided; and that every such Passenger if alive shall be landed at the Port or Ports to which such Passenger shall have contracted to be conveyed, unless landed elsewhere at his own Desire.

given that the Vessel is seaworthy, and

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Passenger shall be re- Passengers only ceived on board of any British Ship or Vessel, unless at a Port to be taken on board of any British Ship or Vessel, unless at a Port to be taken on board at a Cur where a Custom House is or shall be established, and a Collector board at a Cusand Comptroller of the Customs stationed, unless special Permission Pert. for that Purpose be first had and obtained from the Commissioners of Customs, or any Three or more of them; and if any Passenger or Passengers shall be taken on board any such Ship or Vessel at any other Place, unless with Permission as aforesaid, the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds for Penalty. every Passenger so taken on board at any other Place.

tom House

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Master or other Per- Masters taking son having or taking the Charge or Command of any British Ship more Passenor Vessel shall take on board, or if he, or the Owner or Owners gers than allowed. of any such Ship or Vessel, shall engage to take on board any Person or Persons exceeding the Number mentioned and specified in the Licence hereinbefore directed to be granted, such Master or other Person, or Owner or Owners as aforesaid, shall severally for-

feit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds for each and every Person so Penalty. 3 E 2

taken or engaged to be taken beyond the Persons specified in such Licence.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every such British Ship or

Allowance of Provisions.

Vessel shall be provided at the time of her Departure (to commerce the Voyage), with such a Supply of good and wholesome Water as will afford an Allowance of Five Pints of Water daily during the Voyage for every Person (including the Master and Crew), where Supply of Water shall be stowed below the lower Deck; and each such Ship or Vessel shall also be provided with such a Supply of Provisions as will afford an Allowance for every Person (including the Master and Crew) during the Voyage, of One Pound Weight of Bread or Biscuit, and One Pound Weight of Beef, or Through the Court of a Pound Weight of Pork, daily, and also Two Pound

Commencement thereof.

Master failing to give the Allowance.

Penalty 101.

Passengers may be relanded on Application to the Collector, &c.

Master relanding Provisions.

Penalty 5001. Provisions of any Passenger relinquishing the Voyage may be relanded.

Bedding to be aired, and

takes her Departure from the Port or Place at which such So or Vessel shall be cleared outwards.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Proposes on having or taking the Charge or Command of such British So or Vessel, failing to give out the Allowance of Provisions E Water hereinbefore specified, if required to do so, shall forfeit the

Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful Money for each and every to

Weight of Flour, and Three Pounds Weight of Oatmeal, or of Pear or of Pearl Barley, and Half a Pound Weight of Butter, weeking the said Allowance to commence on the Day the Ship or Version

Neglect and Omission.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Passenger who has entered into any Contract or Agreement for any Voyage shall signify to the Collector or Comptroller, or other proper Officer of the Customs, or to any Justice of the Praction of the Magistrate in the United Kingdom, that he or she is desired of being relanded, and of not proceeding on any such Voyage, shall and may be lawful to and for such Collector or Comptrol or other proper Officer of the Customs, or for such Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate, and they are hereby empowered at required to take such Passenger, together with his Baggage. Our of the Ship or Vessel, and to set such Passenger free from his other Engagement, reserving to either Party any legal Chain which may arise in consequence thereof.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if after any such Brite Ship or Vessel shall have been cleared out, any Master or attraction of the Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any such Strong or Vessel shall unship or reland, or permit or suffer to be unship or relanded, any Water or Provisions, such Master or other Personal forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Passent

or Passengers who may be desirous not to proceed on such Volk? shall be relanded, and shall not proceed in the Manner here before directed, then it shall and may be lawful for such Master of the Person aforesaid to unship or reland, under the Impective of the proper Officers of the Customs, at the Port where such Passenger shall be relanded, a Quantity of Water and Provisions, not exceeding the Proportion sufficient for the Allowance of such Passenger or Passengers so relanded.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Bedding of each and every Passenger on board any such British Ship or Vessel shall be aired

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aired by Exposure upon the Deck, when the Weather will permit, Vessel fumidaily during the Voyage; and such Ship or Vessel shall be fumi-gated with Vinegar at least Twice in every Week during the Voyage; and every such Master or other Person having or taking such Charge or Command shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Penalty 201. Pounds for each Failure or Neglect in airing the said Bedding, or

in fumigating the Ship or Vessel.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no such British Ship British Vessel or Vessel carrying Fifty Persons or upwards, whether Children or carrying 50 Adults, including the Master and Crew, shall be cleared out at any be cleared out Port of the United Kingdom, unless such Ship or Vessel shall be provided with a Surgeon, who is to continue during the whole of the Voyage, and who shall produce to the Officer of the Customs, at the Port of the United Kingdom where the Ship or Vessel shall be cleared, a Certificate of his having passed his Examination at Surgeons' Hall in London, or at the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh or Dublin, or before the Medical Faculty of the University of Glasgow.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Surgeon Surgeon to be shall have a Medicine Chest, properly stored with Medicines, in provided with a proportion to the Number of Persons on board of such Ship or Vessel, of the Kind and according to the Assortment generally with Medicines. used and made for such Voyages on board of His Majesty's Ships of War; and before any such Ship or Vessel shall be allowed to be cleared out, every such Surgeon shall specify, upon Oath, before the Collector or Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Customs, at the Port from whence such Ship or Vessel is to be cleared out, the Contents of such Medicine Chest; and shall further make Oath, that the Medicines are of good and proper Quality, and of the Assortment generally used and made for such Voyages on board of His Majesty's Ships of War, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief; which Oath such Collector, Comptroller or other Chief Officer of Customs, is hereby required and empowered to administer; and the Affidavit of every such Surgeon shall be deposited and preserved in the Custom House where the Clearance of such Ship or Vessel shall be granted; and the Owner or Master Master not proof every such Ship or Vessel failing to provide a Surgeon so quali- viding a Surfied, and a Medicine Chest properly stored as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Person on board, including the Master and Crew.

' XIX. And Whereas it is expedient that some certain Mark should be placed on certain British Ships or Vessels carrying • Passengers, that they may at all Times be known at Sea by • His Majesty's Ships and Vessels of War, or Revenue; Be it enacted, That the Letter P. shall be painted in White, at least Vessel to be Three Feet in Length, and in proportionate Inches in Width, on the Quarters of every British Ship or Vessel carrying Passengers, and having more Persons on board (whether Children or Adults), including the Market or Athan Party Inches of Children or Adults), including the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge Carrying more

or Command of such Ship or Vessel, and the Crew, than One for than the allowed every Five Tons Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, under the Number. Penalty of the Forfeiture of One hundred Pounds, by the Master Penalty 1001. or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of

such Ship or Vessel.

Medicine Chest with Medicines.

geon, &c.

· C. 84.

Printed Copy of the Act to be provided and kept on board. Penalty 201.

XX. And be it further enacted, That a printed Copy of this Act shall be provided and kept on board during the whole of the Voyage, by the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of every such British Ship or Vessel, und the Penalty of Twenty Pounds; and such Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of every such Ship Vessel is hereby required to produce such printed Copy to a Passenger for his Inspection at reasonable Hours.

Officers of the Navy, Consuls, &c. may inquire into the Execution of the Act.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all Captains and Of cers commanding His Majesty's Ships of War or Revenue Ve sels, who shall meet any such British Ships or Vessels at S. and the Collectors and Comptrollers of His Majesty's Customs any Port in the United Kingdom, or in the British Plantations . Settlements, and the Governors and Lieutenant Governors. Naval Officers at any such Plantation and Settlement, and I Majesty's Consuls at any Foreign Port, shall and may and the are hereby empowered and required to call upon the Master other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, to produce the printed Copy of this A

required to be kept on board, and the Licence granted by Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, for the Purpose of i spection and Examination, and to ascertain whether the Regul tions of this Act have been duly complied with; and in cax!

to produce the Act and Licence. Penalty 2001.

Master refusing

Proviso for King's Ships,

&c.

How far Act to extend to Foreign Ships of States in Amity.

Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Courts of any such Ship or Vessel shall refuse or fail to produce the Copy and Licence, he shall forfeit the Sum of Two hund-Pounds. XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing nothing to the control of Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend

to Ships or Vessels in the Service of His Majesty, or of Ha M jesty's Postmaster General, or of the East India Company.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That during the Company. of any Convention of Commerce and Navigation between His M. jesty and any Foreign State, whereby the Privileges of British Ships or Vessels shall be conceded to the Ships or Vessels of suc Foreign State, so much of this Act as relates to Britis Supe Vessels shall extend and be construed to extend to Ships or Ve

sels belonging to such States, during the Existence of such (co

vention, and carrying more Passengers than other Foreign or Vessels are by this Act permitted to carry.

Conveyance of Fishermen, &c. to Newfoundland, &c.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted. It nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to t tend to the Conveyance of any Persons on board of any sai Ship or Vessel, whether Fishermen, Youngsters or others, better hired Servants, employed on the Establishment of their respects Masters or Hirers, in the Prosecution of the Fisheries carried from Newfoundland or Labrador.

Recovery and Application of of Penalties.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money Penalties and Forfeitures in this Act mentioned and consumed shall be calculated and paid and payable within Great Brian and Ireland, in lawful Money of Great Britain; and that any Penalty or Forfeiture inflicted by this Act may be prosecuted such for and recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information. any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster of Deb or in the Court of Exchequer or in the Court of Session in Scotland, in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General for England or Ireland, or His Majesty's Advocate for Scotland respectively, or in the Name of any Person or Persons whatsoever, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed; and that a Capias in the first Pro- Capias. cess, specifying the Sum of the Penalty sued for by any such Action, Bill, Plaint or Information, against any Person or Persons, shall and may issue against such Person or Persons, and such Person or Persons shall be obliged to give sufficient Bail or Security, by natural born Subjects or Denizens, to the Person or Persons to whom such Capias shall be directed, to appear in the Court out of which such Capias shall issue, at the Day of the Return of such Writ, to answer such Writ and Prosecution, and shall likewise at the Time of such appearing give sufficient Bail or Security by Security. such Persons as aforesaid, in the said Court, to answer and pay all the Forfeitures and Penalties incurred by such Person or Persons for such Offence or Offences, in case he or they shall be convicted thereof, or to yield his or their Body or Bodies to Prison, in like Manner as is prescribed respecting Capias issuing in the first Process by an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George 8 G.1. c.18. the First, intituled An Act to prevent the clandestine Running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby, and to prevent Ships breaking their Quarantine, and to subject Copper Ore of the British Plantations to such Regulations as other enumerated Commodities of the like Production are subject; and by an Act passed in the Ninth 9 G.2. c. 55. Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled An Act for indemnifying Persons who have been guilty of Offences against the Laws made for securing the Revenues of Customs and Excise, and for enforcing those Laws for the future; and Double Costs. in every Action or Suit the Person against whom Judgment shall be given for any Penalty or Forfeiture under this Act shall pay Double Costs of Suit; and every such Action or Suit shall and Limitation of may be brought at any Time within Three Years after the Offence Action. committed, and not afterwards; and One Moiety of every Penalty to be recovered by virtue of this Act shall go and be applied to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of such Person or Persons as shall first sue for the same, after deducting Charges of Prosecution from the whole.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit Limitation of

shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and General Issue. give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be so done, then and in every such Case the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or discontinue his, her or their Action, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Double Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any De- Double Costs.

fendant

fendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in any other Cases by Law.

## CAP. LXXXV.

An Act for empowering Commissioners to be appointed by His Majesty, to enquire into the Forms of Process in the Courts of Law in Scotland, and the Course of Appeals fred the Court of Sessions to the House of Lords.

[18th July 1823.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that due and proper information ation should be obtained concerning the Forms of Precedent in the Courts of Law in Scotland, and the Course of Appea from the Court of Session to the House of Lords, to the lad that salutary Regulations should be made and established in: ' spect thereof, and that for such Purpose Commissioners should be appointed, with Powers to enquire into such Forms of Proce ' and such Course of Appeals:' Be it therefore enacted by t King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Co sent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in the present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the sar That it shall be lawful, and full Power is hereby given to sa Persons as shall be for that Purpose named and appointed by Majesty, by Letters Patent or any Instrument in Writing under Royal Sign Manual, or any Three of them, to meet at and use such Place and Day as in such Letters Patent or Instrum shall be for that Purpose named, or at and upon such Time and Day as they, or any Three of them giving Notice to the other of them, shall appoint, and so thereafter as they or those present from time to time at Meetings shall appoint, and to make all such Enquiries as they shall be directed by His Majesty, in Institute tions annexed to the said Letters Patent, or Instrument under the Royal Sign Manual, into the Forms of Process in the Court of Session and the Course of Appeals from thence to the House at Lords, and to report whether the present Forms of Process in that Court might be improved, by simplifying and shortening the Forms of Pleading and Proceeding, by rendering the Allegations in the Summons and Defence more precise and complete. by separating Matters of Fact from Matters of Law, by commission the Proofs to the Facts alleged in the Summons and Defence. and to such Facts only; by conducting more of the Pleadings vird rock. and extending the Application of the Trial by Jury; and also w enquire and report whether it may be expedient to render the Judgment of the Court of Session in any Cases final; and whether any intermediate Appeal may be usefully established in Scotland. otherwise than by the present Mode of reclaiming Petition to the same Division of the Court wherein the Judgment has been had. and how the Court of Session may be modified for that Purpose. as well as touching the present practice of the Court of Session in granting interim Execution of Judgment in Cases in which Appeals have taken place; and whether it would be expedient to abridge the Time now allowed by the Standing Orders of the House of Lords for bringing Appeals before it; and how far the

Commissioners to be appointed to enquire into the Forms of Process in the Court of Session, and the Course of Appeal to the House of Lords.

printed Papers of the Parties in the Court of Session may be usefully substituted for the printed Appeal Cases now in use to be lodged in the Parliament Office; and whether Jurisdiction in Matters of Prize should exist in any other Court than the High Court of Admiralty in England; and also respecting such other Matters connected with the Enquiry hereinbefore directed as they may be instructed by His Majesty, by any Writing under His Royal Sign Manual, from time to time to enquire into and report upon, or as may appear to the said Persons to be necessary or useful for the Objects and Purposes thereof; and to set down in Writing such Alterations or Amendments as shall appear to them to be most reasonable and best calculated for the due Administration of Justice in the said Courts, and generally what shall appear to them material to be reported touching all and every of the Matters aforesaid, with their Opinion upon all and each of the Matters aforesaid, together with the Evidence or Information which they may in the course of their Enquiry receive; and the said Persons shall and they are hereby required to report the whole of their Proceedings to His Majesty, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, and which Report, when made, it is hereby provided shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners Persons so to be named and appointed by His Majesty's Commis- may examine sioners for executing this Act, or any Three of them, and they are hereby empowered and authorized to send for such Persons, Papers and Records as they may think fit, and to examine upon / Oath, if the same shall appear to them to be necessary, (which Oath they or any Three of them are hereby authorized to administer,) such Persons as they may think fit to examine, touching any of the Matters aforesaid directed by this Act to be enquired into-

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person summoned Persons refusby the said Persons so to be named and appointed by His Majesty ing to attend may be commissioners for executing this Act, or any Three of them, by a mitted. Notice signed by them or any Three of them, shall neglect or refuse to appear pursuant to and in obedience to such Summons, or shall refuse to be sworn, or shall refuse to answer to and before the said Commissioners or any Three of them, any Question on Oath or otherwise touching or concerning any of the Matters into which the said Commissioners or any Three of them are hereby directed to enquire, then and in any such Case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Three of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make and issue their Warrant or Warrants, signed by them or any Three of them, for taking or apprehending any such Person or Persons, and committing him or them to such Prison as the said Commissioners or any Three of them shall think fit, until he or they shall submit to be examined touching and concerning the said Matters in respect whereof the said Commissioners or any Three of them are hereby directed to enquire.

### CAP. LXXXVI.

An Act to amend the Laws for collecting Church Rates, and Money advanced by the Trustees and Commissioners of the First Fruits of Ecclesiastical Benefices, and for the Improvement of Church Lands, in *Ireland*.

[18th July 1823.]

54G.3. c.68.

. \$ 7.

THEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for the better Regulation of Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland, and for the more easy Recovery of Church Rates and Tithes, it is amongst other Things enacted, that if any one duly rated to a Church Rate or Parish Cess, the Validity whereof has not been questioned in any Ecclesiastical Court, shall refuse or neglect to pay the same Sum at which he is so rated, it shall be lawful for any one Justice of the Peace of the County, County of a City or Town Corporate, where the Church is situated in respect whereof such Rate or Parish Cess shall have been made, ' upon Complaint of any Churchwarden or Churchwardens who ought to receive and collect the same, to examine into the Merits of such Complaint, and to make order for Payment of what is due and payable in respect of such Rate or Cess, and to levy the same in such Manner as in the said recited Act is mentioned and directed; and it is by the said Act provided, that if the Validity of such Rate or Cess, or the Liability of the Person from whom it is demanded to pay the same, be disputed, and the Party disputing give Notice thereof to the Justices, the Justices shall forbear giving Judgment thereupon: And Whereas the said Proviso has been found in a great Measure to defeat ' the Intent and Purpose of the said recited Act, so far as relates ' to such Church Rates or Cesses;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said hereinbefore recited Proviso in the said recited Act

repealed. Where Validity of Rate is disputed in any **Ecclesiastical** Court, on Notice thereof as herein mentioned to Jus. tices, or on Plea in Writing, verified on Oath, that the Party is not liable, Justices shall forbear to give Judgment on Complaint for Nonpayment of the Rate.

shall be and the same is hereby repealed. II. And be it further enacted, That if the Validity of any such Church Rate or Cess as aforesaid be disputed in any Ecclesiastical Court, before any such Complaint as aforesaid, for the Recovery of such Rate or Cess, shall have been made to any Justice or Justices, and such Justice or Justices shall have received Notice in Writing of the Proceedings in such Ecclesiastical Court, together with a true Copy of such Proceedings, or of any Sentence in such Ecclesiastical Court, before such Justice or Justices shall have made and published any Order for Payment of what shall appear to be due and payable in respect of such Rate or Cess, and which Order it shall not be lawful for any such Justice or Justices to make and publish until after the End and Expiration of Eight Days next after Notice of such Complaint given to the Person or Persons complained against, unless with the Consent of such Person or Persons, or if at any Time before such Order shall be made, it shall be insisted on and signified in Writing

signed by or on Behalf of the Person or Persons complained against, that such Person or Persons, at the Time or Times of applotting such Rate or Cess, was not or were not Owner or Owners, or Occupier or Occupiers of the House or Houses, or Lands or Tenements, in respect whereof such Person or Persons is or are or shall be sought to be charged with such Rate or Cess, or that such House or Houses, Lands or Tenements, is not or are not situate within the Parish or Union, or alleged Parish or Union, to which such Complaint shall relate, and the Truth of any such written Plea or Defence shall be verified by Affidavit made and sworn before any Justice of the Peace, and delivered to the Justice or Justices before whom such Complaint shall have been or shall be made, together with such Matter, Plea or Defence, then and in every such Case such Justice or Justices shall forbear to give Judgment on any such Complaint: Provided always that nothing herein, or in the said recited Act contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or interfere with the Jurisdiction of Ecclesiastical Courts, touching any Church Rate or Parish Cess, or any Proceedings to enforce the same.

' III. And Whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ire- Recital of e land in the Third Year of the Reign of King George the Second, 3G.2.(I.) c.11. intituled An Act for the better keeping Churches in Repair, it is amongst other Things enacted, that all and every Parish Cess or give Notice of Tax that shall be made, raised or agreed upon at any Vestry Applotments of held for any Parish for the Rangin of the Bacilla Church held for any Parish for the Repair of the Parish Church or Rates for Chapel, or other necessary Charges belonging to such Church or Repair of Chapel, shall be applotted upon the respective Inhabitants of Churches, after Divine Service. such Parish, in Manner in the said Act mentioned, which Applotment when made shall be returned to the Minister of the Parish, who the First Sunday after he hath received the same shall, after Divine Service in the Morning, give public Notice thereof, as also of a Vestry to be held in Ten Days after such Notice, in order to have the said Applotment examined into: And Whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to facilitate the building and rebuilding of Extended to Churches and Chapels, it is enacted, that all Parishes and Unions Cases of buildmay be cessed for the building and rebuilding of Churches ing Churches, and Chapels, in like Manner in all respects as they may for by 40G.3. • repairing Churches and Chapels: And Whereas in Cases where such Parochial Assessments have been made for rebuilding and building of Churches and Chapels, it has been often found impracticable to give such public Notice after Divine Service of
the Applotment and of a Vestry, as is required by the Provisions of the said recited Acts; Be it therefore enacted, That Where there is in all Cases where Notice is by Law required to be given at or not any Church after Divine Service, of a Vestry to be held for the laying on or in which Notice raising or applotting or confirming the Applotment of any Rate,

Assessment or Cess, for or towards the repairing, building or Service, such rebuilding of any Church or Chapel in any Parish or Union, Notice may be and it shall happen that there is not any Church or Chapel within posted at the such Parish or Union, or any Church or Chapel fit for the Cele-bration of Divine Service, the posting up of a Notice of such given to Three Vestry, by Direction of the Minister or Curate of such Parish or Inhabitants of Union, the Parish,

Union, on some conspicuous public Place in the Market Town nearest to the Site of or for the Church or Chapel in respect of the repairing, building or rebuilding whereof any such Assessment. Rate or Applotment shall be made, or proposed to be made, and delivering Three true Copies thereof to Three Householders of the said Parish or Union respectively, shall be deemed sufficient Notice of every such Vestry; any thing in the said recited Acts or either of them contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

3G.2. c.11. (L)

' IV. And Whereas by the said recited Act, made in the Par-' liament of Ireland in the Third Year of King George the Second. intituled An Act for the better keeping Churches in Repair. it a samongst other things enacted, that wherever any Archieniscoul. or Episcopal Union of contiguous Parishes, under one lacuabent or Curate, as in the said Act is mentioned, shall be wake by any Archbishop or Bishop within his respective Dioce-e. the Inhabitants or Occupiers of Land within each and every · of such united Parishes respectively shall be obliged to contibute towards the Repair of the Church or Chapel appointed a to be appointed for Public Worship within the said united ' Parishes, and to the providing all necessary Charges belong to such Church or Chapel, as if such united Parishes were the entire Parish, and the Church so appointed were the Pard Church of the same; and by the said Act, after reciting that several Parishes are united by Charters granted by the Crova in some of which there are but very few Protestants inhabiting

and in others none at all, and the Parish Churches thereof quize ruined or in very great Decay, it is enacted, that until such ruined or decayed Churches are rebuilt or repaired, that Parishioners thereof shall be obliged to contribute to the keep-

§ 6. recited.

ing in Repair the Church to which such Parishes are united, and to the providing all necessary Charges belonging thereto. like Manner and subject to such Regulations as are by the said Act appointed for the repairing of the Churches united by Archiepiscopal or Episcopal Union: And Whereas by certain Acts of Parliament made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in the Forty eighth and Forty ninth Years respectively of the Reign of His late Majesty king George the Third, for making Provision for the building and rebuilding of Churches, Chapels and Glebe Houses in Irdand, the Trustees and Commissioners of the First Fruits of Ecclesiasical Benefices in Ireland are authorized and empowered to grant by way of Loan, Sums of Money, Interest free, to be applied for the building and rebuilding of Churches and Chapels, to be repaid to them by certain Instalments, after the Rate of St Pounds for and on every Hundred Pounds so lent and advanced. until the respective Loans shall be repaid and discharged, such Instalments to be annually assessed and applotted as therein mentioned: And Whereas various Loans have been accordingly made by the said Trustees and Commissioners for the building and rebuilding of Churches and Chapels, and further Loans are " likely to be granted for the same Purposes, and also for the repairing of Churches and Chapels, in pursuance of the further Powers hereby granted; and it has happened and may hereafter

happen, that Parishes having no Churches, or no Churches fit

And that Loans 4 had been grant- 4 ed under 4 48G.3. 65. 49G.3. c.103. for building Churches in 5 come of the Parishes so united.

And that further Loans may be required for building or repairing Churches. ' for the Celebration of Divine Service, have been and may be so united to Parishes having Churches or Chapels fit for the Celebration of Divine Service, for or in respect of the building or rebuilding or repairing whereof certain annual Instalments are and may by Law be payable to the said Trustees and Commissioners of the First Fruits, and it is just and proper that such of the Parishes of the said Unions as have not any Church or Chapel, or any Church or Chapel fit for the Celebration of Divine Service, should contribute to the Payment of the annual ' Instalments of the Loans granted and to be granted for the building and rebuilding and repairing of the Churches or Chapels of the Parishes to which they are or may be so united, whilst they continue so united;' Be it therefore enacted, That the Any Parish in Parishioners of any Parish or Parishes in any such Union in which there shall not be any Church or Chapel, or any Church or Chapel Church of its fit for the Celebration of Divine Service, shall from time to time, own, shall conso long as there shall not be any Church or Chapel fit for the Cele- tribute to Paybration of Divine Service in such Parish, but no longer, contribute to the Payment of all annual Instalments payable to the said Trustees and Commissioners of the First Fruits of Ecclesiastical Benefices in Ireland, which are or shall become due and payable on and in respect of any Loans for or towards building or rebuilding or repairing any Church appointed or to be appointed to be as aforesaid the Church of such Union, as if the said united Parishes were One entire Parish, and the Church so built or rebuilt or repaired were the Parish Church of the same.

'V. And Whereas several Parishes in Ireland having no Churches or Chapels, or none fit for the Celebration of Divine Service, are not or cannot, as the Law now stands, be episcopally or by Charter united with other Parishes, though contiguous and having Churches fit for the Celebration of Divine Service; and it is expedient and proper that the Inhabitants of such Parishes, onot provided with Churches or Chapels fit for Divine Service, should have and enjoy the Use and Benefit of the Churches convenient to the Districts wherein they reside, and that in consideration of such Use and Enjoyment they should contribute to the Support and Maintenance of such Churches; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Where any Archbishops and Bishops in Ireland, within their respective Dioceses, to order and direct, by any Instrument under their Archiepiscopal or Episcopal Seals, that the Inhabitants of any Parish united to any or Parishes within their respective Dioceses, not having a Church other Parish, or Chapel fit for the Celebration of Divine Service, or that the In- the Archbishop habitants of any District or Portion of any such Parish shall and or Bishop may may use and resort to the Church of any adjoining Parish fit for make an Order for the Parish Divine Service, in such Instrument mentioned; and that thereupon ioners to use and from thenceforth, until the Inhabitants of the said Parish or the Church of Parishes, or Districts or Portions of Parishes, so unprovided with any adjoining Churches or Chapels fit for Divine Service as aforesaid, shall build Parish, and up or sufficiently repair their Parish Church or Chapel, or until such Parish ioners shall the Archbishop or Bishop shall revoke such Order, which it shall contribute to be lawful for him or them to do at any Time by Writing under his the Mainte-or their Archiepiscopal or Episcopal Seal, such Inhabitants may nance of such lawfully use and resort to such Church of such adjoining Parish as Church.

which has not a ment of such Loans for any the Union.

Parish not hav-

C. 86.

shall be mentioned in such Instrument; and all the Inhabitant of all or any such Parishes or Parish, or District or Portion of Parish as aforesaid, shall contribute and shall be assessed and rate towards the Repairs of the Church of such adjoining Parish, an for the providing all necessary Charges belonging to the same, artowards the Payment of all annual Instalments thereafter to be due and payable to the Trustees and Commissioners of the Firstruits of Ecclesiastical Benefices in Ireland, on or of any Lour or Loans for or in respect of rebuilding or building or reparant compellable so to do, as if the said Parish, and shall be bound and compellable so to do, as if the said Parish so having a Church of Divine Service, and the Parish or District, or Portion of the Parish, the Inhabitants whereof shall have been by such Instrument as aforesaid empowered to use and resort to the said lamentioned Churches, were One entire Parish.

Publication of Banns, &c. may be made in such Church of adjoining Parish.

Cure of Souls to continue.

Parishioners building, &c. a Church in their own Parish, not flable to Charge of any other Church.

Parishioners while bound to contribute to Church of adjoining Parish, may vote at Vestries thereof, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every such Church of such adjoining Parish, so long as the Inhabitants of any other Parish District, or Portion of a Parish, shall be permitted to use and : sort to the same, shall, so far as respects the Publication of Bas. of Marriage, and the Celebration of Marriages, and the Perform ance and Administration of Divine Service and Sacraments. and be deemed and taken to be the Church of such Parish or Ditrict, or Portion of a Parish: Provided always, that nothing herecontained shall be construed or taken to exempt or discharge !! Incumbent of any such Parish or Portion of a Parish, of or free the Cure of the Souls of the Inhabitants thereof; and that if ! Parishioners of such Parish or District, or Portion of a Parish by this Act or any of the said recited Acts made liable to 🙉 Contributions as hereinbefore mentioned, shall at any Time but up or sufficiently repair the Parish Church or Chapel of su Parish, then and from thenceforth such Parishioners, or asy it them, shall not be bound or compelled to contribute towards the repairing, building, rebuilding or providing necessary Charge. belonging to or towards the Payment of any Instalment of any Loan for or in respect of any other Church or Chapel, excepting in respect of that of the particular Parish to which they immediately and properly belong.

VII. And be it further enacted, That so long and during such Time as all or any of the Inhabitants of the said Parishes respectively, not having Churches or Chapels fit for the Celebration Divine Service, shall be liable and bound to contribute as afore said, and no longer, it shall and may be lawful for such Person so bound to contribute, to vote at all Vestries to be held for or is respect of the Assessment or Applotment of the Sum or Suns to spectively, to and in respect whereof such Contribution is to be made as aforesaid; and that so long as they shall be so bound to contribute, the Churchwarden and Churchwardens of that Parish. to or in respect of the Church whereof such Contribution is to be made, shall be and be deemed and taken as the Churchwarden and Churchwardens of the Parish or District, or Portion of the Parish. the Inhabitants whereof shall be so bound to Contribution as aforesaid, so far only as may respect the Assessments and Applotments of any Sum or Sums for all or any of the Purposes aforesaid, and

the Collection thereof, and Proceedings for Recovery and Receipt thereof, and no farther.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That wherever, by reason of On Dissolution the Dissolution of any Union or Unions, real or temporary, or of Union of from or by reason of any of the Causes aforesaid, or any other Parishes, Inlawful Cause, the Inhabitants of any Parish or District, or Portion be decreased. of any Parish, shall cease to be liable and bound to contribute towards the Payment of any such Instalment or Instalments as aforesaid, payable on or of any Loan or Loans for the building or rebuilding or repairing, or necessary Charges of the Church of any adjoining Parish, to which they may be before bound to contribute as aforesaid, then and in such Case it shall from time to time be thereupon lawful to and for the said Trustees and Commissioners of the First Fruits of Ecclesiastical Benefices in Ireland, and they are hereby required, upon the Petition or Memorial of the Minister or Curate and Churchwardens of the Parish or Parishes remaining liable to the Payment of any such annual Instalment or Instalments, to order and direct, that in lieu and stead of the annual Instalment or Instalments which would otherwise thereupon by Law become due and payable, a smaller and reduced annual Instalment, or Sum or Sums, shall be thereafter paid and payable to the said Trustees and Commissioners, as the only annual Instalment or Instalments of such Loan or Loans, the same to be paid and payable, and to continue to be paid and payable until such Loan or Loans shall be fully and entirely paid off and discharged, and no longer; and from and after the making of any such Orders Such reduced respectively, the reduced annual Instalment or Instalments therein be paid yearly. ordered to be paid, shall be and shall continue to be paid and payable yearly and every Year, until such Loan or Loans shall be fully and entirely paid off and discharged, although Sixteen Years or more may have elapsed since the granting or issuing of such Loan or Loans respectively.

' IX. And Whereas great Neglect and Remissness have taken place in respect of the Collection and Payment, to the Trustees and Commissioners of the First Fruits of Ecclesiastical Benefices in Ireland, of the several Sums or Instalments of Loans made by the said Trustees and Commissioners for the building and rebuilding of Churches or Chapels in Ireland, on the Faith of Parochial Assessments, and the Applotments for the Repaye ment of such Loans, as well as the Assessments, have been rendered invalid from Want of Form therein, and alleged Irregu-· larities in respect of the changing the Sites of Churches and 6 Chapels;' Be it therefore declared and enacted, That all Churches built Churches and Chapels already erected and consecrated, or in before the Site which Divine Service is and has been celebrated with the Consent of the Incumbents or Curates of such Churches and Chapels, ed, declared to and of the Archbishops and Bishops of the Dioceses respectively, be Churches of are and have been and shall be and be deemed and taken to be their respective the Churches and Chapels of the respective Parishes and Districts. Parishes. in which they are respectively situate, notwithstanding that the Consent of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or. Governors of Ireland, may not have been obtained to the chang ing the Sites of such Churches and Chapels, and although the same may have been erected and built before the Districts which

should

Lands granted for Sites of Churches, &c. or for building Schools under 50 G.S. c.33. shall remain vested in the Persons, &c. to whom the same were conveyed. should form the Cures or Parishes of such Churches and Chape were described and ascertained.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Lands and Grounds while have been or shall be granted and conveyed as and for the Sate of such Churches and Chapels, or the Churchyards belonging ! the same, under the Provisions of any Act or Acts for that Par pose, or which shall have been or shall be granted or conserfor the building of any School House, or for the Endowment of Trust or for the Use of any Schoolmaster in Ireland, under the Provisions of an Act made in the Fiftieth Year of the Regali His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled As Ad force abling Tenants in Tail and for Life, and also Ecclesiastical Prop. to grant Land for the Purpose of endowing Schools in Ireas shall become and be and remain absolutely vested in the Reor Persons, Bodies Corporate or Politic, to whom such Land Grounds was or were or shall be conveyed for any of the Purpose aforesaid, free from all Demands or Claims of any Body Police Corporate, or Person or Persons whatever, and without be any Time subject to any Question as to any Right, Title or (la thereto, or in any Manner affecting the same.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Assessment or Arms.

Assessments not invalidated by Informality.

ment of any Sum or Instalment made or to be made by any Vet or by the Authority of the same, in order to the obtaining of Loan, for or in respect of the building, rebuilding or repairs: any Church or Chapel, or for or towards the Repayment the shall be liable to be affected or impeached, by reason of Evil formality in any such Assessment or Applotment, or in any Acti Vestry.

Acts 43G.3. c. 106. § 2.

XII. And be it further enacted, That so much and such the of an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of H. 2 Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to enable the Co missioners of First Fruits in Ireland to lend certain Sum of Mari (Interest free) to Incumbents of Benefices there, for the Purper : enabling them to erect or purchase Glebe Houses and Office of ient for their Residence, and to purchase Glebe Lands ft and venient for the Erection of such Houses and Offices, and it will Provision for the Repayment of all Loans so to be made by the Commissioners, and of the said hereinbefore in part recited hereinbefo made in the Forty eighth and Forty ninth Years respective of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Think require and direct the Sum and Sums lent and advanced, or lent and advanced as therein mentioned, for and towards building and rebuilding of Churches and Glebe and Manse Here to be repaid in Sixteen Years, or by Instalments after the Rive of Six Pounds for every One hundred Pounds lent and advance for the building and rebuilding of Churches and Chapels, and C.d. or Manse Houses, shall be and are hereby repealed, as to the Amount of such Instalments, and the Times during which the should be paid only, but no further or otherwise.

48 G.S. c.65. § 4. 49G.3. c.103. § 2. 6.

repealed.

Sums remaining due, or bereafter to be advanced, shall be repaid by Instalments

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the respective Sums which shall at the Tire of the passing of this Act be and remain due to the said Truster. and Commissioners of the First Fruits, on account of any More lent or advanced by the said Trustees and Commissioners of the ţ

First Fruits for or towards the building or rebuilding of Churches after the Rate and Chapels, or Glebe or Manse Houses, shall to all Intents and of 4 per Cent. Purposes be deemed and taken to be, and shall be considered as Regulations of the Sum and Sums originally lent and advanced for such Pur-recited Acts poses, and to be the only Sum and Sums lent, and which ought and this Act. to be repaid by Instalments to the said Trustees and Commissioners on or before every First Day of July in every Year, in Manner hereinafter mentioned; and that every such Sum and Sums, and every Sum and Sums hereafter to be so lent and advanced, for and towards the building and rebuilding of Glebe or Manse Houses, or building, rebuilding or repairing of Churches or Chapels, shall be repaid to the said Trustees and Commissioners by annual Instalments, at and after the Rate of Four Pounds for every Hundred Pounds so lent and advanced, and remaining due and payable as aforesaid, and to be lent and advanced, and at and after no greater Rate, until the said Sum and Sums so lent and advanced, or to be lent and advanced, and now remaining due or hereafter to grow due to the said Trustees and Commissioners, shall be wholly repaid and discharged; and such annual Instalments at the Rate of Four per Cent. on all Sums so lent and to be lent for and towards building, rebuilding or repairing of Churches and Chapels, shall be annually assessed and applotted, paid and levied, and such annual Instalments at the Rate of Four per Cent. on all Loans for the building of Glebe and Manse Houses, shall be paid and levied in such Manner and under such Regulations as in and by the said in part recited Acts, passed in the Forty third, Forty eighth, and Forty ninth Years respectively of His said late Majesty King George the Third, directed and provided with respect to the Instalments of Six per Cent. in the said Acts mentioned, or as is directed or provided by this Act; and from and after the passing of this Act, No Suit to be no Suit or Proceeding shall be taken, had, commenced or carried commenced, on or continued by or on behalf of His Majesty, His Heirs or &c. for the Re-Successors, or by or in the Name of any Archbishop, Bishop or covery of 6 per Ordinary, or of any Churchwarden or other Person, for the Recovery or Receipt of any such Instalment after the Rate of Six per Cent., heretofore applotted in respect of any Sum or Sums heretofore lent and advanced for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or of any Part thereof; any thing in the said recited Acts or any of them contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Instalment of any Distinct Ap-Loan made or to be made by the Trustees and Commissioners of plotments for the First Fruits, for or towards the erecting, building, rebuilding Repayment of or repairing of any Church or Chapel, shall be applotted on the Instalments. Inhabitants of every Parish or Place liable to the Payment of such Instalments separately, and by a distinct Applotment from the Applotment of any other Rates, Assessments or Cesses whatever.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any such Instalment For the better shall be in the whole or in part in arrear and unpaid, and shall Collection of not have been duly raised, paid and satisfied within the Space of narshleto Con Twenty one Days next after the First Day of July in any Year missioners of whereon the same shall be due and ought to be paid to the Truszees and Commissioners of the First Fruits, according to the true Losus made by

Intent them of build-

4 GEO. IV.

3 F

ing Churches. 49G.s. c. 103. How Archbishop or Bishop of Diocese to proceed therein.

802

Intent and Meaning of the said hereinbefore recited Act of the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for making Provision for the building and rebuilding of Churches, Chapels and Glebe Houses in Ireland, as amended by this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Archbishop or Bishop of the Diocese, wherein the Parish or Place is or shall be situate in which it has been or shall be proposed and intended that any such Church or Chapel shall be erected, repaired or rebuilt, or in which such Church or Chapel shall have been or shall be erected, rebuilt or repaired, within Twenty one Days after the First Day of July, and so from time to time immediately after the Expiration of Twenty one Days next after the First Day of July in any Year, whenever any such Instalment or Instalments, which ought to be paid pursuant to the Provisions of the said last recited Act or of this Act within Twenty one Days after the said First Day of July, shall not have been paid and satisfied, pursuant to the said recited Act and of this Act. before the Expiration of Twenty one Days next after the First Day of July in any Year, and such Archbishop or Bishop is hereby authorized and required to certify, from time to time. under his Hand and Archiepiscopal or Episcopal Seal, the Amount of the Sum or Instalment, Sums or Instalments, so then in arrest and unpaid, and to cause such Certificate to be forthwith lodged with the proper Officer in the Office of the Treasurer's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, there to remain of Record: and such Officer, within the First Three Days of the Michaelmas Term next after the Receipt of such Certificate, shall and he is hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered a true Copy of such Certificate, attested by such Officer. together with an Order of the said Court of Exchequer (which Order the said Court is hereby authorized and required to make on Production to the said Court of such Certificate as aforesaid by the said Officer), to be directed to the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County, County of a City, or County of a Town or Town Corporate, in which the Church or Chapel erected, or rebuilt or repaired, or proposed to be erected, or rebuilt or repaired, is or shall be situate, or is or shall be proposed to be situated, for the Collection of the Sum and Sums so to be certified (and for which Entry, Order and Copy, there shall be paid to the said Officer the Fee of Twenty Shillings and no more,) together with Sheriff to grant the Stamp Duty by Law payable thereon; and every such Sheriff his Warrant for and Sheriffs shall, and he and they is and are hereby required forthwith on Receipt of such Order to issue his or their Warrant. under his or their Hand and Seal of Office, to some known Constable or Constables, or at the Discretion of such Sheriff or Sheriffs, to any Person or Persons who shall then be empowered to collect any Monies under any Presentment made by the Grand Jury of the County, or County of a City, or County of a Town or Town Corporate, in which such Church or Chapel is or shall be situate, or is or shall be proposed to be situate, authorizing by such Warrant such Constable or Constables, or Collector of Collectors, or other Person or Persons, to collect, applot and levy, on and from the Inhabitants or Landholders of the Parish or Place wherein such Church or Chapel is or shall be situate,

Officer of Exchequer to send Order of the Court to the Sheriff to levy such Arrears.

such Levy;

or wherein it has been or shall be proposed and intended that such Church or Chapel should or shall be situate, the Sum and Sums appearing by such Certificate or Certificates respectively, of such Archbishop or Bishop, to be due or in arrear as aforesaid, together with Interest for the same at the Rate of Six Pounds by the Hundred by the Year, to be computed from the Date of every with Interest such Certificate, together with the abovementioned Fee, and also at 6 per Cent. the Sheriffs and Receivers Fees, at the Rate of One Shilling for and Fees and every Pound Sterling of the Sum or Sums so certified; One Sheriff and Moiety of such Sheriffs or Receivers Fees to be to and for the Receiver, Use of the Sheriff or Sheriffs, and the other Moiety thereof to be retained by such Constable or Constables, Collector or Collectors, or other Person or Persons respectively, as and for a Recompence for his and their Pains and Trouble in levying, collecting and receiving such Sums and Instalments respectively; and such Poundage and Allowance shall be in lieu of all Sheriffs and Collectors Fees or Poundage.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the whole Parish, Dis- Place where Assessment wherein or from the Inhabitants whereof, any War- to be made derant shall be granted by any Sheriff or Sheriffs under this Act, clared to be within the Sheshall be and the same is hereby declared to be and shall be riff's Balliwick. taken to be within the Bailiwick of such Sheriff or Sheriffs respectively, and to be Part and Parcel of the County, County of the City, or County of the Town or Town Corporate respectively, wherein such Church or Chapel is or shall be locally situate, or is or shall be proposed to be situate, for the Purposes of this present Act only; and every such Sheriff or Sheriffs, Constable or Constables, Collector or Collectors, Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall have full Power and Jurisdiction in that Behalf ac-

XVII. And be it further enacted, That on every such Warrant Notice of Warthere shall be endorsed by every such Sheriff the true Time of rants to be given delivering thereof to such Constable or Constables, Collector or to Inhabitants. Collectors or other Person or Persons; and such Constables, Collectors or other Persons to whom such Warrant shall be directed, shall with all convenient Speed cause Notice thereof in Writing to be given to the Inhabitants and Landholders of such Parish or Place, by posting the same or a Copy thereof on the Door of the Parish Church or Chapel or on some other public and conspicuous Place within the said Parish or Place, and by serving or causing to be served a Counterpart or true Copy of such Notice on One of the Churchwardens or on any Two Householders of such Parish or Place; and in case, within Ten Days next If Applotment after the posting of such Notice or Notices, an Applotment or of Sum so certi-Paper Writing, purporting to be an Applotment of the Sum and fied be delivered Sums so certified as aforesaid, signed by the Minister or Curate &c. to Conand Churchwarden or Churchwardens of such Parish or Place, stable, he shall shall be delivered to such Constable or Constables, Collector or proceed to levy Collectors or other Person or Persons to whom the said Warrant Sums so apor Warrants shall have been directed, such Constable or Con-plotted. stables, Collector or Collectors or other Person or Persons, shall forthwith proceed to levy the Sums so appearing to be applotted, with such Interest, Poundage and Allowance as aforesaid, from

by Ministers,

If no such Applotment, Constable, &c. to make an Applotment on Oath, and levy accordingly.

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Distress.

Amount levied paid over to Sheriff, and by him to Treasurer of Trustees of First Pruits.

Persons aggrieved may petition the the respective Inhabitants and Landholders of such Parish or Place, according to the said Paper Writing being an Applotment or purporting to be an Applotment (Demand being first made of the Amount thereof from such Inhabitants or Landholders respectively), by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the respective Persons mentioned in the said Applotment or Paper Writing purporting to be an Applotment as aforesaid; but in case no such Applotment or Paper Writing purporting to be an Applotment shall be so delivered within the Space of Ten Days as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Constable or Constables, Collector or Collectors or other Person or Persons, and he and they is and are hereby required forthwith to applot the Sum and Sums so certified as aforesaid on the Inhabitants or Landholders of such Parish or Place respectively: and forthwith after such Applotment shall be so made, Oath being first made by such Constable or Constables, Collector or Collectors or other Person or Persons, before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, County of a City, or County of a Town or Town Corporate, wherein such Church or Chapel is or are or shall be situate, or is or are or shall be proposed to be situate (which Oath every such Justice is hereby empowered to administer), that such last mentioned Applotment has been fairly, impartially and equally made, to the best of the Deponent's Judgment and Belief, it shall and may be lawful to and for every such Constable and Constables, Collector and Collectors or other Person or Persons, and he and they is and an hereby required to levy and collect the Sum and Sums which shall have been so applotted as last mentioned, with such la terest, Poundage and Allowance as aforesaid, from the respective Inhabitants or Landholders of every such Parish or Place, according to such last mentioned Applotment (Demand being first made thereof), by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the respective Persons named in the said last mentioned Applotment, rendering the Overplus in either or any of the said Case to the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained; and every such Distress to be made under or by virtue of this Act shall be in the Nature of an Execution inte pleviable, any Law or Laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Sum and Sums so in any Manner as aforesaid to be applotted or collected, and the Interest thereof as aforesaid, shall, by every such Constable or Constables, Collector or Collectors or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, be paid forthwith, when and as the same shall be levied or received by him or them, to the Sheriff or Sheriffs under whose Warrant the same shall have been so levied and received; and every such Sheriff shall pay the same, when and as the same shall be received by him (retaining thereout the aforesaid Fees thereupon), to the Treasurer for the Time being of the Trustees and Commissioners of the First Fruits of Ecclesiastical Benefices, to be by such Treasurer lodged in the Bank of Ireland.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any Person shall think himself or herself aggrieved by reason of any Act or Thing to be done in consequence of any Certificate as aforesaid.

resaid, or in pursuance of any Warrant of any Sheriffs or She- Court of Exunder this Act; or in case the major Part of the Inhabitants chequer for my Parish in Vestry assembled shall be of Opinion that the Relief. ney advanced by the Trustees and Commissioners of First its, on the Faith of any Assessments on the said Parish, has been bona fide expended, it shall be lawful for any Person ggrieved, or for the major Part of the said Inhabitants in ry assembled, to petition the said Court of Exchequer on Revenue Side thereof for Relief, and it shall be lawful for Court to make such Order on every such Petition as shall t; and in case the proper Officers of the said Court of Ex- The Court may per or any such Sheriff, Constable or Collector or other Per- punish their as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect duly to perform any Officers and the Matter or Thing, which he or they is or are by this Act red to do and perform as aforesaid; or if any such Constables, &c. for Neglect of Collector or other Person as aforesaid, shall refuse or Duty in Exeect, by the Space of Ten Days next after the Receipt of cution of this Sum or Sums of Money so to be applotted or collected, Act. nting to Ten Pounds Sterling or upwards, to pay the same te Sheriff or Sheriffs under whose Warrant the same shall vied or received; or if any such Sheriff or Sheriffs, having ved any such Sum or Sums of Money, shall omit or neglect ly the same (after retaining such Fees as before mentioned rupon) at or before the Expiration of his or their Office, or n Ten Days afterwards, to the Treasurer of the Trustees Commissioners of the First Fruits, it shall be lawful for the Court of Exchequer, on any Complaint to such Court, to such summary Order for and in respect of every such Neand to compel the Performance of any and every such Payment or Duty, and to enforce the same by Attachment me or otherwise, as may be thought fit, against the Party ties disobeying such Order, and to award the Costs atnt on or occasioned by such Nonpayment or Neglect or h of Duty, and of obtaining and enforcing such Order as be fit; and such Order and Orders as aforesaid shall be final Such Orders conclusive to all Intents and Purposes; and if the said Court final. Achequer shall not be sitting when any such Complaint shall lade, it shall be lawful for the Lord Chief Baron, or in his is or Absence, for any One of the Barons of the said Court, ar and determine the Matter of every such Complaint, and the such Order as aforesaid; and such Order of the Lord Baron or Baron, as the Case may be, in the Premises, shall the same Force and Validity, and shall be enforced in like er to all Intents and Purposes, as any Order made by the Court of Exchequer, and shall be deemed and taken to be rder of the said Court.

Provided also, and be it enacted, That whenever any such Receipt for ment or Instalments as aforesaid shall have been duly ap- Sums paid d on the Inhabitants or Landholders of any Parish or Place under Applot-Westry as aforesaid, and any One or more of such Inhabit-ment to Church-Landholders, before any Demand shall be made from him, warden to be them, by any such Constable or Collector or other Person lector in Disoresaid, of the Sum or Sums so applotted on him or them, charge of any have bona fide paid to the Churchwardens or Churchwarden Inhabitant, and

by Churchwarden to Collector, with Interest.

the Money paid of any such Parish or Place the Sum or Sums so applotted on hi or them, the lawful Receipt or Receipts of such Churchward or Churchwardens shall be received and accepted by any sa Constable or Collector, Person or Persons as aforesaid, in towards the Payment and Discharge of the Sum and Sums p able under and by virtue of any such Applotment as afores and mentioned in any such Receipt or Receipts respective and the Churchwardens or Churchwarden to whom any Payment shall have been made, shall pay the Sum so received him or them to every such Constable or Collector, with liter for the same from the Time of the Notice of such Warnet, aforesaid; and the Payment thereof, with Poundage therea aforesaid, by such Churchwarden or Churchwardens neglect or omitting to pay the same, to such Constable or Constable Collector or Collectors, Person or Persons, shall and may be forced by such summary Order as aforesaid, of the said of Exchequer, or of the Chief Baron, or One of the Bar thereof as aforesaid.

Limitation of Actions.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Sai sued or prosecuted against any Sheriff, Justice, Minister, Co Churchwarden, Constable, Collector or other Person or Person for or by reason of any Act, Matter or Thing done in pura or execution of this present Act, or of the said recited Ad any of them, or of any Act or Acts of Parliament for the very of Church Rates or Parochial Cesses, the same in commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Cause or Causes of Action or Suit shall have arisen: every such Justice, Minister, Curate, Sheriff, Church Constable, Collector or other Person or Persons, may, in his or their Justification and Defence plead the General Issue

General Issue.

plevin.

give this Act or the said recited Acts respectively, and the Avowry in Re-Matter in Evidence, without specially pleading the same: any Replevin shall be brought for any Cattle, Goods or Chat seized or taken by virtue or in pursuance of this present Act, of the said Acts or any of them (in Cases where Repletin permitted), it shall and may be lawful and sufficient to and any such Justice or Minister, Curate, Sheriff, Churchwarden, C stable, Collector or other Person, who shall be Defendant or fendants, or Avowant or Avowants, in any such Repletits avow, plead or make Cognizance generally, that he or they the same Cattle, Goods or Chattels, as a Distress, by real the Nonpayment of Church Rates, Parish Cesses or Institute payable to the Trustees and Commissioners of the First In of Ecclesiastical Benefices, as the Case may be, by Force of Statute in that Case made and provided, and by virtue of a rant in that Behalf duly made, in Cases where a Warrant have been granted, without setting forth more particularly Cause of making or detaining the said Distress or Distress more particularly describing the Act or Acts of Parliament, Warrant in that Behalf made, or making any other more spec Plea, Avowry or Cognizance; any thing hereinbefore contain to the contrary notwithstanding.

Proviso for Justic**es,** &e. under

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to F vent or hinder any Justice or Justices of the Peace, Sheriff, 10 Car. L. st. 2. Minister, Curate, Churchwarden or other Officer or Person, from c.16. (I.) having such Protection against contentious Suits prosecuted, and to be prosecuted against them, for or in respect of the lawful Performance of the Duties of his or their Offices, or in Assistance of the said Officers respectively, in the Execution of this Act, or any of the said recited Acts, as they can or may have by and under an Act made in Ireland in the Tenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the First, intituled An Act for Ease in pleading against troublesome and contentious Suits, prosecuted against Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Constables, and certain other Officers, for the lawful Execution of their Office, or by or under any other Act or Acts now in force in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland.

XXIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in the Disqualified present Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to Persons not enable any Person or Persons to vote at any Vestry or Vestries, empowered to or on any Matter or Subject there to be treated of, who is or are, vote at Vestries. or shall be, by any Law or Statute now in force in Ireland, disqualified from voting at Vestries generally, or on any particular

Subject or Matter at such Vestry or Vestries.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Powers of lawful to and for the Trustees and Commissioners of the First former Acts Fruits of Ecclesiastical Benefices in *Ireland*, from time to time and this Act to lend and advance Money, Interest free, to be repaid by Invancement of stalments at the Rate of Four Pounds for every One hundred Sums for re-Pounds of the Sums to be lent respectively, to be applied for and pairing of towards the repairing of any Churches and Chapels, as fully to Churches all Intents and Purposes as by any former Act or Acts, or by this Act, they are empowered to lend and advance any Sum or Sums for the building or rebuilding of Churches or Chapels; and that it shall be lawful for all Parishes and Vestries to assess and applot the Sum and Sums to be so lent and advanced, in order to the obtaining such Loans and the Instalments thereof, in like Manner and Form, and to have all such and the like Remedies and Powers for the Recovery and the Repayment thereof, as in and by the said in part recited Acts, or any of them, or by any other Act now in force in Ireland, or by this present Act, is provided and declared of and respecting the Sum and Sums of Money to be lent and advanced, assessed and applotted, for the rebuilding or building of Churches and Chapels, and the Repayment thereof; and that all Enactments, Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions by Law and by this present Act made, provided and applied to and respecting, and in order to the obtaining and making any Assessment or Applotment, and the Collection and Repayment of Money lent or to be lent for the building or rebuilding of Churches and Chapels, or any Instalments or Instalment thereof, shall be deemed and taken as made, provided, enacted, and applied to and respecting, and in order to the obtaining, making, assessing, applotting, Collection and Repayment of the Sums to be lent and advanced for the Repairs of Churches and Chapels.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That so much and such So much of any Parts of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland at the Acts as restrain

Time the Application

of any Parlismentary Gift to Churches, where Service has not been performed for 20 Years, repealed, &c.

Time of the passing of this Act, as restrain and limit the Application of any Grant or Appropriation by Parliament of any Sum or Sums of Money granted to the said Trustees and Com-missioners of the First Fruits of Ecclesiastical Benefices in Ireland, by way of Gift, for the building of new Churches or Chapels, or rebuilding of old Churches or Chapels, in such Parishes wherein no Public Service has been performed for Twenty Years last, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be larfel to and for the said Trustees and Commissioners to appropriate by way of Gift, so much and such Parts of all Monies in their Hank, as they may think reasonable, to the building and rebuilding a Churches and Chapels, as well in Parishes where Public Series shall have been performed in the Course of Twenty Years next preceding the Time of the several Grants and Appropriations aforesaid, as in any other Parish whatsoever; any thing in the said Acts or any of them to the contrary notwithstanding. ' XXVI. And Whereas by the Act passed in the Forty minth

49G.3. c.103. § 5.

Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third for making Provision for the building and rebuilding of Churches 'Chapels and Glebe Houses in Ireland, it is amongst other Things enacted, that in case any Money advanced by such Trustees and Commissioners shall have been advanced by the out of any Money advanced to them by the Lord High Tree surer or Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, such and Sums of Money shall by the said Trustees and Commissioners sioners be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer of Irdas within One Month after the Receipt thereof by the said In tees and Commissioners: And Whereas the said Enactner has been found to be very inconvenient and productive of Benefit; Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the Act as is above recited shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act it shall and neg be lawful for the said Trustees and Commissioners of the first Fruits in Ireland, from time to time to apply all such Regarments so to be received by them, in furthering the Purposes of their Trust, in building and rebuilding and repairing Churches and Glebe Houses, and the Purchase of Glebes, without repaires such Money into the Receipt of the Exchequer, any thing a the said recited Act or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding, in like Manner as is usual and lawful with respect to the Application of every other Grant made by Parliament 19 the said Trustees and Commissioners of First Fruits in Ireland. 'XXVII. And Whereas Doubts have been entertained as to

repealed.

Trustees may apply such Sums towards building of Churches, &c.

any Moncy has been or shall be granted by way of Loan by the said Trustees and Commissioners of the First Fruits, first becomes bound to repay any Instalment of such Loan, in Cases where such Incumbent shall die or be removed before he has received the whole Amount of such Sum so granted by way of Loan; For Explanation thereof, be it enacted, That every best son who shall be a Successor of any such Incumbent shall be bound and obliged to repay to the said Trustees and Commissioners an Instalment, at the Rate of Four Pounds per Cent. in

the Time at which the Successor of any Incumbent, to whom

For regulating Payment of Instalments by Successors of Presumbents rethe Sum which shall have been actually so advanced to such In- moved before cumbent on account of such Loan (although the whole Amount Receipt of the of such Loan may not have been received by such Incumbent), whole Sum on the First Day of July next after such Person shall have become a Successor chargeable by virtue of the hereinbefore recited Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third; and that no Instalment not actually paid of any such Loan shall be discharged, or be deemed or taken as discharged, by reason of the Default or Neglect of any Incumbent in respect of the Nonpayment of any Instalment which may have become due and payable during his Incumbency, it being the true Intent and Meaning of this present Act, that Instalments of every such Loan shall continue to be paid, until the whole Amount of such Loan shall be actually paid to the said Trustees and Commissioners.

' XXVIII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Parliament 12G.1. (I.)

of Ireland, in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King George a.10. the First, intituled An Act to explain and amend an Act, ' intituled ' An Act to encourage building of Houses, and making \* other Improvements on Church Lands, and to prevent Dilapi-dations,' it is among other Things enacted, that upon Complaint of Dilapidations of Buildings on Church Lands, a Commission ' shall be granted, in Manner directed by the said recited Act, to ' view and examine the said Buildings, and the Commissioners ' shall return a just Report of the same to the Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, or to the Archbishops ' or Bishops respectively, by whom the said Commission shall be ' granted, who, upon hearing the Allegations of either Party, shall ' ascertain such Sum or Sums as he or they shall judge reasonable ' to be allowed for Dilapidations;' Re it enacted, That in all Cases Commissioners where any such Commission shall issue, whenever it shall appear may condemn to the Commissioners that any such Houses or Buildings are too in mentioned to ancient or decayed to be repaired, or are placed in any un- be taken down, healthy or inconvenient Situation, it shall be lawful for such Com- and Lord Lieumissioners to condemn such Houses or Buildings to be pulled tenant may down and destroyed; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieu-tenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or Archbishop or Archbishops respectively, by whom such Commission shall be granted, to direct that other Houses or Buildings shall be erected in some more healthy and convenient Situation within

the Limits of the Benefice. XXIX. And be it further enacted and declared, That the Powers of several Powers, Provisions and Regulations contained in an Act 55G.3. c. 147. made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty extended to King George the Third, intituled An Act for enabling Spiritual Persons to exchange the Parsonage or Glebe Houses or Glebe Lands belonging to their Benefices, for others of greater Value, or more conveniently situated for their Residence and Occupation, and for annexing such Houses and Lands so taken in Exchange to such Benefices as Parsonage or Glebe Houses and Glebe Lands to become Glebe in certain Cases, and for other Purposes, or such of the Powers, Regulations and Provisions contained in the said Act as are applicable or shall be necessary to be applied to Benefices in Ireland, and shall and may be applied and put in Execution for

the carrying into Effect the Purposes of the said recited Act with respect to Benefices in *Ireland*, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if all the Clauses, Powers Provisions and Regulations in the said recited Act contained were repeated and inserted in the Body of this Act, and as if the said Clause. Powers, Provisions and Regulations of the said recited Act had by the said Act been expressly extended and referred to Benefices in *Ireland*.

### CAP. LXXXVII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual the Provisions of an Act, made in the Fiftieth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, for preventing the administering and taking unlawful Oaths in *Ireland*. [18th July 1823]

**50G.3.** c.102.

02.

Societies deemed unlawful, the Members of which are required to take Osths declared unlawful by 50G-S. c.102.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, is ' tituled An Act for the more effectually preventing the administers: or taking of unlawful Oaths in Ireland, and for Protection Magistrates and Witnesses; and it is expedient that so much a ' the Provisions of the said Act as relates to such unlawful Oaths should be rendered more effectual: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Expiration of Fourteen Days next after the passing of this Act, any and ever Society, Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Lodge, Club of Confederacy whatsoever, now established, or hereafter to be out blished in Ireland, of the Nature hereinafter described, shall be and be deemed and taken to be, and is hereby declared to be an unlawful Combination and Confederacy; that is to say, an and every Society, Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Lodge Club or Confederacy, the Members whereof shall, according to the Rules thereof, or to any Provision or Agreement for the Purpose, be required or admitted or permitted to take any Out or Engagement which shall be an unlawful Oath or Engagement within the Intent and Meaning of the said recited Act of the Fiftieth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, or to take any Oath not required or authorized by Law; and any and every Society. Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Lodge, Club or Comfederacy, the Members whereof or any of them shall take, or it any Manner bind themselves by any such Oath or Engagement upon becoming or in consequence of being Members of such Society, Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Lodge, Club or Confederacy; and any and every Society, Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Lodge, Club or Confederacy, the Members whereof shall take, subscribe or assent to any Test or Declaration not required by Law; and any and every Society, Association. Brotherhood, Lodge, Club or Confederacy, of which the Names of the Members, or any of them, shall be kept secret from the Society at large, or which shall have any Committee or Select Body chosen or appointed in such Manner that the Members constituting the same may not be known by the Society at large w

Societies having Members whose Names are kept secret, or not known to the Associations at large: :

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be Members of such Committee or Select Body, or which shall have any President, Treasurer, Secretary, Delegate or other Officer, chosen or appointed in such Manner that the Election or Appointment of such Persons to such Offices may not be known to the Society at large, or of which the Names of all the Mem- Names of Members, and of all Committees or Select Bodies of Members, and bers whereof of all Presidents, Treasurers, Secretaries, Delegates and other shall not be Officers, shall not be entered in a Book or Books to be kept for entered: that Purpose, and to be open to the Inspection of all the Members of such Society; and all such Societies, Associations, Brotherhoods, Committees, Lodges, Clubs and Confederacies as aforesaid, are hereby declared to be unlawful Combinations and Confederacies; and every Person who, at any Time after the Expiration All present of Fourteen Days next after the passing of this Act, shall become Members acta Member of any such Society, Association, Brotherhood, Com- ing, and all mittee, Lodge, Club or Confederacy as aforesaid, or who, being future Members, declared a Member of any such Society, Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Lodge, Club or Confederacy, at the Time of the passing lawful Comof this Act, shall afterwards act as a Member thereof; and every binstion and Person who, after the Expiration of Fourteen Days part of the Confederacy Person who, after the Expiration of Fourteen Days next after the Confederacy. passing of this Act, shall directly or indirectly maintain Correspondence or Intercourse with any such Society, Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Lodge, Club or Confederacy, or with any Division, Branch, Lodge, Committee or other Select Body, President, Treasurer, Secretary, Delegate or other Officer or Member thereof as such, or who shall by Contribution of Money, or otherwise, aid, abet or support any such Society, Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Lodge, Club or Confederacy, or any Member or Officer thereof as such, shall be deemed guilty of an unlawful Combination and Confederacy.

II. Provided always nevertheless, and be it enacted, That Proviso for Denothing herein contained shall extend to any Declaration to be clarations of taken, subscribed or assented to by the Members of any Society, in case the Form of such Declaration shall have been first approved by Two Justices, and proved and subscribed by Two or more of His Majesty's Justices registered with of the Peace for the County, County of a City, County of a Clerk of the Town or Place, where such Society shall ordinarily assemble, and Peace. shall have been registered with the Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, for such County, County of a City, County of a Town or Place; for which there shall be paid a Fee of One Shilling and no more; but that such Approbation of the Justices as aforesaid shall remain valid and effectual no longer than until the next General Session for such County, County of a City, County of a Town or Place, unless the same shall, on Application made by the Parties concerned, be confirmed by the major Part of the Justices present at such General Session; and if the same shall not be then and there so confirmed, the Provisions of this Act shall from thenceforth extend to such Declaration, and to all Societies or Persons subscribing the same, in so far as may relate to all Acts which may be done by them or any of them subsequent to the holding of such General Session.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person who, at any Offenders may Time after the Expiration of Fourteen Days next after the passing be proceeded of this Act, shall, in breach of any of the Provisions thereof, be against before guilty

and on Conviction may be imprisoned or fined.

Distress.

Indictment, Offenders may he transported or imprisoned with hard Labour.

Justices may mitigate Punishment.

Persons prosefore a Justice or indicted, not liable to other Prosecution.

guilty of any such unlawful Combination and Confederacy as in this Act is described, shall and may be proceeded against for such Offence in a summary Way, either before any Two Justices of the Peace for the County, County of a City, or County of a Town or Place, where such Person shall happen to be, or by Indictment, to be preferred in the County, County of a City, or County of a Town or Place, in Ireland, wherein such Offence shall be committed; and every Person being convicted of any such Offence, on the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, by such Justices as aforesaid, shall be by them committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for such County, County of a City, or County of a Town or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Term of Three Calendar Months. or shall be by such Justices adjudged to forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, British Currency, as to such Justices shall seem meet; and in case such Sum of Money shall not be forthwith paid into the Hands of such Justices, they shall, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with all Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale; and for want of sufficient Distress shall commit such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town or Place as aforesaid, for any If convicted on Time not exceeding Three Calendar Months; and every Person convicted of any such Offence upon Indictment by due Course of Law, shall and may be transported for the Term of Seven Years, in the Manner provided by Law for Transportation of Offenders, or shall and may be sentenced to Imprisonment with hard Labour, and shall be imprisoned for any Time not exceeding Two Years, as the Court before whom such Offender shall be tried shall think fit; and every such Offender who shall be ordered to be transported or imprisoned shall be subject and liable to all Laws concerning Offenders ordered to be transported or imprisoned.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace, by or before whom any Person shall in pursuance of this Act be convicted of any unlawful Combination or Confederacy, and such Justices are hereby authorized and empowered (if they shall see Cause so to do) to mitigate and lessen the Punishment hereinbefore directed to be inflicted upon any Offender against this Act so convicted as aforesaid, so as such Punishment be not thereby reduced to less than One third of the Punishment hereby directed to be inflicted as aforesaid. whether such Punishment shall be by Imprisonment or Fine.

V. Provided also, and be it enacted, That any Person who shall cuted either be- be prosecuted before any Justices of the Peace in a summary Way for any Offence against this Act, and shall be convicted or acquitted by such Justices, shall not afterwards be prosecuted, or be liable to be prosecuted, by Indictment or otherwise, for the same Offence; and so in like Manner any Person who shall be convicted or acquitted upon any Indictment, for any Offence against this Act, shall not afterwards be prosecuted, or be liable to be prosecuted, before any Justices of the Peace in a summary Way for the same Offence. VL Pro-

VI. Provided also, and he it enacted, That nothing in this Act Proviso for Incontained shall extend to prevent any Prosecution by Indictment dictments as or otherwise, for any Thing which shall be an Offence within the heretofore. Intent and Meaning of this Act, and which might have been so prosecuted if this Act had not been made, unless the Offender shall have been prosecuted for such Offence under this Act, and convicted or acquitted of such Offence; and that no Person shall Persons not be prosecuted under this Act for having been before the passing of prosecuted unthis Act a Member of any Society, Association, Brotherhood, less they con-Committee, Lodge, Club or Confederacy hereby declared to be Members. an unlawful Combination and Confederacy, if such Person shall not in any Manner have acted as a Member of such Society, Association, Brotherhood, Committee, Lodge, Club or Confederacy, after Fourteen Days from the passing of this Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall know- Permitting uningly permit any Meeting of any Society hereby declared to be an lawful Meetunlawful Combination or Confederacy, or of any Division, Branch ings in their or Committee of such Society, to be held in his or her House or Apartment, such Person shall for the First Offence forfeit the Penalty 51. Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered in like Manner as any other Second Offence; Penalty under this Act; and shall, for any such Offence committed after the Date of his or her Conviction for such First Offence, be deemed guilty of an unlawful Combination and Confederacy in Breach of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all pecuniary Penalties Application of imposed by this Act shall be applied and disposed of in Manner Penalties. following; that is to say, One Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety thereof to His Majesty, His Heirs and Suc-

IX. And be it further enacted, That any Conviction by any Justices of the Peace for unlawful Combination and Confederacy in pursuance of this Act, shall and may be in the Form following; (that is to say,)

. M. BE it remembered, That on this Day of in the

' Year of the Reign of *A. B.* of

is duly convicted before us, A.B. and C.D. Two of His 'Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County [City or Town] in pursuance of an Act made in the Fourth ' Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth [set forth the Title of this Act]; for that the said A. B. after the passing of the said the Day of at did contrary to the said Act become a Member Act, to wit, on the

of [or, as the Case may be, act as a Member of, or maintain Correspondence or Intercourse with, or by Contribution of 'Money, or otherwise, abet or support] a Society [describing the ' Society], which Society is an unlawful Combination and Confederacy within the Intent and Meaning of the said Act: 'Wherefore we the said A.B. and C.D. do adjudge, that he ' the said A. B. do pay the Sum of Pounds [or, be

], as a Penalty for Given under our ' imprisoned for the Space of his Offence, in pursuance of the said Act.
Hands and Seals this Day of

' Year of our Lord and in the

' Year of the Reign of His Majesty.'

Form of Conviction.

Limitation of Actions.

C. 87, 88.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Action and Suit which shall be brought or commenced against any Justice or Justices of the Peace, Constable, Peace Officer or other Person or Person, for any Thing done or acted in pursuance of this Act, shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the Venue in every such Action or Suit shall be laid in the proper County where the Fact was committed, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Suit or Action shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if such Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced after the Time limited for bringing the same, or the Venue shall be laid in any other Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and in such Case, or if the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants upon the Merits, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuit, or discontinue his her or their Action after Appearance, or if upon Demurrer Judg. ment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Double Costs, which he or they shall and may recover in such and the same Manner as any Defendant can by Law in other Cases.

General Issue.

Double Costs.

Persons in Custody, or on Bail, at pessing of Act, still liable to Prosecution.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing heren contained shall extend to discharge any Person in Custody at the Time of the passing of this Act, or who, having been in Custody at any Time before the passing of this Act, shall have been discharged on Bail or Recognizance, from any Prosecution which might have been had against such Person if this Act had at been made.

### CAP. LXXXVIII.

An Act for regulating Vessels carrying Passengers between Great Britain and Ireland. [18th July 1823.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that such Regulations should be made respecting Vessels carrying Passengers between ' Great Britain and Ireland as may tend to the Security and Con-' venience of such Passengers;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it shall not be lavid for the Master or Commander or Person having the Charge of Command of any Vessel employed in the Conveyance of Passengers between Great Britain and Ireland, being of any Burthen by Collectors of less than Two hundred Tons, to have or take on board, or to customs at the Port.

Passengers from any Port in Great Britain to any Port in Irdand. or from any Port in Ireland to any Port in Great Britain, unless a Licence for the Conveyance of Passengers shall have been previously granted to the Owner or Owners, or Master or Commander of such Ship or Vessel, under the Hand of the Collector,

No Captain of Vessel under 200 Tons to take more than 20 Passengers, unless licensed

Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Customs, at the Port from which such Vessel shall sail from Great Britain to Ireland, and from Ireland to Great Britain respectively; and it shall be No Fee for Lilawful for every such Collector, Comptroller or other Chief Officer cence. of the Customs, to grant and sign such Licence without Fee or Reward, in such Form and under such Regulations as shall be directed by the Commissioners of Customs: Provided always, Conditions, that no such Licence shall be granted by such Collector, Comptroller or other Chief Officer, except upon such Certificate as shall be required by the Commissioners of the Customs, that such Vessel is Seaworthy and properly found in all respects; and every such Licence shall remain in force for the Space of One Year

from the Date thereof, and no longer.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for Proportion of any Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Passengers to Command of any Ship or Vessel so licensed for the Conveyance cluding the of Passengers, which shall clear out from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, from and after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, to have on board at or after being cleared out at any one Time, or to convey, carry or transport from any Port or Place in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, in any such Ship or Vessel, a greater Number of Persons (exclusive of the ordinary Crew of such Ship or Vessel) than in the Proportion of Five Adult Persons, or of Ten Children under Fourteen Years of Age, or of Fifteen Children under Seven Years of Age, for every Four Tons of the Burthen of such Ship or Vessel; and every such Tonnage ac-Ship or Vessel shall be deemed and taken to be of such Tonnage cording to Ceror Burthen as is or may be described and set forth in the re- tificate of Respective Certificate of the Registry of each and every such Ship gistry. or Vessel, granted in pursuance of the several Acts in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, relating to such Certificates; and if any such Ship or Vessel shall be partly laden with If Ship partly Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or Horses or Carriages, then it laden with shall not be lawful for the Master or other Person having the Goods, &c.
Tonnage for Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, to receive or take Passengers to on board a greater Number of Persons (exclusive of the ordinary be exclusive of Crew) than in the Proportion of Five adult Persons, or of Ten the Part laden. Children under Fourteen Years of Age, or of Fifteen Children under Seven Years of Age, for every Four Tons of that Part of such Ship or Vessel which shall remain unladen; and such Goods, Wares or Merchandize with which such Ship or Vessel may be partly laden shall, at the Sight and under the Direction of the Collector or Comptroller or other Officer of the Customs, at the Port or Place where such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be taken on board, be stowed and disposed of in such a Manner as to leave good, sufficient and wholesome Accommodation for the Proportion of Persons hereby allowed in such Case to be received on board.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Master or any Master or Person having the Charge or Command of any such Ship or Vessel Owners taking shall take on board any Passenger or Passengers, or if the Owner Passengers or Owners of any such Ship or Vessel shall engage to take on without Li-

Penalty 501.

C. 88.

Taking more **Passengers** than allowed. Penalty.

In what case Ship detained till Penalty of 50l. paid.

Merchant Vessels, &c. of certain Tonnage carrying more Persons than in proportion.

Penalty,

Abstract of Act hung up at Custom House, and on board every Vessel.

board any Passenger or Passengers beyond the Number of Twenty as aforesaid, without such Licence being previously obtained by such Master, Owner or other Person as by this Act is required, every such Master or other Person, or Owner or Owners, shall for every Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and if any Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any such Ship or Vessel, shall take on board or if such Master or other Person, or the Owner or Owners of any such Ship or Vessel, shall engage to take on boards greater Number of Persons than in the Proportion allowed by this Act, such Master or other Person as aforesaid shall forfer and pay the Sum of Five Pounds for each and every or any such Person, exceeding in Number the Proportion hereinbefore limited: and every such Ship or Vessel so having on board, or conveying or carrying any greater Number than Twenty Persons without such Licence as aforesaid first had and obtained, shall and may be seized and detained by the Collector, Comptroller, Survey or Officer of the Customs, until such Penalty of Fifty Pound shall be satisfied and paid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, it shall not in any Case be lawful for any Master or other Person taking or having the Charge or Command of any Trading or Coasting Ship or Vessel, not being wholly employed in the Conveyance of Passengers and not licensed to carry any Passengers pursuant to this Act, whether such Ship or Vessel shall be lade. in Part or in the Whole with Goods and Merchandize, not being the Baggage of or belonging to any Passengers in such Ship of Vessel, or shall be employed in the Carriage or Conveyance of Cattle or Pigs, or shall be in Ballast, and which shall sail from any Port or Place in Great Britain to any Port or Place in Ireland or from any Port or Place in Ireland to any Port or Place in Gree Britain, to have or take on board a greater Number of Person than Ten (exclusive of the ordinary Crew of such Ship or Vessel if such Ship or Vessel shall be of the Burthen of One hundred Tons or under, nor a greater Number of Persons than Twenty (exclusive of the ordinary Crew), if such Ship or Vessel shall be of a Burthen greater than One hundred Tons and not exceeding the Burthen of Two hundred Tons; and if more Persons shall be found or taken on board any such Ship or Vessel than in the Proportion herein allowed, every such Master or other Person & aforesaid shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds for every Person so taken on board beyond such Proportion.

V. And be it further enacted, That an Abstract of this Ad shall be prepared and printed by and under the Direction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, and a printed Copy of such Abstract shall be hung up in the Custom House of every Port of the United Kingdom, and a printed Copy of such Abstract, and also a Copy of the Licence granted to the Captain of Owners of such Ship or Vessel, and a Notice or Statement of the Number of Persons allowed to be carried and conveyed in such Vessel, shall be hung up and affixed in some conspicuous Place on the Deck and in the Cabin of every Ship or Vessel carrying Passengers under the Regulations of this Act; and the Master or

other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall cause the said Copies to be kept and renewed, so that the same may be at all Times accessible to every Person on board such Ship or Vessel, upon Pain that every such Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of every such Ship or Vessel, in which such Abstract, Licence and Notice, or any of them, shall not be hung up or affixed, and shall not be renewed and remain as aforesaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Not to extend Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to Vessels in the to Ships or Vessels in the Service of His Majesty, or of His Ma. Service of Gojesty's Postmaster General, or of the Commissioners of Customs vernment, &c. and Excise, or of the East India Company; nor to any Ship or Vessel of the Burthen of Two hundred Tons or upwards, nor to

any Ship or Vessel employed in carrying Troops.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and For- Penalties how feitures for any Offence against this Act shall and may be recovered recovered and at any Time within Three Calendar Months after the Commission applied. of such Offence, in a summary Way, by the Order and Adjudication of any One Justice of the Peace for the County or Place in which the Port shall be situate, from which any such Ship or Vessel shall depart, or at which any such Ship or Vessel shall arrive, on Complaint to such Justice for that Purpose exhibited; and such Penalty shall be levied, as well as the Costs of such Distress. Proceedings, on Nonpayment, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, or Person or Persons liable to pay the same, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice; and such Justice is hereby authorized and required to summon before him any Witness or Witnesses, and to examine such Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, of and concerning such Offences, and to hear and determine the same; and the Overplus (if any) of the Money so levied or recovered, after discharging the Penalty or Forfeiture for which such Warrant shall be issued, and the Costs and Expences of recovering and levying the same, shall be returned upon Demand to the Owner or Owners of the Goods or Chattels so seized or distrained; and in case such Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid upon Conviction, then it shall be lawful for such Justice to order the Offender or Offenders so convicted to be detained and kept in safe Custody, until Return can be conveniently made to such Warrant of Distress, unless the Offender or Offenders shall give sufficient Security, to the Satisfaction of such Justice, for his or their Appearance before such Justice on such Day or Days as shall be appointed for the Return of such Warrant of Distress, such Day or Days not being more than Seven Days from the Time of taking any such Security, and which Security the said Justice is hereby empowered to take by way of Recognizance or otherwise; but if, upon the Return of such Warrant, it shall appear that no sufficient Distress can be had thereupon, then it shall be lawful for such Justice, or any other Justice of the Peace for such County or Place as aforesaid, and he is hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Gaol of such Imprisonment. 4 GEO. IV. 3 G County

Penalty 101.

Half to the Prosecutor, and Half to the King.

County or Place, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any Term not exceeding Two Calendar Months, unless such Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges, shall be sooner paid and satisfied; and one Moiety of every such Penalty or Forfeiture, when so levied, shall be paid to the Person or Persons who shall sue or prosecute for the same, for his or her own Use and Benefit, and the other Moiety thereof to the Use of His

Appeal to Quarter Sessions.

Notice.

Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person

Security for Costs.

Determination of Justices final.

Distress.

Imprisonment.

Proceedings not to be quashed for Want of Form.

shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any Conviction in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for such Person to appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County or Place, such Appellant (if there be sufficient Time after the Cause of such Complaint shall have arisen) first giving or causing to be given Ten Days' Notice at least in Writing of his or her Intention of bringing such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Justice whose Conviction shall be so appealed against, and within Seven Days next after such Notice entéring into a Recognizance before the said Justice or some other Justice of the Peace for the County or Place, with Two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and to abide the Order of such Justices at Sessions thereon, and to pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Quarter Sessions; and for Want of sufficient Time for giving such Notice previous to the Quarter Sessions next after the Cause of such Complaint shall have happened then such Appeal, after such Notice and under such Recognition of the Cause of Sessions of Cause of Sessions of Cause of Sessions of Sessions of Cause of Sessions of Cause of Sessions of nizance, may be made at the Second General Quarter Session of the Peace to be holden for such County or Place; and the Justices at such First or Second Sessions, upon due Proof of such Notice having been given as aforesaid, and of the entering into such Recognizance, shall hear and finally determine the Cause and Matter of such Appeal in a summary Way, and shall award such Costs to the Parties appealing or appealed against, as they the said Justices shall think proper, and the Determination of such Justices at such Quarter Sessions shall be final, binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes; and the said Justices at such Sessions may also, by their Warrant or Order, cause such Costs so awarded by Distress and Sale to be levied of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons who shall refuse or neglect to pay the same; and for Want of sufficient Distress may commit such Person or Persons to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said County, there to remain for any Time not exceeding Two Calendar Months, or until Payment of such Costs.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Proceedings against. nor any Conviction of any Offender or Offenders against this Act, or by or before any Justice of the Peace, shall be quashed for Want of Form, nor be removed or removable by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin; and where any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser of Trespassers, on account of any Defect or Want of Form in the

Summons

Cases by Law.

Summons, Conviction, Warrant of Distress or other Proceedings relating thereto; nor shall the Party or Parties distraining be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers ab initio, on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards committed by the Party or Parties distraining, but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage (if any) in an Action on the Case; but no Plaintiff Tender of or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action for such Irregularity as Amends. aforesaid, if Tender of sufficient Amends shall have been made by or on Behalf of the Party distraining before such Action commenced.

X. And be it further enacted, That any Action or Suit which Limitation of shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons Actions. for any Thing done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act, shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be brought n the County, City or Place where the Cause of Action shall rise, and not elsewhere; and that the Defendant or Defendants n such Action or Suit to be brought may plead the General Issue. Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in oursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be prought after the Time before limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any County, City or Place other than as aforesaid, then and in every such Case the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited, or shall discontinue his, ner or their Action, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Double Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in other Double Costs

# CAP. LXXXIX.

An Act to limit and regulate the Expence of certain Proceedings in the Courts of Justice in Ireland in the Par-[18th July 1823.] ticulars therein mentioned.

WHEREAS great and ruinous Expence is frequently incurred, by the Suitors in the first Instance, and ultimately by the Persons sued, by reason of the Number of Services made or pretended to be made of the Orders and other Proceedings of the Courts of Law and Equity, and also of the Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer, in Ireland: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall not No Autorney be lawful for any Attorney or Attornies, or Solicitor or Solicitors, to recover for n Ireland to recover against his or their Client or Clients, or for ing Declaraany Party or Parties to recover against the other Party or Parties, tion, Writer 3 G 2

Process above 200 Copies.

C. 89, 90.

Execption.

in any Suit or Suits depending or to depend between them in any Court of Law or Equity, or in the Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, any Sum of Money, Fee, Reward or Emolument for making or serving of any Copy of any Declaration and Summons in Ejectment, or of any Order, Writ. Process or Proceeding filed in or made by or issued out of any of the said Courts after the passing of this Act, over and above Techundred Copies, save and except such Sum and Sums of Mone as shall be actually and necessarily paid and expended for any in and about the printing and serving of such additional Copies any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in my week notwithstanding.

Nothing in 1 & 2G.4. c.53. to affect Taxation of Costs incurred prior to passing of that Act. II. And be it further enacted and declared, That notice, contained in a certain Act passed in the First and Second Vision of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to regulate the Proceedings in the Civil Side of the Court of King's Beach, at also in the Court of Common Pleas, and in the Pleas or Connel Law Side of the Court of Exchequer, in Ireland, shall be our strued to affect the Taxation of Costs due or incurred prior the passing of the said recited Act, but that the taxing Office now appointed or hereafter to be appointed pursuant to said A shall tax all Bills of Costs for Business done prior to the passe of said Act, according to the Rules, Usages or Regulation! which any such Bill of Costs was taxable at or immediately but the passing of the said recited Act.

Costs of Summonses issued in Proceedings before Chief Remembrancer of Exchequer allowed if isaged. III. And be it further enacted and declared, That in all (swhere any Summons shall issue for any Proceeding before to Chief Remembrancer of the Equity Side of the Cound Exchequer in Ireland, and that such Summons shall be lost mislaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Chief Remembrancer to allow the Costs of such Summons, and of all Proceedings thereon, on any Taxation of Costs, in case it shall appear an Entry in the said Chief Remembrancer's Book, or by such of the Evidence as to said Chief Remembrancer shall appear sufficient that a Summons had been really and bond fide issued for such Proceeding or Proceedings; any Act to the contrary thereof it any wise notwithstanding.

### CAP. XC.

An Act to regulate the Linen and Hempen Manufacture Ireland. [18th July 18]

WHEREAS the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of Indiana have been, and continue to be, of considerable Important to that Part of the United Kingdom: And Whereas the series are the series of Industry, connected with the said Manufactures have been hitherto greatly promoted by the Distribution are various Kinds of Utensils applicable thereto: And Whereas it may be expedient that the Trustees of the said Linen 2014. Hempen Manufactures should be at liberty to apply a large Portion of their Funds to this Purpose than they are at present authorized to do, as well for maintaining the said Manufacture in the Province of Ulster, as for extending the same, and ever Branch of Industry connected therewith, throughout the Province

vinces of Leinster, Munster and Connaught: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty first and Twenty second Years of 21 & 22G.3. c. the Reign of George the Third, intituled An Act for prohibiting (I.) the Use of Lime in Bleaching, regulating Sealmasters of Linens, encouraging the Home Manufacture of Ashes for Bleachers' Use, enlarging and rendering more commodious the Linen Hall in the City of Dublin, and other Purposes therein mentioned, it is ' enacted, that the said Trustees shall not grant in any One Year, ' from the First of January One thousand seven hundred and eighty two, for Wheels, Reels and Looms, more than the Sum of Three thousand Pounds; and that if any of the said Trustees ' shall sign any Grant or Order for a Grant to a greater Amount ' than Three thousand Pounds in any One Year, or shall after the Sum of Three thousand Pounds shall have been granted for that ' Purpose, sign any further or other Grant in the same Year, for ' Wheels, Reels or Looms, whereby there shall be a greater ' Charge than the Sum of Three thousand Pounds occasioned in ' that Year for such Purposes, every such Grant shall be null and void, and no Receipt or Voucher for the same shall be allowed in their Accounts; nor shall any Part of the Money intrusted to them to promote the Linen and Hempen Manufactures be applied to pay the same: And Whereas it is fit and proper that the said Trustees should have full Power and Authority to ' appropriate the Monies annually granted to them by Parliament, ' in such Manner as shall appear to them most conducive to promote and encourage the said Manufactures, according to the ' Terms and the true Intent and Meaning in and with which such Monies are annually granted; and it is therefore expedient to repeal the said recited Clause: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, As to Restriction this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of tion of approthe same, That the said Clause, and every Part thereof, be and priating more the same is hereby repealed, and rendered null and void; any than 3000l. for Utensils renealed. standing.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Trustees may Day of October next, it shall and may be lawful for the said grant any Sum: Trustees, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to Reals Looms grant any such Sum or Sums of Money as the said Trustees may &c. think expedient, for procuring Wheels, Reels, Looms or other Utensils, to be employed and distributed in any Manner as shall appear to them best calculated to promote such Manufactures, and otherwise to dispose of their Funds in such Manner as they shall think proper, for the Encouragement of the said Manufactures.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall not be No Premium lawful for such Trustees in any Case to grant any Sum or Sums on Articles en-of Money, or Premium, in the Way of Bounty or Allowance, titled to Bounty on any Fabric of the Linen Manufacture which is or shall be on Exportation. entitled to any Bounty upon the Exportation thereof from any Part of the United Kingdom.

' IV. And Whereas the said Trustees have been from time to time empowered, by Acts of Parliament now in force, to ap-

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Officers have been abolished by the said Trustees, and the Duties of other Offices have been increased, and are, as reporte on by the Committee on the Linen Trade of last Session in the · Case of County Inspectors, inadequately and injudicious remunerated; and further and additional Officers have in some Cases become necessary by reason of the Increase of the sa Manufactures: And Whereas Doubts have arisen, whether the · Payment of such Persons, so employed by the said Trustet is authorized under the Laws which regulate their Power Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the First Day October next, it shall and may be lawful to the said Trustees, r they are hereby authorized and empowered, subject hovever the Conditions and Restrictions hereinafter mentioned, to sppofrom time to time, and at all times, in any Mode or Man they shall think fit, all such Officers and Servants, and Pers before described, as shall appear to the said Trustees to be nece sary or expedient for the Purpose of carrying into effectual E ecution the Trusts committed to the Charge of the said Truster with such Salaries and Allowances, or Increase of Salary, a the said Trustees shall seem suitable, subject however to the

' point sundry Officers and Servants, at certain Salaries at Allowances, towards enabling the said Trustees to execute wi Energy and Effect the different Trusts committed to the · Care: And Whereas some of the Offices held by the sa

**Appointments** not valid, unless made at a Meeting of 12 Trustees.

Trustees may

with Salaries,

s they may

think necessary.

appoint Officers and Servants,

Such Appointment of Officers not valid without Appro-bation of Lord

Lieutenont.

Conditions and Restrictions hereinafter mentioned. V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any A pointment or Appointments of any such Officer or Officers & vant or Servants, Person or Persons as aforesaid, or of the Salary or Salaries, Allowance or Allowances, or any Incress a the Salary or Salaries, Allowance or Allowances, to be paid to them or any of them, shall not be valid and effectual, unless such Appointment or Appointments shall be made at a Meeting to be held pursuant to Notice for that Purpose, at which Twelve of more of the said Trustees shall be present. VI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That any Appainment or

Appointments of any Officer or Officers, Person or Person as aforesaid, or of the Salary or Salaries, Allowance or Allowance, or any Increase of the Salary or Salaries, Allowance or Allowance to be paid to them or any of them, made by the said Trustes at any Meeting to be held for that Purpose, at which Twelve of more Trustees shall be present, shall not be valid and effectual unless a Return in Writing of such Appointment or Appointments Salary or Salaries, Allowance or Allowances, or Increase Salary or Salaries, Allowance or Allowances, as aforesaid, money by the major Part in Number of the said Trustees present at such Meeting, shall be laid before the Lord Lieutenant or other (her Governor or Governors of Ireland, and Privy Council in Ireland. for the Time being, by delivering the same at the Office of the Clerk of the Privy Council Thirty one Days at the least before such Appointment or Appointments shall be intended to take Effect; and if the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor er Governors and Privy Council shall, within the said Thirty one Days, signify to the said Trustees in Writing their Disapprobation of such Appointment or Appointments respectively, or any of

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them, such Appointment or Appointments so objected to shall be of no Force or Effect.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Mode of Ap-Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal pointment of or after or affect the Mode or Manner of the Appointment of Inspectors of Linen and Yar Inspectors of Linen and Yar Inspectors of Linen and Yar not affected by Ireland under the Directions of the said Act made in the Twenty 21 & 22G.3. first and Twenty second Years of the Reign of King George the (I.) Third, or in an Act made in Ireland in the Twenty third and 23 & 24G.3. Twenty fourth Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty, for the (I.) further promoting the Linen and Hempen Manufactures, but that such Inspectors shall be appointed in such Mode and Manner as if this Act had not been made; but that any Increase of the Salaries of such County Inspectors or any of them shall be subject to the Regulations in this present Act contained, so far as the same relate to the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council.

VIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if the Lord Such Appoin Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, ments valid, i and Privy Council for the Time being, shall not within Thirty tenant do not one Days, to be computed from the Day of Delivery at the Office object as herei of the Clerk of the Council, in Manner aforesaid, such Return as aforesaid, signifying to the said Trustees in Manner aforesaid their Disapprobation of such Appointment or Appointments, the same shall, from the Time of the Expiration of the said Thirty one Days, stand in full Force and Effect, notwithstanding that such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and Privy Council, shall not have signified any express Approbation

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing Trustees may herein contained shall abridge or restrain, or be construed to dismiss Offiabridge or restrain the Power and Discretion of the said Trustees, to dismiss from their Service any Officer, Servant or other Person appointed and approved of in Manner aforesaid, who shall afterwards appear to have been guilty of any Neglect or improper Conduct in their Employment, and to nominate such others in their Stead as they shall think fit, subject nevertheless to the Provisions aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Act shall be deemed Five Trustee an Act of the said Trustees, unless there shall be at the least must be pre-Five of the said Trustees duly assembled by previous Summons sent. present at such Act; and that the Act of the Majority of the Majority bow Trustees present at any Meeting so assembled shall be and be far to bind. considered as the Act of the said Trustees, and be good and sufficient for all Purposes whatsoever, save and except as hereinbefore particularly mentioned, any Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

' XI. And Whereas the Commissioners of Public Accounts ap. 52G.3. c.52 ' pointed by an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign § 14. of King George the Third, intituled An Act to provide for the ' speedy and regular Examination and Audit of the Public Ac-

counts of Ireland, and to repeal certain former Acts relating thereto, have from time to time since their Appointment dis-

allowed, in the Discharge Part of the Accounts of the said ' Trustees, 3 G 4

' Trustees, several Items of Expence which the said Trustees ' incurred, apprehending themselves to be authorized so to do;

Lord Lieu-

tenant empowered to

allow such

Items of Ex-

pence incurred

by Trustees as

have been disallowed by

Commissioners

of Public Ac-

counts.

under the Power and Discretion vested in them by Parliament by the several annual Grants expressed and directed to be applied in such Manner as should appear to the said Trustees ' most conducive to promote and encourage the Linen and Hempen Manufactures: And Whereas the Time for exercising the Power vested in the Lord Lieutenant to remove the said Disallowances has long since expired, and it is expedient to ' make Provision for discharging the Accounts of the said Irotees from the said Disallowances; Be it therefore enacted. That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to cause and direct Inquiry to be made into all such Items, and also into any other Items of Disallowance made by the Commissioners of Imprest Accounts before the Existence of the said Commissioners of Accounts, in such Manner as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall think fit; and if it shall be made appear to the Satisfaction of the Lord Lietenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, on such Inquiry, that the Expenditure of such Sums so disallowed wanot made by the said Trustees with any partial or corrupt or fraudulent Intent, but solely with a view to execute the Trust reposed in them faithfully and honestly, for the Promotion and Advantage of the Manufactures committed to their Charge. it shall and may be lawful for such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland to order, by Warrant under his or their Hands and Seals, that every or any of such Items shall be allowed, and brought forward and allowed in the next Account of the said Trustees; any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Trustees may prosecute in the Name of their Seçretary.

'XII. And for the obviating and putting an End to Difficulties which have arisen in the carrying on and defending Criminal ' Prosecutions and Civil Suits by the Trustees of the Lines and ' Hempen Manufactories of Ireland in their own Name; Be it enacted, That all Actions and Suits to be commenced or instituted by or on Behalf of the said Trustees against any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall and lawfully may be commenced or instituted and prosecuted in the Name of the Clerk or Secretary for the Time being of the said Trustees, as the nominal Plaintiff for or on Behalf of the said Trustees; and that in all Indictments, Informations and Complaints of what Nature or Kind soever, for Fraud upon or against, or for Embezzlement. Robbery of or stealing the Property of the said Trustees or the Funds committed to their Charge, or for any other Offence committed against or with Intent to injure or defraud the said Trustees, it shall and may be lawful to state the said Property or Funds to be the Property of the Clerk or Secretary for the Time being of the said Trustees; and it shall be sufficient Proof that such Property or Funds be the Property or Funds of the said Clerk or Secretary, if the same shall be proved to be the Property or Funds of the said Trustees; and every Offence committed with Intent to injure or defraud the said Trustees shall and lawfully may in all Cases be laid to have been committed with Intent to injure

or defraud the said Clerk or Secretary for the Time being of the said Trustees, and any Offender or Offenders may thereupon be lawfully convicted of any such Offence; and the Death, Death, &c. of Resignation or Removal, or other Act of such Clerk or Secretary, shall not abate any such Action, Suit or Prosecution; and Ahatement of that in all such Cases it shall not be deemed necessary to name the said Trustees individually, but it shall be a sufficient Designation and Description of them to designate and describe them by the Name of "The Trustees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of Ireland;" and that such Designation and Description shall be as good, sufficient and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Trustees were a Corporate Body.

Secretary no

' XIII. And for the remedying Difficulties which have arisen in recovering from Packers, Sealmasters and Lappers and their ' Securities, the Amount of the Fines and Penalties legally imposed on the said Packers, Sealmasters and Lappers by the said Trustees; Be it enacted, That in all Complaints, Informations, Provisions as to Suits, Civil Bills or Actions, made, brought, commenced or pro- Trustees re secuted against any Packer, Sealmaster or Lapper, or their or any covering Fines of their Securities, a Certificate of the Clerk or Secretary of the masters and said Trustees for the Time being, under the Hand and Seal of Lappers. such Clerk or Secretary, shall be taken, deemed and adjudged full and sufficient Evidence that such Person is their Clerk or Secretary, and that the Persons therein for that Purpose named were respectively and duly appointed Packers, Sealmasters or Lappers by the said Trustees, and had acted as such in the several Matters in such Certificate contained; and that the Person or Persons therein for that Purpose mentioned was or were Security or Securities for such Packer, Sealmaster or Lapper respectively, and that the Fine or Fines, Penalty or Penalties therein contained, was or were duly and legally imposed by the said Trustees, or a competent Number of them, on the said Packers, Sealmasters or Lappers respectively, and that the Person or Persons in such Certificate named as Trustee or Trustees (if any should be named), was or were duly appointed a Trustee or Trustees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of Ireland; and that in all Actions brought or to be brought by the Secretary of the said Trustees against any Packer, Sealmaster or Lapper, or their or any of their Securities, upon any Bond or Bonds executed by them or any of them, for or on account of any Breach or Breaches of any of the said Bonds in the not paying of any Fine or Fines imposed on any of the said Packers, Sealmasters or Lappers respectively, it shall not be necessary to set forth the Cause or Occasion of any such Fines, or any of the Proceedings whereby the same was imposed; but it shall be sufficient in every such Case to set forth the Day on which such Fine was imposed, together with the Amount thereof, any Law or Statute to the

contrary in anywise notwithstanding.
'XIV. And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Persons before whom certain Complaints and Offences against the Laws ' made for regulating the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of ' Ireland are to be heard and determined; and it is expedient that ' the Method of Proceeding for determining all such Complaints ' and Offences be uniform and clearly understood;' Be it there-

Penalties not exceeding 61. may be recovered before any Trustee or Justice or Chief Magistrate.

C. 90.

Penalties exceeding 61. and not exceeding 40l. to be tried before Assistant Barrister.

Penalties above 40l. to be tried in Courts of King's Bench,

Where Actions for Recovery of Penalties exceeding 40l. to be laid.

fore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act all Offences or Breaches committed of or against any Clause or Article contained in any of the Acts of Parliament now in force for regulating the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of Ireland where the Penalty or Forfeiture does not or may not exceed a Value the Sum of Six Pounds Sterling, shall and may be hear and finally determined by any One or more of them, or he any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County or by any Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate where such Offences or Breaches shall be done or committee within their respective Jurisdictions; provided always, that ne such Determination shall be made, unless sufficient and reasonable Notice shall be given previously to the Party complained of and that all Offences committed against any Clause or Article contained in any of the Acts of Parliament aforesaid, where Penalty or Forfeiture shall exceed in Value the Sum of Six Pour Sterling, and shall not exceed Forty Pounds, shall and may! heard and finally determined in a summary Way by Civil # by the Assistant Barristers in their respective Counties; on wat Civil Bill the Parties may be at liberty to proceed by Process Appeal in the usual Way, in the respective Counties where Offences or Breaches shall respectively be done or committee or in the County in which the Defendant or Defendants in sac Civil Bill shall live, at the Option of the Plaintiff; or by the Re corder of the City of Dublin, or Chairman of the County ( Dublin for the Time being, where such Offences or Breach shall be committed in the County of the City of Datin. County of Dublin respectively; or in the said County or County where the Defendant or Defendants shall respectively live. the Option of the Plaintiff; and that the several Assistant Br risters, Recorder and Chairman, shall and may have full Post and Authority to hear and determine all such Offences or Breach of said Statutes, any Act to the contrary notwithstanding: 21 that if the Recorder or Chairman, or Assistant Barristers respec tively, shall think it necessary that a Jury shall be empanelled of the Trial of such Civil Bill, a Jury shall be returned metanter by the Sheriff or Sheriffs (for which such Sheriff or Sheriffs shar not receive any Fee or Reward) to try the same, and that !! Verdict given by such Jury shall be final and conclusive to the Parties in all Courts of Law and Equity; and that all Penalte or Forfeitures for Offences or Breaches done or committed of against any Clause or Article in this present Act or any other Act contained, where the Penalty or Forfeiture does or 1.1 exceed in Value Forty Pounds Sterling, shall or may be set for and recovered by Suit or Action at Law, or by Bill, Plaint of Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench Common Pleas or Exchequer, where no Essoign or Wager of Lat shall be allowed.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions or Suits to be brought, commenced and presecuted for Recevery of Forfeitures or Penalties for Offences or Breaches done or committed against any of the said Acts, where the Penalties or Ferfeiture shall exceed the Sum of Forty Pounds Sterling, the same shall be laid in the County, or in the County of the City, or the County

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of the Town, wherein such Offences or Breaches shall be committed, and no other.

' XVI. And to the End that all such Actions and Suits may be ' determined by a Jury of the County, or County of a City or ' County of a Town, wherein such Offences or Breaches shall be respectively done or committed; Be it enacted, That it shall Courts to exand may be lawful to and for the several Person or Persons, amine Witand Courts, hereby empowered to hear and determine the said nesses upon Offences respectively, to examine upon Oath all and every Oath, Witness and Witnesses as shall be produced before them respectively, which Oath they are hereby empowered respectively to administer, upon any Complaint or Information to him or them made of any Breach committed of or against the said Acts, or any of them; and to issue their Executions or Warrants respec- and to issue tively to the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the respective Counties, their Execu-Counties of Cities, Counties of Towns and Constables, requiring tions. and empowering him or them to execute the same, as in all other Cases is usual.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit In Action for shall be commenced or brought against any Person whatsoever, executing Act. for doing or causing to be done any Act, Matter or Thing in pursuance of any Act of Parliament for regulating the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of *Ireland*, or any Branch thereof, or any Thing relating thereto, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give General Issue. this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if upon such Action, or in such Suit, Judgment shall be given for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein shall become nonsuit, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit, that the Defendant or Defendants therein shall have Treble Treble Costs. Costs.

' XVIII. And Whereas by several Acts of Parliament now in force in *Ireland*, certain Duties are prescribed to and for the Sealmasters and Lappers of White Linen, appointed by the 'Trustees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of Ireland, 4 and Doubts have arisen as to what Fine or Fines, Penalty or 4 Penalties, said Sealmasters or Lappers of White Linen are in 4 several Cases liable, for acting contrary to the said Acts of Parliament, or by or before whom such Fine or Fines, or Penalty or Penalties, is or are to be recovered; Be it therefore enacted, That in all Cases whatsoever, wherein any Sealmaster or Lapper To what Fines of White Linen in Ireland shall act contrary to any of the Regu- Sealmasters or lations in any such Act or Acts specified, he shall for every such Lappers are Offence forfeit such Sum, not less than Ten Shillings, nor exceed-liable. ing Five Pounds Sterling, except where the same is otherwise particularly enacted, as the Person or Persons empowered to determine such Offences shall upon the Circumstances of the Case adjudge and determine; and that all such Fines and Penalties shall and may be recovered before the several Persons by this Act empowered to hear and determine all Offences against any of the Laws for regulating the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of Ireland, according to the Amount of such Fine or Fines, Penalty or Penalties respectively, except where the same is otherwise particularly enacted by any Act now in force. XIX. Pro-

Power of Trustees to fine Sealmasters and other Officers.

C. 90, 91.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act, or any Clause or Thing therein contained, shall not be deemed to take from the Trustees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures any Power of imposing any Fine or Fines upon any Sealmaster or Lapper of White Linen, or upon any Officer or Officers appointed or to be appointed by them, for any Fraud, Misbehaviour or Neglect in their respective Offices, which the said Trustees, or any Three or more of them, are by any Law new in force authorized to impose.

' XX. And Whereas the several Acts of Parliament now in force

' for regulating the Linen and Hempen Manufactures of Irdand, ' Linens are declared to be forfeited in sundry Cases in the said

· Acts specified, and it is nevertheless doubtful in such Case

' whether any Inspector General or Inspector of Linens, or other

' Person is by Law, empowered to seize said Linens; Be it enacted, That in all Cases where by any Act of Parliament any Piece or Pieces, or any Part of a Piece of Linen or Hempes Cloth, is or are declared to be forfeited, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Inspector General or Inspectors of Linens in his District to seize the same, and to dispose thereof according to Law.

Power to Officer of Trustees to seize Linen, &c. in all Cases where same is liable to Forfeiture.

#### CAP. XCI.

An Act to relieve His Majesty's Subjects from all Doubt concerning the Validity of certain Marriages solemnized about [18th July 1828.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to relieve the Minds of all His Majesty's Subjects from any Doubt concerning the ' Validity of Marriages solemnized by a Minister of the Church of England in the Chapel or House of any British Embassedor or Minister residing within the Country to the Court of which ' he is accredited, or in the Chapel belonging to any British Factory abroad, or in the House of any British Subject residing ' at such Factory, as well as from any Possibility of Doubt con-' cerning the Validity of Marriages solemnized within the British ' Lines by any Chaplain or Officer, or other Person officiating ' under the Orders of the Commanding Officer of a British Army ' serving abroad;' Be it declared and enacted, and it is hereby declared and enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled. and by the Authority of the same, That all such Marriages a aforesaid shall be deemed and held to be as valid in Law as if the same had been solemnized within His Majesty's Dominions, with 4 due Observance of all Forms required by Law.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall confirm or impair or any wise affect. or be construed to confirm or to impair or any wise to afect. the Validity in Law of any Marriages solemnized beyond the Seas, save and except such as have been or shall be solemnized in the Places, Form and Manner herein specified and

recited.

Marriages solemnized abroad in British Factories, &c. declared valid.

Proviso for Marriages solemnized beyond Sea.

# CAP. XCIL

An Act for extending the Annuity granted to Earl Saint Vincent to the present Viscount Saint Vincent and the next Person to whom the Title of Viscount Saint Vincent shall descend. [18th July 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Parliament of Ircland in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His late 38G.s. c. 6 Majesty, intituled An Act for settling and securing a certain (I.)

Annuity on John Earl Saint Vincent, and the Two next Persons

to whom the Title of Earl Saint Vincent shall descend, in Consideration of the eminent Service performed by the said John Earl Saint Vincent to His Majesty and the Public; whereby an Annuity of One thousand Pounds British Currency was

settled and secured to the said John Earl Saint Vincent for and during his natural Life, and from and after his Decease unto

the Two next succeeding Heirs Male of the Body of the said

John Earl Saint Vincent, on whom the said Title, Honour and Dignity of Earl Saint Vincent shall descend, for and during their ' patural Lives: And Whereas the said John Earl Saint Vincent

departed this Life on the Thirteenth Day of March last, without Issue; and it is expedient that the said Annuity of One

4 thousand Pounds, granted by the said recited Act should be extended and secured to and settled upon Edward Jervis,

one Viscount Saint Vincent, and the next Person on whom the 'Title of Viscount Saint Vincent shall descend: Be it therefore

enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth The Annuity Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twenty two of recited Act (being the Quarterly Day of Payment of the said former Annuity settled upon the Quarterly Day of Payment of the said John late Earl Saint Viscount Saint Price of the said John late Earl Saint Vincent, &c. as Vincent) the Annuity of One thousand Pounds British Currency berein mengranted by the said first recited Act shall go and be extended, tioued. secured and paid to, and settled upon the said Edward Jervis. now Viscount Saint Vincent, for and during his natural Life, and after his Decease unto and upon the next Person on whom the said Title, Honour and Dignity of Viscount Saint Vincent shall descend, for and during his natural Life; any thing in the said recited Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said extended Annuity Annuity paid of One thousand Pounds British Currency shall be charged, subject to secured and paid in the same Manner, and with, under and subject granting and Armerican Arme to the same Regulations, Powers, Remedies and Provisions, in all respects, as are enacted and provided in and by an Act passed to Earl Saint in the Parliament of Great Britain in the said Thirty eighth Year Vincent, which of the Reign of His said late Majesty with respect to a certain was extended to Annuity of Two thousand Pounds thereby settled and secured Two other to the said John late Earl Saint Vincent, and the Two next 46G.3. c.50. Persons on whom the Title of Earl Saint Vincent should descend, and which, by an Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, was extended to the Two next Persons to whom the Title of Viscount Saint Vincent was limited.

# CAP. XCIII.

An Act to divide the County of Cork, for the Purpose of holding additional General Sessions therein.

[18th July 1823.]

WHEREAS the County of Cork is very extensive and populous, and it is requisite, for the due Administration of Justice within the said County, and the Preservation of the Peace therein, that General Sessions of the Peace should be ' holden frequently therein;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Common, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, for the Purpose of holding the General Sessions of the Peace in the said County of Cork, and for and in respect of all Matters relating to such General Sessions but not for any other Purpose or in any other Respect, the said County of Cork shall be and the same is hereby declared to be divided into Two Ridings, Districts or Divisions, to be called the East Riding and the West Riding of the County of Cort and that the East Riding of the said County of Cork shall comprize and contain the Baronies and the Liberties following that is to say, the Barony of Duhallow, the Barony or united Baronies of Orrery and Kilmore, the Barony or united Baronies of Coudons and Clongibbons, the Barony of Fermoy, the Barony of Kinnatalloon, the Barony of Imokilly, the Barony of Kerry Currihy, the Barony of Kinnalea, the Barony of Barrymore. the Barony of Barretts, the Barony of East Muskerry, (except only the Parishes of Aheena and Ahabullog within the said Barony, the Liberties of the City of Cork, the Liberties of Youghall, and the Liberties of Kinsale; and the West Riding of the said County of Cork shall comprize and contain the Baronies and Parts and Divisions of the Baronies following; that is to say, the Baronies of Beer or Bear, the Barony of Bantry, the Barony of has Muskerry, the Parishes of Aheena and Ahabullog in the Barray of East Muskerry, the Barony of Kinalmeaky, the Barony of Courcies, the Barony or united Baronies of Ibanne and Barrers. otherwise called Barryroe and Ibanne, and the Baronies of Eur Carbery and West Carbery, consisting of the Eastern and Western Divisions of East Carbery, and the Eastern and Western Division of West Carbery; and from and after the said First Day of September the said County is hereby declared to be divided

General Sessions the County of Cork divided into Two Ridings.

For holding

Rest Riding described.

West Riding described.

Such Divisions not to alter any Privilege or Jurisdiction.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That such Division of the said County of Cork, for the Purposes aforesaid, shall not be extended nor construed to extend to change or alter, or to limit or abridge, or abolish, any Power, Authority, Jurisdiction, Right, Duty or Privilege of any High Sheriff, Sub Sheriff, or Under Sheriff, Justice of the Peace, or other Magistrate, Clerk of the Crown, Clerk of the Peace, or other Officer whatsoever, of or in the said County, who shall at the passing of this Act, or at any Time after the passing of this Act, shall hold, exercise or enjoy any such Office, or any other Civil Office whatever within

accordingly for the Purposes aforesaid, and no other.

C. 93.

in the said County of Cork; but that all the Powers, Autho-4, Jurisdictions, Rights, Duties and Privileges of such Officers continue in force and be exercised and carried into Effect ighout the said County of Cork, in like Marmer, to all its and Purposes whatsoever, as if this Act had not been or made, except only so far as it is expressly provided and

ted by this Act.

. And be it further enacted, That Five General Sessions of Regulations for eace shall be holden in the Course of every Year, in each holding Five 'eace shall be holden in the Course of every rear, in each General Sessions and Ridings or Divisions, so that one General Sessions in the be holden in every Month, excepting in the Two Months East and West hich the General Assizes shall be holden for the County at Riding. ; and that such General Sessions shall be holden aftery in the East Riding and in the West Riding of the said ty, and at such Times that there shall, if possible, be Three Weeks between the End of the Session in one of the said igs or Divisions and the Beginning of the ensuing Session in ther of the said Ridings or Divisions; and that such General In what Places ions shall be holden in the East Riding of the said County, in the East nately in the City of Cork and in the Towns of Middleton, Riding Genebe holden in the West Riding of the said County, alter. ly in the Towns of Bandon, Macroom (otherwise called romp), Bantry, Skibbereen and Clonakilty; and that the first eral Sessions for the said East Riding shall be held as soon may be in the Month of September One thousand eight dred and twenty three, in the City of Cork; and that the Where in the General Session for the said West Riding shall be held West Riding. he Month of October, in the Town of Bandon; and that subsequent General Sessions of the Peace shall be holden mately in the said East and West Ridings, at the several Towns above mentioned, in the said respective Ridings, he Order in which such Towns are hereinbefore named, and rom Year to Year in the like Order: Provided always, that Proviso for peung herein contained shall be taken to alter or affect the riods of holding mer of making known the Periods at which the several Sessions. sions shall be held.

V. And be it further enacted, That for the Purpose of In all Proding the said General Sessions of the Peace, and of all Matters cesses County nected with or relating to such General Sessions, the said shall be disblidings or Divisions shall be distinct and separate Counties, tinguished by shall be deemed and considered and shall be distinguished East Riding, such by the Name and Description of Cork County East and Cork ing, and Cork County West Riding, in all Warrants, Processes County West Proceedings relative to any Matters determinable at any Riding. <sup>a</sup>General Sessions respectively; and that all such Matters Causes shall be heard, tried and determined, and all such ceedings shall be had and done at such General Sessions, each of such Ridings respectively, for and in respect of tters arising within the said Ridings respectively, as might e been heard, tried, determined, had or done, at any General Quarter Session of the Peace for the County of Cork, under Act or Acts, or Law or Laws in force immediately before the sing of this Act, for and in respect of Matters arising within

No Process removable from one Riding to the other.

ing, nor any Cause, Matter or Thing whatever, shall be remove or removeable, or transferred or transferrable, from any Gener Session to be holden in either of the said Ridings to any General Session holden in the other of the said Ridings; and no Decre or other Order or Proceeding at any General Session to be hold in either of the said Ridings shall be of any Validity, Force t Effect, nor shall or may be executed or be enforced or put in ecution in the other of the said Ridings, otherwise than if said respective Ridings were Two distinct and separate Counting and any and every Person, who shall be charged in either of the said respective Ridings with any Offence cognizable at the General Sessions, shall be held to bail, and shall be arraigned and the in that Riding only in which the Offence shall be charged alleged or supposed to have been committed; and all Justices the Peace and Magistrates shall and they are hereby authorid and required to return any Informations, for Offences taken bell them, to the General Sessions to be holden within the Riding which such Offence shall be charged or alleged or supposed have been committed.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law

the said County at large; and that no Process, Plea or Proceed

Persons chargeable with Offences to be tried only in the Riding where committed.

Lord Lieutenant to appoint a Barrister to act as an Assistant to the Justices in each Riding.

to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor Governors of Ireland for the Time being, from time to time, case he or they shall think fit so to do, to nominate and appear a practising Barrister at Law of Six Years standing at the less or who shall have actually practised Six Years, and shall not the Time of his Appointment have retired from Practice in

The present Assistant Barrister for Cork may be appointed.

Powers of Assistant Bar-

rister :

His Salary.

Majesty's Courts of Law in Dublin for more than Two Years, act as an Assistant to the Justices at the several Sessions of Peace, and Adjournments thereof, to be holden under this for the East Riding of the said County of Cork; and in Manner to appoint another Barrister, qualified in like Manner to act as such Assistant at the several Sessions of the Part and Adjournments thereof, to be holden for the West Ridge the said County of Cork; and that it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Irdeal for the Time being, to nominate and appoint the Barrister who at the Time of the passing of this Act shall hold the Office of Australia Barrister of the said County of Cork to be the Assistant Barrists. or to be One of the said Two Assistant Barristers, for both either of the said Ridings of the said County, as shall seen & to such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of Ireland; and that the said Two Assistant Barristers respectively, in case Two shall be appointed, shall have all such Powers Jurisdictions and Authority, in and for such Riding of the said County for which they shall be respectively appointed, as the Assistant Barrister for the County of Cork heretofore had in and for the whole of the said County, and as any Assistan Barrister can or may have in or for any County in Ireland; and it shall and may be lawful for each of such Assistant Barristers severally and respectively to receive, and to be paid, the like yearly Salary as is payable to or receivable by the Assistant

Barrister of any County in Ireland under the Provisions of say

Act or Acts in force in Ireland at the Time of the passing of this

VI. And be it further enacted, That the several Days to be High Sheriff, from time to time appointed for commencing and holding the several alternate General Sessions of the Peace in the East and West Ridings of the said County of Cork, pursuant to the Directions of this Act, shall be from time to time ascertained and settled by the High Sheriff of the said County of Cork, the said commencing Two Assistant Barristers to be appointed for the said Ridings, and the Clerk of the Peace of the said County of Cork, in concert with several alternate each other; and that no such General Sessions shall be holden in Sessions, &c. either of the said Ridings in the Month of August in any Year, nor in the Month in which the General Spring Assizes for the County of Cork shall be holden in any Year; and if it shall happen that any such Spring Assizes in the said County shall in any Year commence so near the Conclusion of any Month as to be continued into the next Month, the said High Sheriff, Assistant Barristers and Clerk of the Peace shall determine in which of the said Two Months a General Session shall be holden; and such General Session shall in all Cases be holden at such time that there shall be One clear Week at least between the first or last Days of such Sessions and the last or first Day of the General Assize for the County.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may Lord Lieube lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or tenant, on Re-Governors of Ireland, on the Representation of the Grand Jury at any Assizes for the said County of Cork, to nominate and apmay appoint point any other Town or Place, in the East Riding or West Riding other Towns in of the said County respectively, for the holding of any General the East or Sessions under this Act, in lieu of or alternately with any Town in such Riding mentioned in this Act; and such General Sessions shall be holden at such Town or Place so to be nominated and appointed in lieu of or alternately with any Place in this Act mentioned, and as if such Town or Place had been specified in this

Act.

# CAP. XCIV.

An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Spirits distilled from Corn or Grain in Scotland and Ireland, and upon Licences for Stills for making such Spirits; and to provide for the better collecting and securing such Duties, and for the warehousing of such Spirits without Payment of Duty.

[18th *July* 1823.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties on Spirits distilled from Corn or Grain in Scotland and Ireland should be made equal, and that the Regulations for the Collection of the said Duties, and for the Distillation and Manufacture of such Spirits, and for the warehousing of such Spirits without Payment of Duty, should be assimilated in Scotland and Ireland: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; And be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, 4 Gro. IV.

Two Assistant Barristers and Peace, to settle and bolding the

presentation of Grand Jury, West Riding for holding Ge-

regulati".

Existing Laws for granting Duties on Spirits, and regulating the Trade of Distillers of Spirits in Scotland and Ireland, repealed from the Commencement of this Act.

Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencemen of this Act so much and such Parts of the several Acts herein after mentioned, and of all and every other Acts and Act u force immediately before the Commencement of this Act, to granting any Duty on Wash or Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain in Scotland and Ireland respectively, or upo Licences for keeping of Stills for making such Spirits, or to regulating the Distillation of such Spirits, as relate or relate to the Persons licensed to make or distil such Spirits, or to keep such Stills, or as relates or relate to the making or distilling any

the granting or charging of any Duty upon or in respect of as Licence granted to such Persons, or upon or in respect of the Wash made or Spirits distilled by such Persons so licensed or t the allowing any Drawback on the Exportation of such Spirits ! any Place except Great Britain, or to the warehousing of su Spirits without Payment of Duty, shall cease and determine, at be repealed; that is to say, so much and such Part as afores

such Spirits, by any Person licensed to keep any such Still, et :

3G.4. c.52.

of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled ! Act to grant certain Duties in Scotland upon Wash and Spring made from Corn or Grain, and upon Licences for making . keeping of Stills, and to regulate the Distillation of such Spirits ! Home Consumption, and for better preventing private Distillative Scotland until the Tenth Day of November One thousand a hundred and twenty four; and also of an Act made in the san

Session of Parliament, intituled An Act to allow, until the Iral

3G.4. c.111.

Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty !!! the Exportation of Spirits distilled from Corn for Home Couper tion in Scotland to Parts beyond Seas, without Payment of Is Duty of Excise chargeable thereon, except only so much of said Act as permits the Exportation to foreign Parts of Spinis tilled from Malt made of Bear or Bigg; and also of an Act main the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Ger

50G.3. c.15.

the Third, intituled An Act to grant to His Majesty Dura with Spirits made or distilled in Ireland from Corn, to allow orthin Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof, to make further Regularies for the Encouragement of licensed Distillers, and for amending it Laws relating to the Distillery in Ireland; and also of an Act mish in the Fifty second Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intin-

52G.3. c.46.

53G.S. c. 94.

46G,3. c.88.

52G.S. c.48.

An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Spirits made or " tilled in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exports thereof, and to repeal certain Bounties given to Persons licenses sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer and Ale, by Retail in Ireland and also of an Act, intituled An Act to grant an additional De. of Excise on Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain in In-

land; and also of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to provide for the regularis and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Inland, and the warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation, or

any Act or Acts for altering or amending the said recited Acts the said Forty sixth Year, or any of the Provisions therein con tained; and also of an Act made in the Fifty second Year of lisaid late Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to provide for the

regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland from Corn, malted or unmalted, in Stills of and under One hundred Gallons Content, or of any Act or Acts for amending the said Act of the said Fifty second Year, or any of the Provisions therein contained; and also of an Act made in the Fifty seventh Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, intituled An 57G.3. c.110. Act to make further Regulations for the better collecting and securing the Duties upon Spirits distilled in Ireland; and also of an Act made in the Fifty second Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, 52G.3. c.30. intituled An Act to provide for regulating the warehousing of Spirits distilled from Corn in Ireland for Exportation, without Payment of the Duty of Excise chargeable thereon, and to transfer the Custody of Spirits so warehoused from the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, and their Officers, to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and their Officers, or in any Act or Acts for amending the said Act, or any of the Provisions therein contained; and also so much of an Act made in the Third 3G.4. e.so. Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for \$ 14-16. reducing, during the Continuance of the present Duty on Malt, the Duty on Malt made from Bear or Bigg only in Scotland, as relates to the Exportation of Spirits; and so much and such Parts only as Recited Acts aforesaid of the said several Acts, and of all and every other such repealed; Acts and Act as aforesaid, are hereby repealed accordingly; save except as they and except so far as the said Acts, or any of them, repeal or repeal former repeals any former Act or Acts, or any Part or Parts of any Acts; and former Act or Acts; and except also so far as the said Acts, or rear of Duties any of them, relate or relates to the charging, recovering, prose- and Penalties; cuting, suing for, levying, paying, accounting for, allowing, abating or mitigating of any Duty or any Arrear thereof, or any Drawback of such Duty, which shall have been or shall be chargeable or payable on any such Spirits under the said Acts or any of them, or of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for any Offence against the said Acts or any of them, which shall have been or shall be committed at any Time on or before the Commencement of this Act: all which Suits or other Proceedings, Matters and Things, shall and may be had and proceeded on, and shall remain and be to all Intents and Purposes whatever, as if the said Acts had not been repealed in Manner aforesaid: Provided always, that nothing Provise for Reherein contained shall in any way extend or be construed to extend gulations for to repeal, alter or affect any Clauses, Rules, Regulation or Pro- illicit Distilvisions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating to the private unlation; lawful Distillation of Spirits in Scotland or Ireland, by any Person and for Reguor Persons not duly licensed, or relating to the rectifying and com-pounding of the Spirits, or the Rectifiers or Compounders thereof Rectifiers, &c. in Scotland or Ireland, or relating to Permits for the Removal of of Spirits, &c.; Spirits, or to Licences for the making or using of Stills by Persons mits; not being Distillers of Spirits, or relating to Dealers in or Retailers of Spirits, which are contained in any of the said recited Acts, or in any other Act or Acts, and which shall or may be in force in Scotland and Ireland respectively, at the Time of the Commencement of this Act; but that all such Clauses, Rules, Regulations or Provisions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures in the said Acts, shall remain in force to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been made, except so far as the same or any of them are ex-

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pressly

and for 54 G.S.
c. 149. as to
Intercourse of
Spirits between
G.B. and Ireland.

Licences to Scotch Distillers to cease on 9th Oct. 1823, and all Excesses paid for up to that Time.

New Duties granted on Corn Spirits distilled in Scotland or Ireland.

Duty on warehoused Spirits taken out for Home Consumption.

Duty on Licences to keep Stills for distilling Spirits. pressly altered by this Act; and that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or affect an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to regulate, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Trade is Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland reciprocally, or any Act or Acts for amending or continuing the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year, except only in such Cases where any Clause or Provision of the said Acts, or any of them, for the Regulation of such Intercourse, are expressly altered or repealed by this Act.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Licences of

all Distillers in Scotland licensed under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, for granting Duties in Scotland upon Wash and Spirits made from Corn or Grain, shall cease and determine on the Ninth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, and that such Distillers shall be chargeable and charged with and shall pay Duty on any Quantity of Spirits, exceeding the several Rates mentioned and expressed in the said recited Act, made and produced in the Distillery of any such Distiller in the Period ending on the said Ninth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, during which the Distiller shall have worked under the said recited Act, in like Manner as such Distiller would have been chargeable and liable to pay for such Excess on the Ninth Day of November, or at the End of every Period of distilling under the said recited Act; any thing in the said recited Act or in this Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Conmencement of this Act, within and through Scotland and Ireland respectively, there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, pad and satisfied, unto and to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Duties of Excise following; that is to say For and upon every Gallon, English Wine Measure, of Spirits of the Strength of Hydrometer Proof, as denoted by the Hydrometer called Sykes's Hydrometer, which at any Time after the Conmencement of this Act shall be made or distilled in any Part of Scotland or Ireland, from any Wort or Wash brewed or made from Malt, or from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, or any Mixture thereof, by any Person or Persons whomsoever, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by this Act, the Sum of Two Shillings British Currency, and so in proportion for any greater or less Degree of Strength, and for any greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the First Maker or Distiller of such Spirits: For and upon every such Gallon of such Spirits, of such Strength as aforesaid, which shall have been or shall be warehoused in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores without Payment of Duty, and which at any Time after the Commencement of this Act shall be taken out of Warehouse for Home Consumption, the Sum of Two Shillings British Currency, and so in proportion for any greater or less Degree of Strength, or any greater or less Quantity: For and upon any Licence to any Person or Persons to keep any Still or Stills for the Purpose of making or distilling Spirits in any Part of Scotland or Ireland from Corn or Grain, the Sum of Ten Pounds British Currency, to be paid by the Persons taking out such Licences

Licences respectively: Which said Duties shall be in lieu and full satisfaction of all Duties granted on such Spirits and Licences respectively by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Scotland or Ireland immediately before the Commencement of this Act; save and except such Duties on Spirits as have been granted, for local Purposes only, by any Act or Acts of Parliament.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall, Drawbacks on at any Time after the Commencement of this Act, export from Spirits exported Scotland or Ireland respectively to Foreign Parts, Spirits distilled from Warehouse in Scotland and Ireland respectively from Corn or Grain, and to foreign Parts. which shall have been warehoused without Payment of the Duty of Excise thereon, shall be entitled to and shall receive for every Gallon of such Spirits, in respect of the Duty on Malt used in the making of such Spirits, a Drawback or Allowance of Three Pence British Currency, for every Gallon of Spirits of the Strength of Hydrometer Proof; which said Drawback shall be in lieu and full satisfaction of all Drawbacks in respect of the Malt used in the making of Spirits, and payable under any Act or Acts in force immediately before the Commencement of this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising from the Duties carried Duties by this Act imposed, the necessary Charges of raising and to Consolidated accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid Fund. into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United King-

dom of Great Britain and Ireland.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Drawbacks by this Act imposed and allowed shall be under the Management of the Commissioners. Management of the Commissioners of Excise for the Time being; of Excise, and and shall be raised, levied, collected, recovered, secured and paid to be levied and allowed by such Persons, at such Times, and in such Manner, under this Act and by such Ways and Means as are hereinafter directed and set and former Exforth, and under such Management, and under and subject to cise Laws. such Rules, Regulations, Conditions, Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Powers of adjudging and mitigating Penalties and Forfeitures, and with and subject to such Powers, and to the like Rules and Directions, and by such Methods, and in such Manner and Form, and in or by any of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods, by which other Duties or Drawbacks of Excise may be raised, levied, collected and recovered, and paid and allowed, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if all such Rules, Regulations, Conditions, Penalties and Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act; except only so far as the same are expressly altered or repealed y this Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Com- No Person nencement of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Person or shall keep any Persons, in Scotland or Ireland, to have or keep any Still what- Still whatever resons, in Scotland or Ireland, to have or keep any Still what-ver for the Purpose of making or distilling Spirits from Corn or Frain, without having first obtained a Licence under the Provisions of ions of this Act, signed by the Commissioners of Excise, or any this Act. Two of them, or by any Person to be for that Purpose authorized y the said Commissioners, or any Two of them; and every such icence shall and may be according to such Form, and shall conain such Particulars, as the said Commissioners of Excise, or any

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Provise for Partnerships. Two of them, shall and may from time to time direct and appoint; and every such Licence to be granted under the Provisions of this Act shall continue in force until and upon the Tenth Day of October next after the Date thereof, and no longer: Provided always, that Persons in Partnership carrying on Trade or Business in One House or Place only shall not be obliged to take out more than One such Licence in any One Year; and that no One Licence which shall be granted by virtue of this Act shall authorize or empower any Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to have, keep or make use of any Still, or to prepare or make any Wort or Wash, or to distil any Wash, Low Wines or Spirits in any other House or Premises than the House or Premises mentioned in such Licence.

Licence to be renewed annually.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person, at any Time after the Tenth Day of October next after the Date of any such Licence for keeping a Still, which shall be granted to such Person under this Act, to continue to keep or work or to use any Still, or to brew or make any Wort or Wash or to distil any Low Wines, Spirits or Feints, until such Person shall have obtained a new Licence, and shall have performed such Requisites as are required and directed by this Act to be done, either previously or subsequently to obtaining the first or original Licence, and so in every Year, so long as such Person shall continue the Business of a Distiller; and if any Person shall continue to keep or work, or shall use any Still, or shall make a brew any Wort or Wash, or shall distil any Low Wine, Spirits or Feints contrary hereto, every such Person shall in every such care forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and all such Wort, Wash Low Wines, Spirits and Feints, and every such Still, with the Head and Worm thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

Working without renewal.

Penalty 200L

No Still of less than 40 Gallons.

No Licence for Still of less Content than 500 Gallons without Certificate of Three Justices.

IX. And be it furthet enacted, That no Licence to be granted under the Provisions of this Act, shall authorize any Person to have, keep or make use of any Still or other Utensil for the making or distilling of Spirits from Corn or Grain, which shall be of less Capacity or Content than Forty Gallons.

X. And be it further enacted, That before any Licence shall be granted under this Act to any Person to have, keep or make use of any Still for making or distilling Spirits, which shall be of less Content than Five hundred Gallons, such Person shall produce to the Commissioners of Excise a Certificate in Writing, under the Hands of Three Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Town, that such Person is of good Character, and is a fit and proper Person to be licensed to keep such Still; and that the Premises in and upon which such Person purposes to erect such Still, and of which such Person shall be in actual Possession are of the yearly Value of Ten Pounds at the least: Provided always, that in case any such Still shall be intended to be kept by Two or more Persons in Partnership, such Certificate, with relation to any one of them, shall be sufficient; and in such case k shall be lawful for the Person granting such Licence to enter therein the Names of all the Persons concerned in such Partnership.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any Person or Persons lirsons who under this Act shall be licensed to keep and who censed for Still ill actually keep and use a Still for making or distilling Spirits of 500 Gallons m Corn or Grain, of the Content of Five hundred Gallons or upwards may keep smaller wards, shall and may be licensed to keep a Still or Stills of less Stills. ntent under the Provisions of this Act, without the Production any such Certificate, any thing in this Act to the contrary nothstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Commissioners for the Commissioners of Excise, or any Two of them, if they may refuse Liill deem it expedient so to do, to refuse to grant or to prohibit cences for Sulls granting of any Licence under this Act, to any Person to long Contents, ep any Still of less Content than Five hundred Gallons, not-stating the hstanding the Production of any Certificate of the Justices as Grounds; resaid; and in every case when any such Licence shall be used, the Commissioners of Excise shall and they are hereby uired to state, in Writing under their Hands, to the Persons o shall have signed such Certificate, the Grounds of such their fusal.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- and may refuse for the Commissioners of Excise, or any Two of them, to re- to license Stills s Act, to any Person to keep any Still of any Content whatherein deer, for the making or distilling of Spirits in content whatherein deer, for the making or distilling of Spirits, in any Building or scribed; ace in which, from the local Situation thereof, in respect to and to grant y Distillery for rectifying or compounding of Spirits, or in re-ect to any Brewery or Vinegar Manufactory, it may appear to said Commissioners, or any Two of them, not to be expedient grant a Licence to keep such Still; and it shall also be lawfor the said Commissioners, or any Two of them, to refuse to ant or to prohibit the granting of any Licence to any Person keep any Still or Stills for rectifying or compounding Spirits, any Licence to brew Beer, Porter or Ale for Sale, or to make negar for Sale, on any Premises in which, from their local Situan in respect to any Distillery, it shall appear to the said Comssioners inexpedient to grant any such Licences respectively.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller or Person Distilleries ho shall be licensed under this Act to keep any Still for making more than One r distilling Spirits, in any Distillery not being situate in a Market Mile from own or within One Mile thereof, shall provide (if required so to Market Town, by the Commissioners of Excise or any One of them), fit and to provide Lodgings or Rooms for the Residence of the Officer or Officers, or fficers of Excise, who may from time to time be placed in Charge Commissioners such Distillery, at some convenient Situation, to be approved may suspend or by the Collector of Excise, and not forming any Part of the revoke Licence. welling House, Residence or Distillery of such Distiller, and at asonable Cost, not exceeding Ten Pounds a Year; and if any erson so licensed shall refuse or neglect to provide such Lodgigs as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of xcise, or any Two of them, to suspend or revoke and annul any icence granted to such Person under this Act.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Commissioners al for the Commissioners of Excise, or any Two of them, to sus- may revoke Liend or to revoke or annul the Licence of any Distiller licensed cence of Dis-3 H 4

under tiller for ob-

structing Offi-

under this Act, who shall be convicted under this or any other Act, for obstructing or preventing any Officer or his Assistant in or from entering into any Distillery, or any House, Outhouse Store or other Place whatsoever of such Distiller, or for obstruct ing or preventing any Officer or his Assistant in or from doing any Part of his Duty in the Execution of this or any other Act.

Distiller whose Licence is revoked working before Renewal. Penalty.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller whose Licence shall have been suspended, revoked or annulled, under the Provisions of this Act, shall make or brew any Wort or Wash. or shall distil any Low Wines, Spirits or Feints in such Distilery. until such Suspension shall have been recalled or a new Licence shall have been obtained by such Distiller, every such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and all such Wort Wash, Low Wines, Spirits and Feints, and all Vessels and Utensit containing the same, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by as Officer of Excise: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise, or any Two of them, to refuse it their Discretion to recal such Suspension, or to grant any such new Licence for such Distillery.

Distillers dis tilling Spirits from Material other than Grain.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawn for any Distiller in Scotland or Ireland, licensed under this Acto make or brew any Wort or Wash, or to make or distil and Spirits from Sugar or from any Materials other than Malt, Com Grain, or any Mixture thereof; and if any such Distiller sha make or brew any Wort or Wash, or shall make or distil = Spirits from Sugar or from any Materials other than Malt, Cor. or Grain, or some Mixture thereof, such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and all such Wort, Wash and Spirit shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

Penalty.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shi be licensed to keep any Still for distilling Spirits, after being licensed and before making such Entry as is by this Act required. of any Still or other Vessel or Utensil to be used by such Persor. shall erect and keep the several Vessels hereinafter enumerated. and in the Manner and for the Purposes hereinafter described: that is to say, One Vessel to be called a Wash Charger, one other Vessel to be called a Low Wines Receiver, one other Vessel to be called a Low Wines and Feints Charger, one other Vessel to be called a Feints Receiver, and one other Vessel to be called a Spirit Receiver.

After Licence, and before Dis. tiller make Entry he shall erect certain Chargers and Receivers.

**Undue Number** Receivers.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That there shall no of Chargers and be erected or kept in any Distillery more than One such Wast Charger and One such Spirit Receiver, nor more than Two such Low Wines Receivers, nor more than Two such Feints Receivernor more than Two such Low Wines and Feints Chargers; and: any greater Number of such Vessels and Utensils as aforesaid shall be found in any Distillery, the Distiller in whose Distillery the same shall be found shall forfeit Two hundred Pounds; 25d all such Vessels exceeding the Number aforesaid, together with the Contents thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every such Wash Charger

Penalty.

Description of Wash Charger. shall be a close covered Vessel, connected with the Wash Still by one close Metal Pipe having a Cock thereon, one End of which

Pipe shall be fixed to the Bottom of such Wash Charger, and the other End thereof shall be affixed to such Still; and to such Wash Charger there shall be one other close Metal Pipe having a Cock thereon, one End of which Pipe shall be attached to the Pump placed in the Jack Back, if any such Vessel shall be used, or otherwise to the Pipe or Trough communicating with the Fermenting Wash Backs, and the other End of such Pipe shall be fixed to such Wash Charger, and such Charger shall not have any Communication with any other Vessel or Utensil whatever; and every such Low Wines Receiver shall be a close covered Description of Vessel, with a Pump fixed therein for the Conveyance of Low Wines Wines from such Receiver into the Low Wines Charger or Receiver. Chargers, and there shall be one close Metal Pipe attached to and leading directly from the Safe at the End of the Worm of the Wash Still, and fixed to such Low Wines Receiver, which Receiver shall not have any Communication with any Vessel or Utensil whatsoever, except as aforesaid; and every such Feints Description of Receiver shall be a close covered Vessel, with a Pump fixed Feints Retherein for the Conveyance of Feints from such Receiver into the coiver. Low Wines Charger or Chargers, and there shall be one close Metal Pipe attached to and leading directly from the Safe at the End of the Worm of the Low Wine Still, and fixed to such Feints Receiver, which Receiver shall not have any Communication with any Vessel or Utensil whatsoever, except as aforesaid; and every such Low Wines Charger shall be a close covered Description of Vessel, connected with the Low Wines Still by a close Metal Low Wines Pipe having a Cock thereon, one End of which Pipe shall be fixed Charger. to the Bottom of such Charger, and the other End shall be affixed to such Still, and such Charger shall have Communication with the Low Wines and Feints Receivers respectively by means of close Metal Pipes, one End whereof shall be fixed to such Charger and the other End whereof shall be attached to the Pump or Pumps to be so fixed as aforesaid in the Low Wines Receivers and Feints Receivers respectively, and such Charger shall not have any Communication with any other Vessel or Utensil whatever, except as aforesaid; and every such Spirit Description of Receiver shall be a close covered Vessel, and shall not have any Spirit Communication with any Vessel or Utensil whatever, except with ceiver. the Worm of the Low Wines Still by means of one close Metal Pipe attached to and leading directly from the Safe at the End of such Worm and fixed to such Spirit Receiver, and in every such Spirit Receiver there shall either be a Pump placed and fixed for emptying the same, or a proper discharging Cock for drawing off the Spirits therefrom; and that each and every such Dipping Rods Charger and Receiver shall be erected and kept in a convenient to be fixed in Situation in the Still House, and exposed to open View and easy Chargers, Reof Access on all Parts thereof; and each such Charger and ceivers, &c. Receiver respectively shall have a sufficient Cover thereon, with a rectangular Dipping Hole cut in such Cover, not more nor less than One Inch in Length and Three tenths of an Inch in Breadth; in which Dipping Hole there shall be placed such Dipping Rod as shall be provided by the proper Officer, who shall secure such Rod in such Manner as to him shall seem expedient, to prevent the Removal thereof out of any such Charger or Receiver; and

Penalties.

General Directions as to the Mode and Course in which Wash &c. shall be conveyed through

these Utensils.

if any Charger or Receiver shall be made use of in the Distillery of any Distiller which shall not be erected, kept and constructed in Manner herein directed, or which shall have any Hole therein or any Communication with any other Vessel or Utensil whatever, other than as by this Act is required, authorized and allowed, then and in every such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and also the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Day during which such Charger or Receiver shall remain in the Distillery of such Distiller.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all Wash which shall be made in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act shall be fermented in the Fermenting Wash Backs of such Distiler, and no Wash shall be removed from any such Fermenting Back until such Wash shall be conveyed directly from thence into the Wash Charger, and shall be conveyed from such Charger into the Wash Still or Stills, there to be made or distilled into Low Wines; and all Low Wines shall be conveyed directly from the Safe at the Worm End of the Wash Still or Stills into the Low Wines Receivers or Receiver, and shall from thence be pumped up into the Low Wines and Feints Charger or Chargers. and shall be conveyed directly from such Charger or Chargen into the Low Wines Still or Stills, there to be redistilled; and all Spirits produced by such Redistillation shall be conveyed directly from the Safe at the Worm End of the Low Wines Sil or Stills into the Spirit Receiver or Feints Receiver or Receivers. and so much of such Spirits as shall be conveyed into such Feints Receiver or Receivers shall be pumped directly from thence into the Low Wines and Feints Charger or Chargers, and shall be conveyed directly from such Charger or Chargers into the Low Wines Still or Stills, to be redistilled; and the Product of such last mentioned Redistillation, and of every other Redistillation, shall in like manner be conveyed directly from the Sur at the Worm End of the Low Wines Still or Stills into the Spirits Receiver, or into the Feints Receiver or Receivers: and no Spirits or Feints conveyed into such Feints Receiver or Receivers shall in any Case be removed from thence, except by pumping such Spirits or Feints directly into the Low Wino Charger or Chargers from whence such Spirits shall be convered directly into the Low Wines Still or Stills for Redistillation; and no Spirits conveyed into the Spirit Receiver shall be redistilled or removed from such Receiver, except into the Spirit Store of the Distiller in the Manner hereinafter provided; and if any Distiller shall ferment or suffer to be fermented any Wash, or shall remove or distil or suffer to be removed or distilled any Wash, Low Wines, Spirits or Feints, contrary to the Direction and Provisions aforesaid, such Wash, Low Wines, Spirits and Feints respectively, together with all Vessels and Utensils wherean the same may be contained, shall be forfeited and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, and the Distiller so offending shall in every such Case forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Distiller acting to the contrary.

Penalty 2001.

Distiller may have an intermediate Still Charger.

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller to have and use an intermediate Still Charger to be situate and placed between any Still and any such Wash Charger or Low Wines and Feints Charger, any

thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and such intermediate Still Charger shall be a close covered Vessel, and shall be so constructed as to have no Hole or Opening therein, nor any Communication with any other Vessel or Utensil whatever, except One fixed Entrance Pipe with a Cock thereon leading from any such Wash Charger or Low Wines and Feints Charger, and One fixed Discharge Pipe with a Cock thereon leading from such Still Charger to any such Still.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a Dis- Distiller to charge Cock fixed to every Still kept for the making or distilling keep a Disof Spirits in the Distillery of every Distiller licensed under this charge Cock Act, and such Discharge Cock shall not be more than Three Feet to each Still. distant from the Body of such Still, and shall be firmly attached thereto by a straight Metal Pipe, and there shall be One other Pipe, at least Three Feet long, and of such Shape as the Supervisor or Surveyor of Excise shall direct, firmly attached to the Mouth or Discharge End of such Cock, in which last mentioned Pipe there shall be placed or fixed a Valve, in such Manner and Form as such Supervisor or Surveyor shall direct, for the Purpose of preventing the Introduction of any Liquor into such Still through such Discharge Cock; and such Discharge Cock and the Pipe containing such Valve shall be so fixed and placed as that the Officers of Excise may at all Times have free and convenient Access to the same; and if any Distiller shall have or keep any Still to which there shall not be a Discharge Cock attached, in the Manner herein directed, or if there shall not be attached to the Mouth or Discharge End of the Discharge Cock of such Still, such Pipe and Valve as are herein prescribed and directed, then and in each and every such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Penalty 501. Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in the Breast of every Distillers to Still used in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this make Holes in Act, there shall be a Hole or Opening made, to the Intent that through which the Officers of the Excise may be enabled to take Gauges and Officers may Samples at the Time and in the Manner required by this Act, and take Samples. such Hole or Opening shall be not less than Two Inches in Diameter, and shall be contrived so that the Officers may take a Sample or Samples from the Still with a Phial to be drawn perpendicularly through the same, and also so that any such Still may be cleansed, subject to such Directions as the said Commissioners of Excise may think fit to give in that Behalf; and proper Locks and Fastenings shall be provided and maintained by the Supervisor of Excise for the District, at the Expence and Charge of every such Distiller, for properly and sufficiently locking and securing the said Hole or Opening, and for securing the Head of each and every Still, and the Furnace Door of each and every Still respectively used by such Distiller; and all such Locks and Fastenings shall be locked and sealed by the proper Officer of Excise: And if any Still shall be set up or used in the Distillery of any Distiller nesuch Distiller, in the Breast whereof such Hole or Opening of glecting, or not the Size aforesaid shall not be made, or if any Distiller shall not be made, or if any Distiller shall not be maintaining of Excise as aforesaid, or if such Locks and Fastenings shall not berein de be paid for and maintained as aforesaid, or if the Officer shall be scribed.

prevented

C. 94.

prevented or hindered by any Person in the Distillery of an such Distiller from affixing any Lock or Fastening as aforesaid, if any of the Locks, Seals and Fastenings as aforesaid shall wilfully and injuriously opened, broken or damaged, or if by a Means, Device or Contrivance whatsoever, any Furnace Door, any Fastening on the Head of any Still, or on the Hole or Oper ing in the Breast of any Still in the Distillery of any such Distille shall be wilfully and injuriously opened by any such Distiller, by any Person in the Employ or under the Command of such D. tiller, at any Time after the same shall have been locked and a cured by the Officer of Excise, every such Distiller shall for ever such Offence or Neglect respectively forfeit and lose the Sum Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty 2001.

No Pipe or Opening to be in any Still, exeept as herein described.

Penalty 2001.

The End of the Worm of each Still to be inclosed and se ured, and the Spirits run into a close Safe in the Manner herein deecribed.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if in the Distillery any Distiller licensed under this Act, or any Place adjoining such Distillery, there shall be any Pipe or Conveyance whates leading to or from any Still for making or distilling Spirits, or a Opening whatever into or out of any such Still, other than su Pipes, Conveyances and Openings as are prescribed by this A save and except such Air Valve or Conductor as shall be approx of by the Commissioners of Excise, or such Persons as they say appoint, then and in every such Case such Distiller shall fort the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the End of end Worm belonging to every Still in the Distillery of every Dist ler licensed under this Act, shall be inclosed and secured at the Expence of such Distiller, in such Manner and by such M chanism and Means as the Commissioners of Excise or any Ts of them shall by Order in Writing from time to time direct, 29 shall for that Purpose provide; and that all Spirits, Low Wine and Feints from time to time running from the End of said Worm, shall run from thence into a Safe inclosed and secured if aforesaid, and shall be conveyed directly, and by such a Pipeshall be directed as aforesaid, open externally to the laperate of the Officers for its whole Length from such Safe and the Spirits Receiver, or Low Wines or Feints Receiver or Receiver respectively, as the case may be, of such Distiller; and if upon Demand by the proper Supervisor or Surveyor, the End deter such Worm in the Distillery of such Distiller shall not be included and secured at the Expence of such Distiller, by such Mechanic and Means as shall be so directed and provided as aforesad: if the whole of the Spirits, Low Wines and Feints coming from any such Worm, shall not be run into such Safe so inclosed and secured as aforesaid; or if such Spirits, Low Wines and Feints respectively, and every Part thereof, shall not be conveyed from such Safe into the Spirits Receiver or Low Wines or Feints Receiver or Receivers respectively, directly and by such a Pipe as aforesaid, or if on the Demand of the proper Supervisor or Surveyor, all the Expences incurred by providing and repairing of altering such Mechanism and Means of inclosing the End of such Worm and Safe as aforesaid, shall not be paid by or on Behalf of such Distiller to such Supervisor or Surveyor; or if such Me chanism and Means of inclosing the End of such Worm and Safe as aforesaid shall not be affixed and kept and preserved affixed as aforesaid:

aforesaid; or if at any Time after the End of any such Worm and any such Safe are inclosed and secured as aforesaid, the Mechanism or Means by which the same shall be so inclosed and secured as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, shall be destroyed or injured; or if by any Art or Contrivance any Access shall be gained or had without Notice to, and except with the Knowledge and in the Presence of the Officer, to any Spirits, Low Wines or Feints, from the Time of the Extraction or Distillation thereof, in any such Still, until the same have been taken account of by the Officers in the proper Receiver or Receivers; or the Officers shall be in any Manner prevented from, or baffled or defeated in the taking a true Account of any Spirits, Low Wines or Feints in any such Receiver or Receivers, then and in every such Case every such Distiller or other Person or Persons shall for every Penalty 2001. such Offence forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, That if inclosing and securing the End of such Worm Treasury may or Safe as aforesaid shall, upon Experiment, be found to injure order Disuse of the Quality of the Spirits run therefrom, it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, upon Proof thereof made to their Satisfaction, to order and direct that no such Distiller as aforesaid shall be required to inclose any such Worm End or Safe as aforesaid.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller who Distiller to shall be licensed under this Act shall provide and fix a proper keep a proper Discharge Cock in every Fermenting Wash Back, through which Discharge Cock the Wash in such Wash Back shall from time to time be conveyed by a Main Pipe or Open Trough into the Jack Back, if Back. any, or into the Wash Charger; and such Main Pipe or Trough shall be placed and fixed in such Manner that all Wash or Liquor put therein shall forthwith be discharged from thence into such Jack Back or Wash Charger, as the Case may be, and not elsewhere; and there shall not be any other Pipe or Conveyance entering into or passing out of any such Wash Fermenting Back, except the Pipe for conveying Wort into such Fermenting Back from the Coolers, and except a Cock or Pipe at the Bottom of such Fermenting Back, for the Purpose only of carrying off the Water wherewith the same may have been cleansed; and if such Main Pipe or Trough shall not be placed and fixed as aforesaid, or if there shall be any other Pipe or Conveyance to or from any Fermenting Back, save as before excepted, then and in every such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Penalty 2001.

Pounds. XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller li- Distiller to censed under this Act shall, at his own Expence and Charge, provide proper Cocks, Pumps provide, maintain and keep the several Utensils, Cocks, Pumps, Pipes and Troughs which are required by this Act, and shall also and Fastenings, Ec. at his own provide, maintain and keep, at the Expence and Charge of such Expence. Distiller, proper and sufficient Fastenings for securing the several Cocks, and for securing the Covers of or belonging to the Wash Charger, and intermediate Still Charger, if any, and to the Chargers and Receivers for Low Wines, Feints and Spirits respectively, and also for securing the Pumps required for the Purposes of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful for the Officer of Excise in charge of the Distillery of any Distiller to lock,

C. 94.

secure and fasten the several Cocks, Covers, Pumps, Pipes and other Utensils, for which Fastenings are required to be provided as aforesaid, and to keep the same and each and every of them so locked, secured and fastened at all Times, except when such Officer shall be required, under the Provisions of this Act, to attend and shall attend to open and unlock the same.

All such Cocks, Fastenings, &c. kept and affixed to the Satisfaction of the Officer.

Breaking or damaging Locks and other Utensils herein mentioned, or unusing the same.

Penalty 2001.

Construction of Cocks required to be used in Distillery.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all such Cocks, Pumps. Fastenings, Pipes, Troughs and other Utensils required or penut ted or allowed by this Act, shall be made, placed, affixed and kept at the Expence of the Distiller, in proper Repair and Codition, to the Satisfaction of the Supervisor or Surveyor of Excise in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, and shall from time to time be altered and repaired at the Expence of such Distiller, as such Officer shall require; and that the several Lock and Keys which shall be necessary for the locking and security any Still, or any other Vessel or Utensil, shall be supplied by such Officer, at the Expence of such Distiller; and such Officer shall and may from time to time cause all and every or any such Lode and Keys to be altered, repaired or renewed, as he may this fit and necessary for the Purposes of this Act, at the Expence of such Distiller; and if any Distiller shall not, at his own Expense and Charge, before he shall proceed to brew or distil, provide. maintain and keep, place and affix all such Coverings, Fastenings Cocks, Pipes, Pumps, Troughs and Utensils, or any of them, to the Satisfaction of the proper Supervisor or Surveyor certified by duly making or such Supervisor or Surveyor in Writing, or shall not cause the same, or any of them, to be altered, amended, repaired or to newed, or shall not pay such Supervisor or Surveyor for any such Locks or Keys as such Supervisor or Surveyor shall supply, alter. amend, repair or renew for the Purposes aforesaid; or if at any Time any such Cover, Fastening, Cock, Pipe, Pump, Lock of Key, shall be broken, damaged or injured; or if any Distiller a other Person, not being the proper Officer of Excise, shall open the same, or any of them, or shall make, procure or use, or cause to be made, procured or used, any false or duplicate Key, or my Instrument for breaking or opening any such Cock, Lock of Fastening; or if any Distiller shall, in the Construction of any such Cover, Fastening, Cock, Pump, Pipe, Lock or Key, caux or procure the same to be so made, or shall knowingly use the same when so made, as that the same, or any of them, may be employed, opened or removed in the Absence of the proper Officer of Excise, so as to avoid or in any manner to defeat the Security intended to be given or provided by any of the Regulations of this Act, every such Distiller shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That every Cock required by this Act to be kept or used in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, shall be made and constructed in the Manner hereinafter prescribed; that is to say, the Key of every such Cock shall have an open Eye or Hole in the Top Part thereof, of such Size as to be capable of receiving a Lever sufficient to turn such Key, at all Times when the Officers of Excise shall have occasion to turn the same; and such Cocks shall not have any Hole or Place of Discharge at any Part thereof, except

at the Mouth only; and the Key of any such Cock shall not be rivetted or otherwise fastened, so as to prevent the Officer of Excise from conveniently taking out and examining such Key at all Times; and if any Cock required by this Act to be kept or used in the Distillery of any Distiller shall be made or constructed otherwise than as herein directed, the Distiller in whose Distillery such Cock shall be kept or used shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Penalty 501. Pounds.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That at or near the Top of Each Back and every Fermenting Wash Back, and at or near the Top of every fixed Vessel for fixed and entered Vessel for storing or keeping Spirits in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, there shall be Dipping Place a Hole or Dipping Place, at which the Officer may conveniently constructed as take his Dip or Gauge; and a Plate of Brass or other Metal shall herein menbe fixed, and shall always remain fixed at such Dipping Place, to tioned. secure the same from being worn or altered; and all such Backs and Vessels respectively shall be placed and kept in convenient Situations, and shall be at all Times easy of Access, for the more readily and effectually taking the Dip or Gauge thereof; and if in any such Back or Vessel in the Distillery of any such Distiller there shall not be such Hole or Dipping Place so constructed and secured as aforesaid, or if any such Back or Vessel shall not be placed and kept in a convenient Situation and easy of Access as aforesaid, then and in every such Case such Distiller shall for- Penalty 501. feit the Sum of Fifty Pounds. XXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller li- True Content

censed under this Act shall cause to be legibly cut, branded or to be painted painted on the Outside of both of the Heads or Ends of each roll- on moveable ing or moveable Cask used in the Distillery of such Distiller for Casks. keeping or delivering out Spirits, and shall at all Times keep thereon so cut, branded or painted, the full and true Number of Gallons which every such Cask shall be capable of containing; and every such Cask which shall be found containing Spirits in any Distillery, without the full and true Number of Gallons which the same is capable of containing being so cut, branded or painted thereon, together with the Spirits contained therein, shall Penalty.

be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller who Utensils and shall be licensed under this Act shall paint, or cause to be Stores to be legibly painted, and shall keep or cause to be kept so painted, marked. upon some conspicuous Part of every Utensil intended to be used in the Distillery of such Distiller, and on the Outside of the Door of every Store, Apartment and Place wherein any Part of the Business of such Distillery is to be carried on, or wherein any Materials for distilling Spirits, or any Spirits are to be kept or stored, separate Numbers relating to each and every such Utensil, Store, Apartment and Place, in arithmetical Progression, beginning with Number One, together with the Name of such Utensil, Store, Apartment or Place, according to the Purpose for which the same is intended to be used.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That before any Distiller Before prolicensed under this Act shall give any Notice of brewing or mak- ceeding to ing any Wort or Wash, as is by this Act required, and also brew, Distiller to make Entry of the several

Utensils and Stores as herein mentioned. C. 94.

or Wash, such Distiller shall make Entry, by delivering or cau ing to be delivered to the proper Collector of Excise, or other Officer authorized to receive the same, an Account in Writing signed by such Distiller, to be entered and registered by soc Collector or other Officer, setting forth the Name or Names, an Place or Places of Abode of any and every Person so licensed and the Place where the Distillery of such Person or Persons or shall be situate, and also setting forth a true Description i any and every Vessel and Utensil whatsoever, erected and in tended to be used in such Distillery, and the Number of Gallon which each and every or any Still in such Distillery, together with the Head thereof, is capable of containing; and specifying fully and distinctly in every such Account the Furpose for which eac Vessel and Utensil in such Distillery is intended to be used, at also an Account of the several Stores, Apartments and Place wherein any Part of the Business of such Distillery is to be car ried on, or wherein any Materials for making or brewing at Wash, or for distilling any Spirits, or in which any Spirits at to be kept or stored; and in such written Account every suc Utensil, and also every such Store, Apartment or Place shall b distinguished by the separate and distinct Number and Name re lating thereto respectively, which shall have been painted thereo pursuant to the Provisions of this Act; and every such Accershall be in such Form, and shall contain such Particulars, shall be from time to time directed and required or authorize by the Commissioners of Excise. XXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawf.:

Distiller entering any Utensil to be used for more than One Purpose.

for any Distiller licensed under this Act to set forth in the Ac count by this Act required to be signed and delivered, that any Still or Utensil mentioned therein is intended to be used for more than one Purpose respectively, except as hereinafter provided and every such Account, in which any Still or other Utensil sha be described as intended to be used for Two or more Purpose (except as aforesaid), shall in respect to such Still or Utens! be deemed and taken to be void, and such Distiller shall in every such Case forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to infinit any such Penalty on any Distiller in whose Distillery One Still and B. more shall be kept and used, on account of such Distiller entering or making use of such Still for the Distillation of Wash, and also for the Distillation of Low Wines and Feints; and that it sha! be lawful for any Distiller from time to time, on giving Six Dav-Notice to the Surveyor or Supervisor of the Intention of such Distiller so to do, to make use of any Still which shall have been entered as a Wash Still in the distilling of Low Wines or Feines or to make use of any Still which shall have been entered as a Low Wines Still in the distilling of any Wash, any thing in this

Except where there is only One Still used for distilling Wash and Low Wines.

Penalty 2001.

Act contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding. XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That together with every such Account there shall be delivered a Drawing or Drawings, or Description or Descriptions, distinctly shewing the Course, Direction, Construction and Use of all fixed Pipes to be used in the Distillery respecting which such Account shall be delivered, and of all and every Branch and Branches thereof, and of all and

Drawing or Description to be given showing the Course of every fixed Pipe in Distillery.

every Cock and Cocks therein, together with every Place, Vessel or Utensil from or to or with which any such Pipe shall lead or communicate; and every Pipe to be used in such Distillery shall se painted as hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, every Pipe for the Conveyance of Wort or Wash shall be painted of a Red Colour, every Pipe for the Conveyance of Low Wines or Feints shall be painted Blue, every Pipe for the Conveyance of Spirits shall be painted Black, and every Pipe for the Conveyance of Water shall be painted White; and if any Pipe shall be used in the Distillery of any Distiller, not set forth, or for any other Purpose than shall be set forth, or which shall not be painted as herein directed, or which shall be painted otherwise than is herein directed, such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if in the Distillery Distiller having of any Distiller licensed under this Act any Still, or any Vessel or any Utensil or Utensil whatever, shall at any Time be used or applied for or to Place not enany Purpose connected with the Process of Distillation, or for tered. carrying on any Part of such Process; or if any fixed Cask for storing Spirits shall at any Time be used in such Distillery, or if any Store, Apartment or Place shall be used for the carrying on any Part of the Process of Distillation, or for the keeping or storing of any Spirits, or any Materials for distilling Spirits, which Still, Vessel, Utensil, Cask, Store, Apartment or Place shall not have been set forth, or shall not have been numbered as set forth or shall be in any other Place than shall be set forth, or shall be used or applied for or to any other Purpose than shall be set forth, or shall not in all respects correspond with the Representation thereof, as set forth in the Account by this Act required to be signed and delivered by such Distiller, then and in every or my such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Penalty 5001. Pounds; and every such Still, Vessel or other Utensil or Cask, and all Spirits or Materials for distilling Spirits which shall or nay be contained in any such Still, Vessel, Utensil or Cask, or which shall or may be found in any such Store, Apartment or Place, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall Commissioners nd may be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise, by any of Excise may nstrument in Writing under the Hands of Two or more of them, authorize Distillers to use their present legulations of any Act or Acts in force prior to the passing Utensils. f this Act, to keep or use such of the Vessels, Pipes, Cocks or ther Utensils already fixed or used in the Distillery of such distiller as shall in the Judgment of such Commissioners be secure nd adapted to the Purposes for which such Vessel, Pipes, Cocks r other Utensils are respectively prescribed or required by this ct; and that no Distiller to whom such Permission shall be ranted shall be liable to any of the Penalties imposed by this Act respect of such Distiller keeping or using any such Vessels, ipes, Cocks or other Utensils so permitted, although the same may ot be conformable with the Provisions of this Act; any Thing ereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if the Situation or If Position or osition of any Still or other Vessel, Utensil or Pipe in the Dis-Size of any 4 GEO. IV.

Penalty 501.

tillery Vessel be

altered without Notice.

Penalty 2001.

C. 94.

tillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, shall be in any Manner altered at any Time after such Entry, Drawing or Description, as is by this Act required, shall have been made or given thereof; or if the Size of any Still, or other Vessel or Utensil, shall be in any manner altered at any Time after the proper Officer shall have ascertained the Capacity or Content thereof. unless on such Notice as is herein provided, then in each and every such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Sam of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful is: such Distiller to alter the Size, Situation or Position of any Stille Vessel or other Utensil or Pipe in the Distillery of such Distiller. or to erect and set up any new Still or Stills or other Utensilla such Distillery, on giving Two Days' Notice in Writing of such intended Alteration to the proper Officer, specifying the particular Still, Vessel or Utensil, the Size, Situation or Position of which's intended to be altered.

Two Days' Notice.

Altering Dipping Place of any Vessel,

XL. And be it further enacted, That if the Dipping Hole or the Level of any Still, Back, Receiver or other Vessel or Utensil: the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, shall be a any Manner altered, or if any Device or Contrivance whatere shall be used to deceive any Officer in taking any Dip or Gauge of any such Still, Back, Receiver or other Vessel or Utensil, or to prevent any Officer from taking a true Account of the Quantity & Wort, Wash, Low Wines, Feints or Spirits which may be contained in any such Still, Back, Receiver or other Vessel or Utensil respectively, then in each and every such Case such Distiller shape forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty, 2001. Distiller to brew and distil in alternate Periods only, and in Manner herein specified.

' XLI. And for more effectually securing the Duties on Spingranted by this Act, and regulating the Process of the Distribution of such Spirits; Be it enacted, That in the Distiller of every Distiller licensed under this Act, the Periods of Bress; and Distilling shall be always alternate and distinct Periods: ox to be called the Brewing Period, and the other the Distilling Period; and that no Wort, Wash, Low Wines or Feints shall be distilled in any such Distillery, and that no Still in any such Detillery shall be made use of from the Commencement of any sail Brewing Period, until Twelve Hours after the Expiration there that is to say, from the Commencement of any Process of weting brewing or mashing any Malt, Corn or Grain, until Twelve Hos after every such Process shall have ceased; and all the World Wash in such Distillery shall have been collected into the fementing Backs in such Distillery; and that no Malt or Com " Grain shall be wetted, brewed or mashed, nor shall any Wort of Wash be made or produced in any Distillery during any Distiller Period, that is to say, from the Commencement of the Distilland of any Wort or Wash in any Distillery until after all the Wort Wash in such Distillery, and all the Low Wines or Feints 5 such Distillery, shall have been distilled into Spirits, save and except such Feints as shall have been produced by the last Charge of Low Wines which shall have been distilled; and until the several Furnace Doors of each and every Still in such Distilled shall have been locked and secured by the proper Officer; and if at any Time during such Brewing Period, any Wort or Wast or Low Wines or Feints, shall be distilled, or if any Still shall be

made use of in the Distillery of any Distiller, or if at any Time during such Distilling Period any Malt or Corn or Grain shall be wetted, brewed or mashed, or any Wort or Wash shall be made or produced in the Distillery of any such Distiller, then in each and every such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Five Penalty 5001. hundred Pounds.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That after having made such Distiller to give Entry as is by this Act required, every Distiller licensed under Six Days Notice this Act shall, before commencing to make or brew any Wort, and in like Manner every such Distiller who shall at any Time have ing to brew. discontinued making or brewing Wort for any longer Period than One Calendar Month, shall, before recommencing to make or brew any Wort, give Six Days' Notice in Writing to the Supervisor or Surveyor, or Officer in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, in which Notice shall be set forth the Day on which such Distiller intends to commence or recommence making or brewing Wort, as the Case may be; and if any Distiller shall commence, or after such Discontinuance shall recommence the brewing or making any Wort, or if any Wort or Wash shall be found in the Distillery of any such Distiller, who shall not have given such Notice as aforesaid, or at any Time before the Day set forth as aforesaid in such Notice, then and in each and every such Case all such Wort or Wash shall be forfeited, and such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller licensed under this Act shall from time to time, at least Six Hours before he shall mash or brew any Corn or Grain, deliver to the proper Officer of Excise a Notice in Writing, in which shall be set forth the Day and Hour when such Corn or Grain is to be mashed or brewed, and the true Number of Bushels, Winchester Measure of such Corn or Grain, distinguishing the Species thereof, and whether malted or unmalted; and in case any Corn or Grain malted or unmalted shall be mashed or brewed in the Distillery of any Distiller, without such Notice having been given as aforesaid, such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and it shall Penalty 501. not be lawful for any such Distiller licensed under this Act to mix or cause to be mixed in any One Back or Vessel the Produce of separate. Two or more different Brewings of Wort or Wash, or any Part thereof, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty. Distiller to give Notice of each brewing of Wort.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller, Six Days before commencing to make or brew any Wort, shall deliver a Notice in Writing to the Supervisor or Surveyor in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, specifying the Gravity of the Wort or Wash intended to be made in the Distillery of such Distiller; and n any such Notice such Gravity so specified shall not be less than Thirty Degrees nor more than Eighty Degrees; and in case such Distiller shall at any time, when no Wort or Wash shall be in the Distillery of such Distiller, such Time being at least One Calendar Month distant from the Date of any such Notice, be desirous of Gravity charged tsing Wort of any other Gravity than shall have been specified in on like Notice. uch Notice, but not being of a Gravity less than Thirty Degrees Gravity asceror more than Eighty Degrees, such Distiller shall in like Manner tained by eliver a Notice, specifying the Gravity of the Wort intended to rometer.

Brewings kept

Penalty 2001.

Distiller, before brewing, to give -Notice of Gravity of Worts.

Allan's Saccha-

be used in such Distillery, after the Day specified in such last mentioned Notice; and the Instrument to be used, in order to ascertain the Gravity of such Wort or Wash, shall be the Instrument commonly called or known by the Name of Allan's Saccharometer, and all Wort and Wash shall for the Purposes of this Act be deemed, taken and declared to be of the Gravity at which the said Saccharometer shall denote or indicate such Wort or

Wash to be; and if any Wort or Wash shall be found in the Distillery of any Distiller who shall not have delivered such Notice:

Manner and in the respective Cases aforesaid, all such Wort or Wash shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of

Other Worts found, forfeited.

852

of any Distiller, except in the Mash Tun or Wort Under Back is such Distillery, any Wort or Wash, the Gravity whereof shall exceed by more than Three Degrees the particular Gravity which shall have been so specified in any such Notice, then in every such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XLV. Provided always, and be it enacted. That any such

Saccharometer may be used in the ascertaining the Gravity of

Excise; and if at any Time there shall be found in the Distile-

Penalty 2001.

Any Saccharometer prescribed by Treasury may be used.

How Degrees ascertained.

Distiller may erect a Wort Receiver and collect the Worts therein, and make Dedaration of Quantity and Gravity, previous to such Worts being conveyed to ... Wash Back.

Wort or Wash under this Act, as shall from time to time be prescribed for that Purpose by any Order or Writing under the Hands of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Two of them; and that every Degree of Gravity, to be ascertained by Allan's Saccharometer, or by any other Saccharometer under the Provisions of this Act, shall be calculated in the following Manner; that is to say, that distilled Water being assumed as Unity at the Temperature of Sixty Degrees by Fahrenheit's Thermometer every Degree of such Gravity shall be correspondent to a Thomandth Part of the specific Gravity of such Water.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to

any Distiller licensed under this Act, to erect a Wort Receiver in the Distillery of such Distiller, and to collect in such Receiver all the Wort produced from any Brewing previous to sack Wort being cooled to any Temperature less than One hundred Degrees by Fahrenheit's Thermometer; and such Distiller may in such Wort Receiver reduce or bring such Wort to the particular Gravity which shall have been specified in any such lastmentioned Notice; and such Distiller shall thereupon and forthwith, after such Wort shall have been so collected and reduced, deliver to the proper Officer in charge of the Distillery a Declaration in Writing, specifying the Quantity and Gravity of such Wort, and the particular Fermenting Back or Backs into which such West is to be conveyed; and such Wort shall be kept so collected in such Receiver for the Space of One Hour at least after such Declaration shall have been delivered, unless the Officer shall sooner have taken an Account of such Wort; and no Yeast, or Barm, or Bub, or other Matter for inducing or increasing Fermentation, shall be mixed with such Wort in such Receiver, nor in any other Vessel than in the Wash Fermenting Back; and if any untrue Declaration of the Quantity or Gravity of such Wort so collected in such Receiver shall be made, or if such Wort so collected shall be of any lower Temperature than as aforesaid, or if any such Yeast, Barm, Bub or other Matter for inducing or in-

creasing

Untrue Decla-

creasing Fermentation, shall be mixed with such Wort in such Receiver, then in every such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That if at any Time after Increase of such Declaration as aforesaid shall have been delivered, the Gravity of Gravity of such Wort in any such Receiver or Fermenting Back shall be found to exceed the Gravity specified in such Declaration, or if the Quantity of Wort or Wash in the Fermenting Back or Backs specified in such Declaration shall be found to exceed by Five per Centum the Quantity of Wort mentioned in such Declaration as the Quantity collected in such Wort Receiver, then and in each and every such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Penalty 2001. Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, that in ascertaining the Quantity of Wort in any such Receiver, the Officer shall make such Allowance for Expansion caused by the Heat of such Wort by Heat. as shall and may be specified, prescribed and allowed in any Table of the Expansion of Wort, to be from time to time prepared by or under the Direction of the Commissioners of Excise.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Wort Declaration of in the Distillery of any Distiller shall not be collected in such Quantity and Wort Receiver, and the Quantity and Gravity of such Wort shall not be declared in Manner aforesaid, all Wort intended to be run lected in Feror conveyed into any Fermenting Back of any such Distiller shall be conveyed into and collected therein within the Space of Six Hours after the Running or Conveyance of such Wort shall have commenced, and the Distiller shall immediately and without Delay deliver to the proper Officer a Declaration in Writing, specifying the Number of the Back in which such Wort is contained, and the particular Gravity of such Wort, and also setting forth the Quantity thereof, by stating the Number of dry Inches; that is to say, the Number of Inches not occupied or wetted by the Wort, being the Space between the proper Dipping Place of such Back, and the Surface of the Wort therein; and no Bub, Yeast or other Matter or Thing capable of causing Fermentation, shall be added to or mixed with the Wort, nor shall any Alteration whatever be made in the Quantity or Gravity of such Wort for the Space of Two Hours next after such Wort shall have been collected in such Fermenting Back, and after such Declaration shall have been given thereof as aforesaid, unless the proper Officer shall within such Two Hours have taken an Account of the Quantity and Gravity of such Wort; and if any Wort shall be Wort unduly conveyed into and collected in any Fermenting Back, in any conveyed, or other Manner than as is herein directed, or if such Declaration untrue Declashall not be given as herein required, or if any untrue Declaration shall be given of the Quantity or Gravity of any such Wort, or if any such Yeast or other Matter or Thing shall be so added to or mixed with any Wort contrary thereto, then and in each and every such Case the Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Penalty 2001. Pounds.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if at any Time after Wort or Wash any Officer of Excise shall have taken an Account of and ascer- found to exceed tained the Gravity or Quantity of any Wort or Wash in any Fer- in Gravity or menting Back in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, any Wort shall be found in such Back, or if any Wash in

Penalty 2001.

Allowance for Expansion of

Gravity of Wort when colmenting Back.

Process of Fermentation shall be found in such Back, which shall exceed in Gravity the Wort or Wash in such Fermenting Back of which such Account had been taken, or which shall exceed in Quantity, by Five per Centum or more, the Wort or Wash in such Fermenting Back of which such Account had been previously taken, all such Wort or Wash in such Fermenting Back shall be considered as new Wort or Wash, and not included in any former Charge against such Distiller; and such Distiller shall be charged with Duty in respect of the whole Wort or Wash in such Back or Vessel, in like Manner as such Distiller is by this Act chargeable in respect of any Wort or Wash not before charged: and the Wort or Wash of which such Account had been previously taken in such Fermenting Back shall be deemed to be distilled or decreased, and the Distiller shall be charged for a Quantity of Spirits in respect of such Wort or Wash so deemed to be distilled or decreased, in like Manner as such Distiller is chargeable under this Act for any Wort or Wash actually distilled or decreased: and such Distiller shall also, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Distiller charged.

Penalty 2001. Regulation for Distillers making Bub or other Composition for exciting Fermentation.

Acting contrary thereto.

Penalty 2001.

Distiller to declare before distilling, that all the Wort and Wash is collected into Fermenting Backs

L. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller who shall intend to make or prepare the Composition called Bub, or any other Composition for inducing or increasing the Fermentation of any Wort or Wash, shall from time to time, at least Six Hours previous to the beginning to make or prepare any such Composition, give or cause to be given a Notice in Writing to the proper Officer in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, specifying the Time when, and the particular Vessel or Vessels in which such Composition is to be made or prepared, and the particular Wash Fermenting Back into which the same is to be put, and also specifying the Quantity of such Composition, which Quantity shall not exceed the Proportion of Five Gallons for every One hundred Gallons of the Wort or Wash to which such Composition is to be added; and it shall not be lawful for any Distiller to have or ne at any Time any such Composition of greater Gravity than the Gravity of the Wort which such Distiller shall at such Time be authorized to use under the Provisions of this Act; and if my such Composition shall be made or prepared in the Distiller, of any Distiller contrary to the Directions hereinbefore prescribed. or if the Gravity of any such Composition shall be increased at my Time after the Officer shall have taken an Account thereof of if the whole Quantity of such Composition shall not be conveyed into the particular Fermenting Wash Back specified in suc Notice within Twenty four Hours after the Time specified in such Notice for making such Composition, then and in each and even such Case the Distiller in whose Distillery any such Offence or Default shall be committed or made shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

LI. And be it further enacted, That when the whole Wort or Wash brewed or made in any Distillery during any Brewitz Period shall be collected into the Fermenting Wash Backs in such Distillery, and before the Commencement of any Distilling Period, in the Distillery of such Distiller, and before any Still shall be made use of in such Distillery for the distilling of such Wort or Wash, a Declaration in Writing, by or on Behalf of such

Distiller, shall be delivered to the proper Officer, that the whole Wort and Wash in the Distillery of such Distiller is collected into the Fermenting Wash Backs in such Distillery; and thereupon it shall be lawful for the Officer in charge of such Distillery, at any Time not being less than Twelve Hours subsequent to the Delivery of such Declaration, and such Officer is hereby authorized and required to open any Still or Stills in such Distillery, by removing such Fastenings as prevent such Still or Stills from being used; and if any Still in the Distillery of any Distiller shall be made use Using Stills of before such Declaration shall have been delivered as aforesaid, before Declaraor if all the Wort and Wash in any such Distillery shall not be tion. collected as stated in such Declaration, then and in every such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

LII. And be it further enacted, That Eight Hours before any Wash shall be conveyed from any Fermenting Wash Back in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, a Notice in Notice before moving Wash Writing shall be given to the proper Officer, by or on Behalf of from Fermentsuch Distiller, in which shall be stated the Number of the Back ing Back to in which such Wash is contained, and the Day and Hour when Charging Back. such Wash is to be removed; and such Officer shall attend at the Time specified in such Notice; and after he shall have locked the Charging Cock or Cocks of the Wash Still or Stills, he shall remove all such Fastenings as prevent the Conveyance of such Wash into the Wash Charger, and thereupon forthwith, and without Delay, all the Wash which shall be contained in such Fermenting Wash Back, or so much of such Wash as such Charger shall be capable of containing, shall be conveyed into such Charger, in Manner prescribed by this Act; and such Officer, after having affixed and secured the Fastenings which he had so removed, shall unlock the Charging Cock or Cocks aforesaid; and if any Wash shall be removed before such Notice shall have been Unduly removgiven, or shall be removed or conveyed from any other Fermenting ing Wash, or Back, or at any other Time than shall have been mentioned in such before Notice. Notice, or before the proper Officer shall have removed such Fastenings as before directed, such Distiller shall in each and every such Case forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That after any Wash shall Removing have been removed from any Fermenting Back in any Distillery, Wash till Con it shall not be lawful to remove any Wash from any other Fermenting Back in such Distillery, until the whole Contents of such to Still. first mentioned Back shall have been conveyed into the Wash Still or Stills; and if any Wash shall be removed contrary hereto, the Distiller in whose Distillery such Offence shall be committed shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That Four Hours at least before Notices to be any Low Wines or Feints or Spirits respectively shall be removed given for reout of any of the respective Receivers of Low Wines or Feints or Spirits in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, or Spirits from a Notice in Writing, specifying the Day and Hour when such Low Wines or Feints or Spirits respectively are to be removed out of such Receivers respectively, shall be given to the proper Officer by or in Behalf of such Distiller; and such Officer shall attend at the Time specified in such Notice; and after having taken an Account of the Quantity and Strength of such Low Wines or 3 I 4 Spirits

Penalty 2001. Distiller to give Eight Hours

Penalty 2001. Wash till Con-

Penalty 2001.

moving Low

Feints.

C. 94.

Spirits or Feints respectively, as the Case may be, such Officer shall remove the Fastenings of the Receivers containing such Los Wines or Spirits or Feints respectively, and forthwith and without Delay all the Low Wines or Feints which shall be in such Low Wines or Feints Receiver or Receivers shall be removed and conveyed into the Low Wines Charger or such Part thereof as such Charger shall be capable of containing, and all the Spirits which shall be contained in such Spirits Receiver shall be removed and conveyed into the entered Spirit Store of such Distiller; and if any Low Wines or Spirits or Feints respectively shall be removed from any Receiver without such Notice, or at any other Timethen shall have been specified in such Notice, or before the Office shall have removed the Fastenings of such Receiver as herein directed; or if after such Officer shall have taken account of the Quantity and Strength of the Low Wines or Feints or Spirits repectively in any such Receiver, any other Low Wines or Feints or Spirits shall be conveyed into any such Receiver until the Whole of the Low Wines or Feints or Spirits of which such Account shall have been taken shall have been removed or conveyed from such Receiver, and the Fastenings thereof shall have been again secured by such Officer, then in each and every such Case the Distiller in whose Distillery such Offence shall be committed shall forfet the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Conveying other Low Wines, &c. to Receiver before the former removed.

Penalty 2001. Low Wines, Spirits and Feints produced from the Wash in each Back, to be kept sepsrate until Account thereof shall be taken.

LV. And be it further enacted, That all the Low Wines produced by the Distillation of the Wash contained in each Fermenting Back, in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, shall be collected and kept in the Low Wines Receiver or Receivers, separate and apart from and unmixed with any Low Wines produced by the Distillation of any Wash contained in any other Fermenting Back, or with any other Matter or Thing what ever, until an Account of the Quantity and Strength of such Lov Wines so separately collected shall have been taken by the prope: Officer; and all the Spirits and Feints produced by the Reduilation of such Low Wines shall in like Manner be collected in the Spirits and Feints Receivers respectively, and kept therem septrate and apart from and unmixed with any other Matter or Think (save as is hereinafter provided), until an Account of the Country and Strength of such Spirits and Feints respectively shall have been taken by the proper Officer; and if the whole Quantity of Low Wines which shall be produced by the Distillation of all the Wash contained in each Fermenting Back in the Distillery of any such Distiller shall not be collected in the Low Wines Received or Receivers, separate and apart and unmixed as aforesaid, or if all such Low Wines so collected shall not remain and be kept in such Receiver or Receivers until an Account of the Quantity and Strength of such Low Wines shall have been taken therein by the proper Officer, or if all the Spirits and Feints respectively produced by the Redistillation of such Low Wines shall not be so collected and kept separate as aforesaid (except as herein provided) until an Account of the Strength and Quantity of such Spirits and Feints respectively shall have been taken by such Offcer as aforesaid, then and in every such Case every such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to mix with any such Spirits and

Penalty 2001.

is respectively so collected in such Receiver or Receivers any is or any Feints respectively, which may have been produced the Feints, if any, which shall have remained on hand after previous Distillation.

I. And be it further enacted, That for and in respect of Modes of One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash which shall be charging Duty, ed or made in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under let, By Per Act, the Officer of Excise shall charge such Distiller with Wash, by the for a Quantity of Spirits at the Rate of One Gallon of Rule hereinf Spirits for every Five Degrees of Gravity of such Wort or mentioned, which shall be attenuated; that is to say, for every Five according to the Attenuation of the Gravity ash, as declared by such Distiller pursuant to this Act, or as thereof. aring on the first Account taken thereof in the Fermenting or Wort Receiver, and the decreased Gravity of such Wort ash, as appearing on the last Account thereof taken by the er previous to the Distillation thereof; and the Officer shall charge at the same Rate and Proportion of Spirits for any r Quantity of such Wort or Wash, and for any such Differof Gravity which shall be less than Five Degrees.

III. And be it further enacted, That when any Officer of 2d, By the Prose shall take an Account of the Quantity and Strength of the duce, appearing Wines or Spirits of the first Distillation which shall have as berein menproduced from the Distillation of the Wash contained in any tioned. neating Back in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under Act, such Officer shall compute and ascertain the Quantity of of Spirits equivalent to such Low Wines, according to the ngth of such Low Wines or Spirits, of the first Distillation as pared with Proof Spirits, and such Quantity of Proof Spirits be deemed and taken to have been distilled or produced from Wash contained in such Back, and the Officer shall charge the ler with Duty on the Quantity of Proof Spirits so ascertained, making an Allowance of Five per Centum on such Quantity. VIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer 3d, By the Proxcise shall take an Account of the Quantity and Strength of duce on the Reand Feints respectively which shall have been produced distillation of the whole of the Low Wines distilled from the Work con the whole of the Low Wines distilled from the Wash con- into Spirits and in any Fermenting Back, together with any Feints which Feints. have remained from any previous Redistillation in the Dis-y of any Distiller licensed under this Act, such Officer shall Pute and ascertain the Quantity of Proof Spirits equivalent to Spirits and Feints respectively, according to the Strength of Spirits and Feints as compared with Proof Spirits, and shall ict from the Quantity of Proof Spirits so ascertained a Quantity toof Spirits, computed and ascertained as aforesaid, equivato the Quantity of Feints, if any, which may have remained and after any such previous Redistillation, and which may been included in the Account of Spirits and Feints so taken oresaid; and after such Deduction the remaining Quantity <sup>100f</sup> Spirits so computed and ascertained shall be deemed and have been distilled and produced from the Low Wines led from the Wash contained in such Fermenting Back, and Officer shall charge the Distiller with Duty upon such last boned Quantity of Proof Spirits. LIX. And

Wash to be charged from highest Gauge, without Allowance for Waste or Dregs.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller shall, in respect of all Wort and Wash in the Distillery of such Distille. be charged according to the highest Gauge of Quantity which shall at any Time be taken thereof, and according to the highest Amount of Gravity thereof at any Time ascertained by any 06. cer of Excise, without any Allowance for Waste, Bub, Dreg. Yeast or other Matter whatever; and when any Decrease shall take place in the Quantity of Wort and Wash in the Distillery & any Distiller, the Amount of such Decrease shall be deemed as taken to have been distilled by such Distiller, and such Distilla shall be charged with a Quantity of Spirits in proportion to the Decrease of any such Wort or Wash, according to the Direction of this Act.

In what Case Excess of Produce of Spirits from Wash deemed an undue Excess.

LX. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Quantity 4 Spirits which shall be actually distilled or produced, or which under any of the Provisions of this Act shall be deemed to be distile. or produced from any Wort or Wash contained in any Fermentic Back, shall exceed the Rate of One Gallon and One fifth Paris a Gallon of Proof Spirits from each and every One hundred 61. lons of such Wort or Wash, for and in respect of every Fin Degrees of Gravity of such Wort or Wash which shall be to tenuated; that is to say, for every Five Degrees of Different between the original Gravity of such Wort or Wash, as declars by such Distiller pursuant to this Act, or as appearing on the far Account taken thereof in the Fermenting Back, and the decrease Gravity of such Wort or Wash, as appearing by the last Account thereof, taken by the Officer previous to the Distillation there. then and in every such Case the Officer shall keep a distinct & count of every such excess Quantity, and shall set forth the in his Book or Books, and in his Keturn or Charge against such Distiller under the Head of "Undue Excesses;" and in case it Quantity of Spirits charged upon any Distiller during the Car tiquance of the Licence of such Distiller, exclusive of such units Excesses as aforesaid, shall be less, in respect of every Hundre Gallons of Wash distilled or decreased in the Distillery of such at Expiration of Distiller, than after the Rate or in the Proportion of one Gallons Proof Spirits of every Five Degrees of the Gravity of the West which such Distiller shall be authorized to make use of, pursus to any Notice which shall have been given under this Act. the and in every such Case such Distiller shall be chargeable with the Quantity of Spirits which shall appear so deficient, and the Office shall, within One Calendar Month next after the Expiration of such Licence, make a Return and charge such Distiller with the Quantity of Spirits which shall appear so deficient; and such Detiller shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return to become de and payable within Ten Days next after such Return shall have been made, or shall for every Default forfeit Twenty Pounds, it gether with a Sum equal to double the Duty so returned and charged.

In what Case Deticiency of Produce of Spirits from Wash distilled shall be charged Licence.

Penalty.

What deemed Low Wines and Feints.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That all Spirits of the first Extraction, or which shall be produced by One Distillation of Wash, shall be deemed to be and shall be called Low Wines; and that all Spirits which shall be produced by the Redistillation of Low Wines, or by any other Redistillation, and which shall be convered

eyed into or kept in any Feints' Receiver, shall be deemed

s, for the Purposes of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Omcer in charge on listillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, or any other Distiller, who er of Excise appointed or authorized so to do, shall from time shall pay Duty III. And be it further enacted, That the Officer in charge of Officer to make ne, within Six Days after the End of every Distilling Period, accordingly. out and deliver to the Collector of Excise, or to such Perr Persons as the Commissioners of Excise shall appoint to re the same, a Return or an Account of the Quantity of is for which such Distiller shall from time to time be cable with Duty, and of the Duty payable thereon under let, from the Commencement of any Brewing Period to the of the Distilling Period next following such Brewing Period; my such Officer shall and may also make out and deliver any Return or Account from time to time, and at any Time and ny Period, as shall be directed by the Commissioners of Exand every such Officer is hereby required in every such Reor Account to charge such Distiller, and such Officer shall ge such Distiller, according to such of the several Modes harging prescribed by this Act as shall produce the highest of Duty; and such Officer shall leave a true Copy of y such Return or Account, signed with his Name, and under hand, with every such Distiller, or at such Distillery, and the am or Account of such Officer shall be a Charge on every Distiller, and such Distiller shall pay the Duty appearing by Penalty. Return or Account to have become due and payable, within Days after such Return or Account shall be made, or shall every Default forfeit Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum il to double the Duty so returned and charged; and such Dis- How far only shall not be allowed to controvert or dispute any Return or Distiller rge of Duty made by any Officer, unless such Distiller shall may dispute made and delivered at the Excise Office a true Account of Officer. Quantity of Spirits by him distilled within every such Period, shall have paid the Duty chargeable on such Quantity of its, and in Default thereof, such Return or Account of the er as aforesaid shall be conclusive against such Distiller. any Distiller of any Sum of Money less than the Amount of to exemption spearing by the Return of the Officer to be payable by from Payment of Difference between the Amount of Duty so appearing by cer's return Return and the Same of payable by from Payment be Difference between the Amount of Duty so appearing by cer's return Return and the Same of payable by such Distillar if such Distillar and the Same of payable by such Distillar if such Distillar and the Same of payable by such Distillar if such Distillar and the Same of payable by such Distillar if such Distillar and the Same of payable by from Payment of Distillar in the Return, and the Sum so paid by such Distiller, if such Dis- and Distiller's t shall be by Law liable to the Payment of such Difference; Entry. that if such Distiller shall not pay such Difference within Six 3 next after such Return of such Officer, such Distiller shall

wch Distiller. Ally. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officer of Stock Account cise shall keep an Account, by way of Debtor and Creditor, of of Proof Spirits Stock of Spirits in the Distillery and Stores of every Distiller to be kept by officer.

\*\*Reed under this Act, and shall in such Account credit such Officer. ick with the full Quantity of Spirits computed at Hydrometer Proof.

every such Default forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, togewith a Sum equal to double the Difference between the ount of Duty so returned by such Officer, and the Sum so paid

Increase in such Stock.

to this Act into such Stock from the Spirit Receiver in such Ditillery, and shall debit such Stock with the full Quantity of Spinio computed at Hydrometer Proof, which shall be from time to time sent out of such Stock under legal Permit; and if at any Time the Quantity of such Spirits which shall be found in the Stock or Possession of any such Distiller shall be greater than the Quantity of Spirits which by the Stock Account so kept by such Office ought to be in the Stock or Possession of such Distiller, all sach excess Quantity of Spirits shall be forfeited and may be seize by any Officer of Excise, and every such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Shillings for each and every Gallon of such excess Quantity of Spirits; and if at any Time the Quantity of Spirits in the Stock or Possession of any Distiller shall be less than the Quantity of Spirits which by the Stock Account kept by suc Officer ought to be in the Stock or Possession of such Distiller. every such Distiller, whenever such Deficiency shall appear, she forfeit the Sum of Ten Shillings for every Gallon of Spirits when shall be so deficient: Provided always, that no Distiller shall be liable to such Penalty in any Case where such Decrease shall se exceed Three per Cent., and such Distiller shall prove that said

Proof, which shall be from time to time duly conveyed pursuant

A.D. 1825.

. Decrease.

Penalty.

Penalty.
Proviso.

No Permit for Removal of Spirits except to Warehouse, until Collector's Receipt produced.

Distillers may warehouse Spirits, without Payment of Duty.

Strength of Spirits warehoused.

Quantity and Strength marked on Cask.

Distiller to give Notice of In-

Decrease did not result from any Fraud practised or intended.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lavit for any Officer of Excise to grant any Permit for the Removal any Spirits from the Stock of any Distiller licensed under the Act, except for such Spirits as shall be sent or delivered in Warehouse pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, unless such Dittiller shall produce to such Officer the Receipt of the Collector Excise for the Duty on such Spirits, nor unless such Distiller to suffer such Officer to endorse on such Receipt the Quantity Spirits for which such Permit is required, and the Date of said Permit; and every such Officer is hereby required to make said Endorsement accordingly.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may lawful for every Distiller or Maker of Spirits in Scotland and he land respectively, licensed under this Act, to warehouse st Spirits distilled in the Distillery of such Distiller, without Paymer of the Duty of Excise chargeable thereon according to the Pro visions of this Act, and under and subject to such Rule 4-Regulations as the Commissioners of Excise or any Two of the shall from time to time direct or order, in any Warehouse pro vided or approved of by the Commissioners of Excise: Provide always, that it shall not be lawful so to warehouse any Spirits? any Strength other than the respective Strengths of Twenty in per Centum over Proof, or Eleven per Centum over Proof, 25 de noted by the Hydrometer called Sykes's Hydrometer, and the all such Spirits shall be contained in Casks of not less than ()x hundred Gallons Content each; and that there be marked on each End of every Cask, in Letters or Figures legibly painted, cut of branded thereon, the Number of Gallons of Spirits contains therein at the Time of the sending of such Spirits out of the Die tillery for the Removal thereof to the Warehouse.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That when and as often any Distiller licensed under this Act shall intend to warehouse Sounds,

its, he shall give Two Days' Notice in Writing to the Officer or tention to wareers of Excise in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, and house Spirits. to the Excise Storekeeper in charge of such Warehouse, of his Intention, in which Notice shall be set forth the Mark, ber and Content in Gallons of each Cask which such Distiller ds to warehouse, and the Day and Hour of the Day on h such Distiller intends to commence the Removal of such ts out of the Store of such Distiller to the Warehouse: Pro- Not to be warel always, that no Removal of any Spirits for such Purpose housed without be allowed without a Permit according to Law; and no such oval shall take place except upon the Day mentioned in such te as aforesaid, nor upon any Excise Office Holiday, nor shall aence at any Time of the Day before the Hour of Nine in Forenoon or after the Hour of Two in the Afternoon.

EVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it In what Case

be lawful for any Officer in charge of the Distillery of any officer may refuse to grant any Permit or Permits for the Removal
the Store in such Distillery to the Warehouse of any greater
tity of Spirits then such Distiller shell have become charge. atity of Spirits than such Distiller shall have become chargewith during such Part of the Distilling Period in which such its shall be distilled as shall have elapsed previous to the re-

ing such Permit.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Officer of Excise to Officers to m any such Notice shall have been given shall attend at the attend Removal it Stores of every such Distiller at the Time mentioned as take Stock of esaid in such Notice; and such Officer shall ascertain the Distiller, and mitties and Strengths of all such Spirits as shall be sent out of set forth De-Stores, and shall compare the Marks and Numbers on the crease on Stock ral Casks in which such Spirits shall be contained with the Book. ks and Numbers described and set forth in the Notice for the chousing of such Spirits; and every such Officer shall cone in such Stores until the whole of the Spirits, of which such ice shall be given, shall be removed out of the Stores of such tiller, under Permit as aforesaid; and immediately after the noval of such Spirits, such Officer shall take Stock on such tiller, and set forth in the Stock Book the Decrease occasioned the Removal of all such Spirits.

AX. And be it further enacted, That immediately on the Storekeeper to of such Spirits under Permit as aforesaid, at the Ware-take account, ke, the proper Officer shall gauge and take an Account of the tents of every Cask, and the Strength of the Spirits contained warehoused. rein, and shall enter an Account thereof in a Book to be by kept for that Purpose; and thereupon the Storekeeper shall eve the same without Delay into the Warehouse, and shall ver to the Distiller or Person requiring the same for the Use such Distiller, a Receipt for such Spirits, specifying the Numof the different Casks, with their Gauge, and the Quantity and ength of the Spirits contained in them, with the Day of the oth and Year when such Spirits were warehoused, and any rk which may have been put on such Casks by such Distiller, distinguishing the Spirits to be his Property. XXI. And be it further enacted, That such Receipt shall be Such Receipt to

ivered over within a reasonable Time by every such Distiller to be delivered by Officer in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, and such

Distiller to

Officer who shall give Credit for same in Charge against Distiller.

Officer shall immediately give to such Distiller a Copy there signed by such Officer; and upon the Delivery of such Receipt, not before, it shall be lawful for such Officer to deduct from Number of Gallons of Spirits with which such Distiller shall the be charged or chargeable with Duty, the Number of Gallous warehoused, and to return the Charge of Duty against the I tiller to the Collector of Excise for the remaining Number Gallons, which shall be a Charge against such Distiller accordingly; and every such Officer shall snnex to such Return to Storekeeper's Receipt as his Voucher for having made sadi I duction as aforesaid

Spirits may be taken out for Home Consumption in Quantities not less than the Content of original Cask. on Payment of Duty.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller us housing Spirits, or other Proprietor thereof, shall desire to the out the same for Home Consumption, or any Quantity thereof. being less than the Quantity of Spirits contained in one of Casks in which such Spirits shall have been warehoused, it st and may be lawful for such Distiller or Proprietor so to da paying to the Collector of Excise for the District the full And of the Duty of Excise on Spirits payable in respect of st Spirits, for the Quantity which each and every such Cask to taken out contained at the Time of the same being warehouse and upon Production of the Collector's Receipt for such D to the Storekeeper, it shall be lawful for him to discharge! Cask or Casks mentioned in the Collector's Receipt, and to a liver a Permit for the Conveyance of the same to the Distiller Proprietor thereof, or to such Place as such Distiller or Propriet shall direct or require.

Notice by Dis-Warebouse for Exportation.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That so often as any D tillers of taking spirits out of the warehousing Spirits, or any Proprietor of such Spirits out of warehoused, shall be desirous of shipping for Exponentian at warehoused, shall be desirous of shipping for Exponentian at the same of t Quantity of such Spirits, such Distiller or Proprietor shall delast to the Storekeeper, Two Days at least before the Time when I intends to ship such Spirits, a Note in Writing, requiring at Storekeeper to deliver such Casks as such Person may intend in export, specifying the Number of Casks and the Quanty of Spirits intended to be shipped, as set forth in the Recept the? shall have been so given to such Distiller by the Storekeper. 2 mentioning the Time when such Distiller or Proprietor purpose to ship such Spirits, and the Name and Destination of the Ship a Vessel, and the Name of the Master of such Ship or Vessel which such Spirits are intended to be exported; and it shall? lawful for the Officer attending the Warehouse from which set Spirits are to be taken, before the Delivery thereof from we Warehouse, to mark every Cask of such Spirits with such Viz as the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Two of them. direct; and if any Spirits shall, after having been received in the Warehouse, and before their actual Exportation, be altered Quality, Quantity or Strength, except by Decrease occasioned Leakage, Waste or Accident, all such Spirits and the Cal containing the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by a Officer of Excise.

Warehoused Spirits altered in Strength or Quantity.

Penalty.

Bond of Distiller on Exportation.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That before any such Spi rits shall be delivered out of any such Warehouse for Exportation the Distiller or Proprietor intending to expert the same shall vith One or more sufficient Surety or Sureties, give Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Double the Value of such spirits, and of the Excise Duty which would be due and payable hereon if such Spirits were taken out for Home Consumption; vhich Bond the Collector of Excise or other proper Officer is ereby authorized and required to take, conditioned that such spirits shall, the Danger of the Seas or Enemies excepted, be xported to and landed at such Port as shall be specified in such Sond, without Alteration in Quality or Quantity, except what nay be occasioned by Leakage, Waste or Accident, and shall not Certificate e landed in any other Place, nor relanded in the Country in which thereof by he same has been shipped for Exportation; and such Collector of Collector. Excise or other Officer shall sign and give to such Distiller or Proprietor a Certificate of such Bond having been entered into: Provided always, that no other or further Bond shall be required rom or executed by such Distiller or Proprietor, conditioned as foresaid; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That upon the Distiller On Production r Proprietor of such Spirits, or some Person on Behalf of such Distiller or Proprietor, producing to the Storekeeper of the Ware-souse the Certificate from the Collector, or other Officer as afore-weight that such Bond and Scownike hath been single that Storekeeper to send aid, that such Bond and Security hath been given, the Store- Spirits on board ceeper shall deliver such Spirits as shall be mentioned in such with a Permit. Certificate to be exported; and such Storekeeper shall cause the aid Spirits to be sent to the Quay where the Ship or Vessel shall be stationed, there to be delivered into the Custody of the Shipoing Officer of the Customs or Excise on such Quay, and shall at he same Time grant a Permit for the Quantity so sent, in which Permit shall be also mentioned the Date when the Spirits were varehoused, and such other Particulars as the Commissioners of Excise, or any Two of them, shall direct and appoint; and all such Spirits shall remain in the Care and Custody of the Shipping Officer on the Quay, until shipped or exported; and that no such Removal shall take place on any Excise Office or Custom House Holiday, or commence at any Time of the Day before the Hour of Nine in the Forenoon, or after the Hour of Two in the Afternoon; and all such Spirits shall be shipped in the same Casks in which they were originally warehoused, with the Marks, Numbers and Notes of the Content painted or branded or cut thereon, except in Cases of damaged or leaky Casks, which may be changed with the Leave of any Commissioner of Excise, or of the Surveyor or Supervisor of the District, and like Marks, Number and Notes shall be painted or branded or cut on the Head of each new Cask, as had been painted or branded or cut on the eaky or damaged Casks; and all such Spirits shall be shipped only in such Vessels as by Law Spirits distilled in Scotland or Ire-'and respectively may be shipped for Exportation, subject to all Regulations, Forfeitures and Penalties, in respect of relanding or anshipping the same, as are or may be contained in any Act or Acts respecting Spirits shipped from Scotland or Ireland respecively for Exportation to Great Britain or elsewhere, and as are not contrary to the Provisions of this Act.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be warehoused lawful to deliver from Warehouse any Spirits for the Purpose of Spirits may be being

shipped as Stores without Duty.

being shipped as Stores, and of being consumed upon the Outward and Homeward Voyage to or from Parts beyond the Seas, without Payment of the Duty of Excise, subject nevertheless to the Conditions, Regulations, Restrictions and Securities required by an Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain relating to the shipping of Rum as Stores.

Distiller may view and show his Spirits in Warehouses.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Distiller or Proprietor of any such Spirits so to be lodged in any Warehouse aforesaid, in the Presence of the Storekeeper. who is hereby required to attend at all reasonable Times for the Purpose, not oftener than Once in Twenty four Hours, to view examine and show for Sale such Spirits, or any Part thereof, at to examine the State of the Casks, and to prevent Leakage v Drainage therein.

Spirits warehoused shall be charged Ware-] bouse Rent.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon all Spino which shall be warehoused in any Warehouse under the Provisce of this Act, whether such Spirits shall be taken out for Es portation or for Home Consumption, or for Removal from E. one Warehouse to any other, under the Provisions of this Ac there shall be chargeable and charged and paid to the Collectiv of Excise, to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Succession Warehouse Rent, at the Rate of One Penny British Current per Week for every Forty Gallons of such Spirits, and so in Party portion for any smaller Quantity; and such Rent shall be a lie on such Spirits; and such Spirits shall not be delivered out a Warehouse until such Rent shall be paid, under and subject is such Rules and Regulations as the Commissioners of Excise. any Two of them, shall or may from time to time direct or appear.

Ullage Casks may be filled up in Warehouse.

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller or other Proprietor of Spirits warehouse under the Provisions of this Act, to cause any Cask or Casks # Spirits belonging to such Distiller or Proprietor, and which such Distiller or Proprietor shall require to be delivered out pursus: to the Provisions of this Act, to be filled (in the Presence of the Storekeeper, or such other Officer as the Commissioners of Exce or any Two of them shall appoint), from or out of any other (se or Casks of Spirits belonging to such Distiller or Proprietor. 255 which shall then be in such Warehouse, upon such Distiller Proprietor paying the Duty on the whole Quantity of Spinis contained in the Cask or Casks, the Contents of which shall k so intended to be used in filling; and in case any Part of the Contents of any such Cask shall remain after the filling up of any other Cask or Casks, the said Cask, Part of whose Contents shall have been so used in filling, shall be kept apart for the like Purpose again, or shall and may be delivered to the Distiller or Proprietor, if he shall require the same.

house to another.

Distiller liable to Duty on Deficiency of

Warehoused
Spirits removed may be removed at the Desire of the Distiller or Proprietor from one Ware- thereof, from the Warehouse at any one Place, to the like Warehouse at any other Place, under such Regulations as the Commissioners of Excise shall order in respect thereof.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That in case the Quantity of any Spirits which shall have been or shall be lodged in any Warehouses, shall at any Time or by any Means fall short or be deficient

deficient of the actual Quantity which ought to be or remain ware- Spirits in Warehoused or secured, after allowing for so much and such Part of house. such Spirits as shall have been delivered for Exportation or Home Consumption, or for Removal to any other Warehouse, if any such shall have been so delivered, the Distiller or Proprietor of such Spirits shall be subject and liable to the full Duties due and payable upon such Spirits at the Time when such Deficiency shall be ascertained, for and in respect of the Quantity so deficient as aforesaid, and shall pay and satisfy the same before any of the Spirits so warehoused or secured, then remaining, shall be permitted to be taken out of such Warehouse; and all such Spirits so remaining shall be subject to the Duties on the Quantity so deficient, and shall and may be sold for Payment of the same, and of Warehouse Rent and other Charges; and it shall also be lawful for the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in charge of the Collection, to issue his Warrant, and cause to be levied by Distress and Sale the Duties due and owing on the Quantity of Spirits so deficient, in the like Manner and with the like Powers, Authorities and Remedies in all respects, as any Collector of Excise, or other Officer in charge as aforesaid, is by this Act authorized and empowered to levy or cause to be levied any Duties due by any Distiller.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Spirits No Action for warehoused in any of His Majesty's Warehouses shall be destroyed Distiller against by Fire, or the falling of such Warehouse or any Part thereof, it Spirits deshall not be lawful for the Distiller, Proprietor or other Person stroyed in whatever, to claim or demand, or to maintain any Action or Suit Warehouse by against His Majesty, or against the Commissioners of Excise, or Fire, &c. against any Officer or Person employed by or acting under the said Commissioners, for any Compensation or Damages for or on account or by reason of such Spirits having been destroyed in Manner aforesaid; and no Duty shall be demanded or paid for

any Spirits so destroyed as aforesaid.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Permit which Permits for the warehouse, under any of the Provisions of this Act, shall be granted and issued, obtained and used, under the Rules, Regulations and Provisions of any Act of Parliament in force Act, granted in Scotland or in Ireland for regulating the granting and issuing under the Reof Permits for the Removal or Conveyance of Exciseable Goods, gulations of the or in any Act or Acts in any Manner relating to such Permits; Permit Laws. and that all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted or imposed by the said Acts, or any of hem, shall extend and shall be construed to extend to, and shall De applied in the Execution of this Act, and to all and every Permit and Permits which shall be granted for the Removal of any Spirits under this Act, and to the Persons issuing, obtainng or using the same, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Clauses, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and as if he said Clauses, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures had seen applied in the said Acts to Spirits warehoused without Paynent of Duty.

LXXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That such ware- Spirits hereto-4 GEO. IV.

the Crown for

housed fore warehoused

may be taken out. housed Spirits may be taken out of any such Warehouse for Home Consumption, or for Exportation, at such Strength as the same might have been taken out if this Act had not been made; any Thing in this or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Spirits warehoused in Scotland under S G.4. c.111. may be taken out of Warehouse for Home Consumption.

LXXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That when any Distiller in Scotland shall have warehoused or shall warehouse any Spirits without Payment of the Duty of Excise thereon. under the Regulations of the said recited Act of the last Sesser of Parliament, intituled An Act to allow, until the Tenth Day November One thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, the Eportation of Spirits distilled from Corn for Home Consumption is Scotland, to Parts beyond the Seas, without Payment of the Day of Excise chargeable thereon; it shall and may be lawful for sud Distiller, at any Time after the passing of this Act, to take set Spirits out of such Warehouse for Home Consumption, on Proment of such Duties of Excise as shall be payable on such Spins at the Time of taking the same out of Warehouse; and that from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, such Spirits as shall remain in such Warehour may be taken out for Exportation, or for Home Consumption under the Regulations of this Act.

54 G.S. § 14. repealed.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That so much of the size recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His late Majesty's Repfor regulating the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Inland, as relates to putting into any Warehouse any Spirits imported from Ireland into Great Britain, or to the Reduction of the Strength of such Spirits to the Strength of One to Ten of Hydrometer Proof, shall be and the same is hereby repealed to far as relates to any Spirits to be imported from Ireland in Scotland at any Time after the Commencement of this Act.

Spirits warehoused under former Acts to remain under this Act. LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Spirits which shall have been warehoused under the Provisions of any Acts Acts for the warehousing of Spirits in Scotland and Ireland in spectively in force immediately before the Commencement of the Act, shall and may remain warehoused under the Provisions of this Act; and that all such Spirits shall be subject to the Regulations in this Act contained, and shall be dealt with and dispose of to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been warehoused under this Act.

55 G.S.c.111.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and she the Commencement of this Act, so much of an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for the better collecting and securing the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, whereby it is enacted, the no Spirits made or distilled in Ireland shall be permitted or allowed to be secured in Warehouse in Ireland without Payment of the Duty of Excise payable in Ireland thereon, unless such Spirits shall be of the full Strength of One to Four, or Twenty five per Centum over Hydrometer Proof, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise, or any Two of them, from time to time to make and issue such Rules and Regulations as to them shall seem fit and proper, for ascertaining the Strength of Spirits to

Commissioners may make Regulations for ascertaining the Strength of

be warehoused, and for the warehousing of Spirits, and for taking warehoused the same out of Warehouse; and that all such Rules and Regu- Spirits, &c. lations which shall be so made and issued by the Commissioners, or any Two of them, for such Purposes or any of them, shall be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same had been hereby enacted; and such Rules and Regulations shall be obeyed accordingly.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Scotch Spirits

Commencement of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to export may be exported from Scotland to Ireland any Spirits distilled in Scotland, and to Ireland from which shall be warehoused under the Provisions of this Act. which shall be warehoused under the Provisions of this Act; any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary thereof in anywise not-

withstanding.

XC. And be it further enacted, That no Malt shall be removed Distiller mashor conveyed into the Mash Tun of any Distiller without a Mash-ing or brewing ing Permit, specifying the Time when the Malt mentioned therein Malt without a is to be wetted or mashed, and if in Scotland, specifying whether such Malt is or is not made from Bear or Bigg; and if any Quantity of Malt, whether mashed or unmashed, or whether mixed or unmixed with any unmalted Corn or not, shall be found in the Mash Tun of any Distiller, and a Permit for removing the same into such Mash Tun shall not, on Demand of any Officer of Excise, be produced to such Officer, or if any Malt shall be wetted or mashed before the Time specified in such Permit, such Distiller shall, in each and every such Case, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Penalty 501. Pounds: Provided always, that no Mashing Permit shall at any Time be granted, except for Malt which shall be then in some Malt Store in or belonging to the Distillery of such Distiller.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller licensed Every Distiller under this Act shall from time to time, within Three Days after to use at least One Brehel of the End of every Distilling Period, deliver to the proper Officer Malt for every all the Mashing Permits which shall have been granted for Malt Ten Gallons of used in making the Wort or Wash distilled in the Distillery of Proof Spirits or such Distiller during such Period; and if the Quantity of Malt so pay Duty on used, as appearing by such Permits, shall be less than after the Deficiency. Rate of One Bushel of Malt for every Ten Gallons of Proof Spirits in respect of which such Distiller became chargeable during such Period, then and in such Case every such Distiller shall, for and in respect of every Bushel of Malt so appearing to Penalty. be deficient, forfeit the Sum of Five Shillings: Provided always, Proviso. that in case any such Distiller shall, within Six Days after the Expiration of such Period, pay to the proper Collector of Excise a Sum after the Rate of Two Shillings and Sixpence for every Bushel of Malt so deficient, then such Distiller shall not be proceeded against for such Penalty, and such Sum so paid shall be placed by such Collector to the Account of the Duties payable on Malt.

XCII. And for the encouraging the Use of Malt in the making Allowance to and distilling of Spirits in Scotland and Ireland, be it enacted, Distiller on Spirits made That every Distiller who shall, under the Regulations of this Spirits made Act, distil Spirits from Worts or Wash brewed and made from Malt. malted Corn only, not being mixed with any unmalted Corn or Grain whatever, shall be entitled to an Allowance or Abatement of One Shilling for every Gallon of Proof Spirits, in respect of

Notice by Distiller of Intention to use such Malt only.

Using raw Grain after such Notice.

Penalty.

Distiller using Malt only, and claiming Allowance granted by this Act, to deliver Account of Quant ty of Malt used, together with Mashing Permits;

and declare the Truth of such Account. which such Distiller shall be charged with Duty under the Provisions of this Act, during the Time such Distiller shall use maked Corn only, as aforesaid; and every Distiller who shall intend w use in his Distillery Malt only, as aforesaid, and to claim the Allowance herein granted, shall, Six Days before he shall conmence to brew or make any Wort or Wash, give Notice in Writing to the Proper Officer in charge of such Distillery, is which Notice shall be stated, that such Distiller intends to be Malt only, not being mixed with any unmalted Corn or Grain whatever; and if at any Time after any such Notice shall have been given, any unmalted Corn or Grain, ground or bruse. mixed or unmixed with any Malt, shall be found in such Dist. lery, or in any Store, Mill or other Premises thereto belonging or if any Wort or Wash made of any Materials save and except Malt only, shall be found in the Distillery of such Distiller, or # any Store belonging to such Distillery; then in each and even such Case, such Distiller shall (except in the Case hereinafic provided) forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall me be entitled to such Allowance or Abatement of One Shilling pr Gallon for or in respect of any Spirits with which such Distale shall be charged, during the Continuance of the Licence of sad Distiller.

XCIIL And be it furher enacted, That every Distiller when shall use Malt only, and shall claim the Allowance of One Shills, for every Gallon of Spirits granted by this Act, shall from to to time, at the End of every Distilling Period, deliver to the proper Officer an Account in Writing of the Number of Bushes of Malt actually used in making the Wort or Wash distilled during such Period, and stating how many Bushels of such Malt as in any Distillery in Scotland shall have been Malt made of Ber or Bigg, and how much of such Malt shall have been made from other Corn or Grain, or that no such Malt was made of Bear Bigg, as the Case may truly be, together with the Mashir, Permits for all such Malt respectively; and such Officer she thereupon transmit such Account, and shall also make a Return in Writing, signed by such Officer, to the Collector of Excespecifying the Number of Bushels of all such Malt so used, # the Quantity of Proof Spirits with which such Distiller shall have been charged in respect of such Wort or Wash; and every such Distiller, or the principal Manager of his, her or their Distiller shall make and subscribe a Declaration to the Truth of such Account, in the Form or to the Effect following:

La. B., [Distiller, or principal Manager of the Distiller of C. D., as the Case may be] do solemaly declare, that with the Brewing Period commencing on the

and ending on the both inclusive, there were actually received into my [or, the said if verified by the Manager.
Distillery, situate at the Quantity of Bushels of Malt, and no more; [and if in Scotland, add, and that the Quantity of such Malt made of Bear or Bigg was

Bushels, and no more; or, that no Part of such Male was made from Bear or Bigg, as the Case may be]; and that within the said Period there were actually mashed and used in

' the said Distillery
' and that all such Malt so mashed and used was duly conveyed ' by Mashing Permits into the Mash Tun in the said Distillery; and that all the said Permits were fairly and legally obtained; ' and that all Duties of Excise on the Whole of the said Malt so ' received, mashed or used, were duly paid; and that no unmalted ' Corn or Grain was mashed or used in the said Distillery during ' the said Period; and all this I swear, to the best of my Know-

' ledge and Belief, and according to the best Information in my

' Power to obtain.

And if such Declaration shall be defective or untrue in any Par- Untrue Declaticular, the Distiller by whom or on whose Behalf such Declaration shall be made shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Collector, on the Collector of Excise who shall have received such Account, receiving such Permits and Return as aforesaid, to pay or allow such Distiller, in Account, to pay such Manner as the Commissioners of Excise or any Two of them shall direct, a Sum after the Rate of One Shilling for every Gallon of Proof Spirits in respect of which such Distiller shall be charged during the Period comprised in such Account and Return: Provided always, that if the Quantity of Malt appearing If Quantity of by such Account or Return to have been mashed and used during such Period, shall be less than after the Rate of One Bushel of the Rate herein Malt for every Two Gallons of Proof Spirits so charged, such Collector shall deduct from the Amount of such Allowance a Collector shall deduct from the Rate herein mentioned, Collector shall deduct from the Rate herein mentioned, Collector shall deduct from the Collector shall deduct f Bushel of Malt which shall be so deficient, and shall place the Allowance. same to the Account of the Duties on Malt; and that in the ascertaining such Quantity of Malt used in any Distillery in Scotland, Thirty Bushels of Malt made of Bear or Bigg shall be calculated and taken as equivalent to Twenty three Bushels and no more of Malt made of other Corn or Grain; such Proportion exactly equal to the Amount of Duty paid on Malt made of Bear or Bigg in Scotland compared with the Duty on Malt made of any other Corn or Grain: Provided also, that in Case any such Dis- Duties or Petiller shall have been charged with or shall owe any Duty or nalties unpaid Duties under this Act, or under any other Act or Acts, or shall deducted from be liable to the Payment of any Penalty or Penalties which may Allowance. have been adjudged against such Distiller for any Offence against this Act, or against any other Act in force relating to the Revenue of Excise; it shall be lawful for such Collector from time to time to apply the Amount of every such Allowance, or a sufficient Part thereof, in Satisfaction of such Duty or Duties, Penalty or Penalties, or any of them.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Com- 1 & 2G.4. c.82. mencement of this Act, so much of an Act passed in the First 5 1. and Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for allowing to Distillers of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland, a Drawback of the Portion of the Duty on Mali used by them, and for the further Prevention of Smuggling of Spirits on the Borders of Scotland, and England, as grants or allows a Draw-back of One Shilling to every Distiller of Spirits for Home Con-sumption in Scotland, for every Bushel of Malt used by such Dis-

repealed.

1 & 2G. 4. c.82. as to storing Malt by Distillers in Scotland, applied to Scotland under this Act, except as herein mentioned.

tiller in the Distillation of such Spirits, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties and Modes of Recovery provided, mentioned and contained in the said last recited Act, passed in the First and Second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, which relate to the storing of Malt by any Distiller, and which regulate the claiming, granting and allowing the Drawback in the said Act mentioned, shall be applied and put in Practice in Scotland, for and in respect to the claiming and obtaining and granting the Allowance or Sum of One Shilling for every Gallon of Proof Spirits granted by this Act to any Distiller using in his Distillery malted Corn only, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all such Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures had been expressly repeated and re-enacted in this Act, except so far as the same are altered by this Act; and the said recited Act and this Act shall be construed together as One Act, to all Intents whatever, so far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other.

Distiller selling Malt.

Malt used in the Distillery to

be ground there.

Penalty.

Removal of Scotland.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller in Scotland or Ireland, licensed under this Act, to sell any Malt, nor to send out or deliver from any Distillery, Store, Mill or other Premises belonging to such Distiller, any Malt to any Person whatever, nor to receive into any such Distillery, Store, Mill or other Premises, any Malt in a ground or bruised State from any Person whatever; and all Malt which shall be used in the Distillery of any such Distiller shall be ground or bruised in some Mill belonging to such Distiller, in or adjacent to the Distillery of such Distiller; and if any such Distiller shall sell any Malt, or if any Malt shall be sent out or delivered to any Person whatever, from any Distillery, Store, Mill, or other Premises belonging to any such Distiller, or if any Malt in a ground or bruised State shall be received from any Person whatever into any Distillery, Store, Mill or Premises, or if any Malt which shall be used or intended to be used in the Distillery of any such Distiller shall be ground or bruised in any Mill not belonging to such Distiller, and not being in or adjacent to the Distillery of such Distiller, then in each and every such Case, such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds; and all Malt so sold, sent out, delivered, received, ground or bruised, contrary to the Directions of this Act, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Malt which shall Mals from Mill have been ground or bruised pursuant to the Directions of this to Mash Tunin Act, in the Mill of any Distiller in Scotland licensed under this Act, shall either be conveyed directly from such Mill to the Mash Tun in the Distillery of such Distiller, or shall be again deposited and stored under the Lock of the Officer until such Mashing Permit, as in this Act is directed, shall from time to time be obtained for the Removal of such Malt into the Mash Tun in such Distillery.

No Malt to be

XCIX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no Malt shall be deposited

deposited in any Room or Place under the Provisions of the said deposited until last recited Act, until a Receipt for the Payment of the Duty on Duty paid. such Malt, signed by the proper Collector of Excise, shall be produced to the Officer in whose Custody the same is to be deposited; and such Officer shall and is hereby required to indorse on every such Receipt the Quantity of Malt which shall be so deposited, and the Date of depositing the same.

C. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Distiller, When Distiller who shall have given any such Notice of using malted Corn only using Malt only as aforesaid, shall intend to commence or recommence to use may commence using raw Grain unmalted Corn or Grain, or Malt mixed with unmalted Grain, at on Notice. any Time when there shall not be any Wort or Wash in the Distillery of such Distiller, such Time being at least One Calendar Month distant from the Time such Distiller began to use Malt only under any such Notice, it shall be lawful for such Distiller, on giving Six Days' previous Notice to the Proper Officer, so to commence or recommence to use unmalted Grain; and such Distiller shall not thereafter be liable to any such Penalty aforesaid, or be entitled to any such Allowance: Provided also, that if any When Distiller Distiller using unmalted Corn and Grain shall be desirous of using raw Grain commencing or recommencing to use malted Corn only as afore- may commence said, at any Time when there shall not be any Wort or Wash in using Malt only the Distillery of such Distiller, such Time being at least One on Notice. Calendar Month from the Time such Distiller shall have commenced or recommenced using unmalted Grain as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Distiller, on giving Six Days' Notice as aforesaid, so to commence or recommence to use malted Corn

ČI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Commissioners for the Commissioners of Excise, or any Two of them, from time may make Reto time to make such further and other Rules, Orders and Regulations for ations, with respect to obtaining and Payment of any Allowances and or Sum of Money under this Act, and for the preventing of Frauds for preventing in claiming the same, as the said Commissioners, or any Two of Fraud. them, shall think fitting or expedient; and all such Rules, Orders and Regulations, when so made, shall be obeyed and complied with by all Persons claiming Payment of such Sums of Money or Allowance; and no such Sums of Money or Allowance shall be paid to any Person or Persons neglecting or refusing to comply with such Rules, Orders and Regulations, when the same shall be so made, or for or in respect of any Spirit made from any Malt

not being cleaned or screened.

CII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any Spirits Spirits made enwhich, under the Provisions in this Act contained shall be made sirely from Malt rom Malt only, unmixed with any unmalted Corn or Grain, and warehoused in which the Allowance of One Shilling for every Gallon thereof hall be made in respect of the Duty on such Malt, shall be England, untored and deposited in some Store or Place separate and apart less on Repsyrom any other Spirits which shall be warehoused under this Act, ment of Allowind subject to and under such Rules and Regulations as shall be ance. nade by the Commissioners of Excise with respect to such Spirits; and that no such Spirits so made from Malt only, and on which such Allowance of One Shilling per Gallon shall have been made, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse, Store or Place for 3 K 4 Exportation

Exportation to England, until the Allowance so made shall have been repaid by the Proprietor or Exporter of such Spirits.

Distillers to affix Board over Distillery Gate, importing they are licensed.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller who shall be licensed under this Act, shall cause to be painted on a Board, with Letters publicly visible and legible, at least Three Inches long, in White upon a Black Ground, the Name of such Distiller at full Length, and after such Name, the Words "Licensed Distiller;" and every such Distiller shall cause such Board to be affixed in some conspicuous Place on the Outside of the Front of the Distillery of such Distiller, over the Gate or Entrance Door thereto, not more than Three Feet from the Top of such Gate or Entrance Door; and every such Distiller shall preserve and keep up such Board so painted, during the Continuance of the Licence of such Distiller; and in default of affixing such Board, or keeping the same so affixed, every such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Person on or before whose House or other Place any Board or Sign shall be affixed or erected, importing that such Person is a Distiller, or exercises or carries on the Trade of a Distiller, or purporting that such Person is licensed so to do, shall not at the Time be duly licensed for such Purpose which such Board or Sign shall so import, then and in every such Case every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty 201.

Penalty 201.

Unlicensed Persons affixing

auch Board.

Penalty 201.
Officers empowered to enter Distilleries.

Obstructing Officers.

Penalty 2001.
Distillers to
furnish Officer
with Ladder
and Lights.

CIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise, at all Times, as well by Night as by Day, to enter into every House, Distillery, Still House, Outhouse, Store and Place whatsoever, of or belonging to or made use of by any Distiller licensed under this Act, and to gauge, measure and take an Account of every Still, or other Vessel or Utensil of any Kind, of or belonging to or kept in the Distillery of my such Distiller, and to gauge and take an Account of the Quantity and Strength of all Spirits, Low Wines and Feints, which shall be from time to time made or distilled, and of the Quantity and Gravity or Strength of all Wort, Wash and Feints, which shall be from time to time made use of in the Distillery of such Distiller, and of all such Spirits and Materials for making or distilling of Spirits, as shall be in any House, Distillery, Store or Place belonging to or made use of by such Distiller; and if any Officer of Excise, or his Assistants, shall be hindered, obstructed or prevented by any Distiller, or by any Servant or Person acting in the Employment of such Distiller, from entering into any Distillery, or any House, Outhouse, Store or other Place whatsoever, of or belonging to or made use of by such Distiller; or if any such Officer or his Assistants, having entered, shall be hindered, obstructed or prevented from doing any Part of his Duty in the Execution of this Act; such Distiller shall for every such Offence respectively forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

CV. And be it further enacted, That if, on Demand of any Officer of Excise, made in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, strong, safe and convenient Ladders shall not be provided and conveniently placed, of Length sufficient to enable such Officer to ascend to and examine and descend from any Vessel or Utensil in any such Distillery, or to gauge or ascertain the Content or Capacity of any Vessel or Utensil in such Distillery.

llery; or if any such Ladder shall not be fixed at or in any art of such Vessel or Utensil where such Officer shall require; r if on any Visit made by any Officer of Excise, on Demand of ach Officer, sufficient Lights and sufficient Aid or Assistance nall not be supplied for the Purpose of gauging or ascertaining ne Content or Capacity of any Vessel or Utensil, or of searching or and gauging all the Stock on Hand in such Distillery, as well y Day as by Night; every Distiller, in whose Distillery any such leglect or Offence shall take place, shall in any of the Cases foresaid, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Penalty 100L 'ounds.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of Officer may excise shall require that the Water contained in any Worm Tub order Water to elonging to any Still in any Distillery of any Distiller, at any be drawn off. lime when such Still shall not be at Work, shall be drawn or run ff, the same shall be drawn or run off accordingly; and if the Refusal. Vater shall not be so drawn or run off at the Request of such Officer, the Distiller in whose Distillery such Worm Tub shall be ituate shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and it shall e lawful for such Officer to draw or run off such Water, or so Penalty 100l. nuch thereof as he shall think necessary.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer of Refusing Ad-Excise, after having demanded Admittance into the Distillery of mission to my Distiller licensed under this Act, and having declared his Officer. Name and Business at the Gate or Entrance Door, or at any Vindow of such Distillery, shall not be admitted into such Disillery, such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if such Officer shall not obtain Ad- Penalty 1001. nittance into such Distillery, after having so demanded such Officers may Admittance, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer and his Distillery. Assistants at all Times, as well by Night as by Day, to break open ind enter such Distillery.

' CVIII. And Whereas Distillers have frequently made use of Owners of Places adjoining their own Houses or Distilleries, for the Puring Distiller's pose of clandestinely making, brewing, distilling or concealing shall admit their Malt, Wash, Low Wines or Spirits; For Remedy whereof, Officers. e it enacted, That if the Owner or Occupier of any House, Store or other Place, adjoining to or in the Neighbourhood of the Dwelling House or Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, or if any Servant of the Owner or Occupier of any such House or Place shall not, on Demand of any Officer of Excise, udmit such Officer of Excise, or shall not allow him to enter and earch such House, Store or Place, for Malt, Wort, Wash, Low Wines, Feints or Spirits, such Owner or Occupier of such House,

Fifty Pounds. CIX. And be it further enacted, That if no Person shall attend If no Person or appear in any such lastmentioned House, Store or Place as foresaid, to give Entrance to such Officer, it shall be lawful in Officer to give him Entrance, he Daytime for such Officer and his Assistants, or in the Night- House may be ime for such Officer and his Assistants in the Presence of a Con-broken open. stable or other Peace Officer, who is hereby authorized and rejuired to be aiding and assisting therein, to break open and enter such House, Store or Place, and to make Search therein for any

store or other Place shall in every such Case forfeit the Sum of

Penalty 50l.

Malt,

Malt, Wort, Wash, Low Wines, Feints and Spirits, which such Officer may have a probable or reasonable Cause to suspect to be fraudulently concealed therein: Provided always, that if upon Search no such Malt, Wort, Wash, Low Wines, Feints or Spirits shall be found, such Officer shall repair all the Damages done, or shall make reasonable Satisfaction for the same to the Owner or Occupier of such House, Store or Place.

Officers may break up Ground in Distillery to search for private Pipes, &c.

CX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer of Excise, by Night or by Day, to break up any Ground in any Part of the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, or any Ground near adjoining such Ditillery, or any Wall, Partition or other Place, to search for any Pipe or Cock, or any other private Conveyance or Utensil; and upon finding any such Pipe or Conveyance, to break up the Ground, House, Wall or other Place through or into which such Pipe or other Conveyance shall lead; and to break up or cut say such Pipe, Cock or other Conveyance; and to turn any Cock or Cocks; and to examine whether such Pipe or other Conveyance may or can convey any Wort, Wash or other Liquor fit for Distillation, out of any Back into another, or from any Back into any Still, or into any other Utensil or Place whatsoever.

Distiller having Wort or Wash, &c. not made in his Distillery.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller licensed under this Act to receive or have in the Distillery of such Distiller, or in any Store thereto belonging any Wort, Wash or Low Wines or Feints whatever, which shall not have been brewed or made in the Distillery of such Distiller: and if any Distiller shall receive or have any Wort, Wash, Low Wines or Feints, which shall not have been brewed or made 3 the Distillery of such Distiller, such Distiller shall for every section Offence forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and all said Wort, Wash, Low Wines and Feints shall be forfeited, and my be seized by any Officer of Excise.

Penalty.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Malt, Corn or Grain shall be brewed or mashed, or if any Still shall be made use of in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, at any Time between the Hour of Eleven o'Clock in the Afternoon of any Saturday, and the Hour of One o'Clock in the Forenoon of the next succeeding Monday, such Distiller in each and ever!

ing or distilling on Sunday.

Distiller brew-

such Case shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds. CXIII. And be it further enacted, That in the Distillery of every Distiller licensed under this Act there shall be safely kep! such Minute or Survey Book as shall be delivered to such Die tiller, or some Person on his Behalf, by the Supervisor, Surveyor or other Officer in charge of such Distillery, in which Book it shall be lawful for any Officer, and every such Officer is required from time to time to make true Entries of the Times when such Officer shall visit such Distillery, and of all Particulars relative to the State and Condition of such Distillery, and of the Surrey of such Officer in such Distillery; and in case any such Distiller. or the Person to whom any such Book shall be tendered as aforesaid by any Officer of Excise, shall refuse to receive the same: or if any Person employed in such Distillery shall tear, deface, &c. such Books, obliterate or alter such Book, or any Entry therein, or cause the same to be torn, defaced, obliterated or altered, or shall make or

Penalty 50L Minute or Survey Books to be kept in Distilleries.

Obliterating,

cause to be made any Entry therein; or in case such Distiller, or or refusing to any Person employed in such Distillery, shall at any Time when produce them. required by any Officer of Excise, neglect or refuse to produce and deliver such Book; such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

CXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Officer in charge Notice Book of the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act shall pro- to be kept by vide a Book, to be called a Notice Book, to be kept in such Distillery; and before any Notice or Declaration, by this Act required to be given and delivered, shall be so given or delivered, an Entry shall be made in such Book, stating the Particulars of all such Notices and Declarations; and every such Book shall be kept and preserved in such Distillery according to the Directions of the Officer in charge of such Distillery, and such Book shall at all Times on Demand be delivered to any Officer of Excise visiting such Distillery; and if any Distiller, or any Person on his Behalf, to whom any such Book shall be tendered, shall refuse to receive the same, or if the Particulars of all such Notices or Declarations respectively shall not be inserted in such Book, or if any untrue Entry shall be made therein, or if such Book or any Entry therein shall be defaced, obliterated or altered by such Distiller, or by any Person employed in such Distillery, or if such Book shall not at any Time be delivered to any Officer of Excise on his demanding the same, then and in every such Case such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

CXV. And be it further enacted, That any Notice or Declaration which shall be given or served by or on Behalf of any Disthis Act not to tiller licensed under this Act, upon any of the Persons upon whom be invalidated the same ought to be given or served, shall, according to the true for Want of Intent and Meaning of such Notice or Declaration, be taken to be Form, &c. good and effectual as against such Distiller, although such Notice or Declaration shall not be in the Form, or shall not contain the several Particulars, or shall not be given or served on all the Persons, or within the Time or Times by this Act directed, prescribed, limited and appointed for giving or serving the same; and upon the Trial of any Information, or on any other Proceeding relating to or in any Manner touching or concerning any such Notice or Declaration, it shall not be competent to or for such Distiller to allege any Imperfection or Defect in any such Notice or Declaration or in the giving or serving the same.

CXVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Collectors may Duties payable by any Distiller licensed under this Act shall be distrain for unpaid at the Time or at any Time after the Time when such Duties in Duties are or shall be due and payable, it shall be lawful for the Arrear. Collector of Excise, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Survey or District in which the Distillery of such Distiller shall be situate, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Collector or other Officer respectively, to empower any Person or Persons to take and distrain all Spirits, and all Stills, Still Heads and Worms, and all Coppers and other Vessels, and all Utensils for distilling, and all Malt, Corn, Grain and other Materials for distilling in any such Distillery, or in any Store or Place thereto belonging, or in the Use, Custody or Possession of any such Distiller, or of any Person on his Behalf or in Trust for him,

Penalty 2001.

Penalty 2001. Notices under this Act not to

Costs and

Expences.

Proviso for obtaining Permits.

All Utensils in a Distillery shall remain liable to the Payment of Duties and Penalties.

Officer may take Samples of Wort, Wash, Spirits, &c.

Such Samples shall be deemed true Samples,

and also all or any Spirits which, having been warehoused by any such Distiller in any of His Majesty's Warehouses, shall be in any such Warehouse, and to cause the same to be sold by public Auction, giving Six Days' previous Notice thereof; and after the Payment of all Duties and Arrears of Duties due from such Distiller, and also the Duties on such Parts of the Spirit which shall have been so warehoused and distrained and sold: aforesaid, together with the Costs and Expences of such taking distraining and sale, there shall be any Surplus of the Produc

arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall be forthwith ten dered and paid to such Distiller, or some lawful Agent or Repre sentative of such Distiller: Provided always, that when any Spinit or Malt shall be so taken and distrained, it shall and may be lawfu for such Distiller, or any lawful Agent or Representative of such Distiller, at any Time or Times before the Day appointed for the Sale thereof, to obtain Permits for conveying all or any Part such Spirits or Malt, upon paying to the Collector or other Office in charge as aforesaid, towards discharging the Duties so due at payable, the real Value of such Spirits or Malt as shall be n quired to be removed; and a proper Permit or proper Permi shall on due Application be given for the same, in like Manner! if no such Distress had been made.

CXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Stills and other Vessels and Utensils for distilling, having been kept or used in the Distillery of any Distiller, by what Title or Conveyance society the same shall be claimed, or into whose Hands soever the sar shall afterwards come, shall be liable and subject to, and rehereby charged with all Debts due to the Crown, and all Dore of Excise which shall be in arrear and owing by such Decir. and shall also be subject to the Payment of all such Penins shall have been incurred under this Act by any Person who shall have occupied or used such Distillery: and it shall be lawfel in 2. Cases to levy such Debts, Duties and Penalties by Distress and Sale of such Stills, Vessels and Utensils, as it would be harful to do in case the Person owing such Debts and Duties, or incurred such Penalties, were at the Time the real Proprietor of and Sch Vessels or Utensils.

CXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise, from time to time, and whenever and as often as such Officer shall deem expedient so to do. 10 take any Sample or Samples of any Wort, Wash, Low Wine Feints and Spirits in any Back, Receiver, Charger or other Veror Utensil in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act. in order that such Officer may ascertain the Gravity or Strengt of such Worts, Wash, Low Wines, Feints and Spirits, and free such Part of any such Back, Charger or other Vessel or Uten as the Officer shall think proper; and the Gravity or Strength of any such Sample so taken shall be and be held to be the true and correct Gravity or Strength of the whole Contents of the Back. Receiver, Charger or other Vessel or Utensil from which any suc-Sample shall be so taken: Provided always, that before any sach Sample shall be so taken, all the Liquor contained in any such Back, Receiver, Charger or other Vessel or Utensil, may be still red up and mixed together by such Distiller, or any Person in the Employ

Employ of such Distiller, for the Purpose of ascertaining the true Quality of the whole of such Liquor.

CXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful Distiller unto mix with or add to any Low Wines, Feints or Spirits, in the Distillery of any Distiller licensed under this Act, any Salt, Sugar, Sugar or other Meteor or Thing. Syrup or any glutinous or saccharine or other Matter or Thing, whereby the Gravity of such Low Wines, Feints or Spirits shall be increased, or so as to prevent the Strength thereof respectively being ascertained by the Hydrometer; and if it shall at any Time be found that any Salt, Sugar, Syrup or any glutinous or saccharine or other Matter shall be so mixed with or added to any Low Wines, Feints or Spirits in the Distillery of any such Distiller, contrary hereto, such Distiller shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and all Low Wines, Penalty 2001. Feints and Spirits so mixed respectively, together with all such &c. Mixtures, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

CXX. And be it further enacted, That no Spirits shall be sent No Spirits to out of or removed from the Distillery or Stock of any Distiller be removed licensed under this Act, in any less Quantity than Nine Gallons, from Distillery nor without a lawful Permit, expressing the true Quantity and in less Quantity than Nine Gal-Strength of such Spirits, and no Strength shall be expressed in lons, nor withany such Permit other than some of the Strengths following, that out Permit is to say, either Twenty five per Centum over Hydrometer Proof, expressing or Eleven per Centum over Hydrometer Proof, or Ten per Centum Strength under Hydrometer Proof; and if any Spirits shall be sent out of thereof. or removed from the Distillery or Stock of any such Distiller, without such Permit as aforesaid, or being of any Strength exceeding the Strength expressed in such Permit by more than One per Centum, or being of any Strength less than the Strength expressed in such Permit by more than Five per Centum, then and in any such Case all such Spirits, and every Cask and Vessel containing the same, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, and such Distiller shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

CXXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Dealers in Commencement of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Scotland may Dealer in or Retailer of Spirits in Scotland, to sell or send out or and to have and keep in the Stock, Custody or Possession of Spirits of such Dealer or Retailer, any Spirits distilled in Scotland, England Strength herein or Ireland, being of any Degree of Strength higher or greater mentioned. than Seven per Centum over Hydrometer Proof, and not being of any higher or greater Degree of Strength than Twenty five per Centum above Hydrometer Proof, any thing in any Act or

Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

CXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Spirits whatever No Spirit reshall be received or conveyed into, or kept in the Store or Stock ceived into of any Distiller licensed under this Act, other than such Spirits Distiller's only as shall have been distilled in the Distillery of such Distiller, Stock, except and as shall have been conveyed, according to the Directions of be distilled in this Act, from the Spirit Receiver in such Distillery; and if any his Distillery. Spirits other than such only as shall have been distilled in the Distillery of such Distiller, shall be received or conveyed into, or shall be kept, or shall at any Time be found in the Store or Stock

Penalty 2001.

Penalty.

Distiller to clean out Low Wine Receiver, and assist Officer in distilling a Charge of Wash out of any Wash Back required by Officer.

of such Distiller contrary to this Act, such Distiller shall forice the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and all such Spirits shall be forfeited and may be seized by any Officer of the Excise.

CXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Rank of Surveyor or Supervisor of Excise, 1 any Time during the Continuance of any Licence to any Distille granted under this Act, to require that any Low Wine Receive in the Distillery of such Distiller shall be emptied and cleaner out, and that any Quantity of Wash shall be conveyed into any Wash Still in the Distillery of such Distiller, and from any Wash Back as such Officer shall direct or require, in order that said Wash may be distilled into Low Wines; and all Persons in the Employ of such Distiller shall give and provide Aid and Asistance to such Officer in distilling such Wash into Low Wite and in conveying the Whole of such Low Wines directly into such Low Wines Receiver which shall be so cleaned out; and suc Low Wines shall be kept in such Receiver unmixed with a Matter or Thing, until such Officer shall have taken an Account of the Quantity and Strength of such Low Wines; and if suc Low Wines Receiver shall not be emptied and cleaned out, cri such Wash shall not be conveyed into such Wash Still, or fix such Wash Back as shall be required by such Officer, or if sad Aid and Assistance shall not be given to such Officer in the d. tilling such Wash into Low Wines, or in conveying such Lot Wines into such Receiver, or if such Low Wines shall not be key in such Receiver unmixed as aforesaid, until such Officer have taken such Account as aforesaid, then and in every sc. Case every such Distiller shall, for each Default or Offence, infeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty 200l. Officer may distil Sample of Wash.

CXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and my be lawful for any such Officer as aforesaid, and he is herely atthorized and empowered, to take and convey away out of such Distillery from any Wash Back in the Distillery of any Distiller, a Sample not exceeding the Quantity of Twenty Gallons of the Wash contained in any such Back, and to cause such Sample of Wash to be distilled into Low Wines in any Still provided for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Excise; and such Officer shall gauge or measure the Quantity, and ascertain the Strength of the Low Wines produced by the Distillation of such Wash.

If Produce of Wash distilled exceeds the Proportion herein mentioned. Low Wines produced by the Distillation of such Wash. CXXV. And be it further enacted, That in every such (see whether such Low Wines shall have been produced from Wash distilled in any Wash Still in such Distillery, and conveyed more any Low Wines Receiver in such Distillery as aforesaid, or shall have been produced from any Sample of Wash taken by such Officer as aforesaid, distilled in any Still provided by the Commissioners of Excise as aforesaid, such Officer shall ascertain by Computation the Quantity of Proof Spirit equivalent to such Low Wines, according to the Strength of such Low Wines as compared with the Strength of Proof Spirits; and if such Quantity of Proof Spirits so computed shall, in any of the respective Cases aforesaid, be greater than after the Rate or Proportion of One Gallon or Measure of Proof Spirits for every Eighty Gallows or Measures of such Wash so distilled, in respect of every Five Degrees of the Gravity of such Wash which shall have been attenuated;

tenuated; that is to say, in respect of every Five Degrees of Difference between the original Gravity of the Wort from which such Wash was produced, as declared by such Distiller pursuant to this Act, and the Gravity of such Wash when put into any such Still respectively as aforesaid; then and in each and every such Case respectively, every such Distiller shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and also the Sum of Sixpence for every Penalty. Gallon of Wort or Wash contained in the Wash Back from which such Wash so distilled was taken: Provided always, that such Proviso. Officer shall pay to such Distiller the Value of every Sample of Wash which he shall so take away from such Distillery; provided also, that such Distiller, or any Person acting in his Behalf, shall and may be present at the Distillation of any such Wash, if such Distiller or other Person shall desire to be so present.

CXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in case the Heir, Heirs, Exe-Executor or Administrator of any Distiller who shall die, or the cutors, &c. Assignee or Trustee of any Distiller who shall become Bankrupt or Insolvent, shall be desirous of carrying on the Business in the Distillery of any such Distiller, such Heir Evecutor Adminis Distillery of any such Distiller, such Heir, Executor, Adminis- ness; trator, Assignee or Trustee respectively, shall transmit or deliver up to the Commissioners of Excise the Licence which had been granted to such Distiller, and shall make Application in Writing to such Commissioners for a new Licence for such Distillery; and it shall be lawful for such Commissioners thereupon to grant or cause to be granted such new Licence, without Payment of any Duty in respect of such new Licence; and such Heir, Executor, and shall be Administrator, Assignee and Trustee respectively, to whom such liable as herein new Licence shall be granted, shall be liable and subject to all mentioned. Duties and Penalties which shall have been incurred by any such Distiller so deceased, Bankrupt or Insolvent, and shall also be deemed and taken, for the Purposes of this Act, to be the Proprietor of such Distillery, and shall be liable and subject to all the Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things in this Act contained.

CXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all the Regulations Minors being contained in this Act shall extend and be construed to extend to Distillers shall any Person under the Age of Twenty one Years, in whose Name be liable to the or for whose Use or Benefit any Distillery shall be exercised, Regulations of managed or carried on; and such Person shall be liable to all this Act. Duties of Excise, and to all Penalties and Forfeitures, as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if such Person were adult and of

full Age.

CXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Li- Licences, &c. cences, Entries, Notices, Declarations, Books, Accounts and Re- may be in such turns required or directed by this Act, shall and may be in such Form as Comrespective Form or Forms as the Commissioners of Excise, or any Two of them, may from time to time direct and appoint; and it shall not be necessary to prove on the Trial of any Complaint or Information, or on any other Proceeding for any Offence against this Act, the particular Order, Direction or Appointment of the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Two of them.

CXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Gallon in this English Gallon Act mentioned shall, for all the Purposes of this Act, be deemed applied to Act. and taken to be a Gallon English Wine Measure.

CXXX. And

Malt deemed to refer to clean Malt.

If Distiller a Retailer of Spirituous Liquors.

Penalty 200l.

Distiller not to be concerned in dealing in Spirits within Two Miles of Distillery.

Penalty 2001.
Distillers and
Officers entering into collusive Agree-

ment

CXXX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases when Malt is mentioned or referred to in this Act, the same shall be intended and understood to be Malt clean and screened, and many unclean or unscreened Malt.

CXXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller a censed under this Act shall at any Time during the Continuanc of such Licence, be directly or indirectly concerned or interested in the Sale of any Spirituous Liquors whatever by Retail, or a carrying on the Business or Trade of a Retailer of any Spirituous Liquors whatever, such Distiller, in each and every such the shall forfeit the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds.

CXXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller licensed under this Act shall be directly or indirectly concerned or in terested in carrying on the Trade of a Wholesale Dealer in Spirits or be concerned in Trade with any Wholesale Dealer in Spirits at any Place within the Distance of Two Miles from the Distillery of such Distiller; and if any such Distiller shall be directly or indirectly concerned or interested in the Trade or Business of a Dealer in Spirits, at any Place within such Distance of such Distillery, then and in every such Case such Distiller shall forful the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds.

the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds. CXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer Excise, of whatever Rank or Degree he shall or may be, wishall be employed under the Authority of the Commissioners Excise, shall make any collusive Agreement with any Distiller. of with any other Person for or on his Behalf, or as his Agent omit to do any thing belonging to the Execution of his Employ: ment as such Officer, or to connive at or to conceal any fraor Breach or Neglect of the Law by such Distiller, or an incoverants, Workmen or Agent of such Distiller, or to make any the Return in respect of any of the Matters and Things require 5 this Act or any other Act of Parliament for the better seeing any Duty or Duties on Spirits, or for the Prevention of Sense. gling, or to do or to connive at, or to conceal, or to emit to do any other Act, Matter or Thing, by the doing or the Omission whereof His Majesty's Revenue shall be defrauded; or shall directly or indirectly ask or demand, or take or receive 201. Bribe, Gratuity, Fee, Recompence or Reward for the Neglect 6. Nonperformance of any Part of his Duty, or for the restorment abandoning any Seizure, or for the forbearing to make son Seizure of any Still or Utensil, or any Wort, Wash, Low Wines Feints or Spirits, or the Casks or Vessels containing the same or any other Goods, Matters or Things forfeited by Law, even such Officer therein offending shall for each and every such 0 ence forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds, and shall be for ever after incapable of serving His Majesty in any Office or Employment, Civil or Military; and if any Distiller licensed

Penalty, severally, 500l. and Incapacity.

Bribing Officer, &c.

under this Act, or any Person on his Behalf, or as his Servant or Agent, shall directly or indirectly give, or promise or offer to give any Bribe, Recompence, Fee, Gratuity or Reward for the Performance or Nonperformance of the Duty of such Officer; or shall make any collusive Agreement with any Officer of Excise, to forbear or neglect the due Performance and Discharge of his Duty as such Officer, in any of the Matters and Things

required by this Act, or by any other Act of Parliament for better securing any Duty or Duties upon Spirits made, or for the Prevention of Smuggling, or to do, or to conceal, or to connive at, or to omit to do, any Act, Matter or Thing, by the doing or the Omission whereof any of the Provisions of this Act or any other Act or Acts shall be evaded or broken, or His Majesty's Revenue injured, or to restore or to abandon any Seizure, or to forbear or to neglect to make any Seizure of any Still or Utensil, or any Wort, Wash, Low Wines, Feints or Spirits, or the Casks or Vessels containing the same, or any other Goods, Matters or Things forfeited by Law, every such Distiller, and other Person as aforesaid, shall for each and every such Offence (whether the Offer, Proposal, Promise or Agreement be accepted or performed or not) forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; Penalty 50 1. One third Part thereof, after deducting the Expences of recovering the same, to be paid to His Majesty, and Two third Parts thereof to the Officer or Person who shall discover or disclose or inform of any such Offence: Provided always, that in case any Officer being such Officer who shall have asked, taken or received any such Offender and Bribe, Fee, Gratuity, Recompence or Reward, or entered into informing, insuch collusive Agreement as aforesaid, shall, before any Complaint shall have been made, or any Proceeding had against any such Officer, for asking, taking or receiving, or for entering into the same, give Information to the Commissioners of Excise of the Gift or Offer of such Bribe, Fee, Gratuity, Recompence or Reward, or of such collusive Agreement, and the said Commissioners shall think fit that such Information should be proceeded upon, so that the Penalty aforesaid shall be recovered against the Person who shall give, or offer or propose to give such Bribe, Fee, Recompence, Gratuity or Reward, or to make such collusive Agreement; or in case the Distiller or Person who shall give or The like Provioffer any such Bribe, Fee, Gratuity, Recompence or Reward, or sion as to Disenter into any such collusive Agreement, shall, before any Com-tiller, &c. plaint shall have been made, or any Proceeding had against such Distiller or other Person for giving or offering, or entering into the same, give Information to the Commissioners of Excise of the asking, taking or receiving any such Bribe, Fee, Recompence, Gratuity or Reward, or of such collusive Agreement by any such Officer, and the said Commissioners shall think fit that such Information should be proceeded upon, so that the Penalty aforeaid shall be recovered against such Officer, then and in either of he said Cases, either of the said Parties so first giving such nformation to such Commissioners shall be exempted from and ndemnified against the Penalties and Disabilities imposed on such Party for such Offence by this Act.

CXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller or Delivering ther Person shall deliver, remove or receive any Spirits, for the Spirits for which Lemoval of which a Permit is by Law required, without such a Permit is re-cermit, or any greater Quantity of Spirits, or of a different Kind quired without r Quality than shall be expressed in such Permit; or having a Permit, or otherwise actbtained such Permit, shall not send therewith the Spirits therein ing contrary to escribed, or return the said Permit within the Time by Law the Purpose of equired; or if any Distiller or other Person shall sell, lend, de- a Permit obiver or employ, or make use of any such Permit, or shall cause tained for the

4 GEO. IV.

Removal of Spirits.

or suffer any such Permit to be sold, lent, delivered, employed or made use of, to or for any other Use or Purpose whatsoever, than to accompany the actual Removal of the Spirits for which the same was obtained and granted, and which shall be therein expressed or described, or shall produce or cause, or suffer any such Permit to be produced to any Officer or other Person s having been received with any Spirits other than as aforesaid, or shall in any Manner use or employ, or cause or suffer to be used or employed any Permit, so as that any Account of Spirits kept or checked, or to be kept or checked by the Officer or Officers of Excise by such Permit, shall or may be frustrated or evaded. then and in every such Case every such Distiller or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, over and above all other Penalty and Penalties, Forfeiture and Forfeitures whatever; and every Permit used for any Purpose whatever, other than to accompany the Removal of the Spirits for which such Permit was obtained and granted, and which shall & therein expressed or described, shall be deemed and taken to be a false Permit, and such unlawful Use thereof shall, over above all Penalties and Forfeitures, subject the Person or Person so using the same to all and every the Penalties and Forfeiture imposed by Law upon any Person or Persons for using, giving a

False Permit.

Penalty 500l.

Penalty.

Recovery and Applications of Penalties in Scotland.

Powers of 12C.2. c.24. or any Law now in force relating to the Excise, extended to this Act.

Recovery and Application of Penalties in Ireland under this Act and Malt Act, 55 G.3. c.99. receiving any false Permit.

CXXXV. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penaliso and Forfeitures, for any Offence committed against this Act which shall be committed in Scotland, shall be sued for, recovered levied or mitigated by such Ways, Means and Methods, as at Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action 6 Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in the Court of Excheque in Scotland; and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty 6 Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successor and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discours

or sue for the same. CXXXVI. And h

CXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all and everythe Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Mitters and Things, which in and by an Act made in the Parisment of England in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Classo the Second, intituled An Act for taking away the Court of Ward and Liveries and Tenures in Capite, and by Knights Service Purveyance, and for settling a Revenue upon His Majesty in thereof, or by any other Law now in force in Scotland relating thereof, or by any other Law now in force in Scotland relating the His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, are provided and established shall be practised, used and put in Execution in Scotland, and for the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually, to a Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

CXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and everythe Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures for any Offence against this Act which shall be committed in *Ireland*, and also all and everythe Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures for any Offence against an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to make further Provision

collecting and securing the Duties of Excise on Malt made in land, shall be paid and recovered in British Currency, and ill and may be sued for and recovered, levied and applied, such Manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and h such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed appointed in and by an Act made in the Parliament of Ired, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His 14 & 15 C.2. Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled An Act for the (I.) ing of the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, His Heirs Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein mentioned, in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His late 46G.3. c.106. esty's Reign, intituled An Act to provide for the better Exe-on of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, Matters and ags under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs Port Duties, and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and va, in Ireland, or in and by any other Act or Acts in force related relating to His Majesty's Revenues of Customs and ise, or either of them, and effectually, to all Intents, Construcand Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned expressed and re-enacted in this Act, with like remedy of to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her hemselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Acts, my Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to His Majesty's enue of Excise, is provided.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall Commencemence and take Effect upon and from the Tenth Day of Octo-ment of Act. One thousand eight hundred and twenty three, except in s where any other Time of Commencement is expressly proor declared.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be Act may healided, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in tered, &c. this Session of Parliament.

## CAP. XCV.

Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Third ear of the Reign of His present Majesty, to amend the eneral Laws now in being for regulating Turnpike Roads that Part of Great Britain called England.

[19th July 1823.]

VHEREAS an Act was passed in the Third Year of the 3G.4. c.126. Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to amend general Laws now in being for regulating Turnpike Roads that Part of Great Britain called England: And Whereas the d Act requires to be explained, amended, and some Enactnts thereof to be repealed:' May it therefore please Your sty that it may be enacted; And be it enacted by the King's Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the s Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliaassembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much le said recited Act as enacts, that from and after the First of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, if fire or Tires of any Wheel or Wheels of any Waggon, Cart her such Carriage, which should be used or drawn on any 3 L 2

§ 5.

Turnpike Road, should not be so made or constructed as not to deviate more than Half an Inch from a flat or level Surface in Wheels exceeding Six Inches in Breadth, or more than One Quart ter of an Inch from a flat or level Surface in Wheels less than Si Inches in Breadth; or in case the several Nails of the Tire Tires of every such Wheel or Wheels should not be so counter sunk as not to project above One Quarter of an Inch above the Surface of such Tire or Tires, then and in every such Case: Owner of every such Waggon, Cart or other such Carriage should for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds and every Driver thereof the Sum of Forty Shillings, shall be 22

repealed.

Regulations for countersinking Nails of the Tires of Wheels of Waggons, åc.

the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fr. Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty st the several Nails of the Tire or Tires of the Wheels of ere Waggon, Wain, Cart or other such Carriage used or drawn any Turnpike Road, shall be so countersunk as not to probeyond One Quarter of an Inch above any Part of the Suris of such Tire or Tires; and if any Waggon, Cart or other so Carriage shall, from and after the said First Day of January 0 thousand eight hundred and twenty six, be drawn or used on a Turnpike Road, with any Wheel or Wheels made, constructed being otherwise than as hereinbefore last described, the Owner Owners thereof shall forfeit any Sum not exceeding Forty & lings, and every Driver thereof any Sum not exceeding Isra Shillings, for each and every Time that such Waggon, (ar a other such Carriage shall be used or drawn on any Terrel

Penalty.

3 G.4. c.126. § 6.

Road.

III. And be it further enacted, That so much of the sau recited Act as enacts, that from and after the First Day is January One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, no Wagge or other such Carriage should be allowed to travel or be used on any Road with the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of a key Breadth than Three Inches; and from and after the Day an Year last mentioned, if any Waggon or other such Carried having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of less Breadth thu Three Inches, should be used or drawn on any Tampite Rose the Owner of every such Waggon or other such Carriage to 12 should for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not c ceeding Five Pounds, and every Driver thereof, not being Owner, any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, shall be and t same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

S G.4. c. 126. § 8.

IV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said cited Act as directs, that where any particular Act or Act Parliament then in force, for the making, repairing or making, taining any Turnpike Road, should direct an higher Rate of T or Tolls on any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other such Caris having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of less Breadth than s Inches, and such higher Rate is more than the Addition which thereinbefore directed to be taken, such higher Rate of Tolis and by such Act or Acts imposed, should continue to be keep and collected on the said Road to which the said Act or Ad should relate, in the Proportions there fixed, shall, from and and : First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty r, be and the same is hereby repealed.

1. And be it further enacted, That where the Trustees or Where nmissioners of any Turnpike Road shall not, previously to the 13 G.3. c.84. sing of the said recited Act, have taken and collected on the Tolls to be ad under their Care and Management the additional Tolls on taken for Cargons, Wains, Carts or Carriages having the Wheels thereof riages with ess Breadth or Gauge than Six Inches from Side to Side at Wheels of cer Bottom or Sole thereof, and on the Horses or Beasts of the same, directed to be taken and collected acted on, the man Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Tolls shall be esty King George the Third, intituled An Act to explain, amend payable accordreduce into one Act of Parliament the general Laws now in ing to the sfor regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Scale herein an called England, and for other Purposes, and the particular specified. local Act or Acts of Parliament in execution whereof the Trustees or Commissioners shall act, shall not have provided tale of Tolls applicable to the Road under their Care and agement, such Trustees or Commissioners shall, from and the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and my four, continue to take, collect and receive for every Wag-, Wain, Cart or other such Carriage having the Fellies of the eels thereof of less Breadth or Gauge than Four and a Half les from Side to Side at the Bottom or Sole thereof, or for Horses or Beasts of Draught drawing the same, the same as are in and by such particular or local Act or Acts payin respect of such Waggons, Wains, Carts or other such lages; and for every Waggon, Wain, Cart or other such Carhaving the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of the Breadth or ge of Four and Half Inches, and less than Six Inches at the oms or Soles thereof, or for the Horses or Beasts of Draught ing the same, One Sixth less than the Tolls which are or be payable for the same; and for every Waggon, Wain, Cart ther such Carriage having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of Breadth of Six Inches or upwards at the Bottoms or Soles eof, or for the Horse or Horses drawing the same One Third than the Tolls or Duties which are or shall be payable for the le by any Act or Acts of Parliament made for making, repairing naintaining any Turnpike Road.

I. And be it further enacted, That where any particular Act Where there is icts of Parliament now in force, for the making, repairing or a Scale of Tolls taining any Turnpike Road, shall direct an higher or lower adapted to the of Toll or Tolls to be collected and taken on any Waggon, Wheels, and 1, Cart or other such Carriage, or on the Horse or Horses additional Tolls ing the same, regulated by or in respect of the greater or under Breadth of the Wheels of such Waggon, Wain, Cart or 13 G.3. c.84. r such Carriage, and where, in addition to the Tolls received the Scale of Tolls in respect Tolls imposed le Breadth of Wheels authorized to be taken by the said Act by Local Acts ed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty to continue. not have been collected and imposed, it shall and may be ul for the Trustees or Commissioners acting in execution of such particular Act or Acts of Parliament, from and after the Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty

four, to continue to collect the Tolls directed to be taken under the Powers and Provisions of such Act or Acts of Parliament, in execution whereof they shall act, and they shall not impose the additional Tolls authorized and required to be levied by the said recited Act on Waggons, Wains, Carts or other such Carringes having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of less Breadth than Six Inches.

In case the Tolls shall not be leased, or if leased by Agreement with the Lessee, they may be reduced before the 1st of Jan. 1824.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That in every Case where the Tolls authorized and empowered to be taken or any Turnpike Road shall be in the Hands of the Trustees or Commissioners of such Road, and not leased or let to farm, but collected on their Account, the Trustees or Commissioners of such Road shall, in case such Tolls were increased by the Provision of the said recited Act, within Fourteen Days after the passing of this Act reduce the said Tolls, and fix the Amount thereof at cording to the Provisions of this Act; and in case the Tolls colected and taken on any Turnpike Road shall be leased and ke to farm, it shall and may be lawful for the Trustees or Commissioners of such Road to compound and agree with the Farmer # Lessee of the said Tolls for reducing the same, and fixing the Amount thereof according to the Provisions of this Act; and E each of the said Cases the Provisions of this Act with regard to Tolls hereinbefore next mentioned shall then commence and the effect at the Time of such Reduction, and shall not be postponed to the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred 281 twenty four.

Contractors of Tolls may be released from their Contracts so far as regards Tolls or Penalties for Overweight, on giving Notice to the Tressurer or Clerk of the Trustees by September.

VIII. 'And Whereas many Persons may at the Time of passes of this Act be Farmers or Contractors for the Tolls arising payable on Turnpike Roads, and for Tolls and Penalties in Overweight, and whose Contracts will not expire until after the · First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty ' four;' For Remedy whereof, and for Protection of such lesees or Contractors, Be it further enacted, That in case #! Lessee or Lessees, Farmer or Farmers, Contractor or Contractor for any Toll or Tolls arising or payable on any Turnpike Rossor for any Tolls and Penalties for Overweight, payable to Trustees or Commissioners appointed by virtue of any Act of Parliament for making, repairing or amending Turnpike Ross whose Contract will not expire until after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, shall by resson this Act be desirous of being discharged from his, her or the Contract or Contracts, so far as regards such Tolls arising and parable on any Turnpike Road, or any Tolls and Penalties for Oreweight, and of such his, her or their Desire, shall, on or before the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred as twenty three, give Notice in Writing to the Treasurer or Clerk " any such Trustees or Commissioners, then and in every such (see all such Farmers, Lessees or Contractors shall from and after the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred twenty four, be released and discharged from their respective Contracts, so far as the same relate to such Tolls arising and parable on any Turnpike Road, or to such Tolls or Penalties of Overweight; and all and every such Contracts shall thenceforth cease and be null and void as to the Residue of the Term or Inte

then to come and unexpired therein, so far as such Contracts relate to such Tolls arising and payable on any Turnpike Road, or to such Tolls and Penalties for Overweight; any thing in such

Leases or Agreements to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in case any such New Contracts Lessee or Lessees, Farmer or Farmers, Contractor or Contractors, shall give such Notice of determining his, her or their Contractor, as hercinbefore mentioned, then and in every such Case it with Contractors. shall be lawful for such Trustees or Commissioners, if they think tors. fit, to make any new Contract or Contracts with such Lessee or Lessees, Farmer or Farmers, Contractor or Contractors, or to make any Compensation to him, her or them, in respect of such Tolls payable on any Turnpike Road, or of the said Tolls or Penalties for Overweight, or to cause the said Tolls, and the Tolls or Penalties for Overweight, to be re-let on a Day and at a Place to be by them appointed, of which One Month's Notice at Notice. least shall be given, and thereupon to proceed to re-let the same, and to re-let the same for the best Price they may then be enabled to obtain for the same, without being compelled to put up the said Tolls arising and payable on such Road, or the said Tolls or Penalties for Overweight, at the Sum at which they last let, or to have any other Meeting for the letting thereof; any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall by virtue No Exemption of the said recited Act, or this or any other Act or Acts of Par- by former Acts liament, have, claim or take the Benefit or Advantage of any unless Car-Exemption from Toll or Part of Tolls, or Penalties for Over-riages with 41 weight, or to pay less Toll for or in respect of any Waggon, inch Fellies are Wain, Cart or other Carriage, or the Horses or Beasts drawing used. the same, and carrying any particular Kind of Goods, than other Carriages of the like Nature carrying other Goods ought to pay, unless such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, in respect of which the Exemption shall be claimed, shall have the Sole of the Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of the Breadth or Gauge of Four and Half Inches or upwards (other than and except Carts and Carriages employed in carrying Corn or Grain in the Straw, Hay, Straw, Fodder, Dung or Lime for the Improvement of Land, or other Manure, or any Plough, Harrow or Implements of Husbandry only), but that the Tolls imposed by any Act, together with the additional Tolls required to be taken for or in respect of every such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of less Breadth or Gauge than Four and Half Inches as aforesaid, and for or in respect of Horses or Beasts of Draught drawing the same, and the additional Tolls or Penalties for Overweight (except as before excepted), shall be paid in the same Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if no Exemption or less Toll had been enacted or allowed, and as fully as all other Waggons, Wains, Carts and Carriages, and Horses drawing the same, ought respectively to pay, which are not entitled to any Exemption from Toll in the whole or part, or to pay a less Toll than other. Waggons, Wains, Carts and Carriages; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding. XI. And

5 G.4. c.126. § 42.

XI. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as enacts, that it shall and may be lawful for the Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Roads from time to time, as they shall see convenient, to compound and agree, for any Term not exceeding Three Years at any one time, with all or any of the Inhabitants of the several Parishes, Hamlets or Places to or through which such Road may lead or pass, for the passing of their Horses, Cattle or Carriages through all or any of the Tell Gates to be erected on such Road, or on the Sides thereof; which Composition shall be paid yearly in Advance, and in Default thereof the Composition or Agreement with the Person w Persons making such Default shall be thenceforth void; and all such Composition Money shall be paid and applied in such Manner as the Tolls are directed to be paid and applied: Provided always, that no such Composition shall extend to the additional Tolls for Overweight hereinbefore directed to be taken, but all such additional Tolls shall be demanded and received notwithstanding any Composition for Tolls; shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed. 3G.4 c.126. § 19.

XII. And be it enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as enacts, that it shall not be lawful for the Trustees of Commissioners of any Turnpike Road, their Lessee or Lesses. Collector or Collectors, or other Officers, to make any Compostion for any additional Tolls or Duties, for or in respect of the Overweight, or in any other Manner as to the Weight which any Waggon, Wain, Cart or Carriage shall carry or weigh, any Law to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; but that every Contrad and Agreement for such Composition for Overweight shall be not and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and every Lesee, Collector or other Officer entering into or agreeing to any such Composition, and every Person or Persons with whom my such Composition or Agreement shall be made or entered into. shall, for every such Composition or Agreement, and for every Abatement of Toll for Overweight in consequence thereof, respectively, forfeit and pay the sum of Fifty Pounds to any Person of Persons suing for the same, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

Composition may be made for Tolls for One Year.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees and Commissioners of every Turnpike Road may and they are hereby empowered from time to time, as they shall see convenient, we compound and agree, for any Term not exceeding One Year 22 any one time, with any Person or Persons, for the Tolls payable for any Horses, Cattle or Beasts, or Carriages, passing through any of the Turnpikes or Toll Gates of the Road under their Carrand Management, and collected and taken under the Authority of the particular Act or Acts in execution of which the Trustees or Commissioners making such Composition shall act, or of the said recited Act or this Act.

3 G.4. c.126. § 129.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act of the Third Year aforesaid as enacts, that the Owner or Owners of every Waggon, Wain or Cart, and also of every Coach, Post Chaise or other Carriage, let either in the whole or in part to hire, shall paint or cause to be painted in a straight Line upon some conspicuous Part of his Waggon, Wain or Cart, or upon

upon the Shafts thereof, and upon the Pannels of the Doors of all such Coaches, Post Chaises or other Carriages, before the same shall be used upon any Turnpike Road, his, her or their Christian and Surname, and the Place of his, her or their Abode, or the Christian and Surname and Place of Abode of the principal Partner or Owner thereof in large legible Letters, not less than Half an Inch in Height, and continue the same thereupon so long as such Waggon, Cart, Coach, Post Chaise or other Carriage shall be used upon any such Turnpike Road; and the Owner of every Common Stage Waggon or Cart employed in travelling Stages from Town to Town, shall, over and above his or her Christian and Surname, paint or cause to be painted on the Part and in Manner aforesaid the following Words, 'Common Stage Wag'gon' (or 'Cart,' as the Case may be); and every Owner or Proprietor of any such Waggon, Cart, Wain, Post Chaise or other
Carriage as aforesaid, using or allowing the same to be used
upon any Turnpike Road without the Names and Descriptions painted thereon respectively as aforesaid, and who shall paint or cause to be painted any false or fictitious Name or Place of Abode on such Waggon, Wain, Cart, Coach, Post Chaise or other Carriage, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, shall be and the same is hereby re-repealed. pealed.

XV. And for the better Discovery of Offenders, be it further Names of enacted, That the Owner or Owners of every Waggon, Wain Owners to be or Cart, or other such Carriage, shall, from and after the First Waggom, &c. Day of October One thousand eight hundred and Twenty three, in the Manner paint or cause to be painted in one or more straight Line or herein men-Lines upon some conspicuous Part of the Right or Off Side of tioned. his, her or their Waggon, Wain or Cart, or other such Carriage, or upon the Off Side Shafts thereof, before the same shall be used on any Turnpike Road, his, her or their Christian and Surname, and the Place of his, her or their Abode, or the Christian and Surname and Place of Abode of the principal Partner or Owner thereof, at full Length, in large legible Letters not less than One Inch in Height, and continue the same thereupon so long as such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other such Carriage shall be used upon any Turnpike Road; and every Owner and Proprietor of any Waggon, Wain or Cart, or other Carriage, who shall use or allow the same to be used on any Turnpike Road without the Names and Descriptions painted thereon as aforesaid, or who shall paint or cause to be painted any false or fictitious Name or Place of Abode on such Waggon, Wain or Cart, or other Carriage, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Penalty. Five Pounds.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Waggon or Cart, Drawing Carts built or constructed to be and usually used on any Railway or built for Rail-Tramroad, shall be drawn or pass loaded on any Turnpike Road, ways on Turnout of and away from such Railway or Tramroad, for the Distance pike Roads. of more than One hundred Yards, the Owner or Proprietor of every such Waggon or Cart shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings, and the Driver thereof, not being the Owner, the Sum of Twenty Shillings for each and every Time such Waggon or Penalty. Cart shall be so drawn and pass.

XVII. And

Exemptions from Toll not to extend to the Tolls for Overweight, unless such Tolls are also specially exempted.

XVII. And be it further enacted. That in case where any Exemption from Toll shall be claimed or allowed under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament for repairing and maintaining any Tumpike Road, such Exemption shall not extend to or be allowed for the additional Tolls imposed by the said recited Act, and directed to be taken for every Hundred Weight, of One Hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, which any Waggon, Cart or other such Carriage, together with the Loading thereof, shall weigh at any Weighing Engine, over and above the Weights in and by the said recited Act allowed to each of them respectively, miss the Waggon, Wain, Cart or other such Carriage, in respect of which the Exemption shall be claimed, shall likewise be by the said recited Act or this or some other Act or Acts, specially exempted from such additional Tolls for Overweight; but in all Cases (where not specially exempted) the said additional Tolis shall be paid, and only the original Toll allowed.

3G.4. c.126. § 10.

'XVIII. And Whereas it is by the said recited Act enacted that nothing therein contained relating to the Breadth of the Wheels of Carriages, or to the Tolls payable thereon, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Chaise Marine, Coach. Landau, Berlin, Barouche, Sociable, Chariot, Calash, Hears. Break, Chaise, Curricle, Gig, Chair or Taxed Cart, Market Cart or other Cart for the Conveyance of Passengers or light Good or Articles: And Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient; Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

Breadth of
Wheels, or Regulations as to
Weight, &c.
not to extend to
Coaches, &c.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act or this Act contained relating to the Breadth of the Wheels of Carriages, or to the Regulations of Weight, or to the Tolls payable in respect of the Wheels, or of the Weight of Carriages, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Custe Marine, Coach, Landau, Berlin, Barouche, Phaeton, Sociole, Chariot, Calash, Hearse, Break, Chaise, Curricle, Gig, Chair or Taxed Cart, or any Cart not drawn by more than One Horse or Two Oxen.

Trustees or Commissioners within 10 Miles of London may reduce Tolls for Overweight. XX. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees or Commissioners of the several Turnpike Roads within Ten Miles of the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Borough of Southwark, may and they are hereby empowered, at any Meeting or Meetings to be held for the Purpose (of which Meeting or Meetings and the Purposes thereof, Fourteen Days' Notice shall be given) to lower the several additional Tolls by the said recited Act directed to be taken for Overweight, in such Manner as to them shall seem fit and convenient, and from time to time to take such reduced Tolls for Overweight as shall be fixed and agreed on at such Meeting or Meetings.

Regulations of Weight not to extend to One Piece of Metal.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Regulations of Weight in the said recited Act or this Act mentioned and provided, shall not extend to any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage carrying only One Block, Plate, Roll or Vessel of Iron or other Metal, or compounded of any Two or more Metals cast, wrought or united in One Piece.

XXII. And

XXII. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said 3 G.4. c. 126. recited Act as enacts, that nothing therein contained shall extend § 22. or be construed to extend so as to exempt any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage laden with Dung, Compost or Manure for manuring Land, or any Horse or other Beast drawing the same, from any Toll imposed in respect thereof by virtue of any Local Act or Acts now passed, whereby such Toll has been imposed for the Maintenance of the Roads therein respectively mentioned, shall repealed.

be and the same is hereby repealed.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in the said Carriages laden recited Act or this Act contained shall extend or be construed to with Dung not extend to exempt any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage exempt from laden with Dung, Compost or Manure for manuring Land, or any Horse or other Beast drawing the same, from any Toll imposed Local Act in respect thereof by any Local Act or Acts, for making, repairing and maintaining any particular Roads, where in such Act or Acts such Dung, Compost or Manure shall be specially made subject to Toll throughout the whole of such Roads, without any local, parochial or partial Exemption.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Toll shall be de- Royal Family manded or taken by virtue of the said recited Act or this Act, or exempted from any other Act or Acts for making or maintaining Turnpike Roads, for any Horses or Carriages attending or going to attend, or returning from having attended His Majesty, or any of the Royal Family; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwith-

standing.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said 3 G.4. c.126. recited Act as directs that the Surveyor of any Turnpike Road, when engaged in executing or proceeding to execute, within the Limits of any adjoining Trust, the Powers of the said Act, or any Act for repairing or maintaining any Turnpike Road, shall be exempt from the Payment of Toll, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing Proviso for herein, or in the said recited Act contained, shall extend or be Exemptions by deemed or construed to extend to repeal or take away any Exemp- Local Acts. tions from Toll which shall have been granted or allowed by any

Act for making or repairing any Turnpike Road.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said 3 G.4. c.126. recited Act as imposes a Penalty or Forfeiture on any Collector § 52. or other Person appointed to collect the Tolls on any Turnpike Road, permitting or suffering any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage to he drawn or pass on any Turnpike Road, within the View or with the Knowledge of such Collector or Toll Gatherer, or to pass through any Toll Gate or Bar drawn by a greater Number of Horses than by that Act allowed, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees and Trustees to put Commissioners for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road shall up a Table of and they are hereby required to put up or cause to be put up, and the Tolls, with afterwards to be continued, at every Toll Gate within their respective Gates. tive Districts, a Table painted in distinct and legible Black Letters, on a Board with a White Ground, containing at the Top thereof the Name of the Gate at which the same shall be put up,

repealed.

and also a List of all the Tolls payable at every such Gate, distinguishing severally the Total Amount of Tolls payable under any particular Act or Acts, and this and the said recited Act, and the different Sorts of Carriages for which they are to be paid, where there shall be any Variation therein, and also a List of the several Gates which shall be wholly or partially cleared by the Payment of Toll at the Toll Gate or Bar where such Table of Tolls shall be affixed: and the said Trustees or Commissioners shall

Tickets denoting Payment of Tolls,

Payment of Toll at the Toll Gate or Bar where such Table of Tolls shall be affixed; and the said Trustees or Commissioners shall also provide Tickets denoting the Payment of Toll, and on such several Tickets shall be specified the Name of the Gate at which the same respectively shall be delivered, and also the Name of the several Gates freed by such Payment, One of which Ticket shall be delivered gratis to the Person paying the Toll; and on the Production of such Ticket at any Gate or Gates therein mentioned as being cleared as aforesaid by the Payment of the Toll at the Gate where such Ticket was delivered, the Person producing the same shall pass through the Gate or Gates therein mentioned without paying any further or additional Toll.

3 G.4. c.126. § 53.

· XXIX. And Whereas it is by the said recited Act enacted, that every Toll Collector on every Turnpike Road should place on some conspicuous Parts of the Fronts of the several Toll ' Houses at which they should respectively be stationed, so that the same should appear to Public View, their Christian and Surnames, painted in Black on a Board with a White Ground, and each of such Letters of such Name or Names to be at least ' Two Inches in Length, and of a Breadth in Proportion, and that such Board should be and remain at such Toll House during the whole of the Time that the Person whose Name should be ' expressed thereon should be on Duty thereat; and every such · Collector should place on the Front of the Toll House or low ' Houses at which such Collector should be stationed the Board ' therein before directed to be provided, containing the most 'Name of the Turnpike Gate where the Board should be affired, ' and also the List of the Tolls payable at such Gate, and of the several Gates cleared by the Payment of Toll at the Gate where such Collector or Collectors should be stationed; and if any Collector should not place such Boards respectively, and keep the same there during the time he should be such Collector & aforesaid, or should demand and take a greater or less Toll from any Person than he should be authorized to do by virtue of the ' Powers of any Act, or of the Orders and Resolutions of the ' Trustees or Commissioners made in pursuance thereof, or should demand and take a Toll from any Person or Persons exempt from ' the Payment thereof, and who should claim such Exemption, or ' should refuse to permit or suffer any Person or Persons to read, or should in any wise hinder any Person or Persons from reading the Inscriptions on such Boards, or should refuse to tell his ' Christian and Surname to any Person or Persons on being paid the said Tolls, or should in answer to such Demand give a false 'Name or Names, or should refuse or omit to give to the Person paying the Toll a Ticket denoting the Payment of the Tolls, and naming the Toll Gate at which such Ticket was delivered, and the Toll Gate or Toll Gates (if any) freed by such Payment, or upon the legal Toll being paid or tendered, should unnecessarily detain or wilfully obstruct, hinder or prevent any Passenger or Passengers from passing through any Turnpike or Toll Gate, or should make use of any scurrilous or abusive Lan-

guage to any Trustee or Commissioner, Traveller or Passenger, then every such Toll Collector should forfeit and pay any Sum

not exceeding, Five Pounds for every such Offence: And

Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient;' Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same

is hereby repealed.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That every Toll Collector on Toll Collectors every Turnpike Road shall place or cause to be placed on some conspicuous Parts of the Fronts of the several Toll Houses at which they shall be respectively stationed, and so that the same shall appear to Public View, their Christian and Surnames, painted in Black on a Board with a White Ground, each of such Letters of such Name or Names to be at least Two Inches in Length, and of a Breadth in Proportion, and that such Board shall be and remain at such Toll House during the whole of the Time that the Person whose Name shall be expressed thereon shall be on Duty thereat; and if any Collector of the said Tolls shall not place taking greater such Board and keep the same there during the Time he shall be or less Toll, such Collector as aforesaid, or shall demand and take a greater or &c.; less Toll from any Person than he shall be authorized to do by virtue of the Powers of any Act, or of the Orders and Resolutions of the Trustees or Commissioners made in pursuance thereof, or shall demand and take a Toll from any Person or Persons who shall be exempt from the Payment thereof, and who shall claim such Exemption, or shall refuse to permit or suffer any Person or Persons to read, or shall in any wise hinder any Person or Persons from reading the Inscriptions on such Board, or shall refuse to tell his Christian and Surname to any Person or Persons who shall demand the same on being paid the said Tolls, or any of them, or shall in answer to such Demand give a false Name or Names, or shall refuse or omit to give to the Person paying the Toll a Ticket denoting the Payment of the Tolls, and naming and specifying the Toll Gate at which such Ticket has been delivered, and the Toll Gate or Toll Gates (if any) freed by such Payment, or upon the legal Toll being paid or tendered, shall unnecessarily detain or wilfully obstruct, hinder or prevent any Passenger or obstructing Passengers from passing through any Turnpike or Toll Gate, or Passengers; shall make use of any scurrilous or abusive Language to any Trustee or Commissioner, Traveller or Passenger, then and in every such Case every such Toll Collector shall forfeit and pay Penalty. any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Offence.

XXXI. And be it further enacted. That no Collector or Re- Toll Collector ceiver of any Tolls or Penalties for Overweight, residing in any &c. residing it House or Building erected or used by the Trustees of any Turn- any House pike Road for the Residence or Accommodation of Persons ap- erected by the pointed for weighing any Waggons or other Carriages, and no to gain a Apprentice or Servant of any such Collector or Receiver, shall Settlement. thereby gain a Settlement in any Parish or Place; and that no Tolls or Penalties for Overweight to be taken at any House or Weighing Machine erected or to be erected, or adjoining to any Turnpike Road, nor any Person whatsoever in respect of such Tolls

repealed.

to put up their

Tolls or Penalties, or any House or Building as aforesaid, shall be rated or assessed towards the Payment of any Poor's Rates, or any other public or parochial Rate or Levy whatsoever.

Trustees to be sworn.

C. 95.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Person who shall after the passing of this Act be chosen or appointed a Trustee or a Commissioner by or under any Act or Acts for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, shall act as such Trustee or Commissioner, unless he shall, before he shall act as such (except in administering the Oath or Affirmation hereinafter mentioned), take and subscribe before One or more of the said Trustees or Commissioners (who is and are hereby empowered to administer the same) the Oath or Affirmation following; that is to say,

Oath.

I A. B. do swear, [or, being One of the People called Quaker, do solemnly affirm,] That I will truly and impartially, according to the best of my Judgment, execute and perform the several Powers, Authorities and Trusts reposed in me as a Trustee ' [or Commissioner] by virtue of an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled An Act to amend the general Laws now in being for regulating Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain called England; and also an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled [here set forth the Title of this Act;] and Year of the Reign of His also an Act passed in the intituled [here set forth the Title of the ' Majesty Act under which such Trustee or Commissioner shall claim to ad. So help me GOD.' [Or, being a Quaker, omit the Words So help me GOD.']

Penalty 501. and Costs of Suit.

Proceedings under recited Act valid, though Oath omitted under this Act.

Quakers making Affirmation may act as Trustees.

Acting without And if any such Person shall act (except as aforesaid) before it shall have taken and subscribed the said Oath or Affirmation, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sun of Fifty Pounds, with full Costs of Suit, to any Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, or on the Case, Bill, Suit or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed: Provided always, that no Act or Proceeding touching the Execution of the said Act of the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this Act, or any Act for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, which shall be done or performed by any such Person who shall have omitted or neglected to take and subscribe the said Oath or Affirmation by this Act prescribed, shall be thereby impeached or rendered nugatory; but all such Proceedings shall be as valid and effectual as if such Person had taken such Oath or Affirmation previously to his having acted as such Trustee or Commissioner as aforesaid.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person being a Quaker shall have been or shall hereafter be appointed or elected, by or under any Act or Acts of Parliament for making, repairing or maintaining any Turnpike Road, a Trustee or Commissioner of such Road, and shall be in other respects qualified according to the Provisions of the said recited Act, it shall and may be lawful for such Person on taking and subscribing the Affirmations in the said recited Act and this Act contained, to

act as a Trustee or Commissioner in execution of the Act or Acts by or under which such Person shall be appointed or elected, without being subject or liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture by such Act or Acts imposed for acting as a Trustee or Commissioner, not having taken and subscribed the Oaths therein contained.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act made in the Third Year of the Reign to Magistrates of His present Majesty, or in this or any other Act contained, Qualification as shall extend or be construed to extend so as to require any Jus-Trustees, tice of the Peace acting for any County to take or subscribe any Oath of Qualification before he shall act as Trustee in the Execution of any Act or Acts for making, repairing or maintaining any

Turnpike Road.

XXXV. And be it further declared and enacted, That where any Explaining Persons shall, previously to the First Day of January One thousand Trustees' eight hundred and twenty three, have been duly qualified according to the Provisions of, and taken the Oath prescribed in that Behalf by an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to explain, amend and reduce into one Act of Parliament the general Laws now in being for regulating Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain called England, or for other Purposes; or have been duly qualified according to the Provisions of, and taken the Oath prescribed by any other Act or Acts of Parliament for making, maintaining or repairing any particular Turnpike Road, previously to the said First Day of January, and shall have been then acting as a Trustee or Commissioner in the Execution of such Act or Acts, it shall and may be lawful for such Person to continue to act as a Trustee or Commissioner under such Act or Acts, without requalifying, or taking the Oath prescribed in and by the said recited Act of the Third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and although such Person may not be possessed of Freehold or Copyhold Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or be Heir Apparent to any Person possessing the same, to the Amount required by the said recited Act.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Trus- Trustce losing tee or Commissioner who shall have been acting as such previously his Qualificato the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and tion shall betwenty three, shall have lost or parted with subsequently thereto, come incapable of acting. or shall hereafter lose or part with, by Sale, Assignment, Bankruptcy, Insolvency or otherwise, the Qualification in respect of which he acted as a Trustee or Commissioner, and shall not be possessed of the Qualification required by the said Act of the Thirtcenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, or by the Act or Acts in the Execution of which such Trustee or Commissioner shall have acted, every such Trustee or Commissioner shall therefrom become disqualified and be incapable of any longer acting as a Trustee or Commissioner; and if any such Trustee or Com- Acting. missioner so becoming disqualified shall presume to act in execution of the Act or Acts under which he previously acted, he shall for every such Offence incur and be liable to the Penalties and Penalty. Forfeitures imposed by the said recited Act of the Third Year aforesaid, on Persons acting as Trustees or Commissioners not

Qualification. 13 G.S. c.84,

being duly qualified, to be sued for and recovered under the Powers and Provisions of the said Act.

3 G.4. c.126. § 65.

' XXXVII. And Whereas in and by the said recited Act it is ' amongst other Things provided, that no Trustee or Commis-' sioner shall have any Share or Interest in, or be in any Manner directly or indirectly concerned in any Contract or Bargain for making or repairing, or in any way relating to the Road for which he shall act, or for building or repairing any Toll House or Toll Gate or Weighing Engine thereon, or for supplying any ' Materials for the Use thereof, nor shall let out for Hire any ' Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, or any Horse, Cattle or Team, for the Use of any Turnpike Road for which he shall at as Trustee or Commissioner, nor by himself or by any other Person for or on his Account, directly or indirectly receive any Sun or Sums of Money to his Use or Benefit, out of the Tolls collected on the Road for which he shall act during the Time be ' shall be acting as a Trustee or Commissioner of such Road; and ' in and by the said recited Act any Trustee or Commissioner offending in any of the Cases aforesaid is thereby made liable to pay the Penalty of One hundred Pounds;' Be it further enacted and declared, That no Person or Persons being a Trustee or Commissioner, or Trustees or Commissioners of any Tumpike Road, shall be liable to and forfeit the said Penalty of One husdred Pounds, or any other Penalty or Forfeiture, for or by ressu of his or their being only a Proprietor or Proprietors, or Holder or Holders of any Share or Shares in any Canal or Railway Company which shall contract with the Trustees or Commissioners of the Road for which such Person or Persons shall act as a Trustee or Commissioner, or Trustees or Commissioners, for the Carriage or Conveyance of any Materials for the Repair of such Road.

How far Trustees having Shares in Canal Companies, &c. not liable to Penalty for Contract to convey Materials.

3 G.4. c.126. § 67.

' XXXVIII. And Whereas it was by the said Act enacted, that the Trustees or Commissioners for executing any Act for ' repairing Turnpike Roads should from time to time meet at such Time and Place as to them should seem convenient, and adjourn ' themselves to meet at any Place and at such Time as the said 'Trustees or Commissioners should appoint; and at all their ' Meetings the Trustees or Commissioners should pay and defra their own Expences, except any Sum not exceeding Ten Shilling per Diem for the Use of the Room wherein they should meet. and all Orders and Determinations of the Trustees or Commissioners in the Execution of any such Act should be made at Meetings to be held in pursuance thereof, and not otherwise; and that no Order or Determination should be made, unless the ' major Part of the Trustees or Commissioners present should concur therein; and that all the Powers and Authorities thereby in them vested should be done and exercised by the major Part of the Trustees or Commissioners who should be present at ' Meetings to be held by virtue of any such Act; and that a ' Chairman should in the first Place be appointed at every Meeting, who should have the decisive or casting Vote; and that no Order or Determination at any Meeting of the said Trustees or Commissioners should be revoked or altered at any subsequent Meeting, unless Notice of the Intention to make such Revoca-' tion or Alteration should have been given at a previous Meeting,

y Notice on all the Turnpike Gates then erected upon such oad, Twenty one Days at least before such Meeting, nor unless ich Revocation or Alteration should be agreed to be made by even Trustees or Commissioners at the least: And Whereas e said Provision has been found inconvenient;' Be it thereenacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is repealed. by repealed.

Three to be

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees or Com. Regulations as sioners for executing any Act for making or maintaining any to Meetings of npike Roads shall and may from time to time meet at such Commissioners. e and Place on or near their respective Roads as to them shall a convenient, and may adjourn themselves to meet at any e or Places, and at such Time or Times, as the said Trustees Commissioners, or the major Part of them present at any sing shall appoint; and at all their several Meetings the Expences. stees or Commissioners shall pay and defray their own Exces, exceed any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings per Diem for Use of the Room wherein they shall meet; and all Orders and erminations of the Trustees or Commissioners in the Execution my such Act shall be made at Meetings to be held in puroce thereof, or of the said recited Act and this Act, and not erwise (except in the Cases otherwise particularly provided by the said recited Act or any such Act for making or repair-Turnpike Roads); and that no Order or Determination shall No Order unnade unless the major Part of the Trustees or Commissioners less Majority ent shall concur therein; and that all Acts, Orders and Pro- concur, ings relating to any such Act, or the said recited Act and this which are directed to be had, made, done or exercised by or re the said Trustees or Commissioners, and all the Powers and horities vested in them generally, shall and may be had, made, e and exercised by the major Part of the Trustees or Comsoners who shall be present at the respective Meetings to be by virtue of any such Act or this Act, the whole Number nor less than ent not being less than Three (except in such Cases where other Number is by any Local Act, or the said recited Act or present. Act, named for any particular or special Purpose); and that Acts, Orders or Proceedings had, made or done by or before h Three Trustees or Commissioners, shall have the same Force Effect, and be binding and conclusive on all Persons, and to intents and Purposes whatsoever, as fully and effectually as if same were had, made, done or executed by or before all the Trustees or Commissioners; and that a Chairman shall and in the first Place be appointed at every Meeting to be held virtue and for the Purposes of any such Local Act, or the said ted Act and this Act, who in case of an equal Number of es (including the Chairman's Vote) shall have the casting or sive Vote; and that no Order or Determination at any Meetof the said Trustees or Commissioners, once made, agreed n or entered into shall be revoked or altered at any subsent Meeting, unless Notice of the Intention to make such Re- Notice of Alation or Alteration shall have been given by Three or more teration, &c. of stees or Commissioners, by Writing under their Hands, to the Order. k to the said Trustees or Commissioners, at a previous Meetholden for the same Road, and entered in the Book of Pro-4 Gao. IV. 3 M cceedings 4 Gro. IV. ceedings

Proviso as to Expences.

898

ceedings of such Meeting, and unless Notice signed by any Two or more Trustees or Commissioners shall have been affixed on all the Turnpike Gates then erected upon such Road Twenty one Days at least before such Meeting, nor unless such Revocation or Alteration shall be agreed to be made by a greater Number of Trustees or Commissioners than concurred in the making of any such Order or Determination: Provided always, that nothing herein contained, prohibiting or restraining Trustees from expending more; than Ten Shillings per Diem for the Use of the Road wherein they shall meet, shall extend to the Trustees or Commissioners of any Road within Five Miles of the Royal Exchange in London; but such last mentioned Trustees or Commissioners may expend any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings for the Le of such Room.

3 G.4. c.126. § 68. \* XL. And Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that if any Time it should be thought necessary that the Trustees Commissioners of such Road should meet before the Time which any Meeting may be adjourned, it should be lawful for more of such Trustees or Commissioners (or for the Cleic to the said Trustees or Commissioners, by an Order in Writing signed by any Two or more of them) to give Notice of sacting and Determinations of the Trustees or Commissioners all such Meetings should be as valid as if the same had been done at any other Meeting of Trustees or Commissioners: As Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient; but therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and more same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

How Meetings on Emergencies shall be held,

XLI. And be it further enacted, That if at any Time it she be thought necessary, for the better Execution of any Act & Parliament for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, 🕮 the Trustees or Commissioners of such Road should meet bear the Time to which any Meeting may be adjourned, it shall ⊱ may be lawful for any Two or more of such Trustees or Comme sioners (or for the Clerk to the said Trustees or Commissioner by an Order in Writing, signed by any Two or more of themigive Notice of such earlier Meeting by Advertisement in some Newspaper circulated in the Neighbourhood of such Road, a affixed on all the Turnpike Gates then standing on such Roin which Notice shall be expressed the Time, Place and Pups of such earlier Meeting (such Time not being less than Fourter Days after Publication of the said Notice); and all the Order and Determinations of the Trustees or Commissioners at all see Meetings shall be as valid as if the same had been done at a other Meeting of Trustees or Commissioners held by virtue the said recited Act or this Act, or the Act under and by virtue of which they shall act as Trustees or Commissioners: Provide always, that no other Business than what shall be specified in such Notice shall be transacted at any such Meeting.

'XLII. And Whereas in and by the said recited Act, all Trust tees and Commissioners of every Turnpike Road or Roads at required to hold a General Meeting of the Trust for which they shall respectively act, on a Day to be by them or any Three & more of them appointed in the Months of April, Septembry

and October;' Be it further enacted, That where in and by any Where a Local and October; Be it further enacted, Flas the Trustees Act has fixed a ting in execution of such Act shall be appointed to be held ting in execution of such Act shall be appointed to be held must Meeting, any other Time of the Year than in the said Months of April, it may be held plember or October, and the said Trustees shall have held such on that Day. eetings under the Authority of such Act, it shall and may be rful for such Trustees to continue to hold the said General mual Meetings at the Time mentioned and directed in the Act, der and by virtue of which they shall be appointed, instead of the said Months of April, September or October; any thing in said recited Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding. XLIII. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees or Com- Appointing sioners for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road may and Officers, y are hereby empowered, by Writing under their Hands, to Salaries, &c. point such Collector or Collectors of the Tolls arising on such ad, and Clerk or Clerks, Treasurer or Treasurers, Surveyor or rveyors of the said Road, and such other Officers as the said ustees or Commissioners shall think necessary; and such Coltors, Clerks, Treasurers, Surveyors and other Officers, or any them, from time to time remove, and on Removal, Death or signation of any such Collectors, Clerks, Treasurers, Surveyors other Officers, to appoint others in their Stead; and may and hereby authorized and empowered, out of any of the Monies ing on such Turnpike Road, to allow and pay to the several llectors, Clerks, Treasurers, Surveyors and other Officers, and such other Person or Persons as shall be assisting them or any them, in or about the Execution of the Act for making or intaining such Road, and the said recited Act and this Act, h Salaries, Rewards and Allowances for their Attendance, e, Labour and Services, as such Trustees or Commissioners ll deem reasonable.

LIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it Surveyor and not be lawful for the Trustees or Commissioners acting under Clerk not to be Act for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road to conson, nor Surselle or appoint the Person or Persons who has been as you son, nor Surselle or appoint the Person or Persons who has been as you be. le or appoint the Person or Persons who has been or may be veyor to accept cointed their Clerk or Clerks in the Execution of such Act, or any other Office Partner of any such Clerks, or the Clerk or Clerks, or other under the rson or Persons in the Service or Employ of any such Clerk or Trustees. erks, the Surveyor or Surveyors for the Purposes of such Act; to continue or appoint any Person or Persons who has been may be appointed Surveyor or Surveyors, or the Partner or thers of any such Surveyor or Surveyors, the Clerk or Clerks the said Trustees or Commissioners; and if any Person shall ept both the Offices of Clerk and Surveyor for the Purposes uch Act, or if any Person, being the Partner of any such Clerk Clerks, or the Clerk or Clerks, or other Person or Persons in the vice or Employ of any such Clerk or Clerks, shall accept the ice of Surveyor, or being the Partner of any such Surveyor or veyors, shall accept the Office of Clerk in the Execution of h Act, and if any such Surveyor shall hold or accept any Place Office of Profit or Trust under the said Trustees, other than t of Surveyor, every such Person so offending shall for every

Act has fixed a

h Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds to any Penalty 501.

of Suit, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt or on the Case, or by Bill, Suit or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, nor more them one Imparlance shall be allowed.

Surveyor not to be concerned in Contracts, or sell Materials. XLV. And be it further enacted, That if the Surveyor of any Turnpike Road shall have any Part, Share or Interest in any Contract or Bargain for Work, Materials, Tools or other Things, to be done or provided upon, for or on account of any Road or Bridge, or any Part thereof under his Care and Management or shall upon his own Account, directly or indirectly, let to him may Team, or sell or dispose of any Timber, Stone or other Materials, to be used or employed in making or repairing any such Road or Bridge, he shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

5 G.4. c.125. § 77.

' XLVI. And Whereas it was by the said Act enacted, that it such Officers as should be appointed by any Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road should, as often as require: by the Trustees or Commissioners, render a true, exact and perfect Account in Writing of all Monies which they should respectively have received and disbursed by reason of these respective Offices; and in case any Money so received by and such Officer should remain in his Hands, the same should be paid to the Trustees or Commissioners; and if any such Office should refuse or neglect to render such Account, or to produce the Vouchers, or should refuse or neglect to render and give up a Books, Papers, Writings, Tools, Matters and Things in he Custody or Power relating to the Road for which he should act, it should be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, upon Application made to him for that Purpose, to make Inquity concerning any such Default as aforesaid in a summery Way, and by Warrant under his Hand and Seal to cause such Money as should appear to him to be due, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Officer; or if sufficient Distress could not be found, or if it should appear to any such Justice that such Officer should have refused or neglected to give such Account, or to deliver up all Books, Papers, Writings, Tools, Mattters and Things in his Custody or Power relating to the Execution of his Office, such Justice should commit him to the House of Correction or Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until he should make and give a true and perfect Account, and should have paid the Money (if any remaining in his Hands, according to the Direction of the Trustees or Commissioners, or should have compounded with the said Trustees or Commissioners for such Money, or until he ' should deliver up such Books, Papers and Writings, Tools, Matters and Things as aforesaid, or have given Satisfaction to the Trustees or Commissioners concerning the same: And Wheness the said Provision has been found inconvenient; Be it enacted That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

Officers of Turnpike Roads to account when required by Trustees, XLVII. And be it further enacted, That all such Officers at shall have been or shall be appointed by any Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road, shall, from time to time, what thereunto required by the Trustees or Commissioners, deliver to such Trustees or Commissioners, or to such Person or Persons

they shall for that Purpose appoint, true, exact and perfect counts in Writing, under their respective Hands, of all Monies ch they and every of them respectively shall have received to : Time, by virtue of any Act, and how much thereof hath been l and disbursed, and for what Purposes, together with the pro-Vouchers for such Payments, and shall pay all such Monies hall remain in their or any of their Hands to the said Trustees lommissioners, or to such Person or Persons as they shall apit to receive the same, and not otherwise, within such Time as 1 Trustees or Commissioners shall limit or appoint; and if any Proceedings on 1 Officer or Person shall refuse or neglect to produce or deliver Neglect of such Accounts, and the Vouchers relating to the same, or shall Officers to se or neglect to pay the Money due on such Account within account. Time or in Manner aforesaid, or if any such Officer or Person refuse or neglect to deliver up to the said Trustees or Comioners, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, in Ten Days after being thereunto required by the said stees or Commissioners, all the Books, Papers or Writings, in Custody or Power relating to the Execution of any such Act, and in every or any of the said Cases it shall be lawful for One Justice of the Peace for the County, Division or Riding which such Road or any Part thereof shall be situate, upon aplaint made to him by or on Behalf of the said Trustees or missioners, and such Justice is hereby required, by Warrant er his Hand and Seal, to summon such Officer or Officers, Peror Persons, to appear before him, and upon his, her or their raing, or not being to be found, to hear and determine the ter of such Complaint in a summary Way, and to settle the Account or Accounts, if produced; and if upon Confession he Officer or Officers, Person or Persons, against whom any Complaint shall be made, or by the Oath or Oaths of any ness or Witnesses (which Oath such Justice is hereby emered and required to administer, without Fee or Reward); or Balance in a Inspection of the said Accounts, if produced, it shall appear hand unpaid. 1ch Justice that any of the Money which shall have been coled or received shall be in the Hands of such Officer or Officers, on or Persons, such Justice may and he is hereby authorized required, on Nonpayment thereof, by a Warrant or Warrants er his Hand and Seal, to cause such Money to be levied by ress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Officer or Distress ters, Person or Persons respectively; and if no Goods and ttels can be found sufficient to answer and satisfy the said ley, and the Charges of distraining and selling the same, or if Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons, shall not apbefore the said Justice at the Time and Place by him apted for that Purpose, unless for some sufficient Reason, or if earing, shall refuse or neglect to give and deliver to such Jusan Account or Accounts of all Receipts and Payments as afore-, or to produce and deliver up to the said Justice the several ichers and Receipts relating to such Accounts respectively, he Books, Accounts, Papers and Writings in his, her or their tody or Power relating to the Execution of any Act for making epairing Turnpike Roads, for the said recited Act or this Act; and in either of the Cases aforesaid, such Justice may and Imprisonment.

he is hereby authorized and required, by a Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to commit such Officer or Officers, or Person or Persons, to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County in which such Road shall be situate, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, in case he or they shall be committed for Nonpayment of any Money received by him or them, or in his or their Hands, until he shall have accounted for and paid the full Amount thereof, or compounded with the Trustees or Commissioners, and paid such Composition in such Manner & the said Trustees or Commissioners shall appoint (which Composited the said Trustees or Commissioners are hereby empowered to make); or in case he or they shall be committed for not denoted ing any Account Books, Papers or Writings as aforesaid, until t or they shall have delivered up such Books, Papers and Writing as aforesaid, or made Satisfaction in respect thereof to the said Trustees or Commissioners; Provided that no Person who shar be so committed for want of sufficient Distress shall be detained in Prison by virtue of this Act for a longer Space of Time than Six Calendar Months.

3 G.4, c.126. § 50.

902

' XLVIII. And Whereas it was by the said Act enacted the it should be lawful for any Two or more Trustees or Commis-' sioners of any Turnpike Road, upon the Death of any Collecter. to nominate and appoint some other fit Person until the next Meeting of the Trustees or Commissioners of such Road; xi that if any Toll Collector who should be discharged from he ' Office should refuse to deliver up the Possession of the House and Appurtenances which he enjoyed in Right of his Appoint. ' ment, or if the Wife or Family of any such Toll Collecter of Deputy, who shall die as aforesaid, should refuse to delia "? the Possession of such Building and Appurtenances, it should be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, by Warrant under its ' Hand and Seal, to order a Constable or other Peace Officer to enter such House and Premises in the Daytime, and to remain the Persons found therein, together with their Goods, out of such House, and to put the new appointed Officer into the Possession thereof: And Whereas it is expedient that the said ' Provision should be repealed;' Be it therefore enacted. That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.
Trustees may appoint temporary Collectors, &c. in certain Cases.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That upon the Death, Incapacity, Refusal, Neglect or Absconding of any Collector or Receiver of Tolls at any Turnpike or Weighing Machine upon any Turnpike Road, any Two or more Trustees or Commissioners though not assembled at any Meeting, by Writing under the respective Hands, shall and may nominate and appoint a proper Person in his Place, to continue until the then next Meeting the Trustees or Commissioners of such Road, in the Stead of such Collector or Receiver as shall so die, become incapable refuse, neglect or abscond; which Person so nominated and appointed shall have the like Power and Authority, and be answerable and accountable in the same Manner in all respects, as the Person who shall die, become incapable, refuse, neglect or abscond, would have had or been subject to if living; and if any Collector or Receiver of Tolls as aforesaid, who shall be discharged from he Office by the said Trustees or Commissioners, or the Wife or Wif

low, or any of the Children, Family or Representatives of any collector or Receiver who shall die, abscond, refuse or neglect to erform his Duty, or be discharged, or any other Person having he Possession of any Toll House or Buildings or Weighing Mahine erected by virtue of any Act for repairing Turnpike Roads, r the said recited Act, shall neglect or refuse to deliver up such ossession for the Space of Three Days after Demand thereof ade, and Notice in Writing given for that Purpose, by any Two more of such Trustees or Commissioners, or by their Clerk or reasurer, then and in any of the said Cases it shall and may be wful for any Justice of the Peace for the County or Place where ich Toll House or Building or Weighing Machine shall be situte, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to order any Conable or other Peace Officer for the same County or Place, with ach Assistance as shall be necessary, to enter such House or wilding or Weighing Machine in the Daytime, and to remove ne Person who shall be found therein, together with his, her or neir Goods, out of the same, and to put the said Trustees or ommissioners, or any of their Officers, in the Possession thereof.

L. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That from and Collectors fter the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons who shall ask nd take more Toll than he is authorized to take by this Act, or ny Act now in force, or by any Act hereafter to be made and assed, shall be prosecuted by Indictment for Extortion, or therwise, nor shall any other Proceeding be adopted against ich Person or Persons for the Offence aforesaid, other than by rosecuting for the Forfeiture and Penalty before a Justice of the

cace, as is herein or by the said recited Act directed.

LI. And Whereas it was by the said Act enacted, that on \$G.4. c.126. every Letting of any Tolls, the Trustees or Commissioners \$ 56. should take of the Renter thereof One, Two or more Months' Rent in Advance; and that in every Agreement to be entered into for the letting of any Tolls, the Rent payable for such Tolls should be reserved and made payable Monthly or otherwise, and the Renter should produce Two sufficient Sureties for the punctual Payment of the Rent; and in every Case where the Terms of such Agreement should not be fulfilled, and the Rent not be paid when due, but should remain unpaid for Three Days after becoming due, then the Trustees or Commissioners making any such Agreement should, if they thought fit, declare the Agreement void, and re-enter and take Possession of any Toll Gate or Toll House, and the Tolls there collected, and relet the same, or appoint a Collector to collect and receive the same, and to put out and remove the Person or Persons so failing in their Agreement: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Provision should be repealed; Be it therefore enacted, That the and Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

LII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Tolls may be or the Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road, under let in Lots. and subject to the Directions and Provisions of the said recited act and this Act, to let to farm, or agree to let to farm, all or any fart of the Tolls of the several Gates erected upon their respective Roads, and all or any of the said Gates, either together and in me Lot, or by Parcels and in several Lots; and that in case the

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taking more Toll than allowed. Proceedings.

repealed.

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said Trustees or Commissioners shall at any Time let to fam the said Tolls in Parcels or Lots, it shall be lawful for the said Trustees or Commissioners to put up each such Parcel or Lot at · such Sum as they shall think fit.

Trustees may appoint some Person to bid at letting of Tolls.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That when the Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road shall put up the Tolls to ke to farm, the said Trustees or Commissioners may, if they think fit, appoint some Person to bid for the same on their Account, to the Intent that such Tolls may not be let for less than an adequate Value.

Tolis of another Trust adjoining may be

LIV. And Whereas in some Situations a Toll Gate or Br. belonging to Trustees or Commissioners of One Road, is place! so near to the Gate or Bar of the Trustees or Commissioners another Road, as to be inconvenient to the respective Trust and to the Public; Be it therefore enacted. That it shall ar may be lawful for the Trustees or Commissioners of any Tump's Road, if they shall agree thereto, at any public Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, to take to farm the Tolls payable at an Toll Gate or Bar of any other Road adjoining or near to the Resunder their Care and Management; and the Trustees or Conmissioners so farming the Tolls may collect and receive the same or may reduce the said Tolls so farmed, or may discontinue is same, as they shall see fit.

Trustees to pay Expence of Sales of Land, åс.

farmed.

LV. And be it further enacted, That all Sales and Conveyance of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be sold by the Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Roads, shall be mile at the Expence of such Trustees or Commissioners, and shall he expressed in the following or some similar Form of Words, as the Circumstances of the Case may require; videlicet,

**Porm** of Conveyances.

of the Trustees or Commissioner acting in Execution of an Act passed [here insert the Inof the Act appointing them] in Consideration of the Sum of to us paid by [Name of the Purchaser] do here by grant and release to the said [Name of the Purchaser], all [: scribing the Premises to be conveyed], and all our Right, Toand Interest to and in the same, and every Part thereof, t hold to the said [Name of the Purchaser], his Heirs, Excession tors, Administrators and Assigns for ever, by virtue and accoming to the true Intent and Meaning of an Act, passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, intitude An Act [here set forth the Title of this Act]. In Witness where we have hereunto set our Hands and Seals, this ' Day of

Ground may be purchased for Repository of Materials.

LVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it sha and may be lawful for the Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road, and they are hereby empowered, to purchase of rent, with the Consent of the Owner or Proprietor thereof, and Piece or Pieces of Ground within Ten Miles of the Royal Eschange, as a Repository for Materials, such Piece or Pieces of Ground to be of such Extent as they may think proper, so as the same shall not exceed in the whole Half an Acre.

Where Toll

LVII. And be it further enacted, That where any Toll House Houses are not or Toll Houses standing on or adjoining any Torapike Read, 200 which which shall have been erected by or vested in the Trustees or Com. wanted, they missioners of such Road, shall become useless and be no longer shall be pulled required for the Purposes of such Road, it shall not be lawful for Materials sold. the Trustees or Commissioners of such Road to sell or dispose of such Toll House or Toll Houses but in every such Case the Trustees or Commissioners of the Road on which such Toll House or Toll Houses, no longer required shall stand, shall cause such Toll House or Toll Houses, with the Outhouses attached or belonging thereto, to be pulled down, and the Materials thereof to be sold or removed, and the Scite of such Toll House or Toll Houses so pulled down, together with the Gardens and Appurtenances thereunto belonging, may then be sold by the said Trustees or Commissioners, in the same Manner as and under the Regulations in the said recited Act and this Act contained, with respect to any Land or Ground not wanted for the Purposes of the Road.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That during such Time as Lessees, or the Tolls arising on any Turnpike Road, or any Part or Parts
hereof, shall be leased, demised or let to any Person or Persons appointed by
them, may occupy Toll

Tolls arising on any Turnpike Road, or any Part or Parts
hereof, shall be leased, demised or let to any Person or Persons appointed by
them, may occupy Toll

Tolls arising on any Turnpike Road, or any Part or Persons appointed by
them, may occupy Toll or Lessees, or Farmer or Farmers thereof, or such other Person Houses. or Persons as he or they shall authorize or appoint, to occupy and enjoy the Toll House or Toll Houses at which the said Tolls so ct are to be collected and to arise, with all the Appurtenances and Conveniences to the same Toll House or Toll Houses belongng, for the Purpose of collecting such Tolls, during so long Time only as such Lessee or Lessees, Farmer or Farmers, shall duly and egularly pay his, her or their Rent or Rents, and perform the Covenants, Agreements and Conditions of such Lease, Demise or Letting, but no further or otherwise.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That in case all or any of the Trustees may Colls arising by virtue of any Act for repairing or amending any take Possession Curnpike Road shall have been or shall be demised or let to farm of the Toll o any Person or Persons in any Manner whatsoever, and the House, &c. essee or Lessees, Farmer or Farmers thereof, shall neglect or farm, or held efuse to perform the Terms and Conditions on which the same by Collectors hall have been or shall be so demised or let; or in case the Rent for Trustees, in r Rents agreed to be paid by such Lessee or Lessees, Farmer Default of r Farmers, shall be in Arrear by the Space of Seven Days next Performance of fter any of the Days on which the same ought to be paid, puruant to the Agreement for letting to farm thereof; or in case ny such Lease or Agreement shall in any other Manner become oid; then and in any of those Cases it shall and may be tawful or any Justice of the Peace for the County or Place, by Warrant inder his Hand and Seal, to order a Constable or other Peace Officer, with such Assistance as shall be necessary, to enter upon nd take Possession of any Tell House or Toll Houses, Toll Gate, Bar or Chain, or Weighing Machine, and the Buildings and Apsurtenances thereto belonging, and to remove and put out such Lessee or Lessees, Farmer or Farmers of the Tolls arising therest espectively, or other Person or Persons who shall be found therein, egether with his, her or their Goods, out of and from the Posession of the said Toll House or Toll Houses, and from the Colection of Tolls, and to put the said Trustees or Commissioners, or

when let to Conditions, &c. any One of them, or their new appointed Officer, or other Person acting by or under their Authority, into the Possession thereof;

and thereupon it shall be lawful for the said Trustees or Commis-

sioners (if they shall think fit) to vacate and determine the Con-

tract or Agreement (if any) for demising or letting the said Total to such Lessee or Lessees, Farmer or Farmers, and the same shall

A.D. 1823.

And may vacate Contract;

C. 95.

and let Tolls again to other l'ersons, &c.

Instead of paying off Creditors rateably, Trustees may do so by Lot.

Trustees not personally liable for Mortgages.

be from that Time utterly void to all Intents and Purposes and as to the Covenants or Agreements for Payment up to that T: of the Rent or Rents thereby reserved, or other Covenants or Agreements on the Lessee's Part which shall have been holder if such Demise or Agreement had never been made; and it is. be lawful for the said Trustees or Commissioners in every sea Case to demise or let to farm the said Tolls again to any other Person or Persons, or cause them to be collected as if no forme: Demise, Contract or Agreement had been made relative thereto: any Rule of Law or Right to the contrary notwithstanding. LX. And be it further enacted, That in case the Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road shall at any Time or Times be desirous of paying off any Portion of the Principal Monies day and owing upon the Credit of such Road, where all the Interest due thereon shall have been duly paid or otherwise satisfied. shall and may be lawful for them, at any Meeting to be holden atcording to the Directions of the said recited Act or this Act, or it the Act or Acts in Execution of which they shall act, (Notice of such intended Meeting and of the Purposes thereof being in

given, at least Twenty eight Days preceding the same, by Asvertisement in some Newspaper printed in or usually circulated the Neighbourhood of the said Road,) if they shall think it. stead of paying the same rateably amongst all the Creditors. (a) determine by Lot to which of such Creditors the whole or any Portion thereof shall be so paid, and to pay the same to sath Creditor or Creditors only, or to any of the Creditors, with the Cin-

sent of all the other Creditors. LXI. Provided always, and be it enacted. That the Trustice or Commissioners for making or maintaining any Tumpike Road shall not be personally subject to or liable to be charged with the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, by reason of their laving signed or executed any Mortgage, or Assignment by way of Mortgage, or other Security to be made by virtue or in pursuance of any Act for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road: Provided also, that in case any Action, Suit or Prosecution shall be brought or commenced against any such Trustee or Commissioner, for any Thing done by virtue or in pursuance of the said recited Act of the Third Year of his present Majesty, or this Act, or any such Act for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, all the Costs, Charges and Expences of defending such Action, Suit of Prosecution, or which such Trustee or Commissioner shall incu in consequence thereof, shall be defrayed out of the Tolls arising on the Turnpike Road for which such Trustee or Commissioner shall act.

Books used under former Acts to be Evidence.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Book and Books containing the Accounts and Proceedings of the Trustees or Commissioners for executing any Act for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, or containing any Orders or Agree-

ents made or entered into by them, such Book or Books being ept and signed in Manner directed by such Act, or by the said cited Act and this Act directed, shall and may be given in vidence in all Cases of Appeal, and in all Prosecutions, Suits kl Actions whatsoever.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Trustees Commissioners for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road all become possessed of any Tenements or Hereditaments which euseless or unnecessary for the Purposes of such Road, it shall al may be lawful for the said Trustees or Commissioners to sell ad dispose of the same, in such and the same Manner as by the id recited Act they are authorized and empowered to do in the ases of any Land or Ground not wanted for the Purposes of ich Road.

Sale of unnecessary Tene. ments.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said 3 G.4. c.1%. xied Act as enacts, that it shall not be lawful for the Trustees \$96. Commissioners of any Turnpike Road, in altering or diverting e Course of any Part of the Turnpike Road under their Care d Management, to deviate over any inclosed Lands or Grounds ore than One hundred Yards, without the Consent in Writing the Owner or Proprietor of such Lands or Grounds, or to the in or make use of any Garden, Yard, Paddock, Park, planted lalk or Avenue to a House, or planted and set apart as a Nursery Trees, or any Part thereof respectively, without the like Conint of the Owner or Proprietor thereof first had and obtained, all be and the same is hereby repealed.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for Trustees not e Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road, in altering to pull down diverting the Course of any Part of the Turnpike Road under Dwelling eir Care and Management, to take or pull down any Dwelling Houses, or take in Gardouse or other Building, or in altering or diverting the Course of dens, &c. withy Part of the Turnpike Road under their Care and Manage- out Consent of ent, to deviate over any inclosed Lands or Grounds more than Owners. ne hundred Yards from the Line or Course of such Turnpike oad, without the Consent in Writing of the Owner or Proprier, or of the Person or Persons hereby authorized to act for and <sup>a</sup> Behalf of the Owner or Proprietor of such Dwelling House tother Building, or of such Lands or Grounds, or to take in make use of any Garden, Yard or Paddock, or any Park, lanted Walk or Avenue to a House, or any inclosed Ground lanted as an Ornament or Shelter to a House, or planted and et apart as a Nursery for Trees, or any Part thereof respecively, without the like Consent of the Owner or Proprietor hereof, or of the Person or Persons hereby authorized as aforeaid, first had and obtained; and it shall be lawful for all Bodies olitic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, lenants for Life or in Tail, Husbands, Guardians, Trustees, Feofees in Trust, Committees, Executors, Administrators and all ther Persons whomsoever, not only for or on Behalf of themelves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on Behalf of he Person or Persons entitled in Reversion, Remainder or Exectancy after them, and for and on Behalf of their Cestuique frusts, whether Femes Covert, Infants or Issue unborn, Lunatics, diots or other Person or Persons whomsoever, and to and for

repealed.

C. 95.

all Femes Covert who are or shall be seised of or interested in their own Right, and to and for all and every Person or Persons whomsoever, who are or shall be possessed of or interested in any such Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments or Premises, or who shall sustain any Damage, to give their Consent in Writing to the seid Trustees or Commissioners, for the taking or pulling down of such Dwelling House or other Building, or the making such Deviation of more than One hundred Yards as aforesaid, or the making use of such Garden, Yard, Paddock, Park, planted Walk, Avenue or other such Premises as aforesaid, and to cotract with the said Trustees or Commissioners for the Sale therest, or for the Satisfaction to be made for the same, or for sach Damages as aforesaid, and by Conveyance, Lease and Release, or Bargain and Sale, to sell and convey unto the said Trustee or Commissioners all or any such Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments or Premises, or any Part thereof, for the Purposes aforesaid; and all Contracts, Sales and Conveyances which shall be so mair. shall be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purpose. without Fine or Recovery, and shall be a complete Bur to in Estates Tail and other Estates, Rights, Titles, Trusts and lairrests whatsoever, any Law, Statute, Usage, Custom or other Matter to the contrary notwithstanding; and all such Bodas Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Solve Tenauts for Life or in Tail, Husbands, Guardians, Trustee Feoffees, Committees, Executors, Administrators and all other Persons, shall be and are hereby indemnified for what they et any of them shall do by virtue or in pursuance of this act: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be deemed, taken or construed to extend to revoke, limit, made, alter or vary any Powers or Authorities contained in any 1d or Acts of Parliament existing and in force at the passing of the Act, for making, altering or diverting any Turnpike Road or Roads, or the Course thereof, to be made, altered or directed and maintained under the Authority of such Acts, but the same

Proviso for existing Powers.

Powers and Authorities shall and may be exercised and carried into Effect by the Trustees or Commissioners appointed by such Acts, fully and effectually; anything herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Trustees to fence Roads.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where the Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road shall turn or alter any Part or Parts of such Turnpike Road, or make say new Road over and through any private Grounds, or across 25) public or private Footway, or shall take away any Fence in widening or improving any such Road, the said Trustees or Conmissioners shall make or cause to be made and planted proper Quickset Hedges, or shall make or build proper Fences or Wall on both Sides of such new made Road, or on the Side upon which any such Fence may be so removed as aforesaid, vith sufficient Ditches to the same, and sufficient Posts and Raik, of other Fence, on both Sides of such Quickset Hedges, to protect the Growth thereof, so as effectually to guard and fence of the Lands adjoining any such Road from Trespass or Injury by Hones. Asses, Cattle, Sheep or Swine; and also proper Gates, Siles Posts, Bridges and Arches, where necessary, out of any such Road

the Lands adjoining, and shall keep such Fences so to be made good Order and Repair for and during the Term of Five Years n the Time that such Fences shall have been made or set up; ess the Owners or Proprietors for the Time being of any such id or Ground shall agree with the Trustees or Commissioners keep such Fences in Repair from an earlier Period for such ne as aforesaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Surveyors may Surveyor and Surveyors, and such other Person and Persons make Drains, shall be appointed by the Trustees or Commissioners of any &c. mpike Road, from time to time to cut, make or maintain Drains Watercourses upon and through any Lands lying contiguous my such Road, and also to make Ditches in such Places and such Manner as such Surveyor and Surveyors, by Order of h Trustees or Commissioners, shall judge necessary; and make ficient Fences and Barriers, and other Erections, on any Part Parts of the said Road, in order to prevent any Rivulet or rrent of Water from flooding the same, as such Surveyor or rveyors shall judge necessary; making such Satisfaction to the Making Satismers or Occupiers of such Lands so to be used, cut through or faction to ilt upon, for the Damages which they or any of them may Owners. stain thereby, as such Trustees or Commissioners shall judge sonable; and in case of any Difference between such Owners Occupiers and such Trustees or Commissioners touching such images, the same shall be finally settled by any Two or more stices of the Peace for the County, City or Place in which ch Road shall lie or be situate.

'LXVIII. And Whereas Doubts have arisen and may arise, whether any Body Politic or Corporate, or any particular Peron or Persons, liable to repair, by Tenure or otherwise, any old Tumpike Road or Part of such Road widened, altered, diverted or turned, ought to repair or contribute to the Repair of the Whole or any Part or Proportion of the new Road set out in lieu of the old Turnpike Road;' For obviating such Doubts, d preventing Disputes about the same, Be it further enacted, hat all and every Body Politic or Corporate, and Person and Perns, who was, were or shall be liable as aforesaid to the Repair Repair of any old Turnpike Road, which has been since the passing of the Roads when id recited Act, or shall be widened, altered, diverted or turned, widened, and respectively be and continue in the same Manner liable to the Liability to epair of such new Road, set out in lieu of the old Road, or so uch thereof as shall be equal to the Burthen and Expence of Roads. pairing such old Road, from which he, she or they shall be conerated by the widening, altering, diverting or turning thereof; ad if the several Parties interested therein cannot agree, the ame shall be viewed by Two Justices of the Peace of the County here such Road shall be, and shall be settled, adjusted and etermined by them, in such Manner as they shall think just and easonable; and from and after such Determination of the Jusces, the Body Politic or Corporate, and Person or Persons liable o repair such new Road as aforesaid, shall bear all Charges of resentments, Indictments and Prosecutions for not repairing the ame; and if it shall be found more convenient to fix a gross Sum F an annual Sum, to be paid by any such Body Politic or Corpo-

Regulating the widened, &c.

rate, or Person or Persons, instead of fixing the Part or Proportion of such new Road to be repaired by him, her or them, the said Justices may, with the Consent of such Person or Persons, and also of the Trustees or Commissioners of the Road, obtained a a Meeting of such Trustees or Commissioners, order and direct the same accordingly; and the Order and Direction of the sail Justices shall be final and conclusive, and shall continue binding on all Bodies Politic or Corporate, and Persons whomsoever.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That where by this Act or

the said recited Act, or any Act for making or maintaining any

Turnpike Road, any Damages or Charges are directed or author

rized to be paid or recovered, in addition to any Penalty or Pe

nalties for any Offence or Offences, the Amount of such Damage

or Charges, in case of Dispute respecting the same, shall be settled, ascertained and determined by the Justice or Justices the Peace by or before whom any Offender shall be convicted a any such Offence or Offences; who is hereby authorized at required, on Non-payment thereof, to levy such Damages a Charges by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Char

tels, in Manner directed by the said recited Act for the levying of

any Penalties or Forfeitures.

Damages and Charges in Cases of Dispute to be nettled by Justices.

3 G.4. c.126. § 135.

Distress.

LXX. And Whereas it was by the said Act enacted, that when ' any Sum of Money should be ordered to be paid by any Justice of the Peace, in pursuance of the Directions of any Act relativ: to Turnpike Roads, by way of Compensation or Satisfaction in any Materials, Costs, Damages, Spoil or Injury done or com-' mitted by any such Trustees or Commissioners, or any Person or ' Persons acting under their Authority, and such Sum should be ' be paid by the said Trustees or Commissioners to the Paris entitled to receive the same, within Fourteen Days after Demand in Writing should have been made, then the Amount of sad Compensation or Satisfaction should be levied and recovered by ' Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels vested in the said 'Trustees or Commissioners by virtue of any such Act, under Warrant to be issued for that Purpose by such Justice of Jutices of the Peace: And Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient; Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed. In case of Compensation for Damages, &c. by the said Trustees, &c. the same to be levied by Distress of the Goods vested in Trustees, &c. or their Treasurer.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That when and as often s Nonpayment of any Sum or Sums of Money shall be directed or ordered to be paid by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, in pursuance of the Directions of the said recited Act or this Act, or any Act relating to Turnpike Roads, as or by way of Compensation or Satisfaction for any Materials or Costs, or for any Damage, Spoil or Injury, of any Nature or Kind whatsoever, done or committed by such Trustees or Commissioners, or any Person or Persons acting by or under their Authority, and such Sum or Sums of Money shall not be paid by the said Trustees or Commissioners to the Party or Parties entitled to receive the same, within Ten Days after Demand in Writing shall have been made from the Clerk to the said Trustees or Commissioners, or their Treasurer in pursuance of the Direction or Order made by such Justice or Justices, and in which Demand the Order of such Justice or Justices shall be stated, then and in such Case the Amount of such Compensation or Satis-

action shall and may be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels vested in such Trustees or Commisioners by virtue of any Act for making or repairing Turnpike loads, or of the Goods and Chattels of their Treasurer for the l'ime being, under a Warrant to be issued for that Purpose by such Justice or Justices, which Warrant any such Justice or Jusices is and are hereby authorized and required to grant under his Hand and Seal or their Hands and Seals, on Application made to nim or them for that Purpose by the Party or Parties entitled to eceive such Sum or Sums of Money as or by way of Compensation or Satisfaction for any such Materials, Costs, Damages, Spoil or Injury as aforesaid; and in case any Overplus shall remain after Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money, and the Costs and Expences of hearing and determining the Matter in Dispute, and also the Costs and Expences of such Distress and Sale, then and in such Case such Overplus shall be returned on Demand to the said Trustees or Commissioners, or to their Treasurer for the Time being, as the Case may be: Provided always, that it shall Treasurer may and may be lawful for such Treasurer to retain, out of any Monies retain such which he shall have received or shall receive in pursuance of any Costs, &c. such Act, or the said recited Act or this Act, all such Damages, Costs, Charges and Expences as he shall have sustained or be put

unto by virtue of any such Warrant as aforesaid.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Occasioning Persons whomsoever shall wilfully pull down, break, injure or Annoyances. damage any Table of Tolls put up or fixed at any Toll Gate or Bar on any Part of any Turnpike Road, or wilfully or designedly deface or obliterate any of the Inscriptions, Letters, Figures or Marks thereon; or if any Person or Persons shall wilfully pull up, throw down, break, injure or damage any Posts, Rails or Fences placed or to be placed or put up by Order of any Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road, or their Surveyor or Surveyors, either by the Side or Sides of such Road, or at or near to any Pit or Quarry which shall be used, opened or made for the getting of Stones, Gravel or other Materials for the Purposes thereof, in order to prevent Accidents; or if any Person or Persons shall wilfully cause any Damage or Injury to be done to any Bridge, Arch, Wall or other Building or Erection to be set up or erected by virtue of any Act on any Part of any Turnpike Road, or by the Side or Sides thereof; or if any Person or Persons shall cast or throw any Earth or Rubbish, or other Matter or Thing, into any Drain, Ditch, Culvert, Tunnel or other Watercourse made by virtue of any Act, so as to obstruct the Water from running or draining off any Turnpike Road; or if any Person or Persons shall, without being thereto authorized by the Surveyor or Surveyors for the Time being acting under any Act, shovel up, scrape, gather or carry away any Stones, Gravel, Sand or other Materials, Slutch, Dirt, Mire, Drift or Soil from off any Footpath or Causeway, or any other Part of such Road; or if any Person shall in any Manner wilfully prevent any other Person or Persons from passing him or her, or any Carriage under his, her or their Care, upon any such Road; or if any such Person shall dig, make or use any Pit or Pits for sawing of Timber or Wood within Thirty Feet of the Centre of any such Turnpike Road,

C. 95.

Penalty.

Road, unless where inclosed by a Fence from any such Road; every Person offending in any of the Cases aforesaid shall forfer and pay a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Offence: and One Moiety of such Penalties shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Moiety thereof shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Trustees or Commissioners of such Tumpike Road, and applied towards the Repair of such Road.

If Driver offend against the Provisions of any Act, and abscord, the Master to pay the

Penalty.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Driver of any Waggon, Cart, or of any Coach or other Carriage, shall offend against any of the Provisions of any Act for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, or the said recited Act or this Act, whereby any Penalty shall be incurred, and shall refuse to give his Name, or shall abscond or absent himself so as not to be found, then it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace before whom Complaint shall be made, and he is hereby required to issue a Summons, requiring the Owner of such Waygon, Cart or other Carriage to appear before him to answer to Matter of such Complaint; and if such Owner shall refuse or neglect to appear, or appearing shall not then, or within Ten Days thereafter, produce the Driver so offending, or disclose his Name and Place of Abode, then the said Justice or any other Justice of the Peace, on an Examination of the Circumstances, and according taining, by the Examination of Witnesses on Oath, that such 0. fence has been committed by any such Driver of any Waggot. Cart or other Carriage, shall order and adjudge that the Penalty incurred by such Driver shall be paid by the Owner of such Way gon, Cart or other Carriage; which Penalty shall be recovered and applied in Manner directed by the said recited Act.

3 G.4. c.126. § 122.

' LXXIV. And Whereas it was by the said recited Act or acted, that if any Horse, Ass, Sheep, Swine or other Best or Cattle, should at any Time be found wandering, straying a lying about any Turnpike Road, or across any Part thered, or by the Sides thereof (except on such Parts of any Roads lead or pass through or over any Common or Waste or uninclosed Ground), it should be lawful for any Surveyor of the Rosi where the same should be found, or any other Person or Person. to seize and impound every such Horse, Ass, Sheep, Swine other Beast or Cattle, in the common Pound of the Parish " Place where the same should be, or in such other Place as the Trustees or Commissioners of the Road where the same should be found shall have provided for that Purpose, and the said ' Horse, Ass, Sheep, Swine or other Beast or Cattle there to co tain, until the Owner thereof should for every Horse, Ass. ' Sheep, Swine, or other Beast or Cattle so impounded, pay the ' Sum of Pive Shillings to the Person impounding the same, to gether with the reasonable Charges of impounding and keeping the same; and in case the said Penalty and Charges should not be paid within Four Days after such impounding, it should be lawful for the Surveyor of the Road on which the same should have been seized, to sell such Horse, Ass, Sheep, Swine or other Beast or Cattle; and the Money arising from such Sale, after deducting the said Penalty and Charges of impounding. ' keeping and selling every such Horse, Ass, Sheep or Swine, or other Beast or Cattle, should be paid to the Person whose Property

roperty the same so sold should appear to have been: And Vhereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient;' Be herefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the

ne is hereby repealed.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Horse, Ass, Cattle found ep, Swine or other Beast or Cattle of any Kind, shall at any straying on the ie be found tethered, or wandering, straying or lying about Roads to be Turnpike Road, or on any Part thereof (except on such impounded. ts of any Road as lead or pass through or over any Common Waste or uninclosed Ground), it shall and may be lawful for Surveyor of the Road where the same shall be found, or any r Person or Persons whomsoever, to seize and impound every Horse, Ass, Sheep, Swine or other Beast or Cattle, in the mon Pound (if any) of the Parish, Township, Tithing or Place re the same shall be found, or in such other Place as the stees or Commissioners of the Road where the same shall be nd shall have provided or shall provide for that Purpose, and said Horse, Ass, Sheep, Swine or other Beast or Cattle e to detain, until the Owner or Owners thereof shall for every each Horse, Ass, Sheep, Swine or other Beast or Cattle so ounded, pay the Sum of Two Shillings, together with the onable Charges and Expences of impounding and keeping same, to the Treasurer, Clerk or Surveyor of the Road, on ch the Beast so impounded shall have been found; the said of Two Shillings for each Beast to be applied to the Use of, in Aid of the Tolls of such Road; and in case the said Pey, Charges and Expences shall not be paid within Five Days r such impounding (Notice being thereof first given to the Notice of ter, if known, at the Time, or if not known, by affixing written impounding. ices at the Two next Toll Gates on the Road nearest to the where the same shall be impounded), it shall and may awful for any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of County or Place where the Offence shall have been committed rder every such Horse, Ass, Sheep, Swine or other Beast or Sale. te to be sold, except where it shall be made to appear to such Exception. ice or Justices, that the Horse, Ass, Sheep, Swine or other t impounded, escaped from any Inclosure by any Gate or the being wilfully or negligently left open or destroyed by any on not being Owner or Occupier of such Inclosure, or emed by such Owner or Occupier, in which case such Justice ustices may remit the said Penalty; and the Money arising How Money such Sale, after deducting the said Penalty and Charges and arising from Sale ambied ences of impounding, keeping and selling every such Horse, Sheep, Swine or other Beast or Cattle, shall be paid to the on whose Property the same so sold shall appear to have is and in case the Owner thereof shall not be known, and no lication shall be made for the Money arising from such Sale in Twenty one Days after such Sale shall have taken place, said Money shall be applied, after deducting the said ges and Expences, in the same Manner as the said Penalty wo Shillings is hereinbefore directed to be applied: Prod always, that no Owner of any Horses, Asses, Sheep, Swine Limiting Exther Beasts or Cattle impounded as aforesaid, shall in any case tent of Penalty. more than the Sum of Five Pounds over and above the 4 GEO. IV. 3 N Charges

Owner to pay Expence and

Sale applied.

Right of Pasturage not taken away.

Carriers' Dogs to be fastened to the Carriage.

Penalty. Form of Surveyors' List given in Schedule No. 2.

Contracts or Agreements may be made for amending Roads, &c.

Charges and Expences of impounding and keeping the same, for any Number of Horses, Asses, Sheep, Swine or other Beasts or Cattle impounded at one Time: And provided always, that nothing in this Clause shall be deemed, taken or construed to extend to take away any Right of Pasturage which may exist on the Sides of any Turnpike Roads.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, having the Care of any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other such Carriage conveying Goods for Hire or Reward, or for Sale, on any Turnpike Road, shall not chain or fasten any Dog that may be at-

tending him or them on such Road to such Waggon, Wain, Car. or Carriage, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings. LXXVII. And Whereas the Form of the List to be delivered

to the Surveyors of Turnpike Roads by the Surveyors of the ' Highways is omitted in the Schedule to the said recited Ac.: Be it further enacted, That the Form given in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (No. 2.) shall and may be used for that

Purpose. LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Roed, or for their Clerk, Surveyor or any other Officer by their Order. to contract and agree, by the Year or otherwise, with any Perso or Persons for the making, amending, altering or mantume: the said Road, or any Bridges, Toll Houses or Buildings there on, or for any other thing which such Trustees or Commission? are by any Act for making or maintaining Turnpike Roads, or the said recited Act or this Act, or any other Act, authorized or empowered to make, build, do, execute or perform; and all Cortracts or Agreements in Writing entered into by the said Inster or Commissioners, or pursuant to any Order of the said Instite. or Commissioners, by their Clerk, Surveyor or other Offices, with any Workmen or other Person or Persons relating to any Matter or Thing to be done by virtue of any such Act, or the said recited Act or this Act, shall be binding on the said Trustees or Commissioners and their Successors, and upon all other Parties when the said Trustees or Commissioners and their Successors, and upon all other Parties. who shall sign the same, and the Heirs, Executors and Administrators of such other Parties; and that Actions and Suits shall and may be maintained thereon by the said Trustees or Commissioners, and Damages and Costs recovered against the Parts of Parties, or Person or Persons failing in the Performance of such Contracts or Agreements respectively; and such Sum or Sum. of Money as shall be requisite for the due Performance of such Contract shall be the Measure of the Damages to be recovered in any Action or Suit against such Party or Parties, or Peror Persons so as aforesaid making Default in fulfilling his, be or their Contract or Agreement; any Law or Usage to the currary in anywise notwithstanding.

3 G.4. c.126. **§** 104.

LXXIX. And Whereas it was by the said recited Act enacted. that all Persons who by Law should be liable to do Statute Work. or should be chargeable towards the repairing and amending any Turnpike Road, should remain liable thereto, and it should be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the ' Place in which any such Turnpike Road should be stuate, upon

4 Appli-

Application made to them by the Trustees or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road, yearly to determine what Part of the Statute Work should every Year be done upon such Road by the Inhabitants of the respective Parishes, Hamlets and Places through which the said Road should pass, and also what Proportion of the Money received by the Surveyors of the Highways, as a Composition for such Statute Work, should be paid to the said Trustees or Commissioners, or their Treasurer; and that such Surveyor should, on an Order in Writing made by the said Justices, bring and deliver within Ten Days afterwards, to the said Turnpike Surveyor, true and perfect Lists in Writing of the Names of the several Persons subject and liable to do Statute Work for that Year, or to the Payment of any Money as a Composition for such Statute Work; and the said Turnpike Surveyor should, within Five Days afterwards, give a Notice to the Surreyors of the Highways of the Time when such Lists would be aid before the said Justices, in order to apportion the said Staute Duty, and at the Time appointed the said Lists should be aid before the said Justices by the said Turnpike Surveyor, in he Presence of the said Surveyor of the Highways; and out of such Lists the said Justices should order such and so many of he Persons who should appear to be subject and liable to do Statute Work in every Year upon such Road as the said Justices hould think reasonable, and the same should be done on such lays as the said Trustees or Commissioners, or their Surveyor, hould appoint; and the said Justices should order the Perons who by such Lists should be subject and liable to the Paylent of any Money as a Composition for the Statute Work, to ay such Proportion thereof as the said Justices should think roper, to the Surveyors of such Parishes, to be by them paid ver to the said Trustees or Commissioners, or their Treasurer, t such Times as the said Justices should direct; and every erson who should neglect or refuse to do such Statute Work lould, for every Day of his Default, be subject and liable to ich Fines and Forfeitures as such Person might be subject or able to by any Law or Statute in force for Repair of the Public lighways; and if any Person who should come to work as a abourer, or should be sent with any Team to work on any Part such Road, should be found idle or negligent, the Surveyor the said Trustees or Commissioners is thereby empowered to ismiss the Person who should be so found idle or negligent; ad every such Person should be subject and liable to the reective Forfeitures and Payments, as if he had neglected or fused to come, or such Team had not been sent to work; all hich Forfeitures should be paid to the Treasurer of such rustees or Commissioners, and applied towards amending such oad; and in case the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways ould refuse or neglect to give in any such Lists as aforesaid, knowingly or wilfully give in false and imperfect Lists, or rese or neglect to collect or pay over such Composition Money, any Part thereof, every such Surveyor so offending should, r every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding in Pounds: And Whereas it is expedient, that the said Pro-' vision 3 N 2

repealed.
Statute Labour
to remain as
heretofore.

Two Justices to adjudge Proportion of Statute Work yearly on Application of Trustees.

Lists of Names of Persons liable to Statute Duty to be produced and laid before Justices.

Turnpike Surveyor to give Notice to Surveyor of Lists being laid before Justices.

' vision should be repealed:' Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who by Law are or shall be liable to do Statute Work, or are or shall be chargeable towards the repairing and amending any Turnpike Road, shall be and remain liable thereto, in like Manner in every respect as they now are or have heretofore been; and it shall be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace in and for the County, City or Piece in which any such Turnpike Road shall lie or be situate, and they are hereby required and empowered, upon Application made to them by any Three or more of the Trustees or Commissions of such Turnpike Road, or by their Clerk or Surveyor, yearly to adjudge and determine what Part or Proportion of the Sume Work shall every Year be done upon such Road by the Inhabitants of the respective Parishes, Hamlets and Places in or through which the said Road doth or shall lie, lead or pass, and also what Proportion of the Money received by the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways of every such Parish, Hamlet or Place, in lieu of or as a Composition for such Statute Work as aforesaid, shall be by him, her or them paid to the said Trustees or Commissioners. or their Treasurer or Treasurers; and in order thereunto the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways for every such Parising Hamlet or Place, shall, on an Order in Writing made by the sul Justices, on an Application to them by the Trustees or Commissioners of the Turnpike Road, or any Three or more of them, or by their Clerk or Surveyor, and respectively delirered to such Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways, or left at his of their last or usual Place of Abode, bring and deliver within Id Days afterwards to the said Turnpike Surveyor, or to he Pare of Abode, true and perfect Lists in Writing of the Names of the several Persons who within such Parish, Hamlet or Place are by Law subject and liable to do Statute Work for that Yes, or to the Payment of any Money in lieu of or as a Composition for such Statute Work, distinguishing the Nature of the Work to be done, whether with Teams or Draughts, or otherwise, and also the Amount of the respective Sums to be paid; which List of Name; shall be made in such Manner and under such Regulations and Restrictions as are or may be directed by any Law or Statute in force or effect for the Repairs of the public Highways, and mail be made in the Form specified in the Schedule to this Act; and the said Turnpike Surveyor, having received such Lists, shall within Fourteen Days afterwards give a Notice to the Surrey or Surveyors of the Highways of the Time when such Lists vil be laid before the said Justices, in order to apportion the said Sutute Duty; and at the Time appointed in and by such Notice the said Lists shall be laid before the said Justices by the said Turbulland pike Surveyor, in the Presence of the said Surveyor of the High ways (if he shall attend), and out of such Lists the said Justics shall and may allot, appoint and order such and so many of the Persons who shall appear to be subject and liable to do Statute Work in every Year upon such Road, as the said Justices shall think reasonable, and the same shall be done on such Days, and at such Time (not being Hay-time or Harvest), and on such Park of the said Road, as the said Trustees or Commissioners, or the Surveyor

Surveyor or Surveyors, shall from time to time order, direct or appoint; and the said Justices shall and may order and direct the Surveyor or Surveyors of such Parishes, Hamlets and Places respectively to pay over to the said Trustees or Commissioners, or their Treasurer, or other Person duly authorized to receive the same, such Proportion of the Composition Money for Statute Work as aforesaid as they the said Justices shall think proper, and at such Time or Times as the said Justices shall direct; and each Persons no and every Person who shall neglect or refuse to do such Statute glecting to do Work as aforesaid, after Notice in Writing given to or left for him, her or them at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode for that Purpose, by any Surveyor to the said Trustees or Commissioners, shall for every Day of his, her or their Default, or the Default of any Labourer or Labourers, Team or Teams, Draught or Draughts, Horse or Horses, Beast or Beasts, to be provided by him, her or them, be subject and liable to such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures as such Person or Persons may be sub- Penalty. ject or liable by any Law or Statute now in force or effect for Repair of the public Highways; and if any Person who shall come to work as a Labourer, or shall be sent with any Team or Draught dismissed and to work on any Part of such Road, shall be found idle or negligent by any Surveyor to the said Trustees or Commissioners, such Penalty. Surveyor is hereby empowered to remove and dismiss the Person who shall be found idle or negligent as aforesaid; and in that Case every such Person shall be subject and liable to the respective Forfeitures and Payments as aforesaid, as if he had neglected or refused to come, or such Team or Draught had not been sent to work on any Part of such Road; all which Forfeitures shall be paid to the Treasurer to the said Trustees or Commissioners, and applied towards amending the said Road; and in case the Sur- Surveyors neveyor or Surveyors of the Highways for any of the said Parishes, glecting to give Hamlets or Places shall refuse or wilfully neglect to give in any such Lists as aforesaid, or shall knowingly or wilfully give in false and imperfect Lists, or shall refuse or neglect to collect or pay over such Composition Money, or any Part thereof, in Manner aforésaid, every such Surveyor so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and such Penalty. Composition Money shall and may be recovered from such Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways, by Distress and Sale of his or their Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two Justices of the Peace for the County, City or Place where any such Road shall lie or be situate.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That where any Turnpike In case no Road shall pass through any Parish, Township or Place liable to the Repair of the Roads within the same, but for which no Surveyor of the Highways shall be appointed, then and in every such Persons liable Case the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of such Pa- to do Statute rishes, Townships and Places respectively, and in Cases where Work to be neither Surveyor, Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor shall made out in be appointed, then such other Inhabitant or Inhabitants of such directed. Parish, Township or Place as shall be thereto required by an Order in Writing made by the Justices on Application to them by the Trustees or Commissioners of the Turnpike Road, or by their

Statute Work.

Highway Surveyor appoint-Manner berein C. 95.

Clerk or Surveyor, and respectively delivered to such Churchwardens or Overseers, or Inhabitant or Inhabitants, or left at his or their last or usual Places of Abode, shall deliver or cause to be delivered within Ten Days afterwards to the said Tumpike Surveyor, or to his Place of Abode, true and perfect Lists in Writing of the Names of the several Persons who within such Parish, Township or Place are by Law subject and liable to do Statute Work for that Year, or to the Payment of any Money in liet of or as a Composition for such Statute Work, distinguishing the Nature of the Work to be done, whether with Teams or Draughts, or otherwise, and also the Amount of the respective Sums to be paid; which Lists shall be made and used, and dealt with in the Manner directed by the said recited Act and this Act; and the Statute Work shall be ordered and adjudged by the Justices, and enforced and required, or compounded for, in the same Way as it the said Lists had been made and delivered by the Surveyor of the Highways, under the Provisions and Authorities of the said recited Act and this Act.

Instead of Compositions for Statute Work being paid by Sept. 29. yearly, such Composition shall be paid according to Agreements.

recited Act as directs, that the Composition Movey in lieu of Statute Duty shall always be paid by the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways, or other Officer of the Parish, Hamlet or Place, or by the Person or Persons compounding, to the Tressurer of the Trustees or Commissioners, in advance, on or before the Twenty ninth Day of September in each and every Year, or otherwise that such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Inhabitants and Occupiers within such Parish, Hamlet or Place, shall not be permitted to compound for that Year, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and from and after the passing of this Act, all Composition Money in lieu of Statute Duty shall be paid by the Person or Persons compounding, to the Treasurer of the Trustees or Commissioners, at such Time or Times, and in such Manner, as shall be agreed upon at the entering into such Composition.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said

Justices may proceed by Summons in the Recovery of Penalties.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Case at which by the said recited Act any Penalty or Forfeiture, by that or any other Act or Acts for making or maintaining any Turple Road imposed, is made recoverable by Information before a Justice of the Peace, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to whom Complaint shall be made of any Offence against any such Act, or the said recited Act or this Act, to summon the Party complained against before him, and on such Summons 10 hear and determine the Matter of such Complaint, and on Proof of the Offence to convict the Offender, and to adjudge him to pay the Penalty or Forfeiture incurred, and to proceed to recover the same, although no Information in Writing shall have been exhibited or taken by or before such Justice; and all such Proceedings by Summons without Information shall be as good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as if an Information in Writing was exhibited.

Trustees, &c. may be Witnesses.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be deemed incompetent to give Evidence, or be disqualified from giving Testimony or Evidence in any Action, Suit, Prosecution

or other legal Proceedings to be brought or had in any Court of Law or Equity, or before any Justice or Justices of the Peace under or by virtue of any Act for making or maintaining any Turnpike Road, or the said recited Act or this Act, by reason of being a Trustee or Commissioner of such Road, or a Mortgagee or Creditor, of the Tolls thereof, or a Farmer, Lessee or Collector of such Tolls, or a Treasurer, or Clerk, or Surveyor, or other Officer under such Act; nor shall such Testimony or Evidence, for any of the Reasons aforesaid, be rejected or liable to be questioned or set aside.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said \$6.4. c.126. recited Act as authorizes any Justice or Justices of the Peace, be- \$ 142. fore whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against the said Act, or any Act for making or repairing Turnpike Roads, to mitigate or reduce the Penalty incurred by such Person, so as such Reduction or Mitigation do not exceed Two Thirds of the Penalty to which such Person would be liable, shall be and the

same is hereby repealed.

LXXXVI. And he it further enacted, That so much of the 3 G.4. c.126. said recited Act as enacts, that if any Person shall think himself § 145. or herself aggrieved by any Thing done by any Justice or Justices of the Peace in pursuance of this Act, except under the particular Circumstances hereinafter mentioned, and for which no particular Method of Relief hath been already appointed, such Person, in case the Penalty or Forfeiture shall exceed the Sum of Forty Shillings, where the Appeal is to be against a Conviction for a Penalty or Forfeiture, may be made to the Justices of the Peace at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the Limit wherein the Cause of such Complaint shall arise, such Appellant giving or causing to be given to such Justice, by whose Act or Acts such Person shall think himself or herself aggrieved, Notice in Writing of his or her Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, within Six Days after the Cause of such Complaint arose, and within Four Days after such Notice entering into Recognizances before some Justice of the Peace. with Two sufficient Sureties, conditioned to try such Appeal at, and abide the Order of and pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Quarter Sessions, and also to pay the Penalty or Forfeiture, in case the Conviction should be affirmed; and each and every Justice of the Peace, having received Notice of such Appeal as aforesaid, shall return all Proceedings whatever had before him respectively touching the Matter of such Ap-eal, to the said Justices at their General Quarter Sessions aforeaid, on pain of forfeiting Fifty Pounds for every such Neglect; nd the said Justices at such Sessions, upon due Proof of such lotice having been given as aforesaid, and of such Recognizance aving been entered into in Manner before directed, shall hear nd finally determine the Causes and Matters of such Appeal in a ummary Way, and award such Costs to the Parties appealing or ppealed against as they the said Justices shall think proper, to be evied and recovered as hereinbefore directed, and the Determintion of such Quarter Sessions shall be final and conclusive to all ntents and Purposes; and no Proceeding to be had or taken in 3 N 4 pursuance

repealed.

A.D. 1823.

C. 95.

pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form, or removed by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that in case there shall not be Time to give such Notice, and enter into such Recognizances as aforesaid, before the next Sessions to be holden after the Conviction of the Ap-

repealed.

Appeal to Quarter Sessions.

pellant, then and in every such Case such Appeal may be make the next following Sessions, and shall be there heard and desmined, shall be and the same is hereby repealed. LXXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if

any Person shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any Order, Judgment or Determination made, or by any Matter or Thing done by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or by any Trustee or Commissioners of any Turnpike Road in pursuance of this Act. or the said recited Act, or any Local Act for making, repairing or maintaining any Turnpike Road, (except where the Order, Judgment or Determination of any such Justice or Justices, Trustees or Commissioners, are hereby declared to be final and conclusive, and except under the particular Circumstances herenafter mentioned), and for which no particular Method of Relief hath been already appointed, such Person may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the County, Division, Riding or Place wherein the Cause of such Complaint shall arise, such Appellant first giving of causing to be given to such Justice, Commissioner or Trustee, by whose Act or Acts such Person shall think himself or herself as grieved, Notice in Writing of his or her Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, within Six Days after the Case of such Complaint shall arise, and within Four Days after such

Notice.

Recognizance.

Costs.

Justice upon Notice of Appeal to return Proceedings to Quarter Sessions.

Costs.

Distress.

Decision final.

No Certiorari.

Notice entering into Recognizances before some Justice of the Peace, with Two sufficient Sureties, conditioned to try such Ar peal at, and abide the Order of, and pay such Costs a shall be awarded by the Justices at such General or Quarter Season, and also to pay the Penalty or Forfeiture in case the Conniction should be affirmed; and each and every Justice of the Peach Commissioner or Trustee, having received Notice of and Appeal as aforesaid, shall return all Proceedings whatever had before him respectively, touching the Matter of such Appeal, to the said Justices at their General or Quarter Sessions aforesaid; and the said Justices at such Sessions, upon due Proof of such Notice having been given as aforesaid, and of such Recognisance having been entered into in Manner before directed, shall hear and finally determine the Causes and Matters of such Appeal in a summary Way, and award such Costs to the Parties appealing or appealed against as they the said Justices shall think proper to be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons against whom such Determitation shall be given, and the Determination of such General of

Quarter Sessions shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes; and no Proceeding to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form, or removed by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoerer,

any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster: any vor Statute to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, Proviso as to in case there shall not be Time to give such Notice, and enter Time for Nosuch Recognizances as aforesaid, before the next Sessions tice, &c. me holden after the Conviction of the Appellant, then and in ry such Case such Appeal may be made to the next following sions, and shall be there heard and determined: Provided al- No Appeal, if s, that no Appeal shall be allowed against any Conviction for Penalty under Penalty or Forfeiture which shall not exceed the Sum of 40s.

ty Shillings.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Extending thorities, Provisions, Regulations, Privileges, Penalties, For- recited Act ures, Clauses, Restrictions, Matters and Things whatsoever, to this Act. tained in the said recited Act, so far as the same are not exssly altered or repealed by this Act, shall extend and be con-1ed to extend to operate and be in force with respect to this

t, and shall be applied and put in execution, as fully and effeclly to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were repeated re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and were made Part thereand the said recited Act and this Act shall, as to all Matters Things whatseever (except as aforesaid), be considered as one

LXXXIX. And Whereas the Schedule (No. 2.), intituled Table of Weights allowed in Winter and Summer to Carriages irected to be weighed (including the Carriage and Loading)," as been found defective; Be it therefore enacted, That the 3 G.4. c.126.

l Schedule shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and the Sch. No. 2. edule (No. 1.) annexed to this Act shall be made use of instead repealed.

XC. And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Roads to hich the Provisions of the said recited Act extend; Be it refore enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act or this Act Act not to tained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Road or ads not under the Care and Management of Trustees or Commistain Roads. iers, or to any Road or Roads which shall be made, maintained supported under the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliant passed for an unlimited Period, notwithstanding Tolls may collected on such Roads, or shall extend to affect, alter or erfere with the Qualifications of any Commissioners or other sons having the Care and Management of any such last-menied Roads, or with any Tolls taken, or Weights carried thereon, n any other Manner therewith.

ICI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in the 3 G.4. c.126. I recited Act of the Third Year of the Reign of His present or this Act, jesty, or in this Act contained, shall extend, or be deemed, strued or taken to extend to an Act passed in the Fifty ninth ar of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled An Act for c.48, or Roads ing in Commissioners the Line of Road from Shrewshure. ing in Commissioners the Line of Road from Shrewsbury in repaired under County of Salop to Bangor Ferry in the County of Carnarvon, them. I for discharging the Trustees under several Acts of the Seven-th, Twenty eighth, Thirty sixth, Forty first, Forty second, rty seventh and Fiftieth Years of His present Majesty, from future Repair and Maintenance thereof, and for altering and

C. 954

repealing so much of the said Auts as affects the said Line of Road; nor to an Act passed in the same Year, intitaled An Ad is amend an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of Hu present Majesty, for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds towards repairing Roads between London and Holyhead by Chester, and between London and Bangor by Shrewsbury, and for giving additional Powers to the Commissioners therein named, to build a Bridge over the Menni Straits, and to make a new Road from Bangor Ferry to Holyhead, in the County of Anglesea; nor to any Road or Roads repaired, mantained and supported under the Powers and Provisions of the sid Two last-mentioned Acts.

Act not to extend to the Commercial Road.

XCII. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed, adjudged. deemed or taken to extend to the Turnpike Road called Ter Commercial Road, or the several Branches leading from and out of the same, authorized to be made, repaired and maintained under and by virtue of Five several Acts of Parliament, made and passed in the Forty third, Forty fourth, Forty sixth, Forty ninth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for making and maintaining the Roads communicating with the West and East India Docks, and for repairing the Cann-Street Road, and for making and maintaining a new Road ! Barking, and a Road from the Romford and Whitechapel Road to Tilbury Fort, in the Counties of Middlesex and Essex, and also for making a new Branch of Road from King David Law. Shadwell, to the Essex Road at Mile End, in the County of Middlesex, or to affect, encroach upon, vary, alter or interfere with any of the Tolls, Weights or Duties created by virtue of the said Acts or any of them, or any of the Powers and Authorities given to or vested in the Trustees acting under or by virtue of the said Acts, or any or either of them.

Certain Part of Road from Carlisle to Glasgow to be subject to General Act.

XCIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That so much of the Turnpike Road from Carlisle to Glasgon so lies in the County of Cumberland shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be subject to the Regulations, Powers and Provisions of the said Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, so far as the same respects Numaces. Annoyances and Trespasses; and the Justices of the Peace acting for the County of Cumberland are hereby authorized and empowered to enforce all Penalties for Nuisances, Annoyances and Trespasses on the said Road, within the said County of Custoerland.

Act may be altered, &c. this Session.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered. varied or repealed by any Act to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

# SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

## (No. 1.)

LE of WEIGHTS allowed in Winter and Summer to Carges directed to be weighed (including the Carriage and Load;), by the Act of the Fourth George the Fourth.

	SUMMER.		WINTER.	
every Waggon with Nine inch	Tons.	Cwts.	Tons.	Cwts.
Vheels	ء ا	10	۾ ا	Λ
			6	0
every Cart with Nine inch Wheels - every Waggon with Six inch	9	10	3	0
Vheels	4	15	4	5
every Cart with Six inch Wheels - every Waggon with Wheels of	3	0	2	5 15
ne Breadth of Four Inches and a	ł			
every Cart with Wheels of the	4	5	3	15
readth of Four Inches and a Half - every Waggon with Wheels of	2	12	2	7
ss than Four Inches and a Half - every Cart with Wheels of less	3	15	3	5
nan Four Inches and a Half	1	15	1	10

### Schedule (No. 2.)

ST, containing the Names of all Persons in the Parish or ce of in the o are liable to do Statute Work, and to the Payment of Comition in lieu thereof, for the Year commencing from (Signed)

Surveyors of the said Parish or Place.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
nes of sons	No. of Horses kept,	Full Annual Value.	Rate of Compo- sition.	Total Amount liable in Money.	No. of Days' Duty Work.	General Observa- tions.
		£. s. d.				
					<u> </u>	

### CAP. XCVI.

VV Provision for the Administration of Justice in His Majest
 Colony and Settlements at New South Wales and Van Diese

An Act to provide, until the First Day of July One thosand eight hundred and twenty seven, and until the End of the next Session of Parliament, for the better Administration of Justice in New South Wales and Van Diene:

Land, and for the more effectual Government thereof; and for other Purposes relating thereto. [19th July 1899]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further and more effects.

Land respectively: Be it therefore enacted by the King's as Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Coment of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present be liament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, Tax: shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successon. Charters or Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Unix Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to erect and extra Courts of Judicature in New South Wales and Van Dism. Land respectively, which shall be styled "The Supreme Car of New South Wales," and "The Supreme Court of Van Diene Land;" and that each of such Courts respectively shall be had by One Judge or Chief Justice, and shall have such ministens other Officers as shall be necessary for the Administration: Justice in the said Courts respectively, and for the Execution: the Judgments, Decrees, Orders and Process thereof; and the se Judges shall from time to time be appointed by His Mix His Heirs and Successors; and the said ministerial and de Officers of the said Courts respectively shall from time to time? appointed to and removed from their respective Offices in a Manner as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall by Charters or Letters Patent as aforesaid direct; and the said John shall respectively be entitled to receive such reasonable Subre as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors shall approve " direct, which Salaries shall be in lieu of all Fees or other Ess. ments whatsoever; and it shall and may be lawful for His Major His Heirs and Successors, from time to time as Occasion E require, to remove and displace any such Judge or Chief Jun: and in his Place and Stead to appoint another fit and pos-Person: Provided nevertheless, that if it shall at any Time be after appear to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, expedit to augment the Number of the Judges of either of the Cost of Judicature aforesaid, then and in that Case it shall and s be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, from LD

to time as Occasion may require, by Commission under Har their Royal Sign Manual, to augment the Number of Judges: both or either of the said Courts to Three, and to grant to so additional Judges such reasonable Salary or Salaries as to Hajesty, His Heirs and Successors shall seem meet, and who shall be in lieu of all Fees and Emoluments whatever; provide also, that in case of the Absence or Death of any or either the Judges of the said Courts in New South Wales or Fas Dr

His Majesty authorised to institute Courts of Criminal and Civil Jurisdietion in New South Wales and Diemen's Land.

Proviso for Augmentation of Judges. Land respectively, or in case of any such Disease or Inty as shall render any such Judge permanently incapable of arging the Duties of his Office, it shall be lawful for the Goor acting Governor of New South Wales to appoint some fit proper Person to act in the Place and Stead of any Judge so absent, dying or becoming permanently incapable, until Judge shall return to the Execution of his Office, or until a essor shall be appointed by His Majesty, as the Case may re-; and in the mean time until such Judge shall return as said, or a Successor shall be appointed, and shall actually on the Discharge of his Office in the said Courts respecy, the Person so to be appointed by the Governor or Acting mor as aforesaid shall have and exercise all the Jurisdiction, ers and Authorities belonging to or vested in the Judges of

aid Courts respectively.

. And be it further enacted, That the said Courts respectively Jurisdiction of be Courts of Record, and shall have Cognizance of all Pleas, such Courts. , Criminal or Mixed, and Jurisdiction in all Cases whatsoever, dly and amply to all Intents and Purposes in New South Wales Van Diemen's Land respectively, and all and every the Islands Territories which now are or hereafter may be subject to or adant upon the respective Governments thereof, as His Ma-'s Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas and Exchequer "estminster, or either of them, lawfully have or hath in Eng-; and the said Courts respectively shall also be at all Times rts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, in and New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and the Dependes thereof respectively; and the said Judges so appointed shall and exercise such and the like Jurisdiction and Authority co South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and the Dependes thereof respectively, as the Judges of the Courts of King's ch, Common Pleas and Exchequer in England, or any of 1, lawfully have and exercise, and as shall be necessary for ying into effect the several Jurisdictions, Powers and Authos committed to the said Courts respectively.

I. And be it further enacted, That the said Supreme Courts The said Su-New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land respectively shall preme Courts may inquire of, hear and determine all Treasons, Piracies, to have Juris-onies, Robberies, Murders, Conspiracies and other Offences of t Nature or Kind soever committed or that shall be committed fences comthe Sea or in any Haven, River, Creek or Place where the mitted at Sea, ural or Admirals have Power, Authority or Jurisdiction, or or in the mitted or that shall be committed in the Islands of New Zea- Islands in the I, Otaheite or any other Island, Country or Place, situate in the Indian or Paian or Pacific Oceans, and not subject to His Majesty, or my European State or Power, by the Master or Crew of any tish Ship or Vessel, or any of them, or by any British Subject ing in or belonging to, or that shall have sailed in or belonged and have quitted any British Ship or Vessel to live in any Part the said Islands, Countries or Places, or that shall be there ng; and that all Persons convicted of any of the Offences so e inquired of, heard and determined in the said Courts respecly, shall be subject and liable to and shall suffer all such the same Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures as by any Law or Laws

A.D. 1823.

C. 96.

The Trial of Crimes and Miedemeanors cognizable in the said Courts to be prosecuted by Information, and tried by the Judge and Seven Officers of the Army or Navy.

Laws now in force Persons convicted of the same respectively would be subject and liable to in case the same were respectively inquired of, tried, heard, determined and adjudged in Exland; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstandize

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Crimes, Mindemenor and Offences cognizable in the said Courts respectively shall be prosecuted by Information in the Name of His Majesty's Attome General or other Officer duly appointed for such Purpose by the Governor or Acting Governor aforesaid, and all Issues of far joined on every such Information shall be tried by the respecte Judges of the said Courts, and a Jury of Seven Commission: Officers of His Majesty's Sea or Land Forces, whether on falls Half Pay; and such Jurors shall from time to time be nominated for the Purpose aforesaid by the Governor or Acting Governor New South Wales or Van Diemen's Land respectively for the Time being; and the said Officers shall severally be liable to > challenged or objected to upon the special Ground of direct is terest or Affection, to be specified in open Court at the Time Challenge; and in case of such Challenge or Objection bengilowed by the Judges of the said respective Courts, the Ohor or Officers so challenged or objected to shall be succeeded y another such Officer or Officers as aforesaid, who shall in 2 Manner be nominated by the Governor or Acting Governor is the Time being as aforesaid, and be liable in the same Mannet Challenge or Objection, until Seven Officers shall appear a qualified for the Trial of any Offender in the said Courts representations. tively, and the said Officers shall thereupon severally take as repeat in open Court the same Oath as is taken by Petit Jars impannelled for the Trial of any Crime or Misdemeanor in F. Court of Record in England, and shall return their Verdica open Court, by the Mouth of the senior Officer serving on serving Jury; and the Proceedings of the said Courts respectively be under the Controll and Direction of the respective July thereof; and all Matters of Law arising in the Course of Ind shall be determined by such Judges respectively, and the July ment of the said Courts respectively shall be pronounced by the in the Manner by Law established on the Trial of Persons indicate in any Court of Record in England: Provided nevertheless, is if at the Time of the Meeting of the Supreme Court of Van Dr. men's Land there should not be Seven Commissioned Officen's His Majesty's Sea or Land Forces within the Distance of E Miles from the Place of holding such Court, or in case of the Sickness of any such Officers, the Person administering the Ge vernment of Van Diemen's Land shall nominate such Magistrate of the said Island, or of any District or County of the said Island as to him shall seem meet, to act as Jurors on the Trials of such Crimes, Misdemeanors or Offences as aforesaid, together such and so many Commissioned Officers as aforesaid as may the be within such Distance as aforesaid, and competent to act 🕬 such Jury, so as that there may in every Case be a complete Jury of Seven Men for the Trial of the said Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences; and the Magistrates so to be appointed by the Person administering the Government of Van Diemen's Land shall be liable to be challenged or objected to in such and the same Mar-

Proviso where there shall not be Seven Commissioned Officers.

Magistrates acting as Jurors may be challenged.

ner, and shall, if necessary, be succeeded by some other Magistrates to be nominated by the Person administering the Government of the said Island, and shall severally take and repeat such Oath as is hereinbefore directed with respect to the said Commis-

sioned Officers of His Majesty's Sea and Land Forces.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His His Majesty Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by his or their Instruction may hereafter Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by his or their institute other under His or their Royal Sign Manual, at any Time hereafter to criminal authorize the Governor or Acting Governor of New South Wales Cours in any for the Time being, to convene a Court or Courts, as often as Oc- New Settlecasion may require, for the Trial of all Crimes and Misdemeanors ments. committed within any Place or Places in New South Wales or Van Diemen's Land, or the Dependencies thereof, which by any Order in Council to be for that Purpose issued as after mentioned shall be appointed for the Reception of transported Felons and other Offenders; which Court or Courts shall be of Record, and shall Proceedings in have and exercise all the Powers and Authorities incident and such Courts belonging to a Court of Record, and shall consist respectively of regulated. a Judge to be appointed by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and such and so many proper Persons, not fewer than Three or more than Five, as shall be appointed for such Purpose by such Governor or Acting Governor, by Commission to be duly made and executed under his Hand and Seal; and such Persons shall be sworn in such and the like Form, and the Verdict of the Whole of such Persons shall be taken and recorded in such and the like Manner, and the Proceedings of the said last mentioned Court or Courts shall be superintended and the Judgments thereof pronounced by the Judge or Judges presiding at every such Trial, according to such and the like Law and Usage as is hereinbefore directed with respect to the Trials of Persons prosecuted before the said Supreme Courts of Judicature of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land respectively; and in all Cases where the Offence charged against any Person indicted before any such Court or Courts so to be established in any such Place or Places as aforesaid shall not be punishable with Death, the Judge or Judges of the said Court or Courts respectively shall, and he and they is and are hereby authorized to adjudge the Offender to any Corporal Punishment not extending to Life or Limb, as the Circumstances of the Case may require: Provided always, that the Particulars and Grounds of every such Sentence shall in all Cases be made known by the Judge or Judges of the said last mentioned Court or Courts respectively to the Governor or Acting Governor of New South Wales or Van Diemen's Land, as the Case may be, for his Approbation.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in any Actions at Law to Trial of Ac-De brought in the said Supreme Courts of New South Wales and tions at Law to Van Diemen's Land respectively, whenever the Parties Plaintiff be by the Chief and Defendant in any such Action shall join Issue on any Matter Two Magis-of Fact, the Trial of such Issue or Issues shall be by the Chief trates. Judge of the said Courts respectively, and by Two Assessors, peing Magistrates or Justices of the Peace in and for the said Colony, or some County or District thereof; and the said Magisrates shall be nominated from time to time for the Purpose aforeaid by the Governor or Acting Governor for the Time being of

New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land respectively, and shall

be liable to Challenge upon such and the same Grounds as may lawfully be alleged as Causes of Challenge against any Person impannelled as a Juror, for the Trial of any Issue of Fact joined between the Parties in any Action depending in any of His Majesty. Courts of Record at Westminster, and such Challenges shall be made in open Court, and decided by the Judges of the set Supreme Courts respectively; and in case any such Chilenge.

Challenge as in case of Jury.

Courts of Record at Westminster, and such Challenges stall be made in open Court, and decided by the Judges of the said Supreme Courts respectively; and in case any such Callenge shall be allowed by the said Judges respectively, another latin of the Peace shall be nominated in Manner aforesaid in the Pace of the Justice against whom such Challenge shall have been so allowed, who may in like Manner be challenged, until Two Justics shall appear competent to act as Assessors of the Court upon the Trial of the said Issue or Issues of Fact; and the said Two Assessors shall thereupon severally take and repeat in open Court such and the same Oath as is taken by any Juror sworn upon the Trial of any Issue of Fact in any of His Majesty's said Courts of Record at Westminster, and the Judges of the said Supreme Courts respectively shall, together with the said Two Assessors. give their Verdict upon every such Issue or Issues of Fact as aforesaid; and in case any such Judge and Assessors cannot agree upon such Verdict, the Verdict of the major Part of them shall be taken, entered and recorded as the Verdict of all: Provided always, that if the Parties, Plaintiff and Defendant in any such Action, shall be desirous of having any such Issue or Issue of Fact as aforesaid tried by a Jury of Twelve Men, and shall concur in an Application for that Purpose to the Judges of the said Supreme Courts respectively, then and in every such (see

Proviso where Parties desire a Jury.

Qualification of Jurors. Direction of the said Judges respectively.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be deemed competent to serve upon any Jury as aforesaid, who shall not have and possess a Freehold Estate of Fifty Acres or more of cleared Land, or a Freehold Dwelling House or Tenement of the Value of Three hundred Pounds Sterling or upwards, sinste in some Part of New South Wales or Van Diemen's Land respectively.

such Issue or Issues of Fact shall be tried by a Jury, under the

His Majesty, by Order in Council, authorized to extend the Trial by Jury. VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be larful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by any Order to be
by Him or Them issued with the Advice of His or Ther Priv.
Council, at any Time or Times hereafter, to cause the Trial by
Jury to be further introduced and applied in such Parts of No.
South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and their respective Dependencies, at such Time, in such Cases, and with, under and
subject to such Rules, Modifications and Limitations in respect
thereof, as to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall seen
meet, and as shall be specified in any such Order in Council in the
Behalf.

Supreme Courts to have Equitable Jurisdiction. IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Supreme Courts respectively shall be Courts of Equity in New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and the Dependencies thereof respectively, and shall have Power and Authority to administer Justice, and to do, exercise and perform all such Acts, Matters and Things occessary for the due Execution of such Equitable Jurisdiction, the

4 GEO. IV.

e Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain can or lawfully may thin England.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Supreme Courts And also Ecspectively shall be Courts of Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, and shall clesiastical ve full Power and Authority to administer and execute within Jurisdiction. no South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and the Dependencies reof respectively, such Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction and Authority shall be committed to the said Supreme Courts respectively His Majesty's said Charters or Letters Patent; provided, that all Cases where the Executor or Executors of any Will, upon ing duly cited, shall refuse or neglect to take out Probate, where the next of Kin shall be absent, and the Effects of the ceased shall appear to the said Judges respectively to be exsed and liable to Waste, it shall be lawful for the said Judges pectively to authorize and empower the Registrar, or other nisterial Officer of the said Supreme Courts respectively, to lect such Effects, and hold or deposit or invest the same in such inner and Place, or upon such Security, and subject to such ders and Directions as shall be made either as applicable to all th Cases, or specially in any Case, by the said Judges, in reet of the Custody, Controul or Disposal thereof.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where the Pros of the said Supreme Courts respectively hath been sued out Courts to issue unst any Defendant or Defendants in any Plaint or Action en. foreign Ated in the said Supreme Courts respectively, for Debt upon tachments. ecialty, or Bill or Note under Hand, or Book Debt, upon a acessit solvere, and a Non est inventus hath been returned, it ll be lawful for the said Supreme Courts respectively to issue Attachment, thereby commanding the Sheriff or Provost Marl of New South Wales or Van Diemen's Land respectively, or lawful Deputy, to attach the Monies, Goods, Chattels or its of any such Defendant or Defendants, in the Hands of any son or Persons whomsoever, and notwithstanding any such Pershall be the Wife or Attorney of the Defendant aforesaid, in se Possession or Power such Monies, Goods and Chattels may or from whom such Debts may be due; and also to require h Person or Persons to appear at a Day certain of the next m or Meeting of the said Supreme Courts respectively, to w Cause why the said Monies, Goods, Chattels or Debts, or so ch thereof as will satisfy the Debt demanded, should not be ivered to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action; at which Proceedings y, if the said Person or Persons shall confess, or it shall other-thereon. e be made to appear to the Satisfaction of the said Supreme urts respectively, that the said Monies, Goods, Chattels or bts do properly belong to the said Defendant or Defendants inst whom Process hath been returned as aforesaid, and if the l Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, their, his or her Agent or Attorney do ar in open Court that the Debt so demanded is due, and that Part thereof hath been satisfied, and do also give Security in uble the Debt demanded, to restore with Treble Damages the ie, or so much thereof as shall afterwards be disproved, then in all such Cases the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall have Judgment the said Debt demanded, and Execution against the said nies, Goods, Chattels and Debts so attached: Provided always,

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Previse for Bail.

that if the said Defendant or Defendants, or any Person as Attorney to the said Defendant or Defendants, shall appear, and put in Bail to answer the Action and satisfy the Judgment, then and in all such Cases the said Attachment shall be dissolved, and Proceedings had according to the usual Course in the said Supreme Courts respectively; and if any Person or Persons as aforesaid in whose Possession or Power such Money, Goods, Chattels or Debts shall be so attached, shall dispose of the same or any Part thereof before the said Debt demanded shall be satisfied, or the said Attachment dissolved, then and in every such Case the said Person or Persons for such their Default shall be liable to make Satisfaction to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, out of his, he or their proper Estates, and in case no such Satisfaction shall be made, shall be liable to be dealt with as for Contempt of the said Supreme Courts respectively.

Where the Cause shall exseed 500l. and shall not be tried by a Jury, the Evidence shall be taken in Writing.

XII. And be it further enacted, That on the Trial of every Issue of Fact joined between the Parties in any Action at Law by this Act made cognizable in the said Supreme Courts, where the Sum or Matter at Issue shall exceed the Amount or Value of Find hundred Pounds Sterling, and where such Trial shall not be by: Jury, the Judges of the said Supreme Courts respectively shad cause the Evidence to be taken down in Writing by the Clerk other proper Officer of the said Supreme Courts respectively and repeated in open Court to the Witnesses respectively grant the same; and the Evidence so taken and repeated shall be entered upon the Proceedings of the Court, and be of Recorand that no Objection shall be allowed to the Competency of W: nesses of sufficient Age and Discretion, except for Interest in the Event of the Trial; and in every Case in which any Appeal shall be made or allowed under the Provisions of this Act, Copies of all Documents and Papers which shall have been produced and given in Evidence shall be certified by the said Clerk, or other proper Officer of the Court to be appointed for that Purpose, 25 authentic; and also Copies of any Documents and Papers which shall have been produced and tendered in Evidence, and rejected. shall, if required by the Party producing the same, be in like Manner authenticated, but marked by such Officer as aforesaid arejected, in order that all such Copies may be annexed to the Record as Part thereof, in case of Appeal.

Appeal to the Court of Appeals where the Cause of Action shall exceed 500l.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants, against what any Judgment, Decree, Order or Sentence of the said Supress Courts respectively shall be given, for or in respect of any Sur or Matter at Issue above the Amount or Value of Five hundre Pounds Sterling, to appeal therefrom to the Court of Appeal hereinafter mentioned; and the Party or Parties appealing from Lydgment, Decree, Order or Sentence, shall, within Fost teen Days from the passing thereof, give Notice to the adverse Party or Parties of such Appeal, and within Twenty eight Different or Sentence, end into sufficient Security, to be approved by the Judges of the Supreme Courts respectively, to satisfy or perform the said Judgment, Decree, Order or Sentence, in case the same shall affirmed, or the Appeal dismissed, together with such further Cost

shall be awarded thereon; and in all Cases of Appeal where tice shall be given and Security perfected as aforesaid, Exeion shall be stayed, and not otherwise.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Appeals may be iges of either of the Supreme Courts aforesaid, on the Applica- allowed by the a of either of the Parties, Plaintiff or Defendant, at or before Hearing or Trial of any Suit or Action commenced in the said reme Courts respectively, to permit an Appeal to the said than 500l, in art of Appeals from any Judgment, Decree, Order or Sentence certain Cases. the said Supreme Courts respectively, although the Sum or tter at Issue, for or in respect of which such Judgment, Dee, Order or Sentence shall or may be given, made or proinced, shall not amount to or be of the Value of Five hundred ands Sterling, in case it shall be made to appear to the Satistion of the said Judges of the said Supreme Courts respecly that such Judgment, Decree, Order or Sentence may be peculiar Importance, or may affect directly or indirectly the cision of any other Question or Questions of peculiar Importe, or involve directly or indirectly any Claim, Demand or Queston or respecting Property, or any Civil Right, amounting to of the Value of Five hundred Pounds Sterling; and in all such as where the Trial shall not be by a Jury, the Evidence given the said Supreme Courte properties the said Supre ore the said Supreme Courts respectively shall be taken down Writing, and repeated to the Witnesses giving the same; and Evidence to be Evidence shall be of Record, and Copies shall be made and of Record. enticated of all Documents and Papers produced, in such mer as before directed respecting the Trial of Issues of Fact re the Sum or Matter at Issue shall exceed the Amount or ue of Five hundred Pounds Sterling.

W. And be it further enacted, That the Governor or Acting The Governor ernor of New South Wales shall from time to time hold a to hold a Court It, to be called "The Court of Appeals of the Colony of New of Appeal. th Wales;" which Court shall have Power and Authority, in such Cases as aforesaid, to receive and hear Appeals from the gments, Decrees, Orders and Sentences of the Supreme Courts Vew South Wales and Van Diemen's Land respectively, and to m, alter or reverse the said Judgments, Decrees, Orders or tences, in Whole or in Part, or to dismiss the said Appeals, Costs or otherwise, as may be just; provided always, that Governor or Acting Governor aforesaid shall be assisted in the ing or determining of all Appeals from the Supreme Court an Diemen's Land by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court Vew South Wales: Provided also, that the Record of every Proviso. gment, Decree, Order or Sentence, to be pronounced by the Court of Appeals, shall by such Court be remitted to the reme Court whence the Appeal was brought, to be by such reme Court carried into effect according to Law: Provided Proviso. that upon any Appeal to be brought to the said Court of eals from any Judgment of either of the said Supreme Courts, ded upon the Verdict of a Jury of Twelve Men, the said rt of Appeals shall not reverse, alter or inquire into the said ment, except only for Error of Law apparent upon the Re-

Judges where Cause of Action shall be less

Appeals to His Majesty in Council to be regulated by Charter.

His Majesty to make Rules and Orders for the Conduct of all Business in the said Courts. XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by the said Charters or Letters Patent respectively, to allow any Person or Persons feeling aggreed by any Judgment, Decree, Order or Sentence of the said Court of Appeals, to appeal therefrom to His Majesty in Council, in such Manner, within such Time, and under and subject to such Rules, Regulations and Limitations, as His Majesty, by any such Charters or Letters Patent respectively shall appoint and prescribe.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by His said Charters or Letter Patent, or by any Order in Council, at any Time hereafter to make and prescribe, or to authorize and empower the Judges of the said Supreme Courts in New South Wales and Van Diemen's Law respectively, under such Limitations as His Majesty shall deen proper, to make and prescribe such Rules and Orders toucher and concerning the Time and Place of holding the said Court Itspectively, the Forms and Manner of Proceeding, and the Partice and Pleadings upon all Indictments, Informations, Action Suits and other Matters to be therein brought, the appointing a Commissioners to take Bail and examine Witnesses, the turk Examinations of Witnesses de bene esse, and allowing the same Evidence, the granting of Probates of Wills and Letters of L. ministration, the Proceedings of the Sheriff, Provost Marshal other Ministerial Officers, the Process of the said Courts and it Mode of executing the same, the impannelling of Juries, the mission of Attornies, Solicitors and Barristers, the Fees, Pounts or Perquisites to be lawfully demanded by any Officer, Attorn or Solicitor in the said Courts respectively, and all other Maurand Things whatsoever, as to His Majesty, His Heirs and Succession sors, shall seem meet for the Conduct of Business in the 22 Courts respectively, and as may be adapted to the Circumstant and Condition of the said Colony; and such Rules and Onie from time to time to alter, amend or revoke, as to His Majest His Heirs and Successors, shall seem requisite; and all Rules Orders so to be established by any such Order or Order? Council as aforesaid shall be of such and the like Force and Ex as if the same had been inserted in this present Act.

Regulations as to opening the Supreme Courts upon the Arrival of the Kings's Charter.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Governor or ke ing Governor of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, 5the Dependencies thereof respectively, upon the Arrival in the said Colony of His Majesty's Charter or Letters Patent for \* Establishment, by virtue of this Act, of the Supreme Course New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land respectively, shall Proclamation notify to the Inhabitants of the said Colony Time when the said Courts respectively are to be opened. the Judges thereof respectively are to assume and enter upon the Exercise of their Jurisdiction therein; and when and so some? the said Courts shall actually have so assumed and entered ups the Exercise of such Jurisdiction, then and from thenceforth Act made and passed in the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to enable His Majesty to # blish a Court of Criminal Judicature on the Eastern Coast of No. South Wales, and the Parts adjacent, shall cease to have effe and determine, and the Courts of Criminal and Civil Jurisdiction

And thereupon 27 G.S. c.2. to cease.

n New South Wales and its Dependencies respectively, instituted y His Majesty's Letters Patent under the Great Seal, and bearing And also the Date respectively the Second Day of April and the Fourth Day Letters Patent of February, in the Twenty fourth and Fifty fourth Years of His of April of February, in the Twenty fourth and Fifty fourth Years of His of April, ate Majesty's Reign, shall likewise cease and determine, and every 24 G.S. and Suit or Complaint which shall at that Time be depending in the 4th Day of Feb. aid Courts respectively shall and may be proceeded upon in the 54 G.S. aid Supreme Courts of New South Wales or Van Diemen's Land espectively, in the same Manner as any Suit or Complaint originilly commenced or brought in such Courts respectively under his Act, and as if such Suit or Complaint had been originally prought or commenced in such Courts respectively; and all the Records, Muniments and Proceedings whatsoever of and belongng to the said Courts of Criminal and Civil Jurisdiction respecively shall, from and immediately after the opening of the Supreme Courts respectively instituted under this Act, be delivered over and deposited for safe Custody in the said Supreme Courts respecively, to which all Parties concerned shall and may have Recourse as to the other Records of the said Courts: Provided, that until Proviso for exthe said Supreme Courts to be established by virtue of this Act isting Courts. shall have actually assumed and entered upon the Exercise of their Jurisdiction in the said Colony, the said Courts of Criminal and Civil Jurisdiction now existing within New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and the Dependencies thereof, shall enjoy and exercise all Powers, Authorities and Jurisdictions lawfully vested n them by the said several Letters Patent, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been made.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That Courts of General or Courts of Ses-Quarter Sessions shall be holden in New South Wales and Van sions to be held, Diemen's Land, and their Dependencies, at such Times and Places and the Auis the Governor or Acting Governor of New South Wales shall by thority thereof extended. ively shall have Power and Authority to take Cognizance of all Matters and Things cognizable in Courts of General or Quarter Sessions in England, so far as the Circumstances and Condition of the said Colony shall require and admit; and the said Courts shall have Power and Authority in a summary Way to take Cognizance of all Crimes and Misdemeanors not punishable with Death, which have been or shall be committed by any Felons or other Offenders who have been or shall be transported to New South Wales or its Dependencies, and whose Sentences shall not have expired or been remitted, and also of all Crimes and Misdemeanors committed by any such Felons or Offenders on board of any Ship or Vessel during the Voyage to New South Wales or the Depenlencies thereof, and the same to punish, if such Courts shall see it, by extending the Time for which such Persons may have been originally transported, or by Transportation to such other Part of New South Wales, or the Dependencies thereof, as shall or may be appointed for the Reception of Offenders as hereafter mentioned, and as the Case may require, and by hard Labour for any Time not exceeding Three Years; and also in a like summary Way to take Cognizance of all Complaints made against any such Felons or Offenders for Drunkenness, Disobedience of Orders, Neglect of Work, Absconding or Desertion, abusive Language to

303

their, his or her Employers or Overseers, Insubordination or other turbulent or disorderly Conduct, and all such Offences to punish by whipping or other corporal Punishment not extending to Privation of Life or Member, or by Removal to some other Part or Place in the said Colony or its Dependencies, and hard Labour, according to the Nature and Degree of such Offences respectively: Provided, that a Return of all Sentences imposed by the said Court be made to such Governor or Acting Governor aforesid and shall be by him within Six Months transmitted to one of

Proviso.

The Governor to institute Courts of Requests, and such Courts to determine all Civil Suits under 101.

His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State in England. XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor or Acting Governor of New South Wales from time to time to institute Courts of Civil Jurisdiction, to be called "Court of Requests," in different Parts of New South Wales and Van Demen's Land, or the Dependencies thereof, as Occasion shall require with full Power and Authority to hear and determine in a semary Way all Actions, Plaints and Suits for the Payment or le covery of any Debt, Damages or Matter not exceeding la Pounds Sterling, except the Matter in question shall relate to the Title to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to the take or demanding of any Duty payable to the King, or to any Fad Office, annual Rent or other such Matter, where Rights in furt may be bound, or to any general Right or Duty, and to avail Costs therein; and the Determination and Award of such Costs of Requests, in all Cases within the Jurisdiction thereof, shall k final and shall be carried into Execution by Attachment and of the Goods and Effects, or by Corporal Arrest of the Party Parties against whom such Determination or Award shall k made; and each of the said Courts of Requests respectively be holden by a Commissioner, to be appointed by the Gorass or Acting Governor aforesaid for the Time being, with such Sun as the said Governor or Acting Governor, with the Approbation His Majesty, shall think proper to appoint; which Salary shall k in lieu of all Fees, Profits or Emoluments whatever, in respect #

Salary of Com-

The Governor, with the Chief Justice, to settle Rules and Fees for the Courts of Sessions and Requests.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Governor or Active Governor of New South Wales shall and may, with the Assistant of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of New South West from time to time settle such Forms of Process, and such Rules Practice and Proceeding, for the Conduct and Dispatch of Beness in the said Courts of Sessions and Requests respectively, appoint such reasonable Fees to be taken as shall seem necessful and proper for expediting the Business of the said Courts with most Convenience and least Expence to the Parties concent therein, and such Rules and Forms shall be followed, and see Fees shall be paid accordingly, and no other.

the Office of such Commissioner as aforesaid.

'XXII. And Whereas it is expedient to make Provision for a equal Distribution of the Effects of Insolvent Debtors in Not South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, and the Dependence thereof, among their Creditors; Be it further enacted, That a often as any Writ or other Process for the Recovery of any Debtor Sum due shall be issued by the Supreme Courts aforessid, a either of them, against any Person or Persons residing or carrying on Business in New South Wales or Van Diemen's Land, a

Provision for declaring Insolvencies, and distributing the Effects of Insolvent Persons my Place within the respective Dependencies thereof, and it shall in New South be made to appear to the said Courts respectively at the Return of Wales. such Writ or Process, that the Person or Persons against whom he same shall have been issued is or are unable to pay Twenty shillings in the Pound to all his, her or their Creditors, it shall be awful for the Judges of the said Courts respectively to cause the Person or Persons against whom the same shall have been issued, ogether with all his, her or their Creditors, to be summoned by sublic Notice to attend the said Court on a certain future Day; nd in the mean time, if it shall appear necessary to the Judges of he said Courts respectively, to appoint One or more of the said reditors as provisional Trustee or Trustees, to discover, collect nd receive the Estates and Effects of such Person or Persons so ppearing to be insolvent, subject to the Orders and Directions of the said Judges respectively; and if after due Examination of he Person or Persons against whom Process shall have been issued s aforesaid, or if such Person or Persons shall abscond or fail to ttend the said Courts respectively, pursuant to such Summons as foresaid, it shall be made to appear to the Satisfaction of the said sudges respectively that such Person or Persons is or are insolent, it shall be lawful for the said Courts respectively to declare uch Person or Persons insolvent accordingly, and immediately to ake Order for discovering, collecting and selling the Estates, Debts and Effects of such Insolvent or Insolvents, and distributing he Produce thereof equally and rateably amongst all his, her or heir Creditors, and for that Purpose to authorize any Two or more reditors of the said Insolvent or Insolvents, or any other fit and roper Person or Persons to be for that Purpose nominated by the aid Courts respectively, to act as and be Trustees for the Benefit f the Creditors of such Insolvent or Insolvents; and the said courts respectively shall from time to time make such Orders as hall be just, for better discovering, collecting, selling and realizig the Estates, Debts and Effects of the Person or Persons so eclared insolvent, and for making a rateable Distribution thereof mongst all the Creditors of such Insolvent Person or Persons, or Occasion shall require, for vesting the same, or any Parts pereof, in the Public Funds or Securities in England, until such distribution can be made.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if such Insolvent Per- Regulations as on or Persons shall make a full and true Disclosure, Discovery to granting nd Surrender of all his, her or their Estates, Goods, Debts and Certificates to ffects, and shall conform to the Orders and Directions of the Insolvents. aid Judges of the said Supreme Courts respectively in respect nereof, the same shall and may, with the Consent in Writing nder the Hands of the major Part in Number and Value of the reditors of such Insolvent or Insolvents, be certified by the udges, under the Seal of the said Courts respectively; and such ertificate may be pleaded, and shall be a Bar to all Suits and complaints for Debts and Contracts for Payment of Money due, nd entered into by such Person or Persons prior to the Time of is, her or their being declared insolvent as aforesaid; and if any 'erson or Persons so declared insolvent as aforesaid shall fail to take a true Disclosure and Discovery of all his, her or their estate or Estates and Effects, or shall otherwise refuse to con-

304

form

Proviso for Second and Third Insolvency. form to the Orders or Directions of the said Judges of the said Courts respectively, it shall be lawful for the said Courts respectively to cause such Person or Persons to be arrested and imprisoned until he, she or they shall make such Disclosure and Discovery, and in all respects conform to such Orders and Directions: Provided always, that no Person or Persons who shall be declared insolvent as aforesaid a Second Time shall be entitled to any such Certificate, unless his, her or their Estate or Estates and Effects, when collected and realized, shall be sufficient to pay at least Fifteen Shillings in the Pound to all his, her or their Orditors; and that no Person or Persons who shall be declared insolvent as aforesaid a Third Time or oftener shall be entitled to say such Certificate.

'XXIV. And Whereas it may be necessary to make Laws and

Ordinances for the Welfare and good Government of the said Colony of New South Wales, and the Dependencies thereof, the Occasions of which cannot be foreseen, nor without much Dely and Inconvenience be provided for, without entrusting that Asthority for a certain Time, and under proper Restrictions, w Persons resident there: And Whereas it is not at present expe-' dient to call a Legislative Assembly in the said Colony;' Be a therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Major, His Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under His or Ther Se Manual, to constitute and appoint a Council, to consist of sec Persons resident in the said Colony, not exceeding Seven nor less than Five, as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be pleased to appoint; and upon the Death, Removal or Absence of any of the Members of the said Council, in like Manner to costitute and appoint such and so many other Person or Person s shall be necessary to supply the Vacancy or Vacancies; and its Governor or Acting Governor for the Time being of the Colony, with the Advice of the Council to be appeared as aforsaid, or the major Part of them, shall have Power and Authority make Laws and Ordinances for the Peace, Welfare and good Government of the said Colony, such Laws and Ordinances at being repugnant to this Act, or to any Charter or Letters Pates or Order in Council which may be issued in pursuance hereof, # to the Laws of England, but consistent with such Laws, so is s the Circumstances of the said Colony will admit: Provided always that no Law or Ordinance shall be passed or made, unless the see shall first by the said Governor or Acting Governor be laid before the said Council, at a Meeting to be for that Purpose convent by a written Summons under the Hand of such Governor or Act ing Governor, to be delivered to or left at the usual Place of Abode of the Members of such Council respectively; provided also, that in case all or the major Part of the Members of the said Council shall dissent from any Law or Ordinance proposed by such Governor or Acting Governor at any such Meeting as afore said, the Members of the said Council so dissenting shall enter upon the Minutes of such Council the Grounds and Ressons of such their Dissent, and in every such Case such proposed Law of Ordinance shall not pass into a Law; provided nevertheless, that

if it shall appear to the Governor or Acting Governor for the Time being of the said Colony, that such proposed Law or Ordinance s

His Majesty to constitute a Council in New South Wales; and the Governor, with the Advice of such Council, shall have Power to make Laws for the Government of the said Colony.

sestial to the .Peace and Safety thereof, and cannot without ttreme Injury to the Welfare and good Government of the said olony be rejected, then and in every such Case, if any One or are Member or Members of the said Council shall assent to such toposed Law, the said Governor shall enter upon the Minutes of e Council the Grounds and Reasons of such his Opinion; and every such Case, and until the Pleasure of His Majesty, His eirs and Successors, shall be made known in the said Colony specting the same, such Law or Ordinance shall be of full Force id Effect in the said Colony, and the Dependencies thereof, any ch Dissent as aforesaid of the Majority of the Members of the

id Council notwithstanding.

XXV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case In case of acy Rebellion or Insurrection shall have actually broken out in the tual or approid Colony, or if in the Judgment of the Governor or Acting hended Rebalovernor [thereof for the Time being, there shall be good and
ficient Cause to apprehend that any such Rebellion or Insurction is about forthwith to break out therein then and in account ction is about forthwith to break out therein, then and in every make Laws for ch Case it shall and may be lawful for such Governor or Acting suppressing the overnor to promulgate and enforce within the said Colony and same. Dependencies any Law or Ordinance which may be necessary r suppressing or preventing any such Rebellion or Insurrection aforesaid, although every Member of the said Council should

ssent from any such Law or Ordinance.

XXVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall His Majesty in d may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Council may y Order to be by Him or Them issued by and with the Advice establish any His or Their Privy Council, to make and establish any Law or from by the rdinance which may have been previously laid before and dis- Council. nted from by the whole or the major Part of the said Council, case such Law or Ordinance shall appear to His Majesty, His eirs and Successors, to be necessary for the better Government the said Colony and its Dependencies.

XXVII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the said No Tax imovernor and Council shall not impose any Tax or Duty upon any posed by the ip or Vessel trading with the said Colony or the Dependencies creef, or upon any Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported for local Purto or exported from the same, nor any other Tax or Duty, poses. xcept only such Taxes or Duties as it may be necessary to levy r local Purposes; and the Purposes for which every such Tax or outy may be so imposed, and to or towards which the Amount tereof is to be appropriated and applied, shall be distinctly and articularly stated in the Body of every Law or Ordinance im-

osing every such Tax or Duty.

' XXVIII. And Whereas an Act of Parliament was made in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to stay Proceedings against any Governor or other Person concerned in imposing and levying Duties in New South Wales; to continue until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, certain Duties; and to empower the said Governor to levy a Duty on Spirits made in the said Colony: And Whereas the said Act hath been continued from time to time by divers Acts of Parliament, and was varied and altered by an Act passed in the Third Year of

Governor and

C. 96.

the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to continue, ' until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, an Act passed in the Fifty ninth Year of His lete Majesty, relating to imposing and levying Duties in New South Wales; to authorize the imposing and levying other Duties on ' Goods imported into the said Colony; and to suspend for To Years the Payment of Duty on the Importation of certain Goods the Produce of New South Wales; and it is expedient that the said Act of the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third should be made perpetual, and that all the Powers and Authorities thereby or by the said Act of the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty committee to the Governor or other Person administering the Govern-' ment of New South Wales, should be continued as fully as if ' this present Act had not been made;' Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Act passed in the Fin ninth Year of His said late Majesty King George the Third shall be and the same is hereby made perpetual, and that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeat alter or affect the said last mentioned Act, or the said Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; an

59 G. S. c. 114. made perpe-

No Law to be passed until a Copy laid before Chief Justice, and his Certificate.

Laws, &c. made by the Governor, &c. within Six Months from the Date thereof to be transmitted for His Majesty's Ap-

probation.

thing herein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Law or Ordinance shall by the said Governor or Acting Governor be laid before the said Council for their Advice or Approbation, or be passed into: Law, unless a Copy thereof shall have been first laid before to Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, wi unless such Chief Justice shall have transmitted to the said Go vernor or Acting Governor a Certificate under the Hand of soci Chief Justice, that such proposed Law is not repugnant to the Laws of England, but is consistent with such Laws, so far as the Circumstances of the said Colony will admit.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That every Law or Ordinance so to be made as aforesaid shall, within Six Months from the Date thereof, be transmitted by the Governor or Acting Governor is the Time being of the said Colony to One of His Majesty's Principle. cipal Secretaries of State for the Time being; and that it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successor. from time to time as He or They shall think necessary, to signific through One of His or Their Principal Secretaries of State, His or Their Approbation or Disallowance of all such Laws and Order nances; and that from and immediately after the Time when such Disallowance shall be published in the said Colony, by a Proclamation to be for that Purpose issued by the said Governor e Acting Governor, all such Laws and Ordinances shall be null and void; but in case His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall not, within the Space of Three Years from the making of such Laws and Ordinances, signify His or Their Disapprobation or Dis allowance thereof as aforesaid, then and in that Case all such Lavi and Ordinances shall be valid and effectual, and have full Force.

XXXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all Laws lony and Orders and Ordinances to be made in the said Colony, and ail Orders to be made by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with the Advice of His and Their Privy Council, in pursuance of this Act, shall

Laws in the Coof Council laid before Parliament.

e laid before both Houses of Parliament within Six Weeks at test next after the Commencement of each Session.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Members for Members of he Time being of the said Council shall by virtue of such their the Council to fice be Justices of the Peace in and for the Whole of the said be Justices of colony of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and shall the Peace. ithin the said Colony take Precedence of all Persons next after be Governor or Acting Governor thereof, and the Judges of the. aid Supreme Courts, and the Commander in Chief for the Time eing of His Majesty's Forces within the said Colony and its ependencies; and the said Members of the Council shall, be- Oath to be we they enter upon and discharge the Duties of such their Office, taken. everally take and subscribe, before and in the Presence of the iovernor or Acting Governor thereof for the Time being, an Oath the following Words; that is to say,

I DO swear, That I will, to the best of my Judgment and Ability, faithfully advise and assist the Governor or Acting Governor of the Colony of New South Wales and its Dependencies, in all such Matters as shall be brought under my Consideration as a Member of the Council of the said Colony; and I swear, that I will not, directly or indirectly, communicate or reveal to any Person or Persons, any Matter which shall be so brought under my Consideration, or which shall become known to me as a Member of the said Council. . . So help me GOD.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Death, Regulations as bsence or permanent Incapacity of any Member or Members to any Vacancy f the said Legislative Council, the Governor or Acting Governor in the Council. or the Time being of the said Colony shall and may appoint some and proper Person to act in the Place and Stead of such Peron or Persons, until the Vacancy or Vacancies so created shall e filled up by an Appointment to be made by His Majesty, His

leirs and Successors, in Manner aforesaid.

'XXXIV. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirtieth 30 G.s. c.47. Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for enabling His Majesty to authorize the Governor or Lieutenant Governor of such Places beyond the Seas to which Felons or other Offenders may be transported to remit the Sentences of such Offenders, after reciting several Orders made by His Majesty with the Advice of His Privy Council, whereby His Majesty had declared and appointed that the Eastern Coast of New South Wales and the Islands thereunto adjacent should be the Place or Places beyond Sea to which certain Felons and other Offenders should be conveyed and transported, it was enacted, that it should be lawful for His Majesty, by His Commission under the Great Seal, to authorize the Governor or Lieutenant Governor for the Time being of such Place or Places as aforesaid, by any Instrument in Writing under the Seal of the Government in which such Place or Places should be situated, to remit, either absolutely or conditionally, the Whole or any Part of the Time or Term for which any such Felons or Offenders should have been or should thereafter be respectively conveyed or transported to such Place or Places; and it was further enacted, that such Governor or Lieutenant Gover-

§ 1.

§ 2.

'Instrument as aforesaid, and that the Names of such Felons or other Offenders respectively, which should be contained in such Duplicates, should be inserted in the next General Pardon which should pass under the Great Seal of Great Britain ster the Receipt of such Duplicates: And Whereas in virtue of the ' said Act and of His Majesty's Commission under the Great Sal. "the Governors of New South Wales for the Time being have from time to time remitted the Time or Term for which dien Felons and other Offenders have been transported to the sed Places, but the Duplicates of the several Instruments, by which ' such Times or Terms of Transportation were remitted have not been regularly transmitted to England, and the Names of the Felons or other Offenders respectively therein contained, have

4 nor should, by the first Opportunity, transmit to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State Duplicates of every

All Instruments whereby the Governors of New South Wales have remitted the Term of Trans portation of Felons to have the same Effect as Pardons under the Great Scal.

' not been inserted in any General Pardon under the Great ' Seal of Great Britain;' Be it further enacted, That all lastrements in Writing, made in Conformity with the said Act, or which shall be so made before the First Day of January next, whereby any Governor or Lieutenant Governor of New Sorth Wales, for the Time being, hath remitted or shortened, or may remit or shorten the Time or Term of Transportation of any Felons or Offenders as aforesaid, shall have and shall be deemed and taken to have had, within New South Wales and its Dependencies, from the Days of the respective Dates of such severs! Instruments, such and the like Force and Effect in the Law, w all Intents and Purposes, as any General Pardon, if passed under the Great Seal aforesaid, and including the Names of such Felow or other Offenders respectively, could or would have had; and the same Instruments, whenever they shall be ratified by His Majesty, if His Majesty shall be pleased to ratify the same and such Ratification shall be notified in Writing by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, shall have the same Force and Effect within this Realm, and all other His Majesty! Dominions, from the Days of the respective Dates of med several Instruments, or from such other Days as shall be expressed in

Regulations as to Remissions of Time of Transportation in future. 30 G.S, c,47.

such Ratifications respectively. XXXV. And be it further enacted, That all Instruments in Writing whereby any Governor or Acting Governor of New South Wales shall hereafter remit or shorten the Time or Term of Transportation of any Felons or other Offenders, in pursuance of the said Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third, shall by such Governor of Acting Governor be transmitted to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for His and Their Approbation or Allowance; and in case His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall, through One of His or Their Principal Secretaries of State, signify His of Their Their Approbation or Allowance of any such Remission of shortening of any such Time or Term of Transportation as afore said, then and in such Case only, every such Instrument so transmitted as aforesaid shall have, and shall be deemed and sales from the Date thereof to have had, within New South Wales and the Dependencies thereof, but not elsewhere, such and the same Effect in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as if a General Deposes, as if a General Depose of the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as if a General Depose of the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as if a General Depose of the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as if a General Depose of the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as if a General Depose of the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as if a General Depose of the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as if a General Depose of the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as if a General Depose of the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as if a General Depose of the Law, to all Intents and Purpose of the Law, to all Intents and Purpose of the Law, to all Intents and Purpose of the Law, to all Intents and Purpose of the Law, to all Intents and Purpose of the Law, to all Intents and Purpose of the Law, the Law of the Law Pardon 'ardon had passed under the Great Seal aforesaid, on the Days f the Dates of such Instruments respectively, in which the lames of such Felons or Offenders as aforesaid had been inluded.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons under 'ersons, being in New South Wales or any of the Dependencies Sentence of hereof, under or by virtue of any Sentence of Transportation, who shall be r Order of any Court in the United Kingdom of Great Britain convicted there nd Ireland, for any Time or Term of Years not then expired, of Offences r not remitted by the Governor or Acting Governor of the said punishable by Colony, shall be convicted by due Course of Law in the said Transportation, colony, snail be convicted by due Course of Law in the said may be detained colony, or any of the Dependencies thereof, of any Offence in New South wales or its y Transportation, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before Dependencies which any such Offender or Offenders may he so convicted, to for the same entence and adjudge him, her or them to Detention and safe Terms for Custody in New South Wales, or any of the Dependencies there- which they of, for any Term or Number of Years, not exceeding the Term been transor Number of Years for which such Offender or Offenders might ported, or could by Law be sentenced to Transportation, in case he, she or they had been convicted of such or the like Offence in any Court of Record in *England*; and such Detention shall take Effect, and be computed, not from the Date of any such Sentence or Judgment as aforesaid, but from the Time when the Ferm of such original Sentence of Transportation shall expire; and in case any Person or Persons who shall be so sentenced to be detained in the said Colony or its Dependencies, shall be afterwards at large within any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, without lawful Cause, before the Expiration of the Term for which such Offender or Offenders shall have been sentenced to be detained as aforesaid, every such Offender Unduly return-being at large as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, ing. Death. shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy; and such Offender or Offenders may be tried before the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer, Great Sessions or Gaol Delivery for the County, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, where such Offender or Offenders shall be apprehended or taken; and on every such Trial, a Certificate in Writing signed by the Judge or Judges of the Court in New South Wales or its Dependencies, whereby such Offender was so sentenced to be detained, containing the Effect and Sub stance only (omitting the formal Part) of the Indictment and Conviction of such Offender, and of the Sentence of Detention, shall be sufficient Proof of the Conviction and Sentence of every such Offender.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Surgeons of Persons who may hereafter be transported to New South Wales, Convict Ships or any of the Dependencies thereof, under any Sentence or may inflict Order of any Court in the United Kingdom aforesaid, shall be nishment on guilty of Misbehaviour or disorderly Conduct on board of any Convicts guilty Ship or Vessel in which such Person or Persons shall be so trans- of Misbehaported, it shall be lawful for the Surgeon or Principal Medical viour. Officer for the Time being of any such Ship or Vessel to inflict or cause to be inflicted on the Person or Persons so offending

might have

such moderate Punishment or Correction as may be infinted by Law on Convicts confined on board Vessels in the River Thames by the Superintendant or Overseer of those Vessels:

With the Approbation of the Master.

Provided always, that no such Punishment or Correction shall be so inflicted, unless the Master or Principal Officer for the Time being of such Ship or Vessel shall first signify his Approbation thereof in Writing under his Hand; and every such Post ment or Correction as aforesaid, together with the Paricis of the Offence for which the same may be so inflicted, together with such written Approbation as aforesaid, shall on the same Day, in all Cases, be entered by such Master or Principal Officer as aforesaid, upon the Log of every such Ship or Vesel, under a Penalty of Fifty Pounds in case of every Refusal or Neglect to make such Entry, to be recovered by Bill, Plant or Information in either of the Supreme Courts of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land aforesaid, or in any Court of Record in England; One Half of which Penalty shall go to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other

Entered upon the Log. Penalty 50l.

His Majesty to

appoint Places for the Recep-

' XXXVIII. And Whereas it may be expedient to appoint cartain Ports or Places in New South Wales, or the Dependences

Half to the Person or Persons who may inform or sue for the

thereof, for the Reception of Felons and other Offenders who ' may hereafter be sentenced to Transportation, or whom it may be necessary to remove from the Settlements at present formed in the said Colony; and for the better preventing the Escape of

such Felons or other Offenders, it is expedient that no trading Ship or Vessel should be permitted to enter, or touch at " ' hold Intercourse with any such Ports or Places;' Be it further

enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by any Order or Orders to be issued by and with the Advice of His or Their most Honourable Party

tion of Offend-Council, from time to time to appoint such Ports or Place is ers, and to New South Wales, or any of the Dependencies thereof, a shell prohibit trading Vessels from be deemed proper for the Reception and Keeping of Felons or other Offenders; and to prohibit all Masters, Marines and other holding Intercourse with Persons, commanding, navigating or sailing on board of us such Places.

Ship or Vessel, from entering, touching at or communicating with any such Port or Place, and for that Purpose to establish lish all such Rules and Regulations as may be necessary; and for the Breach or Violation of any such Order or Orders, Rule or Regulations, to impose all such Penalties and Forfettures 2 to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with the Adrice of

His and Their said Council, shall seem meet; which Penalis and Forfeitures shall and may be recovered in the Supremental Courts of New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land respectively. or in any Court of Record or Vice Admiralty in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted and declared, That say Person or Persons who shall in any Manner contrive, aid, abet or assist in the Escape, or intended Escape, from any Part of New South Wales or Van Diemen's Land, or the Dependencie thereof, of any Person or Persons there being under or by virtue of any Judgment or Sentence of Transportation for any Term not

Persons assisting in the Escape of Felons deemed guilty of a Mis-demeapor.

en expired, or of any Judgment or Sentence pronounced in y Court of competent Jurisdiction in the said Colony or its pendencies, is and are, and shall be and be deemed and taken be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall incur and be liable to e not exceeding Five Hundred Pounds, or to Imprisonment Penalty 5001. any Time not exceeding Two Years, or to both, at the scretion of the Court before which any such Person or Persons ly be convicted; and such Misdemeanor shall and may be ed and inquired of by the Supreme Courts of New South Wales of Van Diemen's Land respectively, or by His Majesty's Court King's Bench at Westminster, or by any Court of Record in y of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations or Foreign Dominions. XL. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Thir- 2 G.2. c.36.
th Day of June in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight extended to
New South andred and twenty four all the Provisions, Penalties, Clauses, New Sounds and twenty four all the Provisions, Penalties, Clauses, Wales. atters and Things contained in an Act passed in the Second ear of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intiled An Act for the Regulation and Government of Seamen in the erchant Service, shall be and the same are hereby extended to ew South Wales and the Dependencies thereof.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Artificers and wful for any Artificer, Handicraftsman, Mechanic, Gardener, others may conrvant in Husbandry or other Labourer, not being under the Age tract to serve Eighteen Years, by Indenture duly executed, and without a in New South amp, to contract with any Person or Persons about to proceed in mentioned. or actually resident in New South Wales, or the Dependencies ereof, or with the Agent or Agents of such Person or Persons, ithfully to serve or to proceed to and faithfully serve such Peror Persons in the said Colony, or the Dependencies thereof, any Period not exceeding the full Term of Seven Years, to computed from the Day of the Date of such Indenture.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Persons with for any Person or Persons with whom such Artificer, Handi- whom Artifiaftsman, Mechanic, Gardener, Servant in Husbandry or other cers, &c. have abourer, shall have so contracted to serve as aforesaid, to mainin an Action on the Case against any Person or Persons who against Person all employ, retain, harbour or conceal any such Artificer, employing andicrastaman, Mechanic, Gardener, Servant in Husbandry or them. her Labourer, with Intent to deprive the Employer of any such erson or Persons of his, her or their Services or otherwise, with tent to defraud or injure such Employer; and in case the Plainf or Plaintiffs in any such Action shall recover a Verdict, he, te or they shall, in addition to the Damages found by such Verct, recover and have Treble Costs.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Court of See. will for the Court of Sessions, or any Two or more Justices of sions or Justice e Peace in New South Wales, or the Dependencies thereof, of the Peace to pon Complaint made upon Oath, to punish by Fine or Imprisontion of such Inent, or both, any wilful Violation of the Provisions of such Indentures, and entures as aforesaid by, or any Misdmeanor, Miscarriage or ill to determine ehaviour of such Artificer, Handicraftsman, Mechanic, Gar- Differences. ener, Servant in Husbandry or other Labourer, in such his Serce or Employment as aforesaid, and also to hear and determine 1 Complaints, Differences and Disputes which shall happen and arise

New South

maintain Action

arise between any such Artificer, Handicraftsman, Mechanic, Gardener, Servant in Husbandry or other Labourer, and the Person or Persons whom he shall have so contracted to serve a aforesaid, and to make such Order or Award in every such Case as to such Courts of Sessions or Justices respectively shall seen just, and every such Order or Award to enforce by Execution against the Goods, Effects or other Property of the Party of Parties against whom such Order or Award shall be made, or by Arrest of the Person, and Imprisonment for any Time is exceeding Three Calendar Months.

His Majesty may erect Van Diemen's Land into a separate Colony;

after which, Appeal from Land to Governor of New

Van Diemen's South Wales to cease.

After such Order the Governor of Van Diemen's Land may remit Sentences, &c.

Continuance of

XLIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That is case it shall at any Time seem fit to His Majesty, His Hen and Successors, to constitute and erect the Island of Van Diemen's Land, and any Islands, Territories or Places thereto adjacent, into a separate Colony, independent of the Government of New South Wales, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, so to do, any thing hereinbefore to the contrary contained in any wise notwithstanding; and in that Case it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by any Order to be by Him or Them issued, by and with the Advice of His or Their Privy Council, to commit to any Persons or Person within the said Island of Van Diesen Land, and such Islands, Territories or Places as aforesaid, such and the like Powers, Authorities and Jurisdictions, as by virtue of this present Act or of any other Act of Parliament are or may lawfully be committed to any Person or Persons within the Colors of New South Wales and its Dependencies, subject nevertheles to all such and the like Restrictions, Provisoes and Declaration as are hereinbefore made and contained, and thereupon the Appeal hereinbefore granted to the Governor of New South Waln and its Dependencies, from the Judgments, Decrees, Orders and Sentences of the Supreme Court of Van Diemen's Land shall cease and determine; and from and after the making of my such Order, all Instruments in Writing whereby any Governor or Acting Governor of Van Diemen's Land, and its Dependencies, shall remit or shorten the Term or Time of Transportation of any Felons or other Offenders, shall have such and the like force, effect and virtue in the Law, as any such Instruments in Writing to be made by any Governor or Acting Governor of New South Wales and its Dependencies can or may lawfully have by virtue of the before mentioned Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, or by virtue of this present Act.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force until the First Day of July in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and Twenty seven, and from thence until the End of the next Session of Parliament.

#### CAP. XCVII.

In Act for the Regulation of the Court of the Commissaries of Edinburgh; and for altering and regulating the Jurisdiction of Inferior Commissaries in Scotland.

[19th *July* 1823.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty eighth Year 48G.3. c.151. of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, § 22. intituled An Act concerning the Administration of Justice in Scotland, and concerning Appeals to the House of Lords; by which Act His said late Majesty was empowered to name and appoint, and pursuant to which His said late Majesty did name and appoint, by His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, certain Persons to make Inquiries into the Form of Process before the Court of Session and the Inferior Courts, and to report upon various Matters therein particularly set forth: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of 49G.3. c.119. His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to give to the Persons ramed by His Majesty, pursuant to an Act passed in the last Sestion of Parliament, intituled ' An Act concerning the Adminisration of Justice in Scotland, and concerning Appeals to the House of Lords,' further Time for making their Report or Reports: And Whereas the Commissioners so appointed did nake Reports to His said late Majesty, and the Two Houses of Parliament, relative to the Subject Matter upon which they vere directed to report: And Whereas, by a Warrant under the sign Manual of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting n the Name and on Behalf of His said late Majesty, dated the Eighth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, ther Commissioners were appointed for inquiring into the Juties, Salaries and Emoluments of the several Officers, Clerks nd Ministers of Justice of the Courts of Scotland, and for eporting what Regulations might be fit to establish respecting ne same; which Commissioners have accordingly made several eports, which have been laid before Parliament, and in which is recommended that Provision should be established with spect to the granting Confirmations, which may prevent the ist Rights of next of Kin and of Creditors from being defeated; at Quots or Compositions should be abolished; and that cerin Regulations with respect to Fees and otherwise should be ade in regard to the Court of the Commissaries of Edinburgh, d with respect to the Jurisdiction of inferior Commissary ourts: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent esty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords itual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament mbled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and Such Composithe First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and tions and Fees ity four, all Compositions in respect of Confirmation, and all abolished. termed Consignation Fee and Sentence Money, shall be and same are hereby from thenceforth abolished.

. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Extracts of Deof January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, crees, as now acts of Decrees in the said Court of the Commissaries of practised, to burgh, and Testaments Testamentor in the Manner now prac-4 GEO. IV. 3 P

tised, shall cease and determine; and thereafter abridged Forms of Extracts, in the Manner hereinafter provided, shall be adopted; save and except where a full Extract shall be required in the Manner now practised by any Party desiring the same.

Commissaries of Edinburgh to prepare Table of Fees, and to frame Forms forabridging of Extracts.

III. And be it further enacted, That as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, the Judges of the said Coun of the Commissaries of Edinburgh shall and they are hereby directed and required to frame a proper and suitable Table of Fees, to be taken by the Clerks and Officers of the said Court, and the Practitioners before the same, for and in respect of Proceedings in such Court, in order to fix and ascertain the Emoliments and Charges which shall be justly exigible by such Clerks. Officers and Practitioners; and also proper and suitable Forms in abridging the Forms of Extracts now in use in the said Court, & nearly as may be according to the Forms for Extracts prescribed by an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His late 50 G. 3. c.112. Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for abridge

the Form of extracting Decrees of the Court of Session in Scotland and for the Regulation of certain Parts of the Proceedings of the Court; and also to fix and ascertain the Fees to be paid for such Extracts to be included in the said Table of Fees, having regard to the Reports of the said Commissioners in that Behalf.

Such Form and Table of Fees to be sanctioned by the Court of Session.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every such For and Table of Fees, to be framed by the Judges of the said Court pursuant to this Act, shall be presented by such Judges to is Lords of Council and Session, by whom the same shall be cosidered; and after due Deliberation and Conference, if necessity with the said Judges, every such Form and Table of Fees shirt with or without Alteration, be adjusted and published by an Ac of Sederunt of the Court of Session; and it shall be lawful in the said Lords to alter any such Form and Table of Fees by: new Act or Acts of Sederunt, from time to time thereafter, > they shall see cause: Provided always, that every such Act & Sederunt shall be reported to Parliament in Manner hereinste

Proviso.

directed.

Office of Principal Clerk abolished.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fig. Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four the Office of Principal Clerk of the said Court of the Commissaries Edinburgh shall be and the same is hereby from thenceforabolished, and thenafter there shall only be Two Clerks of the Court entitled to receive Fees; the one to be appointed by E Majesty, and who shall perform the Duties of his Office in Person; the other to be named by the Clerk so appointed, so be

Commissaries Clerks to act in Person.

> Deputy during his Pleasure, and for whom he shall be responsible VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the se-First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and tweet four, the Boundaries of all inferior Commissariats, as they ex at present, shall cease and determine; and from thenceforth ever Sheriffdom and Stewartry shall constitute a Commissariat, except ing always the Sheriffdoms of Edinburgh, Haddington and Links gow, which Sheriffdoms shall be and remain the Commissariat Edinburgh as provided by this Act; and provided always, the where Two Counties shall be under the Jurisdiction of One Sheric such Two Counties shall constitute One Commissariat.

Sheriffdoms and Stewartries to become Commissariats.

VIL And

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Small Debt irst Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty Jurisdiction of ur, the Jurisdiction now exercised by the Commissaries of Edin. Commissaries argh, in Actions for the Recovery of Debts not exceeding Forty ounds Scots, and all Prorogation of their Jurisdiction in any ction for the Recovery of Debt, shall be and the same is heredeclared to be from thenceforth abolished and prohibited; d no inferior Commissary, as established by this Act, shall ssess or exercise any Jurisdiction in such Actions, or in any uses to which the Jurisdiction of the Sheriff is now competent. VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Inferior Com-

rst Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty ar, the Persons then severally filling the Offices of inferior Comparative shall cease to hold such Offices; and the Persons then the Office of Shariff at Paratic shall represent to cease. ing the Offices of Sheriffs or Stewarts Depute shall respectively missaries. come Commissaries, each over the Commissariat comprehending County or Stewartry or Counties of which such Persons all respectively be Sheriffs or Stewarts Depute; and every ch Person shall continue to hold the said Office of Commisy so long as he shall fill the said Office of Sheriff or Stewart pute of such County or Stewartry, or Counties, and no longer; every Person thereafter appointed to the Office of Sheriff or wart Depute shall, in consequence of such Appointment, bene the Commissary of the Commissariat hereby established, er the County or Stewartry or Counties of which he is appointed Sheriff or Stewart Depute, and be vested with all the Juristion, Powers and Privileges belonging to the said Office of mmissary therein, and shall continue to hold and exercise the ne so long as he shall fill the said Office of Sheriff or Stewart pute, and no longer.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful or Review of appetent for the Judges of the said Court of the Commissaries Proceedings of Edinburgh to review the Proceedings of inferior Commissaries as inferior Combished by this Act, but all such Proceedings shall be review-

e only by the Court of Session. L. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Sheriff Subevery Sheriff or Stewart Depute hereby appointed a Commis- stitutes to be 7, and his Successor in Office within his Sheriffdom or Stewartry, appointed Commissaries Dename and appoint as his Deputy or Deputies the Person or Perpute. s acting as Sheriff Substitute or Substitutes within such County, long as any such Person or Persons shall continue so to act; every such Commissary and Commissary Depute shall exerwithin their several Commissariats, as hereby constituted, the vers and Authorities exercised by the present Commissaries; and except as is provided by this Act.

I. And be it further enacted, That all Actions and Proceed- Provision as which shall be depending on the said First Day of January to depending thousand eight hundred and twenty four, before any inor Commissary, shall by virtue of this Act be transferred the Commissary of the County or Stewartry wherein such ions and Proceedings would have originated if this Act had 1 passed previous to the Commencement thereof; and such ions and Proceedings shall thereupon be pursued and brought Conclusion before such Commissary, in the same Manner

948 C. 97

as if they had been brought or commenced before such Commissary in the first Instance; and as soon as conveniently may be after the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, the Processes in all such depending Actions and all such depending Proceedings shall be accordingly transmitted, together with an Inventory thereof made by the Commissary Clerk, to the Accuracy of which he shall make Oath. If required.

Records, &c. of inferior Commissaries transmitted to General Register House. XII. And be it further enacted, That as soon as convened; may be after the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, all other Processes, Records and Warrants of Decrees of inferior Commissaries, together with an leventory thereof made by the Commissary Clerk, which he is hereby required to do, and to make Oath to the Accuracy thereof, if required, shall be transmitted to the General Register House at Edinburgh.

Where Courts are at present held, the Clerk shall become Commissary Clerk, who may Name his Deputy, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in Counties or Stewarries wherein a Commissary Court is at present held, the Clerk of such Court shall, after the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, become the Commissary Clerk for the Commissariat hereby established in such Count or Stewartry, with Power to such Commissary Clerk to name a Deputy to act for him so long as he shall hold the said Office, as for whom he shall be responsible; and in any County or Stewart where more than one of such Courts is at present held, the Commissary Clerk whose Emoluments shall amount to the highest annual Sum, as set forth in the Report of the said Commissioner in that Behalf, hereinbefore recited, shall become the Commissary Clerk for the Commissariat hereby established in such Counts or Stewartry, with Power to name a Deputy as aforesate.

Provision as to other Commissary Clerks. XIV. And be it further enacted, That in all other Countes, as also in the Event of the Death, Resignation or Remoral of any such Commissary Clerk, who shall become the Commissary Clerk of a Commissariat, as immediately before directed, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors to appoint a proper Person to be Commissary Clerk; and every Person henceforth to be appointed a Commissary Clerk shall perform his Duty in Person.

No Gratuity for any Appointment. XV. And be it further enacted, That all Appointments and Nominations to any Office in any of the said Commissary Courts shall be made without receiving any Price, Gratuity or valuable Consideration of any Kind.

Appointment of Commissioners to frame Regulations for Commissary Courts, XVI. And be it further enacted, That as soon as convenient, may be after the passing of this Act, the Court of Session, at a Meeting specially called by the Lord President for this Purpose shall and they are hereby directed and required to appoint, by Commission duly executed by them, Five Sheriffs or Steward Depute, for the Purpose of establishing Tables of Fees in the several inferior Commissary Courts as hereby established, in the Manner directed in the Case of the Court of the Commissary of Edinburgh, regard being always had to the Reports of the said Commissioners hereinbefore recited in that Behalf.

Provision as to abridged Extracts. XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Five Sheriffs of Stewarts so appointed shall and they are hereby authorized and required

required to frame proper and suitable Forms for abridging the Extracts of the Decrees of the said inferior Commissary Courts, as established by this Act, as nearly as may be according to the Forms for Extracts prescribed by the said Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the 50 G.3. c.112. Third, intituled An Act for abridging the Form of extracting Decrees of the Court of Session in Scotland, and for the Regulation

of certain Parts of the Proceedings of that Court.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That a Report or Reports Form to be shall be made to the Court of Session by the said Five Sheriffs or established by Stewarts so appointed, as to the several Matters and Things upon Act of Sede-which they are directed to report as aforesaid; and after such Reports shall have been so made, it shall and may be lawful for the said Court, if they think fit, to require Explanations or Information relative to any Part of such Report or Reports, and to have Conferences thereupon with all or any of the said Sheriffs and Stewarts so appointed; and after being well and ripely advised in that Behalf, it shall and may be lawful for the Court of Session to give effect to the same by any Act or Acts of Sedeunt, to be observed in each of the said Commissary Courts established by this Act, and the several Persons holding Offices and discharging Duties therein, or practising before the same.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That a Copy of every A Copy of uch Act of Sederunt, and Table of Fees to which it may or shall every Act of efer, shall be transmitted by the Lord President of the Court of Sederunt made lession to His Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall cause a Copy thereof to be laid before each House f Parliament, at or immediately after the Commencement of the ession of Parliament next ensuing the passing of this Act; and very Fee sanctioned by such Act of Sederunt shall and may be emanded and taken from and after the said First Day of January ne thousand eight hundred and twenty four, and shall thereafter, cording to the Terms of such Act of Sederunt, be and be eemed and taken to be a legal Fee, and payable and receivablesuch in the Manner therein directed, unless altered by Parliaent.

XX. And be it further enacted, That from time to time and in Further Power I Time hereafter, as often as it shall appear to be necessary, it to Court of all and may be lawful for the Court of Session, at a Meeting to Session to called by the Lord President for that Purpose, to appoint, a Commission duly executed by them, Five Sheriffs Depute, the Purpose of considering any such Table of Fees theretoe established, in or for the inferior Commissary Courts hereby ablished, by which Five Sheriffs, so to be from time to time apinted, a Report or Reports shall be made to the Court of Sesn as hereinbefore directed; and after any such Report shall ve been made, it shall and may be lawful for the said Court, if y think fit, to require Explanations or Information relative ereto as aforesaid, and to have Conferences thereupon with all any of the said Sheriffs; and by Act or Acts of Sederunt to ke and establish a further or other Table or Tables of Fees in l for the said inferior Commissary Courts, and the Officers 1 Practitioners therein: Provided always, that no Claim of Com- Proviso reasation shall arise or be allowed to any Clerk or Officer appointed specting Claim 3 P 3 after

of Compensetion. after the passing of this Act, by reason of any such further Table of Fees; and provided also, that a Copy of every such Act of Sederunt, together with any Table of Fees to which it may refer, shall be transmitted by the Lord President of the Court of Session to His Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall cause a Copy thereof to be laid before each House of Parliament as hereinbefore directed; and after the Expiration of the Period hereinbefore limited, as the Case may be, every such Act of Sederunt and Table of Fees shall become in force; and thereafter, but not sooner, every such Fee shall, according to the Terms of such Act of Sederunt, be and be deemed and taken to be a legal Fee, and payable and receivable as such in the Manacr therein directed.

Compensation to Commissarics, &c.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Commissary, Commissary Clerk or other Officer holding his Office at the passing of this Act, and entitled to Compensation for Loss to be suffered through the Operation and Effect of this Act, to make Application to the Barons of Exchequer in Scotland, who shall direct Intimation thereof to be given to His Majesty's Advocate, and thereafter the said Bares shall enquire into and consider the Circumstances of the Case, and after due Investigation of the Legality of the Claim, and of the Fees or Emoluments in respect whereof such Loss shall be state. to have arisen, and having regard to the Fees to which are such Person may become entitled pursuant to this Act, the set Barons shall award to every such Person such Compensation s they shall think such Person entitled to, either by the Payment of a gross Sum or by way of Annuity, as they shall think proper: Provided always, that every Order made for such Compension shall be laid before Parliament within Two Calendar Months after the Commencement of the Session next ensuing after making the same: Provided further, that no Decision of the said Baross shall be final and conclusive, until Two Calendar Months after a Copy of the Order of such Barons for Compensation shall have

Orders for Compensation laid before Parliament.

Fund out of which Compensation shall be paid.

Tax free.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That any Sum of Compensation so to be awarded shall be paid and payable upon the Order of the said Barons, in such Manner and at such Time or Times as they shall direct, out of any Monies charged or made chargeable by Acts made in the Seventh and Tenth Years of the Beign of Her Majesty Queen Anne, with the Fees, Salaries and other Charges allowed or to be allowed for keeping up the Courts of Session, Justiciary or Exchequer; and every Sum of Compensation to be paid shall be free and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever.

been laid before Parliament.

Salaries of Sheriffs to be paid without Deduction. XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the respective Salarie of Sheriffs and Stewarts Depute and Substitute shall, after the passing of this Act, be paid to them free of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever; any Law or Practice to the contrary not withstanding.

## CAP. XCVIII.

An Act for the better granting of Confirmations in Scotland. [19th July 1823.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made for the better granting of Confirmations, in certain Cases, in Scotland; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Right to Conrom and after the passing of this Act, in all Cases of Intestate firmation to Succession, where any Person or Persons who, at the Period of transmit to Rehe Death of the Intestate, being next of Kin, shall die before presentatives. Confirmation be expede, the Right of such next of Kin shall ransmit to his or her Representatives, so that Confirmation may nd shall be granted to such Representatives, in the same Maner as Confirmations might have been granted to such next of (in immediately upon the Death of such Intestate.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Court to regu-Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, late Caution to aution shall not be required to be found by Executors Nomi- be found. ate; and in all other Cases the Court granting Confirmation shall x the Amount of the Sum for which Caution shall be found by he Person or Persons to whom Confirmation shall be granted.

ot exceeding the Amount confirmed.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Partial Con-lay of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty four, firmations to very Person requiring Confirmation shall confirm the whole move- cease. ble Estate of a deceased Person known at the Time, to which ich Person shall make Oath: Provided always, that it shall and ay be lawful to eik to such Confirmation any Part of such state that may afterwards be discovered, provided the whole of ich Estate so discovered shall be added, upon Oath as aforeuid: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall Scotch Act fect or alter the Provision made with respect to special Assign- 1690. tions by an Act of the Scottish Parliament, made in the Year One lousand six hundred and ninety, intituled Act anent the Confirmtion of Testaments.

IV. Provided further, and be it enacted, That in the Case of In Cases of onfirmation by Executor's Creditor, such Confirmation may be Executor's mited to the Amount of the Debt and Sum confirmed to which Creditor, Conch Creditor shall make Oath: Provided always, that Notice every Application for Confirmation by any Executor's Cretor shall be inserted in the Edinburgh Gazette, at least once, mediately after such Application shall be made; in Evidence hereof, a Copy of the Gazette in which such Notice shall have een inserted shall be produced in Court before any such Conmation shall be further proceeded in.

## CAP. XCIX.

An Act to provide for the establishing of Compositions for Tithes in Ireland for a limited Time. [19th July 1823.]

WHEREAS various Circumstances relating to the Agricul-

ture and Population of Ireland, and which do not apply to ' Great Britain, render it peculiarly expedient, that for the furpose of further encouraging the Industry and Enterprize of Owners, Farmers and Occupiers of Land, and rendering the ' Incomes arising from Tithes there more certain in Amount and ' more easy of Collection, and of avoiding Controversies respect-' ing the same, Provision should be made for the authorizing Compositions to be made for Tithes in Ireland only, to endure ' for a Time to be limited:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at any Time after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland. upon the Application of the Rector, Vicar or other Ecclesiastical Incumbent, or of any Impropriator or other Person or Persons entitled to any Tithes or Portion of Tithes, or of any Five or more of the Owners or Occupiers of Land, each holding or possessing Lands of the yearly Value (if Owners) or at the yearly Rent of Occupiers) of not less than Twenty Pounds, in any Parish in Inc. land, to give Orders and Directions from time to time, when and as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor shall think proper, to the Churchwardens of any such Parish, sed Orders and Directions to be signified to such Churchwarden by the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or in his Absence by the Under Secretary, that a Special Vestry shall be assembled in such Parish, to proceed in carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act, and that such Vestry shall be composed of such Persons occupy. ing Lands, not being Tithe free, within such Parish, who shall, during the last preceding Year, have paid or yielded the highest or greatest Amount of County Cess Charges or Grand Juny Rates in respect of such Lands, to be ascertained in Manner hereinafter mentioned; and a Copy of such Orders and Directions, with the Names and Residences of the Parties signing the Application for the same, shall be inserted under the Direction of such Chief Secretary in the Dublin Gazette; and Notice or Information of such Orders and Directions shall also be given at the same Time. by the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, (or in his Absence by the [ in der Secretary,) to the Bishop of the Diocese in which any and every such Parish shall be situate, and to the Ecclesiastica is

Lord Licutenant, on Application of Persons herein named, may give ()rders that Special Vestries be assembled in Parishes for carrying this Act into Execution.

Notice of such Orders to be given to Bisho of Diocese and Incumbent.

In case of Absence of Incumbent, his Agent or some

United Kingdom.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if it shall happen that at the Time when any such Orders and Directions shall be given by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Goverother fit Person nors of Ireland, the Ecclesiastical Incumbent who shall be en-

cumbent of the Parish, if such Incumbent shall be within the

d to or in the Receipt of any Rectorial or Vicarial Tithes may be apin any such Parish shall not be resident within Ireland, pointed by the

Bishop to act and in such Case it shall and may be lawful for the Bishop he Diocese in which such Parish shall be situate to nomi- for such Inand appoint some Agent of such Incumbent, or some other cumbent. nd proper Person, to act for and on Behalf of such Incumbent, in such Case all Matters required to be done and performed such Ecclesiastical Incumbent, for carrying into Effect the ral Provisions of this Act, shall and may be done and perned by such Agent or other Person so appointed by the said iop for and on Behalf of such Incumbent.

II. And be it further enacted, That the High Constable or other High Conector of the County Cess Charges and Grand Jury Rates, or stable, &c. to es and Assessments levied under and by virtue of the Presentts of Grand Juries, within any Parish in this Act into Exeon shall have been made for carrying this Act into ExePersons paying on, shall, within Twenty one Days after such High Constable County Rates Collector shall be thereunto required by the Incumbent of for Lands not Parish, or by the Impropriator, or by any other Person or Tithe free; Amount sons, or any Two of them by whom such Application shall exceeding 20s. e been made, prepare and deliver to the Churchwardens or &c. rchwarden of such Parish a List containing the Names and idences of all and every Persons and Person within such ish, who shall have been charged with and shall have paid such County Cess Charges or Grand Jury Rates, for and in ect of any Lands within such Parish, not being Tithe free, to Amount exceeding Twenty Shillings in the Whole within the r next preceding, together with the Amount of the several respective Sums charged on and paid by every Person se Name shall be contained in such List; and every such List Lists to be acbe made out according to the Form in the Schedule marked cording to to this Act annexed; and the Names contained in such List Form A. be arranged according to the Amount of the Sums actually ranged according to the Persons whose Names shall be coning to Amount ed in such List, so that the Names of the Persons having of Sums paid. the highest Amounts of such Rates shall appear at the Head such List, and the Names of all other Persons shall be placed such List according to the Amount of the Sums paid by them ectively; and when several Persons shall have paid the same ount, the Names of such Persons shall be placed alphabetically ording to the Letters of their respective Surnames; and such Lists to be t shall be signed by the High Constable or other Collector by verified on m the same shall be made, and shall be verified on the Oath Oath. such High Constable or other Collector before any one Justice the Peace of the County, County of a City or County of a wn or Place in which such Parish shall be situate; and which th any such Justice is hereby authorized and empowered and uired to administer.

V. And be it further enacted, That after the Receipt by the Churchwardens urchwardens of any Parish, of any such List as aforesaid, con- shall affix Copy ing the Names of such Persons charged with and having paid Rate Payers (or h County Cess Charges and Grand Jury Rates as aforesaid, of the First 25 th Churchwardens shall upon the Sunday next after the Receipt Names therein) such List affix or cause to be affixed on the principal outer on the Door of

Door of the Church, and of any Roman Catholic Chapel and

Presbyterian Meeting House within such Parish, a Copy of the

Whole of every such List, in case such List shall not contain more

the Church, &c. for Two successive Sundays.

C. 99.

59 G.S. c.84.

than Twenty five Names, and in case any such List shall contain more than Twenty five Names, then a Copy of all such Part of the said List as shall relate to the First Twenty five Nameinserted in such List, there to remain so affixed for Two saccesive Sundays next after the Receipt of every such List, by such Churchwardens; and in case it shall happen that in any Parish. there shall not be any Church or any Roman Catholic Chapel or Presbyterian Meeting House, then and in such Case a Copy of such List, or of such Part thereof as aforesaid, shall be affixed on or at the place appointed for posting Notices of Applications to Special Sessions, with respect to Grand Jury Presentments under an Act made in the Fifty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to anced and Laws for making, repairing and improving the Roads and other public Works in Ireland, by Grand Jury Presentments, and for: more effectual Investigation of such Presentments; and for furice securing a true, full and faithful Account of all Monies level under the same; and if any such Copy of any such List, or or such Part thereof as aforesaid, shall be removed from the Durant Copy of such Church, Chapel or Meeting House, or other Place, or shall be destroyed or defaced at any Time before the Expirator of the last of the said Two successive Sundays, such Churcwardens shall from time to time affix, or cause to be affixed, a new Copy of such List, or such Part thereof, on the Door of such Church, Chapel or Meeting House, or on or at such other Place as aforesaid. V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall

On Appeal by Person charged with Rates, and whose Names are omitted, &c. in such Lists or Returns, Two Magistrates may, on Application, add their Names, &c. to such Lists.

during any preceding Year have paid any County Cess Charges or Grand Jury Rates within any such Parish shall think himself or herself aggrieved by the Omission of his or her Name from 237 such List, or Copy of such List, or of such Part thereof as aforesaid, or by any Error or Mistake in the Amount of the Sums stated in any such List or Copy to have been charged on or paid by such Person, it shall and may be lawful for any such Person, within the Space of Ten Days next after the Second Sunday on which any such Copy of such List, or of any such Part thereof as aforesaid. shall have been affixed on the Door of such Church or other Place of Worship, or at such other Place as aforesaid, to apply to any Two Justices of the Peace in and for the County or Place in which such Parish shall be situate, to have his or her Name added to such List or Copy, or to have his or her Name substituted in any such List or Copy for the Name of any Person who shall have paid a lesser Sum, or to have the Error or Mistake in the Amount payable by such Person rectified; and on producing to such Justices a Receipt or Receipts from the High Constable or other Collector, given to such Person so complaining, for any Amoust of County Cess Charges or Grand Jury Rates exceeding the Amount paid by any Person or Persons whose Name or Names shall be contained in such List (or equal to such Amount in Cases where the Amount stated to be paid by all the Persons whose Names shall be contained in such List shall be equal), it shall

lawful for such Justices to direct, by Order under their Hands the Churchwardens of the said Parish, that the Name of some of the Persons having paid such lesser or equal Sum be reved from such List or Copy, and that the Name of such Cominant, and the Sum payable by such Complainant, shall be led to any such List or Copy, or that the Amount payable by h Person so complaining shall be correctly and truly stated in such List or Copy, as the Case may require; and the Name some Person shall be removed from such List, and the Name such Complainant, or the Amount paid by such Complainant, the Case may require, shall be added to or inserted in such List Copy accordingly.

vI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any such List What Persons il be made under this Act, and any Copy thereof, or of any only may attend or thereof, shall be made and affixed as required by this Act, vestry. Person shall be admitted or entitled to attend or to vote at any ecial Vestry to be held for carrying into Execution the Pures of this Act, other than such Persons whose Names shall ear in or be added to such Copy so affixed under the Provisions this Act, and who shall have actually paid and satisfied, or id fide tendered, the several Sums specified in such Copy of

:h List so affixed or amended as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any High Constable or High Conllector by this Act required to make out and deliver any such stable, &c. st as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect or omit to make or deliver neglecting to deliver Lists, ch List, or if the Churchwardens of any Parish shall neglect Churchwardens refuse to affix or cause to be affixed Copies of any such List, neglecting to the Door of any Church or other Place of Public Worship, or affix Copies on any other Place, according to the Provisions of this Act, or Church Door, ill neglect or refuse to add to or insert in any such List the me of any Person, or the Amount of County Cess Charges or and Jury Rates payable by any Person, in compliance with the der of any Two Justices, made pursuant to this Act, every rson so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be re- Penalty 101. vered and applied in Manner hereinafter mentioned.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That after such Lists or Re- On a Day ms respectively shall have been transmitted as aforesaid, to herein mene Churchwardens of any such Parish, public Notice shall be tioned, a Special Vestry to be ven by such Churchwardens, in the usual Manner of Notices held for exeven for holding Vestries in such Parish, that a Special Vestry, cuting Act. consist only of Persons whose Names shall appear in or be lded to such Lists, under the Provisions of this Act, will be olden in and for such Parish, pursuant to this Act, on some Day be named in such Notice, not being less than Three Weeks or more than Six Weeks distant from the Sunday on which any ich List shall have been first affixed to the Door of the Church, other Place or Places of Public Worship in such Parish, or at ich other Place as aforesaid, pursuant to this Act; and such pecial Vestry, consisting of such Persons only as aforesaid, shall e holden, and shall meet accordingly on the Day mentioned in

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Seven Vestryeven Persons or more, qualified as by this Act is directed, and men may prouly assembled at any Special Vestry duly called in pursuance of ceed in Execu-

this tion of Act.

Chairman.

How Questions proposed at Vestry shall be decided.

Casting Vote.

If Parishioners and Incumbent at Vestry agree in not proceeding, or disagree as to proceeding under this Act, Vestry shall be adjourned sine Die, subject to being resummoned at any Time, &c.

this Act, (and at which Special Vestry it shall be lawful for the Lacumbent or other Person or Persons entitled to Tithes, and Churchwardens, if any, of such Parish to be present,) to proceed from time to time in the Execution of the Purposes of this Act; and in the first Place, to elect a Chairman to preside at such Vesty; and all Questions to be proposed at such Vestry shall be decided by the Majority of the Votes of the Persons present at such Vestry in Manner following; that is to say, all Persons attending at such Vestry, who shall in any such List as aforesaid be dayd with and shall have actually paid or bona fide tendered such County Cess Charge or Grand Jury Rate, to an Amount not exceeding Ten Pounds in the Whole, shall be entitled to One Vote: and all Persons so charged or having paid or tendered to an Amount exceeding Ten Pounds, and not exceeding Twenty Pounds in the Whole, shall be entitled to Two Votes; and so in Progression of One Vote for every complete Sum of Ten Pound with which any Voter shall be so charged, and shall have paid or tendered, not exceeding Six Votes in the Whole by any Ore Person, to whatever Amount, above Sixty Pounds, any such Person may be so charged; and in case the Number of Votes gives according to the Proportions aforesaid, including the Vote or Votes of the Chairman, shall be equal upon any Question, such Chairman shall have One casting Vote for the Decision of such Question and it shall be lawful for such Vestry to adjourn from Day to Day, or from time to time, as may be necessary for carrying in: Execution the Purposes of this Act.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted. That if at any Meeting of any such Special Vestry, in which Seven Persons or more. daily qualified according to this Act to vote at such Vestry, together with the Ecclesiastical Incumbent of such Parish, or other Person or Persons entitled to Tithes as aforesaid, or their Agents respectively, shall be present, it shall be agreed between such Parishioners, and such Incumbent or other Person or Person a aforesaid, that no Proceedings shall be had under this Act, such Vestry shall forthwith adjourn sine Die, and no further Proceed. ings shall be had under this Act, without further Orders and Directions from the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for that Purpose, pursuant to this Act; and if at any Meeting of such Special Vestry as aforesaid, such l'arishioners, and such Incumbent or other Person or Persons aforesaid, shall disagree as to whether Proceedings shall or shall not be had under this Act, the Vestry shall be adjourned from time to time, or sine Die, as may be agreed upon at such Vestry, subject to being re-assembled at any Time, on Application of the Incushent, or of any Person entitled to Tithes, or any Five or more 0. cupiers of Land, or Owners of Land occupying the same, within such Parish, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act; and the Ecclesiastical Incumbent or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, or the Churchwardens of such Parish, if any, shall certify such Result of the Meeting of such Special Vestry, in Writing under ther Hands, and signed with their Names, to the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ircland, for the Information of such Lord Lieutenand, or other Chief Governor or Governors; and if any Person or Perons, hereby required to certify such Result, shall omit or neglect Not certifying o to do, every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Five Adjournment, ounds, to be recovered and applied in Manner hereinafter men- Penalty 51. ioned.

XI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if at the First Meet- If Seven Vesng of any Special Vestry to be held in any Parish, in pursuance trymen do not of this Act, there shall not be present Seven Persons at least attend, Vestry entitled to attend and vote at such Vestry, for the Purposes of to adjourn sine his Act, all Proceedings under this Act shall and may be adourned by the Incumbent or Lay Impropriator or other Person entitled to Tithes as aforesaid, or by the Churchwardens, or by One of the Persons by whom the Notice for calling such Special Vestry shall have been signed, for any Number of Days not more han Seven; and such Incumbent or Impropriator, or Churchvardens or other Person, shall cause a written Notice of every such Adjournment to be given in such Manner as is hereinbefore equired with respect to the holding of such Special Vestry; and f after Two such Adjournments an Attendance of Seven Persons to entitled to attend and vote at such Vestry shall not be procured, such Special Vestry shall be adjourned sine Die, and the Incumbent or Impropriator, or the Churchwardens of such Parish, or such other Person as aforesaid, shall certify such Adjournment to the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and such Vestry hall not be assembled until further Directions shall have been ssued from the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Sovernors of Ireland, for that Purpose, pursuant to this Act; and if any such Person shall omit or neglect to certify such Not certifying Adjournment accordingly, every Person so offending shall forfeit he Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered and applied in Manner rereinafter mentioned.

XII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Special Vestry consisting of Seven or more in Number shall be duly ssembled for the Purposes of this Act, and it shall be agreed etween the Parishioners and the Ecclesiastical Incumbent of such Parish, or other Person or Persons entitled to Tithes as aforeaid, to carry into Execution the Purposes of this Act, a Menorandum of such Agreement, or some Minute or Entry of the ame shall be reduced into Writing, and shall be signed by the aid Incumbent, or other Person or Persons entitled to Tithes s aforesaid, or their Agents respectively, and by Four or more Land, to tree of the Persons present at such Special Vestry; and at the same with a Comr some subsequent Meeting such Vestry shall proceed to elect, ominate and appoint a fit and proper Person, qualified as hereinfter mentioned, to be a Commissioner for carrying into Execution he Purposes of this Act, on Behalf of all the Owners and Occupiers of Land within such Parish, and to treat with a Commisioner to be named and appointed in Manner hereafter mentioned by the Ecclesiastical Incumbent of such Parish, or other Person r Persons entitled to Tithes as aforesaid, for the making and scertaining a Composition for all the Tithes, rectorial or vicarial, rædial, personal or mixed, or of any Nature or Kind soever, rowing, renewing, arising, payable or yielded within such Parish, whether such Tithes shall be payable wholly to the Rector, Vicar

Adjournment, Penalty 51.

Vestry duly as-sembled, and agreeing with Incumbent to proceed under this Act, shall elect a Commissioner on Behalf of the Occupiers of Land, to treat missioner to be named by the Incumbent, &c.

Notification of such Election to Bishop of Diocese, and Chief Secretary.

C. 99.

Incumbent, &c. to appoint a Commissioner, and give Notice to Bishop and Churchwardens; Bishop may approve or disapprove of such Commissioner; if not disapproved within Six Weeks, to be held approved; proved of, a Second may be appointed by the Incumbent within Seven Days, and if he be disapproved of, a Commissioner shall be appointed by the Archbishop. or other Ecclesiastical Incumbent, or to any Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or to any Corporation Aggregate or Sole, a to any other Person or Persons whomsoever, Lay or Ecclesiastical; and Notice of the Election, Nomination and Appointment of sad Commissioner, on Behalf of the Owners and Occupiers of Land the said Parish, and the Name and Place of Abode of such Coxmissioner, shall be transmitted by the Churchwardens of sail Parish, or by the Chairman of such Vestry (as shall be directed) by such Vestry), to the Bishop of the Diocese in which sed Parish shall be situate, and to the Chief Secretary of the Lat Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland 1 Writing under the Hand, and subscribed with the Names or New of such Churchwardens, or of such Chairman of such Very within Seven Days next after such Election, Nomination and & pointment shall have taken place, in pursuance of this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever such Agreement as aforesaid shall be made in Writing, and entered into z. signed as aforesaid, for carrying into Execution the Purpose this Act in any Parish, and a Special Vestry shall have appoint a Commissioner on Behalf of the Owners and Occupiers of Le. within such Parish, according to the Provisions of this Act, the and in such Case, within Seven Days next after the Appointment of such Commissioner by such Vestry, the Rector, Vicar or other Ecclesiastical Incumbent of such Parish entitled to the Rece of Tithes, or any Portion of Tithes, in such Parish; or in or there shall not be any Ecclesiastical Incumbent so entitled, in any other Person, or the Majority in Value of any other le sons entitled to the Tithes in such Parish, shall, by Writing the Hand and Seal of such Ecclesiastical Incumbent or other feson or Persons as aforesaid, appoint a fit and proper Person, 🔁 lified in Manner directed by this Act, to be a Commissioner the Part as well of such Incumbent or other Person or Person as aforesaid, as of any and every Person or Body Politic of Co. porate or Collegiate, or Corporation, being the Owner of an Tithes arising, growing, yielded or payable within such Pank. treat with the Commissioner appointed by such Vestry, for & making a Composition for all Tithes arising, growing, yielded at payable within such Parish; and such Incumbent or other Personant or Persons as aforesaid shall give and transmit notice in Writing to the Churchwardens of such Parish, and to the Bishop of it Diocese, and to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant & other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, of the Name 201 Place of Abode of such Commissioner so appointed, within Sere: Days next after such Apppointment shall be made; and in a Cases where any Person or Body Politic or Corporate or Colle giate, or Corporation, other than the Ecclesiastical Incumbent such Parish or other Person or Persons appointing such Comms sioner, shall be entitled to the Receipt of any rectorial, vicani or other Tithes, arising, growing, yielded or payable within such Parish, such Incumbent or other Person or Persons as aforesaid shall also give Notice in Writing, within the like Space of Seren Days, of the Name and Place of Abode of such Commissioner, to any and every Person, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, entitled to such rectorial or vicarial or other Tithe:

ithes; and it shall be lawful for any and every such Person, or ody Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, so entled to such rectorial or vicarial or other Tithes, to submit to e Bishop of the Diocese any Objection to the Person so appinted by such Incumbent or Impropriator, or other Person as oresaid, to be such Commissioner; and it shall be lawful for ich Bishop at any Time, not less than Two Weeks and not more ian Six Weeks after the Notice of such Appointment, to signify such Incumbent, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, the pprobation or Disapprobation of such Bishop of the Person so apointed to be such Commissioner: Provided, that in case no Dispprobation of such Commissioner by such Bishop shall be made nd signified by such Bishop, by Writing under his Hand, on ome Day within Six Weeks after the Notice of the Appointment f such Commissioner, such Appointment shall be deemed and aken to be approved by such Bishop, and such Commissioner hall thereupon be authorized and empowered to proceed in the execution of this Act: And provided, that in case no Person Where Impro-ther than the Impropriator or Person or Persons appointing such priator, &c. is commissioner shall be entitled to or interested in any Portion of solely entitled uch Tithes, it shall not be lawful for such Bishop to signify any Disapprobation of such Commissioner; and if such Bishop, within not dissent ix Weeks after the Notice of the Appointment of such Commis- from Appointioner, shall by any Writing under his Hand signify his Disappro- ment of Comation of such Commissioner (except in the Case aforesaid), the missioner. ncumbent, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, by whom such commissioner shall have been named and appointed, shall, within even Days next after the Receipt of such Disapprobation, nomiate and appoint another Person to be Commissioner, in like I anner as is herebefore directed, and shall give like Notices of ach Appointment to such Bishop and Chief Secretary, and to ny and every Person or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, r Corporation, who may be interested in any rectorial or vicarial r other Tithes, as are hereinbefore required in case of the First appointment of such Commissioner; and it shall be lawful for ach Bishop to signify his Approbation or Disapprobation of such econdly named Commissioner, in like Manner and under the ke Regulations as are herebefore contained respecting such rst named Commissioner; and if it shall happen that such Bishop hall signify his Disapprobation of such Second Person, so named be such Commissioner by such Incumbent or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, then and in such Case, upon Notice given nd Application made by such Incumbent or other Person as aforeaid, to the Archbishop of the Province in which the Diocese of uch Bishop shall be situate, of such Disapprobation of such Sishop, of the Two Persons so successively named by such In-:umbent or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, to be such Comnissioner, it shall be lawful for such Archbishop to nominate and ppoint a fit and proper Person to be a Commissioner to act in the Execution of the Purposes of this Act, on Behalf of such Incument, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, and of any and every other Person, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, entitled to any rectorial or vicarial or other Tithes arising and payable within such Parish; and it shall and may be lawful

qualified and SWOTE.

C. 99.

Commissioners empowered to agree in fixing Amount of Sum to be paid as a Composition for Tithes.

How such Amount calculated.

In what case Commissioners may add there-

Proviso for Case where Tithes not paid, nor agreed for, nor adjudged to be paid.

Commissioners may meet for the Purposes aforesaid.

this Act required to be taken respectively, and shall have the like Powers and Authorities in all respects as the Commissioner in whose Room he shall be appointed. XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the

said Two Commissioners so respectively appointed on Behalf of

the said several Parties, and such Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to agree upon and to ascertain and fix the Amount of the yearly Sum of Money to be paid to the Incumbent, or any other Person or Persons, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, entitled to any Tubes, rectorial or vicarial, prædial, personal or mixed, in the Pansh where such Commissioners shall be so appointed, as a Composition for and in Satisfaction of all such Tithes; and that such Amount shall be calculated upon an Average of all the Sums paid, or agreed for, or adjudged to be paid, in such Parish on Account of Tithes during the Seven successive Years preceding the link Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty one: and if it shall appear to the said Commissioners that the Sums which have been paid or agreed for during such Seven Years have not been an adequate Compensation for the Tithes of the several Articles on Account of which such Sums have been paid or agreed for, it shall be lawful for the said Commissionen in such Case to add to the Amount of such Average any Sun, P.Y. in any Case exceeding in the Whole One fifth Part of the Amor: of such Average: Provided always, that if it shall happen that my Land subject to Tithes in any such Parish shall during such Peroxi of Years have been held and possessed by any Person entitled to the Tithes, or to the Receipt of the Tithes of such Lend. or in any Manner so that the Tithes of such Land shall not have been actually paid, nor agreed for, nor adjudged to be pudduring such Period, then and in every such Case the annual Value of the Tithes of such Land shall be estimated by the said Commissioners according to the best Information which they can obtain; and in any other Case where it shall happen that the Tubes of say Land shall not have been paid, nor agreed for, nor adjudged during such Period, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to fix and ascertain the Value of the Tithes of such Land in each Year of the said Period, according to the Payments made for Tithes of the like Kind in the same or any adjoining Parish: And for all the said Purposes, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to meet together from time to time, and to the quire from the Incumbent and Impropriator, and every other Person or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation entitled or claiming to be entitled to or interested in the Receive of any such Tithes, a full and particular Statement in Writing under the Hand of such Incumbent, Impropriator and other Person, or of any Steward or Agent of any Body Politic ? Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation Aggregate or Sole, any Person or Persons whomsoever, of his or their Claim or Claim. respectively, and to what Particulars such Claims apply, and co of or upon what Land within such Parish, and by what Perso" such Tithes are claimed, or have been agreed for, or adjude to be issuing, yielded, chargeable, payable or paid, and the ture, Amount and Value of all Tithes claimed, or payable at

Estates] for Life, and am also possessed of Leasehold Estate or Estates for a Term of Years, whereof not less than

Years are unexpired, which are together of the annual Value of Pounds]; and that such Estate [or, Estates] is [or, are] ituate in [stating in all Cases in what Part of the United Kinglom any or every such Estate is or are situate, and specifying he Name of the Estate or Estates or other Descriptions of the Property]; and that such Estate [or, Estates] is [or, are] bond ide my Property, [or, in case of Freehold Estate, the Property of to whom I am Heir Apparent; ] [or, that I

im possessed of a clear Personal Estate and Property of wer and above all my just Debts and Incumbrances].

' So help me GOD.'

hich several Oaths any Justice of the Peace of any County in ich the Parish shall be situate in which such Commissioner shall appointed to act, is hereby empowered to administer; and every ch Oath when so taken and subscribed shall be lodged by such mmissioner in the Registry of the Bishop of the Diocese in ich such Parish shall be situate; and if any Person shall pre- Acting without ne to act as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, thout having taken and subscribed the Oath or Oaths required this Act, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit d pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person or Peris who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of bt or on the Case in any of His Majesty Courts of Record at ıblin.

taking Oaths, Penalty 100i.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Commissioner Appointment of pointed in pursuance of this Act shall die, or shall neglect or in case of use to act, or shall become incapable of acting in the Exe- Death, &c. tion of this Act, then and in every such Case a new Comsioner shall be appointed for the Execution of this Act, by the mers or Occupiers of Land, or by the Incumbent, or any other rson or Persons entitled to Tithes as aforesaid, or his or their ccessors or Heirs respectively, by whom or on whose Behalf Commissioner so dying or neglecting or refusing to act, was ginally appointed; and the Appointment of such new Commis- by the Parish, her on Behalf of the Owners or Occupiers of Land, shall be at Special Vestry of Seven de at a Special Vestry, to consist of Seven Persons at the least, Persons, on ilified for electing a Commissioner, pursuant to the Regulations Notice. this Act, to be holden in pursuance of a Notice to be given hereinbefore directed in the Case of holding a Special Vestry, east Fourteen Days before the Day appointed for the Nomin-on of such Commissioner; and the Appointment, as well of h new Commissioner on Behalf of the Owners and Occupiers Land as of such new Commissioner on Behalf of the Incumbent other Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall be subject to the like les and Regulations, and the Appointment of such new Comsioner on Behalf of the Incumbent or other Person or Persons aforesaid, shall be subject and liable to the same Approbation Disapprobation of the Bishop of the Diocese, and finally to the erference and Nomination of the Archbishop of the Province, are hereinbefore required with respect to the Appointment of Commissioner originally appointed; and every such new Com- New Commissioner shall be qualified and shall take the Oath and Oaths by sioner to be 4 GEO. IV.

C. 99.

Commissioners not agreeing or appointing an Umpire shall certify to Lord Lieutenant; who in Council may refer the e to Reconsideration of Commiszioners, and if they do not agree or ap-

point an Um-

Lieutenant to

appoint Um-

pire, Lord

pire.

such further Inquiries, and to proceed in such Manner in all respects as such Commissioners might have proceeded under this Act in obtaining the Information requisite for the ascertaining and fixing of such Composition; and such Umpire shall for that Purpose have and exercise all such Powers and Authorities as are by this Act given to such Two Commissioners, and as such Tro Commissioners, or either of them, might have used and exercise for the Purposes of this Act.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in any Case where A shall happen that any Commissioners acting in the Execution of this Act shall not agree in settling and ascertaining the Amount of such Composition, within Four Calendar Months next after their First Meeting, and on Failure of so agreeing, in case such Commissioners do not appoint such Umpire within such Space of Four

Calendar Months, such Commissioners shall transmit to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, 2 Certificate under their Hands, stating the Grounds and Causes of the Difference between them, and shall from time to time gire any Information or Explanation of their Proceedings under this

Act which shall be required by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, as signified by his or their Chief Secretary; and thereupon it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland. by and with the Advice and Consent of His Majesty's Privy Cou-

cil in Ireland, to refer the Case for the Reconsideration of such Commissioners; and in case such Commissioners shall not, within One Calendar Month next after such Reference, agree other in settling and ascertaining the Amount of such Composition, or m naming an Umpire for that Purpose, it shall then be lawful for the

Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governor of Intland, to nominate a Person to be such Umpire, and such Umpire shall have all such and the same Powers and Authorities as it he

had been originally appointed by such Commissioners in puresuct of this Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable

of acting as an Umpire in the Execution of this Act, whether appointed by Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor of In-

land, until he shall have taken and subscribed an Oath in the following Form; (that is to say,) A. B. do swear, That I will faithfully, honestly and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Ability, execute

and perform the Powers and Authorities reposed in me as [12]. pire by virtue of an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reic

of King George the Fourth, intituled [here insert the Title according to the this Act], in the Parish of

Directions of the said Act, and according to Equity and good Conscience, and without Partiality, Favour or Affection, Pre-

judice or Malice, to any Person or Persons whomsoever; and that I am not Owner or Proprietor of any Tithes, nor Owner

nor Occupier of any Lands subject to the Payment of any Tithes, or Composition for Tithes, in the said Parish of

Agent or Steward of any Person so interested.

· So help me GOD.

Oath of Um-

pire.

Which

hich Oath it shall be lawful for either of the Commissioners by hom such Umpire shall be appointed, or for any Justice of the eace for the County in which the Parish shall be situate, relating which such Umpire shall be appointed, to administer, and they any one of them are and is hereby authorized to administer the me; and such Oath, when so taken and subscribed by such Umre, shall be annexed to the Certificate or Return of the Amount such Composition to be made by such Umpire pursuant to is Act, in Manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Commissioners mmissioners or Umpire acting under this Act, in case they or may cause a shall think fit so to do, to cause a Survey and Admeasurement Survey and be made of all the Lands and Grounds in any such Parish, and

Valuation to be made of Lands Estimate of the annual Value of all such Lands and Grounds as and Tithes in all not be Tithe free, and of the Amount of Composition for the Parish, thes to be made payable in and for such Parish; and when and such Survey, Admeasurement and Estimate or Valuation shall made and completed, such Survey and Admeasurement and stimate or Valuation, or a Duplicate thereof, shall be deposited such Commissioners or Umpire with some Person at some connient Place in such Parish, for the Inspection of all Persons inrested in such Lands or Tithes; and such Commissioners or and give Nompire, within Seven Days next after such Survey and Ad- tice of its being easurement and Estimate or Valuation shall be deposited, shall deposited, and ve and deliver a Notice in Writing to the Churchwardens of jections thereto ch Parish, and to the Incumbent or Impropriator, and other and amend the erson or Persons entitled to any Tithes in such Parish, or to same. e Composition or any Part of the Composition for such Tithes, to the Agent of any such Person or Persons, that such Survey d Admeasurement and Estimate or Valuation have been desited, and the Name of the Person with whom the same shall we been deposited, and where the same may be inspected; and all also in such Notice appoint some convenient Place within ch Parish, and a Time (not earlier than Twenty one Days from ch Notice) when and where such Commissioners or Umpire will tend to hear Objections from the Incumbent or Impropriator, other Person or Persons entitled to such Tithes, or to the Comsition for the same, or any Part thereof, or from the Owners or ccupiers of Lands within such Parish, who may be dissatisfied th such Survey or Estimate or Valuation, or either of them, d such Commissioners or Umpire shall attend at the Place d Time to be appointed; and it shall be lawful for such Comissioners or Umpire to hear and determine any Objections hich may be then and there made to such Survey or Estimate Valuation, or to adjourn the further Hearing of such Objecns, if such Commissioners or Umpire shall think proper, to a ture Time; and it shall be lawful for such Commissioners or mpire to examine any Person or Persons on Oath (or in the ase of a Quaker or Quakers on solemn Affirmation), touching y such Objections (which Oath or Affirmation any such Comassioner or Umpire is hereby authorized and empowered to adinister); and when such Commissioners or Umpire shall have Commissioners ard and determined all such Objections, if any, as may be so or Umpire may

3 Q 3

made, alter Survey.

made, it shall be lawful for such Commissioners or Umpire to cause such Survey or Estimate or Valuation to be altered; and if any Alteration or Alterations shall be made therein, such altered Survey or Estimate and Valuation shall be left and deposited at the same Place as the first Survey or Estimate or Valuation was deposited at, for the Inspection of all Persons interested in the Lands or Tithes in such Parish; and Notice in Writing shall forthwith be given by such Commissioners or Umpire to the Churchwardens of such Parish, and to the Incumbent and other Person or Persons entitled to such Tithes or Compositor for Tithes, or any Part thereof, of the depositing of such altered or amended Survey or Estimate or Valuation.

Old Surveys may be used if the Commissioners, &c. think proper. or amended Survey or Estimate or Valuation.

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Plan.

Survey, Estimate or Valuation made of all or any Part of the
Lands or Tithes in any such Parish, shall be produced and lad
before such Commissioners or Umpire, of the Authenticity and
Accuracy of which they or he shall be satisfied, it shall and say
be lawful to and for them or him to make use of such Plan, Survey, Estimate or Valuation, to assist in the Survey and Estimate or Valuation directed by this Act to be made, without
causing any new Survey or Estimate to be made of such Lands or
Tithes.

Power to Commissioners or Umpire to enter Lands. Tithes.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Commissioners or Umpire for carrying this Act are Execution, and for the Surveyor to be employed as aforesaid, and for any Person or Persons employed as Clerk, Assistant or Sevant to such Commissioners or Umpire, or Surveyor respectively, and he and they is and are hereby empowered and authorized for the Purposes of this Act, to enter into and upon all and energy any of the Lands and Grounds in any such Parish, without being subject to any Action or Molestation for so doing.

XXIV Provided always and he it expected. That where the

In what Case no particular Survey to be made of any Parish. subject to any Action or Molestation for so doing.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever and as soon as any General Survey of Ireland shall be made and completed under the Authority of any Act or Acts to be made for the Purpose, or whenever and as soon as any Survey of say Parsh in Ireland shall be made and completed as Part of such General Survey, such General Survey or such Survey of such Parsh shall be applied to the Purposes of this Act, in any Parish which shall be contained in or shall form Part of such General Survey.

Two Commissioners, or Umpire, to make and sign Certificate of Amount of Composition, subjoining the then Price of Wheat or Oats, and transmit Certificate to Bishop, &c. to be recorded in Registry of Diocese, and send Copies to

contained in or shall form Part of such General Survey.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That when any Two Commissioners appointed under this Act, or any Umpire named by such Commissioners, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Gorenor or Governors of Ireland, in pursuance of this Act, shall have finally agreed upon, or shall have ascertained and fixed the Amount of Composition to be paid for Tithes in any Parish under the Provisions of this Act, such Commissioners, or Umpire, as the Case may be, shall make and sign a Certificate, according to the Form in Schedule (B.) to this Act annexed, or in such other Form as the Nature of the Case may require, stating the Amount of the true and just Composition which shall thenceforth be paid in Satisfaction of all Tithes in such Parish, and in what Proportions such Composition shall be paid or divided to or amongst the Party or Parties entitled to such Tithes, or any particular Share or

Which Oath it shall be lawful for either of the Commissioners by whom such Umpire shall be appointed, or for any Justice of the Peace for the County in which the Parish shall be situate, relating to which such Umpire shall be appointed, to administer, and they or any one of them are and is hereby authorized to administer the same; and such Oath, when so taken and subscribed by such Umpire, shall be annexed to the Certificate or Return of the Amount of such Composition to be made by such Umpire pursuant to this Act, in Manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Commissioners Commissioners or Umpire acting under this Act, in case they or may cause a he shall think fit so to do, to cause a Survey and Admeasurement to be made of all the Lands and Grounds in any such Parish, and an Estimate of the annual Value of all such Lands and Grounds as and Tithes in shall not be Tithe free, and of the Amount of Composition for the Parish, Tithes to be made payable in and for such Parish; and when and as such Survey, Admeasurement and Estimate or Valuation shall be made and completed, such Survey and Admeasurement and Estimate or Valuation, or a Duplicate thereof, shall be deposited by such Commissioners or Umpire with some Person at some convenient Place in such Parish, for the Inspection of all Persons interested in such Lands or Tithes; and such Commissioners or and give No-Umpire, within Seven Days next after such Survey and Ad- tice of its being measurement and Estimate or Valuation shall be deposited, shall deposited, and give and deliver a Notice in Writing to the Churchwardens of jections thereto such Parish, and to the Incumbent or Impropriator, and other and amend the Person or Persons entitled to any Tithes in such Parish, or to same. the Composition or any Part of the Composition for such Tithes, or to the Agent of any such Person or Persons, that such Survey and Admeasurement and Estimate or Valuation have been deposited, and the Name of the Person with whom the same shall have been deposited, and where the same may be inspected; and shall also in such Notice appoint some convenient Place within such Parish, and a Time (not earlier than Twenty one Days from such Notice) when and where such Commissioners or Umpire will attend to hear Objections from the Incumbent or Impropriator, or other Person or Persons entitled to such Tithes, or to the Composition for the same, or any Part thereof, or from the Owners or Occupiers of Lands within such Parish, who may be dissatisfied with such Survey or Estimate or Valuation, or either of them, and such Commissioners or Umpire shall attend at the Place and Time to be appointed; and it shall be lawful for such Commissioners or Umpire to hear and determine any Objections which may be then and there made to such Survey or Estimate or Valuation, or to adjourn the further Hearing of such Objections, if such Commissioners or Umpire shall think proper, to a future Time; and it shall be lawful for such Commissioners or Umpire to examine any Person or Persons on Oath (or in the Case of a Quaker or Quakers on solemn Affirmation), touching any such Objections (which Oath or Affirmation any such Commissioner or Umpire is hereby authorized and empowered to administer); and when such Commissioners or Umpire shall have Commissioners heard and determined all such Objections, if any, as may be so or Umpire may 3 Q 3

Survey and Valuation to be

made, alter Survey.

Persons entitled to vote therein shall be present, and such Assent and Acceptance shall be certified by the Chairman of such Vestry to the Commissioners or Umpire who may be appointed under this Act; then and in such Case upon the Production of such Certificate to such Commissioners or Umpire, by or on Behalf of the Incumbent or other Person or Persons by whom such Agreement was made or entered into, such Agreement shall be binding and conclusive upon such Commissioners or Umpire; and the Sen or Sums so agreed upon shall be inserted by such Commissioners or Umpire in the Certificate of the Amount of such Composition to be made by such Commissioners or Umpire as aforesaid, as if the same had been ascertained by such Commissioners or Umpire in Manner required by this Act: Provided nevertheless, that if it shall appear to such Commissioners or Umpire that the Amount of the Composition specified in such Agreement (if made payable to any Incumbent or other Person having an Estate less than Fee Simple in such Tithes, or any Portion thereof,) shall be below the average Amount of the Sums actually paid during such Seven Years as aforesaid, in respect of the Tithes for which such Composition shall be so agreed to be received, such Commissioners or Umpire shall state and certify their Opinion to that Effect; and in such Case such Commissioners or Umpire shall insert in their Certificate of the Amount of such Composition a Sum equal to such average Amount of the Sums paid during such Seven Years, and such Sum shall be stated as and for the Amount of the Compo-

Vestry or Incumbent may Appeal to Lord Lieutenant in Council against the Certificate. sition ascertained and certified by such Commissioners or Umpire. XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That within Three Days after the Copy of such Certificate of any Commissioners of the Amount of any such Composition shall have been received by the Churchwardens of any Parish, such Churchwardens shall cause Public Notice to be given, in the usual Manner of giving Notices for holding Vestries in such Parish, that a Special Vestry of Persons qualified according to this Act will be holden on some Day to be named in such Notice, being not less than Seven Days nor more than Fourteen Days distant from the publishing of such Notice, for the Purpose of taking into Consideration such Certificate of such Commissioners; and such Vestry so assembled may proceed to take such Certificate into Consideration, and may adjourn from time to time to any Day not more than Ten Days distant from the First Day of Meeting; and if at such First Day of Meeting, or at any adjourned Meeting of such Vestry, which shall be held on any Day not more than Ten Days distant from such First Day of Meeting, it shall be determined that an Appeal shall be made against such Certificate on account of any thing therea contained or omitted therefrom, to the Prejudice of such Parish it shall be lawful for such Vestry to direct that such Appeal shall be made to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, in Council, in the Name of such Vestry. on Behalf of the said Parish; and the Grounds of such Appeal shall be stated in Writing, and shall be signed by the Chairman of such Vestry, and shall be transmitted by him, within Two Days after such Meeting, to the Clerk of the Privy Council; and in like Manner it shall be lawful for any Incumbent or Impropriator, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or any Person or Per-

Proportion of such Tithes; and such Commissioners or Umpire Incumbent and shall subjoin to such Certificate a Statement of the Average Price Tithe Owners. of Wheat or Oats (whichever of the Two they shall consider as the Corn principally grown in such County) for the Period of Seven Years next preceding the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, calculated upon the Returns advertised in the Dublin Gazette during such Seven Years; and such Commissioners or Umpire shall transmit such Certificate to the Bishop of the Diocese in which such Parish shall be situate, and shall also transmit a Duplicate of such Certificate, made and signed in like Manner, to the Registrar of such Bishop, to be entered and recorded in the Registry of such Diocese, and such Certificate shall be entered and recorded accordingly; and such Commissioners or Umpire shall also transmit or deliver One Copy of such Certificate to the Churchwardens of such Parish, and One other Copy to the Incumbent of such Parish, and One Copy thereof to any and every Person, or Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, entitled to any Part or Proportion of such Composition for Tithes; and every such Copy shall be signed with the Names or Name, in the proper Handwriting of such Commissioners or Umpire by whom such Certificate shall be made.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in any Case In what Case where it shall happen that any Commissioners or Umpire acting in Commissioners the Execution of this Act shall, in the ascertaining and fixing the Amount of any Composition to be paid for Tithes in any Parish, have increased the Amount of such Composition beyond the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tificate of Composition belong the tif average Amount of such Tithes during Seven Years preceding the position. First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, by adding any Sum or Sums of Money to such average Amount, the said Commissioners or Umpire shall subjoin to the Certificate of the Amount of such Composition a Statement of the average Amount of such Tithes for such Seven Years, and also the Amount of the Sum or Sums added to such average Amount, and by which such Composition shall be so increased beyond such average Amount, together with the Grounds and Reasons upon which Sum or Sums was or were so added to such average Amount as aforesaid.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the In- Where Incumbent of any Parish entitled to any Tithes or Portion of Tithes bent, Improin such Parish, and the Impropriator of any Tithes or Portion of priator, &c. Tithes in any Parish, or other Person or Persons, or Body Politic receive a fixed or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation Aggregate or Sole, Sum, as a Comentitled to any Tithes or any Portion of Tithes in any Parish, position for shall agree to receive any fixed annual Sum or Sums as the Amount of the Composition to be paid for all Tithes in any Parish payable to him or them, and shall signify such Agreement assented to by in Writing, stating the Amount of the Sum or of the several the Vestry, Sums so agreed to, and shall have obtained the Assent of the such Agree Bishop of the Diocese and of the Patron of the Benefice to such Agreement, to be signified in Writing, and signed by such Bishop and Patron respectively; and if such Agreement shall be asshall be insert. sented to, and accepted at some Vestry, or adjourned Vestry, to ed in Certificate be holden in pursuance of this Act, at which not less than Seven of Composi-Persons tion. 3 Q 4

Where Incum-

C. 99.

When such Composition shall commence, and how long continue.

Composition shall suspend the Right of taking Tithes or Payment for Tithes, as herein mentioned.

Composition liable to same Charges as Tithes. Rent of Tithes to be paid in lieu of Composition.

Proviso for Tithes due before Composition made.

against the same in Manner hereinbefore mentioned; and in case of such Appeal, then from and after the Determination of such Appeal; and such Certificate shall not be otherwise disputed or called in question, or invalidated in any Manner whaterer, on account of or under pretext of any Informality or Irregularity with respect to any Proceedings had under this Act at any Time previous to the making of such Certificate; and the Composition specified in such Certificate shall take effect from the First Day of November next ensuing the Date of such Certificate, and shill continue to be levied for the Term of Twenty one Years from such First Day of November, subject only to such Variation as may be made in the Amount thereof according to the Price of Wheat or Oats in any Period of Three Years, according to the Provsions hereinafter contained; and from and after the Registry of such Certificate, or after the Determination of such Appeal, as the Case may be, the Composition mentioned in such Certificate, or to be ascertained upon such Appeal as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be, and to amount in Law and in Fact to a Suspension of the Right of claiming or taking the Tithes for which such Composition shall be made, or of any Payment in respect of such Tithes, other than the Amount of such Composition, for and during such Term of Twenty one Years; and all and every the Owners and Occupiers of any Land in such Parish shall, during the said Term of Twenty one Years, hold such Land free and discharged of and from all Tithes, and of and from all Payments in respect of Tithes, other than the Amount of such Composition; and no such Tithes, nor any Payment in lieu or Satisfaction of such Titles. other than such Composition, shall at any Time during such Tem of Twenty one Years be claimed or taken by any Incumbent, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, either as Owner or Lessee of such Tithes, or any Portion of Tithes, within such Paris, an Law, Statute, Custom or Usage, or any Lease, Covenant or Agreement to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; and such Composition shall be subject and liable to all such Charges as the Tithes in respect of which such Composition shall have been made were by Law subject and liable to: Provided always, that when any Owner or Occupier of any Land out of which any such Tahes shall have been issuing shall be liable, by or under any Corentation to the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money to the Party en titled to such Tithes, as and for the Rent of such Tithes, such Owner or Occupier shall, during the Continuance of such Core nant, pay such Rent or Sum to the Person or Persons entitled to the same, and such Rent shall be received by such Person or Persons in lieu of such Portion of such Composition as shall be assessed and applotted upon such Occupier in respect of such Land.

XXXII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That no Proceedings under this Act for effecting any Composition of Tithes shall take away or affect any Right or Claim to Tithes which shall have accrued due before the Time at which the Composition specified in any such Certificate is hereby directed to take effect, but all such Tithes, and any Compositions or Sum of Sums of Money payable in lieu thereof, shall and may be recovered

sons entitled to any Tithes or Portion of Tithes in any Parish, or the Patron of the Benefice, (or where the King shall be Patron, the Attorney General in Ireland,) who shall think themselves aggrieved by any thing contained in or omitted from such Certificate, to Appeal to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, in Council, at any Time within One Calendar Month next after the Time when the Duplicate of such Certificate shall have been deposited with the Registrar of the Diocese as aforesaid; and such Appeal, together with the Grounds and Reasons thereof in Writing, shall be lodged with the Clerk of the Privy Council within such Calendar Month; and in all Cases of Appeal, whether on Behalf of the Parish or of the Incumbent, or other Party entitled to Tithes, Notice of such Appeal shall be inserted, by or on Behalf of the Party Appellant in the Dublin Gazette, once in Two successive Weeks after such Appeal shall have been lodged with the Clerk of the Council as aforesaid.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Lord Lieutenthe Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors, by ant and Council and with the Advice and Consent of His Majesty's Privy Council may hear Apin Ireland, to hear and determine such Appeal, and to make such dify Composi-Order for the confirming, or for the decreasing or increasing or modifying the Amount of the Composition stated in such Certificate, as to such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors and Council shall seem consonant to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and such Certificate, and the Amount of the Composition as ascertained thereby, and the Entry of such Certificate in the Registry of the Diocese, shall be altered and amended in such Manner as shall be directed by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors and Privy Council.

XXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any Lord Lieutensuch Appeal shall be brought before the Lord Lieutenant, or ant and Counother Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, in Council, it cil may refer shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor next going or Governors, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Judge of As-Council, to refer the Matter of such Appeal to the next going size. Judge of Assize in the County in which the Parish shall be situate, to which such Appeal shall relate; and it shall be lawful for such Judge at the next ensuing Assizes to be holden for such County, to hear and determine the Merits of such Appeal, and to make such Order for the confirming or annulling, or abating or modifying the Amount of such Composition, as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, in Council, might have done under this Act; and such Certificate, and the Amount of the Composition ascertained thereby, and the Entry thereof in the Registry of the Diocese, shall be altered and amended accordingly.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Certificate of such Certificate con-Commissioners or Umpire as aforesaid shall be conclusive Evidence of the Amount of such Composition, and that such Composition was duly fixed and ascertained pursuant to the Director invalidated not invalidated tions of this Act; and such Certificate, and the Amount of the by Informality Composition thereby fixed and ascertained, shall be valid and in Proceedings. effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, from and after the Registry of such Certificate, unless in case of such Appeal

agisted, nor of depending Claim of Exemption from Tithe.

C. 99.

Where Lands assessed to Composition afterwards declared exempted, Occupier charged shall be repaid, &c.

Copies of Assessment to be delivered by Commissioners to Incumbent and other Persons entitled to Composition, to be levied by Half yearly Payments.

of barren Cattle any Sum assessed or applotted under this Act, solely upon the Ground that dry or barren Cattle have been fed or agisted on such Land, or any Part thereof; and that any Claim of Exemption, or the Pendency of any Action or Suit in Law or Equity, respecting any alleged Exemption of any Lands from the Payment of Tithe, shall not prevent or delay the Applotment or Assessment of any Part or Portion of such Composition upon such Lands, nor the Payment of such Part or Portion when ascertained and fixed according to the Regulations of this Act; and in case it shall happen that after any such Applotment and Assessment of any such Composition shall have been made in any Parish, any Land in such Parish made subject to the Payment of any Part of such Composition shall, by virtue of any Decision in Law or Equity, be declared to be exempted from the Payment of Tithes, it shall be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace assembled in Petty Session, to assess and applot the Sun formerly assessed on such Lands so exempted, in proportion upon the Occupiers of all other Lands within such Parish, not being Tithe free, according to the Nature and Quality of the several Lands holden by such Occupiers respectively; and also to assess and applot upon the Occupiers of such other Lands any such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be sufficient to repay to the Occupier of the Lands so exempted all such Sums as that have been paid in respect of any former Composition made by virtue of this Act, at any Time after the Claim shall have been made on which such Exemption shall have been decided; and such last mentioned Sum and Sums of Money shall be collected by the Person or Persons appointed to collect such Composition, and shall by such Person or Persons be paid over to the Occupie of such Land so exempted, in such Manner and under such legils tions as shall be made by such Justices for that Purpose.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That Copies of every his sessment and Applotment made by any Commissioner or Commission under this Act shall be made and attested by the Commissioners or Umpire, by whom such Assessment or Applotmest shall be made, and shall be by them or him delivered to the Ecclesical Incumbent of such Parish, and to all and every Person and Parsons, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiste, or Corporation, entitled to any Portion of such Composition, or to his or their Agent, or to any Person or Persons appointed to collect such Composition, or any Portion thereof respectively, by or on Behalf of such Incumbent or other Person or Persons, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation; and it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons appointed for that Purpose by such Incombent, or other Person or Persons, or Body Politic or Corporate of Collegiate, or Corporation, and such Person or Persons so appointed are hereby authorized to collect and levy such Compositions, or such Part thereof, as such Incumbent or other Person of Persons, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiste, or Corporation, shall be entitled to, by Two equal Half yearly Payments in each Year, the one whereof shall be and become due on the First Day of May, and the other on the First Day of November, in each and every Year, during the Continuance of such Composition.

XXXVII. Pro-

and recoverable in like Manner, and by the same Forms of Proceeding, as if this Act had not passed.

XXXIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing herein Proviso for contained shall extend or be construed to extend to or in anywise 3 G.4. c.125. to affect or alter the Powers or Provisions of an Act passed in for leasing the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled Tithes. An Act to enable Ecclesiastical Persons and others, in Ireland, to

grant Leases of Tithes so as to bind their Successors.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That before the Expir- Amount of ation of Four Calendar Months after the First Day of November Composition next after the making and signing of such Certificate, the Com- shall be assessed missioners or Umpire by whom such Certificate shall be so made and applotted by Commisand signed shall, and they or he are and is hereby required to sioners on all assess and applot the full Amount of such Composition upon all Land not Tithe Land within such Parish, not being Tithe free, equally in propor- free, payable by tion, and according to the true annual Value of the several Lands; the Occupiers. and the Sums so assessed and applotted shall be paid from time to time by the Occupiers of such Land for the Time being, or by the Owners of such Land occupying the same; and such Assessment and Applotment shall state the whole Number of Acres of Land in such Parish to be charged with the Payment of such Composition, the several Sorts and Qualities of such Land in such Parish, and the several Districts or Parts of the Parish in which such Land shall be situate respectively, and the Rate or Sum to be charged by the Acre, or less Quantity, on each of the several Sorts and Qualities of Land, so that the whole Amount of such Composition may be raised as equally as possible on all the Lands in the Parish not being Tithe free; and such Assessment and Applotment shall also state and set forth the Proportion in which the Rates or Sums imposed on any Land in respect of such Composition shall be payable by the Occupier of such Land, or by the Owner occupying such Land from time to time for the Time being, to and among the several Persons entitled to such Composition, or any Part thereof, according to the Certificate hereinbefore mentioned; and every such Assessment or Applotment shall be signed by the Commissioners or Umpire by whom the same shall be made; and every such Assessment and Applotment so made Such Assessshall be entered in a Book to be delivered by such Commis- ment to be sioners or Umpire to, and to be carefully kept in the Custody of entered in a the resident Ecclesiastical Incumbent or Minister of such Parish; or if there shall not be any such resident Ecclesiastical Incumbent or Minister, then in the Custody of the Churchwardens of such Parish or in such at the Plant and the Churchwardens of such Parish or in such at the Plant and the Churchwardens of such Parish or in such at the Plant and the Churchwardens of such at the Churchw Parish, or in such other Place and in the Custody of such Person as shall be ordered and directed by such Commissioners or Umpire as aforesaid; and such Book shall be open for the Inspection of every Occupier of Land in the said Parish, at all reasonable Times, without Fee or Reward; and it shall be lawful for any such Owner or Occupier, at his own Expence, to take any Extract or Copy of such Assessment or Applotment, or any Part thereof.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Land, nor No Land exthe Occupier of any Land, nor any Owner of Land occupying empted from the same, shall be exempted from any Assessment or Applotment Assessment to be made under this Act, nor from the Payment of any Part of solely in respect

agisted, nor of depending Claim of Exemption from Tithe.

Where Lands assessed to Composition afterwards declared exempted, Occupier charged shall be repaid, &c.

Copies of Assessment to be delivered by Commissioners to Incumbent and other Persons entitled to Composition, to be levied by Half yearly Payments.

of barren Cattle any Sum assessed or applotted under this Act, solely upon the Ground that dry or barren Cattle have been fed or agisted on such Land, or any Part thereof; and that any Claim of Exemption, or the Pendency of any Action or Suit in Law or Equity, respecting any alleged Exemption of any Lands from the Payment of Tithe, shall not prevent or delay the Applotment or Assessment of any Part or Portion of such Composition upon such Lands, nor the Payment of such Part or Portion when ascertained and fixed according to the Regulations of this Act; and in case it shall happen that after any such Applotment and Assessment of any such Composition shall have been made in any Parish, any Land in such Parish made subject to the Payment of any Part of such Composition shall, by virtue of any Decision in Law or Equity, be declared to be exempted from the Payment of Tithes, it shall be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace assembled in Petty Session, to assess and applot the Sun formerly assessed on such Lands so exempted, in proportion upon the Occupiers of all other Lands within such Parish, at being Tithe free, according to the Nature and Quality of the several Lands holden by such Occupiers respectively; and also to assess and applot upon the Occupiers of such other Lands any such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be sufficient to repay to the Occupier of the Lands so exempted all such Sums as shall have been paid in respect of any former Composition made by virtue of this Act, at any Time after the Claim shall have been made on which such Exemption shall have been decided; and such last mentioned Sum and Sums of Money shall be collected by the Person or Persons appointed to collect such Composition, and shall by such Person or Persons be paid over to the Occupier of such Land so exempted, in such Manner and under such Regultions as shall be made by such Justices for that Purpose.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That Copies of every Assessment and Applotment made by any Commissioners or Umpire under this Act shall be made and attested by the Commissioner or Umpire, by whom such Assessment or Applotment shall be made, and shall be by them or him delivered to the Ecclesiasucai Incumbent of such Parish, and to all and every Person and Pasons, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation entitled to any Portion of such Composition, or to his or ther Agent, or to any Person or Persons appointed to collect such Composition, or any Portion thereof respectively, by or on Behalf of such Incumbent or other Person or Persons, or Body Politic of Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation; and it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons appointed for that Purpose by such Incurbent, or other Person or Persons, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, and such Person or Persons so 49 pointed are hereby authorized to collect and levy such Compostions, or such Part thereof, as such Incumbent or other Person or Persons, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, shall be entitled to, by Two equal Half yearly Payments in each Year, the one whereof shall be and become due on the First Day of May, and the other on the First Day of November. in each and every Year, during the Continuance of such Composition.

XXXVIL Pro-

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That upon the Apportionment Death, Cession, Resignation or Removal of the Incumbent of any Parish, or of any other Person or Persons entitled to any such Composition for Tithes, or any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, at any Time in the Half Year between the First Day of November tween 1st Nov. and the First Day of May, or in the Half Year between the and 1st May, First Day of May and the First Day of November respectively, every such Incumbent, or his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, and every such other Person or Persons, shall be entitled to and shall receive so much and such Part of the Composition payable to such Incumbent, or other Person or Persons, as shall be in proportion to the Number of Days elapsed between the First Day of November or the First Day of May next preceding the Death, Cession, Resignation or Removal of such Incumbent or other Person or Persons, and the Day of the Death, Cession, Resignation or Removal of such Incumbent, or other Person or Persons.

Death of Incumbent be-1st May and

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the original Assess- Original Asment and Applotment made, signed and entered in such Book as sessment Eviaforesaid, shall be conclusive Evidence of the Amount of the dence of Sums Sums payable in respect of such Composition for Tithes in any payable. such Parish, and of the Proportion in which such Sums shall be payable to the Incumbent, and other Person or Persons, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, entitled to the Whole or any Part of such Composition; and that the Amount Composition a of such Composition, and of the several Portions thereof payable preferable according to such Assessment and Applotment, and all Arrears Charge on thereof from time to time, not exceeding the Amount of One whole Year of such Composition, shall be a Charge on the Lands Year's Year's Applotment during the Cons. specified in such Assessment and Applotment during the Con- Amount), and tinuance of such Composition, and shall be payable by the Occu- leviable by the pier or Occupiers of such Lands, or by the Owner of such Lands Collectors of occupying the same for the Time being, according to the Quantity of such Lands which each such Occupier shall from time to ties entitled. time hold and occupy; and that it shall be lawful for the Incum- and recoverable bent, and for every or any other Person or Persons, or Body Politic as Rent. or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, entitled to such Composition, or any Part, Share or Portion thereof, to receive the Amount of such Composition, or of such Part, Share or Portion thereof, or to cause the same to be levied upon the several Lands specified in such Assessment and Applotment, and on the several Occupiers of such Lands for the Time being, in pre-ference to any other Charge upon such Lands, whether for Rent, or for any Taxes or Assessments, Parliamentary or other, and in preference to any other Charge whatever upon such Lands, by all the Ways and Means allowed by Law for the Recovery of Rent; and it shall and may be lawful for any Collector or Person appointed to collect and levy such Composition, or any Part thereof, by the Incumbent, or other Person or Persons, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, entitled to such Composition, or any Part thereof, to collect and levy the Amount of such Composition from time to time as the same shall become due; and every such Collector so appointed shall collect and levy, and is hereby authorized, empowered and required to collect and

Proviso where Quakers are Landlords or Tenants.

C. 99.

Receipt a full Discharge.

Deductions on account of Tithes not a Discharge to prevent Ejectment for Nonpayment, if any Part remains unpaid.

Provisions of 1 G.2. c.12. (I.) and 7 G.S. c.21. § 11. (I.), for Recovery of Tithes, as extended by 54 G.S. c.68. § 6., applied for Recovery from Quakers of Composition Tithes un-· Act.

same shall be demanded, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge to the Lessee or Occupier of such Land, for so much of the Rent payable by such Lessee or Occupier to such Landlord, as the Sum specified in such Receipt to be the Proportion of such Composition paid by such Lessee or Occupier shall amount unto; and every such Landlord shall accept such Receipt in Payment of so much of the Rent payable by such Lessee or Occuper to him: Provided always, that in Cases where either the Laddard or the Occupier of any such Land shall be One of the Pennson of the People called Quakers, the Receipt of any Collector having collected or levied any such Composition, or any Part theresi, and which Receipt such Collector is hereby required to give in such Case, whether the same shall be demanded or not, shall express the whole Sum paid or satisfied by such Lessee or Occa-

shall accept the same in Payment (or shall suffer the Amount thereof to be deducted as in Payment) of so much of the Rent payable to him by such Lessee or Occupier, as shall be equito the Whole of such Sum: Provided also, that the Receipt of such Landlord for the Sum which shall remain due for such Rent, after deducting the Amount of the Composition specified

pier, including, in the Case of Levy, the Expences of such Levy: and such Receipt being produced to such Landlord, such Landlord

by such Tenant (the said Tenant retaining the Receipt of such Collector) as a full Discharge for the whole Amount of Rear due: Provided also, that every such Lease shall contain a Proviso, that in case such Composition shall cease and determine at any Time during the Continuance of such Lease, the lieu reserved in such Lease shall be reduced in Amount by i Sur equal to the Amount of such Composition: Provided also, that no Deduction on account of Composition of Tithes under this Act

shall be held to be a Discharge of any Portion of any Gak, or

quarterly or other Payment of Rent, due by such Lessee or

Occupier of such Land, so as to prejudice the Right of such

in the Receipt of such Collector, shall be taken and received

Landlord to recover the Possession of such Land by Ejectment for Non-payment of the Rent thereof, in any Case where the remaining Portion of such Gale shall be unpaid; but that it shall and may be lawful for such Landlord to proceed for the Record? of such Land by Ejectment, as effectually as if the entire Gale, or Quarterly or other Payment of Rent, out of which such Deduction is hereby allowed, had remained wholly due and unpaid to such Landlord.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That so much and such Parts

of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the First Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled An Act for the more easy Recovery of Tithes, and other Ecclesiastical Dues of such Value; and of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for continuing and amending an Act of the Third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, made for amending and explaining an Act of the Thirty third Year of the Reign of King Heary the

Eighth, for Tithes, as relates to Proceedings against the People called Quakers, refusing to set out or pay or compound for Tithes, for the Recovery of such Tithes, not exceeding the Sum of Ten

XL. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case such On Failure of Assessment and Applotment of such Composition shall not be Assessment by made within Four Calendar Months next after such First Day of Commissioners, November, then and in such Case, and until such Assessment and shall be levied Applotment shall be so made, it shall be lawful for any Person according to the or Persons appointed to collect such Composition, or any Portion Parish Cess. thereof, respectively to collect and levy the same according to the last Applotment or Assessment made in such Parish for the levying of any Parish Cess raised in such Parish; and every Collector of such Parish Cess shall, whenever thereto required by or on Behalf of the Incumbent or other Person or Persons entitled to such Composition or any Portion thereof, deliver to or for the Use of such Incumbent or other Person or Persons a true Copy of the last Applotment or Assessment made and in force in such Parish in respect of the Parish Cess payable therein; and the several Persons liable to the Payment of any such Applotment or Assessment shall be liable to the Payment of the full Amount of the Half yearly Payments of such Composition under this Act, and the full Amount of every such Half yearly Payment shall be levied on all such Persons respectively, in Proportion to the Amount of the several Assessments made on them in respect of such Parish Cess; and it shall be lawful for every Collector of such Composition, or any Portion thereof, and every such Collector is hereby respectively authorized and required to collect and levy such Composition, and the several Parts and Proportions thereof payable by any such Persons liable to the Payment of such Parish Cess, with the like Powers and Authorities, and in like Manner to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Assessment had been duly made by such Commissioners or Umpire as aforesaid.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That whenever, under the Owners of Provisions of this Act, any Composition shall be made for the Land in any Tithes payable in any Parish, every Person who shall afterwards let, set or demise any Land lying within such Parish, at a Rack Rent, shall make such Lease or Demise free from the Payment made under this of Tithes during the Continuance of such Composition; and in Act, shall let such Case it shall and may be lawful for the Lessee or Occupier such Land of such Land, and every such Lessee or Occupier is hereby authorized and required to pay the Amount of such Composition as shall be due from time to time, in respect of the Lands demised by such Lease, to the Incumbent and other Person, or Body may deduct it Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, entitled to out of his Rent. such Composition or any Part thereof, or to the Person or Persons employed to collect such Composition; and it shall be lawful for such Lessee or Occupier of such Land to deduct the Amount of all such Payments from time to time out of the Amount of Rent payable by such Lessee or Occupier of such Land to his immediate Landlord; and the Receipt or Acquittance of the Incumbent or Impropriator, or other Person, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, entitled to such Composition or any Part thereof, or of his or their Collector, or the Receipt of any such Collector, having levied any such Composition or any Part thereof, under the Authority of this Act, and which Receipt such Collector is hereby required to give whenever the .

Tithes of which Composition is Tithe free, and the Occupier paying the Composition

C. 99.

same shall be demanded, shall be a good and sufficient Dis-

Proviso where Quakers are Landlords or Tenants.

Receipt a full Discharge.

Deductions on account of Tithes not a Discharge to prevent Ejectment for Nonpayment, if any Part remains unpaid.

Provisions of 1 G.2. c.12. (I.) and 7 G.S. c.21. § 11. (I.), for Recovery of Tithes, as extended by 54 G.S. c.68. § 6., applied for Recovery from Quakers of Composition for Tithes under this Act.

charge to the Lessee or Occupier of such Land, for so much of the Rent payable by such Lessee or Occupier to such Landlord, as the Sum specified in such Receipt to be the Proportion of such Composition paid by such Lessee or Occupier shall amount unto: and every such Landlord shall accept such Receipt in Payment of so much of the Rent payable hy such Lessee or Occupier to him: Provided always, that in Cases where either the Ludded or the Occupier of any such Land shall be One of the Personn of the People called Quakers, the Receipt of any Collector having collected or levied any such Composition, or any Part thereof, and which Receipt such Collector is hereby required to give in such Case, whether the same shall be demanded or not, shall express the whole Sum paid or satisfied by such Lessee or Occapier, including, in the Case of Levy, the Expences of such Levy: and such Receipt being produced to such Landlord, such Landlord shall accept the same in Payment (or shall suffer the Amount thereof to be deducted as in Payment) of so much of the Rent payable to him by such Lessee or Occupier, as shall be equal to the Whole of such Sum: Provided also, that the Receipt of such Landlord for the Sum which shall remain due for such Rent, after deducting the Amount of the Composition specified in the Receipt of such Collector, shall be taken and received by such Tenant (the said Tenant retaining the Receipt of such Collector) as a full Discharge for the whole Amount of Real due: Provided also, that every such Lease shall contain a Proviso, that in case such Composition shall cease and determine at any Time during the Continuance of such Lease, the Real reserved in such Lease shall be reduced in Amount by a Sum equal to the Amount of such Composition: Provided also, that to Deduction on account of Composition of Tithes under this Act. shall be held to be a Discharge of any Portion of any Gale, or quarterly or other Payment of Rent, due by such Lessee or Occupier of such Land, so as to prejudice the Right of such Landlord to recover the Possession of such Land by Ejectment for Non-payment of the Rent thereof, in any Case where the remaining Portion of such Gale shall be unpaid; but that it shall and may be lawful for such Landlord to proceed for the Recovery of such Land by Ejectment, as effectually as if the entire Gale, or Quarterly or other Payment of Rent, out of which such Deduction is hereby allowed, had remained wholly due and unpaid to such Landlord.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That so much and such Parts of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the First Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled An Act for the more easy Recovery of Tithes, and other Ecclesiastical Dues of small Value; and of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for continuing and amending an Act of the Third Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, made for amending and explaining an Act of the Thirty third Year of the Reign of King Heavy the Eighth, for Tithes, as relates to Proceedings against the People called Quakers, refusing to set out or pay or compound for Tithes, for the Recovery of such Tithes, not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds,

unds, and also so much of an Act made in the Parliament of for Tithes une United Kingdom in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of der this Act. is said late Majesty, intituled An Act for the better Regulation of desiastical Courts in Ireland, and for the more easy Recovery of surch Rates and Tithes, as extends the said Provisions of the d Act of the Seventh Year of His said late Majesty's Reign to y Value not exceeding Fifty Pounds, shall extend and be conued to extend, and shall be applied and put in Execution for the covery of any Composition for Tithes, or any Part thereof, ich shall be payable under this Act in respect of any Land in e Occupation of any of the People called Quakers, or whereof y Quaker shall be Owner or Proprietor, in all Cases where the cupier of such Land, or the Owner occupying such Land, shall fuse to pay such Composition, or any Part thereof, to all Intents d Purposes as if such Composition had been in force at the

me of the making of the said recited Acts.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That at any Time between Between e First Day of May and the First Day of October in the Third 1st May and ar next after the First Day of November on which any Compoion for Tithes under this Act shall commence in any Parish under ter 1st Nov. e Provisions of this Act, and in like Manner at any Time be- from which een the First Day of May and the First Day of October in every Composition bequent Third Year during the Continuance of such Composi- shall have com n, but in no other or intermediate Year, it shall and may be menced (and so rful for the Ecclesiastical Incumbent of such Parish, or for any ter Persons, or Body Corporate or Collegiate, or Year), Incumrporation Sole or Aggregate, entitled to such Composition, or bent, or Tithe Part thereof, or for any Three or more Owners or Occupiers Owners, or Land in such Parish charged with the Payment of the Sum of ree Person or Persons, or by the Steward or Agent of any such Composition or Persons, or by the Steward or Agent of any such Money (on No dy Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, or by such Owners tice) may apply Occupiers of Land, to be affixed on the principal outer Door to Quarter Sessions to alter the Church of such Parish, or if there shall not be any Church Amount of uch Parish, then upon the principal outer Door of every known Composition ice of Religious Worship in such Parish, on Two successive for ensuing ndays, the last of such Sundays not being less than Eight Days vious to the Day of holding the then ensuing Quarter Session Proportion to the Peace in the County in which such Parish shall be situate, of Wheat or nifying that it is the Intent of such Incumbent or other Per- Oats for Three or Persons, or Body Corporate or Corporation, or Owners Years preced-Occupiers of Land, to make Application to the Justices of the ing. ace at such Quarter Sessions to have the Average Price of leat or Oats for the Three Years preceding inquired of and ertained, in order that such Composition may be varied and reased or diminished for the ensuing Three Years, in propor-to such Average Price; and it shall be lawful for the Persons Parties by or on whose Behalf such Notice shall have been so en, to make such Application to such Justices at such Quar-Sessions, in Writing, for such Purpose accordingly; and therein it shall be lawful for such Justices, and they are hereby uired, at such Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, to ascerthe Average Price of good Marketable Wheat or Oats within 4 Gro. IV.

1st Oct. in the Third Year afin every subse Three Years, in

the said County, for the Term of Three Years next preceding such Application; and for that Purpose it shall be lawful for the said Justices at such Quarter Sessions (if they shall think fit so to do) to nominate and appoint a Person to be an Arbitrator for ascertaining the Average Price of the Barrel of good Marketable Wheat or Oats within such County for the Term of Three Years then last past; and such Arbitrator is hereby authorized and required, from the Dublin Gazette, to ascertain the Price of a Barrel of good marketable Wheat or Oats, upon the Average of

such Term of Three Years preceding, and to state and set forth such Average Price by his Report in Writing under his Hand, to be delivered to the Justices at such Session or some Adjournment thereof, or at such Time as such Justices shall direct; and if it If Price of Wheat or Oats (according to prevalent Growth in the County) in preceding Three Years varies by One tenth from Price stated in Certificate of Composition, Composition shall be increased or diminished by the Sessions for the next Three Years from 1st Nov.

shall appear that the Average Price of Wheat, where Wheat shall have been taken as the Measure of Composition for Tithes in such County, or that the Average Price of Oats, where Oats shall have been taken as the Measure of Composition for Tithes in such County, for such Three Years preceding, is more or less by One Tenth than the Average Price thereof set forth in the original Certificate of such Composition, then and in such Case the Amount of such Composition shall be increased or diminished, by Order of such Justices at such Session, in such Manner and to such Extent that the Amount of such Composition payable for and during the next ensuing Three Years shall bear the like Proportion to the Amount of the Composition set forth in such original Certificate, as the Average Price of Wheat or Oats so ascertained at the Time of such Application shall bear to the Price thereof set forth in such original Certificate; and such revised or new Composition shall be divided among the several Parties entitled to receive the same, in such Shares and Proportions as shall be stated in the Certificate made of the original Composition; and the Assessment and Applotment of such Composition shall be increased or diminished by the Order of such Justices, so as to bear the like Proportions to the Amount of the Composition payable for and during such Three Years, as the original Assessment and Applotment did bear to such original Composition; and such revised and new Composition shall be in full force for Three Years from the First Day of November then next ensuing, and until such Composition shall afterwards, upon a like Application, be again varied and ascertained, according to the Average Price of Wheat during the Term of Three Years then last past; and the several Parties are hereby respectively authorized to make such further Applications from time to time, after the Expiration of every Term of Three Years during the Continuance of such Composition, in such of the like Manner and Form as hereinbefore mentioned and direct with respect to the First Application; and the Costs, Charges Expences of every such Application to the Court of Quant Sessions, and of varying and re-ascertaining the Amount of soci Composition and the Applotment thereof as aforesaid, shall be defrayed by the Person or Persons who shall give such Notice and make such Application as aforesaid, or in such other Manes as such Justices at such Quarter Sessions shall order and direct.

XLIV. And be it declared and enacted, That from and imme-

diately after the Expiration of the Term of Twenty one Years for

and so from Three Years to Three Years.

After Twenty one Years,

rhich any Composition for Tithes in any Farish shall be made when Composition the Authority of this Act, all Right and Claim to such tion shall cesse, lithes, and all Remedies for the Recovery of the same, shall revive.

Right to Tithes shall be yielded and paid shall revive. and payable, and recovered and recoverable in all respects, and to all Intents and Purposes, as if this Act had not been made, and as f no such Composition had been made or paid under this Act; my thing in this Act contained to the contrary in anywise not-

rithstanding.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That this Act and the several Act to extend rovisions therein contained shall extend, and be deemed and con- to all Persons trued to extend, to all Ecclesiastical Persons and Bodies Corpoate or Collegiate, and to all Corporations Sole or Aggregate, and to Tithes, and o all Incumbents of Parishes, whether Rectors, Vicars or Curates, their Agents and to all Impropriators and Appropriators, and to all and every and Stewards; Person and Persons whomsoever, Ecclesiastical or Lay, being the Owner or Owners of or entitled to any Tithes or Portions of Tithes n Ireland, as fully and effectually as if all such Persons or Bodies Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporations Sole or Aggregate, were named, specified or referred to in the several Clauses of this Act, and to the known Agents or Stewards of all such Persons or Bodies Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporations, duly authorized respectvely; and that all Notices by this Act required to be given to, ind all Matters by this Act required to be done by any such Peron or Body Corporate or Collegiate, shall and may, in the Abence of any such Persons, and on Behalf of any such Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, be given to and lone by any such known Agent or Steward duly authorized thereto espectively; and all such Matters and Things which shall be done n the due Execution of this Act by any such known Agent or steward, duly authorized on Behalf of any such Person or Body Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, shall be as valid and effecual as if the same had been done by such Person, or Body Corpoate or Collegiate, or Corporation, to all Intents and Purposes vhatsoever; and that all Matters by this Act required to be done One Churchy or with relation to the Churchwardens of any Parish, shall and warden, or Pernay be done by or with relation to any One Churchwarden where son appointed here shall be only One Churchwarden in any Parish; and in Cases to act as such, where it shall happen that there shall not be any Churchwarden in ny Parish, then all Matters by this required to be done by or with elation to the Churchwardens of any such Parish shall and may e lawfully done by or with relation to any One or more Person r Persons to be for that Purpose nominated and appointed as nd in lieu and instead of Churchwardens or a Churchwarden of and for such Parish, by Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, in case such Lord Lieuenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall think fit so to lo, on the Application of the Ecclesiastical Incumbent of such Parish for such Purpose; and all Acts, Matters and Things done ind performed under this Act by or with relation to any such Person so to be nominated and appointed as and in lieu and instead of a Churchwarden, shall be as good and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same were done and performed 3 R 2 by

Right to Tithes

by the Churchwardens or Churchwarden of any Parish duly appointed according to Law.

**Proceedings** under Act in united Benefices to be carried on in the several Parishes of such Union.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any Two or more Parishes shall have been or shall be united into One Benefice under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, such Union shall not be considered as One Parish for the Purposes of this Act, but the Provisions of this Act shall be carried into effect in the several Parishes of any such Union or united Benefices, or any of them; and the Ecclesiastical Incumbent and the Churchwardens entitled by Law to act in or for any such Parish as Part of such Union or united Benefice, shall act in and for any such Parish in the Execution of this Act, as if such Parish were and remained a distinct and separate Benefice; any such Union, or any Thing contained in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to such Unions, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

How Proceedings may be had for executing Act in Extraperochial Places.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That in any One or more Place or Places being Extraparochial, or where the Parish in which any Place or Places is or are situate is not known, or where the Tithes payable are wholly appropriate or impropriate, and the Owners or Occupiers of the Land situate in such Place or Place are liable to any Tithes payable to the same Person or Persons and the Number of such Owners or Occupiers shall be too small to furnish a sufficient Number of Vestrymen, but shall be sufficient in the aggregate so to do, it shall and may be lawful for the Person or Persons entitled to such Tithes, or for any Five or more of the Owners or Occupiers of Land qualified as hereinbefore mentioned, or where there shall not be Five such Owners or Occipiers, then for the Persons or a Majority of the Person entitled to the Lands subject to such Tithes as are wholly payable to the same Person or Persons, to apply to the Lord Lieutenin, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to give Orders and Directions that a Vestry or Meeting shall be held for the carrying into effect the Purposes of this Act with respect to any such Place or aggregate Places; and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governor, if he or they shall think fit so to do, to direct that a Vesty shall be holden for the Purposes of this Act, in the Church of some Parish, which shall be for that Purpose appointed by the Bishop of the Diocese in which such Extraparochial Place or Places thail be situate; and the Bishop of such Diocese shall, on Notice of any such Orders or Directions of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, appoint and nominate some Church accordingly; and some Person or Persons shall in such Case be nominated by such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor of Governors to act as Churchwarden or Churchwardens, for the cs. rying this Act into effect with respect to such Tithes; and it still be lawful for the Persons liable to the Payment of County (15) Charges in such Extraparochial Place or aggregate Places, and for the Person or Persons entitled to such Tithes, to meet see appoint Commissioners for ascertaining the Composition to be paid for such Tithes, and to do all Acts, Matters and Things respectas are required or authorized by this Act to be done by the Parishioners and Incumbent of any Parish in Vestry assembled.

or otherwise for the Purposes of this Act; and all Questions relating to any Matter or Thing to be done by or at any such Vestry shall be determined by the Votes of the Persons liable to the Payment of such County Cess Charges, in like Manner as is directed in other Cases by this Act; and any Composition made and certified by any Commissioners or Umpire to be for that Purpose appointed, with respect to such Tithes, shall be as good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as any other Composition directed or authorized to be made under the Provisions of this

XLVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That whenever any Where Benefice Sequestration of the Profits of any Benefice in Ireland shall be made is sequestered, and in force, it shall not be lawful for the Incumbent of such Be- Incumbent nefice to do any Matter or Thing whatever in the Execution of this shall not act Act, for, or towards, or relating to the making any Composition for sent of Seany Tithes or Portion of Tithes payable to such Incumbent, or for questrator. the Collection or Receipt of such Composition, without the Consent in Writing under the Hand or Hands of the Person or Persons by whom or on whose Behalf such Sequestration shall have been made, or shall have taken place, so long as such Sequestration shall remain in force; and that all Matters and Things which shall be done with relation to this Act by any such Incumbent, without the Consent of such Person or Persons in Writing as aforesaid, shall be null and void; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Benefice During Vacanor Parish in Ireland shall be vacant of an Ecclesiastical Incum-cies of Benebent, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Lieutenant, Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, upon the Application or with Consent of with the Consent of the Patron of such Living, (or with the Con- Patron and sent of the King's Attorney General in *Ireland*, in Cases where Bishop, may the King shall be the Patron,) and also with the Consent of the Bishop of the Diocese in which such Parish shall be situate, to give Orders and Directions for the assembling of a Special Vestry in such Parish, at any Time during such Vacancy, for the carryto act for Ining into effect the Purposes of this Act, to be held according to cumbent in the Directions of this Act, by Persons qualified in Manner herein. Execution of before directed; and in such Case it shall be lawful for such Lord this Act. Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to nominate and appoint some Person, to be approved of by the Patron of such Benefice and the Bishop of the Diocese, to do and perform all Acts, Matters and Things whatsoever, which, under the Regulations of this Act, are required or authorized to be done by any Incumbent entitled to any Tithes or Portion of Tithes in such Parish, for the making a Composition for Tithes, and for carrying into effect the Purposes of this Act; and in such Case all Acts, Matters and Things whatever, which shall be done and performed by such Person so appointed, shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Acts, Matters and Things were done and performed by any Ecclesiastical Incumbent of such Parish, entitled to any Tithes or Portion of Tithes in such Parish.

L. And be it further enacted, That the Possession and Enjoy- Possession of ment of the Lands, on or out of which any Composition shall Land by Ocea-

of Tithes, and Payment and Receipt of session and Payment of Tithes.

C. 99.

Lord Lieutenant may order Advance of Money for executing Act in any Parish, not exceeding 300l., to be repaid by Assess ment in addition to Tithe Composition, by Instalmen of One lifth in Five cutoessive

pier discharged be charged and payable under this Act, by the Occupier of such Lands, discharged from the Payment of such Tithes during the Continuance of such Composition, and the Receipt of such Com-Composition by position by the Incumbent, or other Person or Person, or Body Incumbent, &c. Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, entitled to the deemed Possume, or any Proportion thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be in Law and in Fact tantamount to, and to be, the actual Possession and Enjoyment of such Tithes by such Incumbent or other Person or Persons, or Body Politic or Corporate or Collegiate, or Corporation, and of his or their Successor or Successors; and that the Payment of any Composition, or any Part thereof, under this Act, shall be deemed and taken to be the Payment of the Tithes in satisfaction of which such Composition, or my Part thereof, shall be payable; and shall and may be so alleged and insisted upon, in all and every or any Proceedings in Law and Equity in all Cases whatsoever.

LI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to order and direct that any such Sum or Sums of Money as he or they shall think proper shall from time to time be advanced out of the Produce of the Consolidated Fund arising in Ireland, for the defraying of any Expences to be incurred in the carrying this Act into Execution in any Parish in Ireland, not exceeding the Sum of Three hundred Pounds with relation to any One Parish; and that all such Advances shall be made to such Persons, at such Times, in such Manner, and under such Rules and Regulations, as shall from time to time be ordered and directed by such Lord Lieutenand, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and as shall be signified in the usual Manner by the Chief Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, or in his Absence by the Under Secretary; and that a Certificate of the Amount of any Money so advanced under the Hand of such Chief Secretary or Under Secretary, shall be sent to the Treasure of the County, who shall forthwith direct his Warrant to any Collector or Collectors of the Assessments made in such Paris under Presentments of the Grand Jury for the Year next about the Roceipt of such Certificate, and it shall be lawful for such Collector, or Collectors, and he and they is and are hereby authorised and required to collect and levy One Fifth Part of the Amount of the Money contained in such Certificate, on and among the Owner and Occupiers of Land in such Parish liable to the Payment of any Composition made under this Act, in exact Proportion to the Amount of the Assessment and Applotment of the Composition of Part of the Composition payable by such Owners or Occupien; and in like Manner One other Fifth Part of such Amount in each of the Four Years next ensuing; and such Amount shall be of lected and levied by such Person authorized to collect and lery the Assessments made in such Parish under Presentments of the Grant Jury, at such Time, and with such Powers, and in like Manner is all respects, as such Assessments may be collected and levies; and all Money so collected in respect of such Advance shall be paid over, by the Person receiving the same, to the Collector of Excise for the District in which such Parish shall be situate, ! be accounted for by him as any other public Money in his Hands; and the Receipt of such Collector of Excise shall be a sufficient Acquittance to the Collector of such Assessment, and shall be allowed accordingly in his Account with the Treasurer of the

LII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person em- Remuneration ployed as a Commissioner or Umpire in the Execution of this Act to Commis shall receive any higher or greater Sum or Payment or Remuneration for the Performance of his Duty under this Act, than after the Rate of One Pound and Ten Shillings for every Day during which he shall of Necessity be employed in the Execution of the Duties required to be performed by him under this Act, over and above the necessary Expences of travelling, and other Expences necessarily and actually incurred in the Discharge of such Duties; and that an Account of the Attendance of every such Commissioner or Umpire, and of such his Expences of travelling, and other his necessary Expences, shall be stated under the Hands of the Commissioners or Umpire acting in Execution of this Act; and that the Charges and Accounts of any Surveyor to be employed under this Act shall be examined, certified and approved by the Commissioners or Umpire under whom such Surveyor shall be employed; and that all and every such Accounts and Charges of such Commissioners, Umpire and Surveyor, shall be submitted to and examined and approved by some competent Person or Persons, to be for that Purpose appointed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, before Payment of the same shall be made under any Order of such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland: Pro-Payment of vided also, that any Money which shall have been advanced under Advances to the Orders of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, for the Payment of any Commissioners for Incumbent out of Composition. Person or Persons entitled to the Composition for Tithes in such Parish, or any Portion of such Composition, shall be paid out of the Amount of such Composition payable to such Incumbent, Impropriator or other Person or Persons, at such Time and in such Manner as shall from time to time be directed by such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and For- Recovery of feitures inflicted or imposed by this Act (the Recovery and Ap- Penalties beplication whereof are not before provided for), may, in case of fore One Justice of Peace. Nonpayment thereof, be recovered in a summary Way by the Order and Adjudication of any One Justice of the Peace for the County or Place in which such Penalty shall be incurred, on Complaint to him for that Purpose exhibited, and shall afterwards be levied as well as the Costs of such Proceedings, in case of Nonpayment, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels Distress. of the Offender or Offenders, or Person or Persons liable to pay the same, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice; and such Justice is hereby authorized and required to summon before him any Witness or Witnesses, and to examine such Witness or Witnesses upon Oath (or Affirmation) of and concerning such Offences, Matters or Things, and to hear and determine the same; and the Overplus (if any) of the Money so levied or recovered, after discharging the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for

3R4

Offender detained

which such Warrant shall be issued, and the Costs and Expences of recovering and levying the same, shall be returned upon Demand to the Owner or Owners of the Goods or Chattels to seized or distrained; and in case such Penalties or Forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid upon Conviction, then it shall be lawful for such Justice to order the Offender or Offenders so convicted to be detained and kept in safe Custody until Return can be conveniently made to such Warrant of Distress, unless the

Offender or Offenders shall give sufficient Security, to the Suifaction of such Justice, for his or their Appearance before and Justice on such Day or Days as shall be appointed for the Return of such Warrant of Distress, such Day or Days not being more than Seven Days from the Time of taking any such Security, and which Security the said Justice is hereby empowered to take, by way of Recognizance or otherwise; but if upon the Return of such Warrant it shall appear that no sufficient Distress can be had thereupon, then it shall be lawful for such Justice, or my other Justice of the Peace for such County or Place as aforesid

Imprisonment.

Hand and Seal, to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Gaol of such County or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Term not exceeding Two Calendar Months, unless such Penalties or Forfeitures respectively, and all reasonable Charges, shall be sooner paid and sairfied; and one Moiety of such Penalties or Forfeitures, when so

and he is hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under his

Application of Penalties.

levied, shall be paid to the Person who shall sue or prosecute for the same, and the other Moiety shall be paid and applied to the Use of the Poor of the Parish in which such Offence shall be committed, in such Manner as such Justice shall direct and appoint LIV. And for the more easy and speedy Conviction of the Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That every

Form of Conviction.

Justice of the Peace, before whom any Person or Persons and be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and my convi the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words (as the Case shall happen), or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect; (that is to say,)

to wit SE it remembered, That on Day of A. B. is convicted of our Lord before me, One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the said County [or City, or Town, as the Case may be,] by virtue of

an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of King Grorg

in the Year

the Fourth, intituled An Act [here set forth the Title of this At. and specify the Offence and when and where committed]. Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year above written.

Persons aggrieved by Conviction or Asment under this Act may Appeal to Quarter Se sions.

LV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person, who shall think himself or herself at grieved by any such Conviction, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be healden for the Conviction. holden for the County or Place; and every Person appealing against any such Conviction, or against any Assessment or Ap plotment of any Composition under this Act, as hereinbefore mentioned, shall (if there be sufficient Time after the Cause of Complete a land of Complete plaint shall have arisen) first give, or cause to be given, Ten Days

Notice at least, in Writing, of his or her Intention of bringing Notice and such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Justice or other Security. Person or Persons whose Conviction or Act or Determination shall be so appealed against, and within Seven Days next after the Date of such Notice shall enter into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for the County or Place, with Two sufficient Sureties, conditioned to try such Appeal, and to abide by or to submit to the Order thereon, and to pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Quarter Sessions or any Adjournment thereof; and for Want of sufficient Time for giving such Notice previous to the Quarter Sessions next after the Cause of any such Complaint shall have happened, then such Appeal, after such Notice, and under such Recognizance, may be made at the Second General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County or Place; and the Justices, at such First or Second Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, upon due Proof of such Notice having been given as aforesaid, and of the entering into such Recognizance, shall hear and finally determine the Cause and Matter of such Appeal in a summary Way, and shall award such Costs to the Parties appealing or appealed against as they the said Justices shall think proper; and the Determination of such Justices at such Sessions shall be final, binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes; and it shall be lawful for the said Costs of Ap-Justices at such Sessions, by their Order or Warrant, to levy such peal recoverable Costs so awarded, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chat- by Distress. tels of the Person or Persons who shall refuse or neglect to pay the same, and for Want of sufficient Distress to commit such Per- Imprisonment. son or Persons to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said County, there to remain for any Time not exceeding Two Calendar Months, or until Payment of such Costs.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Commissioners Commissioner or Commissioners, acting in the Execution of this and Umpire Act, in any Parish in Ireland, or for any Umpire appointed by authorised to any such Commissioners, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief examine Wit-Governor or Governors of Ireland, and every such Commissioner or Affirmation. and Umpire is hereby authorized and empowered to call before them, and to examine any Person or Persons upon Oath or solemn Affirmation, as well in any Case specially provided for by this Act, as in any other Case in which it shall be requisite and necessary for any such Commissioner or Umpire so to do in the Execution of this Act; and which Oath or Affirmation any such Commissioner or Umpire is hereby authorized and empowered to administer; and that in all Cases where any Oath is by this Act Quakers authorized and empowered to be taken or administered, the so- Affirmation. lemn Affirmation of any of the People called Quakers shall and may be admitted and taken and administered; and that if in any False Swear-Oath or Affirmation authorized or required to be taken under ing. this Act, or in any Examination upon Oath or Affirmation authorized or required by this Act, any Person shall wilfully swear or affirm falsely, every such Person being duly convicted of such Offence shall be subject and liable to all such Pains, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to by the Laws in force in Perjury. Ireland.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That no Order or Proceeding Proceedings

Want of Form,

C. 99.

not quashed for made or had touching or concerning any of the Matters in this Act contained, nor any Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders against this Act, shall be quashed for Want of Form, nor be removed or removable by Certiogari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin; and where any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed wlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, on account of any Defect or Want of Form in the Summons or Conviction, or in the Warrant of Distress or other Proceedings relating thereto; nor shall the Party or Parties distraining be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers at initio, on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterward committed by the Party or Parties distraining; but the Person or

Tender of Amends.

Limitation of

Actions, &c.

Venue.

General Locus.

General Avowry in Replevin.

Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage (if any) in an Action on the Case; but no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action for such Irregularity as aforesaid, if Tender of sufficient Amends buth been made by or on Behalf of the Party distraining, before mo Action commenced. LVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Action, Suit or Proceeding shall be commenced or prosecuted against any Ju-

tice of the Peace, or any Commissioner or Umpire, or other Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, and Thirty Days' Notice thereof shall be given to such Justice, or Commissioner, or Umpire, or other Person or Persons, nor after a sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof hath been made to the

Party or Parties aggrieved, nor after the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and every sad Action or Suit or Prosecution shall be laid or brought in the County, County of a City or County of a Town, where the Cause of Action shall have arisen, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action, Suit or Prosecution, shall and may, at his or their Election, plead specially, or the General Issue, not guilty, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evilance. dence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if any Replevin shall be brought for any Cattle, Goods or Chatter seized or taken by virtue or in pursuance of this present Act, it shall and may be lawful and sufficient to and for any Person of Persons, who shall be Defendant or Defendants, or Avowant or Avowants, in any such Replevin, to avow, plead or make Cognizance generally, that he or they took the same Cattle, Goods or Chattels, as a Distress, by force of the Statute in that Case made and provided, without more particularly setting forth this Act, or the Cause of making or detaining the said Distress or Distress. or making any other more special Plea, Avowry or Cognizance; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and if it shall appear that the Matter on which the Cause of Action arose was done, or that the Distress replevied was made in parsuance and by Authority of this Act, or that such Action or See shall have been brought before Thirty Days' Notice thereof we given as aforesaid, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tenred as aforesaid, or after the Time limited for bringing the ne as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other County, County a City or County of a Town than as aforesaid, then the Jury all find for the Defendant or Defendants, or Avowant or Avowts; and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall nonsuited, or shall discontinue his, her or their Action, Suit or osecution, after the Defendant shall have appeared, or if upon murrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plains, the Defendant or Defendants, or Avowant or Avowants, shall cover Double Costs, and have such Remedy for the same as Double Costs. y Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Cases of Costs en by Law.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, Act may be ered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this pre- amended, &c. at Session of Parliament.

#### SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

#### SCHEDULE A.

ST of Persons in the Parish of who have been charged with and have paid County Cess Charges or Grand Jury Rates, for any Land not being Tithe free within the said Parish, in the Year ending on the to the Amount of Twenty Shillings and upwards.

NAMES.	Quantity of Land charged.	Amount charged.			Amount actually paid.			
connor, Luke	-	40 Acres. 40 30 30 20 15	20 15 15 10 7		0	20 15 15 15 10 7	5. 0 0 0 0 0 10	d. 0 0 0 0 0

I, H.C., High Constable of [or, Collector of : County Cess Charges or Grand Jury Rates in the Parish of ], do make Oath, that the above List contains rue and just Account of the Names of all Persons required to returned by me, under an Act made in the Fourth Year of the ign of King George the Fourth, intituled [here set forth the Title this Act].

> Signed, H.C. High Constable of [or, Collector of Grand Jury Cess in the Parish of

orn before me, this Day of at J.P. [Justice of the Peace

for

SCHE-

#### SCHEDULE B.

WE, A.B. and C.D., Commissioners duly appointed and swom, [or, I, E. F., having been duly appointed and sworn an Umpire.] under and by virtue of an Act made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, intituled [here set forth the Title of this Act], to ascertain and fix a true and just Composition for all Tithes arising, growing, yielded or payable within the Parish of C. in the County of do hereby certify. That the true and just Amount of Composition for all Tithes whatever within the said Parish is **Pounds** Pounds. by the Year. Of which Sum of Three fourth Parts [or such other Proportion as shall be specifical] are due and payable to as a Composition for the Tithe claimable by him [or, them] as Rector of the said Parish [or, as Owner of the Rectorial Tithe, or, as Lay Impropriator]. One eighth Part [or such other Proportion as shall be specified] 3 due and payable to the Vicar [or, to

as Owner of the Vicarial Tithes] of the said Puish; and One eighth Part [or such other Proportion as shall be specified] is due and payable to the Bishop of the Diocese of

e consuct to the Bisnop of the Diocese of the control of the surface of the surfa

Persons as the Nature of the Case shall require.]

And we [or, I] do further certify, That the Average Price of Wheat, being the Corn principally grown in such County, for the Period of Seven Years, ending on the Day of

rage Price of Oats, being the Corn principally grown in such County, for the Period of Seven Years, ending on the Day of is Shillings per Barrel].

(Signed)  $\begin{cases} A.B. \\ C.D. \end{cases}$  Commissioners. [or, E.F. Umpire.]

#### CAP. C.

An Act for raising the Sum of Fourteen Millions Seven hundred thousand Pounds by Exchequer Bills; for applying a certain Sum of Money for the Service of the Year 1823; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. [19th July 1823.]

§ I. \$\mathcal{e}\$.14,700,000 0 0 By Exchequer Bills as under 48 G. 3. c. l.

See § 9. post.

II. Clauses in 48 G. 3. c. 1. extended to this Act.

III. Treasury to apply the Money raised under this Act.

Exchequer Bills payable out of Supplies for the next Session.
 Such Exchequer Bills to bear Interest not exceeding 3½ per Comper Diem.

VI. Such Exchequer Bills to be current at the Exchequer after April 5, 1824.

VII. Bank of England may advance 10,000,000% on credit of this Act, notwithstanding Statute 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 20. § 7.

VIII. Any Sums paid into the Exchequer by the East India Company

[X. £.5,000,000 0 0

**24,**531

16,134 10 36,311

4 10

2

towards the Half Pay Pensions, &c. to His Majesty's Forces serving in India to be issued, towards making good the Supply for 1823.

Monies raised by Exchequer

Bills, under c. 3. ante 20,000,000 0 0 By Exchequer Bills, under c. 4. ante Monies coming into Exchequer, under c. 6. ante Ditto, under c. 21. ante Monies arising by Lotteries, under c. 60. ante 14,700,000 0 0 (Granted above,) §1. ante Money paid in by East India Company as § 8. ante. X. For Naval Services, £5,442,540 6s. 8d. (that is to say,) For Wages for £. s. d. 763,7*5*0 0 0 급 25,000 Men, Mon including 8,700 Royal ğ Marines For Victuals -**4**55,000 1 80 Man For Wear and 243,750 0 Tear of Ships 0 15 0 81,250 For Ordnance 0 for Sea Ser-At vice, 0 50 55,406 5 1 For Salaries and Contingent Expences of Admiralty Office 32,454 6 For ditto ditto Navy Pay Office 63,819 18 For ditto ditto Navy Office For ditto ditto Victualling **35,2**67 10 Office 18,687 8 For ditto ditto Deptford Yard 21,509 10 0 For ditto ditto Woolwich

To be applied as hereinafter mentioned.

For 13 Months.

Yard 30,905 15 For ditto ditto Plymouth Yard For ditto ditto Out Ports 8.818 For Wages to Artificers and **476,902** 0 0 Labourers in His Majesty's Yards at Home, and for Teams of Horses 524,360 For building and Repair of His Majesty's Ships, Ordinary Repair of Ships in

Yard

For ditto ditto Chatham Yard

For ditto ditto Sheerness Yard

For ditto ditto Portsmouth

A.D. 1823.

For the Year 1823.

990

£.40,000	0	0	Harbour and for Repair of Docks, &c.  For Pilotage, Salvage, Bounty for Slaves, Maintenance of distressed Seamen in Fo- reign Parts, Exchequer
<b>52</b> ,188	2	8	Fees and other Contingencies  For Salaries of Officers and Contingent Expences of Foreign Yards
<b>63,</b> 110	12	0	For ditto ditto Victualling Yards
51,631	17	1	For Medical Establishments
6,227	19		For Royal Naval College and School for Naval Architec- ture
104,284	16	9	For Wages to Officers and Men of Vessels in Ordi- nary
<b>53,25</b> 3	10	0	For Victuals for ditto
933,400		0	For Half Pay to Naval Officers
137,635	16	2	For Superannuations, Pen- aions and Allowances to Officers in the Military
			Line of the Naval Service, their Widows, &c.
1,500	0	0	For Bounty to Chaplains - I
7,000	0	0	For Widows and Orphans on the Compassionate List
100,000	0	0	For Deficiency of Funds for Relief of Widows of Com- mission and Warrant Offi- cers of the Navy
300,000	0	0	For ditto Out Pensioners of Greenwich Hospital
170,149	9	6	ror Superannuations to Com- missioners, &c., and Allow-
			ances in lieu of Half Pay to Naval Officers formerly employed in the Naval Service
20,000	Ò	0	For building Ships of War in the East Indies
124,000	0	0	For Improvements in the Dock Yards
205,000		0	For Provisions for Troops, &c. on Foreign Stations and for Convict Service, and Value of Rations for Troops to be embarked on board Ships of War and Transports
184,300	0 (	)	For Transport Service

more	par	ticular	and other Services hereinafter ly expressed, £.7,294,458 7s.	
6d. (1	that	is to sa	ay,)	
<b>£.</b> 1,841,658			For Land Forces in Great Britain and on Stations abroad (except the East Indies)	
719,710	12	8 net	For ditto in Ireland -	i
93,303	2		For General and Staff Offi- cers and Officers of Hos- pitals serving with Forces in <i>Great Britain</i> and on Foreign Stations (except <i>India</i> )	From the 25th December 1822, to the 24th December 1823, inclusive.
. 18 <b>,565</b>	17	3 net	For ditto in Ireland -	
114,337			For Allowances to principal Officers of several Public Departments in <i>Great Britain</i> , their Deputies, Clerks and Contingent Expences	·
			For ditto in Ireland -	
13,130			For Medicines and Surgical Materials for Land Forces on the Establishment of Great Britain	For the Year 1823.
		_	For ditto in Ireland -	
134,000		0	For Charge of Volunteer Corps in Great Britain	
			For ditto in Ireland -	
19,976			For ditto of Four Troops of Dragoons and 11 Companies of Foot stationed in Great Britain for recruiting the Corps employed in the Territorial Possessions of the East India Company	From the 25th December 1822, to the 24th December 1823.
182,820	10	6	For ditto of the Pay of General Officers in the Forces not being Colonels of Regiments	
<b>29</b> ,150			For ditto of Garrisons at home and abroad on the Establishment of Great Britain	For the Year 1823.
			For ditto in Ireland	<b>,</b>
786,507	13	10	For ditto of Half Pay to reduced Officers of Land	·
69,648	16	5	For Allowances to reduced Officers of ditto	
114,070	0		For Half Pay and reduced Allowances to Officers of Disbanded Foreign Corps, Pensions to Wounded Fo- reign Officers, and Allow-	

XII.

		. •	ances to Widows and Children of deceased Foreign Officers	
£.32,496		_	For In Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital	
14,585 1,224,484	10 15	9 net 10 net	For ditto 'Kilmainham ditto For Out Pensioners Chelsea ditto	
136,243	7	11	For full Pay for retired Offi- cers and unattached Offi- cers of Land Forces	
127,287	6	3	For Pensions to Widows of Officers of Land Forces and Marines	From the 25th December 1822, to the 24th Decem-
179,798	13	9	For Allowances on the Com- passionate List and of Pen- sions to Officers for Wounds	ber 1823.
36,703	6	10	For Allowances, Compensations and Emoluments in the Nature of Superannuation or retired Allowances, to Persons belonging to several Public Departments in <i>Great Britain</i> , in respect of their having held any Public Offices or Employments of a Civil Nature	•
6,854 33,000			For ditto in Ireland For Fees expected to be paid at the Exchequer by Pay- master General of Forces on Issues for Army Ser- vices	
81,829	7	11 net	For Charge of Three Royal Veteran Battalions in Ire-	
620,000	0	0	For Extraordinary Expences of the Army	)
253,185	8	4	For the Commissariat De- partment in Great Britain	For the Year 1823.
82,818		9	For ditto in Ireland -	From the 25th De-
189,473		2	For disembodied Militia of Great Britain	cember 1822, to the 24th Decem-
99,248	7		For ditto in Ireland	ber 1823.
48,027	13	•	For Salaries to Master General and principal Officers, and Salaries and increased Salaries for Length of Service to Clerks, &c. belonging to Office of Ordnance, and employed at the Tower and Pall Mall	-

4º GEO IV.

				344
£. 7,025	.6	11	For Salaries and increased Salaries to the several Civil Establishments of the Office of Ordnance at the Royal Laboratory, the Inspector of Artillery's Department, the Royal Carriage Department and the Royal Military Department Westernia	
8,555	10	10	tary Depository, Woolwich For ditto to Civil Establishments of the Office of Ordnance at the Home and Foreign Stations of the First Class	
12,277	13	4	For ditto ditto, 2d Class -	
		ō	For ditto ditto ed Class	
8,195			For ditto ditto, 3d Class	
<b>6,5</b> 61	11	7	For ditto ditto, under Deputy Storekeepers	
10,829	2	2	For Civil Contingencies at the	
			Tower, and Pall Mall, for	
			Rents, and Repairs of Store-	
	•		houses, &c. and certain Bar-	
			racks under the Charge of	
			the principal Clerk of the	
			Works at the Tower, after	
			deducting 9,000% for Rents	
			to be received for Lands,	
			&c. due in the said Year -	•
4 000	7	11		
4,293	1	11	For Expence of 57 Master	
			Gunners, at the Garrisons	
			and Batteries in Great Bri-	
			tain, and of Three Fee Gun-	
			ners at Hythe, Saint James's	}
			Park and Whitehall, with	
•			Allowance of Coals and	
			Candles to them, and to	
			50 Non-commissioned Of-	
• •			ficers and Gunners, late of	
			the Invalid Battalion of the	For the Veer 1899
			Royal Regiment of Artil-	101 the 1cm 1029.
			lery, stationed in the said	
40.000	11	o	Garrisons and Batteries -	
40,829	11	3,	For ditto of the Corps of	
		•	Royal Engineers for Great Britain	
26,304	12	9	For ditto of Royal Sappers	
20,001		•	and Miners, and of Junior	
			Officers of the Corps of	
			Royal Engineers, in the	
			Construction of Field	
		_	Works	1
241,235	8	5	For Expence of the Royal	J
			Regiment of Artillery for	i
			Great Britain	
4 GEO, IV.			3 S	

For ditto of the Brigade of £. 29.435 17 Royal Horse Artillery, and also a Riding House Troop for Great Britain For ditto of the Director Ge-2.299 10 Ø neral of the Field Train and for the Field Train Depart-For ditto of the Medical Es-6.937 tablishment for the Military Department of the Ordnance For ditto of the Establishment 6,059 10 of the Civil Officers, Professors and Masters of the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich, including additional Pay to Officers of the Royal Regiment of Artillery for attending the Company of Gentlemen Cadets 1,466 0 0 For ditto of Sums to be paid at the Treasury and at the Exchequer for Fees on the Amount of the Ordnance Estimate for Great Britain 140,464 15 For Extraordinaries of the 8 Office of Ordnance, after deducting 129,000% for small Savings upon various Items of the Extraordinaries for the Years 1820 and 1821, and presumed Sale of Old Stores, Lands, &c. For Expence of Services performed by the Office 10,661 12 5 of Ordnance for Land Service for Great Britis, and not provided for by Parliament in the Yest 1822. 90,515 5 5 For the Office of Ordnance in Ireland, after deducting 8252L 6s. 2d. for small Savings of the Extraordinaries for 1820 and 1821, and Sale of Old Stores 907,401 4 6 For the Office of Ordnance for Great Britain on Account of the Allowances to Superannuated, Retired

> and Half Pay Officers, to Superannuated and Disabled Men and Pensioners; also for Pensions to Widows and Children of deceased Officers late belonging to

the several Ordnance Mili-

```
tary Corps
        £. 10,751 2 1
                           For ditto in Ireland on Ac-
                             count of Pay of Retired
                             Officers of the late Irish
                             Artillery and Engineers;
                             and of Pensions to Widows
                             of deceased Officers of the
                             same
           43,817 10 2
                           For Allowances, Compensations and Emoluments in For the Year 1823.
                             the Nature of Superannu-
                             ations or retired Allow-
                             ances to Persons late be-
                             longing to the Office of
                             Ordnance in Great Britain,
                             in respect of their having
                             held any Public Offices or
                             Employments of a Civil
                             Nature, and
                                             also
                             Widows' Pensions
           6,256 13
                          For ditto ditto in Ireland
         100,000 0 0
                          For Barrack Department in
                             Great Britain, after de-
                            ducting 18,000l. for yearly
                             Receipts of the said De-
                            partment, Sale of Barracks,
                            Rents of Canteens, &c.
         107.985 18 0
                          For Barrack Department in
                            Ireland
          83,594 10 10
                          For the Store Branch of the
                             Commissariat Department
                            transferred to the Ord-
                            nance Department in Great
                            Britain -
                          For ditto in Ireland
           8,346
XIII. 34,800,000 0
                         For discharging Exchequer Bills charged on the
                            Supplies for the Years 1822 or 1823, remaining
                            unpaid or unprovided for.
XIV.
        144,150 0 0
                         For ditto issued between the 5th January 1822
                            and the 5th January 1823, pursuant to 57 G. 3.
                            c.34. 58 G.3. c.45. and 1 G.4. c.60. for au-
                            thorizing the Issue of Exchequer Bills for carry-
                            ing on Public Works and Fisheries in the
       United Kingdom, and for building and promoting the building of additional Churches.

For the Charge of Civil Establishments; (that is to say,)
XV.
           3,297
                  5
                      0
                          Bahama Islands -
             600
                  0
                      0
                          Dominica
                          Upper Canada
          12,232
                  3
                      6
                      0
          13,140
                 0
                          Nova Scotia
                      0
          6,757 10
                          New Brunswick
                                                        For the Year 1823.
          3,520 15
                     0
                         Prince Edward Island
          15,222
                      0
                         New South Wales
                           3 S 2
```

Support, &c. of captured Negroes, Free American Settlers, &c. - - 22,650 0 0 For the Deficiency of the Fee Fund in the Department of His Majesty's Treasury 15,000 0 0 For ditto of the Home Secretary of State - - 20,538 0 0 For ditto of the Foreign Secretary of State - - 5 For ditto of the Secretary of State for the Colonies -

<b>6.</b> 16,086	0	0	For ditto of the Privy Council,
10 000	•	^	and Privy Council for Trade
10,000	0	0	For Contingent Expences and
			Messengers' Bills in the
			Department of the Trea-
10,996	0	0	For ditto of the Home Se-
•			cretary of State
39,026	0	0	For ditto of the Foreign Se-
			cretary of State
8,276	0	0	For ditto of the Secretaries of
٠			State for the Colonies -
3,277	0	0	For ditto of the Privy Council, For the Year 1823.
			and Privy Council for
	_	_	Trade
5,850	0	0	For Salaries of certain Officers,
			and Expences of the Court
			and Receipt of the Ex-
9,040	Λ	0	chequer
3,010	0	U	For Salaries to Commissioners of the Insolvent Debtors'
			Court, of their Clerks and
•			Contingent Expences of
			their Office
1,058	5	0	For Salaries or Allowances to
2,000		•	certain Professors in the
			Universities of Oxford and
			Cambridge for reading
			Courses of Lectures
15,446	0	0	For Expences of the Houses
			of Lords and Commons -
23,237	0	0	For Salaries and Allowances
			to the Officers of the
			Houses of Lords and Com-
	_	_	mons
4,800	O	O	For the Extraordinary Ex-
			pences in the Department
			of the Lord Chamberlain
			of His Majesty's House- hold, for Fittings and Fur-
			niture for the Two Houses
			of Parliament
50,000	0	0	For Foreign and other Secret
00,000	Ů	·	Services
10,147	13	11	For Expences for Printing in the Year 1823, by
			Order of the Commissioners for carrying into
			Execution the Measures recommended by the
•	•		House of Commons respecting the Records of
•	_	_	the Kingdom.
17,000	0	0	For Printing Acts of Parliament for the Two Houses

for Printing Acts of Parliament for the Two Houses of Parliament, for the Sheriffs, Clerks of the Peace and Chief Magistrates throughout the United Kingdom, and for the Acting Justices throughout Great Britain; also for Printing Bills, Re-3 S 3

<b>£. 3,5</b> 00	0	0	ports, Evidence and other Papers and Accounts for the House of Lords for the Year 1823. For Printing 1,750 Copies of the 78th Volume of
			Journals for the House of Commons for the Session 1823.
3,500	0	0	For Printing the Votes of the House of Commons for the Session 1823.
88	8	0	For Deficiency of Grant of the Year 1822, for Printing the Votes for the House of Common during the last Session of Parliament.
20,000	0	0	For Printing Bills, Reports and other Papers, by Order of the House of Commons during the present Session.
3,000	0	0	For Reprinting Journals and Reports of the House of Commons for the Year 1823.
16,1 <i>5</i> 0	0	0	For Relief in the Year 1823 of Toulones and Corsican Emigrants, Dutch Naval Officers, Saint Domingo Sufferers, and others who have beretofore received Allowances from His Majesty, to be paid without Fee, &c.
7,000	0	0	For Relief of American Loy- alists For the Year 1823.
3,306	10	0	For confining and maintaining and to be paid without Fee, &c.
6,796	8	10	For Allowances in the Year 1823 to Dissenting Ministers in England, Poor French Protestant Refugee Clergy, Poor French Protestant Refugee Laity, and sundry small Charitable and other Allowances to the Poor of Saint Mertin's in the Fields and others.
10,567	16	8	For paying in the Year 1823 Allowances or Compensations granted as retired Allowances or Superannuations to Persons formerly employed in Public Offices or Departments, or in the Public Service, as under 50 G. 3. c. 117. and 3 G. 4. c. 113. to be paid without Fee, &c.
499	18	3	For completing the Repairs of Henry VIIth's Chapel -
10,000	0	0	For Works carrying on at the College of Edinburgh -
12,847	0	0	For ditto now executing at  Port Patrick Harbour
25,000	0	0	Towards completing the For the Year 1823.  Works of the Calcdonian and to be paid without Fee, &c.
5,300	0	0	For building a Court for the Commissioners of the Insolvent Debtors
30,000	0	0	For building the New Courts of Justice in Westminster Hall
24,926	13	10	For the Civil and Military Establishments of the Settlements of the Gold Coast, from the 1st January to the 31st December 1823.

2. 5,214 17 0 For Salaries of Officers and Contingent Expences in the Office for the Superintendance of Aliens, and also the Superannuations or retired Allowances to Officers formerly employed in that Service, for the Year 1823.

For paying in the Year 1823 15,000 0 0 the Awards of the Commissioners established in London, in pursuance of 58 G.3. c. 85. for carrying into Effect a Convention between His late Majesty and His most faithful Majesty, to Claimants of Portuguese Vessels and Cargoes captured by British Cruisers, on account of the

4º GEO. IV.

unlawful Trading in Slaves To be paid without since the 1st June 1814 -Fee, &c.

18,700 0 0 For paying in the Year 1823 the Salaries and incidental Expences of the Commissioners appointed on the Part of His Majesty under the Treaties with Spain, Portugal and the Netherlands, for preventing the illegal Traffic in Slaves, in pursuance of 58 G. 3. cc. 36. 85., and 59 G.3. c. 16. for

into effect For defraying Bills drawn or 150,000 0 0 to be drawn from New South Wales

For Colonial Services, for-2,442 10 0 merly paid out of the Extraordinaries of the Army

For Compensation to the Com-**6.250 0 0** missioners for enquiring into the Collection and Management of the Revenue in Ireland, and the several Establishments con-

To be paid without Fee, &c.

For the Year 1823.

For the Institution called the 5,000 0 0 Refuge for the Destitute, for the Year 1823.

nected therewith

For the British Museum, for One Year ending 25th 8.766 0 0 March 1824, without Fee, &c. For providing for such Expences of a Civil Na-0 0

carrying the said Treaties

160.000 ture, as do not form a Part of the Ordinary Charges of the Civil List, for the Year 1823. For Buildings at the British Museum for the Re-40,000 0 0

3 S 4

ception of the Royal Library, &c. and for providing for the Officers of the Establishment of the said Library; but that it is expedient before any such Building shall be undertaken that a General Design, with Plans and Estimates, be prepared, under the Direction, and subject to the Approbation of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, of a suitable Edifice for the Reception of the several Collections of the British Museum, and that the Works which may from time to time become necessary shall be erected in conformity with such general Design: for the Year 1823, and to be paid without Fee, &c. €.2,000 To Captain Manby as a Reward for his Invention. to be paid without Fee, &c. For Works executing at Donaghadee Harbour, for 15,000 the Year 1823, to be paid without Fee, &c. For completing the Improvements on the Road 29,114 from London to Holyhead, in the Year 1823. to be paid without Fee, &c.
For Works at the Royal Harbour of George
the Fourth at King's Town (formerly Disleary), for the Year 1823. For completing Works at Holyhead Harbour in 1823, to be paid without Fee, &c. 2,350 2 10 For Deficiency of Grant of the last Session of Parliament for Printing 1750 Copies of the 77th Volume of the Journals of the House of Commons. For Stationery, Printing and Binding for certain 59,760 Public Departments, including Expence of the Establishment of the Stationery Office, for the Year 1823. 3 For Deficiency of Grant of last Session of Par-20,692 .8 liament for Printing Bills, Reports and other Papers by the Order of House of Commons during that Session of Parliament. For Printing 11,250 Copies of the 51st Volume 1,525 of Journals of the House of Peers in the Year 1823 7,652 15 For Deficiency of Grant of the last Session of 6} Parliament for Printing Acts of Parliament for the Two Houses of Parliament, for the Sheriffs, Clerks of the Peace and Chief Magistrates of the United Kingdom, and for the Acting Justices in Great Britain; also for Printing Bills, Reports, Evidence and other Papers and Accounts for the House of Lords. For the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in the North American Colonies. To facilitate Emigration from the South of Irrland

to the Canadas and the Cape of Good Hope.

British Currency	net		,,
[VII. £.16,107]		0	For the Board of Works in Ireland, for the Year 1823.
17,301	0	0	other Disbursements of the Chief and Under Secretaries' Offices and Departments, and other Public Offices in Dublin Castle, and other Places, and for Riding Charges and other Expences of the Deputy Pursuivants and Messengers attending the said nuary 1824.
er.			Offices, also superannuated   Allowances in the Chief
6,500	0	0	Secretary's Office   For publishing Proclamations   and other Matters of a Public Nature in the Dublin   Gazette, and other News-
<b>3,700</b>	0	0	papers
•			Edition of the Public General Acts of the pre-
	-		sent Session for the Use of the Lords, Bishops and other Public Officers, and 1500 Copies of a Quarto Edition for the Use of the Magistrates
24,000	0	. 0	of <i>Ireland</i> .  For Criminal Prosecutions, including the Apprehension of Offenders and other Law Expences in <i>Ireland</i> , for One Year ending the 5th Ja-
•			nuary 1824.
13,000	0	0	For Deficiency of Grant of the Year 1822 for Criminal Prosecutions in <i>Ireland</i> .
8,789	10	9‡	For supporting the Nonconforming Ministers in
4,034	15	5	Ireland, for One Year ending 5th January 1824.  For the Seceding Ministers from the Synod of Ulster in Ireland, for One Year ending 25th March 1824.
756	0	0	For the Protestant Dissenting Ministers in Ireland,
1,151	7	1	for One Year ending 5th January 1824. For Salaries of Lottery Officers in Ireland, for
4,000	0	0	One Year ending 24th June 1823. For Works at the Harbour
6,100	0	0	of Howth For the Directors and Officers
0,200	J		of Inland Navigation in <i>Ireland</i> , and for Maintenance of the several Navigations
27,000	0	0	For the Police and Watch Es- tablishments of the City of
1,6 <u>5</u> 1	10	0	Dublin For Salaries, &c. of the Commission of Enquiry into the
	•		•

ing the 5th Ja-

muary 1824.

3.000

15,000

1,600

0 0

XIX.

0 0

0 0

Land Revenue of the Crown in Ireland For Salaries, &c. of the Commissioners to enquire into >

Clerks and Ministers of Justice in all Temporal and Ecclesiastical Courts in

For One Year ending the 5th Jathe Duties, Salaries and nuary 1824. Emoluments of the Officers.

Ireland For Salaries, &c. of the Re-**3.500** 0 0 cord Commission in Ireland

For Retired Allowance to the Rev. Foster Arche. 904 12 3 late Inspector General of Prisons in Ireland, for Two Years ending the 24th December 1823.

For Building Churches and XVIII. 0 9,230 0 Glebe Houses, and purchasing Glebes in Ireland 19,938 23 For the Trustees of the Linen

and Hempen Manufactures of Ireland, to be by them applied in such manner as | For One Year endshall appear to them most

conducive to promote and encourage the said Manufactures 10,000 0 0 For Expence of Commission-

ers for making wide and convenient Streets in the City of Dublin For the Royal Irish Academy, for the Year 1825. For Civil Contingencies in Fre-

For the Protestant Charter 17,000 Schools of Ireland For the Society for promoting 14,000 0 ٥ the Education of the Poor in *Ireland* For the Foundling Hospital in 27,667 0 0 Dublin

land

For the House of Industry, 19,000 Asylum and Hospitals For the Richmond Lunatic 4,900 0 0 Asylum in *Dublin* For the Hibernian Society 7,500 0 for Soldiers' Children

For the Hibernian Marine

Society in Dublin 1,930 For the Female Orphan House in Dublin 2,680 For the Westmorland Lock Hospital in Dublin 2,800 0 0

Dublin

For the Lying-in Hospital in

For One Year end. ing 5th January 1824.

British Curre	ncy n	et.	
			For Doctor Steven's Hospital in Dublin
3,69	20	0	For the Fever Hospital and House of Recovery in Cork Street, Dublin
30	<b>x</b> 0	0	For the Hospital for Incurables in Dublin
8,92	8 0	0	For the Establishment of the Roman Catholic Seminary in Ireland
2,00	0 0	0	For the Royal Cork Institution
7,00	0 0	0	For the Royal Dublin Society
2,50	0 0	0	For the Farming Society of Ireland -
50	0 0	0	For Commissioners of Charit- able Donations and Be- quests
		_	

7,000 0 0 For enabling the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland to issue Money from time to time in Aid of Schools established by Voluntary Contributions.

8,385 0 0 For the Association incorporated for discountenancing Vice and promoting the Knowledge and Practice of the Christian Religion in Ireland, for One Year ending 5th January 1824.

Supplies to be applied only for the Purposes aforesaid, &c. XX.

XXI. Rules for Application of Half Pay.

Proviso for receiving Half Pay under any Act relating to the General or Local Militia, or the Yeomanry or Volunteers, &c.

Persons concerned in issuing, paying and receiving Money for the Payment of Half Pay not having taken the Oaths, indemnified. Half Pay to Officers of Manx Fencibles.

Ditto to Chaplains of Regiments in Possession of Ecclesiastical Bene-XXII.

XIII.

XIV. fices not derived from the Crown.

XXV. Application of Overplus of Sums appropriated to Half Pay Officers under 3 G. 4. c. 127.

# LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS.

#### DECLARED PUBLICK.

#### AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

- N.B. The Continuance of such of the following Acts as are Temporary will be known (where it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter at the End of the Title.
  - (a) For 21 Years, &c. [i.e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.

(b) For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.

(c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

The following are all Public Acts; to each of which is exnexed a Clause in the Form following:

- " And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed " and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken
- " Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others without
- " being specially pleaded."

#### Cap. i.

An Act for building a Bridge over the River Severa, at or near the Haw Passage, in the County of Gloucester, and for making convenient Roads thereto. (b) [19th March 1823.]

[Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

## Cap. ii.

3 G.A. c.26. extended to this Act.

An Act for building a Bridge over the River Severn, at or near to the Mythe Hill, within the Parish and near to the Town of Tewkesbury in the County of Gloucester, to the opposite Side of the said River, in the Parish of Bushley in the County of Horcester; and for making convenient Roads and Avenues to communicate with such Bridge, within the Counties of Gloucestr [24th March 1823] and Worcester. (a)

[Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

# Cap. iii.

An Act for Lighting, Cleansing, Watching and otherwise improving the Town and Borough of Darlington, in the County of Dar. [24th March 1823.] ham.

### Cap. iv.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers and Provisions of an Powers of Act of His late Majesty King George the Third, for the Im- 22G.3 c.85. provement of Portman Square, within the Parish of Saint Mary-le-bone, in the County of Middlesex. [24th March 1823.]

#### Cap. v.

An Act for Lighting with Gas the Town and Borough of Plymouth, and Places adjacent, in the County of Devon.

[24th March 1823.]

#### - Cap. vi.

An Act for more effectually amending, improving and keeping in 2G.s. c.4s. Repair, several Roads in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, 17G.3. c.79. leading to the Borough of Saltash, in the County of Cornwall. (a) 42G.3. c.17. repealed, § 1. [24th March 1823.] Powers of

5G.4. c.126, extended to this Act, § 2.

## Cap. vii.

An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act passed in the Third Year SG.4. c. lavi. of the Reign of His present Majesty, for more effectually improving the Roads leading from the East Side of Lincoln Heath to the City of Peterborough, and several other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Northampton and Lincoln; and for making a new Branch of Road to communicate with the said Roads, from Bourn to Spalding in the said County of Lincoln. (c) [24th March 1823.]

#### Cap. viii.

An Act for repairing and amending the Road from the City of 27G.2. c.23. Peterborough through Oundle and Thrapston to Wellingborough, 13G.3. c.91.
in the County of Northampton, and several other Roads near or adjoining thereto. (a) [26th March 1823.] c.xiv. repealed.

Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

## Cap. ix.

An Act for building a Bridge and making a Causeway from Langstone in the Parish of Havant, in the County of Southampton, to Hayling Island in the Parish of Hayling North, in the said County, at or near a certain House there, called The Ferry House; and for forming and making proper Roads, Approaches or Avenues thereto. [2d May 1823.]

#### Cap. x.

An Act for erecting a Bridge over the Water of Lary, from 52G.3. c. l. Pomphlet Point, to or near to Great Prince Rock, in the County Seec. cix. post. [2d May 1823.] of Devon.

[Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

#### Cap. xi.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a new Court Room, Record Rooms and other Offices, for the County of Forfar. [2d May 1823.]

## Cap. zii.

17G.S. c.97. 42G.S. c. iz. repealed. Powers of 3G.4, c.126.

An Act for more effectually making, repairing and improving the Roads from Union Point near Uckfield to the See House in Eastbourne, and from Horsebridge to Cross in Hand, all in the County of Sussex. (a) [2d May 1823.]

extended to this Act, § 2.

# Cap. xiii.

24G.2, c. 90. 22G.3. c.88, 48G.S. c.54.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Preston to Garstang in the County of Lancaster. (a) [2d May 1823.] repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act, § 2.

Cap. xiv.

'Powers of SG.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Street to Bisley, in the County of Gloucester. (b) [2d May 1823.]

## Cap. xv.

\$1 G. 2. c.75. 20G.S. c.90. 41 G.s. U.K. C. XCV. 42G.S. c. lii. repealed. Powers of 3 G.4. c. 126. extended to this Act, § 2,

An Act for repairing and improving the Roads from the Town of Stockbridge to the City of Winchester, and from the said City of Winchester to the Top of Stephen's Castle Down, near the Town of Bishop's Waltham, in the County of Southampton, and free the said City of Winchester through Otterborne to Bar Gate, is the Town and County of the Town of Southampton, and certain Roads adjoining thereto. (a) [2d May 1828]

# Cap. xvi.

Powers of 5 G.4. c.196. extended to this Act.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from and out of the Road leading from Quebec in Leeds, to Homefield Lane End in Wortley, to communicate with the Road leading from Huddersfield to Birstall, at Smithie's Lane, in the West Riding of the County of York. (b) [2d May 1823.]

# Cap. xvii.

5 G.S. c.69. 24 G.3. Sess. 1. c. 26. 27 G.S. c.74. 48G.S. c. lxvi.

An Act for more effectually making and repairing the Roads between Newton Abbott and Brixham, Kingswear and Dartmouth, Shaldon and Torquay, and several other Roads communicating therewith, in the County of Devon. (b) [2d May 1823] 49G.S. c. lvi. all repealed. See 2G.4. c. lxxix. Powers of 3G.4. c. 126. extended to this Act

## Cap. xviii.

[60,000l.] 57 G.3. c. lvi. An Act to enable the Edinburgh and Glasgow Union Canal Conpany to borrow a further Sum of Money. [12th May 1823.] 59G.3. c. xxix. 1 & 2G.4. c. cxxii. all continued.

# Cap. xix.

8G.1. c.11. repealed.

An Act for the Improvement, more effectual Security and Maintenance of the Harbour of Bridport in the County of Dorses. [12th May 1823]

[ Vessels in His Majesty's Service, &c. exempt from Duties.]

#### Cap. xx.

3G. 4. c. xxii. amended and in part reAn Act for amending an Act of the Third Year of His present Majesty, for continuing and altering Six former Acts of their

late Majesties King George the Second and King George the pealed. Third, for enlarging the Piers and Harbour of Scarborough, in 56.2 c. 11. of Scarborougn, in 25G.2. c.44. [12th May 1823.] 3G.3. c.42. the County of York.

18G.3. c. 20. 41G.3. U.K. c. lxix. 46 G.3. c. xxxiii. regited.

Cap. xxi.

In Act for appointing Select Vestrymen, Governors and Direc- 18G.3. c.53. tors of the Poor of the Parish of Saint Matthew Bethnal Green, in the County of Middleson and for altering and amending in the County of Middlesex; and for altering and amending part repealed. Two Acts passed in the Thirteenth and Fifty third Years of His late Majesty King George the Third, relating to the same. [ 12th May 1823.]

Cap. xxn.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from the 41G.3. U.K. Bolton and Blackburn Road in Sharples, to the Blackburn and c. exxiii. Preston Road in Hoghton, in the County of Lancaster, called the Powers of Sharples and Hoghton Turnpike Road. (b) [12th May 1823.] SG.4. c. 126.

extended to this

Cap. xxiii.

An Act for more effectually amending, improving and keeping in 26G.2. c.49. Repair the Road between the Towns of Cockermouth and Wer- 19G.3. c. 105. [12th May 1823.] 41 G.S. U.K. c. xx. repealed. kington, in the County of Cumberland. (b) Powers of 3G.4. c. 126. extended to this Act.

Cap. xxiv.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road 24G.2. c.30. from the Town of Garstang to the Town of Lancaster, and from 43G.3. c. thence to a Place called Heiring Syke, and the Road from the repealed.

Guide Post in the Township of Slyne with Hest to Hest Bank, Powers of all in the County Palatine of Lancaster. (a) [12th May 1823.]

3G.4. c.126. extended to this AcL

[New Trustees.]

Cap. xxv.

An Act for more effectually amending, widening and keeping in soc.2. c.se. Repair several Roads in and near to the Town of Tenbury, in 22G.3. c. 105. the Counties of Salop, Worcester and Hereford, and the Roads Powers of leading from the Knowle Gate to the Turnpike Road on the 3G.4. c.126. Clee Hill, and from Kyre Mill to the Turnpike Road leading extended to [12th May 1823.] this Act. from Bromyard to Tenbury. (a)

[New Trustees.]

Cap. xxvi.

An Act for continuing the Term and Powers of an Act passed in 42G.3. c. lv. the Forty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King continued. George the Third, for repealing an Act for repairing the Highways and Bridges in the County of Wigtown, and for other Pur-[12th May 1823.] poses in the said Act mentioned. (c)

[Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

▲.D.1823.

#### Cap. xxvii.

42G.S. c. lxii, repealed.
Powers of SG.4. c. 196. extended to this Act.

An Act for amending the Road from Offington Corner in the Parishes of Broadwater and West Tarring, or one of them, in the County of Sussex, by Findon, Washington Hill Rock, and Ashington Common, to Dial Post, and from thence by Nep Castle, to the Steyning Turnpike Road at West Grinsted Park in the said County; and for making a new Branch of Road to communicate therewith. (b)

[12th May 1823.]

#### [New Trustees.]

# Cap. xxviii.

35G.2. c.39. 21G.3. c.81. 42G.S. c. vii. repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from the Turnpike Road near the West End of the Town of Chesterfield to Matlock Bridge; and also the Road leading out of the said Road over Darley Bridge to Cross Green; and also the Road leading out of the last mentioned Road to the Turnpike Road near Rowesley Bridge, all in the County of Derby. (b)

[12th May 1823.]

#### [New Trustees.]

#### . Cap. xxix.

20G.S. c.98.
42G.S. c.iii.
in part repealed.
Powers of
3G.4. c.126.
extended to
this Act.

An Act for amending the Road from the Devizes Turnpike Road, at or near Somerham Brook, through Melksham, to the Horn and Jockey in the Parish of Box, in the County of Wills, and certain other Roads leading out of the said Road, all in the said County. (b)

[12th May 1823.]

#### [New Trustees.]

#### Cap. xxx.

19G.3. c.119. 51G.3. c.129. 56G.3. c. xlix. repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to

this Act.

An Act for improving the Roads from Darlaston Bridge, through
Newcastle under Lyme, to Butt Lane and Linley Lane, and from
the Black Lion to Shelton Wharf, all in the County of Sufford. (b)

[12th May 1823.]

#### [New Trustees.]

#### Cap. xxxi.

28G.2. c.60. 21G.3. c.95. 42G.3. c.xxvi. repealed as reAn Act for repairing and improving the Road from Otley to Storton in the County of York. (a) [12th May 1893]

## [New Trustees.]

lates to the Road from Otley to Skipton. Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

#### Cap. xxxii.

9G.3. c.84. 19G.3. c.42. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of the Ninth and Nineteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Third, for building and completing a Bridge at Wortester over the River Severn, and for opening convenient Avenus thereto.

[23d May 1823]

[Additional Trustees. Former Tolls to cease, and reduced over granted. Royal Family exempt from Toll.]

# Cap. xxxiii.

An Act to enable the Stockton and Darlington Railway Company 1&2 G.4. to vary and alter the Line of their Railway, and also the Line c. xliv. or Lines of some of the Branches therefrom, and to make an additional Branch therefrom, and for altering and enlarging the Powers of the Act passed for making and maintaining the said [23d May 1823.] Railway.

#### Cap. xxxiv.

An Act to alter and amend Two several Acts passed in the 28G.2. c.23. Twenty eighth and Thirtieth Years of His Majesty King George 30G.2. c.31. the Second, for the Purpose of enabling the Churchwardens, Overseers and Inhabitants of the Parish of Saint Saviour in the Borough of Southwark in the County of Surrey, to hold a Market within the said Parish. [23d May 1823.]

## Cap. xxxv.

An Act for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing and improving the Town of Knaresbrough in the West Riding of the County of York, and that Part of the Township of Scriven with Tentergate which adjoins the said Town, and is called Tentergate. [23d May 1823.]

## Cap. xxxvi.

An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Rochdale, and the Neighbourhood thereof, within the Parish of Rochdale in the County Palatine of Lancaster. [23d May 1823.]

#### Cap. xxxvii.

An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Belfast, and the Suburbs 406.9. (I.) [23d May 1823.] thereof.

56G.3. c. lvii. recited,

#### Cap. xxxviii.

An Act for establishing an additional Company for lighting the 47G.3. Sess. 2. [23d May 1823.] c. cix. recited. City and Suburbs of Dublin with Gas.

## Cap. xxxix.

An Act for lighting with Oil Gas the Town of Liverpool and 26G.3. c.12. [23d May 1828.] 390.5. c. lxxi. 39G.3. c.xxxvi. certain Places adjacent thereto. 50G.S. c. clxv. 58G.S. c. cxxii. 58G.S. c. lxvi. 3G.4. c. lxxvii. recited as to Proprietors of Liverpool Canal and Water Works, § 87.

#### Cap. xl.

An Act for lighting with Gas the public Streets, Lanes, Passages and Places, and the Houses, Warehouses and other Buildings, within the King's Town and Parish of Maidstone in the County of Kent. [23d *May* 1823.]

#### Cap. xli.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Alfreton in 42G.s. c.8s. the County of *Derby* to the Town of *Derby*. (b)

[23d May 1823.] [New Trustees.]

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SG.4. c 126. extended to this Act.

# Cap. xlii.

Powers of 3G.4. c.196. extended to this Act.

C. xlii.—xlviii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Horsham in the County of Sussex, by Bewbush, to the Town of Crawley in the said County. (b) [23d May 1823.]

# Cap. xliii.

Powers of 5G.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Turnpike Road between the Town of Mold in the County of Flint, and the Town of Wrexham in the County of Denbigh, to the Turnpike Road between the Town of Ruthin in the said County of Denbigh, and the Town of Wrexham aforesaid, and also Two several Branches of Road therefrom. (s)

**[23d May** 1823.]

## Cap. xliv.

Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Est Teignmouth, through Dawlish, Starcross and Kenton, to conmunicate with the Exeter Turnpike Road in the Parish of Exminster, all in the County of Devon. (b) [23d May 1825]

## Cap. xlv.

22G.3. c. 105. 42G.S.c.xxxix. repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

An Act for more effectually amending the Road from Winds in the County of Denbigh, to Barnhill in the County of Chester. and for making and keeping in Repair the Road branching of of the said Road at Pull-y-rhwyd to the Borough of Holi in the said County of Denbigh. (b) [23d May 182]

#### Cap. xlvi.

41 G.3. U.K. c.viii. repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c. 126. extended to this Act.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from the Botley Turnpike Road on Curdridge Common in the Parish of Bishops Waltham, to the Gosport Turnpike Road at or near Filmer Hill in the Parish of Westmeon, with a Branch from the said Road on Corhampton Down, to the Village of Corhampton. all in the County of Southampton. (a) [23d May 1823.]

[New Trustees.]

## Cap. xlvii.

44G.S. c. xxv. repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c, 126. extended to this Act.

An Act for repairing and improving divers Roads in the Counties of Stafford and Salop, comprised in Three Districts, called the Eccleshall, Newport and Watling Street District, the New castle and Eccleshall District, and the Hilton and Honnington. Г23d May 1825.

# [New Trustees.]

#### Cap. xlviii.

28G.2. c.50. 21G.5. c.96. 43G.3. c. l. repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

An Act for more effectually repairing, widening and improve-the Roads from the West End of Toller Lane near Brain through Haworth to Blue Bell near Colne, and from the In-Laws to Kighley, in the Counties of York and Lancaster. (a) [23d May 1824]

#### [New Trustees.]

.D. 1823.

#### Cap. xlix.

n Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Yorkshire See 57G.3. District of the Road from Keighley in the West Riding of the c. xvii. § 17. moreland, and for making several Diversions therefrom, within \$17. County of York to Kirkby in Kendal in the County of West- 59G.3. c.xviii. the said West Riding of the County of York. (a) 18G.S.c.113. [23d May 1823.] soG.s. c.99.

[New Trustees.]

repealed.

Powers of SG.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

## Cap. 1.

n Act for repairing the Road from Sage Cross in the Town of 20G.s. c.95.

Melton Mowbray, in the County of Leicester, to the Town of 41G.3.U.K. c.lxxvii, re-Grantham, in the County of Lincoln. (a) [23d May 1823.] pealed. [New Trustees.] Powers of

# Cap. li.

n Act for improving and maintaining in repair divers Roads in 32G.2. c.60. the County of Stafford, leading from Newcastle under Lyme to SG.3. c. 57. Blyth Marsh, from Cliff Bank to Snape Marsh, from Lower 186.3. c. 109. Lane to Hem Heath, and from Shelton to Newcastle under repealed. [23d May 1823.] Powers of Lyme. (b)

3 G.4. c.126. extended to

# [New Trustees.]

# Cap. lii.

n Act for more effectually making, repairing and improving cer- 1G.3. c.25. tain Roads leading to and from Liskeard, and certain other 10G.3. c.87. Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Cornwall and 41G.3. U.K. [29d May 1823.] C. Man. Powers of Devon. (a)

[New Trustees.]

8G.4. c.126

extended to this Act.

this Act.

#### Cap. liii.

n Act for making, amending, widening and keeping in repair 49G.s. c.xxiii. certain Roads passing through or near the Town of *Ilminster*, repealed. in the County of Somerset. (a)

[23d May 1823.]

3G.4. c.126. extended to

this Act.

[New Trustees.]

# Cap. liv.

Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Wibsey Powers of Low Moor, near Bradford, through Brighouse to Huddersfield, 3G.4. c.126. with Three Diversions or Branches from such Road, in the West extended to Riding of the County of York. (a) [23d May 1823.]

[New Trustees.]

## Cap. lv.

Act for more effectually amending the Roads from the Little 5G.3. c. 101. Bridge over the End of the Drain next Wisbeach River, lying 26G.3. c.127. hetween Roper's Fields and the Bell Inn in Wisbeach in the lsle of Ely, to the West End of Long Bridge in South Lynn, in Powers of

the 3G.4. c. 126.

extended to this Act. See 35G.3. c.77. § 41. 36G.3. c.33. 45G. S. c lxxii, 56G.3.

c. XXXVIII.

the Borough of King's Lynn, in the County of Norfolk; and for amending, improving and keeping in Repair certain other Roads therein mentioned, in the said County of Norfolk. (b) [23d May 1823.]

[New Trustees.]

58G.3. c. alviii. 59G.3. c. lxxix. 1 & 2 G.3. c. lxiv.

C. lv.-lxi.

Cap. lvi.

continued. 3G. 4. c. 126. recited.

41 G.S. c. cxvii. An Act for continuing the Term and Powers of an Act of His late Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Road from the North End of Bridg ford Lane, in the County of Nottingham, to the Bowling Green at Kettering, in the County of Northampton. (b) [23d May 1828.]

[New Trustees.]

Cap. lvii.

· 43 G.3. c. xvii. repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the City of Canterbury to the Dover Turnpike Road, in the Parish of Barham in the County of Kent; and for lighting, watering and watching Part of the said Road, leading into the said City of Canterbury. (b) [23d May 1825.]

[New Trustees.]

Cap. lviii.

Powers of 3G.4. c. 126. extended to this Act.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from Holehouse or Riding, near Greenfield in Saddleworth to join the Stayley Turnpike Road, and also to join the Halifus and Sheffield Turnpike Road, all in the West Riding of the County [23d May 1893.] of *York*. (b)

Cap. lix.

32G, 2, c, 60. SG 3. c.57. 18 G 3. c.109. 42 G. 3. c. xcviii. in part repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c.126.

extended to

this Act.

repealed.

An Act for more effectually amending and keeping in repair the Roads from the Town of Uttoxeter to the Town of Newcastle under Lyme in the County of Stafford, so far as relates to the Uttoxeter District of the said Roads; and for making certain new Pieces of Road to communicate therewith, all in the said [23d May 1823.] County of Stafford. (b)

[New Trustees.]

Cap. lx.

2 G.S. c.54. 24 G.3. sess.1. €.28. 45G.S.c.xxxvi. An Act for repairing and amending the Road from Castle Street at the End of the Town of Hinckley in the County of Leicester. to the End of the Town of Lutterworth in the same County.]ici [23d May 1825]

[New Trustees.]

Powers of SG. 4. c. 126. extended to this Act.

Cap. lxi.

An Act for repairing and amending the Road from the Town 28G.2. c.40. of Market Harborough in the County of Leicester to the City of 19G.3. c.82. 44 G.S. c.lxvi. [23d May 1823.] Coventry. (a) repealed.

Powers of [New Trustees.] 3G.4.c.126. exvended to this Act.

## Cap. lxii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads from Dyed Way 1G.S. c.29. to Somerton, and from Gawbridge to Tintinhull Fords, and from 23 G.S. c.96. a Stream of Water called Ford to Cartgate in Martock, and 49G.3. c.xxvi. other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of Somerset. (b)

repealed. Powers of [23d May 1823.] 3 G. 4. c.126.

[New Trustees.]

extended to this Act.

# Cap. lxiii.

An Act for repairing and widening the Road from Rugby in the 41G s. U.K. County of Warwick, to the Turnpike Road from Lutterworth to Market Harborough in the Counties of Leicester and North-Powers of ampton. (a) [23d May 1823.] Powers of 3 G. 4. c.126.

[New Trustees.]

extended to this Act.

## Cap. lxiv.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road 2G.3. c.63. from the South End of Sparrows Herne on Bushey Heath, 43 G.3. through the Market Towns of Watford, Berkhamsted Saint c.xxxix. re-Peter, and Tring, in the County of Hertford, by Pettipher's pealed. Elms, to the Turnpike Road at Walton, near Aylesbury, in Powers of [23d May 1823.] 3 G. 4. c. 126. the County of Buckingham. (b)

extended to this

Act.

23G.3. c.93.

[New Trustees.]

## Cap. lxv.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads from Staple- 41G.3. U.K. cross to Hornscross, and from Hornscross to the Turnpike Road c.l. repealed. near Brickwall House in the Parish of Northiam, and from S.G.4.c.1 Hornscross to the Turnpike Road near the Windmill in the extended to this Parish of Beckley, and from Staplecross to Bodiam Bridge, and Act. to the Turnpike Road at Silver Hill, all in the County of Sussex. (a) [23d May 1823.]

3 G. 4. c. 126.

[New Trustees.]

## Cap. lxvi.

An Act for repairing and maintaining the Roads from Barnsley 32G.2. c.70. Common to Grange Moor and White Cross; and from the Guide
Post in Barugh over Barugh Brook into the Township of Cawthorne all in the County of Veels (1)

18G.3. c. 96.
12 G.S. c. xxi.
18 G.S. c. xxi.
18 G.S. c. xxi.
18 G.S. c. xxi.
18 G.S. c. xxi.
18 G.S. c. xxi.
18 G.S. c. xxi.
18 G.S. c. xxi.
18 G.S. c. xxi. thorne, all in the County of York. (b) [23d May 1823.] Powers of

[New Trustees.]

SG. 4. c. 126. extended to this Act.

## Cap. lxvii.

An Act for more effectually amending, repairing and keeping in 27 G.3. c.31. repair the Road from the Toll Gate in the Parish of Kettering, 13 G.3. c.87. through Wellingborough in the County of Northampton, and 21 G.3. c. 103. through Olney, over Sherrington Bridge, to Newport Pagnell in 42G.3. the County of Buckingham. (a) [23d May 1823.] [New Trustees.]

pealed. Powers of 3 G. 4.

c. 126. extended to this Act.

#### Cap. lxviii.

[60001.] Powers of 57 G.3. c.lxxii. extended.

An Act for raising a further Sum of Money for carrying into Execution an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for rebuilding the Church and improving the Churchyard of the Parish of Saint Paul Shadwell in the County of Middlesex; and for amending the said Act. [S0th May 1823.]

[ Additional Trustees. ]

## Cap. lxix.

10G.5. c.22. 11 G.S. c. 13. 20 G.s. c.21. repealed.

An Act for better supplying the City of Worcester and the Liberties thereof with Water; and for more effectually paving, lighting, watching and otherwise improving the said City. [30th May 1823.]

## Cap. lxx.

recited.

26G.2. c.100. An Act for lighting and watching the Parish and Town of Green wich in the County of Kent, and removing and preventing Nuisances therein. [30th May 1823]

# Cap. lxxi.

48G.3. c.xlii. repealed.

An Act for regulating the Police of the Barony of Gorbals in the County of Lanark; paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets: erecting a Bridewell; and other Purposes relating thereto. [30th May 1823.]

[Continuance of Act as to levying Assessments, appointing Officers, &c. Fourteen Years from the Passing thereof. Other Perts of the Act to be perpetual.]

#### Cap. lxxii.

See 46G.S. C. CXVI.

An Act for lighting the Town and Burgh of Paisley, and Suburbs and Places adjacent, with Gas, and for other Purposes relating [SOth May 1823.] thereto.

#### Cap. lxxiii.

See 47 G.S. sess. 2. c.cxi. An Act for lighting with Gas the Town of Woolwich in the County of Kent. [30th May 1823.]

## Cap. lxxiv.

An Act for lighting with Gas the City of York, and the Suburbs and Vicinity thereof. [30th May 1823.]

#### Cap. lxxv.

in part repealed.

55G.S.c. lxxvi. An Act for lighting, watching and cleansing the Grange Road, continued and and other Parts of the Parish of Saint Mary Magdales, Bamondsey, in the County of Surrey. [30th May 1823]

## Cap. lxxvi.

41 G.s. U.K. c. cxxviii.

An Act for explaining, amending and rendering more effectual an Act of His late Majesty, for draining certain Commons and Fens lying between the Rivers Glen and Welland, in the County of Lincoln, and for increasing the Rates thereby authorized, and imposing additional Rates for more effectually draining the said Lands. [30th May 1823.]

#### Cap. lxxvii.

In Act for more effectually repairing the Wadsley and Langset 45G.3. c.cvii. Turnpike Road, and extending the same in Two Lines to join repealed. the Huddersfield and Woodhead Turnpike Road, in the Townships of Upperthong and Honley in the West Riding of the
County of York. (a)

Rowers of
3 G.4. c.126.
extended to this
Act.

#### [New Trustees.]

# Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the 1G.3. c. 32. Powers of Three Acts, passed in the First, Twenty first and 21G.3. c. 78. Forty second Years of the Reign of His late Majesty, for amending and widening the Road leading from the Town of Falmouth repealed. Powers of in the County of Cornwall, through the Towns of Penryn, Hels3G.4. c.126. ton and Marazion, and from thence to and over Marazion River extended to this and Bridge, and Two hundred Feet to the Westward of the said Act. River and Bridge. (b) [30th May 1823.]

## [New Trustees.]

#### Cap. lxxix.

An Act for better and more effectually improving and keeping in 43G.s. c.cxi.

Repair the Road leading from the Town of Kingston-upon-repealed.

Thames in the County of Surrey, to a Place called Sheetbridge, near Petersfield, in the County of Southampton. (a)

SG.4. c.126.

\*\*Remaid to the county of Southampton. (b) [30th May 1823.] Act.

extended to this

## [New Trustees.]

### Cap. lxxx.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from Norwich to Powers of [30th May 1823.] 3G.4. c.126. Fakenham in the County of Norfolk. (a)

extended to this Act.

## Cap. lxxxi.

An Act for amending and keeping in repair the Roads from Dover 26G.2. c.68. to Barham Downs, and from Dover to the Town of Folkestone, 4G.3. c.78. and from thence through the Parish of Folkestone to Sandgate 41 G.S. U. K. [30th May 1823.] in the County of Kent. (b)

c. xlv. all repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c. 126.

[ New Trustees.]

extended to this Act.

Act.

## Cap. lxxxii.

An Act for improving and keeping in repair the Road from Tar- 22G.s. c. 106. porley in the County Palatine of Chester to the South East End 29G.3. c.99. of Acton Forge near Weverham in the same County. (b)

both repealed, Powers of [30th May 1823.] 3G. 4. c.126. extended to this

[New Trustees.] 8 T 4

Act.

in part repeal-

28G.2. c.45. 16G.S. c.70.

42G.S. c. xxiii. all repealed.

SG. 4. c.126.

extended to this Act.

See 6G.3. c.96.

10G.S. c. 102.

15G.3. c. 20.

16G.S. c.32.

23G.3. c.33.

37G. 3 c. 36. 37G.3. c. 81.

42G. 3. c. xxv.

49G.S. c.lxxiii.

Powers of

#### Cap. lxxxiii.

2 G.S. c. 61. An Act for amending and maintaining the Roads from the North 23G.3. c.109. Gate of the City of Winchester, over Worthy Cow Down, through 44G.S. c.xvii. Whitchurch and other Places, to Newtown River, and from all repealed. Worthy Cow Down aforesaid, through Wherwell, to Andorer in Powers of S G. 4. c. 126. extended to this the County of Southampton. (b) **50th May 1823.**]

[New Trustees.]

# Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for more effectually repairing, amending and improving 22G.2. c.31. certain Roads in the several Parishes of Saint Mary Magdalen 7G.S. c.64. Bermondsey and Saint Mary at Rotherhithe in the County of 31 G.S. c. 110. 38G.S. c. xxv. Surrey, and Saint Paul Deptford and Saint Nicholas Deptford 43G.3.c.cxxxii. in the County of Kent. (a) [30th May 1823.] 55G.S. c.lxxvi.

[New Trustees.]

ed. Powers of SG.4, c. 126. extended to this Act.

#### Cap. lxxxv.

42G. S. c.laiv. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the South repealed. End of Brown's Lane in the Parish of Great Staughton in the Powers of County of Huntingdon to the Bedford Turnpike Road in the 3 G. 4. c. 196. Parish of Lavendon in the County of Buckingham. (a) extended to this [30th *May* 1823.] Act.

[New Trustees.]

## Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act for repairing, widening and maintaining the Road leading from Horsham in the County of Sussex, through Dorling and Leatherhead, to Epsom in the County of Surrey, and from Cape to Stone Street at Ockley in the said County of Surrey. (b) [30th May 1823.]

[New Trustees.]

# Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Navigation from the Trent to the Mersey to make an additional Tunnel through Harecastle Hill, in the County of Stafford, and an additional Reservoir in Knypersley Valley in the said County; and to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts for making and maintaining the said Navigation, and the several Canals connected therewith. [17th June 1823.]

#### Cap. lxxxviii.

See 59 G. S. An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament for c.cxiii. erecting and maintaining Ferries across the River Tay in the 3G. 4. c.lxxxvi. Counties of Fife and Forfar. [17th June 1823.]

#### Cap. lxxxix.

An Act to repeal an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His 54 G.S. c. czi. repealed. late Majesty, for building a new Church within the Town and Parish

Parish of Liverpool in the County Palatine of Lancaster; to vest the said Church and the Ground thereunto belonging in the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgesses of the Town of Liverpool; to authorize the Purchase of Land in the said Town to be appropriated to the Use of Public Cemeteries; and to restrict the Burial of Corpses in the present Cemeteries of the Parish Church and Parochial Chapel there. [17th June 1823.]

#### Cap. xc.

An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching and improving 2G.3. c.40. the Township of *Halifax*, and for supplying the same with Water. [17th June 1823.]

both repealed.

# Cap. xci.

An Act for repairing, maintaining and improving the Highways 43G.3. c. cxxii. and other public Places in the Parish of Saint Mary Magdalen in part repealed. [17th June 1823.] Bermondsey in the County of Surrey.

#### Cap. xcii.

An Act for improving, paving, lighting, cleansing and watching the Town of Mansfield in the County of Nottingham.

[17th June 1823.]

## Cap. xciii.

An Act for better supplying with Water the Town of Skipton in the West Riding of the County of York. [17th June 1823.]

## Cap. xciv.

An Act for the Erection of a Bridge across the River Shannon, and of a Floating Dock to accommodate sharp Vessels frequenting the Port of Limerick. [17th June 1823.]

## Cap. xcv.

An Act to alter, amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act of 1 & 2 G.4.

His present Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to establish an additional Company for lighting certain Parts of the Metropolis [17th June 1823.] and Parts adjacent with Gas.

## Cap. xcvi.

An Act to establish a Company for lighting with Gas the Town of See 54G.3. [17th June 1823.] c. excili. Northampton.

#### . Cap. xcvii.

An Act to amend and explain the Powers of an Act of His late Majesty, for lighting with Gas the Town of Brighthelmstone, and 58G.S. c. lxxvii. to raise a further Sum of Money for carrying the Purposes of inpartrepealed. the said Act into Execution. [17th June 1823.]

[15,000l.]

# Cap. xcviii.

An Act for lighting with Gas the several Parishes of Saint Botolph See 29G.2. Aldgate and Saint Paul Shadwell, and certain Parts of the Parishes 11G.3.c.21.

of 17G.3.c.22.

22G. 3, c. 86. 23G.3. c.32. 42 G.3. c.ci. 44 G.3.

of Saint George in the East, otherwise Saint George Middless and Saint John of Wapping, and of the Hamlets of Mile end Old Town and Ratcliff in the County of Middleses.

[ 17th June 1823.]

C. XXXVII 47G.3. Sees. 2. c.xxxviii. 50G.3. c. ocviii. 57G.3. c. xxix.

C. xcviii.—cv.

# Cap. xcix.

See 1 G.4. c.lv. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Dublin Gas Works to raise more Money for the further lighting the City [17th June 1825.] and Suburbs of Dublin with Gas.

#### Cap. c.

An Act for lighting the Town of Mansfield, in the County of [17th June 1823.] Nottingham, with Gas.

# Cap. ci.

An Act to establish a Company for lighting the Borough of Starford in the County of Lincoln, and Saint Martin's Stamford Baron in the County of Northampton, with Gas.

[17th June 1823.]

## Cap. cii.

An Act for lighting with Oil Gas the City of Bristol and the Parish of Clifton in the County of Gloucester, and certain Parishes [17th June 1823.] adjacent thereto.

#### Cap. ciii.

47 G.S. c.lxxxüi. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for repealing several Acts therein mentioned. for draining certain Fen Lands in the Isle of Ely and Countes of Suffulk and Norfolk, near Mildenhall River, so far as relates to the Lands in the First District therein described, and for making better Provision for draining and preserving the said [17th Jane 1893.] Lands.

#### Cap. civ.

33G.2. c.36. 22G.S. c.xcii. 43G.3. c.lxv. all repealed.

Powers of

An Act for amending and improving the Roads leading to the Town of Oakhampton in the County of Devon. (b)

[17th June 1823]

[New Trustees.]

3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

#### Cap. cv.

42 G.S. C.XXXVIII. FGpealed. Powers of 3G. 4. c.126. extended to this Act.

An Act for amending, improving and keeping in Repair the Road leading from the Turnpike Road in the Horse Fair in the Town of Banbury in the County of Oxford, through Sandcliffe in the said County of Oxford, and through Brailes in the County of Warwick, to the Bridge crossing the River Stour in the Parish of Barcheston in the said County of Warwick (b) [17th June 1823.]

[New Trustees.]

### Cap. cvi.

n Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Roads 25G.3. c.124. leading from Whitechapel Church in the County of Middlesex, 43G.3. c.lxvi. unto Passing ford Bridge, and through and to the End of the several Parishes or Places of Shenfield and Woodford in the S.4. c.126. County of Essex, and for other Purposes relating thereto. (b) [17th June 1823.] Act.

extended to this

## [New Trustees.]

# Cap. cvii.

In Act for amending the Road leading from the New Wall on 44 G.S. c.xlix. the Parade, in Castleton in the Parish of Rochdale, through S G.4. c. 126. Middleton, to the Meer Stone in Great Heaton, and to the Town extended to this of Manchester, all in the County Palatine of Lancaster; and Act. for diverting certain Parts of the said Road. (b)

[17th June 1823.]

#### [New Trustees.]

#### Cap. cviii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from 5 G.1. c.2. Pr. Beaconsfield in the County of Buckingham to Stoken Church in 9 G.2. c.11. [17th June 1823.] 99G.2. c.37. the County of Oxford. (a)

[New Trustees.] 34G.3. c.142. all repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to this Act.

# Cap. cix.

An Act for more effectually making and maintaining the Road 32G.2.c.68. from Modbury, through the Town of Plympton, to the North 21G.3. c.84. End of Lincotta Lane, and from Modbury to within Four hundred Yards of the Bridge over the Lary, and also a Road from Powers of Addistone Hill in the Parish of Holbeten, to the Totness Road 3G.4. c.126. at Lady Down in the Parish of Ugborough in the County of extended to this Devon. (a) [17th June 1823.] Act.

[Additional Trustees.]

#### Cap. cx.

An Act for repairing and improving the Road leading from Skipton 28G.2. c.60. in the County of York to Colne in the County of Lancaster. (b) 21G.3. c.95. y of Lancaster. (b) 42G.3. c.xxvi, [17th June 1823.] all in part re-

[New Trustees.]

pealed. Powers of 3 G. 4. c.126. extended to this Act.

#### Cap. cxi.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Wansford 1G.4. c.xxii. Bridge in the County of Northampton to Stamford, and from repealed. Stamford to Bourn in the County of Lincoln. (b) 3G.4. c.126. [17th June 1823.] extended to this [New Trustees.] Act.

Cap. cxii. An Act for making and repairing certain Roads from Redrow to [17th June 1823.] Peathill in the County of Stirling. (b)

C. cxiii. cxiv.

#### Cap. cxiii.

12 & 15 W.S. c.9. 10Ann. c.24. 11G.2. c.8. 10G.3.c.26. recited.

An Act for more effectually improving and keeping in Repair the Pier and Harbour of Minchead in the County of Somerset.

[27th June 1823.]

[ Vessels in His Majesty's Service exempt from Rates.]

## Cap. cxiv.

An Act for altering and amending Two Acts passed in the Eleventh and Thirty third Years of His late Majesty King George the Third, for consolidating, extending and rendering more effectual the Powers granted by several Acts of Parliament for making, enlarging, amending and cleansing the Vaults, Drains and Sewers within the City of London and Liberties thereof; and for paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages and Places, and preventing and removing Obstructions and Annoyances within the [27th June 1823.]

11G.S. c.29.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for consolidating, extending and rendering more effectual the Powers granted by several Acts of Parliament, for making. enlarging, amending and cleansing the Vaults, Drains and Sewers within the City of London and Liberties thereof, and for paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts. ' Alleys, Passages and Places, and preventing and removing Obstructions and Annoyances within the same; it was thereby enacted, that for defraying the Expence of paving, cleaning and lighting the Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages and Places, and preventing Annoyances therein, and of making, enlarging, widening, deepening, altering and remov-' ing all or any of the common Sewers, public Drains and Vaults within the said City and Liberties, One or more Rate or Rates, 'Assessment or Assessments, should at such Time or Times as the Commissioners acting in the Execution of the said Act should think fit to order and direct, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, or the Hands and Seals of any Seven or ' more of them, be made, laid and assessed in the several Wards of the said City, by the Aldermen or their Deputies respectively, and the major Part of the Common Councilmen of each Ward, upon all and every Person or Persons who should inhabit, hold, occupy, possess or enjoy any Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault or other Tenement or Hereditament within the said ' several Wards, and who by the Laws then in being were or should be liable to be rated towards the Relief of the Poor in the respective Parishes where he, she or they should respectively live or reside, for raising such competent Sum or Sums of Money as ' the said Commissioners should from time to time judge needful ' and direct; so as such Rates or Assessments did not in any One ' Year exceed in the Whole the Sum of One Shilling and Sixpence in the Pound of the yearly Rents of such of the said Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults or other ' Tenements or Hereditaments respectively, as should be situated

in any Street, Lane, Square, Yard, Court, Alley, Passage or Place actually begun to be new paved by virtue and in pursuance of the said Act or of any former Act of Parliament, and . One Shilling in the Pound of the yearly Rents of such of the Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements Hereditaments respectively, as should not be so situate; such Rates respectively to be from time to time ascertained by the Rates at which such respective Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults or other Tenements or Hereditaments should be from time to time assessed towards the Land Tax: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Thirty third Year \$3G.3. c.75. of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to explain, amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for consolidating, extending and rendering more effectual the Powers granted by several Acts of Parliament, for making, enlarging, amending and cleansing the Vaults, Drains and Sewers within the City of London and Liberties thereof, and for paving, cleansing and lighting the Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts Alleys, Passages and Places, and preventing and removing Obstructions and Annoyances within the same: And Whereas, in consequence of the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, by virtue of the several Acts of Parliament made and passed for that Purpose, the Rates to be assessed by virtue of the said recited Acts for paving, cleansing and lighting the said Streets, ' Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages and Places, and preventing Annoyances therein, and of making, enlarging, widening, deepening, altering and removing all or any of the ' common Sewers, public Drains and Vaults within the said City ' and Liberties, can no longer be fairly or justly ascertained by ' the Rates at which the said Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements and Hereditaments, are assessed ' towards the Land Tax, some of the said Lands, Houses, Shops, 'Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements and Hereditaments, being no longer subject to any Assessment towards the Land Tax, and the Rates at which others of them are assessed ' thereto having been considerably increased since any Assess-' ment was made upon several of the said Lands, Houses, Shops, ' Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements and Hereditaments, ' the Land Tax payable in respect of which has been redeemed or purchased: And Whereas it is expedient that the Rates to be assessed by virtue of the said recited Acts for the Purposes ' aforesaid should be just and equal Rates, and that the Powers and Provisions of the said recited Acts should be altered and ' amended; but as the same cannot be effected without the Aid ' of Parliament,' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Provisions contained in the said recited Acts re-Acts and hereinbefore recited, which require that the Rate or Rates to be as-Rates, Assessment or Assessments to be laid or assessed for the certained by the aforesaid Purposes, upon any Lands, Houses, Shops, Ware- Assessment to

houses.

the Land Tax, repealed.

houses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments shall be ascertained by the Rates at which such respective Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults or other Tenements or Hereditaments shall be assessed towards the Land Tax, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

11 G.S. c. 29. § 41. repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Restriction contained in the said recited Act of the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, which prevents Rates or Assessments being made for the Purposes aforesaid, which shall in any One Year exceed in the whole the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound of the yearly Rents of such Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments as should not be situate in any Street, Lane, Square, Yard, Court, Alley, Passage or Place actually begun to be new paved by virtue and in pursuance of the said recited Acts, or of any former Act of Parliament, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Rates under recited Acts and this Act shall be an equal Pound Rate.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments for defraying the Expences of paving, cleansing and lighting the said Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages and Places, and preventing Annoyances therein, and making, enlarging, widening, deepening, altering and removing all or any of the common Sewers, public Drains and Vaults within the said City and Liberties, to be made, laid and assessed by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act, in the several Wards of the said City, and other Places within the Limits of the said recited Acts and this Act, shall be just and equal Pound Rates, and shall be made, laid and assessed according to the respective annual Rents or Value of all and every the Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements and Hereditaments respectively authorized to be assessed by the said recited Acts or either of them, but subject to the Exceptions and Provisions in the said recited Acts or either of them contained, so as such Rates and Assessments do not in any One Year exceed in the Whole the Sum of One Shilling and Sixpence in the Pound of the respective yearly Rents or Value of such Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements and Hereditaments.

Alderman and Common Council of each Ward to deliver Copy of Assessment to Clerk of Commissioners of Sewers.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as the Alderman of any Ward or his Deputy, and the major Part of the Common Councilmen of such Ward, shall make, lay and assess any Rate or Assessment, by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act, for the Purposes aforesaid, they shall and are hereby required, within Seven Days after such Rate or Assessment respectively shall have been made, to deliver or cause to be delivered the same, or a Duplicate thereof, to any One of the Clerks for the Time being of the Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London and Liberties thereof, at the Office for the Time being of the said Commissioners within the said City.

Commissioners may rectify Errors in the Rates.

V. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to the said Commissioners that the Name or Names of any Person or Persons who ought to be included in such Rate or Assessment hath or have been omitted therein, or that the Name or Names of some Person or Persons hath or have been inserted in such Rate

or Assessment as Inhabitants, Holders or Occupiers of any Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Herelitaments, for or in respect of which some other Person or Perions ought to have been rated or assessed, or that any Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments are not rated or assessed according to the true Value thereof, or that any other Alteration or Amendment of such Rate or Assessment may be necessary, then and in any of such Cases it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to add or insert, or cause to be added and inserted to or in such Rate or Assessment, the Name or Names of the Person or Persons so omitted, together with the Sum or Sums for which he or they ought to be rated and assessed, and the Amount of such Rate or Assessment in respect thereof; and also to insert and substitute, or cause to be inserted and substituted, the Name or Names of such Person or Persons as may be the Inhabitants, Holders or Occupiers of any Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments, instead of and for the Name or Names of the Person or Persons incorrectly inserted in such Rate or Assessment as the Inhabitants, Holders or Occupiers thereof, and also to alter the Amount of the Sum at which any Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament shall be rated or assessed, and otherwise from time to time to alter and amend the said Rate and Assessment, as they may from time to time deem just and reasonable; and that every such Addition, Insertion, Alteration and Amendment to or in any such Rate or Assessment, shall be valid and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes, and the Monies charged to any Person or Persons in consequence thereof shall and may be demanded, received and recovered in the same Manner as if the Name or Names of such Person or Persons, or other Alteration or Amendment, had been inserted and made in such Rate or Assessment when the same was originally made, by the said Alderman or his Deputy, and the major Part of the Common Councilmen of the respective Ward.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners Commissioners shall, and they are hereby required, when and so to deliver a often as any Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Amendment shall Copy of any Asoften as any Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Amendment snail be made by them in any Rate or Assessment as aforesaid, to which an Alter-deliver or cause to be delivered to the Alderman of the Ward in ation shall be which such Rate or Assessment shall have been made, or his made, to the Deputy, a Copy of such Rate or Assessment, with every or any Alderman or Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Amendment which shall have been made therein, signed by the said Commissioners, or any CommonCoun-Seven or more of them; and in case the Alderman of any Ward cilmen, may apor his Deputy, and the major Part of the Common Councilmen of peal against the such Ward, shall think any Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Alteration to Amendment, made by the said Commissioners in such Rate or the Court of Assessment respectively, unjust or unreasonable, it shall be lawful to and for them or any of them, to appeal against such Addition, Alteration or Amendment, to the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City, at the next Court to be held next after a Copy of the Rate or Assessment, with such Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Amendment, shall have been delivered as aforesaid; and

he, or any of the

C. cxiv.

the Determination of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen respecting the same shall be final and conclusive; and such Rate or Assessment, according to the Determination of the said Court, shall be valid and effectual in Law, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and the Monies charged to any Person or Persons in consequence thereof shall and may be demanded, received and recovered in the same Manner as if such Rate or Assessment had been made by the said Alderman or his Deputy, and the major Part of the Common Councilmen of such Ward respectively, and no Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Amendment, had been made therein.

Property in different Districts to be equally assessed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament, shall be partly within Two or more Wards or other Districts within the Jurisdiction of this Act, or partly within any Ward or other District within the Jurisdiction of this Act, and partly without such Jurisdiction, then the Inhabitant, Holder or Occupier thereof, or other Person or Persons liable to be rated in respect thereof, shall be rated and assessed to the Rates and Assessments to be made by virtue of the said recited Acts or this Act, for each of such Wards or other Districts, for a proportionable Part of the Rent or Value thereof, according to the Quantity and Extent or Value of the Part of any such Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars. Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments, which may be in each of such Wards or other Districts; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Aldermen or their respective Deputies, and the major Part of the Common Councilmen in such Ward respectively, and they are hereby respectively authorized and required, to ascertain, settle and determine in what Proportion of the Rent or Value of such Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments, such Person or Persons shall be rated and assessed, and shall pay towards the said Rates or Assessments of each of such Wards or other Districts respectively; and in case the Aldermen or their respective Deputies, and the major Part of the Common Councilmen in any Two or more Wards, shall not agree upon any such Proportion as aforesaid, then and in any such Case the same shall be determined by the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City, in Manner hereinbefore mentioned.

Where Houses are let out in Apartments, Lodgers to be deemed the Occupiers.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament, in respect whereof any Rate or Assessment shall be made as aforesaid, shall be let out in Apartments by the Lessee, Tenant or Landlord thereof, any One or more of such Lodgers shall be deemed the Occupier or Occupiers thereof for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act: and that all and every such respective Lodger or Lodgers who shall pay any such Rate or Assessment, or any Part thereof, or from whom the same or any Part thereof shall be recovered in pursuance of this Act, shall and may deduct the same from and out of the next Rent due and payable, or to be due and payable from him, her or them to such respective Lessee, Tenant or Landlord, and the Receipt for such Payment shall be a sufficient Discharge for such Lodger or Lodgers to his, her or their Landlord, for so much Money as he, or Assessment as Inhabitants, Holders or Occupiers of any Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments, for or in respect of which some other Person or Persons ought to have been rated or assessed, or that any Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments are not rated or assessed according to the true Value thereof, or that any other Alteration or Amendment of such Rate or Assessment may be necessary, then and in any of such Cases it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to add or insert, or cause to be added and inserted to or in such Rate or Assessment, the Name or Names of the Person or Persons so omitted, together with the Sum or Sums for which he or they ought to be rated and assessed, and the Amount of such Rate or Assessment in respect thereof; and also to insert and substitute, or cause to be inserted and substituted, the Name or Names of such Person or Persons as may be the Inhabitants, Holders or Occupiers of any Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments, instead of and for the Name or Names of the Person or Persons incorrectly inserted in such Rate or Assessment as the Inhabitants, Holders or Occupiers thereof, and also to alter the Amount of the Sum at which any Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament shall be rated or assessed, and otherwise from time to time to alter and amend the said Rate and Assessment, as they may from time to time deem just and reasonable; and that every such Addition, Insertion, Alteration and Amendment to or in any such Rate or Assessment, shall be valid and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes, and the Monies charged to any Person or Persons in consequence thereof shall and may be demanded, received and recovered in the same Manner as if the Name or Names of such Person or Persons, or other Alteration or Amendment, had been inserted and made in such Rate or Assessment when the same was originally made, by the said Alderman or his Deputy, and the major Part of the Common Councilmen of the respective Ward.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners Commissioners shall, and they are hereby required, when and so to deliver a often as any Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Amendment shall Copyofany Asoften as any Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Amendment shall sessment, in be made by them in any Rate or Assessment as aforesaid, to which an Alterdeliver or cause to be delivered to the Alderman of the Ward in ation shall be which such Rate or Assessment shall have been made, or his made, to the Deputy, a Copy of such Rate or Assessment, with every or any Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Amendment which shall have been made therein, signed by the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them; and in case the Alderman of any Ward cilmen, may specified. or his Deputy, and the major Part of the Common Councilmen of peal against the such Ward, shall think any Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Alteration to Amendment, made by the said Commissioners in such Rate or the Court of Assessment respectively, unjust or unreasonable, it shall be lawful to and for them or any of them, to appeal against such Addition, Alteration or Amendment, to the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City, at the next Court to be held next after a Copy of the Rate or Assessment, with such Addition, Insertion, Alteration or Amendment, shall have been delivered as aforesaid; and

the

Landlord, &c. sefusing to enter into Composition, Proceedings.

† Sic.

Proviso as to increased Bent.

Goods of Occupiers liable during Occupancy only.

Occupiers paying Rate may deduct from Rent.

Proviso where Rent exceeds 20L per Annum.

is and are hereby required to enter into such Composition with the said Commissioners; and in case such Landlord or Landlords, Owner or Owners, Lessee or Lessees, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall refuse to enter into such Composition, he, she or they shall from thenceforth be rated to and from Time + shall pay or cause to be paid the Rates or Assessments charged upon their respective Premises, by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act, unto the Collector or Collectors for the Time being, who is and are hereby authorized and empowered to receive and collect the same, and upon Nonpayment thereof, or of the Amount of such Composition, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Landlord or Landlords, Owner or Owners, Lessee or Lessees, Proprietor or Proprietors of the respective Premises aforesaid, wheresoever they may be found, or of the Person or Persons inhabiting the same respectively, in such Manner as by this Act is provided for the Recovery of the Rates in other Cases: Provided always, that no such Landlord, Owner, Lessee or Proprietor shall be charged with or liable to pay for any increased Rent, reserved or made payable to him for or on account of such Landlord, Owner, Lessee or Proprietor, having agreed to pay the Rates heretofore chargeable upon the several Occupiers of such Premises; and provided also, that the Goods and Chattels of all and every Person or Persons renting or occupying any such House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament, or any Part or Parts thereof, the Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments whereof the Landlord or Landlords, Owner or Owners, Lessee or Lessees, Proprietor or Proprietors, is and are hereby made liable and subject to se aforesaid, shall be liable at all Times to be distrained and sold for Payment of such of the said Rates or Assessments, and of all Arrears thereof, as become due upon the said Premises, during the Time of his, her or their Occupancy only; but no such Occupier or Occupiers shall at any Time be required to pay, or be subject or liable to pay any greater Sum for or towards the Discharge of the said Rates or Assessments, or any of them, and Arrears thereof, than the Amount of the Rent actually due or payable by such Occupier or Occupiers to the Landlord or Landlords, Owner or Owners, Lessee or Lessees, Proprietor or Proprietors of the Premises so occupied by him, her or them: Provided also, that each and every Occupier who shall pay any such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, or any Arrears thereof, or upon whom the same shall be levied, shall and may from time to time deduct the same from the Rent due and payable from him, her or them, to the respective Landlords, Owners, Lessees or Proprietors of the Premises, unless there shall be some Agreement to the contrary between the Landlord and Tenant; and the Receipt for such Payment shall be a sufficient Discharge to such Occupiers, and his, her or their Landlord or Landlords. for so much Money as he, she or they shall pay in the Manner directed by this Act: Provided also, that when the yearly Rest or Value of any House which shall be let out furnished, either altogether or in separate Apartments, shall exceed Twenty Pounds per Annum, it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon such Composition, being made as aforesaid, to take less than

the full Amount of the Rate or Rates which shall be assessed in respect of such House; but nevertheless such Composition shall be made in Manner aforesaid, for Payment of the whole of such Rate, with and by the Landlord, Owner, Lessee or Proprietor of the said Premises.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after any Com- Composition position at a reduced Rate shall have been made as hereinbefore for Rates to reis mentioned, the Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament therein comprised, shall be rated and assessed according to the same reduced Rental until the Alderman, &c. assessed according to the same reduced Rental, until the Alderman or his Deputy, or the major Part of the Common Councilmen of the Ward or District respectively, or the said Commissioners, shall think proper otherwise to rate and assess the said Premises, and without any Notice to be given to the Landlord, Owner or Lessee of the same.

XI. And in order to prevent Disputes touching the Designation of Owner or Landlord, Lessee or Proprietor of Land, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments within the Limits of this Act; Be it further enacted, That the Persons re-Person or Persons legally authorized and empowered to receive ceiving Rents and collect, or receiving and collecting, or claiming to be entitled to be deemed to receive and collect the Rents of any Land, Houses, Shops, Owners, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments, from the Tenants or actual Occupiers thereof, or any of them, shall be deemed and taken for the several Purposes of this Act and every of them to be the Owner or Owners, Landlord or Landlords, Proprietor or Proprietors thereof; and in all Cases in which either Owners or Landfords, Lessees or Proprietors are made liable by this Act, such Person or Persons respectively so authorized and empowered to receive and collect, or receiving and collecting, or claiming to be entitled to receive and collect the Rents of any such Land, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, Tenements or Hereditaments, from the Tenants or actual Occupiers thereof, or any of them, shall be liable as Owner or Owners, Land- and liable lord or Landfords, Lessee or Lessees, Proprietor or Proprietors unless the real thereof, unless the real Owner or Owners, Landlord or Landlords, Owner st Lessee or Lessees, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall be declared by himself, herself or themselves, or unless the real Owner or Owners, Landlord or Landlords, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall be distinctly and certainly known to be such, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, and such Receiver or Collector of such Rents is hereby authorized to pay the said Rates and Assessments charged and payable for and on account of the respective Premises, and to deduct the same out of the Rents received or to be

received by him. XII. And be it further enacted, That the Lessee, Landlord or Ready-fur-Owner of all other Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults, nished Houses Tenements or Hereditaments, over and above the said yearly Rent how assessed. of Twenty Pounds, within the Limits of this Act, which is or shall or may be let out ready-furnished to a Lodger or Lodgers, or furnished or unfurnished, in separate Apartments, for Counting Houses or other Purposes, shall be deemed and taken to be the Occupier thereof, for the Purposes of this Act, and shall be liable and subject to the Rates or Assessments directed by this

3 U 2

Owner shall be

Act to be made, raised and levied, according to the yearly Value of the Premises; and that every Person renting or occupying any

such ready-furnished House as aforesaid, or any Apartment or Apartments of any House, shall be liable and compellable to pay the said Rates and Assessments, to be recovered in Manner herein directed; and the Collector or Collectors for the Time being thereof is and are hereby authorized and empowered, upon Nonpayment thereof, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Lessee, Landlord or Owner of the said Premises, wheresoever they may be found, or of the Person or Persons occupying or renting the same, in such Manner as by this Act is provided for the Recovery of the Rates in other Places; and that every such respective Occupier or Occupiers who shall pay any such Rates or Assessments, or from whom the same shall be recovered in pursuance of this Act, shall and may deduct the same from and out of the next Rent due and payable from him or them, to such respective Lessee, Landlord or Owner, and the Receipt for such Payment shall be a sufficient Discharge for such Tenant or Tenants, Occupier or Occupiers, to his, her or their Landlord, for so much Money as he, she or they shall pay, or shall be levied on him, her or them by virtue of this Act; but no such Lodger or Lodgers shall at any Time be required to pay or be subject or liable to pay any greater Sum for or towards the Discharge of the said Rates or Assessments, or any of them, and Arrears thereof, than the Amount of the Rents actually due and payable by such Lodger or Lodgers to the Lessee, Landlord or Owner of the Premises so let out ready-furnished to him, her or them; provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to prejudice or vacate any Agreement between Landlords and Tenants.

Lodgers, how far liable.

Rates how recovered.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case at any Time or Times hereafter, any Owner or Owners, or Occupier or Occupiers of any Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament within the Limits of this Act, for and in respect whereof he or they shall be rated or assessed, or liable to pay any Rate or Assessment made or to be made to and for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, shall refuse or neglect to pay the Money rated and assessed upon him or them respectively, or which he or they may be liable to pay by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act, and all Arrears, it shall be lawful for any One of the Aldermen or Justices of the Peace for the City, County or Place within which such Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament shall be situate, and he is hereby authorized and directed, by Writing under his Hand, on Complaint made by the said Commissioners, or any One or more of them, or any Officer or other Person appointed by them, to summon all and every Person and Persons who shall have refused and neglected as aforesaid, to appear at a Time and Place to be mentioned in such Summons, before such Alderman or Justice, or before any Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, who shall be then and there present, the Collector or Collectors of such Rates or Assessments having previously made Oath that he or they had duly demanded the said Rates or Assessments.

Summons by Alderman or Justice of Peace.

and that the same were then in Arrear and unpaid; and it shall be Service thereof. lawful for any Person authorized by the said Commissioners to serve all and every such Summons and Summonses upon all and every Persons and Person so refusing or neglecting to pay as aforesaid, either by delivering the same to the Person or Persons thereby intended to be summoned, or by leaving the same at his or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, or at or on the Premises for or in respect whereof the Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments mentioned in such Summons shall remain due and owing; and if any Person or Persons so summoned shall refuse Persons sumor neglect to attend at the Time and Place mentioned in such moned not at-Summons, or if he or they shall attend, and shall not shew tending. good and sufficient Cause to such Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, as may be then and there present, that he or they is or are not chargeable with such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, then and in every such Case, every such Person or Persons shall pay the Rate or Rates in respect of which such Summons was issued, and also the Costs and Charges of such Summons; and in all Cases where such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, or any of them, shall not be paid upon such Return of Summons, it shall be lawful for any Alderman or Justice of the City, County or Place within which the Premises shall be situate, and he is hereby authorized and required, upon Oath made before him of the due Service of such Summons or Summonses, by the Person who shall have served the same, and Proof on Oath that such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments is or are actually due and owing, if the Person or Persons shall not attend; and if the Person or Persons shall attend, and not shew sufficient Cause to the contrary as aforesaid, then upon such Proof that such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments is or are actually due, to grant a Warrant under his Hand and Warrant Seal, authorizing or directing any Person to levy such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, and all Arrears thereof, and the said Costs and Charges of the Summons (if the same shall not have been paid before), and the Costs and Charges of every such Warrant, and also the Costs, Charges and Expences of executing the same, by Distress of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so neglecting or refusing; and if within Five Days next Distress and after any Distress shall be made, the said Rate or Rates, Assess- Proceedings ment or Assessments, with all Arrears due thereon, together with thereon. all the said Charges for the said Warrant, and the Charges and Expences of executing the same Warrant, and of making such Distress, and of keeping such Goods and Chattels, shall not be paid, then the Person authorized by the said Warrant shall cause the said Goods and Chattels to be appraised, and to be sold either on the Premises where the same shall be distrained or elsewhere, or such Part or Parts thereof as in his or their Judgment shall be sufficient to pay the said Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, together with all Arrears due thereon, and the said Costs, Charges and Expences of the said Summons, Warrant, Distress, Removal or keeping Possession of such Goods and Chattels so distrained, and the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expences of appraising and selling the same, and shall return the Overplus

and

of the Premises; and that every Person renting or occupying any such ready-furnished House as aforesaid, or any Apartment or

Apartments of any House, shall be liable and compellable to pay

Act to be made, raised and levied, according to the yearly Value

the said Rates and Assessments, to be recovered in Manner herein directed; and the Collector or Collectors for the Time being thereof is and are hereby authorized and empowered, upon Nonpayment thereof, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Lessee, Landlord or Owner of the said Premises, wheresoever they may be found, or of the Person or Persons occupying or renting the same, in such Manner as by this Act is provided for the Recovery of the Rates in other Places; and that every such respective Occupier or Occupiers who shall pay any such Rates or Assessments, or from whom the same shall be recovered in pursuance of this Act, shall and may deduct the same from and out of the next Rent due and payable from him or them, to such respective Lessee, Landlord or Owner, and the Receipt for such Payment shall be a sufficient Discharge for such Tenant or Tenants, Occupier or Occupiers, to his, her or their Landlord, for so much Money as he, she or they shall pay, or shall be levied on him, her or them by virtue of this Act; but no such Lodger or Lodgers shall at any Time be required to pay or be subject or liable to pay any greater Sum for or towards the Discharge of the said Rates or Assessments, or any of them, and Arrears thereof, than the Amount of the Rents actually due and payable by such Lodger or Lodgers to the Lessee, Landlord or Owner of the Premises so let out

Lodgers, how far liable.

ready-furnished to him, her or them; provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to prejudice or vacate any Agreement between Landlords and Tenants.

Rates how recovered

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case at any Time or Times hereafter, any Owner or Owners, or Occupier or Occupiers of any Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament within the Limits of this Act, for and in respect whereof he or they shall be rated or assessed, or liable to pay any Rate or Assessment made or to be made to and for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, shall refuse or neglect to pay the Money rated and assessed upon him or them respectively, or which he or they may be liable to pay by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act, and all Arrears, it shall be lawful for any One of the Aldermen or Justices of the Peace for the City, County or Place within which such Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament shall be situate, and he is hereby authorized and directed, by Writing under his Hand, on Complaint made by the said Commissioners, or any One or more of them, or any Officer or other Person appointed by them, to summon all and every Person and Persons who shall have refused and neglected as aforesaid, to appear at a Time and Place to be mentioned in such Summons, before such Alderman or Justice, or before any Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, who shall be then and there present, the Collector or Collectors of such Rates or Assessments having previously made Oath that he or they had duly demanded the said Rates or Assessments,

Summons by Alderman or Justice of Peace.

and that the same were then in Arrear and unpaid; and it shall be Service thereof. lawful for any Person authorized by the said Commissioners to serve all and every such Summons and Summonses upon all and every Persons and Person so refusing or neglecting to pay as aforesaid, either by delivering the same to the Person or Persons thereby intended to be summoned, or by leaving the same at his or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, or at or on the Premises for or in respect whereof the Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments mentioned in such Summons shall remain due and owing; and if any Person or Persons so summoned shall refuse Persons sumor neglect to attend at the Time and Place mentioned in such moned not at-Summons, or if he or they shall attend, and shall not shew good and sufficient Cause to such Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, as may be then and there present, that he or they is or are not chargeable with such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, then and in every such Case, every such Person or Persons shall pay the Rate or Rates in respect of which such Summons was issued, and also the Costs and Charges of such Summons; and in all Cases where such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, or any of them, shall not be paid upon such Return of Summons, it shall be lawful for any Alderman or Justice of the City, County or Place within which the Premises shall be situate, and he is hereby authorized and required, upon Oath made before him of the due Service of such Summons or Summonses, by the Person who shall have served the same, and Proof on Oath that such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments is or are actually due and owing, if the Person or Persons shall not attend; and if the Person or Persons shall attend, and not shew sufficient Cause to the contrary as aforesaid, then upon such Proof that such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments is or are actually due, to grant a Warrant under his Hand and Warrant Seal, authorizing or directing any Person to levy such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, and all Arrears thereof, and the said Costs and Charges of the Summons (if the same shall not have been paid before), and the Costs and Charges of every such Warrant, and also the Costs, Charges and Expences of executing the same, by Distress of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so neglecting or refusing; and if within Five Days next Distress and after any Distress shall be made, the said Rate or Rates, Assess- Proceedings ment or Assessments, with all Arrears due thereon, together with thereon. all the said Charges for the said Warrant, and the Charges and Expences of executing the same Warrant, and of making such Distress, and of keeping such Goods and Chattels, shall not be paid, then the Person authorized by the said Warrant shall cause the said Goods and Chattels to be appraised, and to be sold either on the Premises where the same shall be distrained or elsewhere, or such Part or Parts thereof as in his or their Judgment shall be sufficient to pay the said Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, together with all Arrears due thereon, and the said Costs, Charges and Expences of the said Summons, Warrant, Distress, Removal or keeping Possession of such Goods and Chattels so distrained, and the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expences of appraising and selling the same, and shall return the 3 U 3 Overplus

A.D. 1823.

' Person,

Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels respectively, upon Demand thereof made by him or them; and in case no such Goods and Chattels can be found to be distrained by virtue of any such Warrant, or in case any such Goods and Chattels shall be locked up or secured, or shall be removed so that such Person appointed to collect the said Rates or Assessments as aforesaid cannot distrain the same; or in case, after such Distress and Appraisement or Sale, as hereinbefore are directed, the Proceeds thereof shall not be sufficient to pay such Rates or Assessments, with the Arrears due thereon, and all the said Costs, Charges and Expences as aforesaid, then and in any such Case, upon Information thereof given to any Alderman or Justice of the City, County or Place in which the Premises shall be situate, it shall be lawful to and for any such Alderman or Justice, and he is hereby authorized and required, to issue a Warrant under his Hand and Seal for the Apprehension of any such Person or Persons making Default in the Payment of such Rates or Assessments, and the Arrears thereof or of any Part thereof, and of such Costs, Charges and Expences, or any of them, and to commit such Person or Persons to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said City, County or Place where the Premises shall be situate, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding the Space of One Calendar Month, unless such Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears thereof, and all Costs, Charges and Expences, or so much thereof as shall remain unsatisfied by any such Distress or Distresses, or otherwise, shall be sooner paid.

Imprisonment.

Constables to assist in such Levy.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where a Distress is authorized to be made by the said recited Acts or by this Act, if any Constable or Headborough of any Ward, Parish or Place within which such District shall be situate, or of any other Ward, Parish or Place where such Distress is to be made, upon being required by any Person appointed to collect any Rates or Assessments, or by any other Person, (who shall have obtained a Warrant of Distress from any Alderman or Justice), shall refuse or neglect to aid or assist in making a Distress and Sale, pursuant to such Warrant, every such Constable or Headborough shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered in the same Manner as Penalties and Forfeitures are directed to be recovered by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act.

Form of Warrant of Distress.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Warrant of Distress for Non-payment of any Rates or Assessments, or Composition to be made by virtue of this Act, shall be in the Words or to the Effect following:

London, To the Collector of the Rates for paving, cleansing to wit. To the Collector of the Rates for paving, cleansing to wit. and for making, enlarging, widening, deepening, altering and removing the Common Sewers, Public Drains and Vaults within the same, and to all Constables, Headboroughs, Beadles and ' Peace Officers, for the said City or County of Middlesex [as ' the Case may be]: Whereas the under or hereafter mentioned

' Person, [or Persons, if more than One], now of late an Owner or Occupier [or Owners or Occupiers, if more than One] of Land, or a House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault or Tenement, [or of Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults or Tenements, if more than One Person be included in the Warrant], or other Hereditaments, or Parts of Lands, Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Cellars, Vaults or Tenements within the said [insert the Name of the Ward or District], was and is [or were and are, as the Case may be rated and assessed, or is or are [as the Case may be] liable to the Payment of the Sum or Sums of Money set at and opposite to his or their respective Name or Names [as the Case may be] hereunder written, by virtue of a Rate or Rates duly made, under and by virtue of certain Acts passed in the Eleventh and Thirty third Years of the Reign of King George the Third, and the Fourth Year of the Reign of King George the Fourth [set forth the Title of the said recited Acts and this Act]: And Whereas the said Person or Persons has or have [as the Case may be] refused or neglected to pay the Sum or the several Sums of Money set at and opposite his or their Name or Names [as the Case may be] hereunder written, due from him or them by virtue of such Rate or Rates [as the Case may be], and the said several Sum and Sums of Money is or are [as the Case may be] still remaining due and unpaid, as appeareth upon Oath to me, one of the Aldermen of the said City, or Justice of the Peace for the said County [as the Case may be], and the said several Person or Persons [as the Case may be] having been summoned to appear to answer the Premises, as also appeareth to me the said Alderman or Justice upon Oath, and neither he or they, nor either of them [as the Case may be], having shown any sufficient Cause why such Sum or Sums of Money [as the Case may be] should not be paid by him or them respectively [as the Case may be], as also appeareth to me upon Oath: Now these are, therefore, in his Majesty's Name, to will and require you, or either of you, forthwith to levy the said Sum, or several Sums of Money [as the Case may be], due from the said Person or Persons [as the Case may be], and here under or hereafter set at and opposite to his or their Names respectively [as the Case may be], and also the Two several Sums of [inserting the Amount of the Costs and Charges for the Summons, and for the Warrant, or for either of them, as the Case may be], for the Costs and Charges of the said Summons, and of these Presents, by Distress and Sale of his or their respective Goods and Chattels [as the Case may be], such Goods and Chattels being kept for the Space of Five Days before the same are sold, rendering to him or them respectively [as the Case may be] the Overplus (if any) on Demand, and the reasonable Charges of such Distress, and of any Removal, or Keeping, Possession, Appraisement or Sale thereof, being first deducted; and if no sufficient Distress can be had or taken, that then you certify the same to me, to the end such Proceedings may be had therein as to the Law doth appertain: And I do hereby strictly charge and command all and singular the Constables, Headboroughs, and other His Majesty's Peace Officers for the said City or ' County 3 U 4

L.D. 1823.

C. cxiv.

' County [as the Case may be] to be aiding and assisting in all ' Things relating to the Premises. Given under my Hand and ' Seal, this Day of the Year of our Lord ' A. B. · C. D. ' E. F. (the Landlord for divided Premises) ' G. H. Landlord for compounded for K. L. Tenant.

XVI. And for the better enforcing the Payment of the Rates

In Cases of Persons removing Goods, how Rates to be recovered.

or Assessments to be made by virtue of this Act, be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons liable to pay any of the said Rates or Assessments, shall at any Time begin to remove his, her or their Goods or Furniture from the Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Cellar, Vault, Tenement or Hereditament in his, her or their Occupation, within the Limits of this Act, or to sell or dispose of such Goods or Furniture therein by public Auction, or to sell or dispose of or carry away his, her or their Goods or Furniture as aforesaid, without paying all Arrears then due or rated in respect of such Premises, in which the current Quarter shall be considered as due, that then and in any of the said Cases, it shall be lawful for the said Collector for the Time being to the said Commissioners to collect and levy such Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears due thereon (the Rate or Assessment for such Quarter wherein such Removal or Sale shall begin to be made as aforesaid to be considered as due, although previous to the Time for Payment of the Rate or Assessment for such Quarter), by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party so beginning to remove, sell or take away any such Goods or Furniture as aforesaid; and if within Five Days next after such Distress shall be made, the said Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears due thereon, together with the reasonable Charges of taking and keeping the said Distress, shall not be paid, the said Collector shall cause the said Goods and Chattels to be appraised and sold, or such Part thereof as shall be sufficient to pay such Rates or Assessments, together with all Arrears due thereon, and the reasonable Charge of making such Distress, and of keep-

Distress.

Actions may be brought for Rates.

Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels respectively. XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, if they shall think it more expedient, to bring or cause to be brought, in the Name of any of their Clerks, or of any One or more of them the said Commissioners, any Action or Actions of Debt, or Special Action on the Case, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, for all or any of the Rates or Assessments to be made by virtue of this Act, which shall exceed in Amount the Sum of Twenty Pounds, in which Action or Actions it shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff to declare that the Defendant is indebted to the Plaintiff in such Sum of Money as the Plaintiff shall suppose to be due, and if the Plaintiff shall recover such Sum so declared for, or any Part thereof, he or they shall have full Costs, to be levied and recovered as other Monies upon Judgments are now

ing and selling the same, returning the Overplus (if any) to the

Full Costs.

by Law levied and recovered; in which Action or Actions no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Im-

parlance shall be allowed.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Books of Rates to Rate Books to be delivered by the Collector or Collectors, or other Officers to be received as the said Commissioners, and all Entries afterwards duly made Evidence. therein, shall be received as Evidence of the Rates imposed by virtue of this Act, and of the Payment of such Rates, or such of them or such Part thereof as shall by such Entries appear to have been paid to such Collector or Collectors.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Rates may be from time to time and at all Times hereafter, for the said Com- remitted on acmissioners, and they are hereby empowered, upon the Complaint count of Poverof any Person or Persons subject to the Payment of any Rate or 17. Rates, Assessment or Assessments, made or to be made by virtue of the said recited Acts or this Act, who shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved thereby, or incompetent to pay the same, to mitigate, reduce or lessen the same, as they in their Discretion shall think just and reasonable; and also to remit or excuse the Payment thereof for any Cause which they shall deem sufficient, or for or on account of the Poverty or Indigence of any Person or Persons liable to pay the same, so complaining.

' XX. And Whereas by the said recited Act of the Eleventh 11G.3. c.29. ' Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, it is enacted, that 5.60.

' if any Person or Persons who should be liable to pay any Rate or Assessment to be made by virtue or in pursuance of the said

Act, should become a Bankrupt or Bankrupts before he, she or they should have fully paid and satisfied all the Money then due and owing for such Rates and Assessments, then and in

every such Case, the Assignee or Assignees of his, her or their

Estate and Effects, or other Person or Persons possessing the same, should out of such Estate and Effects, after paying to

the Petitioning Creditor or Creditors his, her or their Costs of suing out and prosecuting the Commission against any such

Bankrupt or Bankrupts, in the next Place, pay unto the Chamberlain of the said City of London for the Time being all such

Sums of Money as were due for such Rates and Assessments at the Time of the suing out any such Commission against him,

her or them respectively, or so much thereof as the said Estates

and Effects would extend to pay; and the Receipt of the said · Chamberlain should be a good Discharge for the said Money;

and every Assignee and Assignees, or other Person as aforesaid,

might, to any Action or Suit commenced or brought against

him, her or them, plead or give in Evidence the Payment of the same, and should be allowed such Payment out of the Estate

and Effects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, prior to any other

Debt or Demand whatsoever (except as before is excepted);

and in case of Nonpayment of the same by the Space of One · Calendar Month after the same should be demanded, it should

and might be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to com-

' mence and prosecute One or more Action or Actions, Suit or

' Suits, for the same, in the Name of the principal Clerk of the said Commissioners for the Time being, in any of His Majesty's

· Courts of Record at Westminster, or within the said City, against

repealed.

Owners and Occupiers of Markets to be subject to the same Payments as Farmers or Lessees.

Charges of Ward and Vestry Clerks to be paid out of the Rates.

Acts recited and this Act extended to Broker Row, Moorfields,

Powers of Commissioners to remove Projections extended to Places without the Liberties.

such Assignee or Assignees, or other Person as aforesaid? Be it further enacted, That the said Provision lastly hereinbefore recited shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Owners and Occupiers of such Public Markets within the said City and Liberties, as for the Time being shall not be let on Farm or Lesse, their Heirs, Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall be subject to the Payment of the same or the like Sums of Money as the Farmers or Lessees of such Markets respectively, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, would have been liable to by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act, if the same respectively had been let on Lease or Farm; and such Sums of Money shall and may be recovered from the said Owners or Occupiers, their Heirs, Successors, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, and may be compounded for by them in like Manner as the same might have been recovered and might have been compounded for by such Farmers or Lessees, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns.

nistrators and Assigns.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all the reasonable Costs and Charges of the respective Clerks of the Wardmotes and Vestries within the said City and Liberties thereof, for making out Books, Duplicates and Copies of the Rates by the said recited Acts and this Act authorized to be assessed, or in anywise relating thereto, to be ascertained and allowed by the said Commissioners, shall be paid by the said Commissioners by and out of the said Rates.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Powers and Authorities vested in the said Commissioners by the said recited Acts and this Act, and all the Provisions and Regulations in the said recited Acts and this Act established, declared and provided, for the Purposes of paving, cleansing and lighting the said City and the Liberties thereof, and of making, enlarging, widening, deepening, altering and removing all or any of the said Public Sewers, Drains and Vaults within the same, and removing Encroachments, Projections and Annoyances, and all other Powers and Provisions whatsoever, shall respectively extend, and shall be in force and in all respects be executed by the County sioners within the Street or Place called the North Side of Broker-Row, Moorfields, which is or is supposed to be out of the Liberties of the said City of London, and the Courts and Alleys leading into the same or communicating therewith; and the Inhabitants of the several Parts and Places as aforesaid shall it rated and assessed according to the Provisions by the said recited Acts and this Act made, by the Alderman of the Ward next adjoining to the same respectively, or by his Deputy, with the major Part of his Common Councilmen.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioner shall have such and the like Power or Powers of causing to be removed all Signs, Emblems, Sign Posts, Sign Irons, Balconies, Penthouses, Shewboards, Spouts and Gutters, and all other Encroachments, Projections and Annoyances whatsoever, within the Parts of Holborn, the Minories and Aldersgate Street, supposed to be out of the Liberties of the City of Londen, which are within the Limits of the said recited Acts and this Act, as by

e said recited Acts or either of them is or are vested in them for using the same to be removed within the said City of London d the Liberties thereof.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the Penalty or Sum of How Penalty fty Pounds, directed by the said recited Act of the Eleventh ar of the Reign of His late Majesty to be forfeited and paid any Person elected or chosen Collector of the said Rates or sessments, or such Sum or Sums of Money as shall remain plied, according e and unpaid thereof, who shall refuse to take the Oath, or, to 11G.3. c.29. ing one of the Persons called Quakers, to make the Affirmation the said Act mentioned, or to take upon himself the said fice, or after having taken upon himself the said Office, shall fuse or neglect to serve and execute the same, according to e true Intent and Meaning of the said Acts and of this Act, all and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or formation, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westnster, in the Name of any one of the Clerks to the said Comssioners for the Time being, in which Action or Suit no Proction, Essoign or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance all be allowed, and shall be applied towards the Purposes of the d recited Acts and this Act, or any of them.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person appointed Names of In-Inspector of Pavements, or to be appointed from time to time spectors to be the said Commissioners to act as an Inspector of Pavements painted on their thin the said City or Liberties thereof, shall reside within the strict of the said City or the Liberties thereof to which he is pointed, and shall and he is hereby required, within Fourteen lys after the passing of this Act, or within Seven Days next ter his Appointment (as the Case may be), to cause to be painted Oil Colours, in a conspicuous Manner, on the Door of his welling House or Office, his Christian and Surname, and the tle of his Office, and the Name of the District or Place to nich he shall be appointed respectively; and such Inscriptions

all be painted in Roman Letters, at least One Inch in Height; d such Inscriptions shall be renewed or repaired and repainted often as Occasion shall require; and if any Person appointed to be appointed Inspector as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect cause such Inscription to be painted, or to be renewed when

cessary, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum t exceeding Five Pounds.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Inspector or Officers negher Officer appointed or authorized, or to be appointed or lecting Duty, thorized by the said Commissioners to act in the Execution of e said recited Acts or this Act, who shall neglect any of the uties of his Office, or shall wilfully misbehave himself in the xecution thereof, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay

ly Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Owners Commissioners any Houses or Buildings, forming the principal Part of any to pave new Street, Lane, Square, Yard, Court, Alley, Passage or Place, Streets on id out or made, or hereafter to be laid out or made within the did City or Liberties, which has not previously been paved or unnece belief paired by or under the Direction of the said Commissioners, peid by the hall be desirous of having the same paved, or if the said Com-Owners. missioners

on a Collector not executing his Office recovered and ap-

· Penalty.

missioners shall deem it expedient or necessary that the same should be paved, then and in either of such Cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Sewers, and they are hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be after any such new or other Street, Lane, Square, Yard, Court, Alley, Passage or Place, or the Site thereof, shall be prepared and appropriated for the public Use, to lay out the Ground for proper Carriage Ways and Foot Ways, and well and sufficiently to pare the same, and from time to time to keep such Pavement in good and sufficient Repair; and the Owners of the Houses and Buildings forming the principal Part of such new Street, Lane, Square, Yard, Court, Alley, Passage or Place, shall on Demand pay to the said Commissioners One equal Third Part of the Amount of the estimated Expences of providing and laying such Pavement (such Amount to be determined by the Surveyor for the Time being of the said Commissioners); and in Default of Payment thereof, the same shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt. Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or within the said City; in which Action or Suit no Protection, Essoign or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed; and the Charges of such Paving. or so much as shall be necessary, in addition to the Third Part of the estimated Expence to be paid to the said Commissioners at aforesaid, and of repairing such Pavement, shall be defrayed out of the Rates to be raised by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act.

Payment of Difference between the Estimate and the actual Expence of paving new Streets, &c. how provided for.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case the Sum of Money to be paid as the One Third Part of the Amount of the estimated Expences of providing and laying the Pavement of any such new Street, Lane, Square, Yard, Court, Alley, Passage or Place, as hereinbefore is mentioned, shall exceed One equal Third Part of the actual Charges of such Paving, then a Sum of Money equal to the Difference between the Third Part of such estimated Expences and the Third Part of such actual Charges, shall be repaid by the said Commissioners to the Owners of Houses and Buildings by whom the said Sum of Money shall have been paid; and in case the Sum of Money to be paid as aforesaid shall be less than One Third Part of the actual Charges of such Paving. then and in such Case the Owners of the Houses and Buildings by whom such Sum shall have been paid, shall on Demand pay to the said Commissioners such further Sum of Money as, together with the Sum which shall have been paid, shall amount or be equal to One equal Third Part of the actual Amount of such Paring respectively, which further Sum may be recovered in like Manner as hereinbefore is directed for the Recovery of the said One Third Part of the said estimated Expences.

Commissioners XXX. And be it further enacted, That if at any Time or Time after the passing of this Act, any Houses and Buildings situate in any Street, Lane, Square, Yard, Court, Alley, Passage or Place. within the said City and Liberties, which hath heretofore been paved or repaired by or under the Direction of the said Commissioners, shall be taken down for the Purpose of laying the Sites or any Part of the Sites thereof, or of the Yards and Appurtenances belonging thereto, into such public Street, Lane, Square

to pave Parts of the Sites of Houses laid into any Street, previously paved by them, for widening and improving

Yard, Court, Alley, Passage or Place, for widening, enlarging and mproving the same, then and in any such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Sewers, and they re hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be after such Sites or Parts thereof, or of the Yards and Appurtenances belonging thereto, shall be prepared and appropriated for the public Use, to lay out the same for proper Carriage Ways and Foot Ways, and well and sufficiently to pave the same, and from time to time to keep the Pavement so to be laid in good and sufficient Repair, and to defray the Charges of such paving and repairing out of the Rates directed to be raised by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Pavement in the Pavement in Carriage or Foot Ways of the Streets and Places hereinafter next principal mentioned (that is to say), Aldgate High Street between White-chapel Bars and Leadenhall Street, Leadenhall Street, Cornhill, laid down Mansion House Street, the Poultry, Cheapside, Saint Paul's Church- within certain yard, Ludgate Street, Ludgate Hill and Fleet Street to Temple Bar, Hours. so as to include the whole Line of Street from Whitechapel Bars to Temple Bar aforesaid, Gracechurch Street, Fish-street Hill and London Bridge, so as to include the whole Line of Street from the North End of Gracechurch Street to the South End of London Bridge aforesaid, Queen Street Cheapside, from the North End thereof to Thames Street, Bridge Street Blackfriars, from the North End thereof to the South End of Blackfriars Bridge, Upper and Lower Thames Street, Lombard Street, the Old Bailey, between the End of Fleet Lane and Ludgate Hill, Barbican and Long Lane, between Redcross Street, crossing Aldersgate Street, to Smithfield, shall be broken, or taken up, or laid down, or repaired, except between the Hours of Six of the Clock in the Evening and Eight of the Clock in the Morning; and that no more Pavement shall be taken up in any One Night and Morning, for the Purpose of repairing or altering the same, or for any other Purpose (except as hereinafter is mentioned) than can be completely repaired and altered, or the Stones thereof replaced, so that Persons or Carriages may safely and conveniently pass over the same before Eight of the Clock in the Morning after the Night that the same shall have been taken up; and if any Paviour or other Person Paviour, &c. shall break or take up any such Pavement, or lay down or repair offending. the same at any other Time, or shall not (except as after mentioned) repair, alter and repave or replace the same as aforesaid, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Penalty. Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it Commissioners shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, by Writing signed by One of their Clerks, from time to time to authorize any Person or Persons to keep open any such certain Cases. Pavement as aforesaid, for such Time as shall be specified in such Writing respectively, for the Purpose of repairing a Sewer, or for any other Purpose which cannot possibly be completed before Eight of the Clock in the Morning: Provided also, that in every Case in which there shall be an immediate and urgent Necessity to take up or continue open after Eight of the Clock in the Morning any of the Pavements in any of the said Streets, it shall

be lawful for the major Part of such of the said Commissioners as shall reside in the Ward within which such Pavement shall be situate, by Writing under their Hands, to authorize such Pavement to be taken up or continued open; and the Commissioners giving such Authority shall and they are hereby required to give a written Report of their Proceedings in such Case respectively to the said Commissioners, at the first Meeting to be held by them after such Authority shall have been given; but no such Authority shall continue in force for a longer Time than until the first Meeting of the Commissioners after the same shall have been given.

Provisions as to Water Companies extended to Gas Companies.

ing of the Commissioners after the same shall have been given. XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions, Powers, Authorities, Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures in and by the said recited Acts contained, for enforcing the Repair of the Pavements damaged or injured by means of the breaking, bursting or want of Repair of any Pipe or Pipes laid under the Surface of the Pavements in any of the Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages or Places within the said City and Liberties, belonging to the New River Company, or any other Water Company, shall be and they are hereby extended to and shall be carried into effect with respect to all and every Gas Light Company established or hereafter to be established, and to my other Company, Person or Persons, to whom any such Pipe or Pipes laid under the Surface of the Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages or Places within the Limits of this Act shall belong, and which shall happen to burst, break or be otherwise damaged, or where the Pavement may be broken or taken up for the Purpose of repairing or amending any such Pipe or Pipes.

XXXIV. And for the more speedy and effectual repairing and

relaying the Pavements of the said Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages and Places within the said City and Liberties, which shall at any Time hereafter happen to be suit. broken, injured or damaged by reason or means of the breaking, bursting or want of Repair of any Pipe or Pipes belonging to any Water or Gas Light Company, and laid beneath the Surface of such Pavements, or of relaying or repairing any such latements which shall be broken or taken up for the Purpose of the pairing or amending any such Pipe or Pipes; be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the sid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, or any One of their Clerks or Surveyor for the Time being, if the said Commissioners shall deem it proper and expedient, to cause Notice to be given to the Water or Gas Light Company, to whom it my appear such Pipe or Pipes shall belong, or otherwise to the Paviour or Paviours of such Water or Gas Light Company, or to cause a Copy of such Notice to be left at the Office or Counting House of such Water or Gas Light Company, or at the last Place of Abode of such Paviour or Paviours, forthwith well and sufciently to repair and make good such Pavements; and if my Water or Gas Light Company, or the Paviour or Paviours of such Water or Gas Light Company, to or for whom such Noice or Copy thereof shall be given or left as aforesaid, shall not, within Twenty four Hours next after such Notice so given or left to or

for them or him as aforesaid, take up such Pavement, and well

Commissioners to direct Pavements injured by Water or Gas Pipes to be repaired.

Not repairing such Pavement.

ad swifficiently repair and amend such Pipe or Pipes, and cause ie Ground to be well and sufficiently filled in and rammed own, and the said Pavement to be relaid and repaved, to the atisfaction of the said Commissioners, or of their Surveyor for re Time being, then such Water or Gas Light Company, or the aviour or Paviours of such Water or Gas Light Company, to or or whom such Notice or a Copy thereof shall be given or left as foresaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum Penalty.

ot exceeding Twenty Pounds.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen, Company openr it shall be discovered, after any Pavement in any of the ing the Ground treets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages or l'aces, within the said City or Liberties, shall have been taken the particular of the particul p by any such Water or Gas Light Company, or the Paviour belong to P Dy any such Water or Gas Light Company, and the another Com-round shall have been opened, that the Pipe or Pipes beneath he Surface of such Pavements required to be repaired and Company, and mended shall not belong to the Water or Gas Light Company to be reimo whom or to whose Paviour or Paviours such Notice, or a Copy bursed Exhereof, shall be given or left as aforesaid, but to some other pences. Vater or Gas Light Company, then such first mentioned Water r Gas Light Company, or the Paviour or Paviours of such Water T Gas Light Company, to or for whom such Notice, or a Copy hereof, shall have been given to or left as aforesaid, shall, within Iwenty four Hours after such Discovery, cause a Copy of such Notice to be in like Manner given or left for the Water or Gas light Company to whom such Pipe or Pipes shall belong, or their Paviour or Paviours, and require them or him to obey, conform and comply with the original Notice, instead of the Company or Paviour to or for whom such original Notice shall have been given r left as aforesaid; and such other Company or Paviour, to or or whom such last mentioned Notice shall have been given or eft as aforesaid, shall reimburse and pay on Demand, to the irst-mentioned Company, the reasonable Costs and Charges insurred in and about the taking up of the Pavements and opening he Ground; and the said last mentioned Company, or their Paviour, to or for whom such last mentioned Notice shall have been given or left as aforesaid, shall obey, execute and perform he said original Notice, in such and the same Manner, and within such and the same Time, in all respects, as if the said original Notice had been given to or left for such last mentioned Company, or the Paviour of such last mentioned Company; and they or he shall be liable to incur the same Penalties and Forfeitures on Neglect so to do, as they or he would have incurred and been liable to if the said original Notice had been given or left to or for them or him, in Manner before directed with respect to such first mentioned Company, or Paviour or Paviours; and that Neglecting to the Company or Paviour, by whom such Pavements shall have give Notice. been first taken up, and shall have opened the Ground, who shall neglect to give the Notice hereby required to the Company to whom such Pipe or Pipes shall actually belong, or to their Paviour or Paviours, shall, for every such Neglect and Penalty. Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

A.D. 1825.

All Works exceeding the espence of 50l. to be contracted

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Works for the Performance of which the said Commissioners are authorized to contract by the said recited Acts, or either of them, or this Act, shall be performed by Contract, to be made in the Manner directed by the said recited Act, passed in the Eleventh Year of His said late Majesty's Reign, and not in any other Manner, except any Works respectively, the Expences of employing Persons to perform which will not, in the Opinion of the Surveyor for the Time being of the said Commissioners, exceed in Amount the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Commissioners may compound for Breach of Contract before Action brought.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners from time to time and at all Times, to compound and agree with any Person or Persons on account of any Breach or Nonperformance of any Contract or Contracts, although no Action or Suit shall have been brought for my Penalty or Forfeiture contained in any such Contract or Contracts, in like Manner as they are authorized and empowered to compound and agree on account of the same by the said recited Acts, after any Action or Suit shall have been brought in respect thereof.

After Michaelmas 1825, Tolls to cease.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and twenty five, all the Tolls by the said recited Acts authorized to be taken at the Turnpikes in the said Acts mentioned, shall abolutely cease and determine. ' XXXIX. And Whereas by the said recited Act passed in the

11G.3. c.29. **§** 101.

'Eleventh Year of His late Majesty King George the Third, it was amongst other Provisions in the said Act further exacted, that from and after the First Sunday next after the pusing the ' said Act, there should be paid to the Receiver or Receivers. 'Collector or Collectors, to be nominated and appointed under ' the said Act, before any Cattle or Carriage should be permitted ' to pass on any Sunday through any or either of the Tumpikes

' following, that is to say, the Turnpike at Mile End, the Turn-' pike at Bethnal Green, the Turnpike at Hackney, the Turnpike ' at Kingsland, the Turnpike at Balls Pound or Pond, Isington, ' the Turnpike at Holloway, the Turnpike at the End of Sand ' John Street, the Turnpike at the End of Goswell Street, and the

' Turnpike on the New Road, commonly called the City Road, ' all such Turnpikes respectively being in the County of Middle ' sex, certain Tolls in the said Act mentioned: And Whereas ' since the passing of the said Act, a Turnpike and Toll House has been erected at Islington in the said County, and which is

' commonly known by the Name of the Islington Gate: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said Toll is by the ' said Act authorized to be taken at the said last mentioned

Sunday Toll to ' Gate;' Be it therefore enacted, That nothing in the said recited be taken only Act shall extend or be construed to extend to enable the said at such Gates as Receiver or Receivers, Collector or Collectors, to demand and are named in take, or cause to be demanded or taken the said Toll or Tolks the said Act. any Gate or Gates, save and except such Gates as are specifically

Monies borrowed on the named in the said Act. XL. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and

twenty five, all the Sums of Money which, by virtue of the said Credit of the recited Acts, or either of them, have been borrowed and raised upon the Credit of the said Tolls, and the Interest thereof, shall be and the same are hereby made payable out of and charged upon the Monies to arise from the Rates by the said recited Acts and this Act authorized to be made, for the Purposes of paving, cleansing and lighting the said City and Liberties, and of making, enlarging, widening, deepening, altering and removing the Com-mon Sewers, Public Drains and Vaults, within the same, in the same Manner to all Intents and Purposes as the same would have been payable out of the said Tolls, if this Act had not been made; and every Person to whom any Security has been given, assigned or transferred, or shall be assigned or transferred by virtue of the said recited Acts or either of them, for Payment of any such Sums of Money out of the said Tolls, shall have and is hereby vested with such and the like Powers and Remedies for enforcing or recovering Payment thereof, as if the same had been originally charged upon the said Rates instead of the said Tolls, and shall be Creditors in an equal Degree with other Creditors or Monies borrowed on the Credit of the said Rates, by virtue of he said recited Acts or either of them, without any Preference n respect of Priority of the Advance of the Money lent by them, or any of them respectively.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That all the Regulations and Regulations rovisions in the said recited Acts or either of them, or in this respecting Act contained, relating to Hackney Coaches, shall extend and pply to Hackney Chariots, Cabriolets and any other Carriages plying for Hire. icensed to ply for Hire in the Streets, in the same Manner to all ntents and Purposes as if the same respectively had been inluded in the said recited Acts, together with Hackney Coaches.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Forlimiting the assing of this Act, the Number of Coaches, Chariots, Cabriolets Number of r other Carriages allowed to stand and ply for Hire at any one ime in the respective Streets or Places hereinafter named, shall e no more than is hereinafter directed; that is to say, in the to stand in cer-Aiddle of Fenchurch Street, between the Ends of Mark Lane and tain Streets. Aincing Lane, Eight of such Coaches or other Carriages; in the Iiddle of Leadenhall Street, between the East India House and he End of Gracechurch Street, Six of such Coaches or other arriages; in the Middle of Gracechurch Street, between the End f Cornhill and the End of Eastcheap, Fifteen of such Coaches or ther Carriages; in the Middle of Cheapside, between the End of tueen Street and the End of the Old Change, Twenty of such oaches or other Carriages; in the Middle of King Street, beveen Cheapside and Cateaton Street, Eight of such Coaches or ther Carriages; and in the Middle of Fleet Street, between the nd of Water Lane and the End of Fetter Lane, Fifteen of such oaches or other Carriages; and the Owner or Driver of any 1ch Coach, Chariot, Cabriolet or other Carriage, which shall and or ply for Hire in any of the said Streets or Places, after 1ch Number of Coaches, Chariots, Cabriolets or other Carriages is hereinbefore limited shall be standing or plying therein, or tall stand or be placed within Eight Feet of any other Coach, hariot, Cabriolet or other Carriage then standing or plying for 4 Gro. IV.

solidated Rate.

Chariots, &c.

Coaches and other Carriages

A.D. 1823.

C. cxiv.

Penalty.

Hire, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, to be recovered and levied by such Ways and Methods as by the several Acts of Parliament now in force concerning Hackney Coaches and other Carriages plying for Hire, or any of them, all or any of the Penalties and For-feitures incurred by Hackney Coachinen may now be recovered and levied.

Court of Aldermen empowered to make Regulations for the standing of Carts.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City, from time to time to appoint such Places for Carts, Wains or Waggons to stand and ply for Hire within the Limits of this Act, as they shall think proper; and shall make such Orders to regulate the Number of such Carts, Wains or Waggons, to stand in such Places respectively, and the Distances at which they shall stand one from another, and as to the Times of their so standing or plying for Hire, as to such Court shall think fit; and shall cause the Orders to be made by them from time to time to be advertised in the London Gazette and Two or more Newspapers circulated in the City of London, and a Copy thereof to be hung up for public Inspection in the Town Clerk's Office at the Guildhall of the said City; and if my Cart, Wain or Waggon shall stand for Hire in any Place which shall not be so appointed, or at any other Time than dwing the Hours appointed for such standing for Hire, or in any Manner contrary to the Orders to be made and advertised as aforesaid the Person who shall so place the same, or if such Person shall not be known, the Owner of such Cart, Wain or Waggon shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings; and it shall be lawful for any Person or Person to seize or to assist in seizing every such Cart, Wan or Waggon standing for Hire, or contrary to the Regulations aforesid, togther with all and every Horse, Mare, Gelding, Mule or Ass, drawing, belonging or attached thereto, and to convey the same to the Common Pound or Green Yard of the said City, there to be inpounded and kept until the Owner or Owners thereof, or his or their known Servant or Servants, shall claim the same, and shall have paid the Charges of removing and keeping every such Cart. Wain or Waggon, and any Horse, Mare, Gelding, Mule or Ass drawing, belonging or attached thereto, and also the Penalty or Forfeiture to be inflicted upon any Person convicted of such Offence; and in case the same shall not be claimed, and the Charges, Penalty or Forfeiture paid within the Space of Ten Days next after such Seizure, it shall and may be izwisi to said for any Alderman of the said City to cause the same or a competent Part thereof to be appraised and sold for the Payment of the said Charges and Penalty or Forfeiture, returning to said Owner or Owners, upon Demand, such Part or Parts thereof shall not have been sold, together with the Overplus (if my) of the Monies arising by such Sale.

For preventing various Nuiances. Wheelbarrows.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall upon any of the Foot Ways or Foot Pavements within the Limits aforest draw, drive or carry thereon any Truck, Wheel, Sledge Wheel barrow, Handbarrow, Bier or Carriage whatsoever; or roll at Cask or Tub, other than for the necessary leading or snlowing

thereof, unto, upon, from or out of any Carriage or Cart; or wil- Horses, &c. on fully ride, load or drive any Horse or other Beast or Cattle what- Foot Way soever on any of the said Foot Ways or Foot Pavements, or wilfully permit or suffer any Horse or other Beast or Cattle which such Person may be riding, driving or leading to go thereon; or shall tie or fasten any Horse or other Cattle to any House, Wall, Fence, Post, Tree or other Thing whatsoever, across any of the said Foot Ways or Foot Pavements; or hold, set or Shewboards, place any Pole, Placard, Basket, Bag, Cask, Tub, Pail, Bucket, &c. on Foot-Stool, Bench, Shewboard, Chopping Block, Stall, Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Apparel or other Things, on or in the said Foot Way or Foot Pavement; or erect, set up, put or place any Blind, Awnings. Shade, Coverlid or Awning, or any other Matter or Thing, so as in any way to cause any Obstruction or Impediment in the Foet Way or on the Foot Pavement; or shall in any Street, Lane, Washing Car-Square, Yard, Court, Alley, Passage or Place within the said riages, Tubs, Limits, hoop, fire, cleanse, wash or scald any Cask or Tub; or cutting Wood, hew, saw, or cut any Stone, Wood or Timber, or bore any Timber; or make or repair, or place or leave, or wash or clean any Coach, Chaise, Waggon, Sledge or other Carriage, or the Wheel, Body, Springs or other Part of any Coach, Chaise, Waggon, Sledge or other Carriage, except such as may want immediate Repair from any sudden Accident on the Spot, and which cannot be conveniently removed for that Purpose, and Stage Coaches also except for the necessary Time of any Stage Coach, Hackney waiting for Pas-Coach or other Carriage let for Hire, taking up and setting down sengers. any Fare, or waiting for Passengers when actually hired, so that no Stage Coach shall wait for Passengers longer than Ten Minutes; or shoe, bleed or farry any Horse or other Beast Horses farry-(unless in case of sudden Accident); or clean, dress, drive or ing. &c. turn loose any Horse or other Beast or Cattle, or shew or expose any Stallion or Stone Horse (except only in such Place as the said Commissioners shall direct); or shew or expose, or exercise, or expose to Sale any Horse or other Beast, or kill, or slaughter, or scald, singe, dress or cut up any Animal, either wholly or in part, or cause or permit any Blood to run from any Blood from Slaughter House, Butcher's Shop or Shamble into the Streets, or Slaughter any of them; or shall sell or assist in selling by Auction or public Houses, &c. Sale, or expose or assist in exposing to Sale any Cattle, Apparel, Auctions. Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Thing or Things whatsoever, in any of the said Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages or Places; or hang up, place or expose to Sale, or cause Exposing or permit to be hung up, placed or exposed to Sale, any Goods, Goods, &c. to Wares or Merchandize whatsoever, or any Fruit, Vegetables or tions. Garden Stuff, Butcher's Meat, Offal, or other Matter or Thing, in or upon, or so as to project over or upon the Foot Way or Carriage Way of any such Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages or Places, or beyond the Line or on the Outside of the Window or Windows, or in the Area or Areas of the House, Shop or Place at which the same shall be so hung up, placed or exposed to Sale, or so as to obstruct or incommode the Passage of any Person or Carriage; or leave open after Sunset and before Leaving Cellar Sunrise the Door or Window of any Area, Cellar or other under. Doors, &c. open. ground Room or Apartment, or Openings leading to any Build-3 X 2

1044 *C.* cxiv.

ings or Premises, without having placed or left a sufficient Light therein to warn and prevent Persons passing in the Streets, Lines. Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Passages and Places within the said Limits, from falling into such Cellars or other underground Rooms, Apartments or Openings; or shall permit or suffer any

A.D. 1825

Coal Plates unfastened. Iron or other Plate commonly called a Coal Plate, over the Vaults, or otherwise belonging to any of the Houses and Premises within the Limits of this Act, to remain loose and unfastened or shall permit or suffer any Gate or Gates, Door or Doors, to open over the Footways; or shall not inclose the Openings or

Door opening over Footways.

Entrances to the Steps leading from the public Streets through Passages or Courts to Cottages or Buildings, with proper Iron or other Gates, or shall not lock up and fasten after Daylight and in the Nighttime the Iron or other Gates enclosing the Area belonging to the said Houses and Premises, or Openings and

Throwing at Cocks, &c.

Entrances as aforesaid; or shall throw at any Cock or Fowlin the Manner called Cock throwing, or set up any Cock or Fowl to be thrown at in such Manner; or play at Football, or at any other Game to the Annoyance of any Inhabitant or Inhabitants, Passenger or Passengers; or shall willfully break, aid or abet, or assist in wilfully breaking any Glass or Window Panes or Window

Breaking Windows.

Bonfires, Fireworks, &c. assist in wilfully breaking any Glass or Window Panes or Windows in or belonging to any Dwelling House or Building: or cause, make or assist in making any Bonfire, or wantonly discharge or fire off any Gun, Pistol or Blunderbuss, or other Fire Arms, or let off, set fire to or throw any Cracker, Squib, Rocket or other Firework; or shall occasion any kind of Obstruction or Annoyance in or upon any such Street, Lane, Square, Yard, Court. Alley, Passage or Place; or shall obstruct or incommode, hinder or prevent the free Passage of any Foot Way or Causeway; or prejudice or annoy in any Manner whatsoever any Person or Persons travelling, passing or going thereon within the said Limits then and in every such Case every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and it shall and may be lawful to and for any Constable or other Peace Officer, or any One of the said Commissioners, or any Officer or other Person acting by or under their Authority by virtue of this Act, and without any Warrant whatsoever, to seize and apprehend any such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid, and forthwith to convey him, her or them before some Alderman or Aldermen, or Justice or Justices of the Peace for the City, County or Place where the Offence shall be committed, in order to his

Penalty.

Obstructions may be seized.

her or their Conviction of such Offence.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That not only shall the said Penalties lastly enacted become payable and be recovered, but that it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Person appointed or to be appointed by the said Commissioners as afore said, without any Warrant or other Authority than this Act. to seize any such Truck, Wheel, Sledge, Wheelbarrow, Bier or Carriage, Horse, Beast or Cattle, Pole, Placard, Bag, Cask, Tub, Pail. Bucket, Stool, Bench, Shewboard, Chopping Block, Stall, Basket. Blind, Shade, Coverlid or Awning, or other Things, Stone. Wood or Timber, Coach, Chaise, Waggon or other Carriage, together with the Horse or Horses, Ass or Asses, Mule or Mules, if sof shall be thereunto belonging, with the Harness, Gear and Accombined.

trements thereof, or any such Goods, Apparel, Wares, Merchanlize, Fruit, Vegetables or Garden Stuff, Butcher's Meat or other Things, or any of them; and in case any of the Wares, Goods and Merchandize so seized shall be perishable, or shall be Articles of Food, then the same shall be immediately forfeited, and such Person or Persons who shall seize the same shall deliver the same or cause the same to be delivered to the Churchwardens or Direcors of the Poor, or some of them, or to the Master of the Workrouse of the Parish in which the same shall be seized, and the same shall and may be given and distributed by them or him unto and among the poor Inhabitants of the said Workhouse, to and for is, her or their Benefit; but otherwise such Person or Persons shall ause the Goods, Carriages, Horse or Horses, Ass or Asses, Mule r Mules, or any Materials or Things so seized, to be removed o the Common Pound of the said City called the Green Yard, or he Common Pound of the Place where the Offence shall be comnitted, if any such there be, or otherwise to such Place or Places s he or they shall judge convenient, giving Parole or written Jotice of such Place or Places whereunto the same shall be reloved unto the Owner, Driver or other Person having any Interest the Goods, Carriages, Horse or Horses, Ass or Asses, Mule or Iules, Materials or other Things so seized or removed, if he, she r they shall be then and there present, and the same shall be nere kept and detained until such Owner, Driver or other Person sterested therein as aforesaid shall cause to be paid the said 'enalty, together with the Charges for taking or removing the ame, and of keeping such Horse or Horses, Ass or Asses, Mule r Mules, if any; and in case the Goods, Carriages, Horse or Horses, ass or Asses, Mule or Mules, Materials or other Things so removd, (not being perishable or Articles of Food) shall not be claimed, nd the said Penalty and Charges be paid within Five Days next fter such Removal thereof, then and in every such Case it shall nd may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners or their urveyor or other Person as aforesaid, to order the same to be opraised and sold, and the Overplus of the Money arising by such ale shall be returned to the Owner or Owners thereof, if he or ney shall have given such Notice as aforesaid, after deducting ie said Penalty, and such Costs, Charges and Expences attendg such seizing, removing, keeping, appraising and selling the ime, as the said Commissioners or the Alderman before whom ie Offender shall be convicted shall ascertain and allow.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners Commissioners iall and may be sued and otherwise proceed or be proceeded may sue and be gainst at Law, or otherwise, in the Name of any One of the said sued in the ommissioners, or of their Clerks for the Time being, or any of Name of their 1em; and that all Actions or Suits which it may be necessary to ring for the Recovery of any Penalty or Sum of Money due or ayable by virtue of the said recited Acts or either of them or this ct, or for or in respect of any Matter or Thing relating to the aid recited Acts or either of them or this Act, shall be brought ad prosecuted in the Name or Names of One of the said Comissioners or of any One of their Clerks for the Time being; and at no Action or Actions which may be brought, commenced or rosecuted by or against the said Commissioners, or any of them,

3 X 3

by virtue or on account of this Act, in the Name or Names of One of the said Commissioners, or One of their Clerks, shall abate or be discontinued by Death or Removal of such Commissioner or Clerk, or either of them, or by the Act or Default of such Commissioner or Clerk, or either of them, done or suffered without the Direction or Consent of Seven or more of the said Commissioners for the Time being, but One of the said Commissioners or One of the Clerks of the said Commissioners for the Time being shall always be deemed Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants, as the Case may be: Provided always, that every such Commissioner or Clerk in whose Name or Names any Action or Sut shall be commenced, prosecuted or defended in pursuance of this Act, shall always be reimbursed and paid out of the Monies to be raised by virtue of the said recited Acts or either of them, or this Act, all such reasonable Costs, Charges and Expences as he or they shall sustain, be put unto or become chargeable with, by reason of his being so made Plaintiff or Plaintiff, Defendant or Defendants therein; and such Commissioner or Clerk shall not be personally answerable or liable for the Payment of the same, or of any Part thereof, unless such Action or Suit shall arise is consequence of his own Neglect or Default, or unless it should have been brought, commenced or defended without the Order or Direction of Seven or more of the said Commissioners assembled a a Meeting under this Act.

11 G.3. c.21. § 96.

XLVII. And Whereas by the said Act of the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, it 'was enacted, that if any Person or Persons whatsoever should forge or counteries, procure to be forged or counterfeited, or wilfully act or mast in forging or counterfeiting any Assignment of any such Assignment therein is mentioned, or any Certificate of the Age or of the Life of any Nominee, or any Order or Authority in Writing to recent any Annuity due or to grow due to any Proprietor thereof, or any Part thereof, or should knowingly or fraudulently denued or endeavour to have or receive any such Annuity or Associates, or any Part thereof, by virtue of any forged or counterfeited Assignment ment, Letter of Attorney, Certificate, Order or Ambony in Writing, or should falsely and deceitfully personate any tree and real Proprietor or Proprietors of any such Annuity of America, or the Assignee of any such Proprietor or Proprietors, and there by receive or endeavour to receive the Money of any such true and lawful Proprietor or Assignee, as if such Offender were the true and lawful Owner thereof, then and in every and any of the said Cases, all and every such Person and Persons so offending and being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, should be al-' judged guilty of Felony, and should suffer Death without Best 'fit of Clergy;' Be it further enacted, That so much of the sal recited Act, as makes the Person or Persons offending as hardy hereinbefore is recited liable to suffer Death without Beach of Clergy, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

Clergy, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That in any case in which
by the said recited Acts any Person is authorized to be committed
to One of the Compters of the said City, such Person may in like
Manner be committed to the Giltspur Street Prison, or to the House
of Correction for the said City.

YIIX And

Giltspur Street Prison, &c.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Recovery and Forfeitures inflicted or imposed by the said recited Acts or either Application of them, or this Act, (the Manner of levying and recovering whereof is not otherwise particularly directed) may, in case of Nonpayment thereof, be recovered in a summary Way, by the Order and Adjudication of One or more Alderman or Alderman, Justice or Justices of the Peace for the City, County or Place where the Offence shall be committed, or such Offender or Offenders shall be apprehended, and afterwards be levied, as well as the Costs of such Proceedings, on Nonpayment, by Distress and Sale of the Distress. Goods and Chattels of the Offender or respective Offenders, or Person or Persons liable to pay the same, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of such One or more Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, who is and are hereby authorized and required to summon and examine any Witness or Witnesses upon Oath of and concerning such Offences, Matters and Things, and hear and determine the same; and the Overplus (if any) of the Money raised or recovered, after discharging the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for which such Warrant shall be issued, and the Costs and Expences of recovering and levying the same, shall be rendered to the Owner or Owners of the Goods and Chattels so seized and distrained; all which Penalties not herein directed to be otherwise applied shall be paid to the Chamberlain of the said City for the Time being, to be applied for the General Purposes of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Offenders may Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, to order the Offender be detained. or Offenders so convicted to be detained in safe Custody until Return can be conveniently made to such Warrant or Warrants of Distress, unless the said Offender or Offenders shall give sufficient Security, to the Satisfaction of such Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices; for his, her or their Appearance before the said Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, on such Day or Days as shall be appointed for the Return of such Warrant or Warrants of Distress, such Day or Days not being more than Seven Days from the Time of taking any such Security, and which Security the said Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, is and are hereby empowered to take, by way of Recognizance or otherwise; but if, upon the Return of such Warrant or Warrants it shall appear that no sufficient Distress can be had whereupon to levy the said Penalty or Penalties and such Costs as aforesaid, and the same shall not be forthwith paid, then it shall be lawful for such Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, and he and they is and are hereby required and empowered, by Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal or their Hands and Seals, to commit such Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the City, County or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, or until such Offender or Offenders shall have fully paid such Penalty or Penalties, and all Costs and Charges attending such Proceedings as aforesaid, to be ascertained by such Alderman or Aldermen, Justice or Justices, or shall otherwise be dischinged by due course of Law.

L. And Whereas Offences may be committed against this ' Act by Persons unknown to the Commissioners, Collectors or 3 X 4

For securing transient Offenders. other Officers appointed to put the same in Execution? Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of the said Commissioners, or their Clerk or Clerks, Collectors or other Officers, or any Constable or Officer of the Peace respectively, and such other Person or Persons as he or they shall call to his or their Assistance, without any Warrant or other Authority than this Act, to seize and detain any such unknown Person or Persons as shall commit any such Offence or Offences, and to take him, her or them before any Alderman or Justice of the City, Compter or Offenders shall be seized and apprehended, and such Offender or Offenders shall he is hereby required to proceed and act with respect to such Offender or Offenders according to the Provisions of this Act.

Appeal,

of this Act.

LI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, and for which no particular Mode of Relief hath been already appointed, such Person or Persons may appeal, if the Cause of such Appeal shall arise in the City of London, to the Justices of the Peace for the said City at their General or Quarter Sessions, to be holden for the said City at their of Middlesex, to the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Sessions, to be holden for the said County of Middlesex, within Three Calendar Months next after such Cause of Complaint shall arise, unless the same shall arise within Ten Days preceding such Sessions, in which Case such Appeal may be brought at the Second Sessions after such Cause shall arise; and the said Jus-

tices are hereby authorized and required to take Cogarance thereof, and to hear and determine such Complaint or Complaint or Complaint or Complaint or Complaint or Complaint or Complaint or Complaint or Complaint or Comp

Limitation.

Costs.

Di ress.

plaints; and shall and may, if they see Cause, vacate or set saide the Conviction or Convictions, and set the Parties at Liberty, or otherwise may ratify or confirm the same, with such Costs as to them in their Discretion shall seem reasonable; and to lety by their Order or Warrant such Costs so awarded, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons who shall refuse to pay the same; and for want of sufficient Distress, to commit such Person or Persons to the Common Gaol for the said City of London or County of Middlesex for any Time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, or until Payment of such Costs: Provided always, that the Person or Persons so appealing as afmesaid shall, and he, she and they are hereby required to give Notice in Writing of such his, her or their Intention of bringing or prosecuting such Appeal, Fourteen Days before the said General or Quarter Sessions, and shall before such Notice gives enter into a Recognizance before One or more Alderman or Aldermen of the City of London, or Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of Middlesex, in the Sum of Twenty Pounds. with two sufficient Sureties in the Sum of Ten Pounds each, with Condition to prosecute such Appeal, and to pay all Costs in case such Appeal shall be determined against the Party or Parties so appealing.

Extending the Provisions of

LII. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Acts, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations.

Privileges, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things whatsoever the former Acts therein contained, so far as the same are not altered, repealed or to this Act. otherwise provided for, shall extend and be construed to extend to operate and be in full Force and Effect with respect to all Rates and Assessments to be made, and Matters and Things to be done, or which may arise in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same and every of them, and every Part thereof, were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and were made Part thereof; and the said recited Acts and this Act shall, as to all Matters and Things whatsoever (except as aforesaid), be construed as one Act.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the Charges and Expences of obtaining and passing this Act shall be defrayed by and this Act. out of the Rates to be raised by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act; and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Expences of

# Cap. cxv.

An Act to alter, amend and enlarge the Powers of the several See 49G.3. Acts passed for more effectually supplying with Water the Inc. c.cxcii. habitants of the Town of Manchester and Salford, in the Parish 55G.3. c.xx. of Manchester in the County Palatine of Lancaster.

56G.S. c.xii. 1 & 2 G.4. [27th June 1823.] c. xlvii.

## Cap. cxvi.

An Act to amend several Acts for erecting a Bridge over the See 51 G.S. River Thames, from the City of London to the opposite Bank c.clxvi. in the Parish of Saint Saviour in the County of Surrey.

[27th June 1823.] 56G.S. c.xi.

53G.S. c. lxxxvii. 58G.3. c.lxviii. 1G.4. c.xlix.

[Former Tolls repealed and new ones granted.]

#### Cap. cxvii.

An Act for building a Church or Chapel of Ease in the Hamlet of Far Town and Parish of Huddersfield, in the West Riding of the County of York. [27th June 1823.]

### Cap. cxviii.

An Act for extinguishing Tithes, and customary Payments in lieu of Tithes, and all Demands for Easter Offerings, within the London or City Liberty of Saint Andrew Holborn in the City of London; and for making Compensation in lieu thereof. [27th June 1823.]

#### Cap. cxix.

An Act to enlarge the Powers of the Gas Light and Coke Com- 50G.3. c.clxiii. Charter, 30th April 1812. pany, and to amend several Acts passed in the Reign of His April 1812. late Majesty relating to the said Company. [27th June 1823.] 54G.S. c.cxvi. 56G.S. c.lxxxvii. 59G.S.c.xx. recited.

### Cap. cxx.

32G.2. c.50. 2G.3. c.57. 5G.3. c.95. 19G.3. c.101. 41G.3.U.K. c.xxix. all repealed. Powers of 3G.4. c.126. extended to this An Act for repairing the Roads from Ozdown Gate in Popham Lane to the City of Winchester, and from the said City through Hursley to Chandler's Ford, and from Hursley aforesaid to the Turnpike Road at Romsey, and from the Hundred at Romsey, through Chilworth, to the River at Swathling, in the County of Southampton; and from the said Turnpike Road at Romsey, through Ringwood in the said County, to Longham Bridge and Wimborne Minster in the County of Dorset. (a)

[27th June 1823.]

#### [New Trustees.]

# Cap. cxxi.

SSG.2. c. 51.
18G. S. c. 86
42G.S. c.lxi.
repealed as to
the fourth district. Powers
of SG.4. c. 126.
extended to this Act.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads leading from a Place called the Welsh Harp, in the Township of Stonnall in the County of Stafford, to Stone Bridge, and from Castle Browwich to Birmingham in the County of Warwick. (b)

[27th June 1823.

# [New Trustees.]

# Cap. exxii.

SSG.2. c.41. 21G.3. c.89. 43G.3. c.xxviii. all repealed. Powers of SG. 4. c.126. extended to this Act.

An Act for repairing the Roads from the Borough of Tamworth in the Counties of Stafford and Warwick, to the Town of Ashby-de-la-Zouch in the County of Leicester, and from Harrington Bridge (heretofore Sawley Ferry) in the said County of Leicester, to a Turnpike Gate at or near the End of Swarchiff Lane, leading to Ashby-de-la-Zouch aforesaid. (a)

[27th June 1823.]

## [New Trustees.]

## Cap. cxxiii.

22G.2.c.47. 32G.2.c.6. 46G.3.c. lxxvii. inpart repealed. An Act to enlarge the Powers of and render more effectual certain Acts of the Twenty second and Thirty second Years of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, and the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and the several Parishes and Places in the said Acts mentioned, and to regulate the Fees payable to the Court thereby established.

[4th July 1923.]

# Cap. caxiv.

An Act to allow further Time for the Completion of the Docks and other Works belonging to the London Dock Company.

[10th July 1823.]

39 & 40 G.S. c. xlvii. § 54. WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for making Wet Docks, Basons, Cuts and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue within the Port of London, whereby it

was enacted, that it should be lawful for the London Dock ' Company, and they were thereby required, within the Space of Seven Years from the passing of the said Act, to make the Docks, Basons, Entrances and other Works therein mentioned: § 3. And Whereas another Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to alter and amend an Act passed in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basons, Cuts and other Works for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue within the Port of London, and for extending the Powers and Provisions of the said Act, whereby the Time limited by the said first mentioned Act for the Come pletion of the said Docks, Basons, Entrances and other Works, was extended for the Term of Five Years, to be computed from the Expiration of the said Term of Seven Yeara: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of 52G.3. c. exiv. His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for allowing further Time 11. for the Completion of the Docks, Entrances and other Works and Buildings belonging to the London Dock Company, the Period · limited by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid for the Completion of the Docks, Basons, Entrances, Cuts and other Works and Buildings authorized to be made, erected and built by the said Company was extended to the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of 54G.3. c.z. \$1. the Reign of His said late Majesty, intituled An Act for ene larging and amending the Powers and Provisions of the several Acts for making the London Docks, the Period limited by the said recited Act of the Fifty second Year aforesaid for the Come pletion of the said Docks, Basons, Cuts, Entrances and other Works and Buildings, was extended to the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and twenty: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of 58G.3.c.lxii. · His said late Majesty, intituled An Act to amend the several Acts \$ 1. passed for making Wet Docks, Basons, Cuts and other Works for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue within the Port of London, the Period limited by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid for the · Completion of the said Docks, Basons, Entrances, Cuts and other Works and Buildings, was extended to the Twentieth Day of June in the present Year One thousand eight hundred and ' twenty three: And Whereas the greater Part of the Docks, Works and Buildings, Entrances and Basons, authorized to be erected, built and made under the said Acts, have been long finished and in use; but the remaining Part thereof cannot be completed within the Period last mentioned, and it is therefore e necessary that such Period should be further extended; May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Period limited by the said last recited Act of the Fifty eighth Year aforesaid for the Completion of the Docks, Basons, Entrances, Cuts, Quays and Wharfs, and Works further

other extended.

A.D. 1823.

C. cxxiv. cxxv.

other Works and Buildings authorized to be made, erected and built by the said London Dock Company under the said several Acts, shall be and the same is hereby extended to the Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty six, and that all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, in relation to the making, building and completing all or any of the Docks, Basons, Entrances, Cuts, Quays, Wharfs and other Works and Buildings aforesaid, contained in any Act made and now in force relating to the Completion thereof, shall be and remain and continue in full Force and Effect, for the Purposes of the said several Acts and this Act, for the Completion of the Docks, Basons, Entrances, Cuts, Wharfs and other Works and Buildings of the said London Dock Company, during such further and extended Period as last aforesaid, as fully and effectually, in all Respects, and to all Intents and Purposes, as if such further and extended Period had been given by the said recited Act of the Fifty eighth Year aforesaid, and as if all such Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things had been severally and specially and particularly re-enacted in and made part of this Act.

Public Act.

II. And be it enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of a such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

### Cap. cxxv.

An Act for altering the Time for holding General Annual Meetings for licensing Alehouses within the County of Middleser, and for authorising the Justices of the Peace for the said County to remunerate High Constables. [11th July 1823.]

3G.4, c.77.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for amending the Laws for regulating the Manner of licensing Alehouses in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, and for the more ' effectually preventing Disorders therein, it was enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, all General Annual ' Meetings of the Justices or Magistrates, for the Purpose of granting Licences to sell Ale, Beer and other exciseable Liquors by Retail, as well in Cities and Towns Corporate as in all other ' Places within that Part of the United Kingdom called England. should be held in the Month of September in each and every Year, any local Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise ' notwithstanding; but by a subsequent Clause of the said Act ' it was declared, that nothing therein contained should extend. or be construed to extend, to alter the Time or Times of granting Licences for keeping Common Inns or Alehouses in the City of London: And Whereas many of the Magistrates ' acting in and for the several Divisions of the County of Middle-' sex, being usually absent in the Month of September from their Residences in the said County, and therefore not able to attend such General Annual Meetings for licensing Alehouses within the said several Divisions, it is desirable that the Time for hoking ' such General Annual Meetings should be altered, so far as re-

· lates to the several Divisions of the said County: May it there- Justices for fore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it Middleser, to enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the grant Licences to keep AleAdvice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for October of the control Divisions. the Justices of the Peace acting in and for the several Divisions 5th Day of within the County of Middlesex, at their General Licensing Meet- April; and apings in and for the several Divisions of the said County of Mid-point Special dlesex, which shall be held in the Month of Sentember next after Meetings as dlesex, which shall be held in the Month of September next after herein menthe passing of this Act, to grant Licences (in such Manner as tioned. hath heretofore been used) to Persons to keep Common Inns or Alehouses, and to sell Ale and Beer, and other exciseable Liquors, within the said several Divisions, from the Tenth Day of October next ensuing until the Fifth Day of April then next ensuing, and not for any longer Term; and it shall also be lawful for the said Justices, at each of their said Meetings in the Month of September next, to appoint not less than Three nor more than Four Days between the Day of such Meeting and the Fifth Day of April then next ensuing (and as nearly at equal Distances from each other as conveniently may be), for the Purposes for which such Special Meetings are directed to be appointed and held by any Act or Acts now in force, instead of appointing not less than Six nor more than Eight such Days for Special Meetings to be holden within the Year then next following, and to hold such Special Meetings accordingly, (any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary thereof notwithstanding); and every Licence to be granted, transferred or continued at such General Annual Meetings in September next, or any such Special Meeting to be then appointed, shall be good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, until the said Fifth Day of April next after the continuation thereof subject populations and the continuation of th the granting thereof, subject nevertheless, in all other respects, to the several Laws in force for the better Regulation, Conduct and Management of Common Inns, Alehouses and Victualling Houses.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Commissioners for the Commissioners of Excise in England for the Time being, of Excise to and they are hereby required to receive and take, in respect of take, for Liand they are hereby required to receive and take, in respect of eences granted all such Licences so to be granted in the Month of September in September next after the passing of this Act, and to expire on the Fifth Day next, Half the of April then next ensuing as aforesaid, One Moiety or equal Duties directed Half-part only of the Duties and Sums of Money directed to be by 56 G.3. raised, levied, collected and paid, for and upon all Licences to be taken out by Retailers of Beer, Ale, Cyder, Perry or Spirits, within Great Britain, in and by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for repealing the Duties payable for Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, Cyder, Perry or Spirits in Great Britain, and for imposing other Duties in lieu thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said After Septem. General Annual Licensing Meetings which shall be so held in ber next Justhe Month of September next after the passing of this Act, all General An-General Annual Meetings of the said Justices for the Purpose of nual Meetings granting Licences to sell Ale and Beer, and other exciseable in the Month of

Liquors March yearly,

or granting

C.cxxv.

Liquors by Retail, within the said several Divisions of the said County, shall be held in the Month of March in each and every Year; and the first of such Meetings to be holden in the Month of March next after the passing of this Act shall be deemed to be an Annual Meeting within the Meaning of this Act and all former Acts in force relating to such Licences as aforesaid, although the Term of One Year shall not then have elapsed since the last preceding General Annual Meeting to be holden in September next as aforesaid; and from and after such next General Annual Licensing Meeting after the passing of this Act as aforesaid, all Licences for keeping any Common Inn, Alebouse or Victualing House within the said several Divisions, granted at any other Time than in the Month of March yearly, shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Notices for Meetings in March as for Meetings in September. IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the same or the like Notices shall be given, and in the same or the like Manner and Form, of the General Annual Meetings to be held pursuant to this Act in the Month of March, as are by the Laws now in force required to be given of the General Annual Licensing Meetings thereby required to be held in the Month of September in every Year.

Licensed Perions to enter
into Recognizance as by
3G.4. c. 77.
3ch. A. and
we subject to
Penalties imlosed by the
aid Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Person to whom any Licence or Authority to keep a Common Inn. Alchouse or Victualling House, and to sell therein Ale, Beer, Cyder, Perry or other exciseable Liquors by Retail, within the mid several Divisions of the said County, shall be granted, transferred or continued after the passing of this Act, shall enter into such Recognizances as are required by the said Act of the Third Year of His present Majesty, and shall also be subject to such and the like Penalties as are imposed by the said Act, or any other Act now in force relating to such Licences or Authorities; and such Recognizances and Licences or Authorities shall be in the Forms respectively prescribed by the Schedules to the said Act of the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, (except so far as it may be necessary to alter the same for the Purpose of conforming to the Provisions of this Act,) and all the other Provisions and Regulations contained in the said Act of the Third Year of His present Majesty, or any other Act or Acts now in force relating to such Licences as aforesaid, shall continue in force and applicable to the granting, transferring or continuing of Licences pursuant to this Act, save and except so far as respects

After September next no Licence to be granted to any. Person for a House not licensed at a preceding General Annual Meeting, unless Notices be given to the Clerk to the Justices, and

the Time of granting the same, which is hereby altered.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Month of September now next ensuing, no Licence or Authority shall be granted to any Person whatsoever by the said Justices to retail Ale, Beer or other exciseable Liquors in any House or Place which shall not have been used for such Purpose or Purposes, by wirtue of a Licence which shall have been granted at a preceding General Annual Meeting of the said Justices, unless the Person intending to apply for such License or Authority shall give Notice in Writing to the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices at such General Meetings Three Calendar Months prior to the General Annual Meeting of the said Justices of the Peace for granting Licences for the Place in which the House shall be situated for which

such Licences shall be applied for, and shall affix or cause to be affixed in the affixed Three Copies of such Notice, written in a fair and legible Manner herein Hand, on the principal Door, or most conspicuous Part of the directed. House for which such Licence is intended to be applied for, and on the Door of the Church of the Parish in which such House shall be situated, on Three several Days within the Months of November or December, between the Hours of Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon and of Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and between each of which Days of affixing such Notices the Space of Seven Days or more shall elapse; which Netice, and the Copies thereof so to be affixed, shall be signed by the Party interested in such House, and intending to make such Application as aforesaid, or his, her or their Agent thereunto authorized; and every such Notice shall state and set forth the Situation of the said House in a true and particular Manner, together with the Rate of Building thereof, where any such Rate or Building exists or is prescribed, and the Name, Place of Abode and Description of the Party so applying, and also the Name and Place of Abode of the Person proposed to be licensed therein; and every Licence to be granted to sell Ale, Beer or other Liquors by Retail, in such new House or other Place, not having been used for any of the Purposes aforesaid by virtue of a Licence granted the preceding Year, without such previous Notice having been given as aforesaid, shall be void to all Intents and Purposes: Provided nevertheless, that such Notices to be given and published in the Months of November or December as aforesaid, shall be in lieu of and not in addition to the Notices for the like Purpose heretofore required to be given and pub-

lished in the Months of May or June.

VII. And Whereas the Population of the Parish of Saint St. Penerus

Pancrus in the County of Middlesex, within the said Hundred desards a of Osculston, is greatly increased, and now consists of Seventy ' five thousand Inhabitants and upwards, and it would tend to the Hundred of better preventing of Disorders in Alehouses, Inns and Victual-' ling Houses within the said Parish of Saint Pancras, if the said Parish were created a separate District or Division within the said Hundred and County, for the Purposes of the several Acts of Parliament now in force with respect to the granting and transferring of Licences to Persons keeping or desiring to keep ' Alchouses, Inns and Victualling Houses, and with respect to ' Certificates to be given respecting such Persons, and all other Matters appertaining to the granting, transferring or con-tinuing of such Licences; Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Parish of Saint Pancras shall be and be deemed to be, and the same is hereby made and constituted, for the Purposes aforesaid, a separate and distinct District and Division, and shall be, form and constitute a new Division of the Hundred of Ossulston, within the said County, and shall be described by the Name and Style of "The Saint Pancras Division of the Hundred of Ossulston in the County of Middlesex."

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Meetings of ful for the Justices of the Peace of the said County of Middlesex, Justices for lias well at such of the Days fixed and appointed at their last censing in St.

General Pancras to be

A.D. 1823.

September next, and afterwards in the Month of March. 32G.3. c.59.

first held in

General Licensing Meeting, for their Special Meetings in pursuance of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act to amend so much of Two Acts passed in the Twenty sixth and Twenty ninth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, as relates to the licensing of Alehouse Keepers and Victuallers; and for better regulating Alchouses, and the Manner of granting such Licences in future, and also of granting Licences to Persons selling Wines to be drank in their Houses, as are now to come, as also at their General Meetings to be holden in the Month of September now next ensuing, and in the Month of March in the Year next following, and in the same Month of March in each succeeding Year, and also at their Special Meetings, to be appointed at such General Meetings, and held pursuant to such Appointment, to meet at the Place called "Saint Pancras Female Charity School," in the Hampstead Road, within the said Parish of Saint Pancras, or at such other Place or Places within the said Parish as the said Justices shall from time to time direct and appoint, and then and there to do and transact all such Business relative to the granting, transferring and continuing of Licences for keeping Alehouses, Inns and Victualling Houses within the said new Division, as shall be necessary or proper to be done pursuant to the Acts of Parliament relating to Licences now in force and this Act, and to proceed therein in the same Manner, and with all the same Powers and Authorities, & the said Justices might otherwise proceed at any Place or Places within the Hundred of Ossulston heretofore used or appointed to be used for holding such General and Special Meetings respectively.

Justices authorised to grant Annual or other Salaries to High Constables.

IX. And Whereas it is expedient that Magistrates in the Commission of the Peace for the County of Middleser, membled ' in Quarter Sessions, should have Power to order Remmerations for the Chief or High Constables of the respective Hundreds or Divisions within the said County, for meritorious Services, the better to induce respectable Persons to act in that Office; Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Magistrates in Quarter Sessions or General Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof from time to time assembled, to order such Psyments from time to time to be made to the Chief or High Constables of the several Hundreds and Divisions of the said County, out of the County Rates, as the said Magistrates shall from time to time think fit and proper, regard being had to the Extent of the Duties and Services which each separate Chief or High Constable shall have performed, or may be liable to be called on to perform in the Execution of his said Office of Chief or High Constable; and all such Payments shall be paid by the Treasurer of the said

Expences of Act how paid.

County, and shall be allowed in his Account or Accounts. X. And be it further enacted, That the Costs and Expences of preparing, obtaining and passing this Act, and all other Charges incident or relating thereto, shall be paid by the Treasurer of the said County of Middlesex, out of the first Monies which shall be in his Hands on account of the County Rates. XI. And

1057

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed Public Act, and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. cxxvi.

A.D. 1823.

An Act for the better Government of the City of Limerick, and the due Appropriation of the Public Revenues thereof.

[18th July 1823.]

## PRIVATE ACTS,

#### PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEBEOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

N.B. To each of these Acts is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

"And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the several Printers to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, duly authorized to print the Statutes of the United Kingdom; and that a Copy thereof so printed by any of them, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others."

### Cap. 1.

An Act for inclosing certain Lands in the Parish of Croydon in the County of Surrey. [19th March 1823.]

#### Cap. 2.

An Act for vesting the settled Estates of Thomas Molyneus Sed Esquire, in the County of Lancaster, in Trustees to be sold, and for laying out the Monies to arise by such Sales in the Purchase of a more convenient and compact Estate, to be settled to the same Uses. [2d Msy 1823.]

#### Cap. 3.

1&2 G. 4, c.23. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township or Quarter of Oulton, in the Parish of Wigton in the County of Cumberland.

[2d May 1823.]

[Allotments in lieu of Tithes, § 34. Money to be paid where Allotments are insufficient for remunerating the Tithe Owners, § 35. Refusing, &c. to pay such Money, Distress, &c. § 36. Provide for Vicarial Rights, § 37. When and in what Manner Tithes to cease, § 38.]

#### Cap. 4.

See 41 G.3.

U. K. c. 109.

1 & 2 G.4, c. 23.

An Act for dividing, inclosing and improving a certain Moor of Open Pasture called Hawdon Field otherwise Brown Moor, in the Parish of Warden in the County of Northumberland.

18 [2d May 1823.]

Cap. 5.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty second Year of the 42G.3. c. zlfi. Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for dividing, U.K. c.109. allotting, inclosing and appropriating the Commons, Waste Grounds and Mosses, within the Manor or Township of Egton with Newland, in the Parish of Ulverston, in the County Palatine of Lancaster. [12th May 1823.]

Cap. 6.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of North Burton otherwise Cherry Burton in the East Riding of the County of York. [12th May 1823.]

[Rector's Glebe Lands to be fenced and laid together, § 26, 27. Power for the Rector to grant Leases, § 34. Leases becoming void before Expiration of Term, Rector may with Consent of the Archbishop grant a new Lease, &c. § 35.

Cap. 7.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Ryton in the County See 41 G.3. of Durham. [23d May 1823.] U.K. c. 109.

[Allotment to Rector of Ryton in lieu of Tithes, § 16. Allotment to said Rector for a Cemetery for the Township of Winlaton, § 17. Power for said Rector to purchase the Rights of Intercommon, and to sell his Allotments, § 25, 26. And to lease Allotments, § 27. Rector's Allotments, &c. to be fenced, § 28.]

Cap. 8.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Thame and Syden- See 41G.3. [23d May 1823.] U.K. c. 109. ham in the County of Oxford.

[Allotments to the Rector and Vicar for Glebe and Common Rights, § 25. Allotment to the Impropriator and Vicar for Tithes, § 26. Allotment to the Impropriator and Vicar to be apportioned, § 27. When Tithes made to cease, § 28. Allotments to Impropriator and Vicar, &c. to be fenced at the general Expence, § 29. Proprietors not having sufficient Open Lands, &c. to make Compensation in Money for their Tithes, § 30. Power for Tenants for Life, &c. of old Inclosures to charge their Estates with a Compensation for Tithes, § 31. Compensation for Tithes may be made out of old inclosed Lands, § 32.]

Cap. 9.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Townships or Divisions of Sec 41G.3. Whitwell and Selside, Skelsmergh and Crook, in the Parish of U.K. c. 109.

1 & 2G. 4. c. 23. Kirkby in Kendal in the County of Westmorland.

[23d May 1823.]

[Curate of Crook may lease his Allotments.]

Cap. 10.

An Act for settling and securing Parts and Portions of the Lands and Barony of Invermay in the County of Perth, to and in favour of Alexander Hepburn Belshes Esquire, and the Series of Heirs 3 Y 2 entitled entitled to take by certain Deeds of Entail made by Barbara Hepburn and others, and Sir Patrick Hepburn Murray, and under the Conditions and Limitations contained therein; and for vesting in lieu thereof the Barony and Estate of Blackastle in the Counties of Haddington and Berwick, in the said Alexader Hepburn Belshes, and his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple.

[30th May 1823.]

### Cap. 11.

An Act for effecting an Exchange between the Provost and Scholars of the King's College of Blessed Mary and Saint Nicholas of Cambridge, and the Master or Keeper, Fellows and Scholars of the College or Hall commonly called Clare Hall in the University of Cambridge.

[30th May 1823.]

### Cap. 12.

43G.S. e.cxxii. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers and Provisions of an Act of His late Majesty King George the Third, for inclosing and improving Beam Heath in the Township of Alvasion, in the Parish of Nantwich, in the County Palatine of Chester.

[30th May 1823.]

## [Trustees appointed.]

### Cap. 13.

An Act to enable the Reverend Richard Buck Clerk and Margard his Wife, and the Survivor of them, to grant Leases of a Moiety of the Coal Mines within the Estates devised by the Will of John Hull deceased, in the County of Lancaster.

[17th June 1823.]

### Cap. 14.

An Act for exchanging an Estate in the County of Wilts, whereof John Biddulph Esquire and Augusta his Wife, and Philip Jones Esquire and Sarah his Wife, have joint Power of Disposition, for Estates in the Counties of Warwick and Worcester, settled by the Will of Sarah Richards, in Trust for the same Parties and their Children.

[17th June 1823.]

#### Cap. 15.

An Act for effectuating an Exchange of an Estate in the Parish of Stone in the County of Stafford, (to which Ann Unett, an Infant, is entitled in Tail), for an Estate of greater Value, belonging to John Wilkes Unett and Elizabeth his Wife, and Lettice Unett.

[17th June 1823.]

#### Cap. 16.

An Act for confirming certain Exchanges made by Sir George Thomas Baronet, deceased, and George White Thomas Esquire, deceased, of Estates at Yapton, Walberton, Madehurst, Bildem and Climping, in the County of Sussex. [17th June 1823.]

### Cap. 17.

An Act for effecting an Exchange between the Right Honourable Henry Hall Viscount Gage, and the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of the Holy Trinity of Chichester, of Estates in the County of Sussex. [17th June 1823.]

#### Cap. 18.

An Act for enabling the President, Vice Presidents, Treasurer 46G.3.c. cxliv. and Members of the Philanthropic Society to purchase from the Corporation and other Persons entitled thereto the Lands and Hereditaments in the Parish of Saint George the Martyr, Southwark, in the County of Surrey, upon which they have erected a Chapel, Buildings and other Works, and such other Land adjoining thereto as may be required for the Purposes of their Charity. [17th June 1823.]

#### Cap. 19.

An Act to empower the Judges of the Court of Session to take an Account of the Debts and Burdens affecting, and that may be made to affect, the entailed Estate of Wemyss in the Counties of Fife and Perth; and to sell the said Estate, or such Part thereof as shall be sufficient to discharge the said Debts and Burdens. [17th June 1823.]

### Cap. 20.

An Act for vesting in Trustees an Estate in the Parish of Chievely in the County of Berks, devised in strict Settlement by the Will of William Capel Esquire, deceased, and afterwards contracted to be sold by him, in order to effectuate the Sale thereof, agreeably to such Contract. [17th June 1823.]

#### Cap. 21.

An Act for exchanging certain Parts of the Estates devised by See 34G.3. the Will of the late Sir William Guise Baronet, in strict Set- c.93. Pr. tlement for certain other Estates in the County of Gloucester: and for vesting other Parts of the said Estates in Trustees, to be sold for paying off Incumbrances, and for other Purposes. [17th June 1823.]

#### Cap. 22.

An Act for authorizing the Investment of Monies belonging to the Infant Sons of Sir Samuel Romilly deceased, in the Purchase of certain Parts of his Daughter's Share of his Real Estate, to be conveyed to Trustees upon certain Trusts.

[27th June 1823.]

#### Cap. 23.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor of Congerston See 41G.3. otherwise Congeston, in the County of Leicester.

U. K. c. 109. [27th June 1823.] 1 & 2G.4. c.2 3.

[Allotments to the Rectors and Vicar for Glebe and Common Rights, and for Tithes, § § 23, 24. When Tithes made to cease,

§ 25. Apportionment of the Allotment for Tithes, § 26. Proprietors not having sufficient Land, to make Compensation in Money in lieu of Tithes, § 27. Tithe Allotments to be fenced off by Proprietors of Estates, § 28. Allotment of Residue, § 29. Allotments to belong to same Parishes as the Lands in respect of which they are made, § 30. Power for Rectors and Vicar to lease their Allotments, § 39. How Leases at Rack Rent exchanged or discharged from Tithes made to cease, § 40.]

## Cap. 24.

An Act for vesting Part of the Estates devised by the Will of Thomas Viscount Wentworth in Trustees, upon Trust to sell the same to the Right Honourable Richard William Penn Earl Howe, and to apply the Money arising from the Sale thereof in the Purchase of other Estates in the Counties of Leicester and Warwick, or one of them, to be settled to the subsisting Uses of the said Will.

[4th July 1823.]

Cap. 25.

58G.3. c.39. Pr. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled An Act for vesting certain Pieces or Parcels of Land and other Hereditaments, belonging to Sidney Sussex College in the University of Cambridge, in Trustees for Sale, with Powers to lesse on Fines, and for applying the Purchase Monies, and Monies to arise from Fines, in Manner therein mentioned.

Cap. 26.

An Act to enable the Trustees of the Will of the late Sir William

East Baronet, deceased, and Tenants under the See of Canterbury, to join in Grants of Building and Repairing Lesses with
the Archbishop of Canterbury for the Time being, of Lands in

「4th *July* 1823.]

[4th July 1823.]

Cap. 27.

Lambeth Marsh, held under the said See.

See 19G. 2. c. 26. 20G.2. c. 41. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland to sell certain Parts of the Dominium Directum or Superiority of the Entailed Estate of Park in the County of Banff, presently belonging to Thomas Gordon Esquire of Park, and to apply the Price to be obtained for the same in the Payment of the Debts affecting the said Estate. [4th July 1823.]

Cap. 28.

10G.3. c.58. Pr. 43G.3. c.58. Pr. recited. An Act for changing the Site of the Hospital at Sheffield in the County of York, founded by the Right Honourable Gilbert Earl of Shrewsbury; and for the better Regulation of the Affairs of that Charity.

[10th July 1823.]

Cap. 29.

An Act for vesting Part of the Estates devised by the Will of Edward Mynors Esquire, situate in the Counties of Stafford and Leicester, in Trustees upon Trust to sell the same; and for laying out the Monies arising from such Sales in the Purchase of more convenient Estates, to be settled to the same Uses.

[10th July 1823.]

# INDEX

#### TO THE

# PUBLICK GENERAL ACTS, 4° GEO. IV.

## \* Signifies that the Act relates exclusively to Ireland.

A CTS of Parliament, enabling Trus-	Bunk of England, confirming Agree-
fees of Continuestoners ander, to	most made with, by the ride
meet and carry such Acts into	tees for apportioning the Burthen
Execution, although they may	occasioned by the Military and
not have met according to the	Naval Pensions, and Civil Super-
Directions of such Acts Cap. 35	annuations Cap. 22
Agents, for the better Protection of	Barilla imported, Duties on, repealed,
the Property of Merchants, &c.	and others imposed in lieu there-
intrusted to 83	of 44
America and the West Indies, and	to defer the Commencement of
other Parts of the World amend-	the Duties and Drawbacks on 57
ing Act for regulating the Trade	Beer, encouraging the Consumption
between 2	of, and amending the Laws for
Apprentices regulating the Number	securing the Excise Duties there
of, on board British Merchant	on 5
Vessels · - 25	Benefit of Clergy, extending to severa
increasing the Power of	Larcenies 59
Magistrates in Cases of 29.34	allowing, to Person
Appropriation of Supplies 6. 21. 100	convicted of certain Felonies 5
Arms, continuing Acts for preventing	Bishop and Archdeacons in India, es
improper Persons from having	tablishing Pensions of - 7
*14	Bombay, establishing a Court of Judi
Army, annual Act for Payment of 13	cature at 7
Rates to Innkeepers for quarter-	Bounties on Salted Provisions and Sill
ing 20	Manufactures exported, grant
Artificers, enlarging the Powers of	ing 6
Justices in determining Com-	Bridges over the Menai Straits an
plaints between, and their Mas-	River Conway, vesting in Com
ters 34	missioners, &c 7
Assaults with Intent to Commit Rob-	Brimstone used in making Oil of Vitrio
bery, punishing Persons guilty	or Sulphuric Acid, continuin
of 54	Act allowing Drawback of Cus
Assessed Taxes on Male Servants,	tems on 3
Horses, Carriages and Dogs,	
repealing 7 - *9	Capital Felonies, enabling Courts t
repealing certain,	abstain from pronouncing Ser
and reducing others - 11	tence of Death in certain 4
allowing Persons to	Capital Punishments, repealing certain
compound for, for the Remainder	and providing other Punishmen
of Periods limited by former	in lieu thereof 4
Acts, and for giving Relief in	Carriages, repealing Duties and Taxe
certain Cases 45	on
Attornies, annual Indemnity Act for 1	carrying Lime for Manur
	1

explaining General Turnpike	peals from the Court of Sessions
Act relative to Toll on Cap. 16	to the House of Lords Cap. 85
Chancellor of the Exchequer, regu-	
lating the Appointment of, and	ing the Payment of, more equal
swearing into Office - *7	and expeditious - 8
Chancery (Court of), for the better	
Administration of Justice in	Boards of - 23
•61	repealing certain, and grant-
granting ad-	ing others in lieu thereof, and
ditional Stamp Duties on Pro-	regulating the Collection of the
ceedings in *78	69
Charitable Loan Societies, amending	on Brimstone used for making
the Laws concerning - *32	Oil of Vitriol, or Sulphuric Acid
Church Rates (collecting), and Church	continuing Act allowing Draw-
Lands (Improvement of,)	back of S9
amending Laws concerning	Damagas for malicions Inimias to Dec
*86 Ab ai leachtac caitige a ba	Damages for malicious Injuries to Pro-
Churches, building additional, in the	perty, facilitating the Recovery
Highlands and Islands - 79	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Commercial Credit, amending Acts for the Support of *42	Dogs, repeating Ducies and Taxes on
the Support of *42 Commissaries (Court of), of Edin-	Dublin to House wasting Dood from
burgh, regulating and altering	in Commissioners - 74
and semilating the Invisdiction	Dumbarton and Lanark (Counties) rec-
of Inferior Commissaries - 97	tifying Mistake in Act, relating
Compositions for Tithes, establishing	to the Application of certain
for a limited Time *99	Exchequer Bills, for making
Confirmations, for the better granting	Roads in - 10
of 98	Duties of Customs, repealing certain,
Convicts, authorizing the temporary	and granting others is lieu
Removal of, from the General	thereof - 69
Penitentiary 82	- on Barilla imported, repealed,
(Male), under Sentence of	and others granted in lieu there-
Transportation, authorizing the	of 44
Employment of, at Labour, in	to defer the Com-
the Colonies 47	mencement of the Duties and
Conway River, vesting in Commis-	Drawbacks on - 57
sioners the Bridges now building	——— Goods imported or exported
over the same 74	in Foreign Vessels, regulating
Cork (County), dividing, for the holding	Duties on - 77
of additional General Sessions	——— Goods, the Manufacture of
therein • 93	Great Britain and Ireland re-
Counties for the Payment of the Public	spectively, imported into and
Officers of - *43	from, repealed, and others
County Treasurers, regulating the	granted in lieu thereof 26, 30
Election, and securing the Per-	payable in Ireland,
formance of the Duties of *33	authorizing the Reduction of,
Courts of Justice, limiting the Ex-	in certain Cases - 66
pence of certain Proceedings	payable in Ireland,
in *89	repealing and granting others
Courts of Law, empowering Commis-	in lieu thereof, equal to those
sioners to inquire into the Forms of Process, and the Course of Ap-	payable in Great Britain 72
2. 2 10 cess, and the Course of Ap-	Sugar, Tobacco, Snuff, Fo-
•	

reign Spirits, and Sweets; and	Felo de se, altering and amending the
on Pensions, Offices and Per-	Laws relating to the Interment
sonal Estates, continuing An-	of Cap. 52
nual Can. 3	Felonies, allowing the Benefit of Clergy
num Capi o	to certain 54
East India Company, consolidating and	
East India Company, consolidating and	
amending Laws relating to Trade,	the more speedy Return and
from and to Places within the	levying of 37
Limits of the Charter of - 80	Foreign Ships or Land Forces, extend-
consolidating and	ing Prize Acts to Captures made
amending Laws for punishing	by, in conjunction with His Ma-
Mutiny and Desertion of Offi-	jesty's Ships or Land Forces 65
cers and Soldiers in the Service	Frame-breaking, repealing Capital Pu-
of; and authorizing Soldiers and	nishment for, and providing
Sailors in the East Indies to	other Punishment in lieu there-
send and receive Letters at a	of 46
reduced Rate of Postage 81	3.
Election and Return of Members of	Gools authorizing the Issue of Eyche-
Parliament, for Counties of	quer Bills for Building, &c. 63
	quel bins for bonding, ac. 05
Cities and Counties of Towns,	
amending and consolidating	to - 64
Laws concerning - *55	Grand Juries, regulating the Amount
Exchequer, (Chancellor of,) regulating	of Presentments by - *43
the Appointment of, and swear-	
ing into Office - *7	Hempen Manufactures, amending Acts
(Court of,) for the better	for regulating - 40
Administration of Justice on the	regulating *90
Equity Side of - *70	Holyhead, vesting in Commissioners the
granting addi-	Harbour of 74
tional Stamp Duties on Pro-	Horses, repealing Duties and Taxes on
ceedings in - *78	*9
Exchequer Bills, raising £20,000,000	let for travelling, repealing Du-
by 4	ties on, and granting others in
issuing, &c. £14,700,000	lieu thereof - 62
100	Houses of Correction, consolidating
	and amending the Laws relating
rectifying Mistake in	
Act relative to the Application	to - 64
of certain, for making roads	Howth, vesting in Commissioners the
and Bridges in the Counties of	Harbour of - 74
Lanark and Dumbarton - 10	
Exchequer Bills, issuing, for building,	Importation of Goods, respectively the
&c. of Gaols - 63	Manufacture of Great Britain
Excise, consolidating the several Boards	and Ireland, into either Country
of 23	from the other, repealing Duties,
—— Duties on Beer, amending the	&c. on - 26
Laws for securing - 51	and Exportation of certain
	Excisable Articles, the Produce
Corn or Grain in Scotland and	or Manufacture of Great Britain
Ireland, and upon Licences for	and Ireland respectively, into
making such Spirits, &c. 94	and from either Country from
	and to the other - 30
Factors, for the hetter Protection of	Importation and Exportation, authoriz-
the Property of Merchants en-	
	navable on, in Ireland - 66
4 Gro. IV.	<b>3 Z</b>

Importation and Exportation, repealing	Land Tax Commissioners, rectifying
the several Duties and Draw-	Mistakes in the Names of, Cap.68
backs on, payable in Ireland.	Larcenies, extending the Benefit of
and granting others in lieu	Clergy to several - 53
thereof Cap. 72	Law Offices abolished, settling Com-
in Fereign	
	Leases in Joint-Tenancy, to discourage
Indemnity Act, annual - 1	the granting of - *36
India, for defraying the Charge of Re-	Letters (Threatening), punishing Per-
tiring Pay, Pensions, &c. of His	sons sending or delivering 51
	Levying of Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures
establishing the Pensions of	
the Bishop, Archdeacons and	
Judges; for regulating Ordina-	
tions: and for establishing a	
Court of Judicature at Bombay	Lime for Manure, explaining General
Innkeepers, fixing Rates to, for quar-	Turnpike Act relative to Toll on Carriages laden with - 16
tering Soldiers 20	Linen Manufactures, amending Acts
Insurrections, continuing Acts for the	for regulating 40
Suppression of *58	London to Holyhead, Improvement of
	Road from 74
Joint Tenancy, to discourage the grant-	London Bridge, for rebuilding, and
ing of Leases in *36	making suitable Approaches
Judges in India, establishing Pensions	thereto 50
of 71	Lotteries, granting a Sum of Money to
Justice, for the better Administration	be raised by 60
of, in the Court of Chancery	
601 the better Administration of	
for the better Administration of,	the Case of Apprenticeships 29
on the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer - *70	
of Exchequer *70 for the better Administration	
of, in New South Wales and	for the Assistance of -
Van Diemen's Land - 96	
Justices, enlarging Powers of, in de-	mending Acts for Regulating 40
termining Complaints between	
Masters and Servants, and be-	ing Bounties on 69
	Marine Forces on Shore, annual Act
tificers and others - 34	for regulating 12
of the Quorum, amending	Marriages celebrated Abroad, obviat-
7 Geo. 3. respecting - 27	ing Doubts concerning the Va-
70	lidity of 91
King, (The), concerning the Disposi-	to render valid certain 5
tion of certain Property of 18	amending Laws concerning
enabling to enclose Part of Kew	76
Green, and for extinguishing, &c.	repealing certain Provisions
Right of Common in the Parish	of 3 Geo. 4. amending 26 Geo. 3.
of Kew, (Surrey) - 75	for preventing clandestine 1.
Lanark and Dumbarton, rectifying	burgh since the Abolition of the
Mistake in Act relating to Ap-	burgh since the Abolition of the British Factory, there, declared
plication of Exchequer Bills for	British Factory there, declared to be valid 67
	Masters and Servants, &c. enlarging the
- 10	

Powers of Justices of the Peace	Oil of Vitriol, continuing Act for allow-
in determining Complaints be-	
tween Cap. 34	
Members of Parliament for Counties of	
Cities and Counties of Towns,	Ordinations in India, regulating 71
amending and Consolidating the	
Laws concerning - *55	
Menai Straits, vesting in Commissioners	ing, to Foreign Parts - 84
the Bridges now building over	regulating Vessels carrying,
the same 74	between Great Britain and Ire-
Merchant Vessels (British), regulating	land 88
the Number of Apprentices to	l_
be taken on board, and for pre-	
menting the Deserting of the	
	Penitentiary (General), authorizing the
men therefrom 25	temporary Removal of Convicts
Military and Parliamentary Roads and	from - 82
Bridges, maintaining and keep-	Pensions and Personal Estates, annual
ing in repair 56	Act for Duty on 3
Militia, annual Act for Pay and Cloth-	Naval and Military, confirm-
ing of 59	ing Agreement made with Bank
Adjutants, Allowances to 59	of England by the Trustees for
Quarter Masters, Allowances to	apportioning the Burthen occa-
59	sioned by 22
Militia, Serjeant Majors, Allowances to	Pilotage, exempting certain Foreign
59	Vessels from 77
	l
——— Surgeons, Assistant Surgeons	granting others in lieu there-
and Surgeons' Mates, Allow-	
ances to 59	
reducing the Number of Ser-	
jeants, Corporals and Drummers	lating the Amount of - #43
	Prize Money, extending Acts for the
•28	Distribution of, to Captures
Mistakes in Names of Land Tax Com-	made by Foreign Ships or Land
missioners, rectifying - 68	Forces in Conjunction with His
Mutiny Act, annual 13	
- Acts for India, consolidating and	65
amending 81	
	Damages for malicious Injuries
National Debt, further regulating the	
Reduction of 19	Provisions (Salted), exported, granting
New South Wales, for the better Ad-	
ministration of Justice in 96	03
ministration of Justice in 90	Roads and Bridges, maintaining and
Onthe (TT-1-1-C1)	
Oaths (Unlawful), amending Laws for	
preventing the administering and	G
taking of *87	
Offices and Employments, annual In-	Annuity granted to the late
demnity Act for Persons not	Earl to 92
duly qualifying for - 1	
annual Act for Duty on 3	of, from British Merchant Ves-
in certain Courts of Law	
abolished in Ireland, settling	
Compensation to the Holders of	
*98	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
- <b>3</b> 0	a reduced Rate of Postage 81
	1

Servants (Male), repealing Taxes on	Taxes, Assessed, allowing Persons to
Cap. 9	compound for, for the Remain-
and Masters, enlarging the	der of Periods limited by former
Powers of Justices in determin-	
ing Complaints between 34	certain Cases Can. 45
Ships, amending Act for registering	certain Cases Cap. 45 Threatening Letters, punishing Persons
	sending or delivering
41.80	sending or delivering 54
See Passengers.	Tithes, establishing Compositions for,
Silk Manufactures exported, granting	for a limited Time - *99 Tobacco, annual Duties on - 3
certain Bounties on - 69 regulating - *90 Snuff, annual Duties on - 3 Soldiers, annual Act for Payment of	Tobacco, annual Duties on 3
regulating - *90	
Snuff, annual Duties on 3	Manure, explaining Turnpike
Soldiers, annual Act for Payment of	Act respecting - 16
13	Trade between America and the West
fixing Rates to Innkeepers for	Indies, and other Parts of the
quartering 20	World, amending Act for regu-
- in the East India Company's	lating 2
Service, consolidating and	, amending the several Acts for
amending Mutiny Acts concern-	the Assistance of *42
ing and for enabling Soldiers	Trustees under Acts of Parliament,
in the East Indies to send and	enabled to meet and carry such
receive Letters at a reduced	
	Acts into Execution, though
Rate of Postage - 81	they may not have met accord-
Spirits, (Foreign), annual Duties on 3	ing to the Directions of such
——— distilled from Corn or Grain in	Acts 35
Scotland and Ireland, granting	Turnpike Act (General), explaining
Excise Duties on, and upon Li-	16. 95
cences for Stills for making such	Roads, regulating - 49
Spirits - 94	
	Van Diemen's Land, for the better Ad-
ceedings in the Court of Chan-	ministration of Justice in 96
cery, and in the Equity Side of	Vessels, amending Act for registering
the Court of Exchequer *78	41.80
Sugar, annual Duties on 3	carrying Passengers to Foreign
Sulphuric Acid, continuing Act for	Parts, repealing Laws concern-
allowing Drawback of Customs	ing, and making other Provi-
on Brimstone used in making 39	sions in lieu thereof 84
Superannuations (Civil), confirming	
Agreement made with the Bank	Great Britain and Ireland 88
of England by the Trustees for	Vitriol. See Oil of Vitriol.
of England by the Trustees for	viction. See On or viction.
apportioning the Burthen oc-	Words - Cod line C
casioned by	Warehousing Goods, making more ef-
Swearing (Profane), amending 19 Geo. 2.	fectual Provision for - 24
for preventing 31	West Indies and America, and other
for preventing 31 Sweets, annual Duties on - 3	Parts of the World, amending
	Act for regulating the Trade
Taxes on Male Servants, Horses, Car-	between 2
riages and Dogs, repealing •9	
Assessed, repealing certain, and	Yeomanry Corps, continuing and
reducing others 11	

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